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DAIGREPONT & BRIAN

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Criminal Justice Coordinating Council Baton Rouge, LA

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in its net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as, evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 19, 2023, on our consideration of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Daigreport & Brian apac

Daigrepont & Brian, APAC Baton Rouge, LA

May 19, 2023

CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS

Current Assets Cash	\$ 296,699
Other Current Assets	 4,637
Total Current Assets	301,336
Property and Equipment, Net Right of Use Asset	 8,661 13,981
Total Assets	\$ 323,978
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 23,448
Lease Liability, Current Portion	13,981
Payroll Liabilities	 2,178
Total Current Liabilities	 39,607
Total Liabilities	39,607
Net Assets	
Without Donor Restrictions	36,947
With Donor Restrictions	 247,424
Total Net Assets	 284,371
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 323,978

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2022

	nout Donor strictions		ith Donor	 Total
REVENUES				
Gifts and Grants	\$ 8,840	\$	418,000	\$ 426,840
Other Income	920		-	920
Net Assets Released from Restriction	499,719	499,719 (499,719)		-
Total Revenues	509,479		(81,719)	 427,760
EXPENSES				
Program Services	586,107		-	586,107
Supporting Services				
Management and General	79,734		-	79,734
Total Expenses	 665,841		-	 665,841
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(156,362)		(81,719)	(238,081)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 193,309		329,143	 522,452
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 36,947	\$	247,424	\$ 284,371

CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2022

	F	rogram	Ma	nagement		
	Services		& General		Total	
Advertising	\$	21,098	\$	1,835	\$	22,933
Depreciation		1,885		164		2,049
Dues and Subscriptions		-		17,714		17,714
Employee Benefits		38,025		3,307		41,332
Insurance		2,403		209		2,612
Office Expense		76,217		6,628		82,845
Payroll Taxes		26,204		2,279		28,483
Professional Fees		50,044		4,352		54,396
Program Costs		2,572		-		2,572
Rent		12,918		1,123		14,041
Repairs and Maintenance		-		2,750		2,750
Salaries		342,539		29,786		372,325
Travel and Meetings		12,202		9,587		21,789
	\$	586,107	\$	79,734	\$	665,841

CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in net assets	\$ (238,081)
Adjustments to reconcile net revenues over expenses	
to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	2,049
Increase in other current assets	(2,810)
Increase in accounts payable	9,412
Increase in payroll liabilities	 2,178
Net cash used in operating activities	(227,252)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Cash paid for purchase of property and equipment	 (8,640)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (8,640)
DECREASE IN CASH	(235,892)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 532,591
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 296,699

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Criminal Justice Coordinating Council (CJCC) was formed to foster and promote collaboration, inclusion, and equity among justice leaders, service providers, and community representatives in East Baton Rouge Parish. The CJCC is a diverse group of leaders that include elected and senior officials, law enforcement, judicial and court leadership, and behavioral health professionals who strive to develop effective ways to administrate an equitable justice system and advance public safety.

The CJCC operates a pre-trial diversion and recovery program through funding from the City of Baton Rouge and Parish of East Baton Rouge. The goal of this program is to provide safer, more effective alternatives to incarceration.

The CJCC also operates various social reform initiatives including a Rapid Case Assessment Team (RCAT). This program is a collaborative partnership among key justice stakeholders who focus on case review, service connection and identifying racial, ethnic and socioeconomic disparities for newly arrested individuals charged with nonviolent misdemeanor and/or low-level felony offenses to ultimately reduce the average prison population and length of stay.

Basis of Accounting

The current year financial statements of the CJCC have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting according to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, all significant receivables, payables and other liabilities are reflected in the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash

Cash consists of deposits held with a bank.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less allowances for depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the asset which is 3 to 7 years. Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2022.

	Useful Life	Amount	
Funiture and Equipment	3 to 7 years	\$	9,478
Leasehold Improvements	7 years		3,498
			12,976
Accumulated Depreciation			(4,315)
Proprety and Equipment, Net		\$	8,661

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Net Assets

The CJCC reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions are net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and are available for use at the organization's discretion.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions are net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions that may or will be met by either actions of the organization or the passage of time. Once the restrictions are met, they are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from gifts and grants are recorded as revenue when received or when an unconditional promise to give is made. Gifts and grants received are available for unrestricted use unless there is a restriction imposed by the awarding entity or agency.

Functional Expenses

The CJCC allocates its expenses on a functional basis among its various programs. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program are allocated directly according to their natural expense classification. Other expenses are allocated between programs and supporting services based on management's best estimate of time, percentage, or square footage used, among other factors.

Donated Services

Unpaid board members conduct a significant portion of the CJCC' functions. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements since the service performed does not meet the criteria necessary for recognition.

Income Taxes

The CJCC accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740-10, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*. Management believes it has no material uncertain tax positions and, accordingly has not recognized a liability for any unrecognized tax benefits.

The CJCC is a non-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The CJCC's open audit periods are 2019 through 2021.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements the CJCC has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date of the independent auditors' report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Advertising

The CJCC expenses all advertising costs as incurred.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

As of January 1, 2022, the CJCCC adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) and all subsequent amendments. The objective of this ASU is to increase transparency and comparability in financial reporting by requiring balance sheet recognition of leases and note disclosure of certain information about lease arrangements. The adoption of ASU 2016-02 did not have a material impact on the statement of activities and changes in net assets or the statement of cash flows.

2. Concentrations

From time to time the CJCC maintains cash balances in banks that are in excess of FDIC insurable limits. Management periodically evaluates the integrity of the entities that hold the CJCC's cash.

The CJCC derives substantially all of its revenues from gifts and grants. Concentrations of revenue from gifts and grants are as follows:

	Revenue		Percentage
Gift and Grant 1	\$	343,000	80%
Gift and Grant 2		75,000	18%

3. Commitments and Contingencies

Gifts and grants are subject to potential examination from the awarding entity or agency for proper expenditure of funds. Such examinations could lead to requests for reimbursement of expenditures disallowed under the terms of the agreement. It is the opinion of management that any potential examinations will not result in any requests for reimbursement.

4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, related service lives, and accumulated depreciation at year end is as follows:

	Estimated		
	Service Lives	Α	mount
Furniture and Equipment	3 years	\$	9,478
Leasehold Improvements	7 years		3,498
			12,976
Accumulated Depreciation			(4,315)
Property and Equipment, Net		\$	8,661

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5. Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

The following reflects the CJCC's financial assets as of the statement of financial position date, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of a contractual or donor imposed restrictions within one year of the balance sheet date.

Financial Assets at Year End	
Cash	\$ 296,699
Less: Donor Imposed Restrictions	 (247,424)
Financial Assets Available for General Expenditures	\$ 49,275

6. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Changes in net assets with donor restrictions during the year were as follows:

	Beginning			End
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	of Year
Pre-trial Diversion Program	\$ 137,720	\$ 343,000	\$ (313,994)	\$ 166,726
Justice Reform Initiatives	191,423	-	(185,725)	5,698
New Venture Fund	-	75,000		75,000
	\$ 329,143	\$ 418,000	\$ (499,719)	\$ 247,424

The increases in net assets noted above are designed to fund various programs as stipulated by the awarding entity or agency. When the related purpose restriction is satisfied, these net assets with donor restrictions are released to net assets without donor restrictions and reported on the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

7. Lease Liability

CJCC has a right-of-use leased asset for office space through an operating lease which began on January 1, 2022. The lease is paid in monthly installments of \$1,170. The carrying liability is recorded at the present value of the future lease payments using the U.S. Treasury Rate as of January 1, 2022 which was 0.78%. The lease is set to mature on December 31, 2023. The lease contains renewal options in which CJCC intends to exercise. CJCC had operating lease liabilities of \$13,981 all of which matures within the next year. No interest expense was recognized for the operating lease liability.

Future maturities of the operating lease liability as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Year	Α	mount
2023	\$	14,040
Less: present value discount		(59)
Total lease liability	\$	13,981

As of December 31, 2022 the weighted average of the remaining lease term was 1 year and the weighted average discount rate was 0.78%.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2022

Executive Director: Chris Csonka

Salary	\$ 125,000
Health Insurance	7,514
Retirement	3,750
	\$ 136,264

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report.

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Criminal Justice Coordinating Council Baton Rouge, LA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council (a non-profit organization) which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 19, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required *to be* reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Daigreport & Brian apac

Daigrepont & Brian, APAC Baton Rouge, LA

May 19, 2023

CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

We have audited the financial statements of the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council, as of December 31, 2022, and for the year then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated May 19, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Summary of Auditors' Reports

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	No	✓
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be a material weakness?	Yes	No	✓
Noncompliance material to the financial statements	Yes	No	✓

Findings

There are no findings for the year ended December 31, 2022

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs for the year ended December 31, 2022

CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Summary of Prior Year Findings

There were no prior year audit findings.

Summary of Prior Questioned Costs

There were no prior year questioned costs.