FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT, INC.

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT, INC. FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. Oak Grove, Louisiana

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. We are required to be independent of the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Fifth District Drug Court, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. Oak Grove, Louisiana Page 2

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fifth District Drug Court, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Fifth District Drug Court, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to the Agency Head and the Justice System Funding Schedule — Receiving Entity are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. Oak Grove, Louisiana Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 7, 2024, on our consideration of the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dav. 2 M. Hard CPA (APAC)

West Monroe, Louisiana August 7, 2024

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

<u>ASSETS</u>

Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 73,375
Receivable from State	42,782
Total Current Assets	 116,157
Property and Equipment:	
Computers	29,368
Office Furnitures	7,917
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (37,285)
Net Property and Equipment	 -
TOTAL ASSETS	 116,157
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities:	
Payroll Liabilities	2,486
Net Assets:	
Without Donor Restrictions	 113,671
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 116,157

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

<u>PUBLIC SUPPORT, GRANT REVENUE</u> <u>AND OTHER SUPPORT WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS</u>

Government Grants	\$ 539,715
Client Fees	16,757
TOTAL DUDI IC CUIDDODT CD ANT DEVENUE	
TOTAL PUBLIC SUPPORT, GRANT REVENUE AND OTHER SUPPORT WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	556,472
	,
<u>EXPENSES</u>	
Duo cuama Comitional	
Program Services: Treatment	523,250
Support Services:	323,230
Management and General	16,150
	
TOTAL EXPENSES	 539,400
DIODE AGE (DEODE AGE) DINETE AGGETTO	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	17 072
WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	17,072
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	96,599
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 113,671

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Program Services:		
Treatment	\$	451,216
Test & Laboratory		28,904
Dues		805
Utilities		4,960
Rent		8,400
Accounting & Auditing		10,255
Insurance		792
Travel & Training		9,409
Materials & Supplies		8,509
Total Program Services		523,250
Management & General:		
Administrative Personnel		7,275
Payroll Taxes		8,875
Depreciation		-
Total Management & General		16,150
TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES		539,400

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Increase in Net Assets	
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets	
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	17,072
Depreciation	-
(Increase) Decrease in Grants Receivable	7,311
Increase (Decrease) in Payroll Liabilities	 (590)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	23,793
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	-
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities	
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	23,793
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	 49,582
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	 73,375

Note 1 - <u>Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Nature of Activities

The Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. (Drug Court), is a nonprofit organization pursuant to articles of incorporation filed pursuant to LA R.S. 12:201-12:269 (1950 as amended), whose purpose is to implement a drug court program that will reduce crime rates, reduce recidivism, alleviate continued drug abuse, assist drug abusers in rehabilitating their lives and building a drug free future in a cost effective manner that will ultimately reduce jail overcrowding and crime, thereby reducing costs to governmental entities responsible for law enforcement. The organization is governed by a three-member board and serves the parishes of West Carroll, Richland and Franklin.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Drug Court have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting as applicable to voluntary health and welfare organizations. The more significant accounting policies of the Drug Court are described below.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash and all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with original maturities of three months or less.

Grants Receivable

Grants receivable represent amounts that have been expensed for grant purposes and are to be reimbursed in full by the grantor (the State) and have been promised over the next twelve months.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost or, if donated, at the approximate fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line method:

Furniture, Equipment & Vehicles

5 years

Note 1 - <u>Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Public Support and Revenue

Annual contributions are recorded as revenue when received and are generally available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor.

As the State of Louisiana is the Drug Court's major source of revenue, all grant receivables are expected to be collectible. Therefore, no provision for uncollectible grant income has been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

Unreimbursed expenses are recorded as income and as grants receivable when requests for reimbursement are submitted to the grants.

Contributions of donated non-cash assets are recorded at their fair value in the period received. Contributions of donated services that create or enhance non-financial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values.

Client fees for probation are collected monthly for \$20 per client.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The cost of providing the various programs and activities has been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Liquidity

Assets are presented in the accompanying statement of financial position according to their nearness of conversion to cash and liabilities according to the nearness of their maturity and resulting use of cash.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC section 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures and ASC section 825 Financial Instruments require all entities to disclose the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value.

Contributions

In accordance with FASB ASC 958-205, Not-For-Profit Entities – Revenue Recognition, contributions received are recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions depending upon the existence of donor-imposed restrictions. The Drug Court has elected to recognize restricted contributions which are released from the restriction in the same year as unrestricted contributions.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Drug Court are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958 dated August 2016, and the provisions of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Audit and Accounting Guide for Not-for-Profit Organizations (the Guide).

Not-For-Profit Accounting

The Drug Court reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets; net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. The Drug Court does not have any net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2024.

The net assets are composed of the following:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets and revenue available and used for current operations and expenditures for current programs. These net assets are not subject to donor or grantor restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met with the passage of time or occurrence of other events. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates the resources be maintained perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for with the resource was restricted has been fulfilled or both.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Drug Court maintains its cash balance in a local financial institution. At June 30, 2024 the bank balance was \$104,255, all of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The balance per books was \$73,375.

Note 3 - Income Taxes

The Drug Court is a nonprofit corporation exempted from federal income taxes under Sec. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made; however, should the Drug Court engage in activities unrelated to its exempt purpose, taxable income could result. The Drug Court had no material unrelated business income for the year ended June 30, 2023. The earliest income tax year that is subject to examination is 2020.

Note 4 - Receivable from State

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Drug Court had \$42,782 receivable from the United States Department of Health and Human Services passed through the Louisiana Supreme Court.

Note 5 - Property and Equipment

A summary of furniture, equipment and accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Computers	\$	29,368
Furniture & Equipment		7,917
Accumulated Depreciation	(_	37,285)
Net Property and Equipment	<u>\$</u>	

Note 6 - <u>Liquidity and Availability of Resources</u>

The organization's financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position date for general expenditures are as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	73,375
Receivable from State		42,782
Total	\$_	116,157

None of the financial assets is subject to donor restrictions or contractual restrictions that make them unavailable within one year.

Note 7 - <u>Subsequent Events</u>

In accordance with ASC 855, the Drug Court evaluated subsequent events through August 7, 2024, the date these financial statements were available to be issued and determined that there were no significant events to report.

Note 8 - Economic Dependency

The majority of the Drug Court's revenues and receivables are from grants from the Louisiana Supreme Court. A change in funding could substantially affect the operations of the Organization.

Note 9 - Litigation and Claims

Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. is not involved in any litigation at June 30, 2024, nor is it aware of any asserted claims.

Note 10 - Concentrations

The Drug Court's main source of revenue is grant revenue from the Louisiana Supreme Court. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Drug Court's programs and activities.



FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT, INC. SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Judge Cl	Judge Clay Hamilton	
Purpose:			
Salary	\$	_	
Travel Reimbursements		472	
Total	\$	472	

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - RECEIVING ENTITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Mo	First Six nth Period Ended /31/2023	Мо	econd Six onth Period Ended /30/2024
Receipts From:				
Louisiana Supreme Court, TANF Reimbursement	\$	32,233	\$	41,897
Louisiana Supreme Court, Non-TANF Reimbursement		192,429		273,156
Total Receipts	\$	224,662		315,053
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed But Not Received	\$		\$	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. Oak Grove, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 7, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Drug Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Drug Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Drug Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Drug Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. Oak Grove, Louisiana Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

David M. Nart, CPA (APAC)

West Monroe, Louisiana August 7, 2024

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. Oak Grove, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated August 7, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2024, resulted in an unqualified opinion.

Section I- Summary of Auditor's Results

A.	Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements		
	Internal Control Material Weakness yes X_no Significant Deficiencies not considered to be Material Weaknesses yes X_no		
	Compliance Compliance Material to Financial Statements yes X no		
B.	Federal Awards		
	Material Weakness Identified yes _X_no Significant Deficiencies not considered to be Material Weaknesses yes _X_no		
	Type of Opinion on Compliance For Major Programs (No Major Programs) Unqualified Qualified Disclaimer Adverse		
	Are their findings required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)? N/A		
C.	Identification of Major Programs: N/A		
	Name of Federal Program (or cluster) CFDA Number(s)		
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs. N/A Is the auditee a "low-risk" auditee, as defined by the Uniform Guidance? N/A		

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section II- Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings in this section.

Section III- Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings in this section.

FIFTH DISTRICT DRUG COURT, INC. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

This section not applicable.

Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

This section not applicable.

Management Letter

This section not applicable.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Judge Clay Hamilton, Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. (the Entity) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor (LLA), on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. The Entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and related exceptions obtained are described in the attachment to this report.

We were engaged by the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Fifth District Drug Court, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

David M. Harth, CPA (APAC)

West Monroe, Louisiana August 7, 2024

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - i. Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - iii. *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - iv. *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
 - v. *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
 - vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
 - vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
 - viii. Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
 - ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
 - x. **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
 - xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Exceptions

Currently, the Drug Court does not have written policies and procedures addressing budgeting, purchasing, disbursements, receipts, payroll/personnel, contracting, ethics, debt service, information technology disaster recovery/business continuity, or sexual harassment. These have been implemented during the current year.

2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

No minutes are taken.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

- reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged); and
- iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Exception

The Drug Court has one bank account and all bank reconciliations for each month have been prepared. There is no evidence that a member of management with no involvement in the transactions associated with the bank accounts have reviewed each bank reconciliation.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;
 - ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;
 - iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and
 - iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

- iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Exceptions

No cash is collected but money order (cash) collection is done at three locations, the Drug Court's offices in Franklin, Richland and West Carroll Parishes. There is only one employee that handles all aspects of the accounting process and she is not bonded. That employee receives the checks and makes the deposit. A copy of the check received is made and put in the file and no sequentially numbered receipts are used.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;
 - ii. At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;
 - iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;
 - iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and
 - v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

[Note: Findings related to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and

- ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.
- D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Exceptions

No invoice approval and fiscal agent can add vendors to the system.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and
 - i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and
 - ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

No exceptions noted in the above procedures.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected
 - i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);
 - ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;
 - iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and
 - iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions noted in the above procedures.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and
 - i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;
 - ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);
 - iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and
 - iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions noted in the above procedures.

9) Payroll and Personnel

- A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);
 - ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;
 - iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and
 - iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exceptions noted in the above procedures.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Ethics is not required for this not-for-profit.

11) Debt Service

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

This section not applicable.

12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions noted.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

- B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
- C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
 - Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
 - Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Exceptions

Sexual harassment training is not required for this not-for-profit.