Annual Financial Report

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board Members of the Bienville Parish School Board Arcadia, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bienville Parish School Board (the School Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 - 14, other postemployment benefits information on pages 65 and 66, net pension liability information and schedule of contributions on pages 67 and 68, and budgetary comparison information on pages 69 - 74, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bienville Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2020 on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA November 20, 2020 This page intentionally left blank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of Bienville Parish School Board's (the School Board) financial performance provides an overview of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the School Board's financial statements, which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The primary resources available to the Bienville Parish School Board are local revenues which are primarily tax receipts, state revenues which are primarily minimum foundation funding and cost reimbursement grants, and federal revenues which are primarily cost reimbursement grants.

The governmental activities changes are as follows:

- Total revenues decreased \$1.4 million due mainly to a decrease in ad valorem and minimum foundation program payments.
- Total expenses decreased by \$1.0 million.

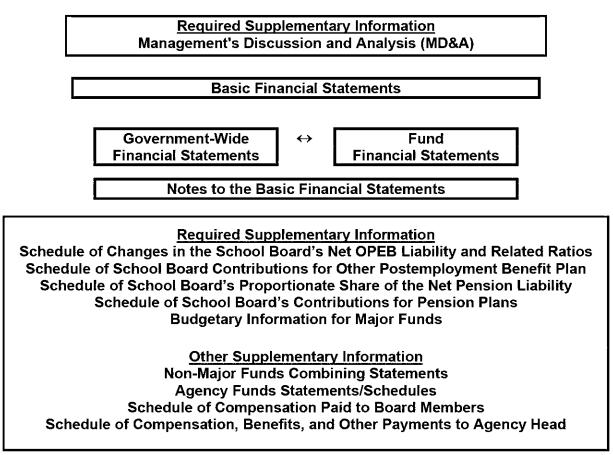
Total ending fund balance of governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$42 million, which was a decrease of \$4.6 million, or 10%, from the year ended June 30, 2019. An analysis of this decrease follows with a glance at the individual fund balances:

- The General Fund's ending fund balance decreased by \$1.2 million, or 13%, from the previous year's balance. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in ad valorem revenues in the year ended June 30, 2020.
- The 23 Mill Fund's ending fund balance decreased \$1.1 million, or 27%, from the previous year. This decrease was mainly due to an increase in expenditures.
- The Employee Benefits Fund's ending fund balance increased by \$0.7 million, or 10%, from the previous year.
- The District No. 1 Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$4.1 million as a result of construction projects.
- The Non-Major Governmental Fund's ending fund balance increased \$1.1 million, or 20%, from the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The School Board's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the School Board as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's finances. Our fund financial statements are included later in this report. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements also may give you some insights into the School Board's overall financial health. Fund financial statements also report the School Board's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School Board's most significant funds: General Fund, 23 Mill Fund, Employee Benefits Fund, and District No. 1 Capital Projects Fund. The remaining statements - the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - present financial information about activities for which the School Board acts solely as an agent for the retiree benefits funding trust and the benefit of students and parents, and other governments in Bienville Parish.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our auditor has provided assurance in the independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplementary Information and the Supplementary Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Financial Section.

Reporting the School Board as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the School Board as a whole begins with the government-wide financial statements. One of the most important questions asked about the School Board is, "Is the School Board as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School Board's financial statements, report information on the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net position - the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows as reported in the Statement of Net Position - as one way to measure the School Board's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School Board's net position - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School Board's operating results. However, the School Board's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School Board.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the following activity for the School Board:

Governmental Activities - All of the School Board's services are reported here, including instruction, plant services, transportation, and food services. Property taxes, sales taxes, Minimum Foundation Program funds, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Reporting the School Board's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School Board's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School Board as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School Board establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the school food service) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants the School Board receives from the U.S. Department of Education). The School Board's governmental funds use the following accounting approach:

Governmental Funds - All of the School Board's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School Board's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in the reconciliations on Statements D and F.

The School Board as Trustee

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its Student Activities Funds, the Sales Tax Agency Fund, Sales Taxes Paid Under Protest Fund, and Retirees Benefit Funding Trust Fund. All of the School Board's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the School Board's other financial statements because the School Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE

The School Board's net position was \$(28.5) million at June 30, 2020. Of this amount \$(60.0) million was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and the changes in net position (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Table 1
Net Position (in millions)
June 30,

	Governmental Activities										
		2020		2019	Va	riance					
Assets											
Current Assets	\$	46.7	\$	51.5	\$	(4.8)					
Capital Assets, Net		26.3		21.7		4.6					
Total Assets		73.0		73.2		(0.2)					
Deferred Outflows of Resources		9.0		8.9		0.1					
Liabilities											
Other Liabilities		5.1		7.6		(2.5)					
Long-Term Liabilities		99.2		102.7		(3.5)					
Total Liabilities		104.3		110.3		(6.0)					
Deferred Inflows of Resources		6.2		3.4		2.8					
Net Position											
Net Investment in Capital Assets		14.7		12.7		2.0					
Restricted		16.8		16.3		0.5					
Unrestricted		(60.0)		(60.6)		0.6					
Total Net Position	\$	(28.5)	\$	(31.6)	\$	3.1					

The (\$60.0) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents accumulated results of all past years' operations. The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 on the next page takes the information from that statement and rearranges it slightly so that readers can see total revenues for the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in millions) For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmental Activities								
		2020		2019	Vai	riance			
Revenues									
Program Revenues:									
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$	3.2	\$	3.2	\$	-			
General Revenues:									
Ad Valorem Taxes		21.3		22.9		(1.6)			
Sales and Use Taxes		5.3		4.5		0.8			
State Minimum Foundation Program		7.7		7.9		(0.2)			
Other General Revenues		1.5		1.9		(0.4)			
Total Revenues		39.0		40.4		(1.4)			
Expenses									
Instruction:									
Regular Programs		13.8		15.6		(1.8)			
Special Programs		2.9		2.8		0.1			
Other Instructional Programs		3.2		2.9		0.3			
Support Services:									
Student Services		1.5		1.1		0.4			
Instructional Staff Support		1.2		0.9		0.3			
General Administration		2.0		2.4		(0.4)			
School Administration		1.9		1.7		0.2			
Business Services		0.5		0.4		0.1			
Plant Services		2. 9		3.0		(0.1)			
Student Transportation Services		3.0		3.0		-			
Food Services		2.1		2.0		0.1			
Interest on Long-Term Debt		0.9		1.1		(0.2)			
Total Expenses		35.9		36.9		(1.0)			
Increase in Net Position		3.1		3.5		(0.4)			
Net Position, Beginning		(31.6)		(35.1)		3.5			
Net Position, Ending	\$	(28.5)	\$	(31.6)	\$	3.1			

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities. As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all governmental activities this year was \$35.9 million. The amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through School Board taxes and other revenues was only \$32.7 million because some of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$3.2 million. The School Board paid for the remaining public benefit portion of its governmental activities with \$7.7 million in Minimum Foundation Program funds, \$26.6 million in ad valorem and sales taxes, and \$1.4 million with other revenues such as interest and other local sources.

In the table below we have presented the cost of each of the School Board's six largest functions - regular programs, special programs, other instructional programs, plant services, student transportation services, and food services, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits that are provided by that function.

Total Cost of Services Versus Net Cost of Services (in millions) For the Years Ended June 30,

	Total Cost of Services							Net Cost of Services						
	2	2020	2	2019	Vai	riance	2	2020		2019	Vai	riance		
Regular Programs	\$	13.8	\$	15.6	\$	(1.8)	\$	13.6	\$	15.4	\$	(1.8)		
Special Programs		2.9		2.8		0.1		2.8		2.6		0.2		
Other Instructional Programs		1.2		2.9		(1.7)		1.6		1.6		-		
Plant Services		2.9		3.0		(0.1)		2.9		3.0		(0.1)		
Student Transportation Services		3.0		3.0		-		3.0		2.7		0.3		
Food Services		2.1		2.0		0.1		1.0		0.7		0.3		
All Other		10.0		7.6		2.4		7.8		7.4		0.4		
Totals	\$	35.9	\$	36.9	\$	(1.0)	\$	32.7	\$	33.4	\$	(0.7)		

THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

As we noted earlier, the School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it, but may also give you more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

Budgetary Highlights. As mentioned earlier, the School Board revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. (A schedule showing the School Board's original and final budgets compared with actual results is provided in the Required Supplementary Information Section of this report.) During the year, budgeted revenues for the general fund were increased by \$.4 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Additionally, the charges to appropriations increased by \$1.7 million from the original budget to the final budget due to moving some expenditures from other funds.

The actual revenues exceeded the budgeted amounts available for appropriations in the General Fund by \$.7 million, which was due to an increase in sales tax revenues.

Also, the actual charges to appropriations in the General Fund were less than the budgeted expenditures by \$.3 million due to a decrease in salaries charged to the fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. At June 30, 2020, the School Board had \$26.3 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, depreciation, and impairment) of \$4.6 million, or 21%, from last year. See Note 6 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for further details.

Capital Assets (in millions) June 30,

	Gov	ernmen	tal Ac	tivities	
Land	2	020	2019		
	\$	0.2	\$	0.2	
Construction in Progress		4.9		3.3	
Buildings		20.1		17.1	
Furniture and Equipment		0.1		0.1	
Transportation Equipment		0.9		1.0	
Totals	\$	26.3	\$	21.7	

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2020, the School Board had \$26.1 million in general obligation bonds outstanding with maturities from 2026 to 2038 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.00%. Under state statute, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2020, the School Board's net bonded debt of \$25.1 million (total bonded debt of \$26.1 million less restricted fund balance in general obligation debt service funds of \$1.0 million) was well below the legal limit. For more detailed information, please refer to the Note 12 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The consolidated budget for the 2020-2021 year includes a 3.65% decrease in anticipated expenditures with a 1.09% decrease in budgeted revenue. The decrease in budgeted expenditures is due to the completion of an ongoing construction project. Projections show that more than 75% of the School Board's General Fund budget for the 2020-2021 year is consumed by salaries and benefits. Overall, the School Board has budgeted an excess of revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$73 thousand for the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact Jarvis Osborne, Business Manager, at Bienville Parish School Board, P.O. Box 418, Arcadia, Louisiana 71001-0418, telephone number (318) 263-9416.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities			
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,235,787			
Investments	28,701,996			
Receivables	1,630,819			
Inventory	153,732			
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land and Construction in Progress	5,137,924			
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	21,156,747			
Total Assets	73,017,005			
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	7,389,332			
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	1,649,191			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,038,523			
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	1,189,668			
Accrued Expenses	3,550,270			
Interest Payable	334,894			
Unearned Revenue	22,839			
Long-Term Liabilities				
Due Within One Year	1,656,524			
Due in More than One Year	97,554,021			
Total Liabilities	104,308,216			
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	3,432,494			
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	2,816,034_			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,248,528			
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,726,217			
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	2,204,698			
Employee Salaries, Benefits, and Retiree Insurance	10,132,790			
School Operations	3,048,580			
Facility Improvements	1,459,029			
Food Services	(138,948)			
Sales Tax Collection	52,773			
Unrestricted	(59,986,355)			
Total Net Position	\$ (28,501,216)			

				Program	Net (Expense)		
					(Operating	Revenue and
			Cha	arges for	G	rants and	Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Se	ervices	Co	ntributions	Net Position
Governmental Activities							
Instruction:							
Regular Programs	\$	13,777,762	\$	-	\$	132,502	\$ (13,645,260)
Special Programs		2,940,024		-		156,439	(2,783,585)
Other Instructional Programs		3,192,921		-		1,590,081	(1,602,840)
Support Services:							
Student Services		1,475,652		-		258,814	(1,216,838)
Instructional Staff Support		1,182,018		-		49,204	(1,132,814)
General Administration		2,073,834		-		-	(2,073,834)
School Administration		1,870,272		-		-	(1,870,272)
Business Services		520,994		-		-	(520,994)
Plant Services		2,933,884		-		-	(2,933,884)
Student Transportation Services		2,983,141		-		4,629	(2,978,512)
Food Services		2,097,292		11,815		1,040,634	(1,044,843)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		890,394		-		-	(890,394)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	35,938,188	\$	11,815	\$	3,232,303	(32,694,070)

Taxes:	
Ad Valorem Taxes Levied for General	
and Debt Purposes	21,283,562
Sales and Use Taxes	5,333,759
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted	
to Specific Programs	
State Revenue Sharing	123,030
Minimum Foundation Program	7,746,794
Unrestricted State Grants	36,555
Interest and Investment Earnings	827,007
Miscellaneous	462,318
Total General Revenues	35,813,025
Change in Net Position	3,118,955
Net Position, Beginning	(31,620,171)
Net Position, Ending	\$ (28,501,216)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund	23 Mill Fund	Employee Benefits Fund	istrict No. 1 pital Projects Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,462,331	\$ 2,085,713	\$ 2,417,305	\$ 2,803,806	\$ 5,466,632	\$ 16,235,787
Investments	5,500,002	2,000,001	5,000,001	15,000,000	1,201,992	28,701,996
Receivables	429,631	4,945	2,455	23,120	1,170,668	1,630,819
Interfund Receivables	641,619	-	-	-	-	641,619
Inventory	 -	-	-	-	153,732	153,732
Total Assets	\$ 10,033,583	\$ 4,090,659	\$ 7,419,761	\$ 17,826,926	\$ 7,993,024	\$ 47,363,953
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 82,947	\$ -	\$ 192,887	\$ 594,028	\$ 319,806	\$ 1,189,668
Accrued Expenses	2,009,339	1,176,539	8,204	-	356,188	3,550,270
Interfund Payables	-	-	-	-	641,619	641,619
Unearned Revenue	 -	-	-	-	22,839	22,839
Total Liabilities	 2,092,286	1,176,539	201,091	594,028	1,340,452	5,404,396
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	153,732	153,732
Restricted	-	2,914,120	7,218,670	17,232,898	6,626,132	33,991,820
Unassigned	 7,941,297		-	-	(127,292)	7,814,005
Total Fund Balances	 7,941,297	2,914,120	7,218,670	17,232,898	6,652,572	41,959,557
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$ 10,033,583	\$ 4,090,659	\$ 7,419,761	\$ 17,826,926	\$ 7,993,024	\$ 47,363,953

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 41,959,557
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a whole. The cost of those capital assets is allocated over their useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs reported as governmental activities in the statement of activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 54,660,158	
Accumulated Depreciation	(28,365,487)	26,294,671
Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		7,389,332 1,649,191 (3,432,494) (2,816,034)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.		
Balances at June 30, 2020		
Long-Term Liabilities Bonds Payable QSCB Payable Premium on Bonds Payable Compensated Absences Payable Pension Liabilities OPEB Liability	\$ (26,110,000) (2,000,000) (850,761) (1,818,556) (35,639,509) (32,752,864)	
Claims Payable	(38,855)	(99,210,545)
Interest on long-term debt is not recognized in governmental funds until it is due and payable (usually semi-annually); however, in the statement of net position that amount of interest which is payable		
but not yet due is recognized as a current liability.		(334,894)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (28,501,216)

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	23 Mill Fund		Employee Benefits Fund	District No. 1 Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues							
Local Sources:							
Taxes:							
Ad Valorem	\$ 4,420,223	\$ 7,960,920	\$	4,158,304	\$-	\$ 4,744,115	\$ 21,283,562
Sales and Use	2,858,886	-	Ŧ	-	-	2,474,873	5,333,759
Interest Earnings	225,021	70,700		96,641	372,099	62,546	827,007
Food Service	,	-		-	-	11,815	11,815
Contributions	-	-		-	-	35,000	35,000
Other	152,440	-		-	-	145,172	297,612
Total Local Sources	7,656,570	8.031.620		4,254,945	372.099	7,473,521	27,788,755
State Sources:							
Equalization	7,475,664	-		-	-	271,130	7,746,794
Other	189,408	-		-	-	215,703	405,111
Total State Sources	7,665,072	 -		-	_	486,833	8,151,905
Federal Sources	-	 -		_	_	2,986,777	2,986,777
						2,000,711	2,000,111
Total Revenues	15,321,642	8,031,620		4,254,945	372,099	10,947,131	38,927,437
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular Programs	7,643,900	4,933,802		1,247,448	-	217,400	14,042,550
Special Programs	2,529,090	-		254,495	-	156,439	2,940,024
Other Instructional Programs	1,315,973	327,295		25,174	824	1,523,655	3,192,921
Support Services:				,			
Student Services	1,188,896	21,484		6,458	-	258.814	1,475,652
Instructional Staff Support	160,315	303,054		652,061	-	66,588	1,182,018
General Administration	814,022	567,136		258,014	-	434,662	2,073,834
School Administration	182,158	1,269,417		249,261	_	169,436	1,870,272
Business Services	68,413	-		452,518	_	62	520,993
Plant Services	95,789	_		61,513	_	2,590,905	2,748,207
Student Transportation Services	398,505	1,696,775		218,195	_	307,208	2,620,683
Food Service Operations	238,853	1,000,110		150,002		1,675,981	2,064,836
Capital Outlay	35,863			-	4,515,285	1,775,058	6,326,206
	35,605	-		-	4,010,200	1,773,036	0,520,200
Debt Service:						4 450 000	4 450 000
Principal Retirement	-	-		-	-	1,450,000	1,450,000
Interest and Bank Charges	-	 -		-	-	1,061,232	1,061,232
Total Expenditures	14,671,777	9,118,963		3,575,139	4,516,109	11,687,440	43,569,428
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	649,865	(1,087,343)		679,806	(4,144,010)	(740,309)	(4,641,991)
		<u></u>		÷		a in also	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In	107,041	-		-	-	1,941,489	2,048,530
Transfers Out	(1,941,489)	-		-	-	(107,041)	(2,048,530)
Tatal Other Financias							
Total Other Financing	(4.004.440)					4 004 440	
Sources (Uses)	(1,834,448)	-		-	-	1,834,448	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,184,583)	(1,087,343)		679,806	(4,144,010)	1,094,139	(4,641,991)
Fund Balances, Beginning	9,125,880	4,001,463		6,538,864	21,376,908	5,558,433	46,601,548
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 7,941,297	\$ 2,914,120	\$	7,218,670	\$ 17,232,898	\$ 6,652,572	\$ 41,959,557

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ (4,641,991)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current year:		
Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	\$ 6,326,206 (1,761,885)	4,564,321
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources of governmental funds, while the payment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Repayment of Bond Principal		1,450,000
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - other post- employment benefits - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).		229,994
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations and sick leave) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		(265,974)
Incurred but not reported claims for worker's compensation are recorded for the full accrual statements, but the amount recorded in the fund financial statements is the amount actually paid.		44,729
The recognition of pension expense in the statement of activities is based on projected benefit payments discounted to actuarial present value and attributed to periods of employee service. Pension expenditures in the fund financial statements are the amounts actually paid.		1,567,038
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		170,838
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 3,118,955

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

	E	Retiree 3enefits Funding Trust	Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	538,666	\$ 1,129,200
Accounts Receivable		-	905,845
Interest Receivable		147,889	-
Investments at Fair Value			
U. S. Government Obligations		7,913,248	-
Corporate Bonds		19,020,962	-
Exchange Traded Funds		892,783	-
Mutual Funds		18,158	-
Restricted Assets			
Restricted Cash for Protested Taxes		-	7,729
Total Assets		28,531,706	2,042,774
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable		-	3,791
Deposits Due Others		-	2,031,254
Taxes Paid Under Protest from Restricted Assets		-	7,729
Total Liabilities		-	 2,042,774
Net Position			
Restricted for OPEB	\$	28,531,706	\$ -

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Retiree Benefits Funding Trust For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Additions	
Employer Contributions	\$ 2,537,843
Investment Income	φ 2,557,645
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments	464,549
Coupon Accruals	608,956
Dividend Income	31,513
Amortization and Accretion, Net	(88,664)
Net Investment Income	1,016,354
Total Additions	3,554,197
Deductions	
Benefit Payments	2,537,843
Investment Expenses	89,749
Total Deductions	2,627,592
Net Increase in Net Position	926,605
Net Position, Beginning of Period	27,605,101
Net Position, End of Period	\$ 28,531,706

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Bienville Parish School Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The Bienville Parish School Board (the School Board) was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within Bienville Parish (the Parish). The School Board is authorized by R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of seven members who are elected from seven districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates eight schools within the Parish with a total enrollment of approximately 2,149 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

GASB Statement No. 14 establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the School Board is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the School Board may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes, or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The School Board also has no component units, defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected School Board members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board has a significant relationship.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the School Board are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Funds of the School Board are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for the School Board's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of long-term debt. The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources of the School Board, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

23 Mill Fund - The school district levies a twenty-three (23) mills tax on all property subject to taxation in the Parish for a period of ten (10) years, beginning with the year 2012 and ending with the year 2021, for the payment of costs of employee benefits and retiree insurance.

Employee Benefits Fund - The Employee Benefits Fund accounts for a parish-wide ad valorem tax received for the purpose of paying salaries and benefits for employees and retirees of the Bienville Parish School Board.

District No. 1 Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of Series 2018 general obligation bonds which will be used for school construction projects.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the School Board.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. These agency funds are as follows:

School Activities Agency Fund - This fund accounts for assets held by the School Board as an agent for the individual schools and school organizations.

Sales Tax Agency Fund - This fund accounts for monies collected on behalf of other taxing authorities within the Parish.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Continued)

Sales Taxes Paid Under Protest Fund - This fund accounts for sales taxes collected but paid under protest. These funds are held in the agency fund - pending settlement of the protest.

Pension (and other postemployment benefits) trust funds are used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans, defined contribution plans, other postemployment benefit plans, or other employee benefit plans. The School Board reports the following trust fund:

Retired Benefits Funding Trust - A trust fund established to fund employee benefits to retirees, their spouses, and eligible dependents.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position at the fund financial statement level.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/ inflows resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues. Charges for services are primarily derived from cafeteria sales. Operating grants and contributions consist of the many educational grants received from the federal and state government.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the statement of activities. Other indirect expenses are not allocated.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which is recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and sales taxes are susceptible to accrual.

Entitlements and shared revenues (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the School Board and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) (Continued)

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as paid. Salaries for nine-month employees are accrued at June 30th.

Principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due.

Inventory items are expensed as purchased except for inventory of the School Food Service Fund which is expensed as consumed.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of capital assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Fiduciary Funds

The agency funds and trust fund are custodial in nature. The agency funds do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. However, the trust fund presents results of operations and uses the economic measurement focus. The agency funds and trust fund are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposit accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

E. Investments

Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the School Board's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Investments (Continued)

The investments are reflected at fair value except for the following which are required/ permitted as per GASB Statement No. 31:

- 1. Investments in <u>nonparticipating</u> interest-earning contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported using a cost-based measure.
- 2. The School Board reported at amortized cost money market investments and <u>participating</u> interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less.

Interest-earning investment contracts include time deposits with financial institutions (such as certificates of deposit), repurchase agreements, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments that include U.S. Treasury obligations.

F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as interfund receivables/payables on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are also classified as interfund receivables/payables.

G. Elimination and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories of the governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures as purchased except for inventory of the School Food Service Fund. Inventory of the School Food Service Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues when received (issued); however, all inventory items are recorded as expenditures when consumed. Unused commodities at June 30th are reported as unearned revenue. All purchased inventory items are valued at cost (first-in, first-out). Commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses (Continued)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if historical cost is not known, and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (including salvage value). The capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight-line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years		
Buildings	10 - 40 Years		
Furniture and Equipment	3 - 10 Years		
Intangibles	3 - 10 Years		

Interest during construction is not capitalized.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

J. Unearned Revenues

The School Board reports unearned revenues on its statement of net position. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the School Board before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and the revenue is recognized.

K. Compensated Absences

The School Board has the following policy relating to sick and vacation leave:

All 12-month employees earn from 10 to 18 days of sick leave each year that can be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to the employee or to the employee's estate at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana and the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences (Continued)

All 12-month employees earn 12 to 18 days of vacation leave each year. Employees hired before July 1, 1994 can accumulate without limitation. Upon separation of employment, employees are paid for vacation time. Employees hired on or after July 1, 1994 cannot accumulate more than 50 annual leave days. Upon separation of employment, employees are paid for vacation time. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2005 can accumulate up to 25 annual leave days. The employees will be compensated at his/her daily rate of pay for unused days in excess of 25. Employees hired prior to July 1, 2005 may elect to remain under their current annual leave policy or move to the new policy for employees hired on or after July 1, 2005.

The School Board's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follow:

GASB Statement No.16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following termination approaches:

- A. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- B. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. The School Board uses this approach to accrue the liability for sick leave.

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- A. The employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- B. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

Only the current portion of the liability for compensated absences is reported in the fund. The current portion is the amount left unpaid at the end of the reporting period that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Long-Term Liabilities

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as another financing source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Deferred gains on refunding are capitalized and amortized over the life of refunding in the GWFS.

The School Board provides certain continuing medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan is a single-employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the School Board.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from the retirement systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The School Board has two items, deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits, that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The School Board has two items, deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits, that qualify for reporting in this category.

Refer to Note 7 for information on deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions. See Note 8 for information on deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide statement of net position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Restricted net position reported on the statement of net position as debt service, employee salaries, benefits and retiree insurance, school operations, and facility improvements are restricted by enabling legislation.

O. Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

- 1. *Nonspendable* Fund balance that is not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid items.
- 2. *Restricted* Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the School Board's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School Board that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds.
- 4. *Assigned* Fund balance that is constrained by the School Board's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Board.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

5. Unassigned - Fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amount restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The School Board would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

P. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Q. Sales Taxes

The School Board is authorized to collect a one-cent sales tax within Bienville Parish. The tax has no expiration date. The proceeds from the tax are used for salaries and retirement benefits for schoolteachers and other school employees and/or for maintaining and operating school buildings, facilities, and equipment, and are recorded in the General Fund. The costs of collecting and administering the tax are paid from the Sales Tax Agency Fund.

On August 2, 1994, the voters of Bienville Parish approved the assessment of a one percent parish-wide sales tax, which is recorded as revenue in the Special Sales Tax Fund. The net revenues from the tax are used to pay for the maintenance and operation of the parish schools and for capital improvements to the parish schools. The tax is collected by the School Board and has no expiration date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/ inflows, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

The following individual fund had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Fund	Budget		Actual	Variance		
Employee Benefits Fund	\$	3,442,557	\$ 3,575,139	\$	(132,582)	

Actual expenditures exceeded appropriations as a result of unanticipated expenditures occurring in the month of June after the last budget revision.

Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2020, the Direct Student Services (DSS) Special Revenue Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$19,094 and the School District No. 2 Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$108,198. These deficits will be cleared with transfers from the General Fund in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Note 3. Levied Taxes

The School Board levies taxes on real and business personal property located within Bienville Parish's boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the School Board on property values assessed by the Bienville Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Bienville Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the School Board. Collections are remitted to the School Board monthly. The calendar for the fiscal year is as follows:

Board Levy Date Tax Bills Mailed Due Date Tax Sales Date - Delinquent Property October 30, 2019 November 18, 2019 December 31, 2019 August 12, 2020

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Levied Taxes (Continued)

Assessed values are established by the Bienville Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to fair market value:

10% Land	15% Machinery
10% Residential Improvements	15% Commercial Improvements
15% Industrial Improvements	25% Public Service Properties, Excluding Land

After 1978, a revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll for 2016.

State law requires the sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent February 1st of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

All property taxes are recorded in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds on the basis explained in Note 1. Revenues in such funds are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Property taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the tax levy. Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. Available means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The remaining property taxes receivable are considered available because they are substantially collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end.

The tax roll is prepared by the parish tax assessor in November of each year. The collection of the property taxes occurs in December, January, and February of the next year. The School Board considers the date the tax roll is delivered to the tax collector as the legally enforceable date for recognition of property taxes. Accordingly, the 2019 property taxes are recognized in the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Levied Taxes (Continued)

Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable were collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied (tax rate per \$1,000 Assessed Value) ad valorem taxes:

	Adjusted Maximum Millage	Levied Millage	
Parish-Wide Taxes			
Constitutional	5.88	5.88	
Maintenance	7.79	7.79	
Repair and Upkeep	7.79	7.79	
Employee Benefits	12.86	12.86	
Employee Benefits and Retirees' Insurance	24.62	24.62	
District Sinking Fund Taxes			
School District #1	21.25	21.25	
School District #2	Variable	5.00	
School Districts #16 - #37	Variable	48.00	
School District #33	Variable	5.00	

Note 4. Deposits and Investments

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires or permits in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in the active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the School Board has deposits as follows:

Governmental Funds

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School Board's deposits may not be recovered. At year-end, the School Board's carrying amount of deposits was \$45,411,389 [Statement A - Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$16,235,787, Investments (Certificates of Deposits) of \$27,500,007, and Statement G (Agency Fund) - Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$1,675,595] and the bank balance was \$46,123,238. Of the bank balance, \$43,373,238 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,750,000 was covered by collateral held by the School Board's agent in the School Board's name (GASB Category 1). The School Board had the bank balance collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the School Board's name (GASB Category 3). Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 3, R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the School Board's policy does not address custodial credit risk for governmental funds.

The School Board has reported its investments with a maturity at time of purchase of one year or less at amortized cost. Investments with maturity at time of purchase of greater than one year are presented at fair value at June 30, 2020. Fair value was determined by obtaining "quoted" year-end market prices.

As of June 30, 2020, the School Board's investments are maintained by a custodial bank for the repayment of the Qualified School Construction Bond upon maturity. This account had a fair value of \$1,201,989 as of June 30, 2020:

Description of Investment	F	air Value	Fair Market Value Hierarchy	Interest Rate Risk
Money Market Account	\$	89,499	NAV	>10
U.S. Treasury State and Local Government		768,152	Level 2	>10
U.S. Treasury Strips		344,338	Level 2	>10
Total	\$	<u>1,201,989</u>		

Interest Rate Risk. The School Board's policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Rate Risk. The School Board's current year investments were in certificates of deposit which do not have credit ratings. The School Board's policy does not address credit rate risk for governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund

The School Board follows state law regarding investments in postemployment benefits funds by political subdivisions, R.S. 33:5161 and R.S. 33:5162. In summary, funds may be invested in direct U.S. Treasury Obligations, debt which is issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S., direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book-entry only securities, debt issued by corporations of the U.S. which are rated Baa or better by Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or BBB or better by Fitch Ratings or Standard and Poor's Corporation, money market mutual funds, or Louisiana Asset Management Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. State law does not address specific policies for managing interest rate risk. The following table provides information about interest rate risk associated with the other postemployment benefits trust fund.

		Fair Market		
Description		Value		Interest
of Investment	Fair Value	Hierarchy	Credit Risk	Rate Risk
U. S. Agency Bonds	1,402,669	Level 2	AAA (S&P)	1-3
U. S. Agency Bonds	4,489,668	Level 2	AAA (S&P)	3-5
U. S. Treasury Bonds	1,498,900	Level 1	AAA (S&P)	0-1
U. S. Treasury Bonds	522,012	Level 1	AAA (S&P)	2-3
U. S. Treasury Bonds	1,112,490	Level 2	AAA (S&P)	5-7
Corporate Bonds	909,539	Level 1	A (S&P)	0-1
Corporate Bonds	566,923	Level 1	A (S&P)	3-5
Corporate Bonds	5,187,826	Level 1	A (S&P)	1-3
Corporate Bonds	408,420	Level 1	AA (S&P)	0-1
Corporate Bonds	566,983	Level 1	AA (S&P)	3-5
Corporate Bonds	262,995	Level 1	AA (S&P)	1-3
Corporate Bonds	405,126	Level 1	BBB (S&P)	0-1
Corporate Bonds	802,027	Level 1	BBB (S&P)	0-1
Corporate Bonds	607,308	Level 1	BBB (S&P)	3-5
Corporate Bonds	4,676,037	Level 1	BBB (S&P)	1-3
Corporate Bonds	1,223,487	Level 2	A (S&P)	0-1
Corporate Bonds	1,058,242	Level 2	A (S&P)	6-9
Corporate Bonds	559,922	Level 2	A (S&P)	3-5
Corporate Bonds	673,636	Level 2	A (S&P)	1-3
Total	26,934,210			
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)				
Exchange Traded Funds	892,783			
Mutual Funds	18,158			
Total Measured at the NAV	910,941			
Total	\$ 27,845,151			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk. The School Board's policy regarding custodial credit risk is that funds on deposit shall be collateralized at an amount at all times equal to 100% by pledged "approved securities" as specified by R.S. 39:1225 as amended to adequately protect the funds of the School Board. Cash of \$538,666 is held in a trust account.

Credit Rate Risk. The credit risk of the other postemployment benefits trust fund is managed by restricting investments to those authorized by R.S. 33:5162.

Concentration of Credit Risk. R.S. 33:5162 provides that all fixed income investments shall be appropriately diversified by maturity, security, sector, and credit quality. At June 30, 2020, no more than 5% of the other postemployment benefits trust fund's total investments were investments in any single issuer.

Note 5. Receivables

The receivables at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Class of Receivables	C	General	23	3 Mill		nployee enefits	1	trict No. Capital rojects		Non-Major overnmental		Total
Taxes: Sales and Use	\$	410,723	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	411.223	\$	821,946
Intergovernmental - Grants	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	757,874	Ψ	757,874
Other		18,908		4,945		2,455		23,120		1,571		50,999
Total	\$	429,631	\$	4,945	\$	2,455	\$	23,120	\$	1,170,668	\$	1,630,819

The School Board expects to collect these balances in full; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts was established.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 180,586	\$-	\$ -	\$ 180,586
Construction in Progress	3,296,615	6,031,169	4,370,446	4,957,338
Total Capital Assets, Not				
Being Depreciated	3,477,201	6,031,169	4,370,446	5,137,924
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	34,359,999	4,370,446	-	38,730,445
Furniture and Equipment	4,674,197	33,052	-	4,707,249
Transportation Equipment	5,822,555	261,985		6,084,540
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated	44,856,751	4,665,483	-	49,522,234
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Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	17,248,021	1,351,043	-	18,599,064
Furniture and Equipment	4,535,659	48,384	-	4,584,043
Transportation Equipment	4,819,922	362,458	-	5,182,380
Total Accumulated Depreciation	26,603,602	1,761,885	-	28,365,487
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	18,253,149	2,903,598	-	21,156,747
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 21,730,350	\$ 8,934,767	\$ 4,370,446	\$ 26,294,671

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular Programs	\$ 1,351,043
Operations and Maintenance	15,928
Student Transportation	362,458
Food Services	32,456
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 1,761,885</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans

The School Board is a participating employer in two statewide, public employee retirement systems, the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) and the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Both systems have separate boards of trustees and administer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, including classes of employees with different benefits and contribution rates (sub-plans). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all sub-plans administered by these systems to the State Legislature. Each system issues a public report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of these reports for LSERS and TRSL may be obtained at www.lsers.net and www.trsl.org, respectively.

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System

LSERS administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to non-teacher school employees excluding those classified as lunch workers and their beneficiaries as defined in R.S. 11:1001. The age and years of creditable service (service) required in order for a member to receive retirement benefits are established by R.S. 11:1141-1153 and vary depending on the member's hire date.

A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2015 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 62. A member who joined between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2015 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member who joined the system on or before June 30, 2010 is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. All members are eligible for retirement with 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

For members who joined the system prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to $3\frac{1}{3}\%$ of the average compensation for the 3 highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2.00 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the system on or after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010, $3\frac{1}{3}\%$ of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits; however, the calculation consists of the 5 highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10% salary limitation. For members who joined the system on or after July 1, 2010, $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the 5 highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the plan on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided (Continued)

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if the member has at least 5 years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has become totally and permanently disabled, and is certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. A vested person with 20 or more years of creditable service is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joined the system on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least 10 years of service to qualify for disability benefits. Upon the death of a member with 5 or more years of creditable service, the plan provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the member's benefit.

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana

TRSL administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees who meet the legal definition of a "teacher" as provided for in R.S. 11:701. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the calculation of retirement benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:761. Statutory changes closed existing, and created new, sub-plans for members hired on or after January 1, 2011 and July 1, 2015.

Most members are eligible to receive retirement benefits 1) at the age of 60 with 5 years of service, 2) at the age of 55 with at least 25 years of service, or 3) at any age with at least 30 years of service. For members joining on or after July 1, 2015, retirement benefits are paid at age 62 with at least 5 years of service credit. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service credit. Retirement benefits are calculated by applying a percentage ranging from 2% to 3% of final average salary multiplied by years of service. Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to January 1, 2011, or the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for members employed after that date.

Under R.S. 11:778 and 11:779, members who have suffered a qualified disability are eligible for disability benefits if employed prior to January 1, 2011 and attained at least 5 years of service or if employed on or after January 1, 2011 and attained at least 10 years of service. Members employed prior to January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equal to 2½% of average compensation multiplied by the years of service, but not more than 50% of average compensation subject to statutory minimums. Members employed on or after January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equal to after January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equal to statutory minimum.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided (Continued)

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (Continued)

Survivor benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:762. In order for survivor benefits to be paid, the deceased member must have been in state service at the time of death and must have a minimum of 5 years of service, at least 2 of which were earned immediately prior to death, or must have had a minimum of 20 years of service regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Survivor benefits are equal to 50% of the benefit to which the member would have been entitled if retired on the date of death using a factor of $2\frac{1}{2}$ % regardless of years of service or age, or \$600 per month, whichever is greater. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 21, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The minimum service credit requirement is 10 years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or a qualified handicapped child.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible LSERS or TRSL member can begin participation in the DROP on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed 3 years. A member has a 60-day window from his first eligible date to participate in the program in order to participate for the maximum number of years. Delayed participation reduces the three-year maximum participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account. Upon termination of DROP participation, the member can continue employment and earn additional benefit accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit. Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LSERS and TRSL allow for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments, or COLAs, that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the board of trustees and approved by the Legislature. These ad hoc COLAs are not considered to be substantively automatic.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. For those members participating in the TRSL defined contribution optional retirement program (ORP), a portion of the employer contributions are used to fund the TRSL defined benefit plans' unfunded accrual liability.

Employer contributions to LSERS for fiscal year 2020 were \$495,845, with active member contributions of 8%, and employer contributions of 29%. Employer defined benefit plan contributions to TRSL for fiscal year 2020 were \$4,069,539, with active member contributions ranging from 5% to 8%, and employer contributions of 26%. Non-employer contributions to TRSL from ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds were \$129,706 for fiscal year 2020. These non-employer contributions were recorded as revenue and were used as employer contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported liabilities of \$4,127,158 and \$31,512,351 under LSERS and TRSL, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL). The NPL for LSERS and TRSL was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the NPL were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The School Board's proportions of the NPL were based on projections of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contribution of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2019, the most recent measurement date, the School Board's proportions and the changes in proportion from the prior measurement date were .589542%, or an increase of .007%, for LSERS and .317520%, or a decrease of .02%, for TRSL.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized a total pension expense of \$1,607,082 for TRSL and a total pension expense of \$169,750 for LSERS. The School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as components of unrestricted net position from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows						Deferred Inflows					
	LSERS		TRSL		Totai		LSERS		TRSL		Total	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	102,868	\$	984,772	\$ 1,087,640	
Changes of Assumptions		119,649		2,240,275		2,359,924		-		-	-	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		158,774		-		158,774		-		1,166,305	1,166,305	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		102,662		202,588		305,250		29,531		1,149,018	1,178,549	
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		495,845		4,069,539		4,565,384		-		-	-	
Total	\$	876,930	\$	6,512,402	\$	7,389,332	\$	132,399	\$	3,300,095	\$ 3,432,494	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the LSERS and TRSL NPL in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		Amortization Amounts						
June 30,	LSERS			TRSL		Total		
2021	\$ 20	8,855	\$	(492,787)	\$	(283,932)		
2022	(8	86,596)		(699,574)		(786,170)		
2023	7	2,372		356,855		429,227		
2024	5	64,055		(21,726)		32,329		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for LSERS and TRSL in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	LSERS	TRSL
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years	5 years
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment expense, including inflation	7.55%, net of investment expense
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum
Projected Salary Increases	2012 - 2017 experience study, 3.25%	3.30% - 4.80% (varies depending on duration of service)
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	Cost-of-living raises may be granted from the Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offset the increase in the actuarial liability and the plan has met the criteria and eligibility requirements by Act 399 of 2014	None
Mortality	RP-2014 Sex Distinct Mortality Table, RP-2014 Disabled Lives Mortality Table, RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Tables	RP-2014 Mortality Table with projection to 2025 using Scale AA
Termination, Disability, Retirement	Projected based on a five-year (2008 - 2012) experience study	Projected based on a five-year (2012 - 2017) experience study

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For TRSL, the long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRSL's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	19.00%	5.70%
Domestic Fixed Income	13.00%	1.69%
International Fixed Income	5.50%	2.10%
Private Equity	25.50%	8.67%
Other Private Assets	10.00%	3.60%
Total	100.00%	

For LSERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up), and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium, in which best estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in LSERS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	26.00%	1.07%
Equity	39.00%	2.93%
Alternatives	17.00%	1.43%
Real Estate	12.00%	0.73%
Real Assets	6.00%	0.60%
Total	100.00%	
Inflation	2.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for LSERS and 7.55% for TRSL. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For LSERS, the discount rate used in the June 30, 2019 net pension liability valuation was decreased from the 7.125% used in the June 30, 2018 valuation to 7.00%. For TRSL, the discount rate used in the June 30, 2019 net pension liability valuation was decreased from 7.75% to 7.55%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL for LSERS and TRSL using the current discount rate as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
School Board's Proportionate Share of the LSERS Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,593,126	\$ 4,127,158	\$ 2,873,961
School Board's Proportionate Share of the TRSL Net Pension Liability	41,947,449	31,512,351	22,717,157

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about LSERS and TRSL fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports referenced above.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2020, the School Board had \$50,041 and \$542,918 in payables to LSERS and TRSL, respectively, for the June 2020 employee and employer legally required contributions.

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

In accordance with state statutes, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board's OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the School Board and its employees. Although no written plan or trust currently exists or is sanctioned by law, the OPEB plan is reported based on communication to plan members. Also, no stand-alone financial report was prepared. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School Board. These benefits and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance program, whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the School Board.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	322
Active Plan Members	300
Total	622

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the School Board are established and may be amended by R.S. 42:801-883. Employees do not contribute to their postemployment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The retirees contribute to the cost of retiree health care based on a rate schedule. Contribution amounts are determined by years of service and years of participation in the health care plan. Employer contribution rates range from 0% with 0 - 4.99 years of service to 100% with 20+ years of service, whereas employee contributions range from 100% with 0 - 4.99 years of service to 0% with 20+ years of service.

The plan is currently financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, with the School Board contributing \$2,537,843 for normal costs for 293 retirees for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

The School Board's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, using the actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.0%
Salary Increases, Average Including Inflation	3.0%
Investment Rate of Return	4.0%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	9.0% per year for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% in 2027

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.0%.

Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 61,325,235 28,572,371
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 32,752,864
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	46.59%

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase/(Decrease)								
		otal OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary let Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)				
Balances at July 1, 2019	\$	63,215,901	\$	27,605,101	\$	35,610,800			
Changes for the Year									
Service Cost		950,596		-		950,596			
Interest Cost		2,566,660		-		2,566,660			
Benefit Payments		(2,537,843)		-		(2,537,843)			
Losses due to Differences between									
Expected and Actual Experience		(2,870,079)		-		(2,870,079)			
Contributions - Employer									
Net Investment Income		-		967,270		(967,270)			
Net Changes for the Year		(1,890,666)		967,270		(2,857,936)			
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	61,325,235	\$	28,572,371	\$	32,752,864			

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's net OPEB liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (3%) or 1% higher (5%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 44,594,767	\$ 32,752,864	<u>\$ 23,621,537</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate: The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's net OPEB liability would be if calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1% lower (8% decreasing to 4%) or 1% higher (10% decreasing to 6%) than the current health care cost trend rate:

		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates				
	1.0% Decrease	9% Decreasing to 5.0%	1.0% Increase			
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 23,192,260	\$ 32,752,864	\$ 44,932,056			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School Board recognized OPEB benefit of \$229,944. At June 30, 2020, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Differences between Expected	\$ 1,183,535	\$ 2,798,988
and Actual Investment Earnings	465,656	17,046
	_\$ 1,649,191	\$ 2,816,034

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2021	\$ 105,203
2022	105,200
2023	409,811
2024	546,629

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2020, employees of the School Board have accumulated and vested \$1,818,556 of employee leave benefits. These employee benefits were computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

Note 10. Agency Fund Deposits Due Others

A summary of changes in agency fund deposits due others for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Deletions		Ending Balance		
Agency Funds						
School Activities Agency	\$ 338,937	\$ 747,861	\$	713,458	\$	373,338
Sales Tax Agency	1,812,347	9,638,297		9,792,728		1,657,916
Sales Taxes Paid Under Protest	 7,618	111		-		7,729
Total	\$ 2,158,902	\$ 10,386,269	\$	10,506,186	\$	2,038,983

Note 11. Sales Tax Collections and Disbursements (Cash Basis)

The following are schedules of the sales tax collections and disbursements on a cash basis collected on behalf of payments made to local governmental entities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	Total Collection		Collection Fees		Attorney and Audit Fees		Total Disbursemer	
Town of Arcadia (2%)	\$	1,673,842	\$	24,350	\$	5,580	\$	1,643,912
Town of Gibsland (2%)		94,160		1,338		306		92,516
Town of Ringgold (2%)		386,250		5,658		1,296		379,296
Bienville Parish School Board (2%)		5,105,704		76,128		11,632		5,017,944
Bienville Parish Police Jury (1%)		2,552,842		38,057		5,816		2,508,969
Village of Castor (1%)		59,019		873		200		57,946
Village of Saline (1%)		32,516		489		1 12		31,915
Total	\$	9,904,333	\$	146,893	\$	24,942	\$	9,732,498

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 12. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Beginning Balance	А	dditions	tions Deletions			Ending Balance		Amounts ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities									
Bonds Payable									
General Obligation Debt	\$ 27,560,000	\$	-	\$	1,450,000	\$	26,110,000	\$	1,505,000
QSCB Revenue Bond	2,000,000		-		-		2,000,000		-
Bond Premium	1,006,849		-		156,088		850,761		151,524
Other Liabilities									
Compensated Absences	1,552,582		906,720		640,746		1,818,556		-
Claims Payable	83,584		-		44,729		38,855		-
OPEB Liability	35,610,800		-		2,857,936		32,752,864		-
Net Pension Liability	37,276,848		-		1,637,339		35,639,509		-
Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 105,090,663	\$	906,720	\$	6,786,838	\$	99,210,545	\$	1,656,524

The compensated absences liability and claims payable liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated 100% by the General Fund. The Qualified School Construction Bond (QSCB) will be paid by the General Fund from a levy and collections of a constitutional tax which the School Board is authorized to impose and collect each year.

Individual obligation issues are as follow:

Bond	Bond Issue Date	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Final Payment Due	Interest to Maturity	Principal Outstanding
District #33 District #2 Districts #16 - 37 District #1 2018 Series	Aug. 1, 2011 Sept. 17, 2014 May 1, 2010 Mar. 1, 2018	\$ 3,700,000 2,500,000 3,175,000 22,000,000	2.00% - 4.00% 2.00% - 3.00% 2.00% - 4.00% 3.00% - 5.00%	Mar. 1, 2026 Mar. 1, 2029 Mar. 1, 2025 Mar. 1, 2038	\$ 259,038 244,250 158,919 8,694,331 9,356,538	\$ 1,950,000 1,645,000 1,300,000 21,215,000 26,110,000
QSCB Revenue Bond	June 15, 2011	2,000,000	0.60%	June 15, 2026	72,000	2,000,000
Total						\$ 28,110,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 12. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Pledged Revenue. In June 2011, the School Board issued \$2,000,000 QSCB taxable revenue bonds at an annual interest rate of .6% to finance construction, rehabilitation, and repair of public school facilities. According to the QSCB revenues bonds, the School Board is required to make annual deposits into a debt service fund (sinking fund) held by Whitney Bank (the paying agent) in order to attain the set required principal account values. The School Board is required to also make the necessary deposits in another sinking fund to cover interest payments due on the bond. The Escrow Agent is responsible for paying off the \$2,000,000 in June 2026 from the sinking fund. The School Board has pledged revenue solely from the constitutional tax collected which is payable through 2026. The annual principal and interest payments are estimated to be 7.2% of the tax revenue over the next 11 years. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid to the debt service fund is \$888,108 and \$56,616, respectively.

All principal and interest requirements for the general obligation bonds are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the Parish. At year-end, the School Board has accumulated \$1,298,030 in the debt service funds for future debt requirements. The bonds are due as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	QSCB Bond Principal Payments			General Obligation Bonds Principal Payments	F	Interest Payments	Total		
2021	\$	-	\$	1,505,000	\$	1,016,681	\$ 2,521,681		
2022		-		1,560,000		969,932	2,529,932		
2023		-		1,620,000		912,293	2,532,293		
2024		-		1,690,000		851,618	2,541,618		
2025		-		1,765,000		778,063	2,543,063		
2026-2030		2,000,000		6,715,000		2,839,231	11,554,231		
2031-2035		-		6,625,000		1,685,319	8,310,319		
2036-2039		-		4,630,000		375,400	5,005,400		
Total	\$	2,000,000	\$	26,110,000	\$	9,428,538	\$ 37,538,538		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 13. Interfund Transactions (FFS Level Only)

Interfund receivables/payables at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Amount	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	<u>\$ 641,619</u>	Non-Major Governmental	\$ 641,619		

The purpose of interfund assets/liabilities was to cover expenses in cost reimbursement programs until the reimbursement requisitions are deposited.

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Transfer In	Amount	Transfer Out	Amount			
General Fund Non-Major Governmental	\$ 107,041 1,941,489	Non-Major Governmental General Fund	\$ 107,041 1,941,489			
	<u>\$ 2,048,530</u>		\$ 2,048,530			

The purpose of the transfers was to transfer the required QSCB payment to the Debt Service Fund, and to transfer the indirect cost received in non-major governmental funds to the General Fund.

Note 14. Fund Balances Classification Details

The following are details of the fund balance classifications:

		General 23 Mill			Employee Benefits			istrict No. 1 bital Projects	Non-Major Governmental			Total	
Nonspendable													
Inventory	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	153,732	\$	153,732	
Retracted for:													
Employees' Salaries,													
Benefits, and Retirees'													
Insurance		-		2,914,120		7,218,670		-		-		10,132,790	
School Operations		-		-		-		-		3,048,580		3,048,580	
Facility Improvements		-		-		-		-		1,451,144		1,451,144	
Capital Projects		-		-		-		17,232,898		7,885		17,240,783	
Debt Service		-		-		-		-		2,204,698		2,204,698	
Food Services		-		-		-		-		(138,948)		(138,948)	
Sales Tax Collection		-		-		-		-		52,773		52,773	
Unassigned		7,941,297		-		-		-		(127,292)		7,814,005	
Total	\$	7,941,297	\$	2,914,120	\$	7,218,670	\$	17,232,898	\$	6,652,572	\$	41,959,557	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 15. Risk Management

The School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. A risk management program for workers' compensation insurance was established by the School Board several years ago. Premiums are paid into the General Fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. As of June 30, 2020, such interfund premiums did not exceed reimbursable expenditures. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the individual funds' payroll and are reported as expenditures in the individual funds.

An insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$400,000. Maximum retention exposure for aggregate claims amounts to \$1,000,000. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. This liability is the School Board's best estimate based on available information and does not include incremental costs. The total liability at June 30, 2020 was \$38,855.

Year Ending June 30,	o	ginning f Fiscal r Liability	Ch	aims and anges in stimates	Pa	Benefit ayments d Claims	Ending of Fiscal Year Liability		
2020	\$	83,584	\$	(39,844)	\$	4,885	\$	38,855	
2019		90,293		87,120		93,829		83,584	
2018		113,942		100,815		124,464		90,293	

The balance of \$38,855 is reported as long-term debt in the statement of net position, in which the full amount is reported as due within one year.

The School Board continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 16. Litigation and Claims

At June 30, 2020, the Bienville Parish Tax Agency was involved in two litigations. These lawsuits are in regard to vendors requesting tax refunds in the amount of \$17,083. The School Board's portion of this request would be approximately \$8,247. It is the opinion of legal counsel for the Tax Agency that the ultimate resolution of both suits is uncertain. No liability is recorded for this contingency.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 16. Litigation and Claims (Continued)

Self-Insurance

The School Board is partially self-insured for workers' compensation. The School Board maintains stop-loss coverage with an insurance company for claims in excess of \$400,000 per occurrence for each employee. All known claims filed and an estimate of incurred but not reported claims based on experience of the School Board are made and accrued as necessary in the financial statements.

Grant Disallowances

The School Board participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. The School Board's management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

Tax Arbitrage Rebate

Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, interest earned on the debt proceeds in excess of interest expense prior to the disbursement of the proceeds must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Management believes there is no tax arbitrage rebate liability at year-end.

Construction Contracts

The School Board has ongoing construction projects for athletic improvements for additions and alterations for Crawford Elementary and Arcadia High and stadium renovations to Arcadia stadium. The total of the construction contract is \$12,996,000 of which construction commitments of \$9,357,793 were remaining at June 30, 2020.

Note 17. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

On-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries are direct payments made by an entity (the paying agent) to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity (the employer entity). GASB Statement No. 24 requires employer governments to recognize revenue and expenditures or expenses for these on-behalf payments. The State of Louisiana made pension contributions (regarding the Professional Improvement Program) directly to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana on behalf of the School Board in the amount of \$2,505. This amount was recognized as state revenue and as a corresponding expenditure in the applicable fund from which the salary was paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 18. Economic Dependency

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 280-10-50-42 requires disclosure in financial statements of a situation where one entity provides more than 10% of the audited entity's revenue. The Minimum Foundation funding provided by the State to all public school systems in Louisiana is primarily based on the October 1st student count. The state provided \$7,746,794 to the School Board, which represents approximately 20% of the School Board's total revenue for the year.

Note 19. Tax Abatements

The Louisiana Economic Development Corporation provides incentives for economic development which include an industrial ad valorem tax exemption for up to ten years. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the total School Board's ad valorem taxes abated were \$245,452.

Note 20. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

New Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of GASB 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, postponing the effective date of Statement No. 84 to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of GASB 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, postponing the effective date of Statement No. 87 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 20. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

New Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

The GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.* The objectives of GASB 89 are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, postponing the effective date of Statement No. 89 to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

The GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.* The Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.* The Statement amends Questions 4.3 and 4.5 of Implementation Guide 201-2. The requirements of this Statement related to the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 plans are effective June 15, 2021.

Note 21. Contingency

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern", and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had, and are expected to continue to have, an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the School Board operates. It is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the School Board.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Schedule of Changes in the School Board's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$	950,596	\$	1,410,385	\$	1,369,306
Interest Cost		2,566,660		2,497,648		2,408,148
Benefit Payments		(2,537,843)		(2,435,452)		(2,213,462)
Losses due to Differences Between						
Expected and Actual Experience		(2,870,079)		712,500		632,772
Net Change in OPEB Liability		(1,890,666)		2,185,081		2,196,764
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		63,215,901		61,030,820		58,834,056
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$	61,325,235	\$	63,215,901	\$	61,030,820
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	•	0 507 040	•	0.070.000	•	0.000.000
Contributions - Employer	\$	2,537,843	\$	6,979,028	\$	2,309,663
Net Investment Income		967,270		906,228		265,804
Benefit Payments		(2,537,843)		(1,979,028)		(2,309,663)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		967,270		5,906,228		265,804
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning		27,605,101	•	21,698,873	•	21,433,069
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	\$	28,572,371	\$	27,605,101	\$	21,698,873
Net OPEB Liability, Ending	\$	32,752,864	\$	35,610,800	\$	39,331,947
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	16,452,750	\$	14,570,013	\$	14,570,013
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		199.07%		244.41%		269.95%

NOTES:

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

GASB 75 requires this schedule to show information for 10 years. The School Board has implemented GASB 75 in its 2018 fiscal year. Therefore, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Schedule of School Board Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020	2019	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution		\$ 1,909,187	\$ 1,580,690	\$ 1,580,690
Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined (Contribution	(2,537,843)	(6,979,028)	(2,309,663)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		\$ (628,656)	\$ (5,398,338)	\$ (728,973)
Covered Employee Payroll		\$16,452,750	\$14,570,013	\$14,570,013
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employe	15.43%	47.90%	15.85%	
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Cont	ribution Rates			
Actuarial Cost Method Inflation	Entry Age 2.0%			
Salary Increases, Average Including Inflation	3.0%			
Investment Rate of Return	4.0%			
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates				
	9.0% per year for			

9.0% per year for 2018, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% in 2026

NOTES:

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

GASB 75 requires this schedule to show information for 10 years. The School Board has implemented GASB 75 in its 2018 fiscal year. Therefore, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Schedule of School Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Years Ended June 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, and 2015

Fiscal Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Pr S	Employer's oportionate hare of the et Pension Liability		mployer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Louisiana So	chool Employee	s' R	etirement Sy	ster	n		
2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	0.589542% 0.596408% 0.549843% 0.570149% 0.638535% 0.647200%	\$	4,127,158 3,984,824 3,518,593 4,300,902 4,049,126 3,757,919	\$	1,728,482 1,722,392 1,589,608 1,620,887 1,780,848 1,839,543	239% 231% 221% 265% 227% 204%	73.40% 74.40% 74.16% 70.09% 74.49% 76.18%
Teacher's R	etirement Syste	em c	of Louisiana				
2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	0.31752% 0.33875% 0.31695% 0.32664% 0.34459% 0.32958%	\$	31,512,351 33,292,024 32,492,812 38,338,163 37,051,443 33,687,978	\$	15,419,494 16,184,548 16,382,827 15,567,644 16,084,561 14,791,175	204% 206% 198% 246% 230% 228%	68.6% 68.2% 64.5% 59.5% 62.5% 63.7%

NOTES:

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

GASB 68 requires this schedule to show information for 10 years. The School Board has implemented GASB 68 in its 2015 fiscal year. Therefore, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

for Pension Plans For the Years Ended June 30, 2020, 2019, 2019, 3

For the Years Ended June 30, 2	2020, 2019,	2018, 2017, 2016	, and 2015

Fiscal Year	R	ntractually equired ntribution	in F Cor R	ntributions Relation to ntractually equired ntributions	Def	ribution iciency (cess)	mployer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
Louisiana S	choo	l Employee	s' Re	tirement Sy	stem			
2020	\$	498,227	\$	498,227	\$	-	\$ 1,686,547	29.5%
2019		483,975		483,975		-	1,728,482	28.0%
2018		475,034		475,034		-	1,722,392	27.6%
2017		433,963		433,963		-	1,589,608	27.3%
2016		488,639		488,639		-	1,620,887	30.1%
2015		576,177		576,177		-	1,780,848	32.4%

Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana

2020	\$ 4,119,011	\$ 4,119,011	\$ -	\$ 15,646,209	26.3%
2019	4,117,005	4,117,005	-	15,419,494	26.7%
2018	4,303,732	4,303,732	-	16,184,548	26.6%
2017	4,177,621	4,177,621	-	16,382,827	25.5%
2016	4,096,613	4,096,613	-	15,567,644	26.3%
2015	4,923,619	4,923,619	-	16,084,561	30.6%

NOTES:

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

GASB 68 requires this schedule to show information for 10 years. The School Board has implemented GASB 68 in its 2015 fiscal year. Therefore, additional years will be displayed as they become available.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Fund Descriptions General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds with Legally Adopted Annual Budgets For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for all activities of the School Board except those that are accounted for in other funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>23 Mill</u> - The parish-wide school district of the Parish of Bienville, State of Louisiana (the District), shall levy a twenty-three (23) mills tax on all property subject to taxation in the District for a period of ten (10) years, beginning with the year 2012 and ending with the year 2021, for the payment of costs of employee benefits and retiree insurance.

<u>Employee Benefits</u> - The Employee Benefit Fund accounts for a nine (9) mills parish-wide ad valorem tax received for the purpose of paying salaries and benefits for employees and retirees of the Bienville Parish School Board.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	Original	Fillai	Anounts	
Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem	\$ 5,149,160	\$ 4,775,175	\$ 4,420,223	\$ (354,952)
Sales Taxes	1,900,000	\$ 4,775,175 1,900,000	2,858,886	\$ (354,952) 958,886
Interest Earnings	1,900,000	111,500	2,838,880	113,521
Other	24,900	265,800	152,440	
Total Local Sources		7,052,475		(113,360)
	7,185,560	7,052,475	7,656,570	604,095
State Sources:	0 000 000	7 404 705	7 475 004	40,000
Equalization	6,690,000	7,434,765	7,475,664	40,899
Other	172,135	172,135	189,408	17,273
Total State Sources	6,862,135	7,606,900	7,665,072	58,172
Total Revenues	14,047,695	14,659,375	15,321,642	662,267
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs	6,666,346	8,091,091	7,643,900	447,191
Special Programs	2,378,720	2,394,746	2,529,090	(134,344)
Other Instructional Programs	1,000,529	1,246,485	1,315,973	(69,488)
Support Services:				
Student Services	1,215,484	1,227,045	1,188,896	38,149
Instructional Staff Support	197,233	213,500	160,315	53,185
General Administration	498,195	496,043	814,022	(317,979)
School Administration	142,535	243,676	182,158	61,5 1 8
Business Services	17,150	19,575	68,413	(48,838)
Plant Services	76,465	93,323	95,789	(2,466)
Student Transportation Services	437,920	261,402	398,505	(137,103)
Food Service Operations	244,196	266,688	238,853	27,835
Community Service Programs	28,100	35,863	-	35,863
Debt Service:	20,100	00,000		00,000
Principal Retirement	367,450	367,450	_	367,450
Total Expenditures	13,270,323	14,956,887	14,671,777	285,110
				· · · · · ·
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	777,372	(297,512)	649,865	947,377
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	586,536	1,664,370	107,041	(1,557,329)
Transfers Out	(584,600)	(1,662,434)	(1,941,489)	(279,055)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,936	1,936	(1,834,448)	(1,836,384)
Net Change in Fund Balance	779,308	(295,576)	(1,184,583)	(889,007)
Fund Balance, Beginning	8,035,936	8,077,390	9,125,880	1,048,490
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 8,815,244	\$ 7,781,814	\$ 7,941,297	\$ 159,483

See notes to required supplementary information and independent auditor's report.

	Budgeted	iΛm	ounte	Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget vorable
	 Original		Final	Amounts		avorable)
Revenues						
Local Sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad Valorem	\$ 8,580,047	\$	7,887,518	\$ 7,960,920	\$	73,402
Interest Earnings	117,500		70,000	70,700		700
Total Local Sources	 8,697,547		7,957,518	8,031,620		74,102
Total Revenues	 8,697,547		7,957,518	8,031,620		74,102
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular Programs	5,811,209		5,064,838	4,933,802		131,036
Special Programs	140,000		-	-		-
Other Instructional Programs	636,351		337,590	327,295		10,295
Support Services:						
Student Services	21,208		21,208	21,484		(276)
Instructional Staff Support	146,130		309,525	303,054		6,471
General Administration	634,710		634,710	567,136		67,574
School Administration	1,311,600		1,311,600	1,269,417		42,183
Student Transportation Services	 1,849,700		1,849,700	1,696,775		152,925
Total Expenditures	 10,550,908		9,529,171	 9,118,963		410,208
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 (1,853,361)		(1,571,653)	 (1,087,343)		484,310
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,853,361)		(1,571,653)	(1,087,343)		484,310
Fund Balance, Beginning	 3,821,752		4,001,463	 4,001,463		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,968,391	\$	2,429,810	\$ 2,914,120	\$	484,310

See notes to required supplementary information and independent auditor's report.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Budgetary Comparison Schedule Employee Benefits Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		avorable ifavorable)
Revenues		-					<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Local Sources:								
Taxes:								
Ad Valorem Tax	\$	4,481,700	\$	4,120,000	\$	4,158,304	\$	38,304
Interest Earnings		182,000	·	115,000		96,641		(18,359)
Total Local Sources		4,663,700		4,235,000		4,254,945		19,945
Total Revenues		4,663,700		4,235,000		4,254,945		19,945
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular Programs		1,140,000		1,140,000		1,247,448		(107,448)
Special Programs		255,000		255,000		254,495		. 505
Other Instructional Programs		22,600		22,600		25,174		(2,574)
Support Services:		,		·		·		
Student Services		5,600		5,600		6,458		(858)
Instructional Staff Support		720,520		720,520		652,061		68,459
General Administration		242,627		242,627		258,014		(15,387)
School Administration		189,400		189,400		249,261		(59,861)
Business Services		474,190		474,190		452,518		21,672
Plant Services		38,780		38,780		61,513		(22,733)
Student Transportation Services		233,540		233,540		218,195		15,345
Food Services		120,300		120,300		150,002		(29,702)
Total Expenditures		3,442,557		3,442,557		3,575,139		(132,582)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		1,221,143		792,443		679,806		(112,637)
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,221,143		792,443		679,806		(112,637)
Fund Balance, Beginning		6,188,243		6,538,864		6,538,864		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	7,409,386	\$	7,331,307	\$	7,218,670	\$	(112,637)

See notes to required supplementary information and independent auditor's report.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1. Budgets

General Budget Practices

The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the combined financial statements:

State statute requires budgets to be adopted for the General Fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September, the Superintendent submits to the Board proposed annual budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds' budgets that are not grant oriented. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the Board's approval, to obtain taxpayer comments. Grant funds are included in special revenue funds and their budgets are adopted at the time the grant applications are approved by the Governor. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year-end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. All budgets are controlled at the function level. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered insignificant by the Board.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded.

Budget Basis of Accounting

All governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Budgeted amounts are originally adopted or amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School Board approves budgets at the function level and management can transfer amounts between line items within a function.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 2. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following individual fund had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Fund	Budget	Actual	١	Variance
Employee Benefits Fund	\$ 3,442,557	\$ 3,575,139	\$	(132,582)

Actual expenditures exceeded appropriations as a result of unanticipated expenditures occurring in the month of June after the last revision.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -

BY FUND TYPE

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2020

	 Special Revenue	Debt Service	1	Capital Projects	Total Ion-Major vernmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,287,551	\$ 1,001,137	\$	177,944	\$ 5,466,632
Investments	1	1,201,991		-	1,201,992
Receivables	1,169,097	1,570		1	1,170,668
Inventory	 153,732	-		-	153,732
Total Assets	\$ 5,610,381	\$ 2,204,698	\$	177,945	\$ 7,993,024
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 41,548	\$ -	\$	278,258	\$ 319,806
Accrued Expenses	356,188	-		-	356,188
Interfund Payables	641,619	-		-	641,619
Unearned Revenue	 22,839	-		-	22,839
Total Liabilities	 1,062,194	-		278,258	1,340,452
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	153,732	-		-	153,732
Unassigned	(19,094)	-		(108,198)	(127,292)
Restricted	 4,413,549	 2,204,698		7,885	 6,626,132
Total Fund Balances	 4,548,187	2,204,698		(100,313)	 6,652,572
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,610,381	\$ 2,204,698	\$	177,945	\$ 7,993,024

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revonues Local Sources: Taxes: Ad Valorem \$ 2,518,913 \$ 2,225,202 \$ - \$ \$ 4,744,113 Sales Taxes: 42,4673 - 2,474,673 Interest Earnings 42,267 19,782 107 62,544 Contributions - 11,815 - 11,815 Other 145,172 - - - 145,177 Total Local Sources - - - - State Sources: - - - - Equalization 215,703 - - - - Total State Sources - - - - - - Total Revenues 2,996,777 - - - - - - - - - - 19,943 - </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Special Revenue</th> <th></th> <th>Debt Service</th> <th></th> <th>Capital Projects</th> <th></th> <th>Total Ion-Major vernmental Funds</th>			Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total Ion-Major vernmental Funds
Tares: S 2.518.913 S 2.225.202 S - S 4.744.115 Ad Valorem S 2.2474.873 - - 2.474.873 Interest Earnings 42,857 19.782 107 652.97 Contributions 11.815 - - 14.817 Contributions 11.815 - - 14.817 Tatal Local Sources 5.193.430 2.279.884 107 7.473.62 State Sources 215.703 - - 215.703 Equalization 211.130 - - 215.703 Total State Sources 2.986.777 - - 2.986.777 Total Revenues 6.667.040 2.279.984 107 10.947.137 Expenditures 2.986.777 - - 2.986.777 Current: Instruction: - - 15.439 - - Instruction: Regular Programs 217.400 - - 2.986.777 Student Services 2.98.874 - - 2.98.874 Current:	Revenues								
Tarse: S 2.518.913 S 2.225,202 S - S 4.744,113 Ad Valorem S 2.2474.873 - - 2.474,873 Interest Earnings 42,857 19.782 107 662,870 Contributions - - 1.815 - - 1.815 Other -	Local Sources:								
Ad Valorem \$ 2,215,13,13 \$ 2,222,202 \$ - \$ 4,744,173 Interest Earnings 2,474,473 - 2,474,473 Interest Earnings 2,474,473 - - 2,474,473 Interest Earnings 2,474,473 - - 35,000 - - 35,000 Food Services 11,015 - - - 145,172 - - - 145,172 - - - 145,173 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,130 - - 2,17,430 - - 2,19,633 - - 4,68,33 - - 4,68,33 - - 2,17,400 - - 1,62,435 - - 1,62,435 - - 1,62,435 - - 1,62,435 -									
Seles Taxes 2.474 873 - - 2.474 873 Interest Earnings 42.667 19.72 107 62.548 Contributions - - 11.815 - - 11.815 Control Local Sources 5.195.430 2.279.844 107 7.473.527 State Sources: - - - 271.130 - - 271.973 Equalization 271.703 - - 271.973 - - 215.703 Federal Sources 436.833 - - 445.633 - - 2496.833 Federal Sources 2.996.777 - - 2.996.777 - - 2.996.777 Total Revenues 8.667.040 2.279.984 107 10.947.137 Expenditures - 1.523.665 - - 1.523.655 Support Services 2.58,814 - - 2.58,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,586 - - 66,588		\$	2 518 913	\$	2 225 202	\$	-	\$	4 744 115
Interest Earnings 42,657 19,782 107 62,540 Contributions 35,000 - 35,000 - 35,000 Food Services 11,815 - - 11,815 - - 11,815 Other		÷		Ŷ		÷	-	¥	
Contributions - 35,000 -					19 782		107		
Food Services 11.815 - 11.815 Other 1.45,172 - 1.45,172 Total Local Sources: - 2.273,984 107 7.473,521 State Sources: - 215,703 - - 215,703 Total State Sources - 486,633 - - 486,633 Federal Sources 8,667,040 2,279,984 107 10,947,137 Expenditures - - 2.998,777 - - 2.988,777 Current: Instruction: Regular Programs 116,439 - - 115,64,33 Stupent Services: 1,523,655 - 1,523,655 - 1,523,655 Stupent Services: 258,814 - - 268,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,588 - - 66,588 Student Transportation Services 2,588,404 2,500,00 1 2,500,00 Student Transportation Services 30,708 - - 1,675,981 -					· ·		-		,
Other 145,172 - - 145,172 Total Local Sources: 5,193,430 2,279,984 107 7,473,522 Equalization 271,130 - - 271,133 Other 215,703 - - 271,133 Total State Sources 466,833 - - 486,633 Federal Sources 2,996,777 - - 2,996,777 Total Revenues 8,667,040 2,279,984 107 10,947,137 Expenditures 2,996,777 - - 2,986,777 Current: Instructions 7,640 2,279,984 107 10,947,137 Regular Programs 217,400 - - 217,400 Student Services 258,814 - - 258,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,558 - - 66,558 General Administration 412,514 22,149 - 434,665 Plant Services 2,588,404 - - 165,439 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>14 815</td><td></td><td>55,505</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td><i>,</i></td></t<>			14 815		55,505		_		<i>,</i>
Total Local Sources 5,193,430 2,279,984 107 7,473,527 State Sources 211,130 - - 211,130 Other 215,703 - - 215,703 Total State Sources 2,986,777 - - 2,986,777 Total Revenues 8,667,040 2,279,984 107 10,947,137 Expenditures 2,986,777 - - 2,986,777 Current: Instruction: 8,667,040 2,279,984 107 10,947,137 Expenditures 2,17,400 - - 2,17,400 Current: Instructional Programs 156,439 - - 65,838 Student Services 258,814 - - 258,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,588 - - 66,588 General Administration 412,514 22,148 - 439,662 Student Transportation Services 307,208 - - 307,208 Community Activities - -					-		-		
State Sources: 271,130 - - 271,130 Other 215,703 - - 215,703 - - 215,703 - - 215,703 - - 215,703 - - 215,703 - - 2016,777 - - 2.997,996 - - 1.975,755 - - 1.525,995 - -			***************************************						
Equalization 271,130 - - 271,137 Other			5,195,450		2,279,904		107		7,473,321
Other 215,703 - - - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>074 400</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>074 400</td></th<>			074 400						074 400
Total State Sources 4486.833 - - 4486.833 Federal Sources 2.986,777 - - 2.986,777 Total Revenues 8.667.040 2.279,984 107 10.947,131 Expenditures 2.000,777 - - 2.986,777 Current: Instruction: - - 2.17,400 - - 2.17,400 Support Services: 217,400 - - 2.17,400 - - 2.17,400 Student Services: 156,439 - - 1.523,655 - - 1.523,655 Student Services: 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 268,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,588 - - 166,398 - - 168,439 - - 168,439 - - 166,588 - - 166,588 - - 166,588 - - 164,598 - - 167,5981 - - 16					-		-		•
Federal Sources 2.986,777 - - 2.986,777 Total Revenues 8.667,040 2.279,984 107 10.947,131 Expenditures 2.000,771 - - 2.986,777 Current: Instruction: - - 2.17,400 - - 2.17,400 Special Programs 156,439 - - 1523,655 - 1523,655 - 1523,655 - 1523,655 - 1523,655 - 1523,655 - 1523,655 - 1523,655 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 259,900 1 2,590,900 1 2,590,900 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
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Current: Instruction: 217,400 - - 217,400 Regular Programs 156,439 - - 156,439 - 156,439 - 156,439 - 156,439 - 156,439 - 156,439 - 152,455 - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 169,436 - - 1,69,436 - - 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 - - - - - - - -	Total Revenues		8,667,040		2,279,984		107		10,947,131
Instruction: 217,400 - - 217,400 Special Programs 156,439 - - 156,433 Other Instructional Programs 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 Support Services: - 258,814 - - 258,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,588 - - 66,588 General Administration 412,514 22,148 - 434,666 Business Services 62 - - 66,588 Business Services 307,208 - - 307,206 Food Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 Community Activities - - 1,675,981 -	Expenditures								
Regular Programs 217,400 - - 217,400 Special Programs 156,439 - - 156,365 Other Instructional Programs 1,523,655 - - 1,523,655 Student Services 258,814 - - 268,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,588 - - 66,588 General Administration 412,514 22,148 - 434,662 School Administration 169,436 - - 169,436 Business Services 62 - - 66,588 Community Activities - - 1675,981 - - 1675,981 Community Activities -	Current:								
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Support Services: 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 258,814 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - - 66,588 - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - 169,436 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Special Programs		156,439		-		-		156,439
Student Services 258,814 - - 258,814 Instructional Staff Support 66,588 - - 66,588 General Administration 412,514 22,148 - 434,665 School Administration 169,436 - - 169,436 Business Services 62 - - 66,588 Plant Services 2,588,404 2,500 1 2,590,905 Student Transportation Services 2,588,404 2,500 1 2,590,905 Student Transportation Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 Community Activities - - 1,675,981 - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>1,523,655</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>1,523,655</td>	-		1,523,655		-		-		1,523,655
Instructional Staff Support 66,588 - - 66,588 General Administration 412,514 22,148 - 434,665 School Administration 169,436 - - 169,436 Business Services 62 - - 66 Plant Services 2,588,404 2,500 1 2,590,905 Student Transportation Services 307,208 - - 307,206 Community Activities - - 1,675,981 - - 1,675,985 Community Activities - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
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School Administration 169,436 - - 169,436 Business Services 62 - - 66 Plant Services 2,588,404 2,500 1 2,590,905 Student Transportation Services 307,208 - - 307,208 Food Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 Community Activities - - - - Capital Outlays 261,984 - 1,513,074 1,775,056 Debt Service: - - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Principal Retirement - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Interest and Bank Charges - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,860 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - (107,041) - - (107,041) <td>Instructional Staff Support</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Instructional Staff Support		,		-		-		
Business Services 62 - - 62 Plant Services 2,588,404 2,500 1 2,580,900 Student Transportation Services 307,208 - - 307,208 Food Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,961 Community Activities - - - - Capital Outlays 261,984 - 1,513,074 1,775,056 Debt Service: - - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Interest and Bank Charges - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,309 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - (107,041) Transfers In 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,446 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138	General Administration		412,514		22,148		-		434,662
Plant Services 2,588,404 2,500 1 2,590,900 Student Transportation Services 307,208 - - 307,208 Food Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,987 Community Activities - - - - - Capital Outlays 261,984 - 1,513,074 1,775,056 Debt Service: - - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Principal Retirement - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - (107,041) Transfers In 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,485 Transfers Out (107,041) - - (107,041) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,445 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244	School Administration		169,436		-		-		169,436
Student Transportation Services 307,208 - - 307,208 Food Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 Community Activities - - - - Capital Outlays 261,984 - 1,513,074 1,775,056 Debt Service: - - - - - Principal Retirement - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Interest and Bank Charges - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,860 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,302 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - (107,041) Transfers In 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Transfers Out (107,041) - - (107,041) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 </td <td>Business Services</td> <td></td> <td>62</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>62</td>	Business Services		62		-		-		62
Food Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 Community Activities - - - - Capital Outlays 261,984 - 1,513,074 1,775,056 Debt Service: - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Principal Retirement - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Over Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,028,555 (255,896) 1,941,486 Transfers In 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,486 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,446 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,136 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Plant Services		2,588,404		2,500		1		2,590,905
Food Services 1,675,981 - - 1,675,981 Community Activities - - - - Capital Outlays 261,984 - 1,513,074 1,775,056 Debt Service: - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Principal Retirement - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Over Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,028,555 (255,896) 1,941,486 Transfers In 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,486 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,446 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,136 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Student Transportation Services		307,208		-		-		307,208
Community Activities - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,675,981</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>1,675,981</td>			1,675,981		-		-		1,675,981
Capital Outlays 261,984 - 1,513,074 1,775,056 Debt Service: - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Interest and Bank Charges - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,028,555 (255,896) (1.512,968) (740,309 Transfers in 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,489 Transfers Out - - (107,041) - - (107,041) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Community Activities		-		-		-		-
Debt Service: Principal Retirement - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Interest and Bank Charges - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,00,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,486 Transfers In 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,486 Transfers Out (107,041) - - (107,041) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433			261,984		-		1.513.074		1,775,058
Principal Retirement - 1,450,000 - 1,450,000 Interest and Bank Charges - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,860 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,486 Transfers In 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,486 Transfers Out (107,041) - - (107,041) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433							.,		.,,
Interest and Bank Charges - 1,061,232 - 1,061,232 Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,309 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,00,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,489 Transfers in 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433			-		1 450 000		-		1 450 000
Total Expenditures 7,638,485 2,535,880 1,513,075 11,687,440 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,309 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,309 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,489 Transfers In Transfers Out 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,489 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	•		-				-		• •
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,309) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,489 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (107,041) - - (107,041) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	-								
Over Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers Out 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,485 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (107,041) - - (107,041) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Total Expenditures		7,638,485		2,535,880		1,513,075		11,687,440
Over Expenditures 1,028,555 (255,896) (1,512,968) (740,305) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers Out 100,000 83,639 1,757,850 1,941,485 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (107,041) - - (107,041) Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Transfers in Transfers Out 100,000 (107,041) 83,639 - 1,757,850 (107,041) 1,941,489 - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,139 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Over Expenditures		1,028,555		(255,896)		(1,512,968)		(740,309)
Transfers in Transfers Out 100,000 (107,041) 83,639 - 1,757,850 (107,041) 1,941,489 - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,139 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out (107,041) - - (107,041) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433			100 000		83.639		1,757,850		1,941,489
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,041) 83,639 1,757,850 1,834,448 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,138 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433			,		-		.,,		
Net Change in Fund Balances 1,021,514 (172,257) 244,882 1,094,139 Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433									
Fund Balances, Beginning 3,526,673 2,376,955 (345,195) 5,558,433	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(7,041)		83,639		1,757,850		1,834,448
	Net Change in Fund Balances		1,021,514		(172,257)		244,882		1,094,139
Fund Balances, Ending \$ 4,548,187 \$ 2,204,698 \$ (100,313) \$ 6,652,572	Fund Balances, Beginning		3,526,673		2,376,955		(345,195)		5,558,433
	Fund Balances, Ending	\$	4,548,187	\$	2,204,698	\$	(100,313)	\$	6,652,572

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Sales Tax Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of a one percent parish-wide sales and use tax for maintaining and operating the parish schools and for capital improvements.

Repair and Upkeep - The Repair and Upkeep Fund accounts for a parish-wide ad valorem tax levy and related state revenue sharing received for the repair and maintenance of the School Board's existing facilities.

Consolidated Sales Tax Expense - The Consolidated Sales Tax Expense Fund accounts for fees earned from the collection of sales taxes by the sales tax department on behalf of the six taxing authorities located within Bienville Parish for the operation of the sales tax department.

School Food Service - Through cash grants and food donations, the School Food Service Fund assists in providing a nutritious breakfast and lunch service for school students and to encourage the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

Title I - This program was designed to improve the educational opportunities of educationally deprived children by helping them succeed in the regular school program, attain grade level proficiency, and improve achievement in basic and more advanced skills. The grant is primarily for provision of compensatory instructional activities to educationally deprived children that reside in low-income areas and have been selected on the basis of a needs assessment. Services supplement, not supplant, those normally provided by state and local educational agencies.

Special Education - This program was designed to provide grants to states to assist them in providing a free appropriate education to all students with exceptionalities.

Preschool

Preschool Grants - The preschool incentive is a federally financed program designed to initiate early intervention techniques on identified preschool students so as to reduce learning problems these students will encounter upon entering school and to provide a continuum of services from the infant program up to the regular kindergarten program.

LA4 - The purpose of this program is to increase the availability, affordability, and quality of childcare and to increase the availability of early childhood development and before- and after-school programs.

Title II - This program was designed to improve the skills of teachers and the quality of instruction in mathematics and science, also to increase the accessibility of such instruction to all students.

Title IV - This fund accounts for grants to provide opportunities for academic enrichment for students in grades K-12.

Rural Education Achievement - This program provides financial assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning.

Vocational Education - The purpose of these grants is to make the United States more competitive in the world economy by developing more fully the academic and occupational skills of all segments of the population, principally through concentrating resources on improving educational programs leading to academic and occupational skills needed to work in a technologically advanced society.

Early Childhood - This fund accounts for the Early Childhood Community Network Pilots - Cohort 2 state competitive grant. The grant is to prepare the youngest learners for kindergarten.

Direct Student Services - This grant is to ensure school systems support students in gaining access to academic courses, credentials, and services that are not otherwise available at their schools.

Redesign - This grant is to school systems support that create strong, evidence based plans to support the most struggling schools.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

		Special Sales Tax	a	Repair 1d Upkeep	Sa	isolidated ales ⊤ax xpense		School Food Service		Title I		Special ducation	
Assets													
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,640,782	\$	1,535,207	\$	27,776	\$	26,639	\$	-	\$	939	
Investments		-		1		-		-		-		-	
Receivables		411,223		937		24,997		-		611,039		65,732	
Inventory		-		-				153,732		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	3,052,005	\$	1,536,145	\$	52,773	\$	180,371	\$	611,039	\$	66,671	
Liabilities and Fund Balances													
Liabilities													
Accounts Payable	\$	3,425	\$	20,901	\$	_	\$	1,298	\$	11,903	\$	939	
Accrued Expenses	*	-,	•	64,100	*	_	*	141,450	*	86,692	•	33,401	
Interfund Payables		-		-		-		-		512,444		32,331	
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		22,839		-		-	
Total Liabilities		3,425		85,001		-		165,587		611,039		66,671	
Fund Balances													
Nonspendable		-		-		-		153,732		-		-	
Unassigned		-		-		-		· -		-		-	
Restricted		3,048,580		1,451,144		52,773		(138,948)		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		3,048,580		1,451,144		52,773		14,784		-		-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,052,005	\$	1,536,145	\$	52,773	\$	180,371	\$	611,039	\$	66,671	

Pr	eschool		Title II	1	fitle IV	Ed	Rural ucation evement	cational ucation		Early ildhood	5	Direct Student ervices	R	edesign		Total Ion-Major Special Revenue Funds
\$	29,270	\$		\$	-	\$	(366)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,304	\$	4,287,551
050	-	0.5	-	22.7	-	1.55	-	 -	3 0 00	-	5552	-	2.53	-	0.50	1
	-				41,001		9,317	1		4,850		-		-		1,169,097
	1		18		-		10 12	-				8		-		153,732
\$	29,270	\$	13	\$	41,001	\$	8,951	\$ 1	\$	4,850	\$	8	\$	27,304	\$	5,610,381
\$	29,270 - 29,270 29,270	\$		\$	- 41,001 - 41,001	\$	- - 8,951 - 8,951	\$ - - 1 - 1	\$	3,082 1,275 493 - 4,850	\$	- - 19,094 - 19,094	\$	- 27,304 - 27,304	\$	41,548 356,188 641,619 22,839 1,062,194
			-		- 1		- 	 -		-		(19,094) -				153,732 (19,094) 4,413,549
	20		196				×	-		-		(19,094)		-		4,548,187
\$	29,270	\$	070	\$	41,001	\$	8,951	\$ 1	\$	4,850	\$	-	\$	27,304	\$	5,610,381

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Sales Tax	Repair and Upkeep	Consolidated Sales Tax Expense	School Food Service	Title I	Special Education
Revenues						
Local Sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad Valorem	\$ -	\$ 2,518,913	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Sales Tax	2,474,873	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Earnings	25,866	16,521	270	-	-	-
Food Services	-	-	-	11.815	-	-
Other	-	-	144,587	585	-	-
Total Local Sources	2,500,739	2,535,434	144,857	12,400	-	-
State Sources:		, ,	•			
Equalization	-	-	-	271,130	-	-
Other	-	40,455	-		-	-
Total State Sources	-	40,455	-	271,130	_	-
Federal Sources		-	-	1,040,634	1,369,599	469,086
Total Revenues	2,500,739	2,575,889	144,857	1,324,164	1,369,599	469,086
Expenditures		_,,	,	.,	.,,	
Current:						
Instruction:						
	156,939	56,623				
Regular Programs	150,959	30,023	-	-	-	- 156,439
Special Programs	-	-	-	-	1 050 746	100,409
Other Instructional Programs	-	-	-	-	1,258,746	-
Support Services:						050.014
Student Services	-	-	-	-	-	258,814
Instructional Staff Support	400.005	-	-	-	8,982	49,204
General Administration	183,835	99,302	129,377	-	-	-
School Administration	1,200	168,236	-	-	-	-
Business Services	62	-	-	-	-	-
Plant Services	632,984	1,955,420	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation Services	302,192	-	-	-	-	4,629
Food Services	-	-	-	1,675,981	-	-
Capital Outlay	261,984	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	1,539,196	2,279,581	129,377	1,675,981	1,267,728	469,086
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	004 5 10	000.000	15 100	(054.047)	404 074	
Over Expenditures	961,543	296,308	15,480	(351,817)	101,871	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	-	-	-	100,000	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	(101,871)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	100,000	(101,871)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	961,543	296,308	15,480	(251,817)	-	-
Fund Balances, Beginning	2,087,037	1,154,836	37,293	266,601	-	-
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 3,048,580	\$ 1,451,144	\$ 52,773	\$ 14,784	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>

_			Ed	Rural ucation		ational		Early	S	Direct student	Total Ion-Major Special Revenue
Pro	eschool	Title IV	Achi	evement	Edu	cation	C	hildhood	S	ervices	Funds
\$	÷	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,518,913
	-	11. 									2,474,873
	-	3 -		-				-		-	42,657
	-	-		-		-		-		-	11,815 145,172
	E.	 -				-		-			 5,193,430
	~~	~~~~		1970				19429		19025	0,100,100
	<u>12</u>			120		120		120		120	271,130
	166,012	8 5 8		170				9,236			215,703
	166,012	-		(=)		-		9,236			486,833
	38,682	49,843		12,381		6,552		-		-	2,986,777
	204,694	49,843		12,381		6,552		9,236		.	8,667,040
	204,694	46,089		3,838 - -		- - 6,165		- - 7,961			217,400 156,439 1,523,655
	=	3 						-		-	258,814
	-	8 - 6		7,127		-		1,275		-	66,588
	=	3 4 7		-		-		-			412,514
		(1))		1778		(1 		1000		190	169,436
	-	6 (())		-		-		(* 1)	62
	-	9 -		-		- 387		-		-	2,588,404 307,208
	_	-		-		-		-		-	1,675,981
	-	5. 3 .				-					261,984
	204,694	46,089		10,965		6,552		9,236		.	7,638,485
	-	3,754		1,416		•		(.)		-	1,028,555
	-	-		-		-				-2	100,000
	-	(3,754)		(1,416)		_		-		-	(107,041)
	=	(3,754)		(1,416)		-		-			(7,041
	昂			æ		. 				2	1,021,514
		and a								(19,094)	3,526,673
\$	8	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	(19,094)	\$ 4,548,187

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NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

School District #1 School District #2 School District #4 & 5 School District #16-37 School District #28 School District #33 QSCB Revenue Bond

The debt service funds are used to accumulate monies to pay outstanding bond issues. The bonds were issued by the respective school districts to acquire land for building sites and to purchase, erect, and improve school buildings, equipment, and furnishings. The bond issues are financed by an ad valorem tax on property within the territorial boundaries of the respective wards.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	D	istrict #1	Di	strict #2	istrict 4 & 5
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	762,120	\$	26,530	\$ 449
Investments		-		1	1
Receivables		545		62	-
Total Assets		762,665		26,593	450
Fund Balances					
Restricted		762,665		26,593	450
Total Fund Balances		762,665		26,593	450
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	762,665	\$	26,593	\$ 450

	District #16-37	Dist	rict #28	Di	strict #33	QSCB Revenue Bond	N	Total Ion-Major Debt Service Funds
\$	119,847	\$	25	\$	92,166	\$ -	\$	1,001,137
	-		-		-	1,201,989		1,201,991
	801		-		162	-		1,570
	120,648		25		92,328	1,201,989		2,204,698
_	120,648		25		92,328	1,201,989		2,204,698
	120,648		25		92,328	1,201,989		2,204,698
\$	120,648	\$	25	\$	92,328	\$ 1,201,989	\$	2,204,698

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Debt Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	District #1	District #2	District #4 & 5
Revenues			
Local Sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad Valorem	\$ 1,513,672	\$ 177,138	\$ -
Contributions	-	-	-
Interest Earnings	13,843	1,263	6
Total Local Sources	1,527,515	178,401	6
Total Revenues	1,527,515	178,401	6
Expenditures			
Current:			
Support Services:			
General Administration	-	5,578	-
Plant	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	785,000	155,000	-
Interest and Bank Charges	913,008	48,575	-
Total Expenditures	1,698,008	209,153	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(170,493)	(30,752)	6
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(170,493)	(30,752)	6
Fund Balances, Beginning	933,158	57,345	444
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 762,665	\$ 26,593	\$ 450

I	District					F	QSCB Revenue	Total on-Major Debt Service
	#16-37	District	#28	Dis	strict #33		Bond	Funds
\$	221,385	\$	-	\$	313,007	\$	-	\$ 2,225,202
	-		-		35,000		-	35,000
	2,708		2		1,960		-	19,782
•••••	224,093		2		349,967		-	2,279,984
	224,093		2		349,967		-	2,279,984
	6,995		-		9,575		-	22,148
	-		-		2,500		-	2,500
	-		-		-		-	-
	230,000		_		280,000		-	1,450,000
	61,599		-		77,475		(39,425)	1,061,232
	298,594		-		369,550		(39,425)	2,535,880
	(74,501)		2		(19,583)		39,425	(255,896)
•••••	-		-		_		83,639	83,639
	-		-		-		83,639	83,639
	(74,501)		2		(19,583)		123,064	(172,257)
	195,149		23		111,911		1,078,925	2,376,955
\$	120,648	\$	25	\$	92,328	\$	1,201,989	\$ 2,204,698

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Consolidated School District #1 Sales Tax - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used to acquire, construct, or improve facilities within School District #1.

School District #2 Building Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used to acquire, construct, or improve facilities within School District #2.

School District #16-37 Building Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used to acquire, construct, or improve facilities within School District #16-37.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	Consolidated School District #1 Sales Tax		School District #2 Building Fund		School District #16-37 Building Fund		Total Non-Major Capital Projects Funds	
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	1,075 -	\$	170,060	\$	6,809 1	\$	177,944 1
Total Assets	\$	1,075	\$	170,060	\$	6,810	\$	177,945
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	278,258	\$	-	\$	278,258
Total Liabilities		-		278,258		-		278,258
Fund Balances								
Unassigned		-		(108,198)		-		(108,198)
Restricted		1,075		-		6,810		7,885
Total Fund Balances		1,075		(108,198)		6,810		(100,313)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,075	\$	170,060	\$	6,810	\$	177,945

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Non-Major Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	S Dis	solidated chool trict #1 les Tax	D	School istrict #2 Building Fund	I	School District #16-37 Building Fund	Total on-Major Capital Projects Funds
Revenues							
Local Sources:							
Interest Earnings	\$	13	\$	-	\$	94	\$ 107
Total Local Sources		13		-		94	 107
Total Revenues		13		-		94	107
Expenditures Current: Support Services: Plant Services Capital Outlay		-		1 1,513,074		-	1 1,513,074
Total Expenditures		-		1,513,075		-	1,513,075
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		13	(1,513,075)		94	(1,512,968)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In		_		1,757,850		_	 1,757,850
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		1,757,850		-	1,757,850
Net Change in Fund Balances		13		244,775		94	244,882
Fund Balances, Beginning		1,062		(352,973)		6,716	(345,195)
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	1,075	\$	(108,198)	\$	6,810	\$ (100,313)

AGENCY FUNDS

School Activities Agency Fund - The activities of the various individual school accounts are accounted for in the School Activities Agency Fund. While the accounts are under the supervision of the School Board, they belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use by the School Board.

Sales Tax Agency Fund - The Sales Tax Agency Fund accounts for the collection and distribution of sales taxes by the sales tax department of the Bienville Parish School Board on behalf of the seven taxing authorities located within Bienville Parish.

Sales Taxes Paid Under Protest - This fund accounts for sale taxes collected but paid under protest. These funds are held in the agency fund pending settlement of the protest.

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Agency Funds Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020

	A	School Activities Agency Fund		Sales Tax Agency Fund		Sales Taxes Paid Under Protest		Total Agency Funds
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	373,338 -	\$	755,862 905,845	\$	7,729	\$	1,136,929 905,845
Total Assets	\$	373,338	¢	1,661,707	\$	7,729	¢	2,042,774
Total Assets	<u></u>	010,000	φ	1,001,707		1,123	ψ	2,042,114
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	3,791	\$	-	\$	3,791
Deposits Due Others		373,338		1,657,916		7,729		2,038,983
Total Liabilities	\$	373,338	\$	1,661,707	\$	7,729	\$	2,042,774

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA School Activities Agency Fund Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

School		Beginning Balance					D	eletions	Ending Balance		
Arcadia High School	\$	24,095	\$	106,623	\$	101,755	\$	28,963			
Bienville High School		13,802		7,207		3,442		17,567			
Castor High School		123,951		217,121		199,083		141,989			
Crawford Elementary School		9,218		41,560		33,537		17,241			
Gibsland-Coleman High School		7,470		75,229		74,460		8,239			
Ringgold Elementary School		12,150		24,810		26,169		10,791			
Ringgold High School		42,517		88,700		87,590		43,627			
Saline High School		105,734		186,611		187,423		104,922			
Total	_\$	338,937	\$	747,861	\$	713,459	\$	373,339			

Deposit Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 1,812,347
Additions	
Sales Tax Collections	9,638,297
Deductions	
Payments to:	
Bienville Parish School Board	2,538,112
Bienville Parish School Board Special	2,537,107
Bienville Parish Police Jury	2,537,107
City of Arcadia	1,623,296
Town of Gibsland	89,182
Town of Ringgold	377,184
Village of Castor	58,169
Village of Saline	32,571
Total Deductions	9,792,728
Deposit Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,657,916

The schedule of compensation paid to the School Board members is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolutions No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the School Board members (the Board) is included in the general administrative expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, each member of the School Board receives \$600 per month, members of the executive committee receive an additional \$50 per month, and the president receives an additional \$100 per month for performing the duties of his office. In December 2007, the Board voted to use the maximum pay rate allowed under Louisiana Revised Statues 17:56. This changed the monthly compensation to \$800 per month. All additional payments remained the same.

Board Member	District	Amount
Sharolyn Boston	1	\$ 9,900
Mickey Hampton, President	2	10,200
Freddie Blow	3	10,500
Bonita Reliford	4	9,900
Martha Grigg	5	9,900
Kenneth Knotts	6	9,900
Donald Calloway, Vice President	7	9,900
Total		\$ 70,200

See independent auditor's report.

Agency Head

William Wysinger, Superintendent

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$141,437
Benefits - Insurance	\$11,365
Benefits - Retirement	\$39,177
Benefits - Other (Annual Leave and Medicare)	\$13,846
Car Allowance	\$0
Vehicle Provided by Government	\$0
Per Diem	\$0
Reimbursements	\$0
Travel	\$3,187
Registration Fees	\$1,395
Conference Travel	\$2,127
Continuing Professional Education Fees	\$0
Dues	\$0
Unvouchered Expenses	\$0
Special Meals	\$0

See independent auditor's report.

OTHER REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND BY OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET UNIFORM GUIDANCE



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board Members of the Bienville Parish School Board Arcadia, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bienville Parish School Board (the School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School Board's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA November 20, 2020



LaPorte, APAC 8555 United Plaza Blvd. | Suite 400 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 225.296.5150 | Fax 225.296.5151 LaPorte.com

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board Members of the Bienville Parish School Board Arcadia, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bienville Parish School Board's (the School Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA November 20, 2020

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 88,804	
Cash Assistance				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	951,830	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				
(Child Nutrition Cluster)			1,040,634	
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education:				
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	28-17-T1-07	1,237,535	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants	84.048	28-17-02-07	6,552	
Title II - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367A	28-17-50-07	132,064	
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424		49,843	
Rural Education	84.358B	28-17-RE-07	12,381	
Special Education Cluster:				
Grants to States (Part B)	84.027A	28-17-B1-07	448,055	
Preschool Grants	84.173A	28-17-P1-07	21,031	
Total Special Education Cluster			469,086	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,907,461	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Louisiana Department of Education: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	28-49-36-07	38,682	
			<u> </u>	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			38,682_	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,986,777	

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the Bienville Parish School Board (the School Board) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or change in net assets of the School Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statements of the School Board's Annual Financial Report. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Federal awards revenues are reported in the School Board's basic financial statements as follows:

	Federal Sources		
Major Funds			
General	\$-		
Non-Major Funds			
School Food Service	1,040,634		
Title I	1,369,599		
Special Education	469,086		
Preschool	38,682		
Title IV	49,843		
Rural Education Achievement	12,381		
Vocational Education	6,552		
Total	\$ 2,986,777		

Note 4. Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for changes made to reflect amounts in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Note 5. Matching Revenues

For those funds that have matching revenues and state funding, federal expenditures were determined by deducting matching revenues from total expenditures.

Note 6. Non-Cash Programs

The commodities received, which are non-cash revenues, are valued using prices provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

Note 7. Indirect Cost Rate

The School Board has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Part I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

1.	Ту	pe of auditor's report	Unmodified		
2.	Int	ernal control over financial reporting			
	b.	Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	None Reported None Reported None Reported		
Fede	eral	Awards			
3.	Int	ernal control over major programs			
	a. b.	Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No None Reported		
4.	Ту	pe of auditor's report issued on compliance for each major program	Unmodified		
5.		idit findings disclosed that are required in accordance with ection 2 CFR 200.516(a)	None		
6.	lde	entification of major programs			
		<u>CFDA</u>	DA Number		
	a.	Child Nutrition Cluster 10).555		
7.	Do	llar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs	\$750,000		
8.	Aι	iditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under 2 CFR 200.520	Yes		

Part II. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

Part III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

None.

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY LOUISIANA STATE LAW (R.S. 24:514 - PERFORMANCE AND STATISTICAL DATA)



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board Members of the Bienville Parish School Board Arcadia, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide* and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of Bienville Parish School Board (the School Board) and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist users in evaluating management's assertions about the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of Bienville Parish School Board and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) Bulletin, in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:514.1. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules of supplementary information and are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue
 - Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue

Findings: None.

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An Independently Owned Member, RSM US Alliance RSM US Alliance member firms are separate and independent businesses and legal entities that are responsible for their own acts and omissions, and each is separate and independent from RSM US LLP, RSM US LLP is the U.S. member firm of RSM International, a global network of independent audit, tax, and consulting firms. Members of RSM US Alliance have access to RSM International resources through RSM US LLP but are not member firms of RSM International.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

2. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule and reconciled school type classifications to Schedule 3 data, as obtained in procedure 5. We then traced a random sample of 10 classes to the October 1st roll books for those classes and determined if the class was properly classified on the schedule.

Findings:

We noted one class whose attendance was 20 but that class was reported in the 21-26 class category.

Education Levels of Public School Staff (No Schedule)

3. We obtained October 1st PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was properly classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

Findings: None.

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (No Schedule)

4. We obtained June 30th PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).

Findings: None.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statue 24:514.1, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA November 20, 2020

Schedule 1 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

Schedule 2 - Class Size Characteristics

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1 - 20, 21 - 26, 27 - 33, and 34+ students. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual School Report (ASR).

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Canaral Fund Instructional and Equipment Expanditures		
General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures General Fund Instructional Expenditures		
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$ 7,127,283	2
Other Instructional Staff Activities	φ 7,127,25 680,773	
Instructional Staff Employee Benefits	2,130,150	
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	2,138,130	
Instructional Materials and Supplies	262,948	
Instructional Equipment	63,358	
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities	00,000	\$ 10,255,421
Other Instructional Activities		116,078
Pupil Support Activities	1,881,893	7
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Activities	-	
Net Pupil Support Activities		1,881,897
Instructional Staff Services	206,753	3
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services	-	
Net Instructional Staff Services		206,753
School Administration	183,063	3
Less: Equipment for School Administration	-	
Net School Administration		183,063
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures		\$ 12,643,212
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures (Object 730; Function Series 1000-4000)		\$ 63,358
Certain Local Revenue Sources		
Local Taxation Revenue		
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes		\$ 1,901,310
Renew able Ad Valorem Tax		2,518,913
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax		-
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes		384,007
Sales and Use Taxes		2,474,879
Total Local Taxation Revenue		\$ 7,279,109
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property		
Earnings from 16 th Section Property		\$ -
Earnings from Other Real Property		100,933
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property		\$ 100,933
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax		\$ 32,495
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes		40,455
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion		-
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		- • 70.050
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		\$ 72,950
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue		\$-
Nonpublic Transportation Revenue		
Total Nonpublic		\$-

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ARCADIA, LOUISIANA Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2019

	Class Size Range							
	1 - 20		21 - 26		27 - 33		34+	
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	87%	277	10%	30	1%	3	2%	5
Elementary Activity Classes	0%	0	0%	1	36%	4	64%	7
Middle/Jr. High	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0
High	86%	196	12%	22	2%	1	0%	0
High Activity Classes	65%	21	24%	9	4%	0	7%	3
Combination	89%	563	9%	64	2%	18	0%	2
Combination Activity Classes	78%	55	13%	11	5%	5	4%	4

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K - 3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4 - 12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.