#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

Marsha O. Millican A Professional Accounting Corporation Shreveport, Louisiana

## TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2019

	Page
Independent Accountant's Review Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-7
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position	- 11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position- Proprietary Funds	15
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	16
Notes to Financial Statements	17-24
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds - General Fund- Budget (GAAP) Basis and Actual	25
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Compensation Paid to Mayor and Aldermen	26

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

## TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2019

	Page
Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head	27
Independent Accountant's Report on Agreed-Upon Procedures	28-31
Schedule of Findings	32-34
Corrective Action Taken on Prior Year Findings	35
Louisiana Attestation Questionairre	36-38



#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

The Honorable Kevin Vanzant, Mayor And Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of South Mansfield, Louisiana

I have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of South Mansfield, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

#### Accountant's Responsibility

My responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require me to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether I am aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I believe that the results of my procedures provide a reasonable basis for my conclusion.

#### **Accountant's Conclusion**

Based on my review, I am not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary information on page 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. I have not audited, reviewed, or compiled the required supplementary information and I do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on it.

#### Supplementary Information

My review was made primarily for the purpose of expressing a conclusion that there are no material modifications that should be made to the basic financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The supplementary information included in the accompanying Schedule of Compensation Paid to Mayor and Aldermen on page 26 and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head on page 27 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. I have reviewed the information and based on my review, I am not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the information in order for it to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have not audited the information and, accordingly, do not express an opinion on such information.

Certified Public Accountant

Marsha D. Millian

November 21, 2022

#### VILLAGE OF HALL SUMMIT, LOUISIANA P O BOX 98 HALL SUMMIT, LOUISIANA 71034

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Village of South Mansfield's financial performance presents a narrative overview of the Village of South Mansfield's financial activities for the year ended \ June 30, 2019. The document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. Please read this document in conjunction with the Village's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Governmental Activities

- 1) Village of South Mansfield had cash of \$7,118 at June 30, 2019, which represents a decrease of \$2,807 from prior year end.
- Village of South Mansfield had accounts receivable of \$18,852 at June 30, 2019, which represents a decrease of \$220 from the prior year end.
- 3) Village of South Mansfield had accounts payable and payroll taxes payable of \$29,551 at June 30, 2019 which represents an increase of \$10,888 from the prior year end.
- 4) Village of South Mansfield had total revenues of \$95,036 for the year ended June 30, 2019, which represents a decrease of \$4,451 from the prior year end.
- Village of South Mansfield had total expenses of \$140,028 for the year ended June 30, 2019, which represents an increase of \$7,283 from the prior year end.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

- Village of South Mansfield had cash of \$27,433 for the year ended June 30, 2019 which represents a decrease of \$2,823 from the prior year end.
- Village of South Mansfield had accounts receivable of \$35,448 for the year ended June 30, 2019 which represents an increase of \$11,649 from the prior year end.
- Village of South Mansfield had accounts payable and accruals of \$93,521 for the year ended year ended June 30, 2019, which represents an increase of \$17,371 from prior year end.
- 4) Village of South Mansfield had total revenues of \$221,948 for the year ended June 30, 2019, which represents an increase of \$30,630 from prior year.
- 5) Village of South Mansfield had total expenses of \$270,308 for the year ended June 30, 2019, which represents an increase of \$8,289 from prior year.

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for the Village of South Mansfield as established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information
(Other than MD&A)

These financial statements consist of three sections - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements), and required supplementary information.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 8 and 9) provide information about the activities of the Village of South Mansfield as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 10. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Village's most significant funds.

#### Reporting the Village as a Whole

#### The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the Village's finances is, "Is the Village as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Village as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) June 30, 2019

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

These two statements report the Village's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Village's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the Village's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Village into two kinds of activities:

#### Governmental Activities

Most of the Village's basic services are reported here including general administration. Taxes, license and permits, fines, interest income and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The Village charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Village's water and sewer systems are reported here.

#### Reporting the Village's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Village as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Village Aldermen may establish other funds to help it control the money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. The Village's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the Village's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the Village's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Village's activities as well as what remains for future spending.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

When the Village charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. In fact, the Village's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
June 30, 2019

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY

#### Statement of Net Position at Year End

	Governmental		Business			Business		
		Activities	 Activities		Activities	_	Activities	
		2019	2019		2018		2018	
Current and other assets	\$	25,970	62,881	\$	28,997	\$	54,055	
Capital assets, net		472,694	1,897,891		503,771		1,948,350	
Total Assets	-	498,664	1,960,772		532,768		2,002,405	
Accounts Payable and Accruals		29,551	93,521		18,663		79,911	
Long-Term Debt		-	100,183		-:		101,553	
Customer Deposits		-	33,385				33,400	
Total Liabilities	V	29,551	227,089		18,663		214,864	
Net Position								
Investments in capital assets,								
Net of related debt		472,694	1,797,708		503,771		1,948,350	
Restricted Net Position		2,587	-		5,395		-	
Unrestricted		(6,168)	(64,025)		4,939		(160,809)	
Total Net Position	\$	469,113	\$ 1,733,683	\$	514,105	\$	1,787,541	
	-					-		

Net position of the Village of South Mansfield decreased by \$44,992 and decreased by \$53,858 from the previous fiscal year for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities, respectively. These changes are the result of operating and other expenses being less than/exceeding operating and nonoperating revenues during the fiscal year ended 2019 (See table below).

#### Statement of Activities As of Year End

	G	overnment		Business	G	overnment		Business
		2019		2019		2018		2018
General Government Expenses	\$	(140,028)	\$	(270,308)	\$	(132,745)	\$	(262,019)
Program revenues Charges for services				164,953		-		146,615
Operating and capital grants and Contributions		-		53,275				44,651
Subtotal	-	(140,028)		(52,080)		(132,745)		(70,753)
General revenues and transfers		95,036	7	(1,778)		99,487	\\ <del></del>	(6,293)
Change in net position	\$	(44,992)	\$	(53,858)	\$	(33,258)	\$	(77,046)

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2019, Village of South Mansfield had \$472,694 and \$1,897,891 net of depreciation in Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities, respectively, invested in a broad range of capital assets (See table below). This account represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$31,077 and a decrease of \$50,459 in Governmental and Business-Type Activities, respectively from the previous year.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		
		2019		2019	
Land	\$	19,356	\$	44,350	
Construction in Progress		50,035			
Buildings and other improvements		17,037			
Distribution system		-		1,853,541	
Park Improvements		6,902		-	
Street Paving		379,364		-	
Total	\$	472,694	\$	1,897,891	
Additions for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:					
	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type	
	A	Activities	1	Activities	
		2019		2019	
Distribution system	\$	-	\$	53,365	
Total	\$	-	\$	53,365	

#### Debt

As of June 30, 2019, Village of South Mansfield owed DOTD \$100,183 for advances to relocater water lines.

#### VARIATIONS BETWEEN ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGETS

Actual revenues were \$24,838 more than budgeted amounts; actual expeenditures were \$71,049 less than budgeted.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Village of South Mansfield's elected officials considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget, rates and fees. These factors and indicators include:

- Taxes
- 2) Intergovernmental revenues (state and local grants)
- 3) License and permits
- 4) Fines

#### CONTACTING VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village of South Mansfield's finances and to show the Village of South Mansfield's accountaability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, Contact Kevin Vanzant, Mayor of the Village of South Mansfield, 120 Brittany Drive, South Mansfield, Louisiana 7105

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 7,118	\$ 8,080	\$ 15,198
Accounts receivable	18,852	35,448	54,300
Total Current Assets	25,970	43,528	69,498
Noncurrent Assets			
Due from other funds	=	-	28
Restricted cash	-	19,353	19,353
Capital assets, net	472,694	1,897,891	2,370,585
Total Noncurrent Assets	472,694	1,917,244	2,389,938
Total Assets	498,664	1,960,772	2,459,436
Deferred outflows of resources			-
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	4,402	63,044	67,446
Payroll taxes payable	25,149	30,477	55,626
Total current liabilities	29,551	93,521	123,072
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Customer deposits	_	33,385	33,385
Advances from DOTD	W-1	100,183	100,183
Total Noncurrent liabilities	н.	133,568	133,568
Total liabilities	29,551	227,089	256,640
Deferred inflows of resources		-	-
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets,			
Net of related debt	472,694	1,797,708	2,270,402
Restricted for capital projects	2,587	-	2,587
Unrestricted	(6,168)	(64,025)	(70,193)
Total Net Position	\$ 469,113	\$ 1,733,683	\$2,202,796

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2019

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( ani	tal	Grai	ate

	E	Expenses	Charge		and tributions		Activities		ess-Type tivities		Total
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$	108,951	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(108,951)	\$	-	\$	(108,951)
Depreciation		31,077		-	-		(31,077)		-		(31,077)
Total Governmental Activities		140,028		-	-		(140,028)				(140,028)
Business-Type Activities											
Utility Fund		270,308	164.	953	53,275	_	-		(52,080)		(52,080)
Total Business-Type Activities		270,308	164,	953	53,275		-	_	(52,080)	_	(52,080)
Total Primary Government	\$	410,336	\$ 164.	953	\$ 53,275		(140,028)		(52,080)		(192,108)
General Revenues											
Taxes							88,540		7.		88,540
Miscellaneous							998		3,720		4,718
Transfers							5,498		(5,498)		+
Total General Revenues and Transfers						_	95,036		(1,778)		93,258
Change in Net Position							(44,992)		(53,858)		(98,850)
Net Position, Beginning of Year						_	514,105		,787,541		2,586,069
Net Position. End of Year						_\$	469,113	\$ 1	,733,683	_\$_	2,202,796

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

#### BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND

#### June 30, 2019

ACCETC	
ASSETS Cash Taxes receivable	\$ 7,118 18,852
Total Assets	\$25,970
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 4,402
Payroll taxes payable	25,149
Total Liabilities	29,551
Fund Balance	
Restricted for capital projects	2,587
Unassigned	(6,168)
an end and an end of the control of	
Total Fund Balance	(3,581)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$25,970

# VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds	\$ (3,581)
Total Net Position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	472,694
Certain liabilities, such as debt, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	 
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 469,113

# VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Revenues:	
Advalorem Taxes	\$ 5,427
Franchise Taxes	16,046
P & M Beer	12,816
Sales Tax	54,251
Other Income	998
Total Revenues	89,538
Expenditures:	
General Government	108,951
Total Expenditures	108,951
Net change in fund balance before transfers	(19,413)
Other Financing Source:	
Transfers from other funds	5,498
Net change in fund balance	(13,915)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	10,334
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (3,581)

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Net changes in Fund Balances - Total Government Funds

\$ (13,915)

The change in Net Position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$31,077) exceeds capital outlay (\$-0-) in the current period.

(31,077)

Payments on debt are recorded as expenditures in the funds, but are reported in the statement of net position as a reduction of liabilities

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Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (44,992)

## VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2019

#### Assets

Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 8,080
Accounts receivable	35,448
Due from other funds	* ***
Total Current Assets	43,528
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted cash	19,353
Capital Assets, Net	1,897,891
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,917,244
Total Assets	1,960,772
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	63,044
Payroll taxes payable	30,477
Total Current Liabilities	93,521
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Advances from DOTD	100,183
Customer deposits	33,385
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	133,568
Total Liabilities	227,089
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	
Investments in capital assets,	
Net of related debt	1,797,708
Unrestricted	(64,025)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,733,683

# VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for Services	\$ 164,953
Miscellaneous	3,720
Total Operating Revenues	168,673
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal Services	77,791
Utilities	27,044
Repair and maintenance	15,726
Other supplies and expenses	45,923
Depreciation	103,824
Total Operating Expenses	270,308
Change in Net Position before other financing sources	(101,635)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:	
Grants	53,275
Transfers to other funds	(5,498)
Change in Net Position	(53,858)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,787,541
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,733,683

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	153,304
Cash payments to suppliers and employees		(149,169)
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,135
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payments on DOTD note		(1,370)
Purchase of fixed assets		(53,365)
Net cash used by investing activities		(54,735)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Grants		53,275
Transfers to other funds		(5,498)
Net cash provided by financing activities		47,777
Increase (Decrease) in cash		(2,823)
Cash, June 30, 2018 (including \$33,240 in		
restricted accounts)		30,256
Cash, June 30, 2019 (including \$19,353 in		
restricted accounts)	\$	27,433
Reconciliation of changes in net position to net cash		
provided by operating activities:	\$	(101,635)
Changes in net assets before other financing sources	٥	(101,033)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
		102 924
Depreciation  Change in coats and liabilities		103,824
Changes in assets and liabilities		(11.640)
Increase in accounts receivable		(11,649)
Increase in accounts payable and payroll taxes payable		13,610
Decrease in customer deposits	-	(15)
	\$	4,135

#### VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

The Village of South Mansfield is governed by the mayor-board of aldermen form of government. The Village provides streets, planning, water/sewer and general government services to its residents.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements of Village of South Mansfield have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued in June, 1999.

#### B. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, Village of South Mansfield is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Village of South Mansfield may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bond debt.

#### C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position, page 8, and the Statement of Activities, (page 9) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from the business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services privileges provided by a given function or segment, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Ad valorem taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month collected by the tax collector. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the government.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of capital assets, debt extinguishment, long-term proceeds, et cetera, are accounted for as other financing sources/(uses). These other financing sources/(uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Village of South Mansfield reports the following governmental and proprietary funds:

#### **Governmental Funds**

NOTE 1

Governmental funds account for all or most of Village of South Mansfield's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of general long-term obligations.

General Fund - is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial except those required to be accounted for in another fund. General tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the Village are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all cost of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Proprietary Funds**

NOTE 1

Proprietary funds account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Proprietary funds differ from governmental funds in that their focus is on income measurement, which, together with the maintenance of equity, is an important financial indicator. Village of South Mansfield applies all GASB pronouncements the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Enterprise Fund - is used to account for operations a) that are financed/operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or b) where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that these standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the governments enterprise operations. Elimination of those charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include a) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, b) operating grants and contributions, and c) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control. Village of South Mansfield prepares and adopts a budget each year for its general and utility funds in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes. The operating budget is prepared based on prior year's revenues and expenditures and the estimated increase therein for the current year, using the full accrual basis of accounting. The Town amends its budget when projected revenues are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows and consistent with GASB Statement 9, the Village defines cash and cash equivalents as follows:

Cash - includes not only currency on hand but also demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions and other kinds of accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits in that the customer may deposit additional funds at any time and also effectively may withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Cash equivalents - includes all short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of interest rates. Generally, only investments which, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months qualify under this definition.

#### G. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where applicable, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

#### H. Bad Debts

Uncollectible accounts receivable are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the collectability of the particular receivable. At June 30, 2019, \$3,104 of Business-Type Activities receivables were considered to be uncollectible.

#### I. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets that have been purchased that have a useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. In contrast, in the Fund Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the fund that provided the resources to acquire the asset. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, generally 10 to 40 years for buildings and other improvements, and 5 to 10 years for moveable property. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to earnings as incurred. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized.

#### J. Sales Taxes

The Village collects a one (1) percent sales and use tax with the net proceeds, after deducting costs of collection and administration, are dedicated to construction, acquiring, extending, improving and/or maintaining drainage facilities, streets, street lighting facilities, bridges, sidewalks, waterworks, sewers and sewer disposal works, recreational facilities, public parks, public buildings and equipment, payment of salaries of municipal employees, maintaining and operating the municipal police department including the purchase of equipment thereof, or for any one or more of said purposes, title to which improvements shall be in the public.

#### NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

#### K. Net Position/Fund Balances

In the Statement of Net Position, the differences between a government's assets and liabilities are recorded as net position. The three components of net position are as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net Related Debt This category records capital assets reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds. accumulated depreciation and mortgages, notes or other borrowing attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted Net Position - This category records net position that is restricted by external sources such as banks or by law are reported separately as restricted net assets.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents net position not appropriable for expenditures or legally separated for a specific future use.

In the Balance Sheet of governmental funds, fund balances are segregated as follows:

Nonspendable -This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent that are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - The restricted fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been constrained to specific purposes by their providers, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be recorded as committed,. Amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned - The assigned fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

Unassigned - The unassigned fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that is available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### L. Compensated Absences

Leave cannot be accumulated or carried over from one year to the next. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

#### M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 LEVIED TAXES

Village of South Mansfield levies taxes on real and business personal property located within its boundaries. The Parish Tax Assessor assesses the property values and prepares the Town's property tax Roll. The DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission bills and collects the property taxes and remits the Ad to the Village. valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien property as of December 31 of each year. Taxes of 5.02 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$1,081,039 and were dedicated for general operating purposes. Total taxes levied after adjustments were \$5,427. Property taxes receivable at June 30, 2019 totaled \$7,098.

#### NOTE 3 DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions includes savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Village's management. Further, the fund may invest in time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal office in the state of Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

Deposits in bank accounts are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These pledged securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The carrying amount of the Village's deposits at June 30, 2019 was \$34,551 and the bank's balance was \$38,300. The difference is due to outstanding checks and deposits at year end. All deposits were collateralized by FDIC insurance.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following is a summary of accounts receivable at June 30, 2019:

	ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Taxes			
Ad Valorem	\$ 7,098	\$ -	\$ 7,098
Franchise	1,698	-	1,698
P & M Beer	3,434	-	3,434
Sales Tax	6,622	-	6,622
Charges for services	-	35,448	35,448
Total.	\$ 18,852	\$ 35,448	\$ 54,300

#### NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of Village of South Mansfield's capital assets at June 30, 2019 follows:

	Balance 7/1/2018				Retirements		Balance 6/30/2019	
Government Activities					-			
Capital Assets, not being depreciated								
Construction in Progress	\$	50,035	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,035
Land		19,356				-		19,356
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated		69,391		-	8	-		69,391
Capital Assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and other improvements		33,695		-		-		33,695
Park Improvements		75,345		-		-		75,345
Street Paving		523,720		-				523,720
Total capital assets being depreciated		632,760		-		-		632,760
Less accumulated depreciation		(198,380)		(31,077)		-		(229,457)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		434,380		(31,077)		•		403,303
Governmental Activities								
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	503,771	\$	(31,077)	\$	_	\$	472,694
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	44,350	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,350
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated		44,350				-		44,350
Capital Assets, being depreciated								
Distribution System	4	,037,619		53,365		-	4	1,090,984
Maintenance Equipment		49,176				100		49,176
Less accumulated depreciation	(2	2,182,795)	(	103,824)		_	(2	2,286,619)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciation	1	,904,000		(50,459)			1	,853,541
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 1	,948,350	\$	(50,459)	\$		\$ 1	,897,891
Primary Government								
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 2	,452,121	\$	(81,536)	\$	-	\$ 2	2,370,585

#### NOTE 6 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS

The following is a summary of accounts payable at June 30, 2019:

	vernmental activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Vendor	\$ 4,402	\$	56,044	\$ 60,446
Payroll taxes	25,149		30,477	55,626
Other				*
Total	\$ 29,551	\$	86,521	\$ 116,072

#### NOTE 7 LEASES

Village of South Mansfield was not obligated under any operating lease commitments at June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

Village of South Mansfield is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of these risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Village.

#### NOTE 9 ADVANCES FROM DOTD

The Louisiana Department of Transportation advanced funds of \$159,982 to the Village through the Utility Relocation Assistance Funding Program to relocate water lines located in the US Highway 171 right of way. Annual repayments are required equal to 5% of gross income or 10% of the outstanding balance. The first payment must be made within one year of the date of invoicing the utility by DOTD. The Department of Transportation has invoiced the Village as follows: Agreement No. 8740 dated May 4, 2010 in the amount of \$75,545, Agreement No. LLTM 401-00 dated May 24, 2011 in the amount of \$84,437. The Village made repayments of \$1,370 to DOTD during the year ended June 30, 2019. The balance due on this advance at June 30, 2019 was \$100,183.

#### NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evalutated subsequent events through November 21, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined no additional disclosures are warranted.

## VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEGENERAL FUND

#### BUDGET (GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

	 Original	Amended*		Amended* Actual		Variance	
Revenues							
Advalorem Taxes	\$ 2,200	\$	2,200	\$	5,427	\$	3,227
Franchise Taxes	10,500		10,500		16,046		5,546
P & M Beer	12,000		12,000		12,816		816
Sales Tax	40,000		40,000		54,251		14,251
Miscellaneous	 -		-		998		998
Total Revenues	 64,700		64,700		89,538		24,838
Expenditures							
General Government	180,000		180,000		108,951		71,049
Total Expenditures	 180,000		180,000		108,951		71,049
Net Changes in Fund Balances							
before Other Sources	(115,300)		(115,300)		(19,413)		95,887
Other Sources							
Transfers (to) from Other Funds	 		-		5,498		5,498
Total Other Sources	•		-		5,498		5,498
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(115,300)		(115,300)		(13,915)		101,385
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 10,334		10,334		10,334		-
Fund Balances, End of year	\$ (104,966)	\$	(104,966)	\$	(3,581)	\$	101,385

<sup>\*</sup> The budget was not amended during the year.

## VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN

#### YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Honorable Kevin Vanzant	\$ 6,600
Ola Mae Evans	4,800
Diane Hudson	4,800
Merelean Woods	4,800
Total	\$ 21,000

# VILLAGE OF SOUTH MANSFIELD SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, REIMBURSEMENTS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Mayor	Honorable Kevin Vanzant
Salary	\$ 6,600
Payroll Taxes	\$ 505
Reimbursements	\$ 761



#### Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

The Honorable Kevin Vanzant, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of South Mansfield, Louisiana

I have performed the procedures included in the *Louisiana Government Audit Guide* and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of Village of South Mansfield, Louisiana (the Village) and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist the users in evaluating management's assertions about the Village's compliance with certain laws and regulations during the year ended June 30, 2019 included in the accompanying Louisiana Attestation Questionnaire. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of the report. Consequently, I make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

#### Public Bid Law

1. Select all expenditures made during the year for material and supplies exceeding \$30,000, or public works exceeding \$250,000 and determine whether such purchases were made in accordance with LSA-RS 38:221-2296.(the public bid law).

The Village made no expenditures in excess of \$30,000 for material and supplies or \$250,000 for public works during the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Code of Ethics for Public Officials and Public Employees

 Obtain from management a list of the immediate family members of each board member as defined by LSA-RS 42:1101-1124, and a list of outside business interests of all board members and employees, as well as their immediate families.

Management provided the required list including the noted information.

- 3. Obtain from management a listing of all employees paid during the period under examination.
  - Management provided me with the required list.
- 4. Determine whether any of those employees included in the listing obtained from management in agreed-upon procedures (3) were also included on the listing obtained from management in agreed-upon procedure (2) as immediate family members.

None of the employees included on the list of employees provided by management appeared on the list provided by management in agreed-upon procedure (2).

 Obtain a list of disbursements made during the year; and a list of outside business interests of board members, employees, and employees' immediate families. Report whether any vendors appear on both lists.

The Village provided the listings. No vendors appeared on both lists.

#### **Budgeting**

6. Obtain a copy of the legally adopted budget and all amendments.

Management provided a copy of the original budget.

7. Trace the budget adoption and amendments to the minute book.

I traced the adoption of the original budget to the minutes of a meeting held on June 14, 2018. The budget was not amended.

8. Compare the revenues and expenditures of the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures to determine if actual revenues failed to meet budgeted revenues by 5% or more or if actual expenditures exceed budgeted amounts by 5% or more.

I compared the revenues and expenditures of the original budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The budget variances were within the 5% parameters.

#### Accounting and Reporting

- 9. Randomly select 6 disbursements made during the period under examination and:
  - (a) trace payments to supporting documentation as to proper amount and payee;

I examined supporting documentation for six selected disbursements and found that payments were for the proper amount and made to the correct payee.

(b) determine if payments were properly coded to the correct fund and general ledger account; and

The six selected disbursements were properly coded to the correct fund and general ledger account.

(c) determine whether payments received approval from proper authorities.

Inspection of documentation supporting each of the six selected disbursements indicated approvals from the proper authorities.

 Obtain evidence indicating that agendas for meetings recorded in the minute book were posted or advertised as required by LSA-RS 42:13. The Village is only required to post a notice of each meeting and the accompanying agenda on the door of the building where the meeting is held. Management has informed me that these documents were properly posted.

#### Debt

11. Examine bank deposits for the period under examination and determine whether any such deposits appear to be proceeds of bank loans, bonds or like indebtedness.

I inspected deposits and noted no deposits which appeared to be proceeds of bank loans, bonds or like indebtedness.

#### Advances and Bonuses

12. Obtain the list of payroll disbursements and meeting minutes of the governing board. Scan these documents to identify and report whether there are any payments made to employees which may constitute bonuses, advances, or gifts.

A reading of the minutes of the Village for the year indicated no approval for the payments noted. I also inspected payroll records for the year and noted no instances which would indicate payment to employees which would constitute bonuses, advances, or gifts.

#### State Audit Law

13. Report whether the Village provided for a timely report in accordance with R.S. 24:513.

The Village is not in compliance with R.S. 24:513.

14. Inquire of management and report whether the Village entered into any contracts that utilized state funds as defined in R.S. 39:721.1A(2); and that were subject to the public bid law while the Village was not in compliance with R.S.24:513.

Management reported that the Village was placed on the noncompliance list on January 1, 2017 and has not entered into any contracts that utilized state funds while the Village was on the noncompliance list.

#### Prior Comments and Recommendations

 Review any prior year suggestions, recommendations, and/or comments to determine the extent to which such matters have been resolved.

My prior year report, dated December 31, 2021, contained the following comments:

The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.

The Village did not file its financial statements within the time frame required by state law.

The Village did not pay payroll taxes on a timely basis.

The Village was not in compliance with the state budget law.

The Village was not in compliance with the repayment terms of a DOTD Advance.

I was not engaged to, and did not, perform an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on management's assertions. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the use of management of Village of South Mansfield and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Certified Public Accountant

November 21, 2022

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### FINDING 2019-1:

Criteria: Effective internal control requires the segregation of duties.

<u>Condition</u>: The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control. The Village has two office employees which preclude segregation of most duties.

Cause: The condition is due to economic and space limitations.

Effect: Unknown.

Recommendation: Whether or not it would be cost effective to correct a deficiency is not a factor in reporting requirements under accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Because prudent management requires that the potential benefit from an internal control must exceed its cost, it may not be practical to correct all deficiencies reported under accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In this case, both management and the independent accountant do not believe that correcting the material weakness described above is cost effective or practical, and, accordingly, do not believe that any corrective action is necessary.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan:</u> We agree with the finding. We will segregate duties as allowed by economic and space limitations.

#### FINDING 2019-2:

<u>Criteria</u>: State Law requires the Village to file its financial statements with the Louisiana Legislative Auditor within six months of year end.

Condition: The Village did not file its financial statements within the time frame required by State Law.

Cause: Unknown.

<u>Effect</u>: The Village cannot receive state funds until the financial statements are filed with the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's office.

Recommendation: I recommend the Village file its annual financial statements within the time frame required by State Law.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### FINDING 2019-2(Continued)

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan:</u> We agree with the finding. We will file our financial statements within the time frame required by State Law in the future.

#### FINDING 2019-3:

<u>Criteria:</u> The Internal Revenue Service requires that payroll taxes that are due must be paid by certain dates.

<u>Condition:</u> At June 30, 2019, the Village owed payroll taxes totaling \$55,626. The Village is making monthly payments on these overdue taxes until the balance is paid in full.

Cause: Unknown.

Effect: The Village is not in compliance with Internal Revenue Regulations.

<u>Recommendation:</u> I recommend the Village pay payroll taxes by the due dates required by the Internal Revenue Service.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan:</u> We agree with the finding. We will pay payroll taxes by the due date required by the Internal Revenue Service.

#### FINDING 2019-4:

<u>Criteria</u>: The repayment terms of the DOTD advance to the Village require yearly payments on the advance.

<u>Condition:</u> Although the Village made payments of \$1,370 during the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village is not in compliance with the repayment terms of the DOTD advance.

Cause: The Village was not invoiced by DOTD for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Effect: The Village is not in compliance with the terms of the DOTD advance.

Recommendation: I recommend the Village comply with the repayment terms of the DOTD advance.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan:</u> We agree with the finding. We will comply with the repayment terms of the DOTD advance in the future.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

#### FINDING 2019-5:

<u>Criteria:</u> The Village is required to maintain restricted cash accounts in an amount equal to the liability for customer deposits.

<u>Condition:</u> The Village paid \$10,000 as a final payment for a lawsuit settlement from funds restricted for customer deposits which resulted in the liability for customer deposits further exceeding the funds on deposit for customer deposits.

Cause: Unknown.

Effect: The amount restricted for customer deposits is not sufficient to fund the liability for customer deposits.

<u>Recommendation:</u> I recommend the Village maintain funds restricted for customer deposits in an amount equal to the liability for customer deposits.

<u>Management's Response and Corrective Action Plan:</u> We agree with the finding. We will maintain amounts restricted for customer deposits in an amount equal to the liability for customer deposits.

### CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN ON PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Finding 2018-1:</u> The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control. The Village has two office employees which preclude segregation of most duties.

Status: No action was recommended and none was taken.

<u>Finding 2018-2:</u> The Village did not file its financial statements within the time frame required by State Law.

Status: Unresolved.

<u>Finding 2018-3</u>: The Village is not in compliance with the IRS Regulations.

Status: Unresolved.

Finding 2018-4: The Village was not in compliance with the repayment terms of a DOTD advance.

Status: Unresolved.

<u>Finding 2018-5</u>: The Village did not maintain restricted cash accounts in an amount equal to the liability for customer deposits.

Status: Unresolved.

## LOUISIANA ATTESTATION QUESTIONNAIRE (For Attestation Engagements of Government)

#### October 25, 2022

Marsha O. Millican, APAC	
810 Wilkinson Shreveport, Louisiana 71104	
	(Auditors)
In connection with your engagement to apply agreed-upon procedu compliance matters identified below, as of June 30, 2019 and for the required by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 24:513 and t/he Louisia Guide, we make the following representations to you.	res to the control and year then ended, an as
Public Bid Law	
It is true that we have complied with the public bid law, LSA-RS Titl applicable, the regulations of the Division of Administration, State Purchas	
Code of Ethics for Public Officials and Public Employees	
It is true that no employees or officials have accepted anything of value, service, loan, or promise, from anyone that would constitute a violation of I	
It is true that no member of the immediate family of any member of the go chief executive of the governmental entity, has been employed by the g April 1, 1980, under circumstances that would constitute a violation of LSA	overnmental entity after
Budgeting	
We have complied with the state budgeting requirements of the Local (LSA-RS 39:1301-14) or the budget requirements of LSA-RS 39:34	Government Budget Act Yes [ ] No [X]
Accounting and Reporting	
All non-exempt governmental records are available as a public record and at least three years, as required by LSA-RS 44:1, 44:7, 44:31, and 44:36.	have been retained for Yes [X ] No [ ]
We have filed our annual financial statements in accordance with LSA-RS 39:92, as applicable.	24:514, 33:463, and/or Yes [X ] No [ ]
We have had our financial statements reviewed in accordance with LSA-Re	S 24:513.
	Yes [X]No[]

We did not enter into any contracts that utilized state funds as defined in R.S. 39:72.1A.(2); and that were subject to the public bid law (R.S.38:221, et seq.) While the agency was not in compliance with R.S.24:513 (the audit law).

Yes [X] No []

We have complied with R.S. 24:513A.(3) regarding disclosure of compensation, reimbursements, benefits and other payments to the agency head, political subdivision head, or chief executive officer.

Yes [X ] No [ ]

#### Meetings

We have complied with the provisions of the Open Meetings Law, provided in RS 42:1 through 42:28. Yes [X ] No [ ]

#### Debt

It is true we have not incurred any indebtedness, other than credit for 90 days or less to make purchases in the ordinary course of administration, nor have we entered into any lease-purchase agreements, without the approval of the State Bond Commission, as provided by Article VII, Section 8 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution, Article VI, Section 33 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution, and LSA-RS 39:1410.60-1410.65.

Yes [X] No[]

#### Advances and Bonuses

It is true we have not advanced wages or salaries to employees or paid bonuses in violation of Article VII, Section 14 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution, LSA-RS 14:138, and AG opinion 79-729.

Yes [X ] No [ ]

#### **Prior Year Comments**

We have resolved all prior-year recommendations and/or comments.

Yes [ ] No [X]

#### Genera

We are responsible for our compliance with the foregoing laws and regulations and the internal controls over compliance with such laws and regulations.

Yes [X ] No [ ]

We have evaluated our compliance with these laws and regulations prior to making these representations.

Yes [X ] No [ ]

We have disclosed to you all known noncompliance of the foregoing laws and regulations, as well as any contradictions to the foregoing representations.

Yes [X] No []

We have made available to you all records that we believe are relevant to the foregoing agreed-upon procedures.

Yes [X ] No [ ]

We have provided you with any communications from regulatory agencies, internal auditors, other independent practitioners or consultants or other sources concerning any possible noncompliance with the foregoing laws and regulations, including any communications received between the end of the period under examination and the issuance of this report.

Yes [X ] No [ ]

We will disclose to you, the Legislative Auditor, and the applicable state grantor agency/agencies any known noncompliance that may occur up to the date of your report.

Yes [X] No []

The previous responses have been made to the best of	our belief a	and knowledge.
Kowin Variagnity	Mayor	10-31-22 Date
Sianne Bussen	Alderma	an 10-31-22 Date
Ola mac Evans	Alderma	an 10-31-22 Date