CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, REPORTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND SCHEDULE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 With Reports of Independent Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP



Consolidated Financial Statements, Reports, Supplementary Information, and Schedule Required by the Uniform Guidance

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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Report of Independent Auditors

Management and The Board of Directors Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries (Ochsner), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ochsner at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations, changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Ochsner and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ochsner's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ochsner's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Ochsner's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited financial statements subsequent to April 21, 2023. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual financial information disclosure but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated April 21, 2023 on our consideration of Ochsner's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Ochsner's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Ochsner's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ernst + Young LLP

April 21, 2023, except for our report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, for which the date is June 28, 2023

Consolidated Balance Sheets (In Thousands)

	December 31			
	2022			2021
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	737,900	\$	624,403
Assets limited as to use required for current liabilities		5,316		7,474
Patient accounts receivable		455,844		392,490
Other receivables		434,822		410,546
Inventories		146,120		175,335
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		94,754		79,342
Estimated third-party payor settlements		50,235		56,445
Total current assets		1,924,991		1,746,035
Assets limited as to use: By Board for capital improvements, charity, research,				
and other		1,389,113		1,587,225
Under bond indenture agreements		29,738		81,373
Under self-insurance trust fund		5,316		7,472
Donor-restricted long-term investments		110,577		124,437
Total assets limited as to use		1,534,744		1,800,507
Less assets limited as to use required for current liabilities		5,316		7,474
Noncurrent assets limited as to use		1,529,428		1,793,033
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates, real estate, and other		96,598		113,211
Property – net		2,037,596		1,825,950
Right of use assets from operating leases		580,374		453,604
Goodwill and intangible assets		151,549		155,077
Other assets		44,411		31,669
Total assets	\$	6,364,947	\$	6,118,579
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Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued) (In Thousands)

	December 31				
		2022		2021	
Liabilities and net assets					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	446,197	\$	386,747	
Accrued salaries, wages, and benefits		427,497		377,871	
Deferred revenue		30,793		204,587	
Estimated third-party payor settlements		17,186		6,494	
Notes payable – current		272,000		200,000	
Long-term debt and bonds payable – current portion		191,375		21,651	
Operating lease current liabilities		87,010		83,039	
Other current liabilities		112,477		108,241	
Total current liabilities		1,584,535		1,388,630	
Pension and postretirement obligations		60,923		127,149	
Bonds payable		1,694,828		1,714,883	
Long-term debt		298,394		161,612	
Operating lease long-term liabilities		494,231		368,492	
Other long-term liabilities		238,927		233,440	
Total liabilities		4,371,838		3,994,206	
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 9 and 21)					
Net assets:					
Without donor restrictions		1,848,382		1,968,600	
Noncontrolling interest		(431)		1,327	
Total net assets without donor restrictions		1,847,951		1,969,927	
Net assets with donor restrictions		145,158		154,446	
Total net assets		1,993,109		2,124,373	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	6,364,947	\$	6,118,579	

Consolidated Statements of Operations (In Thousands)

	Year Ended December 2022 2021		
Revenues:			
Patient service revenue	\$ 4,305,473 \$	6 4,167,785	
Premium revenue	470,981	435,040	
Other operating revenue	1,598,131	1,296,062	
Net assets released from restrictions used for operations	16,630	9,156	
Total revenues	6,391,215	5,908,043	
Expenses:			
Salaries and wages	3,001,908	2,611,017	
Benefits	278,700	283,878	
Medical services to outside providers	238,136	215,999	
Medical supplies and services	1,429,463	1,274,879	
Other operating expenses	1,216,516	1,092,073	
Depreciation and amortization	235,988	212,354	
Interest	86,918	79,194	
Total expenses	6,487,629	5,769,394	
Operating (loss) income	(96,414)	138,649	
Non-operating gains (losses):			
Inherent contribution from business combinations	72,527	_	
Investment and other realized gains – net	30,776	103,738	
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments – net	(182,168)	62,282	
Loss on early extinguishment of debt	(16,638)	_	
Pension credit	4,938	1,145	
Total non-operating (losses) gains	(90,565)	167,165	
(Deficit) excess of revenues over expenses	(186,979)	305,814	
Attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,931	686	
(Deficit) excess of revenues over expenses:			
Attributable to the Ochsner Clinic Foundation	\$ (185,048) \$	306,500	

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (In Thousands)

	Year Ended December 31			
		2022	2021	
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions				
(Deficit) excess of revenues over expenses:				
Attributable to Ochsner Clinic Foundation	\$	(185,048) \$	306,500	
Net assets released from restrictions used for capital				
acquisitions		8,099	5,369	
Investment loss		(2,949)	(3,080)	
Noncontrolling interest		(1,758)	(203)	
Pension-related changes other than net periodic pension costs		59,680	66,999	
Other		_	2,560	
(Decrease) increase in net assets without donor restrictions		(121,976)	378,145	
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions				
Contributions		23,606	19,759	
Investment (loss) income		(8,165)	8,164	
Net assets released from restrictions used for:				
Operations		(16,630)	(9,156)	
Capital acquisitions		(8,099)	(5,369)	
(Decrease) increase in net assets with donor restrictions		(9,288)	13,398	
(Decrease) increase in net assets		(131,264)	391,543	
Net assets – beginning of year		2,124,373	1,732,830	
Net assets – end of year	\$	1,993,109 \$		

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In Thousands)

	Year Ended December 3 2022 2021		
Operating activities			
(Decrease) increase in net assets	\$	(131,264) \$	391,543
Adjustments to reconcile (decrease) increase in net assets to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Pension-related changes other than net periodic pension costs		(59,680)	(66,999)
Depreciation and amortization		235,988	212,354
Loss from equity-method investments, net of cash received		17,342	2,277
Net realized and unrealized loss (gains) on investments		164,930	(169,628)
Inherent contribution on business combinations		(72,527)	_
Other, net		533	1,017
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:			
Patient accounts receivable		(34,040)	(14,333)
Other current and noncurrent assets		32,861	(77,836)
Accounts payable		40,737	87,086
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(176,138)	(96,018)
Net cash provided by operating activities		18,742	269,463
Investing activities			
Purchases of assets whose use is limited and other investments		(540,475)	(694,716)
Sales and maturities of assets whose use is limited and other			
investments		596,562	676,243
Capital expenditures		(280,355)	(308,023)
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired of \$60,940 and			
\$4,199 in 2022 and 2021, respectively		59,170	(52,122)
Other		(3,601)	15,599
Net cash used in investing activities		(168,699)	(363,019)
Financing activities			
Proceeds on line of credit		60,584	101,570
Repayment of bonds payable and long-term debt		(160,690)	(29,815)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		304,000	· · · ·
Payments on finance lease obligations		(14,072)	(14,537)
Other		(12,007)	16,325
Net cash provided by financing activities		177,815	73,543
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		27,858	(20,013)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash – beginning of year		750,696	770,709
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash – beginning of year Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash – end of year	\$	778,554 \$	750,696
Cash, Cash equivalents, and restricted Cash – the or year	φ	110,JJ4 Ø	750,090

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Ochsner Clinic Foundation (OCF or Ochsner) d/b/a Ochsner Health, located in New Orleans, Louisiana, is a not-for-profit institution that, either directly or through its fully owned subsidiaries, owns and operates an acute care hospital known as Ochsner Medical Center (OMC), an 11-story clinic building, a 134-room hotel, and related medical facilities located on a main campus in Jefferson Parish at the western end of New Orleans. OCF owns Ochsner Medical Center West Bank and Ochsner Baptist Medical Center, which are operated as remote campuses of OMC. It also owns and operates health centers throughout southeast Louisiana; owns a hospital in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, that operates as Ochsner Medical Center Baton Rouge; owns a hospital in Slidell, Louisiana, that operates as Ochsner Medical Center - North Shore; owns a hospital in Kenner, Louisiana, that operates as Ochsner Medical Center - Kenner; operates a hospital in Raceland, Louisiana, known as Ochsner St. Anne General Hospital; operates a hospital in Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, known as Ochsner Hancock Medical Center; operates a hospital in Morgan City, Louisiana, known as Ochsner St. Mary; and owns several fitness centers that operate as Ochsner Fitness Center. OCF also operates 7 hospitals in the Acadiana region of Louisiana, including Ochsner Lafayette General Medical Center, Ochsner Lafayette General Surgical Hospital, Ochsner Lafayette General Orthopedic Hospital, Ochsner University Hospital & Clinics, Ochsner Abrom Kaplan Memorial Hospital, Ochsner Acadia General Hospital, and Ochsner St. Martin Hospital. OCF also provides management assistance and support for a hospital in Houma, Louisiana, known as Leonard J. Chabert Medical Center (Chabert); for a hospital in Luling, Louisiana, known as St. Charles Parish Hospital (SCPH); for a hospital in Chalmette, Louisiana, known as St. Bernard Parish Hospital (SBPH); and for hospitals and clinics located in Shreveport, Louisiana, and Monroe, Louisiana, known as Ochsner LSU Health System of North Louisiana (OLHS-NL). On April 7, 2021, OCF acquired 100% of the membership interests in Louisiana Women's Healthcare Associates (LWHA), a women's health care provider located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. On April 1, 2022, OCF entered into an agreement to lease Jennings American Legion Hospital, which was renamed Ochsner American Legion Hospital (OALH), an acute care hospital in Jennings, Louisiana. On July 1, 2022, OCF acquired Rush Health System, which was rebranded as Ochsner Rush Health (Ochsner Rush). Ochsner Rush operates 7 hospitals in the east Mississippi and west Alabama region, including Ochsner Rush Medical Center, Ochsner Specialty Hospital, Ochsner Choctaw General, Ochsner Scott Regional, Ochsner Laird Hospital, Ochsner Stennis Hospital, and Ochsner Watkins Hospital. Refer to Note 4 for additional discussion of the LWHA, OALH, and Ochsner Rush transactions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ochsner, its wholly owned subsidiaries, and its controlled affiliates.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation. The assets of any member of the consolidated group may not be available to meet the obligations of other members in the group, except as disclosed in Notes 11, 12, and 13.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet include investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, excluding amounts whose use is limited by board designation, under bond indenture agreements, or under self-insurance agreements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, cash equivalents whose use is limited by board designation, and restricted cash reported within the statement of financial position that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31:

		2022		2021	
	(In Thousands)				
Cash and cash equivalents Assets limited as to use:	\$	737,900	\$	624,403	
By board for capital improvements, charity, research,					
and other		10,916		44,920	
Under bond indenture agreements		29,738		81,373	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	778,554	\$	750,696	

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or net realizable value.

Investments

Investments held by Ochsner are included in assets limited as to use in the consolidated balance sheets. Substantially all of Ochsner's investments are designated as other-than-trading investments. Investments in equity securities and fixed income funds of the U.S. government and government agencies with readily determinable fair values, and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets. Certain prior period investment classifications have been changed to conform with the current period presentation.

Investments also include investments in private equity funds, hedge funds, real estate funds, offshore fund vehicles, and funds of funds structured as limited liability corporations or partnerships or trusts. These investments are termed alternative investments in the notes to the consolidated financial statements and are accounted for under the equity method, which approximates fair value. These funds invest in certain types of financial instruments, including, among others, futures and forward contracts, options, and securities sold not yet purchased, intended to hedge against changes in the market value of investments. These financial instruments, which involve varying degrees of risk, may result in loss due to changes in the market risk).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) is included in excess of revenues over expenses unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law.

If management believes a decline in the value of a particular investment is temporary, the decline is included in change in net unrealized gains (losses) on investments in the consolidated statements of operations.

If the decline is evaluated as being other than temporary, the carrying value of the investment is written down and an impairment loss is recorded in non-operating gains and losses in the consolidated statements of operations. Ochsner did not record impairment losses on investment securities for the years ended December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use primarily include assets held by trustees under indenture agreements, selfinsurance trust agreements, investments restricted by donors, and designated assets set aside by the Board of Trustees (the Board) primarily for future capital improvements, over which the Board retains control and may, at its discretion, subsequently use for other purposes. Amounts required to meet current liabilities have been classified in the consolidated balance sheets as current assets.

Property – Net

Property improvements and additions are recorded at cost and capitalized and depreciated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Years
Land improvements	5–25
Buildings and building improvements	9–40
Leasehold improvements	5-20
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures	2–20

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Ochsner evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used when events and circumstances warrant such a review. The carrying value of a long-lived asset is considered impaired when the anticipated undiscounted cash flow from such asset is separately identifiable and is less than its carrying value. In that event, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the long-lived asset. Fair value is determined primarily using the anticipated cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved. There were no impairment charges on long-lived assets recognized for the years ended December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist primarily of trade name, licenses, trademark, and employment contracts. Goodwill represents the excess of the fair value of the consideration conveyed in the acquisition over the fair value of net assets acquired. Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets arising from business combinations are not amortized, but rather are tested for impairment at least annually at the reporting unit level. Impairment is the condition that exists when the carrying amount of goodwill or intangible assets exceeds its implied fair value. Additional impairment assessments may be performed on an interim basis if OCF encounters events or changes in circumstances that would indicate that it is more likely than not that the carrying value of goodwill or intangible assets has been impaired. OCF has determined it has one reporting unit, which is the consolidated entity.

In 2022, OCF changed its goodwill impairment testing date from October 31 to December 31. The accounting change is preferable because it aligns impairment testing procedures with the annual budgeting and forecasting process. This change will be applied prospectively.

The first step in the impairment process is to estimate the fair value of the reporting unit and then compare it to the carrying value, including goodwill. If the fair value exceeds the carrying value, no further action is required and no impairment loss is recognized. OCF determined that the use of the income and market approaches were the most appropriate methods of measuring fair value of the reporting unit. These are considered Level 3 valuations in the valuation hierarchy described in Note 5.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Under the income approach, fair value is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis. Under the market approach, fair value is estimated using a guideline company method and a comparable transaction method. Both the income approach and the market approach require significant assumptions to determine the fair value of the reporting unit. The significant assumptions used in the income approach include estimates of future revenues, profits, capital expenditures, working capital requirements, operating plans, industry data, and an appropriate discount rate for the reporting unit. The significant assumptions used in the market approach include the determination of appropriate market comparables and estimated multiples of net revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. OCF engaged a third-party valuation firm to assist in these fair value calculations as of October 31, 2022, noting no impairment indicated. OCF performed a qualitative analysis to assess the reasonableness of the October 31 enterprise value as of December 31 and concluded no impairment was indicated for 2022 or 2021.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue primarily includes amounts related to Medicare Accelerated and Advance Payment Program (AAPP) payments received under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) (see Note 2), and the Mississippi Hospital Access Payment (MHAP) program and Money Follows the Patient (MFP) program.

Estimated Workers' Compensation, Professional and General Liability, and Employee Health Claims

Ochsner is self-insured for workers' compensation, professional and general liability, and employee health and dental claims. The provisions for estimated workers' compensation, professional liability, and employee health and dental claims include estimates for the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not reported. These estimates incorporate Ochsner's past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of claims, industry data, relevant trends, and the use of actuarial information.

Accounting for Pension and Other Postretirement Plans

Ochsner recognizes the overfunded or underfunded status of its pension and other postretirement plans as an asset or a liability in its consolidated balance sheets. Changes in the funded status of the pension and other postretirement plans are reported as a change in net assets without donor restrictions presented below the excess of revenues over expenses financial statement line item in the consolidated statement of changes in net assets in the year in which the changes occur.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Subsidiaries

Ochsner has entered into multiple joint venture and partnership arrangements for which the ownership interest is less than 100%, but the entities are controlled by Ochsner and, therefore, consolidated. The consolidated financial statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of these entities. Noncontrolling interests in the consolidated balance sheets represent the portion of net assets owned by other entities.

Net Assets

Resources are classified for reporting purposes as net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions, according to the absence or existence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions are those whose use by OCF has not been limited by donors and are available for general operating use. Board-designated net assets are net assets without donor restrictions that have been set aside by the Board for specific purposes.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are those assets, including contributions and accumulated investment returns, whose use by OCF has been limited by donors to a specific time, period, or purpose. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources are maintained in perpetuity to provide a permanent source of income. Donor-restricted gifts are recorded as an addition to net assets with donor restrictions in the period received. Earnings on donor-restricted gifts are recorded as investment income in net assets with donor restrictions and subsequently used in accordance with the donor's designation.

Consolidated Statements of Operations

For purposes of presentation, all revenues and expenses are reported as operating except for investment income, the loss from early extinguishment of debt, pension costs or credits, unrealized gains and losses – net, and inherent contribution from business combinations, which are reported as non-operating.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Excess of Revenues Over Expenses

The consolidated statements of operations include excess of revenues over expenses, which represents Ochsner's performance indicator. Changes in net assets without donor restriction, which are excluded from excess of revenues over expenses, consistent with industry practice, include contributions used to acquire property and equipment, and pension-related changes other than net periodic pension costs.

Patient Service Revenue

Patient service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration Ochsner expects to be entitled for providing patient care. These amounts are due from patients, third-party payors (including managed care payors and government programs), and others, and include variable consideration for retroactive revenue adjustments due to settlement of reviews and audits. Generally, Ochsner bills the patients and third-party payors after the services are performed or shortly after discharge. Revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied.

Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by Ochsner. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied over time is recognized based on actual charges incurred in relation to total expected or actual charges. Ochsner believes that this method provides a reasonable depiction of the transfer of services over the term of the performance obligation based on the inputs needed to satisfy the obligation. Generally, performance obligations satisfied over time relate to patients receiving inpatient acute care services. Ochsner measures the performance obligation from admission into the hospital to the point when it is no longer required to provide services to that patient, which is generally at the time of discharge. These services are considered to be a single performance obligation. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied at a point in time is recognized when services are provided. Management believes this method provides a faithful depiction of the transfer of services over the term of performance obligations based on the inputs needed to satisfy the obligations.

Because its performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year, Ochsner has elected to apply the optional exemption provided in Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 606-10-60-14(a) and, therefore, is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. The unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations referred to above are primarily related

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

to inpatient acute care services at the end of the reporting period. The performance obligations for these contracts are generally completed when the patients are discharged, which generally occurs within days or weeks of the end of the reporting period.

As provided for under the guidance, Ochsner does not adjust the promised amount of consideration from patients and third-party payors for the effects of a significant financing component due to the expectation that the period between the time the service is provided to a patient and the time that the patient or a third-party payor pays for that service will be one year or less.

Ochsner is utilizing the portfolio approach practical expedient in ASC 606 for contracts related to patient service revenue. Ochsner accounts for the contracts within each portfolio as a collective group, rather than individual contracts, based on the payment pattern expected in each portfolio category and the similar nature and characteristics of the patients within each portfolio. The portfolios consist of major payor classes for inpatient revenue and outpatient revenue. Based on historical collection trends and other analyses, Ochsner has concluded that revenue for a given portfolio would not be materially different from accounting for revenue on a contract-by-contract basis.

Ochsner has agreements with third-party payors that generally provide for payments at amounts different from Ochsner's established rates. For uninsured patients who do not qualify for charity care, Ochsner recognizes revenue based on established rates, subject to certain discounts and implicit price concessions in accordance with policy. Ochsner determines the transaction price based on standard charges for services provided, reduced by explicit price concessions provided to third-party payors, discounts provided to uninsured patients in accordance with policy, and implicit price concessions provided to uninsured patients. Explicit price concessions are based on contractual agreements, discount policies, and historical experience. Implicit price concessions represent differences between amounts billed and the estimated consideration Ochsner expects to receive from patients, which are determined based on historical collection experience, current market conditions, and other factors.

Generally, patients who are covered by third-party payors are responsible for patient responsibility balances, including deductibles and coinsurance, which vary in amount. Ochsner estimates the transaction price for patients with deductibles and coinsurance based on historical experience and current market conditions. The initial estimate of the transaction price is determined by reducing the standard charge by any explicit price concessions, discounts, and implicit price concessions. Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price are generally recorded as adjustments to patient service revenue in the period of the change. Adjustments arising from a change in the transaction price were not significant in 2022 or 2021.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Provisions for third-party payor settlements and adjustments are estimated in the period the related services are provided and adjusted in future periods as additional information becomes available and final settlements are determined.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is a possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount.

Charity Care

Ochsner provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Records of charges forgone for services and supplies furnished under the charity care policy are maintained to identify and monitor the level of charity care provided. Because Ochsner does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Ochsner estimates its costs of care provided under its charity care programs by applying a ratio of direct and indirect costs to charges to the gross forgone charges associated with providing care to charity patients. Ochsner's gross charity care charges include only services provided to patients who are unable to pay and qualify under Ochsner's charity care policies. The ratio of cost to charges is calculated based on Ochsner's total expenses divided by gross patient revenue. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the estimated costs incurred by Ochsner to provide care to patients who met certain criteria under its charity care policy were approximately \$56.8 million and \$45.2 million, respectively.

Community Benefit

Ochsner and four other health care providers have formed nonprofit organizations with the purpose of creating a vehicle to provide services to low-income and needy patients. Expenditures recorded by Ochsner to fund the organizations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were approximately \$34.4 million and \$42.3 million, respectively. These expenditures are included in other operating expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

Other Operating Revenue

Other operating revenue includes various sources of revenue, primarily relating to pharmacy revenue, revenue from joint operating agreements and management agreements (see Note 4), revenue from the CARES Act and FEMA payments (see Note 2), Medicaid Managed Care Incentive Payments (MCIP) (see below), and unrestricted contributions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Ochsner recognized \$644.2 million and \$532.4 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to pharmacy revenue. Pharmacy revenue is primarily comprised of revenue generated from the operations of Ochsner's retail and specialty pharmacy locations. Sales related to the dispensing of prescription drugs to patients are the principal source of the revenue.

Unrestricted contribution revenue contains \$64.5 million and \$18.6 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to a clinical agency labor donation from the Louisiana Department of Health. This revenue is offset by corresponding amounts recorded within salaries and wages expense.

Other miscellaneous sources of revenue include revenue from a physician services agreement, income from equity method investees (see Note 16), rental revenue, electronic hosting services revenue, and revenue from other purchased services.

Medicaid Managed Care Incentive Payment Program

The Medicaid Managed Care Incentive Payment (MCIP) program was established during 2019 by the Louisiana Department of Health to achieve quality reforms that increase access to health care, improve the quality of care, and enhance the health of members of the Louisiana Medicaid managed care organizations. Contracted hospitals receive payments from an accountable care organization based on their participation and contribution to the outcomes. During 2022 and 2021, Ochsner recognized \$57.5 million and \$53.4 million, respectively, of MCIP revenue, which is recorded in other operating revenue based on the milestones achieved by the program and has a \$33.0 million and \$33.2 million receivable included in other receivables on the accompanying balance sheets at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Donor-Restricted Gifts

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received, which is then treated as cost. The gifts are reported within net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified as net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the consolidated statements of operations as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions for which restrictions are met in the same period in which the unconditional promise to give is received are recorded as unrestricted revenue.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments Other Than Investments

The following methods and assumptions were used by Ochsner in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments:

Current Assets and Liabilities

Ochsner considers the carrying amounts of financial instruments classified as current assets and liabilities to be a reasonable estimate of their fair values.

Income Taxes

The majority of Ochsner and its subsidiaries qualify as tax-exempt organizations under Section 501(a) and are described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and are exempt from federal and state income taxes. Any federal income taxes associated with the for-profit entities are not material to Ochsner's consolidated financial statements. Management annually reviews its tax positions and has determined that there are no material uncertain tax positions that require recognition in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The statute of limitations remains open for tax years 2019 through 2022 in Ochsner's main tax jurisdictions.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Ochsner grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements.

Risks and Uncertainties

Ochsner's business could be impacted by continuing price pressure on new and renewal business, Ochsner's ability to effectively control health care costs, additional competitors entering Ochsner's markets, and federal and state legislation in the area of health care reform. Changes in these areas could adversely impact its operations in the future.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pending Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. (ASU) 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments.* The amendments affect loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off balance sheet credit exposures, reinsurance receivables, and any other financial assets not excluded from the scope that have the contractual right to receive cash. For assets held at amortized cost basis, Topic 326 eliminates the probable initial recognition threshold in current GAAP and, instead, requires an entity to reflect its current estimate of all expected credit losses. The allowance for credit losses is a valuation account that is deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial assets to present the net amount expected to be collected. For available for sale debt securities, credit losses should be measured in a manner similar to current GAAP; however, Topic 326 will require that credit losses be presented as an allowance rather than as a write-down. The provisions of ASU 2016-13 are effective for Ochsner starting January 1, 2023. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this pronouncement on Ochsner's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. The amendments in this update eliminate Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test in an effort to simplify the subsequent measurement of goodwill. Step 2 requires determining the fair value at the impairment testing date of assets and liabilities (including unrecognized assets and liabilities) following the procedure that would be required in determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. The provisions of ASU 2017-04 are effective for Ochsner starting January 1, 2023, and early adoption is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this pronouncement on Ochsner's consolidated financial statements.

2. COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) a pandemic. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) confirmed its spread to the United States and it was declared a national public health emergency, followed by several state emergency declarations, and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issuing guidance regarding elective procedures. Several national and international travel restrictions were put in place and the governors in the states in which Ochsner has operations issued executive orders postponing nonessential or elective surgeries. In May 2020, elective surgeries were resumed as governmental order restrictions on elective surgeries were modified.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. COVID-19 Pandemic (continued)

Ochsner worked with federal and Louisiana state officials to help fund the completion of three previously shelled floors of Ochsner Medical Center's critical care tower that added approximately 100 new ICU beds for COVID-19 patients. These additional beds allowed Ochsner to manage both the new increase in hospitalized COVID-19 patients as well as maintaining normal operations needed to meet the health care needs of the community. Ochsner received federal aid from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for reimbursement of the build-out of the hospital for these new ICU beds and to cover the cost to maintain an adequate inventory of personal protective equipment. Ochsner is still in the process of applying for federal aid from FEMA for other disaster-related expenses. Ochsner received reimbursement of \$105.5 million and \$61.2 million from FEMA during 2022 and 2021, respectively, as a partial reimbursement of these claims. This is included in other revenue in the consolidated statement of operations and the funds will be subject to audit by FEMA.

Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), Ochsner received \$296.0 million in 2020 in advances through the Medicare Accelerated and Advance Payment Program (AAPP). Such advances are interest free for inpatient acute care hospitals for 29 months, and the AAPP requires CMS to recoup 25% of monthly Medicare traditional payments through February 2022 and 50% of monthly Medicare traditional payments through September 2022, with a small amount due early in 2023. The AAPP currently requires that any outstanding balances remaining after 29 months must be repaid or be subjected to a 4% annual interest rate. The recoupment started in April 2021 for Ochsner. As a result, \$7.7 million and \$190.7 million of these advances in 2022 and 2021, respectively, are classified as short term and are included in deferred revenue, and \$0 million and \$0.5 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, are classified as long-term and are included in other long-term liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

Ochsner also received \$26.5 million and \$19.4 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, of Provider Relief Funds from the CARES Act. The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) has issued reporting requirements regarding utilization of the funds granted from the Provider Relief Funds under the CARES Act, which states that OCF must demonstrate that the funds have been used for health care-related expenses attributable to COVID-19 or lost revenue. In accordance with Ochsner's calculations based on HHS's most recent guidance, Ochsner believes it can retain the Provider Relief Funds and has recognized the full \$26.5 million and \$19.4 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, in other operating revenue in the accompanying statements of operations. In the event that future HHS guidance changes or HHS does not agree with Ochsner's calculations, Ochsner could have to refund a portion of these funds.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. COVID-19 Pandemic (continued)

The CARES Act also allowed for a deferral of payments of the employer portion of Social Security taxes during 2020. Ochsner deferred \$67.0 million of the employer portion of Social Security taxes, which is included in accrued salaries, wages, and benefits in the consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2021. Ochsner repaid \$31.6 million in January 2022 with the remainder repaid in January 2023. An additional \$2.4 million was repaid in January 2023 related to Ochsner Rush deferred payments.

The COVID-19 pandemic could still negatively impact OCF's operations and financial condition, and the ultimate impact is unknown.

3. Hurricane Impact

On August 29, 2021, Hurricane Ida made landfall at Port Fourchon, Louisiana, approximately 50 miles south of New Orleans, Louisiana, as a Category 4 hurricane causing catastrophic damage. Over 70 of Ochsner's owned and managed facilities suffered damage and a loss of revenue related to the damage. The greatest damage was in Houma, Louisiana, and the Bayou Region, which experienced substantial property damage. All damaged facilities were reopened and fully operational as of December 31, 2021.

In 2022, Ochsner received \$11.5 million of hurricane related insurance proceeds, which is recognized in other revenue in the accompanying statements of operations. Ochsner received federal aid reimbursement from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for disaster reimbursements of \$2.2 million and \$0 million during 2022 and 2021, respectively. This is included in other revenue in the consolidated statements of operations and the funds will be subject to audit by FEMA.

Ochsner incurred expenses of approximately \$8.0 million and \$48.6 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, to respond to the hurricane, including supplies, housing, food, fuel, repairs, and other employee assistance. Of these expenses, \$8.0 million and \$41.1 million are included in other operating expenses in 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$7.5 million is included in medical supplies and services in the consolidated statement of operations in 2021.

Ochsner maintains insurance for both property damage and business interruption and has continued to work with national consulting firms to assist in the insurance claims adjustment and FEMA application processes. Hurricane Ida resulted in property damage to various Ochsner facilities and negatively impacted OCF's operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Business Combinations, Strategic Partnerships, and Affiliation Agreements

Business Combinations

On July 1, 2022, Ochsner acquired Rush Health Systems, a non-profit organization. Ochsner Rush operates 7 hospitals and over 30 clinics in central Mississippi and western Alabama. The transaction was structured as a member substitution arrangement whereby Ochsner became the sole corporate member of Ochsner Rush without transfer of consideration. The transaction was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting.

In accordance with ASC 958-805, *Not-for-Profit Entities – Business Combinations*, Ochsner recognized an inherent contribution as the excess of the acquisition date fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed over the consideration transferred. The fair values are summarized as follows (in thousands):

Consideration transferred	\$	_
Fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:		
Cash and cash equivalents		55,402
Patient and other receivables		23,584
Other current assets		7,437
Property and equipment		139,340
Investments		47,832
Other noncurrent assets		24,278
Accounts payable, accrued and other current liabilities		(76,558)
Long-term debt – current		(134,766)
Other long-term liabilities		(21,148)
Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed		65,401
Less non-controlling interest		26
Total inherent contribution	\$	65,375
Classification of total inherent contribution:		
Without restrictions	\$	65,375

The fair value of the net assets without restriction totaling \$65.4 million was recognized as a nonoperating contribution in the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Business Combinations, Strategic Partnerships, and Affiliation Agreements (continued)

For the period from July 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, total operating revenue and deficit of revenue over expenses attributable to Ochsner Rush were \$148.6 million and \$(18.1) million, respectively.

Unaudited proforma results had the acquisition of Ochsner Rush occurred as of January 1, 2021, would have resulted in a total of operating revenue and (deficit) excess revenue over expenses of \$6,536.4 million and \$(267.6) million for the year ended December 31, 2022, and \$6,225.5 million and \$323.9 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2021. In calculating these unaudited proforma numbers, the effects of the inherent contribution associated with the transaction have been excluded, and the effects of a net reduction in depreciation expense related to adjustments to property and equipment and intangible assets and incremental interest expense as a result of the refinancing of Ochsner Rush's debt have been included.

On April 1, 2022, Ochsner entered into an agreement to lease OALH, a 49-bed acute care hospital, two clinics, and equipment in Jennings, Louisiana. As a result of the agreement, Ochsner acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities and recognized an inherent contribution of \$7.2 million. Ochsner will make lease payments of approximately \$1.5 million annually over the initial 10-year lease term and has committed to spend an additional \$30.5 million in capital improvements over the initial 10-year lease term.

On April 7, 2021, Ochsner acquired 100% of the membership interests in LWHA, a for-profit entity. LWHA is Louisiana's largest private practice dedicated to women's health care located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. The transaction was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. As a result of the acquisition, Ochsner recognized goodwill based on the consideration transferred in excess of the net of the acquisition-date fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

During 2022 and 2021, Ochsner completed several physician practice acquisitions, none of which were material to the results of operations.

Strategic Partnerships and Affiliation Agreements

In recent years, Ochsner has entered into several strategic partnership and affiliation agreements. They are a component of Ochsner's efforts to increase local access to care, improve quality, reduce the cost of health care, and share best practices and resources in order to improve the health of Louisiana communities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Business Combinations, Strategic Partnerships, and Affiliation Agreements (continued)

Ochsner has Joint Operating Agreements (JOAs) with St. Tammany Health System (STHS), Terrebonne General Medical Center (TGMC), and Slidell Memorial Hospital (SMH). These JOAs are intended to coordinate resources with the goal of lowering costs, improving quality, and creating a seamless clinical environment for patients in each of their respective local regions.

STHS, TGMC, and SMH all remain public hospitals governed by their respective Boards. Ochsner is financially integrated with these hospitals and recognizes other operating revenue or other operating expense related to the JOAs in its consolidated statements of operations.

Ochsner also provides management assistance and support for Chabert, SCPH, SBPH, and OLHS-NL. Under the management agreements for Chabert, SCPH, and SBPH, Ochsner receives management fees and any excess of revenues over expenses generated by each of these facilities annually, as well as reimbursement of purchased services incurred on behalf of the facilities. Under the management agreement with OLHS-NL, Ochsner is reimbursed for certain costs that it incurs in managing the entity as well as receives a management fee. Ochsner recognized \$78.5 million and \$83.6 million of management service fees in 2022 and 2021, respectively, which is included in other revenue on the consolidated statements of operations. Ochsner recognized \$108.9 million and \$91.5 million of receivables in 2022 and 2021, respectively, which is included in other receivables on the consolidated balance sheets.

5. Assets Limited as to Use and Related Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to U.S. GAAP requiring use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about such fair value measurements.

ASC 820 establishes a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. ASC 820 requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Assets Limited as to Use and Related Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (continued)

Ochsner endeavors to utilize the best available information in measuring fair value. Financial assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Transfers into and transfers out of the hierarchy levels are recognized as if they had taken place at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 in the years ended December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of assets measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis are estimated as described in the preceding section. These estimated fair values and their corresponding fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

		Fair Valu	e I	Measurement	ts a	t Reporting E)at	te Using
	M A I	oted Prices in Active larkets for Identical Assets and Liabilities Level 1) ^(a)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total Estimated Fair Value
December 31, 2022		•				•		
Money market funds	\$	50,365	\$	_	\$	—	\$	50,365
Mutual funds		225,291		_		_		225,291
Debt securities		110,897		_		_		110,897
Marketable equity securities		532,662		_		_		532,662
Total	\$	919,215	\$		\$		\$	919,215
December 31, 2021								
Money market funds	\$	92,778	\$	_	\$	—	\$	92,778
Mutual funds ^(b)		588,929		_		_		588,929
Debt securities ^(b)		113,484		_		_		113,484
Marketable equity securities	_	334,801		_		—		334,801
Total	\$	1,129,992	\$	_	\$		\$	1,129,992

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Assets Limited as to Use and Related Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (continued)

- ^(a) Valuation of these securities classified as Level 1 is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are readily and regularly available. Investments classified as Level 1 include mutual funds that are publicly traded.
- ^(b)Prior period investment classifications have been changed to conform with the current period presentation.

Alternative investments and other investments of approximately \$611.9 million and \$666.8 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are not included in these tables as they are equity method investments, which approximates fair value. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, real estate investments of approximately \$6.4 million and \$6.6 million, respectively, are not included in these tables since they are accounted for at cost.

Investment income and other gains and losses are classified as non-operating and comprise interest and dividend income of approximately \$15.9 million and \$30.1 million and realized net gains on sales of securities of approximately \$14.9 million and \$73.6 million for 2022 and 2021, respectively. Unrealized losses on alternative investments were approximately \$86.3 million during 2022 and unrealized gains were approximately \$58.3 million during 2021. Unrealized losses on investments other than alternative investments were approximately \$95.9 million during 2022 and unrealized gains were approximately \$4.0 million during 2021.

6. Patient Service and Premium Revenue

A summary of the significant payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare and Medicaid

Inpatient acute care services related to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Medicare inpatient rehabilitation services are also paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge, based on a patient classification system. Psychiatric services rendered to Medicare beneficiaries are reimbursed on a prospectively determined rate per day. Outpatient services to Medicare beneficiaries are paid on a prospectively determined amount per procedure. Medicare skilled nursing care is paid on a prospectively determined amount per diem based on a patient classification system. The Medicare program's share of indirect medical education costs is reimbursed based on a stipulated formula.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. Patient Service and Premium Revenue (continued)

The Medicare program's share of direct medical education costs is reimbursed based on a prospectively determined amount per resident. Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined per diem rates. Outpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed either on a cost basis subject to certain limits or on a prospectively determined amount per procedure.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation as well as significant regulatory action, and, in the normal course of business, Ochsner is subject to contractual review and audits, including audits initiated by the Medicare Recovery Audit Contract program. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change in the near term. Ochsner believes it is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs and that adequate provisions have been made for any adjustments that may result from final settlements.

Settlements with third-party payors for retroactive adjustments due to review and audits are considered variable consideration and are included in the determination of the estimated transaction price for providing patient care in the period the related services are provided. Ochsner records retroactive Medicare and Medicaid settlements based upon estimates of amounts that are ultimately determined through annual cost reports filed with and audited by the fiscal intermediary, correspondence from the payor, and Ochsner's historical settlement activity, including an assessment to ensure that it is probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of the cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustment is subsequently resolved. Estimated settlements are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are settled or are no longer subject to such reviews and audits. Adjustments arising from a change in estimated settlements increased patient service revenue by \$19.0 million and \$25.1 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Medicaid Supplemental Payment Program

Since December 2010, Ochsner's hospitals and ten other hospitals (Baton Rouge General – Bluebonnet, Baton Rouge General – Mid City, CHRISTUS Health Shreveport-Bossier, CHRISTUS St. Frances Cabrini Hospital, CHRISTUS Ochsner Lake Area Hospital, CHRISTUS Ochsner St. Patrick Hospital, Glenwood Regional Medical Center, Ochsner LSU Health Shreveport, Rapides Regional Medical Center, and Tulane University Hospital and Clinic) entered into public private partnerships with the State and several units of local government in Louisiana (Jefferson Parish Hospital Service District No. 2, Jefferson Parish Human Services Authority,

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. Patient Service and Premium Revenue (continued)

Terrebonne Parish Hospital Service District #1, Southern Regional Medical Corporation, Hospital Service District No. 3 of the Parish of Allen, Savoy Medical Center, Hospital Service District No. 1 of Iberia Parish, St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 1, St. Tammany Parish Hospital Service District No. 1, St. Tammany Parish Service District No. 2, Hospital Service District No. 1 of St. Charles Parish, Hospital Service District No. 2, and Vermilion Parish Hospital Service District #2) to more fully fund the Medicaid program (the Program) to ensure services remain available to low-income and needy patients in the respective communities.

These public private partnerships enable the governmental entities to increase support for the Uncompensated Care Cost (UCC) program for hospital services to the Medicaid and uninsured populations, the Medicaid Upper Payment Limits (UPL) programs for physician services to the Medicaid fee-for-service population, the Money Follows the Patient (MFP) program for providing directed payments to hospitals reflecting a percentage increase on their base Medicaid claims payments for hospitals services to the Medicaid managed care population, and the Full Medicaid Payment (FMP) program for physician services to the Medicaid managed care population. Each State's UCC, UPL, and Medicaid managed care methodologies must comply with its State plan and be approved by CMS. Under the programs, federal matching funds are not available for Medicaid payments that exceed a provider's individual entitlement.

Under the FMP program, Medicaid Managed Care Organizations are contracted to pay increased reimbursement for physician services that more closely aligns the reimbursement rates for the Medicaid managed care population with the equivalent total reimbursement rates for the Medicaid fee-for-service population.

In 2022, the State of Louisiana (the State) initiated the MFP program, which allows the State to enter into contractual directed payment arrangements with Managed Care Organizations (MCOs). The State directs the MCOs to pay uniform percentage increases on top of providers' inpatient and outpatient base claims payments. Within 12 months after the end of the State fiscal year, the State will perform a reconciliation calculation for each hospital, which will result in an additional payment or partial offset against the hospital's interim payments for the following State fiscal year. As a result, there is a possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount.

Ochsner Medical Center – Hancock and Ochsner Rush participate in the Mississippi Hospital Access Payment (MHAP) program, administered by the Mississippi Division of Medicaid through the MississippiCAN coordinated care organizations (CCOs). The CCOs subcontract with hospitals throughout the state for distribution of the MHAP for the purpose of protecting patient access to hospital care.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. Patient Service and Premium Revenue (continued)

Ochsner Lafayette General collaborated with the State of Louisiana, assuming operational responsibility for LSU's teaching hospital, Ochsner University Hospitals & Clinics in Lafayette, Louisiana. The Cooperative Endeavor Agreement (CEA) provides for direct graduate medical education payments and indirect medical education reimbursement (DGME and IME) to the hospital. The DGME and IME payment rules establish "caps" on the number of residency positions that are reimbursable but allow the caps (the Residency Caps) to be shared among and/or affiliated to other hospitals under certain circumstances. In order for LSU to continue to effectively provide the LSU graduate medical education programs, LSU transferred certain Residency Caps to the hospitals. The hospitals also receive other cost-based funding and UCC payments for the unreimbursed costs of health care services to Medicaid and self-pay/uninsured patients in a given State fiscal year.

In 2022 and 2021, Ochsner recognized approximately \$448.8 million and \$416.6 million, respectively, in patient service revenue related to these programs and recorded accounts receivable of approximately \$19.8 million and \$78.2 million as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Such amounts are included in other receivables in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Humana Inc.

Ochsner entered into a provider contract with Humana Inc. to provide services for its commercial and senior members on a fee-for-service basis for physician services and at prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates for hospital services. Also, Ochsner provided services to approximately 43,000 senior members under a capitation contract for both physician and hospital services. Premium revenue from Humana Inc. under the capitation contract approximated \$450.0 million and \$435.0 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is included in premium revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Expenses for medical services to outside providers under the capitation contract approximated \$224.8 million and \$204.3 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, and services to outside providers in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. See Note 17 for additional premium revenue and medical services to outside providers related to Ochsner Health Plan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. Patient Service and Premium Revenue (continued)

Managed Care

Ochsner has also entered into contractual arrangements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to managed care subscribers are reimbursed at prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

The table below shows the sources of patient service revenue for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

	 2022	2021
Commercial	\$ 1,877,959	\$ 1,832,921
Medicare	705,851	673,226
Medicaid	1,026,849	991,263
Managed Medicare	631,063	624,641
Guarantor/patients/other	63,751	45,734
Patient service revenue	\$ 4,305,473	\$ 4,167,785

7. Patient Accounts Receivable

At December 31, Ochsner's patient accounts receivable balances were due from the following sources (in thousands):

		2021	
Commercial	\$	251,571 \$	235,935
Medicare		72,580	50,088
Medicaid		62,296	44,369
Managed Medicare		58,881	48,114
Guarantor/patients/other		10,516	13,984
Total patient accounts receivable – net	\$	455,844 \$	392,490

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

8. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure within one year of December 31 include the following (in thousands):

	 2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 737,900	\$ 624,403
Patient accounts receivable	455,844	392,490
Other receivables	434,822	410,546
Assets limited to use by Board for capital		
improvements, charity, research, and other	1,389,113	1,587,225
-	\$ 3,017,679	\$ 3,014,664

Ochsner has assets limited as to use held by trustees under self-insurance trust agreements and investments restricted by donors. These investments are not reflected in the amounts above.

As part of Ochsner's liquidity management plan, cash in excess of daily requirements for general expenditures is invested in long-term investments. Ochsner's long-term investment portfolio contains money market funds and other liquid investments that can be drawn upon, if necessary, to meet liquidity needs.

Ochsner also maintains credit lines totaling \$350.0 million as discussed in Note 11.

9. Property – Net

Ochsner's investment in property at December 31 is as follows (in thousands):

	 2022	2021
Land and improvements	\$ 208,956	\$ 188,642
Buildings and leasehold improvements	1,826,023	1,664,651
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures	1,913,841	1,724,090
Construction-in-progress	 216,739	154,923
Total property – at cost	4,165,559	3,732,306
Less accumulated depreciation	 2,127,963	1,906,356
Property – net	\$ 2,037,596	\$ 1,825,950

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

9. Property – Net (continued)

Depreciation expense, including amortization of finance lease assets, totaled approximately \$230.7 million and \$208.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Ochsner has purchase commitments totaling approximately \$46.5 million and \$124.7 million, respectively, toward additional capital expenditures.

10. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

On November 17, 2022, Ochsner acquired Diamondhead Urgent Care in Hancock County, Mississippi. As a result of the acquisition, Ochsner recorded goodwill of \$1.7 million based on the consideration transferred in excess of the net of the acquisition-date fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

In 2021, in connection with the acquisition of LWHA, Ochsner recorded \$8.6 million of identified intangible assets, which is comprised of \$4.9 million and \$3.7 million related to LWHA's trade name and non-compete agreements, respectively. The estimated useful life of the trade name is 5 years and the estimated useful life of the non-compete agreements is 2 years. Ochsner recorded goodwill of \$41.4 million related to this transaction. See Note 4 for additional information.

Amounts recorded as goodwill and other indefinite and definite-lived intangible assets as of December 31 are as follows (in thousands):

	 2022	2021
Goodwill	\$ 116,676 \$	114,983
Trade name – intangible assets Other – intangible assets	\$ 29,637 \$ 5,236	32,408 7,686
	\$ 34,873 \$	40,094

11. Notes Payable

Ochsner has loan agreements with banks that provide two credit lines with maximum borrowings of \$350.0 million. The lines of credit currently expire on May 31, 2023 and March 8, 2024. The lines are general obligations of Ochsner that are secured by all present and future accounts receivable of Ochsner and a mortgage of certain property. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021,
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

11. Notes Payable (continued)

Ochsner had borrowings outstanding under these arrangements of approximately \$272.0 million and \$200.0 million, respectively. The interest rate on outstanding borrowings is based on Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) plus the applicable interest rate spread, which, consequently, fluctuates from month to month.

All amounts are classified as current at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

12. Bonds Payable

At December 31, bonds payable consisted of the following tax-exempt and taxable bonds (in thousands). The tax-exempt revenue bonds were issued by the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (LPFA) on behalf of Ochsner. The taxable bonds were issued by Ochsner.

	2022	2021
Series 2020 tax-exempt bonds issued by the LPFA October 2020, due serially 2026–2037, then 2044–2050,		
annual interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	\$ 385,005	\$ 385,005
Series 2020 private placement bonds, due in 2046, annual interest rates ranging from 3.46% to 4.32%	350,000	350,000
Series 2017 tax-exempt bonds issued by the LPFA May 2017, due serially 2020–2037, then on term in 2042 and 2046,		
annual interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%	406,405	411,495
Series 2016 tax-exempt bonds issued by the LPFA May 2016, due serially 2023–2036, then on term in 2041 and 2047,		
annual interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	154,060	154,060
Series 2015 tax-exempt bonds issued by the LPFA August 2015, due serially 2016–2035, then on term in 2040 and 2047, annual interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%	99,390	101,880
Series 2015 taxable bonds issued June 2015, due in 2045,	252.020	252.820
annual interest rate at 5.90%	 252,820	252,820
Total	1,647,680	1,655,260
Plus unamortized net bond premium	75,371	82,436
Less deferred financing costs	14,608	15,233
Less current portion	13,615	7,580
Noncurrent portion of bonds payable	\$ 1,694,828	\$ 1,714,883

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

12. Bonds Payable (continued)

All of the bonds included in the table above are general obligations of Ochsner. The security includes a pledge of all present and future accounts receivable of Ochsner and a mortgage of certain property.

Also, under the terms of the bond indenture, Ochsner is required to make certain deposits of principal and interest with a trustee. Such deposits are included with assets limited as to use in the consolidated financial statements. The bond indenture also places limits on the incurrence of additional borrowings by Ochsner and requires that it satisfy certain measures of financial performance as long as the bonds are outstanding. Ochsner was in compliance with these requirements at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

At December 31, 2022, scheduled repayments of principal and sinking fund installments to retire the bonds payable for the next five fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

\$ 13,615
15,335
121,810
18,745
19,375

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

13. Long-Term Debt

A summary of long-term debt at December 31 is as follows (in thousands):

	 2022	2021
Working capital note, due May 2026 (subject to six		
additional five-year extensions), including accrued		
interest at rates varying from 0.60% to 3.24% during		
2022 with a rate of 2.60% as of December 31, 2022	\$ 9,334	\$ 9,139
Note payable 4.61% Senior Secured Note, entered into		
March 2013, due March 2033	4,375	4,702
Note payable 5.26% Senior Secured Note, entered into		
December 2013, due December 2028	31,233	35,547
Note payable 5.09% Senior Secured Note, entered into		
July 2014, due August 2034	56,071	59,505
Promissory note entered into September 2018, due	07 40 4	27.424
September 2023 with interest at 2.47%	27,424	27,424
Premium Financing Agreement, due April 2023 with	0.050	4 450
interest at 4.62%	9,259	4,473
Promissory note entered into July 2022, due	120.000	
December 2023 with interest at 2.88%	130,000	_
Note payable entered into December 2022, due	174.000	
January 2043 with interest at 5.76%	174,000	_
Clearview land purchase, entered into October 2020, due	20.067	25.002
in installments through March 2045	38,067	35,083
Software, equipment, and other loans, due varying dates in	240	1.505
2021-2030	 240	1,525
Total long-term debt	480,003	177,398
Less deferred financing costs	3,849	1,715
Less deferred financing costs	5,049	1,/13
Less current portion	177,760	14,071
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	\$ 298,394	\$ 161,612

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

13. Long-Term Debt (continued)

At December 31, 2022, scheduled repayments of long-term debt for the next five fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

2023	\$ 177,760
2024	11,956
2025	12,866
2026	13,833
2027	14,858

14. Employee Benefit Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Certain employees of Ochsner and its subsidiaries are covered under a defined benefit pension plan (the Defined Benefit Plan). The Defined Benefit Plan is noncontributory and provides benefits that are based on the participants' credited service and average compensation during the last five years of covered employment. As of December 31, 2006, benefit accruals ceased for all plan participants under age 40 and those over age 40 who elected to freeze their retirement plan benefits. Ochsner made an additional change to the Defined Benefit Plan, and as of December 31, 2009, benefit accruals ceased for all plan participants under age 55 with less than 10 years of service (rounded to the nearest 6 months). Physician/executive participants are frozen as of December 31, 2009, regardless of age or service. Participants who were not frozen as of December 31, 2009, accrued benefits until the earlier of age 65 or December 31, 2015. No new participants are allowed to enter the Defined Benefit Plan. Ochsner makes contributions to its qualified plan that satisfy the minimum funding requirements under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. These contributions are intended to provide not only for benefits attributed to services rendered to date but also those expected to be earned in the future.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The following table sets forth the changes in benefit obligations, changes in plan assets, and components of net periodic benefit cost (in thousands):

Change in benefit obligation: Benefit obligation – beginning of year Interest cost Actuarial gain Benefits paid Benefit obligation – end of year $$ 625,160 \ \$ 651,274$ $17,197 \ 16,059$ $(135,329) \ (10,678)$ $(32,407) \ (31,495)$ $474,621 \ 625,160$ Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Benefits paid Benefits paid Benefit obligations Benefit ob			December 2022	r 31 2021
Benefit obligation – beginning of year Interest cost Actuarial gain Benefits paid\$ 625,160 \$ 651,274 17,197 16,059 (135,329) (10,678) (32,407) (31,495)Benefit obligation – end of year $32,407$ (31,495) 	Change in benefit obligation:			
Actuarial gain Benefits paid $(135,329)$ $(10,678)$ $(32,407)$ Benefit obligation – end of year $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $515,229$ $465,754$ Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $515,229$ $465,754$ Funded status $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ $-7,371$ Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Funded status $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Funded status $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations $$ (44,539) $ (109,931)$ Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $$ (229,888 $ 290,342)$ Cother changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss $$ (50,728) $ (54,179)$ ($9,726) (12,893)$	6 6	\$	625,160 \$	651,274
Benefits paid Benefit obligation – end of year $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Benefit obligation – end of year $474,621$ $625,160$ Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $515,229$ $465,754$ Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $-7,371$ $-7,371$ Benefits paid Funded status $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ $430,082$ $515,229$ Funded status $(44,539)$ $(109,931)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations restrictions: Net actuarial loss $(229,888$ $290,342$ Cother changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss $(50,728)$ $(54,179)$ $(9,726)$ State	Interest cost		17,197	16,059
Benefit obligation – end of year $474,621$ $625,160$ Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Employer contributions Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $515,229$ $465,754$ $(52,740)$ Fair value of plan assets – end of year Funded status $ 7,371$ $(32,407)$ Genember 31 2022 2021 $(In Thousands)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations\$ $(44,539)$ \$Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss\$ $229,888$ $290,342$ Cother changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ $(50,728)$ \$Second constructions (9,726) $(12,893)$	Actuarial gain		(135,329)	(10,678)
Benefit obligation – end of year $474,621$ $625,160$ Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Employer contributions Fair value of plan assets – end of year $515,229$ $465,754$ $(52,740)$ Renefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $ 7,371$ $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ $430,082$ Funded status $$ (44,539) $ (109,931)$ 2022 2021 $(In Thousands)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations $$ (44,539) $ (109,931)$ Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $229,888$ $290,342$ $$ 229,888 $ 290,342$ Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss $$ (50,728) $ (54,179)$ $(9,726) (12,893)$	Benefits paid		(32,407)	(31,495)
Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year Actual return on plan assets $515,229$ $465,754$ $(52,740)$ Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $ 7,371$ Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Funded status $(44,539)$ \$ $(109,931)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations $\mathbf{becember 31}$ 2022 Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $(44,539)$ \$ $(109,931)$ Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $229,888$ $290,342$ Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss $$ (50,728)$ \$ $(54,179)$ ($9,726)$ $(12,893)$	Benefit obligation – end of year			
Actual return on plan assets $(52,740)$ $73,599$ Employer contributions- $7,371$ Benefits paid $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Fair value of plan assets – end of year $430,082$ $515,229$ Funded status $(44,539)$ $(109,931)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations $Pecember 31$ 20222021 $(In Thousands)$ Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $(29,888)$ 201 $(29,888)$ 202,888 $290,342$ $(50,728)$ $(54,179)$ $(9,726)$ $(12,893)$	Change in plan assets:			
Employer contributions Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $ 7,371$ $(32,407)$ Funded status $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ $430,082$ $515,229$ $$ (44,539)$ Funded status $$ (44,539)$ $$ (109,931)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations $December 31$ 2022 Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $$ (44,539)$ $$ (109,931)$ Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $$ (229,888 290,342)$ Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss $$ (50,728)$ $$ (54,179)$ $(9,726)$ $$ (50,728)$ $$ (54,179)$ $(9,726)$ $$ (22,893)$	Fair value of plan assets – beginning of year		515,229	465,754
Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets – end of year $(32,407)$ $(31,495)$ Funded status $430,082$ $515,229$ \$ $(44,539)$ \$ $(109,931)$ Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations $\mathbf{bccember 31}$ Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $(44,539)$ \$(109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $(229,888)$ $290,342$ 229,888 $290,342$ \$ $229,888$ $290,342$ Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ $(50,728)$ \$\$ $(50,728)$ \$ $(54,179)$ $(9,726)$ $(12,893)$	Actual return on plan assets		(52,740)	73,599
Fair value of plan assets – end of yearFunded status $430,082$ $515,229$ \$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Mounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations December 31 20222021 (In Thousands)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss $229,888$ $290,342$ Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss $515,229$ $(109,931)$ S $(44,539)$ \$ (109,931)S $(44,539)$ \$ (109,931)S $(44,539)$ \$ (109,931)S $(50,728)$ \$ (29,888 $(50,728)$ \$ (54,179) $(9,726)$ (12,893)	Employer contributions		_	7,371
Funded status\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Funded status\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss\$ (229,888 290,342)Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726) (12,893)	Benefits paid	_	(32,407)	(31,495)
December 3120222021(In Thousands)Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss\$ (229,888229,888290,342Source of the constructions: Net actuarial loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726)Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726)	Fair value of plan assets – end of year		430,082	515,229
20222021Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss\$ (229,888229,888290,342Total amounts recognized\$ 229,888Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726)	Funded status	\$	(44,539) \$	(109,931)
Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations(In Thousands)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss229,888229,888290,342\$ 229,888290,342\$ 229,888290,342\$ 229,888290,342\$ 229,888290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ 229,888\$ 290,342\$ (50,728)\$ (54,179)\$ (50,728)\$ (54,179)\$ (9,726)(12,893)				
Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations\$ (44,539) \$ (109,931)Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss229,888290,342Total amounts recognized\$ 229,888 \$ 290,342Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726)				
Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss229,888290,342Total amounts recognized\$ 229,888 \$ 290,342Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726) (12,893)			2022	2021
restrictions: Net actuarial loss Total amounts recognized Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss Recognized loss Net gain Recognized loss			2022	2021
Total amounts recognized\$ 229,888 \$ 290,342Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726) (12,893)	sheets consist of:	\$	2022 (In Thousa	2021 nds)
Total amounts recognized\$ 229,888 \$ 290,342Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726) (12,893)	sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations Amounts recognized in net assets without donor	\$	2022 (In Thousa	2021 nds)
recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain Recognized loss (50,728) \$ (54,179) (9,726) (12,893)	sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions:	\$	2022 (In Thousa (44,539) \$	2021 nds) (109,931)
Net gain\$ (50,728) \$ (54,179)Recognized loss(9,726) (12,893)	sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss		2022 (In Thousa (44,539) \$ 229,888	2021 nds) (109,931) 290,342
Recognized loss (9,726) (12,893)	sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss Total amounts recognized Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations		2022 (In Thousa (44,539) \$ 229,888	2021 nds) (109,931) 290,342
	 sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss Total amounts recognized Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: 	\$	2022 (In Thousa (44,539) \$ 229,888 229,888 \$	2021 nds) (109,931) 290,342 290,342
Total amounts recognized $\$$ (60,454) $\$$ (67,072)	 sheets consist of: Pension and postretirement obligations Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net actuarial loss Total amounts recognized Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in net assets without donor restrictions: Net gain 	\$	2022 (In Thousa (44,539) \$ 229,888 229,888 \$ (50,728) \$	2021 nds) (109,931) 290,342 290,342 (54,179)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Weighted average assumptions used to determine projected benefit obligations at December 31 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Weighted average discount rate	5.41%	2.82%

Net periodic pension benefit for the years ended December 31 includes the following components (in thousands):

		2022	2021	
Interest cost	\$	17.197 \$	16,059	
Expected return on plan assets	Ψ	(31,861)	(30,097)	
Amortization of net loss		9,726	12,893	
Net periodic pension benefit	\$	(4,938) \$	(1,145)	

Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic pension cost for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Weighted average discount rate	2.82%	2.48%
Expected return on plan assets	6.30	6.60

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The fair values of the Defined Benefit Plan assets at December 31 are included in the tables below (in thousands).

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using							
	in Ma Ot Id As	oted Prices Active Active Servable dentical Sets and abilities evel 1) ^(a)	S O	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Es	Total timated ir Value
2022								
Money market funds	\$	9,251	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,251
Fixed income securities		4,815		-		-		4,815
Marketable equity securities		26,965		-		-		26,965
Total	\$	41,031	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,031
2021								
Money market funds	\$	22,254	\$	-	\$	_	\$	22,254
Fixed income securities		30,970		_		_		30,970
Marketable equity securities		39,466		_		—		39,466
Total	\$	92,690	\$	_	\$	-	\$	92,690

^(a) Valuation of these securities classified as Level 1 is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are readily and regularly available.

Alternative investments of \$389.1 million and \$422.5 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy as they are reported at net asset value (NAV).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The Defined Benefit Plan asset allocation as of the measurement dates (December 31, 2022 and 2021) and the target asset allocation, presented as a percentage of total plan assets, were as follows:

	2022 Target			
	2022	Allocation	2021	
Fixed income securities	11%	20%	14%	
Equity securities	48	50	49	
Private equity/venture capital	11	8	7	
Hedge funds	26	20	21	
Natural resources/REITs	2	2	5	
Other	2	0	4	

Asset allocations and investment performance are formally reviewed at regularly scheduled meetings several times during the year by the Investment Committee of Ochsner. Ochsner utilizes an investment consultant and multiple managers for different asset classes. The Investment Committee takes into account liquidity needs of the plan to pay benefits in the short term and the anticipated long-term obligations of the Defined Benefit Plan.

The primary financial objectives of the Defined Benefit Plan are to (1) provide a stream of relatively predictable, stable, and constant earnings in support of the Defined Benefit Plan's annual benefit obligations and (2) preserve and enhance the real (inflation-adjusted) value of the assets of the Defined Benefit Plan. The long-term investment objectives of the Defined Benefit Plan are to (1) attain the average annual total return assumed in the Defined Benefit Plan's most recent actuarial assumptions (net of investment management fees) over rolling five-year periods, (2) outperform the Defined Benefit Plan's custom benchmark, and (3) outperform the median return of a pool of retirement funds to be identified in conjunction with Ochsner's investment consultant.

The asset allocation is designed to provide a diversified mix of asset classes, including U.S. and foreign equity securities, fixed income securities, real estate investment trusts (REITs), natural resources, cash, and funds to hedge against deflation and inflation. Risk management practices include various criteria for each asset class, including measurement against several benchmarks, achievement of a positive risk-adjusted return, and investment guidelines for each class of assets that enumerate types of investment allowed in each category.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The Ochsner Retirement Plan Statement of Investment Policies and Objectives provides for a range of minimum and maximum investments in each asset class to allow flexibility in achieving the expected long-term rate of return. Historical return patterns and correlations, consensus return forecast, and other relevant financial factors are analyzed to check for reasonableness and appropriateness of the asset allocation to ensure that the probability of meeting actuarial assumptions is reasonable. Ochsner Treasury staff oversees the day-to-day activities involving assets of the Defined Benefit Plan and the implementation of any changes adopted by the Investment Committee.

Ochsner currently expects to make a contribution to the Defined Benefit Plan of approximately \$3.0 million in 2023.

For 2022 and 2021, Ochsner's Defined Benefit Plan had accumulated benefit obligations of approximately \$474.6 million and \$625.2 million, respectively.

Future benefit payments expected to be paid in each of the next five fiscal years and in the aggregate for the following five years as of December 31, 2022, are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31:	
2023	\$ 34,618
2024	35,845
2025	36,724
2026	37,571
2027	37,994
2028–2032	187,930
	\$ 370,682

Defined Contribution Plans

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All employees of Ochsner meeting eligibility requirements may participate in the Ochsner Clinic Foundation 401(k) Plan (the Plan). Ochsner may annually elect to make a retirement contribution on behalf of eligible employees in an amount up to 2% of the participant's annual eligible compensation. In addition, Ochsner may annually elect to make a match for eligible employees of 50% of the first 4% the employees contribute into the Plan. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Ochsner has accrued approximately \$59.0 million and \$47.0 million, respectively, for matching and retirement contributions to the Plan for the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Certain Ochsner employees are also covered under a 457(f) plan. The 457(f) plan was created to replace 100% of the benefit target for employees under age 65 as of December 31, 2009, whose benefits in the Defined Benefit Plan were frozen. The participant pays taxes at vesting and payout occurs at the later of age 65 or retirement. Participants of the 457(f) plan also participate in the 401(k) contributions. OCF's accompanying consolidated balance sheets reflect a liability of approximately \$14.5 million and \$14.8 million for the 457(f) plan at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

15. Endowment Funds and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Ochsner has 1,149 donor-restricted funds established for a variety of purposes. Endowment funds are classified and reported based on donor-imposed restrictions as net assets with donor restrictions. Net assets with donor restrictions include funds dedicated to Medical Education, Nursing Education, Pastoral Care, Biomedical Research, Cancer Research, Cardiology Research, Transplant Research, and Alzheimer's Research, and other purposes.

ASC 958-205, *Not-for-Profit Entities – Presentation of Financial Statements*, provides guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a not-for-profit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA), which the state of Louisiana enacted on July 1, 2010.

UPMIFA requires that Ochsner preserve the historic dollar value of the donor-restricted endowed funds. As a result of this interpretation, Ochsner classifies as net assets with donor restrictions the aggregate fair market value of (1) an endowment fund at the time it became an endowment fund, (2) each subsequent donation to the fund at the time it is made, and (3) each accumulation made pursuant to a direction in the applicable gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in the permanent endowment is available for appropriation for expenditure by Ochsner in a manner consistent with the standard for expenditure prescribed by UPMIFA. Net assets with donor restriction available for appropriations as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, total approximately \$12.3 million and \$11.1 million, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

15. Endowment Funds and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

Restricted Net Assets as of December 31, by Purpose					
		2022		2021	
		(In Thousands)			
Research	\$	39,602	\$	45,761	
Education		13,692		14,917	
Other		91,864		93,768	
Total	\$	145,158	\$	154,446	

Postricted Not Assots as of December 31 by Purpose

Endowment Net Asset Composition by Type of Fund as of December 31, 2022

	Wi	thout			
	D	onor	Wi	th Donor	
	Rest	riction	Re	striction	Total
			(In 1	Thousands)	
Donor-restricted funds	\$	_	\$	50,656 \$	50,656
Board-designated funds		1,673		_	1,673
Total	\$	1,673	\$	50,656 \$	52,329

Endowment Net Asset Composition by Type of Fund as of December 31, 2021

	Wit	hout				
	Do	nor	Wit	h Donor		
	Resti	iction	Res	striction		Total
			(In T	housands,)	
Donor-restricted funds	\$	_	\$	58,794	\$	58,794
Board-designated funds		1,920		_		1,920
Total	\$	1,920	\$	58,794	\$	60,714

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

15. Endowment Funds and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Year Ended December 31, 2022							
	W	/ithout					
]	Donor	Wi	ith Donor			
	Re	striction	Re	estriction	Total		
			(In	Thousands)			
Beginning balance	\$	1,920	\$	58,794 \$	60,714		
Investment loss		(227)		(7,659)	(7,886)		
Contributions		_		849	849		
Appropriations for expenditures		(20)		(1,328)	(1,348)		
Ending balance	\$	1,673	\$	50,656 \$	52,329		

Changes in Endowment Net Assets for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Ι	/ithout Donor striction		ith Donor estriction	Total		
			(In	Thousands)			
Beginning balance Investment gain	\$	1,704 246	\$	49,111 \$ 7,874	50,815 8,120		
Contributions Appropriations for expenditures		(30)		2,044 (235)	2,044 (265)		
Ending balance	\$	1,920	\$	58,794 \$	60,714		

Funds With Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or current law requires Ochsner to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported in unrestricted net assets. There were no such deficiencies as of December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

15. Endowment Funds and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

Ochsner has investment and spending practices for endowment assets that intend to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that Ochsner must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period(s) as well as board-designated funds. The policy allows the endowment assets to be invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of the allocation index while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. Ochsner expects its endowment funds to provide a rate of return that preserves the gift and generates earnings to achieve the endowment purpose.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, Ochsner relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and interest and dividend income. Ochsner uses a diversified asset allocation to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints to preserve capital.

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

It is Ochsner's objective to establish a payout rate from endowment accounts that provides a stable, predictable level of spending for the endowed purposes that will increase with the rate of inflation, and to continue to invest in accordance with policy goals of providing for a rate of growth in the endowment earnings that meets or exceeds the rate of inflation. The annual spending appropriation will be subject to a minimum rate of 4% and a maximum rate of 7% of each endowment fund's current market value. Net assets with donor restrictions include the spending appropriation and investment income of the endowments and are pending appropriation for expenditure consistent with the specific purpose of the fund.

16. Equity Method Investments, Joint Ventures, and Non-Controlling Interest

Ochsner has multiple investments in unconsolidated affiliates with ownership interests ranging from 20 to 50%. Ochsner's equity method investments totaled \$93.0 million and \$109.1 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and Ochsner recognized (loss) income from its equity method investments totaling \$(11.7) million and \$0.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

17. Ochsner Health Plan

Ochsner Health Plan enrolled approximately 2,900 members and 1,900 members into its Medicare Advantage plan for coverage beginning January 1, 2023 and January 1, 2022, respectively. In 2022 and 2021, attributable to Ochsner Health Plan, Inc., Ochsner recorded an approximate \$13.6 million and \$11.7 million premium deficiency reserve, respectively. The premium deficiency reserve is an accrual for future policy losses, within other current liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Ochsner recorded \$21.1 million and \$0 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to premium revenue, which is included in premium revenue on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Ochsner recorded \$11.4 million and \$0 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, related to outside provider and pharmacy claim expenses, which is included in medical services to outside providers in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

18. Leases

Ochsner leases property and equipment under finance and operating leases. For leases with terms greater than 12 months, Ochsner records the related assets and obligations at the present value of lease payments over the term. Many of Ochsner's leases include rental escalation clauses and renewal options that are factored into the determination of lease payments, when appropriate. Ochsner elected the practical expedient to use the risk-free interest rate to discount the lease payments when leases do not provide a readily determinable implicit interest rate.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

18. Leases (continued)

The following table presents Ochsner's lease-related assets and liabilities (in thousands):

			Decen	ıbeı	r 31
	Balance Sheet Classification		2022		2021
Assets:					
Operating leases	Right-of-use assets from				
	operating leases	\$	580,374	\$	453,604
Financing leases	Property – net		134,522		119,041
Total lease assets		\$	714,896	\$	572,645
Liabilities:					
Current:					
Operating leases	Operating lease current liabilities	\$	87,010	\$	83,039
Financing leases	Other current liabilities		7,546		7,586
Noncurrent:					
Operating leases	Operating lease long-term liabilities		494,231		368,492
Financing leases	Other long-term liabilities	_	114,400		104,157
Total lease liabilities		\$	703,187	\$	563,274
0 0 1	erating leases remaining lease term		12 years		9 years
Weighted average fin	ance leases remaining lease term		17 years		18 years
0 0 1	erating lease discount rate		3.6%	,)	3.6%
Weighted average fin	ance lease discount rate		5.9%)	7.4%

The table below summarizes the components of lease cost by lease type for the years ended December 31 (in thousands):

Lease Costs

	 2022	2021
Operating lease cost Amortization of finance lease assets	\$ 123,000 \$ 13,385	128,322 7,012
Interest on lease liabilities	6,455	5,944

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

18. Leases (continued)

Maturities of Lease Liabilities

The following schedule summarizes Ochsner's future annual minimum rental commitments on outstanding leases as of December 31, 2022 (in thousands):

		Lease Obligations				
]	Finance	Operating			
2023	\$	13,911 \$)			
2024 2025		12,591 11,606	90,406 79,273			
2026 2027		11,213 11,376	69,444 54,509			
Thereafter		141,587	345,289			
Total minimum lease payments		202,284	745,009			
Less amounts representing interest		<u>(80,338)</u> 121,946	$\frac{(163,768)}{581,241}$			
Less current maturities		(7,546)	(87,010)			
Lease obligations – noncurrent	\$	114,400 \$	5 494,231			

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases is as follows:

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities was \$118.1 million and \$123.3 million in operating cash outflows for operating leases for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations were \$126.8 million and \$171.8 million in operating leases for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

18. Leases (continued)

Operating Leases – Lessor

Ochsner leases office space to other businesses. Lease terms generally range from one to ten years, with options of renewal for additional periods. All such property leases provide for minimum annual rentals, and all rental revenue has been recorded on a straight-line basis. Following is a schedule by year of future minimum rental payments under noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2022 (in thousands):

Year ending December 31:	
2023	\$ 15,291
2024	12,130
2025	11,011
2026	10,296
2027	9,558
Thereafter	31,139
Total minimum lease payments to be received	\$ 89,425

19. Functional Expenses

Ochsner provides general health care services primarily to residents within its geographic location.

		Functional Expenses as of December 31, 2022											
	Health Care	Ν	Aedical				Fitness			(General and		
	Services	E	ducation	R	lesearch		Center		Hotel	A	lministrative	Total	
						(In	thousar	ıds)					
Salaries, wages, and benefits Medical services to outside	\$ 2,510,951	\$	35,452	\$	20,433	\$	7,868	\$	1,941	\$	703,963	\$ 3,280,608	
providers	238,136		-		-		-		_		_	238,136	
Medical supplies and services	1,429,414		30		-		16		3		_	1,429,463	
Other operating expenses	448,468		7,181		3,914		5,869		2,350		748,734	1,216,516	
Depreciation and amortization	96,967		625		653		1,274		339		136,130	235,988	
Interest	3,177		-		-		-		158		83,583	86,918	
	\$4,727,113	\$	43,288	\$	25,000	\$	15,027	\$	4,791	\$	1,672,410	\$ 6,487,629	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

19. Functional Expenses (continued)

		Functional Expenses as of December 31, 2021										
	Health Care	-	Medical		_		Fitness			-	General and	
	Services	E	ducation	R	lesearch		Center		Hotel	Ad	lministrative	Total
						(In	Thousar	ıds)				
Salaries, wages, and benefits Medical services to outside	\$ 2,271,315	\$	31,791	\$	19,579	\$	7,177	\$	1,550	\$	563,483	\$ 2,894,895
providers	215,999		-		_		_		-		-	215,999
Medical supplies and services	1,274,792		32		32		21		2		-	1,274,879
Other operating expenses	457,117		9,286		3,332		4,395		1,847		616,096	1,092,073
Depreciation and amortization	87,278		727		638		1,318		356		122,037	212,354
Interest	4,344		_		_		_		157		74,693	79,194
	\$4,310,845	\$	41,836	\$	23,581	\$	12,911	\$	3,912	\$	1,376,309	\$ 5,769,394

20. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

	Y	ear Ended 2022	Dec	ember 31 2021
		(In The	ousa	nds)
Cash paid for interest (net of amounts capitalized)	\$	83,787	\$	79,037
Details of business acquisitions:				
Fair value of assets	\$	334,933	\$	71,130
Fair value of liabilities		(260,636)		(14,809)
		(74,297)		(56,321)
Total inherent contribution		72,527		_
Cash acquired in acquisition		60,940		4,199
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	\$	59,170	\$	(52,122)
Supplemental noncash investing and financing activities:				
Property purchases included in accounts payable	\$	31,280	\$	28,740
Property purchases financed by finance leases and				
long-term debt	\$	4,335	\$	1,357

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

21. Commitments and Contingencies

Professional and General Liability Insurance

Professional and general liability claims have been asserted against Ochsner by various claimants. The claims are in various stages of processing, and some may ultimately be brought to trial. Incidents occurring through December 31, 2022, may result in the assertion of additional claims.

Ochsner participates in a risk management program to provide for professional and general liability coverage.

Under this program, Ochsner carries professional and general liability insurance coverage for up to \$100.0 million each of annual aggregate claims subject to certain deductible provisions. Ochsner is self-insured with respect to the first \$3.0 million of each claim for professional liability with an annual aggregate exposure of \$9.0 million. General liability claims are subject to a retention of \$1.0 million per claim and \$2.0 million annual aggregate. Ochsner also carries additional coverage on certain leased and managed hospitals that carry similar coverage with lower self-retention and aggregate levels.

Professional liability claims are limited by Louisiana statute to \$500,000 per patient, the first \$100,000 of which is payable by the health care provider and the remainder of which is payable by the Patient's Compensation Fund (the Fund) for participants in the Fund. The Fund was established by the Medical Malpractice Act (the Act), which was enacted in 1975 by the state of Louisiana. The Act established the Fund and limited recovery in medical malpractice cases to \$500,000. The limitation on recovery has been challenged and, to date, successfully defended in the courts. Expenditures recorded by Ochsner for participation in the Fund for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were approximately \$27.1 million and \$26.5 million, respectively, and are included in other operating expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Ochsner has an established trust fund held by a financial institution. Disbursements are made from the trust fund for self-insured professional and general liability claims, claims administration costs, and legal fees. The amounts to be contributed to the trust funds are determined annually by an independent actuary. The trust fund assets for Ochsner in the aggregate totaled approximately \$5.3 million and \$7.5 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The trust fund assets are included in assets limited as to use under self-insurance trust fund in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The estimated liability recorded by Ochsner in the aggregate for claims, based on the actuarial report, is approximately \$15.2 million with no estimated reinsurance

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

21. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

recoveries at December 31, 2022, and \$15.4 million with no estimated reinsurance recoveries at December 31, 2021. The estimated liability is included in other current liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The estimated liability for Ochsner was discounted at approximately 3.5% and 2.5% at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. If the risk management program is terminated, the trust fund balances, if any, revert to Ochsner after satisfaction of outstanding claims. Any proceeds from such a reversion would be used to reduce future costs for liability coverage.

Estimated Workers' Compensation and Employee Health Claims

Ochsner is self-insured for workers' compensation and employee health and dental claims. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims totaled approximately \$29.6 million and \$28.1 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively. Of this total, \$9.7 million and \$12.5 million are recorded in other current liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$19.9 million and \$15.6 million are recorded in other long-term liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The estimated liability for employee health and dental claims totaled \$10.0 million and \$8.3 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is recorded in accrued salaries, wages and benefits.

Property Insurance

Ochsner carries property insurance coverage through third-party insurers. The policy limits are \$750.0 million each occurrence and are subject to a deductible of \$250,000 per occurrence. The Named Wind sublimit is \$160.0 million per occurrence. The Named Wind deductible is 3% (combined for property damage and time element), subject to a minimum of \$250,000 and a maximum of \$53.0 million. The Flood sublimit is \$50.0 million aggregate for Special Flood Hazard Areas. The Flood deductible for Special Flood Hazard Areas is \$1.0 million per occurrence. Ochsner retains 20% of the first \$50.0 million of a claim for Named Windstorm and Flood. Ochsner also carries coverage on certain community hospitals with self-retention and aggregate levels.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

21. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Contingencies

The health care industry as a whole is subject to numerous complex laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. Compliance with these laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time. Such compliance with laws and regulations in the health care industry has come under increased government scrutiny. Ochsner and its subsidiaries are parties to various legal proceedings and potential claims arising in the ordinary course of their business. Management of Ochsner believes the reserves it has established for these issues are adequate and does not believe, based on current facts and circumstances and after review with counsel, that these matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated statements of financial position or results of operations.

Commitments

Ochsner has a minimum obligation to purchase medical supplies from the joint venture (JV) SafeSource Direct, LLC over the 20-year agreement term, beginning in May 2023. The following schedule summarizes Ochsner's future annual minimum purchase commitment (in thousands):

Year ending December 31:	
2023	\$ 517
2024	8,767
2025	8,942
2026	9,117
2027	9,308

Ochsner's total obligation over the 20-year term is \$204.9 million.

As a component of the SafeSource JV, Ochsner has entered into a guarantee agreement in order to ensure the residual value of the JV's property upon lease expiration. The term of the guarantee is one 10-year term with two optional 10-year renewal terms. As of December 31, 2022, Ochsner has a guarantee liability of \$7.5 million, which is a component of other long-term liabilities.

22. Subsequent Events

Ochsner has evaluated subsequent events through April 21, 2023, the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were issued.

Reports Required by the Uniform Guidance



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Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Management and The Board of Directors Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the consolidated financial statements of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries (Ochsner), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"), and have issued our report thereon dated April 21, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Ochsner's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ochsner's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ochsner's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ochsner's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ernst + Young LLP

April 21, 2023



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Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Management and The Board of Directors Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries

Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and identified below. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

_	Finding Number	Assistance Listing Number	Program Name	Compliance Requirement
	2022-001	97.036	Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	 A. Activities Allowed or Unallowed B. Allowable Costs/Cost Principles H. Period of Performance

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries is responsible for preparing a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in our auditor's report. Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' corrective action plan was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficience is a deficiency, or a combination of over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ernst + Young LLP

June 28, 2023

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Research and Development Cluster	Other Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture:						
Pass-Through From:						
University of Louisiana Monroe						
Delta Health Care Services Grant Program	10.874	22-037-841408836	\$ 7,815	\$ –	\$ 7,815	\$ –
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			7,815	-	7,815	-
U.S. Department of Defense:						
Pass-Through From:						
Mayo Clinic Cancer Center						
Military Medical Research and Development	12.420	W81XWH-15-1-0293	10,000	-	10,000	_
Total U.S. Department of Defense			10,000	-	10,000	_
Federal Communications Commission:						
COVID-19 – COVID-19 Telehealth Program	32.006		_	1,184,843	1,184,843	_
Total Federal Communications Commission				1,184,843	1,184,843	_
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass-Through From:						
New York University School of Medicine						
Research and Training in Complementary and Integrative Health New York University School of Medicine	93.213	5UH3AT009844-04	4,845	-	4,845	-
Research and Training in Complementary and Integrative Health	93.213	5UH3AT009844-05	4,908	-	4,908	_
Total 93.213			9,753	-	9,753	_
Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279		206,202	-	206,202	46,162

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Research and Development Cluster	Other Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
Pass-Through From:						
The Board of Supervisors of LSU and A&M College represented						
by Pennington Biomedical Research Center						
Minority Health and Health Disparities Research	93.307	1P50MD017338-01	\$ 225,564	\$ –	\$ 225,564	\$ –
Palo Alto Veterans Institute for Research						
Minority Health and Health Disparities Research	93.307	1R01MD017063-01	26,509	-	26,509	-
Total 93.307			252,073	-	252,073	_
Pass-Through From:						
Duke University						
Trans-NIH Research Support	93.310	3U2COD023375-04S1	1,210	-	1,210	-
Pass-Through From:						
Duke University						
National Center for Advancing Translational Sciences	93.350	3U24TR001608-05S4	20,000	-	20,000	_
Pass-Through From:						
The Board of Supervisors of LSU and A&M College represented						
by Pennington Biomedical Research Center						
Nursing Research	93.361	1R01NR019947-01	7,581	_	7,581	_
The Board of Supervisors of LSU and A&M College represented						
by Pennington Biomedical Research Center						
Nursing Research	93.361	5R01NR019947-02	46,536	_	46,536	_
Total 93.361			54,117	-	54,117	-

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Research and Development Cluster	Other Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
Pass-Through From:						
Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center						
Cancer Centers Support Grants	93.397	1P20CA252733-01	\$ 39,164	\$ -	\$ 39,164	\$ -
Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center						
Cancer Centers Support Grants	93.397	6P20CA252733-03	4,771	_	4,771	_
Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center						
Cancer Centers Support Grants	93.397	1P20CA252733-02	17,615	_	17,615	_
Total 93.397			61,550	_	61,550	_
Pass-Through From:						
LSU Health Sciences Center						
Cancer Control	93.399	5UG1CA189854-07	45,545	_	45,545	_
LSU Health Sciences Center	73.377	50010/10/054 0/	-10,0-10		-15,5-15	
Cancer Control	93.399	5UG1CA189854-08	256,252	_	256,252	_
LSU Health Sciences Center	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20010110202100	200,202		200,202	
Cancer Control	93.399	5UG1CA189854-09	174,665	_	174,665	_
Total 93.399			476,462	_	476,462	_
Pass-Through From:						
The Task Force for Global Health, Inc.						
Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through National	93.421	5 NU38OT000316-04-00	81.000		91.000	
Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health	93.421	5 NU3801000510-04-00	81,000	_	81,000	_
COVID-19 – HRSA COVID-19 Claims Reimbursement for the						
Uninsured Program and the COVID-19 Coverage Assistance Fund	93.461		_	845,641	845,641	-
COVID-19 – Provider Relief Fund and American Rescue Plan						
(ARP) Rural Distribution	93.498		_	19,015,193	19,015,193	_

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Research and Development Cluster	Other Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
COVID-19 – COVID-19 Testing and Mitigation for Rural Health Clinics	93.697		\$ - \$	755,709	\$ 755,709	\$ -
Mental and Behavioral Health Education and Training Grants	93.732		-	926,604	926,604	-
Pass-Through From:						
Inova Health Care Services on behalf of its Office of Research at Inova						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	1R01HL154768-01	16,111	-	16,111	-
Columbia University Health Sciences						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	5R01HL130500-04	48,024	-	48,024	-
Yale University						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	7U01HL125511-02	1,250	-	1,250	-
Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of CWRU						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	5UM1HL088955-13	143,679	-	143,679	-
Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of CWRU						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	5UM1HL088955-14	26,592	-	26,592	-
Duke University						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	5U01HL134679-05	2,650	-	2,650	-
Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	5U01HL088942-14	14,961	-	14,961	-
The Board of Supervisors of LSU and A&M College represented by						
Louisiana State University Health Science Center						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	1R01HL159428-01	6,833	-	6,833	_
The Board of Trustees of the University of Alabama for the University						
of Alabama at Birmingham						
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	2R01HL120338-07A1	26,072	_	26,072	
Total 93.837			286,172	_	286,172	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Research and Development Cluster	Other Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
Pass-Through From:						
Icahn School of Medicine At Mount Sinai on behalf of the Prime						
Recipient Research Triangle Institute						
Lung Diseases Research	93.838	10T2HL156812-01	\$ 42,000	\$ –	\$ 42,000	\$ –
Covence, Inc.						
Lung Diseases Research	93.838	10T2HL156812-01	500	-	500	_
Vanderbilt University Medical Center						
Lung Diseases Research	93.838	10T2HL156812-01	20,020	-	20,020	_
The Administrators of the Tulane Educational Fund d/b/a Tulane University						
Lung Diseases Research	93.838	5R01HL061007-16	9,328	-	9,328	-
Joan & Sanford I. Weill Medical College of Cornell University on behalf						
of the Prime Recipient NYU Grossman School of Medicine						
Lung Diseases Research	93.838	OT2HL161847-01	135,021	-	135,021	_
Total 93.838			206,869	-	206,869	_
Pass-Through From:						
The Administrators of the Tulane Educational Fund d/b/a Tulane University						
Arthritis, Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases Research	93.846	3R01AR065493-07S1	1,395	-	1,395	-
Pass-Through From:						
The University of Iowa						
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	3U01DK108334-08S1	7,800	_	7,800	_
College of Charleston						
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	1R15DK124846-01	1,837	_	1,837	_
The University of Texas – MD Anderson Cancer Center						
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	5U01DK126365-02	81,440	-	81,440	_
The University of Texas – MD Anderson Cancer Center						
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	5U01DK108328-07	9,579	-	9,579	_
The University of Texas – MD Anderson Cancer Center						
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	5U01DK126365-03	19,302	-	19,302	_
Total 93.847			119,958	-	119,958	_

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Research and Development Cluster	Other Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
Pass-Through From:						
Mayo Clinic Jacksonville						
Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and						
Neurological Disorders	93.853	5U01NS080168-09	\$ 24,970	\$ -	\$ 24,970	\$ -
National Coordinating Center University of Cincinnati on						
behalf of The Regents of the University of Michigan						
Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and						
Neurological Disorders	93.853	1U01NS099043-01A1	9,506	-	9,506	_
Total 93.853			34,476	-	34,476	-
Pass-Through From:						
John Hopkins University						
Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	93.855	5U01AI134591-05	700	_	700	_
John Hopkins University	75.055	500111151551 05			100	
Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	93.855	5U01AI138897-03	1,000	_	1,000	_
John Hopkins University					,	
Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	93.855	3U01AI138897-04S1	600	_	600	_
The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill						
Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	93.855	5R01AI143910-03	852	_	852	_
Total 93.855			3,152	-	3,152	_
Pass-Through From:						
The Board of Supervisors of LSU and A&M College represented by						
Pennington Biomedical Research Center						
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859	2U54GM104940-07	48,533	_	48,533	_
The Board of Supervisors of LSU and A&M College represented by	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	200100010101010	10,000		10,000	
Pennington Biomedical Research Center						
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859	3U54GM104940-07S2	17,366	_	17,366	_
The Board of Supervisors of LSU and A&M College represented by			,		,	
Pennington Biomedical Research Center						
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859	3U54GM104942-06S4	18,429	_	18,429	_
Total 93.859			84,328	_	84,328	_

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Research and Development Cluster	Other Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Subrecipients
Pass-Through From: The Board of Trustees of the University of Alabama for the University of Alabama at Birmingham on behalf of George Washington University Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	93.865	5U10HD036801-22	\$ 64,942	\$ -	\$ 64,942	\$ –
Pass-Through From: Duke University Aging Research	93.866	1U19AG065188-01	3,750	_	3,750	_
The Administrators of the Tulane Educational Fund d/b/a Tulane University Aging Research Total 93.866	93.866	3U19AG055373-05S1	<u>52,492</u> 56,242		52,492 56,242	
Pass-Through From: The Administrators of the Tulane Educational Fund d/b/a Tulane University Assistance Programs for Chronic Disease Prevention and Control	93.945	5U18DP006523-02-00	57,270	-	57,270	_
Pass-Through From: <i>The Board of Supervisors of Louisiana State University & A&M College</i> PPHF Geriatric Education Centers Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.969	5 U1QHP33071-03-00	444,671 2,521,842	21,543,147	444,671 24,064,989	46,162
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity	Research and Development	Other Federal	Total Federal	Amounts Provided to
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Identifying Number	Cluster	Expenditures	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:						
i v						
Pass-Through From:						
State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and						
Emergency Preparedness			^			•
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	N/A	\$ –	\$ 7,810,407	\$ 7,810,407	\$ –
State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and						
Emergency Preparedness						
COVID-19 – Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially						
Declared Disasters)	97.036	N/A	_	82,067,764	82,067,764	_
State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and						
Emergency Preparedness						
COVID-19 – Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially						
Declared Disasters)*	97.036	N/A	_	65,356,395	65,356,395	_
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				155,234,566	155,234,566	_
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Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,539,657	\$ 177,962,556	\$ 180,502,213	\$ 46,162

* Represents a third-party in-kind contribution federal award. Total expenditures reflected in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is based on the donated hours multiplied by the hourly rate. The donated hours represent actual hours incurred by the individuals working at the hospital and the hourly rate represents the estimated wage paid for that position. This calculates to be the estimated fair market value at the time of receipt.

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) includes the federal grant activity of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in the SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the SEFA may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the consolidated financial statements of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries. For purposes of the SEFA, federal awards include any assistance provided by a federal agency, directly, or indirectly, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loan and loan guarantees, or other non-cash assistance. The SEFA does not include payments received under the traditional Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement programs, as these programs are outside the scope of the Uniform Guidance. There were no donated goods and personal protective equipment received from federal sources that required recognition or disclosure in the notes to the SEFA.

2. Indirect Costs

Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries does not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate provided for in the Uniform Guidance.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. Provider Relief Fund

The amount presented on the SEFA for Assistance Listing Number 93.498, COVID-19 – Provider Relief Fund and American Rescue Plan (ARP) Rural Distribution (PRF Funds), is for the year ended December 31, 2022. The amount presented reconciles to the Provider Relief Fund (PRF) information reported to the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) as follows:

Name of Reporting Entity for HRSA Reporting Period 4 PRF Report	Reporting Entity Tax Identification Number	Type of Distribution	Total American Rescue Plan Rural Expenses and Other Provider Relief Fund Expenses Reported	Rescue Plan Rural Expenses and Other Provider Relief Total Lost Fund Expenses Revenues	
Ochsner Medical Center	720502505	American Rescue Plan	\$ 8,733,918 \$	- \$	8,733,918
Lafayette General Health System Inc.	383646817	General	-	3,139,654	3,139,654
Louisiana Women's Healthcare Associates, LLC	721410534	American Rescue Plan General	26,517	-	26,517
St. Martin Hospital	264626264	American Rescue Plan	81,300	-	81,300
University Hospital & Clinics, Inc.	462605366	American Rescue Plan	1,044,906	_	1,044,906
Acadia General Hospital, Inc.	464958152	American Rescue Plan	1,704,228	_	1,704,228
Kaplan General Hospital	472540179	American Rescue Plan	386,357	_	386,357
Lafayette General Medical Center, Inc.	720535375	American Rescue Plan	3,708,074	_	3,708,074
Lafayette Health Ventures, Inc.	721006966	American Rescue Plan	163,803	_	163,803
Oil Center Surgical Plaza, LLC Total PRF expenditures	464090110	American Rescue Plan	<u>26,436</u> \$ 15,875,539 \$		<u>26,436</u> 19,015,193
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Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. Provider Relief Fund (continued)

Health and Human Services (HHS) has indicated the PRF Funds on the SEFA be reported corresponding to reporting requirements of the HRSA PRF Reporting Portal. Payments from HHS for PRF are assigned to 'Payment Received Periods' (each, a Period) based upon the date each payment from the PRF was received. Each Period has a specified Period of Availability and timing of reporting requirements. Entities report into the HRSA PRF Reporting Portal after each Period's deadline to use the funds (i.e., after the end of the Period of Availability).

The SEFA includes \$19,015,193 of PRF Funds received from HHS between January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. In accordance with guidance from HHS, these amounts are presented as Period 4. Such amount was recognized as other operating revenues in Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements in the year ended December 31, 2021.

4. Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)

In fiscal year 2022, Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries received approval from the State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness for 10 project worksheets related to the reimbursement of eligible expenditures of \$89,714,772 incurred in previous fiscal years. These previous years' expenditures are included in the SEFA in the current year in accordance with guidance provided by the Department of Homeland Security.

Schedule Required by the Uniform Guidance

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u> </u>
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u> </u>
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:	Yes	X No
Material weakness(es) identified?		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	X Yes	No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results (continued)

Identification of major federal programs:

Assistance Listing Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
93.498	COVID-19 – Provider Relief Fund and American Rescue Plan (ARP) Rural Distribution				
97.036	Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$3,000,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No				
~					

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2022-001

Noncompliance over activities allowed or unallowed, allowable costs/cost principles, and period of performance related to amounts reimbursed for project worksheets.

Identification of the federal program:

Assistance Listing Number 97.036:

- Disaster Grants Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)
- U.S. Department of Homeland Security
- Federal award identification number:
 - Application titles:
 - 662759 Emergency Work Group #2
 - 662754 Emergency Work Group #2
 - Application numbers:
 - PA-06-LA-4611-PW-01437
 - PA-06-LA-4611-PW-01457
- Federal award year:
 - August 29, 2021 to October 10, 2021
 - o October 11, 2021 to April 17, 2022
- Pass-through entity State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness

Criteria or specific requirement (including statutory, regulatory or other citation):

2 CFR, Part 200, Section 200.84 – Questioned costs states a questioned cost as either (a) which resulted from a violation or possible violation of a statute, regulation, or the terms and conditions of a Federal award, including for funds used to match Federal funds; (b) where the costs, at the time of the audit, are not supported by adequate documentation; or (c) where the costs incurred appear unreasonable and do not reflect the actions a prudent person would take in the circumstances.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Criteria or specific requirement (including statutory, regulatory or other citation) (continued):

2 CFR, Part 200, Section 200.406 – Applicable credits states (a) applicable credits refer to those receipts or reduction-of-expenditure-type transactions that offset or reduce expense items allocable to the Federal award as direct or indirect costs. Examples of such transactions are: purchase discounts, rebates or allowances, recoveries or indemnities on losses, insurance refunds or rebates, and adjustments of overpayments or erroneous charges. To the extent that such credits accruing to or received by the non-Federal entity relate to allowable costs, they must be credited to the Federal award either as a cost reduction or cash refund, as appropriate.

The Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement states the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) evaluates the eligibility of all costs claimed by the applicant. Not all costs incurred as a result of the incident are eligible. Costs must be: reduced by all applicable credits.

Condition:

During our testing over expenditures reimbursed by FEMA, we observed reported expenditures in the project worksheets were not reduced by all applicable credits resulting in an overstatement of the amount reimbursed by FEMA.

Cause:

Certain expenditures in the project worksheets submitted to FEMA for reimbursement were not reduced by all applicable credits.

Effect or potential effect:

Management was reimbursement by FEMA for expenditures that were not reduced by all applicable credits.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Questioned costs:

\$99,285 – Assistance Listing Number 97.036

- Federal award identification number:
 - Application titles:
 - 662759 Emergency Work Group #2
 - 662754 Emergency Work Group #2
 - Application numbers:
 - PA-06-LA-4611-PW-01437
 - PA-06-LA-4611-PW-01457

Questioned costs were computed by calculating the difference between the impacted expenditures submitted to FEMA in the amount of \$923,105 and the expenditures value after reducing for all applicable credits in the amount of \$823,820 resulting in \$99,285.

Context:

During our testing over activities allowed or unallowed, allowable costs/cost principles, and period of performance, we obtained a listing of expenditures submitted for reimbursement to FEMA for the impacted project worksheets and observed 130 expenditures in the listing for a total value of \$923,105 (total value factoring in the cost share was \$888,900). We selected a sample of 21 for testing over activities allowed or unallowed and allowable costs/cost principals and a sample of 24 for testing over period of performance.

There were certain expenditures identified in the sample selected that were not reduced for all applicable credits (i.e., the vendor provided a credit back to the entity for a previously paid invoice). Management evaluated the entire population of expenditures, and it was identified that \$99,285 was the difference between the submitted expenditures value to FEMA and the expenditures value after reducing for all applicable credits.

Identification as a repeat finding, if applicable:

No.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Recommendation:

We recommend that management refund the questioned costs to FEMA and ensure future project worksheets are reduced for all applicable credits.

Views of responsible officials:

Ochsner will reach out to FEMA/GOHSEP to self-report the issue and ask that these PWs be moved to closeout (this can be done because both PWs have been paid in full). Ochsner will also work with FEMA/GOHSEP to refund the total overpayment of \$99,285 – either via direct payment or reduction of future reimbursement under Ochsner's other outstanding PWs with FEMA for COVID-19 and Hurricane Ida. For future FEMA claims, Ochsner will continue to work to ensure that PWs are reduced for all applicable credits using the most accurate information available – either at the time the PWs are submitted or during closeout.

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Report of Independent Auditors on Supplementary Information

The Board of Directors Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Compensation Information as required under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513A(1)(a)(3) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

April 21, 2023

Schedule of Compensation Information

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Chief Executive Officer:

Warner L. Thomas – January 1, 2022 – October 31, 2022

Pete November – November 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022

None of the Chief Executive Officers' compensation is paid from public funds received by Ochsner Clinic Foundation and Subsidiaries.



Ernst & Young LLP 3900 Hancock Whitney Center 701 Poydras Street New Orleans, LA 70139 Tel: +1 504 581 4200 Fax: +1 504 596 4233 ey.com

Report of Independent Accountants on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

Management of Ochsner Clinic Foundation

We have performed the procedures enumerated in Attachment A on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 (Subject Matter). Ochsner Clinic Foundation's management is responsible for the Subject Matter.

Ochsner Clinic Foundation (the Engaging Party) and the LLA (together, Specified Parties) have agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for the intended purpose to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. No other party acknowledged the appropriateness of the procedures. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. We did not perform any other procedures other than those reported herein. The procedures performed may not address all of the items of interest to a user of the report and may not meet the needs of all users of the report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes. We make no representation regarding the appropriateness of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures performed and our associated findings are included in Attachment A.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). An agreed-upon procedures engagement involves the practitioner performing specific procedures that the engaging party has agreed to and acknowledged to be appropriate for the purpose of the engagement and reporting on findings based on the procedures performed. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the C/C areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of Ochsner Clinic Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, as applicable for agreed-upon procedures engagements set forth in the Preface: Applicable to All Members and Part 1 – Members in Public Practice of the Code of Professional Conduct established by the AICPA.



Furthermore, we undertake no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the C/C areas identified in the LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of Ochsner Clinic Foundation, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ernst + Young LLP

June 23, 2023

Attachment A

Agreed-Upon Procedures			Results
1. W	ritten Policies and Procedures		
pr of ap op i. ii. iii iv vv. v. vi	 initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes. <i>Disbursements</i>, including processing, reviewing, and approving. <i>Receipts/Collections</i>, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation). 		 We obtained the relevant policies and procedures, verifying they addressed the applicable categories referenced within AUP 1 and noted the following: No written policy exists for budgeting; however, we inquired of management noting Ochsner Clinic Foundation has a monthly process that includes operational leadership presenting its budget to actual variances to executive and system leadership. These results are combined and shared with the board quarterly. We review all BOD minutes as part of our financial statement audit procedures. Based on our review of board minutes from prior years, as well as for the current year, we confirmed budget to actual results are prepared, reviewed, and amended as needed. Written policy and procedures exist addressing items (1) through (3). Items (4) and (5) are not documented in written policies and procedures because, as a non-governmental agency, Ochsner Clinic Foundation is not statutorily bound by the Louisiana Procurement Code or public bid law. However, Ochsner Clinic Foundation does follow public bid requirements for items reimbursed by FEMA as well as other government grants when contractually required. Inspected. Inspected. Not applicable as the Ochsner Clinic Foundation is a nonprofit entity. No written policy exists. Inspected. Not applicable as the Ochsner Clinic Foundation is not subject to R.S. 42:342-344, we inspected its Anti-discrimination, Non-Retaliation, & Harassment.

¹ For governmental organizations, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to the organization's operations. For quasi-public organizations, including nonprofits, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to public funds administered by the quasi-public.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures	Results
	 viii. Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases). 	
	ix. <i>Ethics</i> ² , including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.	
	x. <i>Debt Service</i> , including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.	
	 xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event. xii. Prevention of Sexual Harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting. 	
2.	Board or Finance Committee ³	
А.	Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and	 A. We obtained and inspected the minutes for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, as well as the bylaws, noting no exceptions. i. No exceptions noted.

² The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the nonprofit should have written policies and procedures relating to ethics.

³ These procedures are not applicable to entities managed by a single elected official, such as a sheriff or assessor.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures	Results
	i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.	 ii. No exceptions noted. iii. N/A – not a government entity. iv. No exceptions noted.
	 ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds⁴, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. <i>Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds⁵ if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.</i> 	
	 iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund. 	
	iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved. ⁶	
3.	Bank Reconciliations	
А.	Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account	 A. Inspected. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted.

⁴ Proprietary fund types are defined under GASB standards and include enterprise and internal service funds. The related procedure addresses these funds as a way to verify that boards are provided with financial information necessary to make informed decisions about entity operations, including proprietary operations that are not required to be budgeted under the Local Government Budget Act.

⁵ R.S. 24:513 (A)(1)(b)(iv) defines public funds.

⁶ No exception is necessary if management's opinion is that the cost of taking corrective action for findings related to improper segregation of duties or inadequate design of controls over the preparation of the financial statements being audited exceeds the benefits of correcting those findings.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures		Results
acco from corre each i. ii.	randomly select 4 additional accounts ⁷ (or all punts if less than 5). Randomly select one month in the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the esponding bank statement and reconciliation for a selected account, and observe that: Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialled and dated or electronically logged); Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialled and dated, electronically logged); and Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.		
4. Col	llections (excluding electronic funds transfers) ⁸		
perior orde repro Rand if les B. For colle repro Rand depo and there inque colle	ain a listing of deposit sites ⁹ for the fiscal of where deposits for cash/checks/money ers (cash) are prepared and management's esentation that the listing is complete. domly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites ss than 5). each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of ection locations ¹⁰ and management's esentation that the listing is complete. domly select one collection location for each osit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 posit sites), obtain and inspect written policies procedures relating to employee job duties (if e are no written policies or procedures, then the of employees about their job duties) at each ection location, and observe that job duties are perly segregated at each collection location such	A. B.	 Inspected. i. No exceptions noted. ii. We noted at one location the same employee was responsible for collecting cash and preparing the bank deposit without additional review or reconciliation. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.

⁷ Accounts selected may exclude savings and investment accounts that are not part of the entity's daily business operations.

⁸ The Collections category is not required to be performed if the entity has a third-party contractor performing all collection functions (e.g., receiving collections, preparing deposits, and making deposits).

⁹ A deposit site is a physical location where a deposit is prepared and reconciled.

¹⁰ A collection location is a physical location where cash is collected. An entity may have one or more collection locations whose collections are brought to a deposit site for deposit. For example, in a school district a collection location may be a classroom and a deposit site may be the school office. For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited.

		Agreed-Upon Procedures			Results
	i.	Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;			
	ii.	Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;			
	iii.	Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and			
	iv.	The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.	C.	Ins	pected.
C.	insu who insu	ain from management a copy of the bond or trance policy for theft covering all employees to have access to cash. Observe that the bond or trance policy for theft was in force during the all ported	D.	-	pected.
D.	Ran ban prod chro date dep day sou sele case boo	al period. adomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 k accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations cedure #3A (select the next deposit date phologically if no deposits were made on the es randomly selected and randomly select a osit if multiple deposits are made on the same). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a rec document other than bank statements when excing the deposit dates for testing, such as a th collection log, daily revenue report, receipt k, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for h of the 10 deposits and:			No exceptions noted. No exceptions noted. No exceptions noted. No exceptions noted.
	i.	Observe that receipts are sequentially pre- numbered. ¹¹			
	ii.	Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.			
	iii.	Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.			
	iv.	Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt ¹² at the collection			

¹¹ The practitioner is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.

¹² As required by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1212.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures		Results
	 location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer). v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger. 		
5.	Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purch	ases	, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)
А.	Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).	A.	We note that all invoices and checks are processed centrally.
В.	 For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase; At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors; The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files; Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means. 	В.	 Inspected. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.
lega a La	te: Findings related to controls that constrain the al authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of awrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]	C	Inspected
C.	For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's	C.	Inspected. i. No exceptions noted.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures		Results
D.	 representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account for testing that does include electronic disbursements. 	D.	ii. No exceptions noted. Inspected.
6.	Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Co	ards	
А. В.	Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards ¹³ . Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Using the listing prepared by management, readomly salest 5 cords (cardl cards if loss than 5)	А. В.	Inspected.
	randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and		i. No exceptions noted.ii. No exceptions noted.

¹³ Including cards used by school staff for either school operations or student activity fund operations.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures	Results
C.	 i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection)¹⁴. For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a missing receipt statement that is subject to increased scrutiny. 	C. Inspected. i. No exceptions noted.
7.	Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursement	nts ¹⁵ (excluding card transactions)
Α.	Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more	 A. Inspected. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.

¹⁴ For example, if 3 of the 5 cards selected were fuel cards, transactions would only be selected for each of the 2 credit cards. Conceivably, if all 5 cards randomly selected under procedure #7B were fuel cards, procedure #7C would not be applicable.

¹⁵ Non-travel reimbursements are not required to be tested under this category.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures	Results
	 than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov); ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased; 	
	 iii. Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone 	
8.	other than the person receiving reimbursement.	
A.	 Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. <i>Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.</i> Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law¹⁶ (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law; ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter); iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and 	 A. Inspected. i. N/A, Ochsner Clinic Foundation is not subject to the Louisiana Public Bid Law. ii. N/A, contracts are not required to be approved by policy or law. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.

¹⁶ If the entity has adopted the state Procurement Code, replace Louisiana Public Bid Law with Louisiana Procurement Code.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures	Results
	iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.	
9.	Payroll and Personnel	
А.	Obtain a listing of employees and officials ¹⁷ employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.	A. Inspected.i. No exceptions noted.
В.	 Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and i. Observe that all selected employees or officials¹⁸ documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory); ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials; iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay 	 B. Inspected. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.
C.	rate found within the personnel file. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.	C. Inspected. i. No exceptions noted.

¹⁷ Officials would include those elected, as well as board members who are appointed.

¹⁸ Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.

	Agreed-Upon Procedures		Results
D.	Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.	D.	Inspected.
10.	Ethics ¹⁹		
А.	 Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable. 	А.	The Louisiana Code of Ethics is not applicable to Ochsner Clinic Foundation as it is a nonprofit entity. Furthermore, we inspected all funding terms and conditions and noted no requirements regarding ethics documentation.
B.	Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.	B.	Ochsner Clinic Foundation is not subject to R.S. 42:1170.
11.	Debt Service ²⁰		
А. В.	Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-	А. В.	Inspected. No new bonds issued in 2022; therefore, no State Bond Commission approval was required. Inspected. No exceptions noted.

¹⁹ The Louisiana Code of Ethics is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If ethics is applicable to a nonprofit, the procedures should be performed.

²⁰ This AUP category is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities; however, if applicable, the procedures should be performed.

Agreed-Upon Procedures			Results		
	lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).				
12.	Fraud Notice				
A.	Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.	А.	Inspected. No misappropriations were noted.		
B.	Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.	B.	We observed the notice has not been posted on Ochsner Clinic Foundation's website concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds. We also did not observe the notice posted on its premises for one location of the five locations inspected.		
<i>13</i> .	Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Busine	ess C	Continuity		
A.	 Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report. We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management. i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted. ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation), then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months. iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating 	A.	 We performed the procedure and discussed the results with Internal Audit who discussed the procedures with management. i. We performed the procedure and discussed the procedures with management. ii. We performed the procedure and discussed the results with Internal Audit, who discussed the procedures with management. iii. We performed the procedure and discussed the results with Internal Audit, who discussed the procedures with management. iii. We performed the procedure and discussed the procedures with management. iiii. We performed the procedure and discussed the results with Internal Audit, who discussed the procedures with management. 		

	Agreed-Upon Procedures		Results
B.	system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.	B.	Inspected. No exceptions noted.
14.	Prevention of Sexual Harassment ²¹		
A.	Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.	A.	As Ochsner Clinic Foundation is a private nonprofit, it is not subject to the sexual harassment law, R.S. 42:343, et seq. Additionally, we reviewed funding terms and conditions and noted Ochsner Clinic Foundation was not subject to the law as part of its agreement to receive the public funds.
В.	Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).		
C.	 Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344: i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training 		
	requirements;ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;		
	iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;		
	iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and		
	v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.		

²¹ A private nonprofit that is subject to audit by virtue of the receipt of public funds does not appear to be subject to the sexual harassment law, R.S. 42:341, et seq. However, the nonprofit could be subject to the law as part of its agreement to receive the public funds.

AUDIT SERVICES REPORT ON APPLYING LOUISIANA STATEWIDE AGREED UPON PROCEDURES

To Ernst & Young:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. The Entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

Ochsner Health has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Additionally, the LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated results are noted beginning on page 2.

This agreed upon procedures engagement was conducted in conformity with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on these C/C areas identified and the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

During 2022, Ochsner received the following publicly funded grants:

- 1. Various Research Programs
- 2. COVID-19 Testing for the Uninsured
- 3. COVID-19 Telehealth Program
- 4. FEMA
- 5. HRSA
- 6. PRF
- 7. COVID-19 Testing and Mitigation for Rural Health Clinics

The report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on these C/C areas identified in the SAUPs and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Michelle Lucas Huck

Vice President & Chief Audit Executive

Ochsner Health

New Orleans, LA

May 24, 2023

		Agreed Upon Procedures		Results
1.	Written Po	licies and Procedures		
Α.	procee of the	n and inspect the entity's written policies and dures and observe whether they address each e following categories and subcategories if able to public funds and the entity's tions: ¹ Budgeting , including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.	A. Com i.	npleted. No written policy exists for budgeting; however, Ochsner has a monthly process that includes operational leadership presenting their budget to actual variances to executive and system leadership. These results are combined and
	ii.	<i>Purchasing</i> , including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.	ii.	Written policy and procedures exist addressing items (1) through (3). Items (4) and (5) are not documented in written policies and procedures because, as a non- governmental agency, Ochsner is not statutorily bound by the
	iii.	<i>Disbursements</i> , including processing, reviewing, and approving.		Louisiana Procurement Code or public bid law. However,
	iv.	Receipts/Collections , including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture manipulations.	iii. iv. v.	Ochsner does follow public bid requirements for items reimbursed by FEMA as well as other government grants when contractually required. Completed. Completed.
	V.	monies confirmation). Payroll/Personnel , including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.	vi. vii.	Completed. Completed.
	vi.	<i>Contracting</i> , including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.		

¹ For governmental organizations, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to the organization's operations. For quasi-public organizations, including nonprofits, the practitioner may eliminate those categories and subcategories not applicable to public funds administered by the quasi-public.

vii.	<i>Travel and Expense Reimbursement</i> , including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.	viii. ix.	Completed. As a non-profit, the Louisiana Code of Ethics is not applicable
viii.	<i>Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)</i> , including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).	x.	to Ochsner Health. No written policy exists, however Ochsner follows proper guidelines in regard to approval and issuance of new debt services. Ochsner also files compliance certificates to ensure proper requirements are
ix.	<i>Ethics</i> ² , including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.	xi. xii.	met. Completed. Although Ochsner Health is not subject to R.S. 42:342-344, it does maintain an Anti- discrimination, Non-Retaliation, & Harassment Free Environment Policy which
х.	Debt Service , including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.		addresses Sexual Harassment.
xi.	Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.		
xii.	Prevention of Sexual Harassment , including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions,		

² The Louisiana Code of Governmental Ethics (Ethics Code) is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If the Ethics Code is applicable to a nonprofit, the nonprofit should have written policies and procedures relating to ethics.

(2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.			
2. Board or F	Finance Committee ³		
A. Obtai minut enabl	n and inspect the board/finance committee es for the fiscal period, as well as the board's ing legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent nent in effect during the fiscal period, and	i	Completed. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. N/A – not a government entity v. No exceptions noted.
i.	Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.		
ii.	For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds ⁴ , and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. <i>Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds⁵ if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.</i>		
iii.	For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.		

³ These procedures are not applicable to entities managed by a single elected official, such as a sheriff or assessor.

⁴ Proprietary fund types are defined under GASB standards and include enterprise and internal service funds. The related procedure addresses these funds as a way to verify that boards are provided with financial information necessary to make informed decisions about entity operations, including proprietary operations that are not required to be budgeted under the Local Government Budget Act. ⁵ R.S. 24:513 (A)(1)(b)(iv) defines public funds.

<u>3.</u> A.	period repres manag accour and ra accour month corres	Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved. ⁶ <u>nciliations</u> a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal from management and management's entation that the listing is complete. Ask gement to identify the entity's main operating nt. Select the entity's main operating account indomly select 4 additional accounts ⁷ (or all nts if less than 5). Randomly select one from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the ponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected account, and observe that:	A. Completed. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted.
	i.	Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);	
	іі. ііі.	Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.	
4.		s (excluding electronic funds transfers) ⁸	
Α.	where (cash)		A. Completed.

⁶ No exception is necessary if management's opinion is that the cost of taking corrective action for findings related to improper segregation of duties or inadequate design of controls over the preparation of the financial statements being audited exceeds the benefits of correcting those findings. ⁷ Accounts selected may exclude savings and investment accounts that are not part of the entity's daily business operations.

⁸ The Collections category is not required to be performed if the entity has a third party contractor performing all collection functions (e. g., receiving collections, preparing deposits, and making deposits).

⁹ A deposit site is a physical location where a deposit is prepared and reconciled.

		mly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites than 5).	
Β.	10		 B. Completed. i. No exceptions noted. ii. Audit Services noted lack of segregation of duties for cash collection and bank deposit preparation. See Management's Corrective Action Plan for details on how this finding will be remediated. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.
	i.	Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;	
	ii.	Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;	
	iii.	Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and	
	iv.	The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.	
C.			C. Completed.

¹⁰ A collection location is a physical location where cash is collected. An entity may have one or more collection locations whose collections are brought to a deposit site for deposit. For example, in a school district a collection location may be a classroom and a deposit site may be the school office. For school boards only, the practitioner should consider the deposit site and collection location to be the same if there is a central person (secretary or bookkeeper) through which collections are deposited.

D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:			 D. Completed. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted. v. No exceptions noted.
	i.	Observe that receipts are sequentially pre- numbered. ¹¹	
	ii.	Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.	
	iii.	Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.	
	iv.	Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt ¹² at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).	
	V.	Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.	
	Non-Payr purchase	oll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, tr	ravel reimbursements, and petty cash
A.			A. Per AP, all invoices and checks are processed centrally.B. Completed.i. No exceptions noted.
В.	·		 ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.

 ¹¹ The practitioner is not required to test for completeness of revenues relative to classroom collections by teachers.
 ¹² As required by Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1212.

	about	their job duties), and observe that job duties]
		operly segregated such that	
	i.	At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;	
	ii.	At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors;	
	iii.	The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;	
	iv.	Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and	
	v.	Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.	
	legal aut	indings related to controls that constrain the hority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of son Act municipality) should not be reported.]	
C.	above transa reimbu repres Rando obtain	ach location selected under procedure #5A e, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement action population (excluding cards and travel ursements) and obtain management's sentation that the population is complete. omly select 5 disbursements for each location, a supporting documentation for each action, and	 C. Completed. i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted.
	i.	Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and	
	ii.	Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g.,	

D.	initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.	D. Completed.
6.	Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards	
A.	Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards ¹³ . Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.	A. Completed.B. Completed.
B.	 Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as 	 i. No exceptions noted. Fuel cards are monitored in real time due to each card having a unique pin that has to be entered before every use. This sends an email to the employee's manager with the charge and place where the card is being used. P-card statements are not approved since the approval takes place at the requisition level. The requisitions and P-cards are then reconciled on a monthly basis. Credit cards are approved on the individual employee statement level. ii. No exceptions noted.

¹³ Including cards used by school staff for either school operations or student activity fund operations.

		the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and	
	ii.	Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.	
C.	exclud transa each docum should For ea (1) a precis docum (3) do meals the pr transa a com such a	nents selected under procedure #7B above,	
7.		I Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements ¹⁵ (ex	
A.	travel- fiscal the lis select expen docum well as	a from management a listing of all travel and related expense reimbursements during the beriod and management's representation that ting or general ledger is complete. Randomly 5 reimbursements and obtain the related se reimbursement forms/prepaid expense nentation of each selected reimbursement, as s the supporting documentation. For each of reimbursements selected	 i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.
	i.	If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);	

¹⁴ For example, if 3 of the 5 cards selected were fuel cards, transactions would only be selected for each of the 2 credit cards. Conceivably, if all 5 cards randomly selected under procedure #7B were fuel cards, procedure #7C would not be applicable.
¹⁵ Non-travel reimbursements are not required to be tested under this category.

	ii. iii. iv.	If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased; Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by	
		someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.	
8.	Contracts	8	<u> </u>
A.	mater activit fiscal an ec vendo that t contra	n from management a listing of all ements/contracts for professional services, rials and supplies, leases, and construction ties that were initiated or renewed during the period. Alternatively, the practitioner may use quivalent selection source, such as an active or list. Obtain management's representation the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 acts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the g, excluding the practitioner's contract, and Observe whether the contract was bid in	 A. Completed. i. N/A, Ochsner is not subject to the Louisiana Public Bid Law. ii. N/A, contracts are not required to be approved by policy or law. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.
		accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law ¹⁶ (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;	
	ii.	Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);	
	iii.	If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and	

 $^{^{\}rm 16}$ If the entity has adopted the state Procurement Code, replace "Louisiana Public Bid Law" with "Louisiana Procurement Code."

VOchsner Health

Audit Services Department

	iv.	Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.	
9.	Payroll an	d Personnel	
Α.	compl obtain agree	0 1 3	A. Completed. No exceptions noted.B. Completed.
В.	period under	omly select one pay period during the fiscal b. For the 5 employees or officials selected procedure #9A above, obtain attendance is and leave documentation for the pay period,	 i. No exceptions noted. ii. No exceptions noted. iii. No exceptions noted. iv. No exceptions noted.
	i.	Observe that all selected employees or officials ¹⁸ documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);	
	ii.	Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;	
	iii.	Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and	C. Completed. No exceptions were found as a result of this procedure.
	iv.	Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.	
C.	receiv period list is o official hours termin policy	a listing of those employees or officials that ed termination payments during the fiscal and management's representation that the complete. Randomly select two employees or ls and obtain related documentation of the and pay rates used in management's ation payment calculations and the entity's on termination payments. Agree the hours to employee's or official's cumulative leave	D. Completed.

¹⁷ "Officials" would include those elected, as well as board members who are appointed.
¹⁸ Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave.
However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.

	records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.	
D.	Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.	
	Ethics ¹⁹	A The Louisiana Cada of Ethica is not
A.	Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and	A. The Louisiana Code of Ethics is not applicable to Ochsner as it is a nonprofit entity. Additionally, Audit Services reviewed all funding terms
	i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and	and conditions and noted no requirements regarding ethics documentation.
	ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.	B. Ochsner is not subject to R.S.
B.	Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.	42:1170.
11.	Debt Service ²⁰	
	A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued	A. No new bonds issued in 2022, therefore no State Bond Commission approval was required. A few new notes were issued in 2022.

¹⁹ The Louisiana Code of Ethics is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities but may be applicable in certain situations, such as councils on aging. If ethics is applicable to a nonprofit, the procedures should be performed. ²⁰ This AUP category is generally not applicable to nonprofit entities; however, if applicable, the

procedures should be performed.

as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.	
B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short- lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).	
12. Fraud Notice	
 A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523. B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds. 	premises for one location of the five locations tested. See Management's Corrective Action Plan for details on how this finding will be remediated.
13. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Cor	
 A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management." i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted. 	iii. We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

r	ii Obtain and increat the entity's most recent	1
В.	 ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months. iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network. 	B. Completed. No exceptions noted.
	network.	
14. I	Prevention of Sexual Harassment ²¹	
A.	Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.	A. – C. As Ochsner is a private non- profit, it is not subject to the sexual harassment law, R.S. 42:343, et seq. Additionally, Audit Services reviewed funding terms and conditions and noted Ochsner was not subject to the law as part of its agreement to receive the public
B.	Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).	funds.
C.	Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:	
	i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;	

²¹ A private non-profit that is subject to audit by virtue of the receipt of public funds does not appear to be subject to the sexual harassment law, R.S. 42:341, et seq. However, the non-profit could be subject to the law as part of its agreement to receive the public funds.

ii.	Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;	
iii.	Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;	
iv.	Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and	
v.	Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.	

Management's Corrective Action Plan for the 2022 LLA Statewide Agreed Upon Procedures

Related to Procedure 4, *ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit; at one location tested, Audit Services observed one employee was responsible for collecting cash and preparing the bank deposit without additional review or reconciliation due to staffing shortage.*

After discussion with the location staff, a secondary employee, who works in the Therapy and Wellness clinic, will reconcile the cash collected to the deposit slips prior to bank deposit. This process will ensure appropriate segregation of duties. Estimated completion date of management action plan is May 31, 2023.

Related to Procedure 12, Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds, Audit Services observed the notice has not been posted on Ochsner's website concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds. Also, Audit Services was unable to observe the notice posted at one of the five locations tested.

The Compliance regulatory team as of May 2023 is currently working on an updated list of signage requirements for all facilities. Compliance will work with Brand Central and the Copy Center to obtain the most current version of the LLA Fraud Signage. Compliance will work with the facilities to ensure they are aware of the signage requirement and obtain the required signage to be posted. Compliance will also work with the marketing team to have the sign posted on Ochsner Health's website. Estimated completion date of the management action plan is December 31, 2023.