DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission Mansfield, Louisiana

> Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission Mansfield, Louisiana

Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission

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ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075

Monroe, LA 71211-6075

Tim Green, CPA Partners: Amy Tynes, CPA, CFE Aimee Buchanan, CPA Principal: Cindy Thomason, CPA

Audit Managers: Jennie Henry, CPA, CFE Telephone: (318) 388-4422 Margie Williamson, CPA Fax: (318) 388-4664

In Charges: Crystal Patterson, CPA

Toll-free: (888) 741-0205

Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Mallory Stone, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission Mansfield, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2441 Tower Drive

Monroe, LA 71201

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the Commission adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability for the Commission was \$1,078,945 at June 30, 2021 related to its participation in a single employer other post-employment benefit plan. The related actuarial valuations were performed by the Commission's actuary using various assumptions. Because actual experience may differ from the assumptions used, there is a risk that this amount at June 30, 2021 could be over or understated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Budgetary Comparison Schedule, and notes to required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2021 on our consideration of the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Desoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

allen, Dreen + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 31, 2021 **DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission**

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Our discussion and analysis of the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's financial performance provides an overview of the Commission's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS Our government-wide financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

The liabilities and deferred inflows of the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$578,130 (net position). This is a decrease of \$94,038 from the \$484,092 reported at fiscal year ended 2020. This decrease is mainly due to costs and interest related to our OPEB liabilities and deferrals.

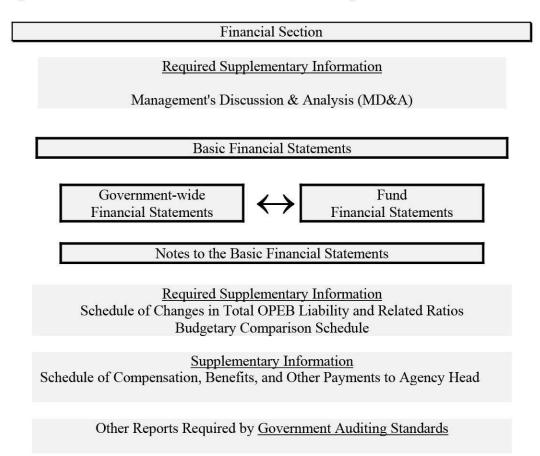
The Commission's revenue received from charges for services for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$634,541, this is an increase of \$45,809 from the revenue received from charges for services of \$588,732 in 2020. This increase in revenue is due to an increase in expenses.

The Commission's total expenses for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$729,082, this is an increase of \$44,184 from the expenses of \$684,898 in 2020. This increase of expenses was mainly due to an increase in our OPEB expenses for Commission employees as the result of a recent valuation that was done.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission as a whole, and its funds. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Commission as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Commission's finances. For our governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements also may give you some insights into the Commission's overall financial health. Fund financial statements also report the Commission's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Commission's General Fund.

The following chart reflects the information included in this annual report.



Our auditor has provided assurance in the independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplementary Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts of this report.

Reporting the Commission as a Whole

Our analysis of the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission as a whole begins with the government-wide financial statements. One of the most important questions asked about the Commission's finances is, "Is the Commission as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the Commission's financial statements, report information about the Commission as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflow/inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Commission's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the Statement of Net Position - as one way to measure the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Commission's net position as reported in the Statement of Activities are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the Commission's operating results. However, the Commission's goal is to increase sales tax collections and decrease operating expense.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Commission's activities are shown as:

Governmental Activities - All of the Commission's basic services are reported here, including salaries and contract labor, employee benefits, professional fees, operations and maintenance, repairs and upkeep, and administrative expenses. Sales tax collection fee revenue finances these activities.

Reporting the Commission's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission reports all of its activity in one governmental fund which uses the following approach:

Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Commission's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Commission's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in the reconciliations (Statements D and F).

The DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission reports a fiduciary fund. The Commission is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the sales and occupancy tax custodial fund which is reported in the statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the Commission's other financial statements because the Commission cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Commission is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

THE COMMISSION AS A WHOLE

Our analysis below focuses on the net Position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Commission's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Position June 30,

ACCETC	2021	2020	Variance
ASSETS Other assets	S 118,915	S 102.908	\$ 16.007
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	205,969	215,850	(9,881)
Total Assets	324,884	318,758	6,126
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Deferred outflows for OPEB	432,717	370,006	62,711
LIABLITIES			
Long-term liabilities	1,134,666	995,033	139,633
Total Liabilities	1,134,666	995,033	139,633
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Deferred inflows for OPEB	201,065	177,823	23,242
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital asets	205,969	215,850	(9,881)
Unrestricted	(784,099)	(699,942)	(84,157)
Total Net Position	\$(578,130)	\$(484,092)	\$ (94,038)

Net position of the Commission's governmental activities for June 30, 2021 was a deficit of \$578,130. Unrestricted net position that is the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements was a deficit of \$784,099.

	2021	2020	Variance
Program revenues:			
Fees, charges, and commissions for services	\$ 634,541	\$ 588,732	S 45,809
General revenues - Interest earned	503	1.786	(1,283)
Total Revenues	635,044	590,518	44,526
Sales tax collections:			
Personnel services and related benefits	614,922	575,520	39,402
Operating services	93,600	86,041	7,559
Materials and supplies	9,437	6,113	3,324
Travel	644	4,127	(3,483)
Depreciation expense	10,479	13,097	(2,618)
Total Program Expenses	729,082	684,898	44,184
Change in Net Position	(94,038)	(94,380)	342
Net Position - Beginning of year	(484,092)	(389,712)	(94,380)
Net Position - End of year	\$ (578,130)	\$ (484,092)	\$ (94,038)

Table 2Changes in Net PositionFor the Years Ended June 30

Governmental Activities

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$729,082. This was an increase of \$44,184.

THE DESOTO PARISH SALES AND USE TAX COMMISSION'S FUNDS

As the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission completed the year, its governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$118,915 which increased \$16,007 from prior year. Collection fees increased \$45,809 due to an increase in total expenses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$56,009. This positive variance was due to an excess of revenues accumulated and carried forward from previous years which caused the budget to be reduced.

Budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$8,266. This positive variance was due to our operating expenses being less than anticipated when the budget was amended.

The final budgeted revenues decreased \$30,841 from the original budgeted revenues and final budgeted expenditures increased \$17,427 from the original budgeted expenditures. Budgeted revenues decreased due to the excess revenues from previous years as noted above. The final budgeted expenditures increased due to Commission employees receiving a one-time pay supplement.

CAPITAL ASSET

At June 30, 2021, the Commission had \$205,969 invested in capital assets, including equipment, and furniture and fixtures. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$9,881 or 4.5%, from last year.

Capital Assets at Year-end

	2021	2020	Variance
Building	\$ 389,607	\$389,607	\$ -
Equipment and furniture	112,474	113,387	(913)
Total	502,081	502,994	(913)
Less Accumulated Depreciation	296,112	287,144	8,968
Net Capital Assets	\$ 205,969	\$215,850	\$ (9,881)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS Our appointed officials and citizens consider many factors when setting the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's budget and tax rates. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is sales tax collections. 99% of our total revenues are from collection fees charged to collect the tax. We have budgeted no significant changes in revenue and expenditures for the year ending June 30, 2022.

CONTACTING THE COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact Mr. Chris Robinette, Administrator, P. O. Box 927, Mansfield, LA 71052 or at (318) 872-3343.

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Stat	ement A
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	117,890
Prepaid items		1,025
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		205,969
TOTAL ASSETS		324,884
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Deferred outflows for OPEB		432,717
LIABILITIES		
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		28,871
Due in more than one year		26,850
OPEB liability		1,078,945
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,134,666
DEFERRED INFLOWS		
Deferred inflows for OPEB		201,065
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		205,969
Unrestricted		(784,099)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(578,130)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement B

EXPENSES	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Sales Tax Collections:	
Personnel services and related benefits	\$ 614,922
Operating services	93,600
Materials and supplies	9,437
Travel expense	644
Depreciation	10,479
TOTAL PROGRAM EXPENSES	729,082
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Charges for services	634,541
NET PROGRAM EXPENSE	(94,541)
GENERAL REVENUES	
Interest earned	503
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	503_
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(94,038)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	(484,092)
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ (578,130)

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

Statement C

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 117,890
Prepaid items	1,025
TOTAL ASSETS	118,915
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-
FUND BALANCES:	
Nonspendable	1,025
Committed	61,508
Unassigned	56,382
5	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	118,915
	 ,
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 118,915

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Statement D

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 118,915
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) per reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement capital assets among the assets of the Commission as a whole. The is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. B expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in gov	of Net Position includ le cost of those capita se) to the various pro- Because depreciation	es those Il assets	
Costs of capital assets	\$	502,081	
Accumulated depreciation		(296,112)	205,969
Deferred outflows/inflows related to OPEB are not due and payable in accordingly are not reported in the fund financial statements.	the current period ar	ıd	
Deferred inflows			(201,065)
Deferred outflows			432,717
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Commission are not due and pay and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, bot are reported in the Statement of Net Position.			
Balances at June 30, 2021 are:			
OPEB liability			(1,078,945)
Compensated absences payable		-	 (55,721)
Net Position - Governmental Activities		_	\$ (578,130)
		-	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement E

REVENUES	
Local sources:	
Collection fees	\$ 634,541
Interest earned	 503
TOTAL REVENUES	 635,044
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Sales tax collections:	
Personal services and related benefits	514,758
Operating services	93,600
Materials and supplies	9,437
Travel expense	644
Capital outlay	598
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	619,037
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,007
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 102,908
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 118,915

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement F

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 16,007
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Act	livities are different beca	wse:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capita	l useful lives as deprecia		
Capital outlay Depreciation	\$	598 (10,479)	
		(10,473)	(9,881)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compens sick leave) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amounts	. In the governmental function function in the governmental function of financial resources	unds,	
(essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation and si exceeded the amounts earned (\$27,384) by \$1,487.	ick time used (\$28,871)		1,487
The increase in OPEB expense is reported in the Statement of Activi expenditures in governmental funds.	ities and not reported as	3	 (101,651)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ (94,038)

FIDUCIARY FUND Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

Statement G

	CI	USTODIAL FUND
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	22,431
Sales tax receivable (net of allowance of \$0)		3,670,404
Occupancy tax receivable		12,797
Cash restricted for taxes paid under protest		339
TOTAL ASSETS		3,705,971
LIABILITIES		
Due to local governments		3,705,632
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,705,632
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	339

FIDUCIARY FUND Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement	Η
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	CUSTODIAL FUND	
ADDITIONS		
Sales and occupancy tax collections for other governments		39,615,895
TOTAL ADDITIONS		39,615,895
DEDUCTIONS		
Payments of sales and occupancy tax to other governments		39,616,263
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		39,616,263
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	. <u></u>	(368)
NET POSITION - Beginning, as originally stated		-
Prior period adjustment		707
NET POSITION - Beginning, as restated		707
NET POSITION - Ending	\$	339

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES As provided by Article VII, Section 3 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission serves as the collector of sales and use taxes for the parish. The commission is comprised of five members, two each selected from the DeSoto Parish School Board and the DeSoto Parish Police Jury and one selected from the City of Mansfield, in accordance with a joint agreement of the agencies. The commissioners serve for indefinite terms and without benefit of compensation. The accompanying financial statements of the Commission have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. **REPORTING ENTITY** The DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission was created as a political subdivision of the state under the provisions of Article VII, Section 3, of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. Commission board members are appointed by taxing authorities imposing sales taxes within the parish and are solely accountable for fiscal matters, which include fiscal management for controlling the collection and disbursement of funds. Additionally, the Commission is the collector for all sales and use and occupancy taxes within the parish. Based on the above, the Commission was determined to be a separate governmental reporting entity. The Commission includes all funds that are within the primary responsibility of the Commission.

B. FUNDS The accounts of the Commission are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Funds of the Commission are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund and a description of each existing fund type follow:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Governmental funds are used to account for the Commission's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition of capital assets, and the servicing of long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

General fund - the primary operating fund of the Commission. It accounts for all financial resources of the Commission.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or a custodian on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust, or private-purpose trust funds. The custodial funds are as follows:

Sales tax collection custodial fund - accounts for sales tax monies collected on behalf of other taxing authorities within the parish.

Occupancy tax collection custodial fund - accounts for occupancy tax monies collected on behalf of other taxing authorities within the parish.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions." Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Program revenues</u> Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Commission's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Commission's general revenues.

<u>Allocation of indirect expenses</u> The Commission reports all direct expenses by object in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with an object.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use unrestricted resources first, then restricted as needed.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

<u>Governmental Funds</u> The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

<u>Fees for the collection of sales and use taxes</u> are recorded when the commission is entitled to the funds which are when the taxes are collected.

Fees for the collection of occupancy taxes are recorded when the commission is entitled to the funds which are when the taxes are collected.

Interest income is recorded monthly as interest is earned.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the Commission and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as earned.

Fiduciary Funds The custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

D. BUDGETS

<u>General Budget Policies</u> The Commission follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the combined financial statements:

During March and April the administrator prepares a preliminary budget for presentation to the Commission. In accordance with adopted policies of the Commission, the budget document must include the following:

- 1. A budget message, signed by the administrator, which includes a summary description of the most important features and objectives of the budget.
- 2. A budget summary listing.
- 3. A proposed budget adoption resolution for the City of Mansfield, DeSoto Parish School Board, and Desoto Parish Police Jury.

The Commission then reviews the proposed budget, makes any changes it deems appropriate, and approves the budget for submission to the taxing bodies on or before May 1. The City, School Board, and Police Jury, no later than June 15, approve or reject the budget.

During the year, the administrator is authorized, subject to approval of the Commission, to make changes within budget classifications as he may deem appropriate. However, any reallocation of budgeted amounts in excess of 5% of total revenues, total expenditures, and/or beginning fund balance, must be approved in advance by the City, School Board, and Police Jury.

Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original budget amounts and any subsequent amendments.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is not employed. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original and amended adopted budget.

Encumbrances Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed. However, outstanding purchase orders are taken into consideration before expenditures are incurred in order to assure that applicable appropriations are not exceeded.

E. DEPOSITS Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposit accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Commission may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The capitalization threshold is \$100. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used, based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-12 years

G. COMPENSATED ABSENCES All employees earn up to 20 days vacation leave each year depending on length of service. Unused vacation leave may be carried forward to the succeeding year up to a maximum of 60 days and is paid to employees upon separation from service. All employees receive one day of sick leave per month. Unused sick leave may be carried forward to the succeeding year up to a maximum of 25 days and is paid to employees upon separation from service.

H. USE OF ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. FUND EQUITY OF FUND FINACIAL STATEMENTS GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

Non-spendable: Fund balance that is not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid items.

<u>Restricted</u>: Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed: Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the Commission's highest level of decision making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the Commission which can commit fund balance prior to the close of the fiscal year through the submission and adoption of a resolution. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds.

Assigned: Fund balance that is constrained by the Commission's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Commission's policy does not address assignment of fund balance.

Unassigned: Fund balance that is the residual classification for the general fund.

Restricted amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The Commission reduces unassigned amounts, followed by committed amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

J. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES The Commission provides certain continuing medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the Commission.

NOTE 2-DEPOSITS Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At year-end, the Commission's carrying amount of deposits was \$140,660 and the bank balance was \$275,379.

These deposits are reported as follows: Statement A-cash and cash equivalents, \$117,890; Statement G-cash, \$22,431 and restricted cash, \$339. The entire bank balance was collateralized with FDIC Insurance or by collateral that is not held in the Commission's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 3 Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledge securities within 10 days of being notified by the Commission that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon request. The Commission has no formal custodial credit risk for deposit policy.

Interest rate risk: The Commission's policy does not address interest rate risk.

Custodial credit risk: The Commission's policy does not address custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS The changes in capital assets follow:

	Balance Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance Ending
Governmental activities:				
Building	\$ 389,607	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 389,607
Furniture and equipment	113,387	598	1,511	112,474
Total	502,994	598	1,511	502,081
Less accumulated depreciation:	287,144	10,479	1,511	296,112
Capital assets, net	\$ 215,850	\$ (9,881)	\$ -	\$ 205,969

NOTE 4 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS All Commission employees participate in the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Benefit provisions are ultimately approved and amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Employees of the Commission are enrolled in the retirement system as employees of DeSoto Parish School Board; therefore, the proportionate share of the pension liability is reported by DeSoto Parish School Board. The Commission does not report a pension liability, deferred outflow, or deferred inflows. The Commission reports as an expenditure the

amount that has been paid to the School Board which is the actuarially required contribution. The Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana issues a public report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. A copy of the report may be obtained from www.trsl.org. Pertinent information relative to the plan is as follows:

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided:

<u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana</u>: TRSL administers a plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees who meet the legal definition of a "teacher" as provided for in R.S 11:701. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the calculation of retirement benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:761. Statutory changes closed existing, and created new, sub-plans for members hired on or after January 1, 2011 and July 1, 2015.

Most members are eligible to receive retirement benefits 1) at the age of 60 with 5 years of service, 2) at the age of 55 with at least 25 years of service, or 3) at any age with at least 30 years of service. For members joining on or after July 1, 2015, retirement benefits are paid at age 62 with at least 5 year of service credit. Members may retire with an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service credit. Retirement benefits are calculated by applying a percentage ranging from 2% to 3% of final average salary multiplied by years of service. Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to January 1, 2011, or highest 60 consecutive months of employment for members employed after that date.

Under R.S. 11:778 and 11:779, members who have suffered a qualified disability are eligible for disability benefits if employed prior to January 1, 2011 and attained at least 5 years of service or if employed on or after January 1, 2011 and attained at least 10 years of service. Members employed prior to January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equal to $2\frac{1}{2}$ % of average compensation multiplied by the years of service, but not more than 50% of average compensation subject to statutory minimums. Members employed on or after January 1, 2011 receive disability benefits equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Survivor benefits are provided for in R.S. 11:762. In order for survivor benefits to be paid, the deceased member must have been in state service at the time of death and must have a minimum of five years of service, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or must have had a minimum of twenty years of service regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Survivor benefits are equal to 50% of the benefit to which the member would have been entitled if retired on the date of death using a factor of $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ regardless of years of service or age, or \$600 per month, whichever is greater. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 21, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or a qualified handicapped child.

TRSL has established a DROP plan. When members enter DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed and deposited in an individual DROP account. Upon leaving DROP, members must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in their DROP accounts.

Contribution rates (as a percentage of covered salaries) for active plan members as established by the Louisiana Legislature for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Employee	Employer
Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, Regular	8%	<u>25.8%</u>

Total covered payroll of the Commission for TRSL - Regular Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, amounted to \$319,638. Employer contributions to the DeSoto Parish School Board were \$82,467 which was the annual actuarial required contribution for the Commissions employees.

NOTE 5 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES At June 30, 2021, employees of the Commission have accumulated and vested \$55,721 of employee leave benefits including \$797 of salary related benefits, which was computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Beginning]	Ending	Du	e within
Governmental activities:	Balance		Additions		Deductions		Balances		One year	
Compensated Absences	\$	57,208	\$	27,384	\$	28,871	S	55,721	\$	28,871
Total	\$	57,208	\$	27.384	\$	28,871	<u> </u>	55,721	\$	28,871

NOTE 7 - **RISK MANAGEMENT** The Commission is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees. To handle such risk of loss, the commission maintains commercial insurance policies covering; automobile liability, medical payments, uninsured motorist, and collision; business liability; property coverage; workers compensation; and surety bond coverage. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years which exceeded the policies' coverage amounts. In addition to the above policies, the commission also maintains an errors and omissions claims paid policy.

NOTE 8 - LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

<u>Taxes Paid Under Protest</u> At June 30, 2021, the Commission is involved in litigations regarding taxes paid under protest. These funds have been placed in an escrow account. Cash of \$339 for taxes paid under protest is included in the custodial fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

NOTE 9 - CUSTODIAL SALES TAX FUND DEPOSITS DUE TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS The following is a summary of the collections and payments made to local governmental entities for sales tax collections during the year ended June 30, 2021:

BALANCE, Beginning	\$ 3,673,062
Receipts:	
Sales Tax Collections	39,296,840
Disbursements:	
DeSoto Parish School Board	22,010,560
DeSoto Parish Police Jury	8,804,780
DeSoto Parish Law Enforcement District	4,402,985
City of Mansfield	2,135,870
Town of Logansport	261,710
Village of South Mansfield	55,844
Town of Stonewall	595,771
Village of Grand Cane	99,504
Town of Keachi	100,734
Collection fees	632,180
Audit fees (sales tax vendors)	177,129
Total Disbursements	 39,277,067
BALANCE, Ending	\$ 3,692,835

NOTE 10 - CUSTODIAL OCCUPANCY TAX COLLECTION FUND DEPOSITS DUE TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS The following is a summary of the collections and payments made to local governmental entities for occupancy tax collections during the year ended June 30, 2021:

BALANCE, Beginning	\$ 11,682
<u>Receipts:</u> Occupancy Tax Collections	146,343
Disbursements:	
City of Mansfield	142,908
Collection Fee	2,320
Total Disbursements	145,228
BALANCE, Ending	\$ 12,797

NOTE 11 - SALES TAX AND OCCUPANCY TAX COLLECTIONS AND DISBURSEMENTS The following are schedules of the sales tax and occupancy tax collections and disbursements on a cash basis collected on behalf of and distributed to local governmental entities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

-	SALES TAX						
-	Total	Collection	Audit	Total			
-	Collections	Fees	Fees	Distribution			
DeSoto Parish School Board (2.5	%)						
School Board 5/1/68 (1%)	\$ 8,992,371	\$ 144,724	S 43,423	S 8,804,224			
School Board 7/1/86 (.5%)	4,496,186	72,362	21,712	4,402,112			
School Board 7/1/86 (.5%)	4,496,186	72,362	21,712	4,402,112			
School Board 7/1/01 (.5%)	4,496,186	72,362	21,712	4,402,112			
	22,480,929	361,810	108,559	22,010,560			
DeSoto Parish Police Jury (1%)							
Police Jury 7/1/81 (.25%)	2,248,234	36,184	10,856	2,201,194			
Police Jury 7/1/81 (.50%)	4,496,469	72,367	21,712	4,402,390			
Police Jury 7/1/81 (.10%)	899,294	14,473	4,342	880,479			
Police Jury 7/1/81 (.15%)	1,348,941	21,710	6,514	1,320,717			
	8,992,938	144,734	43,424	8,804,780			
Law Enforcement District (.5%)	4,497,075	72,378	21,712	4,402,985			
City of Mansfield (1.5%)							
Mansfield 7/1/80 (1%)	1,448,136	23,293	858	1,423,985			
Mansfield 1/1/09 (.5%)	723,959	11,645	429	711,885			
	2,172,095	34,938	1,287	2,135,870			
Town of Logansport (1%)	266,356	4,291	355	261,710			
Village of South Mansfield (1%)	56,754	910	-	55,844			
Town of Stonewall (1%)	607,116	9,857	1,488	595,771			
Village of Grand Cane (1%)	101,393	1,630	259	99,504			
Town of Keachi (1%)	102,411	1,632	45	100,734			
Total	\$ 39,277,067	\$ 632,180	\$ 177,129	\$ 38,467,758			

	OCCUPANCY TAX							
		Total	Со	llection	А	udit	Total	
	Collections		Fees		Fees		Distribution	
City of Mansfield (3%)	\$	145,228	\$	2,320	S	-	S	142,908

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS: The following are details of the fund balance classifications.

Non spendable:	ndable: Ger	
Prepaid items	\$	1,025
Committed to:		
Sick and annual leave pay		61,508
Unassigned		56,382
Total	\$	118,915

NOTE 13 - LIENS OVER SALES TAX REMITTERS The Commission has outstanding liens against sales tax remitters who have not submitted sales tax reports to the Commission. The Commission cannot determine the exact amounts owed by the sales tax remitters, since no sales tax returns were submitted and processed into the Commission's accounting records. The lien amounts recorded at the Clerk of Court's Office are based on estimates determined by the frequency of sales tax returns submitted and the tax liability owed by the remitter in past sales tax returns. Therefore, no amounts are recorded on the Commission's custodial fund, since the collection of the estimates is not probable.

NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) The Desoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission has elected to provide post retirement benefits to its employees. Employees of the Commission are included in the health insurance benefit plan of the DeSoto Parish School Board. The School Board does have a trust established for their OPEB plan. The Commission does not have a separate trust established. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

<u>Plan description</u> - The Commission's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit "substantive plan" as understood by past practices of the Commission and its employees. Although no written plan currently exists or is sanctioned by law, the OPEB plan is reported based on communication to plan members. The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees through the Commission's group health insurance plan. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees, and retirees rests with the Commission. Also, no stand-alone financial report was prepared. Substantially all of the Commission's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Commission, and if the employee chooses to obtain health care benefits from the Commission.

Benefits Provided and Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members and the Commission are established and comply with LRS 42:801-883. Employees do not contribute to their post-employment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The contribution rates are as follows:

	Medical		De	ental	Vision	
	% Paid by	% Paid by	% Paid by	% Paid by	% Paid by	% Paid by
Years of Employment	Retiree	Commission	Retiree	Commission	Retiree	Commission
Less than 10	80	20	100	0	No in	surance
10 to 14.99	60	40	75	25	No in	surance
15 to 19.99	40	60	50	50	No in	surance
20 or more	15	85	25	75	0	100

• Medical - grandfathering provisions apply to those employees hired before January 1, 2010.

• Dental - grandfathering provisions apply to those employees hired before January 1, 2011.

• Vision - grandfathering provisions apply to those employees retired before January 1, 2011.

For employees that retired prior to January 1, 2010, the Board pays 100% of the life insurance premium for retired employees with coverage ending at age 99. Employees that retire after December 31, 2009 are eligible for the following life insurance benefits paid based on their years of service working for the Commission when they retire with coverage ending at 80:

Years of Employment	Life Insurance
Less than 20	No insurance
20 to 30	\$5,000
30 or more	S10,000

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	0
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	5
Total	5

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The Commission's total OPEB liability of \$1,078,945 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial method	Entry age normal cost - Level percent of pay
Discount rate	2.16% based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 bond municipal index
Heathcare trend	Ranges from 6% in Year 1 to 5% after Year 6
Mortality	PubG.H-2010 Mortality tables with generational projection using Scale MP-2020.
Turnover	Ranges from 25% at age 18 and less than one year of experience to 4.2% at age 58 and 4 plus years of experience
Retirement rates	30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; or, age 60 with 5 years of service.
Salary increase	3.00%
Inflation	2.40%

No salary experience studies were conducted. The discount rate was reduced from 2.21% in the June 30, 2020 valuation to 2.16%.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	-	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	937,825
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		42,681
Interest		21,669
Difference between expected and actual experience		129,114
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(52,344)
Benefit payments		-
Net changes		141,120
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	1,078,945

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Commission, as well as what the Commission's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,391,702	\$ 1,078.945	\$ 851,494

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Commission, as well as what the Commission's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Trend	1% Increase
	(4.75%)	Rate (5.75%)	(6.75%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 823,113	\$ 1,078,945	\$ 1,538,233

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Commission recognized OPEB expense of \$101,651. At June 30, 2021, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 112.975 319,742	\$ 130,027 71,038	
	\$ 432,717	\$ 201,065	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows: Vear Ended lune 30:

i cal Ellucu Julie 50.	
2022	\$ 37,301
2023	37,301
2024	37,301
2025	37.301
2026	37,301
Thereafter	45,147

NOTE 15 - NEW GASB STANDARDS ADOPTED In the current year the Commission implemented GASB Statement No. 84–Fiduciary Activities. The principal objective of this statement is to enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activities for accounting and local governments. It improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting and how these activities should be reported. The implementation of this standard required the Commission to present a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for custodial funds. This standard required the Commission to reclassify previously reported agency funds as custodial funds. Due to the implementation of this standard the beginning net position for sales tax custodial fund was restated to \$707 due to definition of liabilities in GASB 84.

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2021

				Exhibit 1
Total OPEB Liability	 2021	 2020	2019	2018
Service costs	\$ 42,681	\$ 19,361	\$ 18,797	\$ 20,966
Interest	21,669	24,140	23,957	22,767
Difference between expected and actual experience	129,114	(153,923)	(14,917)	(3,535)
Effect of assumption changes or imputs	(52,344)	377,899	45,398	(33,650)
Benefit payments	-	-	(12,531)	(11,878)
Net change in total OPEB liability	141,120	 267,477	60,704	(5,330)
Total OPEB liability - Beginning	937,825	670,348	609,644	614,974
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$ 1,078,945	\$ 937,825	\$670,348	\$ 609,644
Covered employee payroll	 312,138	 319,416	311,125	302,063
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	345.66%	293.61%	215.46%	201.83%

Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effect of changes in the discount rate each period. The following is the discount rate used:

2021	2.16%
2020	2.21%
2019	3.50%
2018	3.87%

Changes in mortality rates:

2020 & 2021 PubG.H-2010 mortality tables with generational projection using Scale MP-2020. 2018 & 2019 RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table.

Notes:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 2

		BUDGETED) AM	DUNTS		ACTUAL	FIN/	ANCE WITH AL BUDGET OSITIVE
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	AMOUNTS		(N	EGATIVE)
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Collection fees	\$	608,767	\$	578,795	\$	634,541	\$	55,746
Interest earned		1,109		240		503		263
TOTAL REVENUES		609,876		579,035		635,044		56,009
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Sales tax collections:								
Personal services and related benefits		497,320		515,914		514,758		1,156
Operating services		94,956		100,269		93,600		6,669
Materials and supplies		6,100		8,120		9,437		(1,317)
Travel expense		9,500		1,000		644		356
Capital outlay		2,000		2,000		598		1,402
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		609,876		627,303		619,037		8,266
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(48,268)		16,007		64,275
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		-		48,268		102,908		54,640
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	-	\$		\$	118,915	\$	118,915

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE.

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

A. BUDGETS

General Budget Policies – State statute requires budgets be adopted for the general fund and all special revenue funds. The budget is approved in the April board meeting by the Commission. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing the expenditures. Public hearings are conducted prior to the Commission's approval to receive comments from the public. It is then submitted for final approval to the City of Mansfield, Desoto Parish School Board, and Desoto Parish Police Jury.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year end. Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is not employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. All budget revisions are approved by the Commission.

Budget Basis of Accounting – The general fund budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Legally, the Commission must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budget expenditures and other financing uses. State statute requires the Commission to amend its budget when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more.

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DeSoto Parish Sales & Use Tax Commission Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit 3

Agency Head : Chris Robinette, Administrator

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 101,716
Benefits - Insurance	22,046
Benefits - Retirement	26,243
Per Diem (Cell Phone Allowance)	720
Travel	188



ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075

Monroe, LA 71211-6075

Toll-free: (888) 741-0205

Partners: Tim Green, CPA Amy Tynes, CPA, CFE Aimee Buchanan, CPA Principal: Cindy Thomason, CPA

and 2441 Tower Drive Lue^sM Monroe, LA 71201 Telephone: (318) 388-4422 Fax: (318) 388-4664 Audit Managers: Jennie Henry, CPA, CFE Margie Williamson, CPA

In Charges: Crystal Patterson. CPA Mallory Stone, CPA

> Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board Members DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission Mansfield, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Sales and Use Tax Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

allen, Green + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 31, 2021