CITY OF NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

MAY 31, 2023

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Annual Financial Report May 31, 2023

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CITY OF NATCHITOCHES

Oldest Settlement in the Louisiana Purchase

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the City of Natchitoches' annual financial report offers readers a narrative overview and analysis of the financial performance of the City for the fiscal year ended on May 31, 2023. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the City's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Natchitoches exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$108,990,436 (net position).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Natchitoches' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,359,245
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,075.875 or 18% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The City's bond and notes payable totaled \$17,178,149

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) financial statements of individual funds, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused, compensated absences).

CITY OF NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2023

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and samtation, water, sewer, and utilities, economic development, health and welfare, recreation and culture, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include utilities administration, electric, water and sewer, and interest on long-term debt. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories - governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 61 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, capital projects sales tax, capital projects streets, utility improvements, and sales tax rededication funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19.

Propriety Funds - The City maintains only one type of propriety fund called an enterprise fund which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its electric, water, and sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, water and sewer funds. The basic propriety fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 25 of this report.

CITY OF NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 63

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City of Natchitoches, assets exceeded habilities by \$108.990,436 as of May 31, 2023, which is an increase of \$2,882,818 from May 31, 2022

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets, themselves, cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Natchitoches' Net Position

	A	s of May 31, 202	23	A	As of May 31, 2022				
	Governmental	Business-Type		Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
Current and other assets	\$ 34.597,068	\$ 14.821,368	\$ 49,418,436	8 31,518.012	\$ 15,620.012	\$ 47.138,024			
Capital Assets	58.096,722	58.189,028	116,285,750	57,359,098	58,032,721	115.391,819			
Total Assets	\$ 92.693,790	\$ 73.010,396	<u>\$165.704,186</u>	\$ 88,877,110	<u>\$ 73,652,733</u>	<u>\$ 162.529.843</u>			
Deferred outflows									
of Resources	<u>\$ 10,870,071</u>	<u>\$ 2.897,989</u>	<u>\$ 13,768,060</u>	\$ 4,458,039	<u>S 1,056.762</u>	<u>\$ 5.514,801</u>			
Long Term Liabilities	\$ 43.982,203	\$ 12.323,008	\$ 56,305,211	\$ 30,897,926	\$ 9,818,556	\$ 40,716,482			
Other Liabilities	9.267,823	1,713,394	10,981,217	10,656.999	2,388,333	13,045,332			
Total Liabilities	\$ 53,250,026	\$ 14,036,402	\$ 67.286,428	\$ 41,554,925	\$ 12,206,889	\$ 53.761.814			
Deferred inflows									
of Resources	\$ 2.630,933	\$ 564,449	\$ 3,195,382	<u>\$ 6,713.248</u>	<u>\$ 1.364.913</u>	\$ 8.078,161			
Net Position									
Net Investment									
in Capital Assets	\$ 43.823,573	\$ 55,284,028	\$ 99.107.601	\$ 44,636.628	\$ 54,923,555	\$ 99.560.183			
Restricted	-	6.137,349	6.137,349	-	6,080,981	6.080.981			
Unrestricted	3.859,329	(113,843)	3.745,486	430,348	133.157	563,505			
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 47.682,902</u>	<u>\$ 61.307.534</u>	<u>\$ 108,990,436</u>	<u>8 45,066,976</u>	<u>\$ 61,137.693</u>	\$ 106.204,669			

CITY OF NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2023

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for year ended May 31, 2023 and May 31, 2022.

City of Natchitoches' Changes in Net Position

	A	s of May 31, 20	23	As of May 31, 2022				
	Governmental	Governmental Business-Type		Governmental	Business-Type			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activmes	Total		
Program Services.								
Fees. Fines and								
Charges for Services	\$ 4,152,900	\$ 39,793,825	\$ 43,946,725	\$ 3,683,679	\$ 35,272,751	\$ 38,956,430		
Operating Grants and								
Contributions	3.734,796	-	3,734.796	1.616,655	-	1,616,655		
Capital Grants and								
Contributions	3,318,169	-	3.318,169	2,582,692	-	2,582,692		
General Revenues.			-			=		
Taxes-								
Ad Valorem	2.510 384	-	2,510 384	2 315,706	-	2,315 706		
Sales & Use	13.650,808	-	13,650 808	13 092,111	-	13.092,111		
Franchise Fees	528,308	-	528,308	383,578	-	383,578		
Video Bingo	524,127	-	524,127	588.118	-	588.118		
Licenses & Pennits	1,199,635	-	1.199,635	1,114,408	=	1,114,408		
Interest Income	67,627	19,918	87.545	58,784	19.828	78.612		
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	(16.108)	25	(16.083)	103,784	33,494	137,278		
Gant (Loss) on Investments	-	-	-	(254,790)	(6.720)	(261.510)		
Rental Income	269,944	133 376	403.320	398,740	106,016	504 756		
Insurance Recoveries	348,782	4.321	353,103	268,068	33,003	301.071		
Nonemployer Pension Revenue	522,106	92,587	614 693	543,491	94,049	637 540		
Miscellaneous	901.434	-	901,434	139.684	-	139.684		
Contributed Capital	-	1,404.820	1,404 820	-	1.082,716	1,082 716		
Total Revenues	\$ 31,712.912	\$ 41.448,872	\$ 73,161,784	\$ 26,634,708	S 36,635.137	\$ 63,269,845		
Expenses:								
General Government	\$ 9,253 603	S -	\$ 9,253 603	5 4 872,581	S -	\$ 4,872,581		
Public Safety	11.562,310	-	11.562 310	10 304,621	-	10.304,621		
Streets & Sanitation	3,354,527	_	3,354,527	3,617,540	_	3,617,540		
Water, Sewer & Unlities	6.246 911	35,407 056	41,653,967	836,673	30,044,620	30,881 293		
Economic Development	2,130 957	_	2,130 957	3 291,416	-	3,291 416		
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	285,118	_	285,118		
Recreation & Culture	1,685,693	-	1,685,693	1,183,398	_	1,183,398		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	637,909	-	637,909	381,305	-	381,305		
Total Expenses	\$ 34.871 910	\$ 35,407,056	\$ 70,278,966	\$ 24.772,652	\$ 30.044,620	\$ 54,817 272		
hicrease in net position								
before transfers	\$ (3.158,998)	\$ 6,041.816	\$ 2,882 818	5 1 862,056	\$ 6,590 517	\$ 8,452,573		
Transfers	5.871 975	(5,871 975)		6.051,750	(6.051,750)	_		
Increase in net position	5 2.712 977	5 169,841	\$ 2,882 818	5 7 913,806	\$ 538,767	\$ 8,452.573		
Net Position-June 1	44.969,925	61,137 693	106,107.618	37.153,170	60,598,926	97,752,096		
Net Position-May 31	<u>\$ 47.682 902</u>	<u>\$ 61,307 534</u>	\$ 108,990.436	<u>\$ 45.066,976</u>	<u>\$ 61.137,693</u>	\$ 106,204 669		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2023

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City of Natchitoches' governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - During the year, the City made three revisions to the original appropriations approved by the City Council.

Capital Assets

The City of Natchitoches' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of May 31, 2023 amounts to \$116,285,750 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Improvements made to the water, sewer, and electric systems.
- Improvements made to the City airport.
- Improvements to City Parks.
- Improvements to MLK Events Center.

Capital Assets at Year-end As of May 31, 2023

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Capital Assets, not depreciated:			
Land	\$ 11,415,033	\$ 937,995	\$ 12,353,028
Construction in Progress	1,471,788	()	1,471,788
Capital Assets, depreciated:			
Buildings	20,517,341	1,961,897	22,479,238
Other Infrastructure	37,990,011	0	37,990,011
Other Assets	827,117	0	827,117
Furniture & Fixtures	15,104	310,366	325,4770
Machinery & Equipment	5,421,176	11,405,769	16,826,945
Vehicles	5,518,150	2,280,164	7,798,314
Streets	92,561,314	0	92,561,314
Sidewalks	5.547,865	0	5,547,865
Electric System	0	24,985,181	24,985,181
Water System	0	45,478,732	45,478,732
Sewer System	()	27,721,697	27,721,697
Total Capital Assets	\$181,284,899	\$115,081,801	\$296,366,700
Accumulated Deprecation	123,188,177	56,892,773	180,080,950
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>58,096,722</u>	\$ 58,189,028	\$116,285,750

Additional information on the City of Natchitoches' capital assets can be found on pages 40-42 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended May 31, 2023

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Natchitoches had total long term debt of \$55,146,226. Long-term debt of the City includes net pension liability based on actuarially determined amounts in accordance with GASB No. 68.

Outstanding Debt at Year End As of May 31, 2023

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
General Obligation Debt	\$ 812,148	\$ 0	\$ 812,148
Other Post Employment			
Obligation	7,337,535	2,191,731	9,529,266
Net Pension Liability	20,101,933	5,399,717	25,501,650
Accrued Employee Vacations	2,269,586	667,576	2,937,162
Revenue Bonds Payable	13,461,001	2,905,000	16,366,001
Total	\$ <u>43,982,203</u>	\$ <u>11,164,024</u>	\$55,146,227

The City's current Standard and Poor's bond rating is AAA.

Additional information on the City of Natchitoches' long-term debt can be found on pages 42-44 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In the fiscal year 2023-2024 budget, general fund revenues are budgeted at a 20% increase from the 2022-2023 budget year. Taxes make up approximately 50% of the general fund budgeted revenues, and transfers make up about 50%. The 2023-2024 utility fund operations are budgeted to break even.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Finance Department, at P. O. Box 37, Natchitoches, Louisiana, 71458, call (318) 357-3825, or e-mail CBSmith@natchitochesla.gov.

THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and the City Council of Natchitoches, Louisiana

Adverse, Qualified, and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana (City) as of and for the year ended May 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana, the reporting entity, as of May 31, 2023, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, Each Major Fund, the Fiduciary Fund, and the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana as of May 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The effects of not including the City's legally separate component units on the aggregate discretely presented component units have not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we.

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis. Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The accompanying, Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, Judicial System Funding Schedules, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have issued our report dated November 27, 2023 on our consideration of the City of Natchitoches's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of this report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Natchitoches's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, we have issued a report, dated November 27, 2023, on the results of our statewide agreed-upon procedures performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's state wide agreed-upon procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier CPA's Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier CPA's

Natchitoches, Louisiana

November 27, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities		В	usiness Type Activities		Total
Assets			***************************************			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	31,488,510	\$	1.995,550	\$	33.484,060
Receivables Net		2,949,406		4,942,492		7,891,898
Other Receivables		- -		80,088		80,088
Inventories at Cost		-		1,639,790		1,639,790
Prepaid Expenses		159,152		26,099		185,251
Restricted Assets-						
Cash & Cash Equivalents		-		6.137,349		6.137,349
Capital Assets, net		58,096,722		58,189,028		116,285,750
Total Assets	\$	92,693,790	\$	73,010,396	\$	165,704,186
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pensions	\$	7,095,299	\$	1,770,460	\$	8,865,759
OPEB		3,774,772		1,127,529		4,902,301
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	10,870,071	\$	2,897,989	\$	13,768,060
Liabilities						
Cash Overdrafts	\$	3,431,222	\$	_	\$	3,431,222
Accounts Payable		1,351,296		1,481,460		2,832,756
Accined Payroll		677.289		231,934		909,223
Accined Expenses		779.041		-		779,041
Deferred Revenue		3,028,975		-		3,028,975
Payable from Restricted Assets-						
Customer Deposits		-		1,158,984		1,158,984
Long Term Debt-						
Due within One Year		1,450,520		355,000		1,805,520
Due in More than one year		12,822,629		2.550,000		15.372,629
Net OPEB Obligation		7,337,535		2,191,731		9,529,266
Net Pension Liability		20,101,933		5,399,717		25,501,650
Accried Employee Vacations		2,269,586		667,576		2,937,162
Total Liabilites	\$	53,250,026	\$	14,036,402	5	67,286,428
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pensions	\$	1,099,997	\$	107,156	\$	1,207,153
OPEB		1,530,936		457,293		1.988,229
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,630,933	\$	564,449	5	3,195,382
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	43,823.573	\$	55,284,028	\$	99,107,601
Restricted for Debt Service		-		6,137,349		6,137,349
Unrestricted		3,859,329		(113,843)		3.745,486
Total Net Position	\$	47,682.902	\$	61,307,534	\$	108,990,436

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended May 31, 202a

Program Activities	Expenses	Fees, Fines & Charges for Service	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 9,253,603	s -	\$ 1837.506	5 933 894	5 (6.482,203)	5 -	\$ (6,482,203)
Public Safety	11.562,510	61.780	624,049	525,554	(10.350.928)	-	(10,350,928)
Streets & Sanitation	3 354,527	2 005 839	-	1 484 450	225,741	-	125 742
Water, Sewer & Unlines	6,246,911	1.112.775	-	-	(5.134,136)	-	(5.134.136)
Economic Development	2 130 957	747 69]	982 812	-	(490,454)	-	(400,454)
Health & Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation & Culture	1 685 693	134 815	290 429	574 202	(886,157)	-	(886,157)
Interest on Long-Tenn Debt	637,909		-		103_'09A)		(0.57.0()0)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 34 871 910	\$ 4 152 990	§ 3734 706	3 3318 169	<u>\$ (23,666,045)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (23,666,045)
Business-Type Activities							
Unhues Administration	\$ 1.537.224	\$ 38,934	S -	5 -	\$ -	\$ (1.498,290)	\$ (1,498,290)
Electric	25,895,823	31.628.344	-	-	-	5,732,521	5,732.521
Water	4 912,062	5 272 740	-	-	-	360,678	360,678
Sewer	2,484,525	2,853,807	-	-	-	364,482	369,482
Information Technology	456 619	-	-	-	-	(456,619)	(456 619)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	121,003					(121,063)	(121.003)
Total Business-Type Activities	35 407,056	30 70, 825	-	-	-	4,386,769	4,386 769
Total Government	\$ 70,278,966	\$ 43,946,725	\$ 3,754,796	\$ 3,318,169	S (23 666.045)	\$ 4.386,769	<u>\$ (14,279,276)</u>
			•	em Se Fees tigo ermits tige on Sale of Assets on Investments	\$ 2,510,384 13,650,508 522,308 524,127 1,109,035 67,627 (16,108) 269,944	\$	\$ 2.510.384 13.650.808 528.308 524.127 1.109.605 87.545 (16.083)
					269,944 348,782		405,320 353,103
			Insurance Re	r Pension Ravenue	522,10a	4,321 02,587	533,103 614,693
			Miscellaneor		901,434	~ <i>?</i> A	601,434
			Contributed		791,424	1,404,829	1,404.820
			Transfers	Спримя	5,871,975	(5,871,975)	-
				eral Revenues & 15fers	<u>8 - 26,379,022</u>	<u>\$ (4.216,928)</u>	S 22,162,094
			Change in Net I	¹ 0~ition	\$ 2,712,977	1 169,841	3 2,882,815
			Net Position, Be	ទីវាហារពស្ *	44 969,925	61 137.693	106.107.618
*Restated - See note 17			Nei Position Ei	3d	<u>\$ 47,882,902</u>	<u>\$ 61.307,534</u>	\$ 108,990,436

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds May 31, 2023

Major Funds Capital Capital Projects Projects Utility Total Capital American Improvements Improvements Projects Sales Rescue Plan Nonnajor Governmental Fund General Fund Streets Fund Tax Fund Act Funds Funds Assets Cash & Cash Equivalents S \$ 16.688.075 \$ 3,442,706 S 4,705,292 \$ 3,512,659 \$ 3,139,778 \$ 31,488,510 Revenue Receivables 1.021,649 407,325 1,520,432 2,949,406 Due from Other Funds 36.489 36.489 6,000 4,297 Prepaid Expenses 148,855 159,152 Total Assets 4.470,355 4,709,589 5 3,919,984 \$ 3,139,778 \$ 18,393,851 \$ 34,633,557 Liabilities Cash Overdraft \$ 1,121,309 \$ 826,872 \$ 1.483,041 \$ 3,431,222 280.173 122,133 103,900 69,300 109,800 665,990 Accounts Payable 1,351,296 Accrued Expense 454,220 133,576 191,245 779,041 3.028,975 Deferred Revenue 3,028,975 Due to Other Funds 16,559 19.930 36,489 Accried Payroll 637,528 1.003 38,758 677,289 1,243,442 \$ 1,029,748 \$ 2.398.964 Total Liabilines 1,388,480 103,900 \$ 3.139,778 9,304,312 Fund Balances \$ 6,000 \$ 5 \$ 136,580 \$ 156,723 Nonspendable 14,143 5 \$ Restricted 7.520.851 7,520,851 2.890,236 Committed 4,591,546 9,589,856 17,071,638 3,075,875 Unassigned (1,243,442)(1.252.400)580.033 4,605,689 \$ 2,890,236 S \$ 15.994,887 Total Fund Balance 3,081,875 S (1.243.442)\$ 25,329,245 Total Liabilities & Fund Balances \$ 3.919.984 4,470,355 4.709.589 \$ 3,139,778 \$ 13,393,851 \$ 34,633,557

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position May 31, 2023

Total Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

8 25,329,245

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

The following used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet-

Capital Assets, Net	58,096.722
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,870,071

The following are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet-

Long-term Debt	(14,273,149)
Net OPEB Obligation	(7,337,535)
Net Pension Liability	(20,101,933)
Accrued Compensated Absences	(2,269,586)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(2.630.933)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities <u>\$ 47,682.902</u>

City of Natchitoches Louisiana Statement of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Major Funds

					181.114	OI I WIKE					
	G	General Fund	Imp	Capital Projects provements reets Fund		Capital njects Utility provements Fund	Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund	Resc	nerican ue Plan Act	Normajor Funds	Total Governmental Fuuds
REVENUES											
Taxes	S	6 535,197	S	-	S	-	\$ 2,553,126	\$	-	\$ 7,982,873	\$ 17.071 196
Licenses & Perinits		1.199,635		-			-		-	-	1,199.635
Intergovernmental		1.181,995		-			-	3,1	30,569	2,740,401	7,052,965
Charges for Services		101,696		-		650,089	-		-	2,906,282	3,658,667
Fines & Forfeits		11,705		-			-		-	40,642	52,347
Miscellaneous	_	267.177	_	-	_	67.872	27.288		-	949 488	1,311 825
Total Revenues	5	9.297,405	5	_	5_	718,561	\$ 2,580,414	\$3.1	30,569	\$ 14,619.686	\$ 30,346.635
EXPENDITURES, Current-											
General Government	S	4.918,185	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5	33,894	\$ 1,601.553	\$ 7.453 632
Pubic Safety		9 531,513		-		-	-	. 5	25.553	790 452	10.856 518
Streets & Sanitation		1.503,817		507		-	-	1.4	84,430	2,271,032	5,259,786
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		171,927	1,293,786		-	2,797,774	4.263,487
Economic Development		221,949		-		-	-		-	3,383,138	3,605.087
Recreation & Culture		784,127		-		-	-	1	86,692	378.882	1,349,701
Health & Welfare		-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Debt Service		26.873		-	_	100,000			-	12,942 358	13,069 231
Total Expenditures	5	16.986,464	5	507	\$	271,927	5 1,293,786	\$3.1	30,509	\$ 24,174,189	\$ 45,857,442
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	5	(7.689,059)	<u>\$</u>	(507)	\$	446,634	\$ 1,286,628	S	_	\$ (9.554,503)	<u>\$(15.510.807)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In	S	8 202,948	\$	600,500	\$		\$ -	\$		\$ 5,930,983	\$ 14.734.431
Operating Transfers Out	,	(1.317.300)	ð	000,,100		_	(1.350,000)	,	-	(6,195,156)	(8,862,456)
Sale of Assets		11,932				_	(1.550,000)		_	42.788	54,720
Loss on Investments		11,522		-		_	(64,922)		_	72. 70	(04.922)
Debt Proceeds		_		_		389,500			_	13,642,500	14,032,000
Total Other Financing	5	6.897,580	5	600,500	5	389,500	\$ (1,414,922)	Š	-	\$ 13,421.115	\$ 19,893,773
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	5	(791,479)	\$	200 00 i	\$	836,134	5 (128,294)	S	-	\$ 3.866.612	\$ 4.382.966
		,					,				
Fund Balances- Beginning of Year*		3 873.354		(1 843.435)	_	3 769,555	3.018,530			12.128 275	20,946 279
Fund Balances- End of Year	<u>s</u>	3 081,875	\$ ((1 243,442)	\$	4 005,689	\$ 2.890,236	<u>s</u>		<u>\$ 15,994 887</u>	\$ 25,329 245

^{*}Restated - See note 17

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities May 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 4,382,966

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because

Governmental Funds report Capital Outlays as expenditures However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as a depreciation expense. The cost of capital assets recorded in the current period is

4.203.670

Depreciation Expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-wide financial statements, but does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Current year depreciation is

(3.466.046)

Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and these are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The timing differences are summarized below:

Long Term Debt Payments	12,481,322
Debt Proceeds	(14.032.000)
Non-Employer Pension Revenue	522,106
Net OPEB Obligation	(616.557)
Pension Expense	(593,292)
Accrued Compensated Absences	(169.192)

The net effect of sales transactions involving capital assets is to decrease net position:

Decrease of Capital Assets Decrease of Accumulated Depreciation

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

S 2.712.977

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Assets-	
Current Assets-	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 1.995.550
Receivables	2.623,648
Less, Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(300,000)
Unbilled Receivables	2.618,844
Inventories at Cost	1.639,790
Prepaid Expenses	26.099
Total Current Assets	\$ 8.603,931
Restricted Assets-	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 6.137,349
Noncurrent Assets-	
Capital Assets, net	\$ 58.189,028
Other Assets-	
Other Receivables	\$ 80,088
Total Assets	\$ 73.010.396
Deferred Outflows of Resources-	
Pensions	\$ 1.770,460
OPEB	1.127,529
Total Deferred Outfflows of Resources	\$ 2,897,989
Liabilities-	
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,481,460
Accrued Payroll	231.934
Acciued Employee Vacations	66,758
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 1,780.152
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets-	
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds	f 255 000
Carten Carton of revenue Bonds	\$ 355,000
Customer's Deposits	\$ 355,000 1,158,984

Continued on next page

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Noneurrent Liabilities-	
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 2,550,000
Net OPEB Obligation	2,191.731
Net Pension Liability	5.399.717
Accrued Employee Vacations	600,818
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 10,742.26n
Total Liabiluies	\$ 14.036.402
Deferred Inflows of Resources-	
Pensions	\$ 107.156
OPEB	457,293
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 564.449
Net Position:-	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 55,284.028
Restricted for Debt Service	6,137,349
Unrestricted	(113.843)
Total Net Position	\$ 61.307,534

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Revenues. Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Operating Revenues		
Charges for Services-		
Electric	8	31,628,344
Water		5.272,740
Sewei		2.853,807
Miscellaneous-		
Bad Debt Recovery		1.816
Other		37,118
Total Operating Revenues	<u>S</u>	39.793,825
Operating Expenses:		
Utility Administration-		
Personnel Services	S	991,489
Supplies and Maintenance		545,735
Total Administration	<u>s</u>	1.537,224
Electric-		
Personnel Services	S	1.701,481
Power Purchased		22,528,595
Depreciation		531,676
Supplies and Maintenance		1,134,071
Total Electric	5	25.895,823
Water-		
Personnel Services	\$	792,469
Treatment Expenses		1,887,121
Depreciation		1,079,107
Supplies and Maintenance		1,153,365
Total Water	\$	4,912,062
Sewer-		
Personnel Services	\$	956,997
Treatment Expenses		170,519
Depreciation		610,852
Supplies and Maintneance		745,957
Total Sewer	\$	2.484,325

Continued on next page.

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Revenues. Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Information Technology Department-	
Personnel Services	\$ 205,546
Computer Software & Maintenance	137,602
Supplies & Maintenance	113,471
Total Information Technology Dept	<u>\$ 456,619</u>
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 35,286,053
Income from Operations	<u>\$ 4,507,772</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Income	S 19,918
Insurance Recoveries	4,321
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	25
Non-Employer Pension Revenue	92,587
Remal Income	133,376
Interest Expense	(121,003)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ 129,224
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	\$ 4.636,996
Contributions and Transfers-	
Contributed from Other Funds	\$ 1,404,820
Transfers Out	(7.249,000)
Transfers In	1,377,025
Total Contributions and Transfers	<u>\$ (4.467,155)</u>
Change in Net Position	S 169,841
Net Position Beginning of Year	61,137,693
Net Position End of Year	<u>\$ 61.3</u> 07,534

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

	В	usmess-Type
		Activities
	En	terprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	***************************************	
Cash Received from Customers	S	39,688,179
Cash Payments to Employees		(4,465,956)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(29,308,656)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	5	5,913,567
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Rental Income	\$	133,376
Transfers to Other Funds		(7.249,000)
Transfers from Other Funds		1,377,025
Net Cash Provided by Capital & Related Financing Activities	<u>s</u>	(5,738,599)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Gam on Sale of Assets	\$	25
Insurance Recoveries		4,321
Proceeds from Capital Contributions		1,404,820
Acquisition or Construction of Capital Assets		(2,377,942)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(204,167)
Interest Paid on Capital Debi		(121,003)
Net Cash Provided by Capital & Related Financing Activities	5	(1,293,946)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest Income	S	19,918
Debt Proceeds		-
Loss on Investments		-
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>s</u>	19,918
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	s	(1,099,060)
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	9,231,959
Cash & Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	8,132,899

Continued on next page.

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

		usiness-Type Activities terprise Fund
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income	<u>\$</u>	4,507,772
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Depreciation	\$	2,221,635
Clianges in Assets & Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(63,708)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory		(196,293)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		14,154
(Increase) Decrease in Other Receivables		(54,568)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(710,081)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll		35,143
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		25,439
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB		184,166
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		(62,722)
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		12,630
Total Adjustments	5	1,405,795
Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities	Š	5,913,567
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		
Current Assets-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	S	1,995,550
Restricted Assets-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		6,137,349
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>s</u>	8,132,899

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund Cash Bond Fund For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

<u>Assets</u>

Cash Accounts Receivable	\$ 	129,887 44,882
Total Assets	<u>S</u>	174,769
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Due to Others	\$	174.769

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Fiduciary Fund - Custodial Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Police Bond Fund	
Unsettled Balances - Begunning of Year	\$ 103.417	
ADDITIONS: Fines & Forfietures	315,593	
DEDUCTIONS: Deposits Settled to Marshal	(244.241)	
Unsettled Balances - End of Year	\$ 174.769	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction

The City of Natchitoches (the City) was founded in 1714 and incorporated in 1822. The City currently operates under a Home Rule Charter adopted on January 27, 1975. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, streets and drainage, parks and recreation, certain social services, and general administration services. The City owns and operates one enterprise activity, a utility system which distributes electricity and provides water and sewer services.

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Natchitoches have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" establishes enteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria is described below.

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and
 - a. The ability of the City of Natchitoches to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City of Natchitoches.
- Organizations for which the City of Natchitoches does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the City.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the City of Natchitoches has determined that the following component units are part of the reporting entity:

Component Unit	<u>Criteria Used</u>
Natchitoches City Court	2 and 3
Natchitoches City Marshal	2 and 3
Waterworks District No. 1	1 and 3

A. Reporting Entity (continued)

The City of Natchitoches has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (City) which exclude the above listed component units. Individual financial statements for the above agencies may be obtained by writing P. O. Box 37, Natchitoches, Louisiana 71458-0037.

Various other entities operate within the City of Natchitoches, and many of these include "Natchitoches" within their name. These entities are not considered as reportable component units within the City's financial statements since the City does not exercise control over them.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements of the City of Natchitoches are organized into funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in the individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Funds are classified into three categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and

B Basis of Presentation (continued)

b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the City are described below:

Governmental Funds-

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Fund-

Enterprise Fund

The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fiduciary Fund-

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Sales taxes are considered as "measurable" when in the hands of the Sales Tax Collector, and are recognized as revenue at that time. Ad Valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which budgeted, that is, in the year in which such taxes are billed and collected. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Other major revenues that are considered susceptible to accrual include earned grant revenues, charges for services, and interest earned on investments. Franchise fees, licenses and permits, and court fines are recognized when received because they are not objectively measurable.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, post-employment benefit obligations, pension expense and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund-To account for resources traditionally associated with governments that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Projects Utility Improvements Fund-To account for revenues earned by the Utility System's electrical production plant which are used for improvements to the Utility System.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

- 3. <u>Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund-To account for the payment of the DEQ Bonds issued to construct a new wastewater treatment plant and to fund water and sewer fund maintenance.</u>
- 4. <u>Capital Projects Street Fund-To account for the repairs and rehabilitation of streets within the City.</u>
- 5. <u>American Rescue Plan Act Fund</u>-To account for the receipt and disbursements of Coronavirus Fiscal Recovery Funds

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted and recorded in the accounting records for all governmental type funds. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. At least forty-five days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget in the form required by the City's Charter.
- 2 At the meeting of the Council at which the operating budget is submitted, the Council orders a public hearing on the budget, and orders the official journal to publish at least ten days prior to such meeting, the time and place thereof, a general summary of the proposed budget, and the times and places where copies of the proposed budget are available for public inspection.
- 3. Adoption of the budget is required no later than the last regular meeting of the last month of the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year for which the budget pertains
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control tool during the year. Funds in excess of the budgetary amounts cannot be obligated without the Finance Director's approval. Funds in excess of those budgeted for an entire department (or fund) cannot be obligated without the Mayor's approval. These procedures render control at the departmental fund level.
- 5. The budget can be amended after adoption, by the Mayor submitting an amended budget to the Council, and the adoption of the amended budget by the Council.
- 6 All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted, or as amended with procedures required by the City's charter.

E. Cash and Cash Investments

The City has deposits in several types of highly liquid investment vehicles such as certificates of deposit. Since all of the City's cash is readily available, these deposits are listed in these statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents". Under State law, the City may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. The City may also purchase investments in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government

F. Inventories

Inventories of supplies in the proprietary fund are valued at cost (moving average).

G. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for customer's utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. Allowance for bad debts at May 31, 2023 was \$300,000, which was not changed from the prior year.

H. Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City maintains a threshold level of \$5.000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. All capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Sewer System	50 years
Water & Utility	50 years
Buildings & building improvements	40-50 years
Streets & sidewalks	25 years
Furniture & fixtures	5-7 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Equipment	5-14 years

I. Compensated Absences

Employees of the City earn vacation hours based on the number of years of continuous service. Accrued vacation time is only allowed for full-time employees and not permanent part-time employees. Sick leave shall be accrued by each full-time employee at a rate of 12 days per year.

Vacation and sick leave may be accumulated from year to year. Upon termination retirement, employees are entitled to be paid a maximum of 480 hours of sick leave, 480 hours vacation, and 240 hours of compensatory time. These compensated absences are recorded as a liability in each of the City's funds that have payroll expenditures.

J. Interfund Transactions

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

The following is a summary of interfund operating transfers:

	Operating	Operating
	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 8,202,948	\$ 1,317,300
Special Revenue Funds-		
Sales Tax Rededication	()	2,707,391
Events City Operations	255,000	()
Hazard Tax	0	1,014,000
Sales Tax Police	()	1.702,000
Airport Operations	51.375	0
Employee Benefits	900,000	0
Liability Insurance	849,000	0
Workman's Compensation Fund	300,0(н)	118,348
Economic Development District	100,000	200,000
Miss Merry Christmas	12,300	()
2015 Revenue Note Reserve Fund	245,000	()
Cane River Green Market	25,500	0
Sales Tax- District A	177,417	39,000
Sales Tax- District C	()	369,417
Economic Development District TIF A	0	45,000
Capital Projects Funds-		
Capital Improvements-Special	102,000	0
Capital Projects-Sales Tax	()	1.350,000
Capital Improvements - Streets	600,500	()
LCDBG	275,000	0
Sports Complex Construction	231,000	0
Debt Service Funds-		
Debt Service – Sales Tax	2,407,391	0

J. Interfund Transactions (continued)

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
Enterprise Fund-		
Utility	_1,377,025	7,249,000
Totals	\$16,111,456	\$16,111,456

Transfers are primarily used to move funds:

- From the Proprietary Fund to the General Fund so that excess revenues can be used for governmental services.
- From the Proprietary Fund to the Capital Projects Funds to fund expansion of the Utility Fund
- From the Sales Tax Police Fund to the General Fund to cover cost of police operations.
- From the Hazard Tax Fund to the General Fund to fund cost of police and fire operations.
- From the Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund to the Utility Improvements Fund for utility improvement projects.
- Other miscellaneous transfers to move operation monies to and from various funds.

K. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expense balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and for bond payments which are due immediately after the fiscal year end.

L. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt issued as other financing sources. Repayment of the principal and interest is shown as an expenditure.

M. Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the Utility Fund are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by bond ordinances, or because they represent customers' deposits being held by the fund.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. See note 8, for more information on the individual retirement systems.

O. <u>Deferred Outflows Inflows of Resources</u>

The Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) deferred inflows of financial resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

P. Fund Equity

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact:
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Only the General Fund would report positive amounts in unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$3,075,875. If applicable, the City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Q Net Position

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Q. Net Position (continued)

- b. Restricted net position Consists of net resources with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c Unrestricted net position All other net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management applies unrestricted net position first, unless a determination is made to use restricted net position. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expenses.

R. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond discounts and issuance costs are shown as expenditures in the current period for both governmental and business-type activities.

S. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit.

U. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)" provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements. This statement defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right of use asset, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The City adopted this standard effective June 1, 2022 and has determined that it has no effect on the financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2023.

2. Ad Valorem Taxes

The City levies taxes on real and business personal property located within the boundaries of the City. Property taxes are levied by the City on property values assessed by the Natchitoches Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Natchitoches Tax Commission bills and collects property taxes for the City. Collections are remitted to the City monthly. The City recognizes property tax revenues when levied.

Property Tax Calendar

Assessment date	January 1
Levy date	June 30
Tax bills mailed	October 15
Total taxes are due	December 31
Penalties & interest added	January 31
Lien date	January 31
Tax sale	May 15

For the year ended May 31, 2023, taxes of 17.03 mills were levied on property with an assessed valuation totaling \$144,456,890 and were dedicated as follows:

General Corporate Purposes	7.03 mills	indefinite
Special Taxes	10.00 mills	expires 2028

Total taxes collected were \$2,510,384 after small adjustments were made to the original tax roll. A tax sale was held on May 15, 2023, and most uncollected taxes were collected on that date. Uncollected taxes average less than 2% of total taxes levied, and no provision for uncollectibles is made.

3. Lease Agreements

The City of Natchitoches has entered into the following long-term lease agreement:

Waterworks District Number 1 of Natchitoches Parish for a period of fifty years from 1980. This District was originally created to construct a water source, and furnish water to residents of Ward One of Natchitoches Parish, including those residents living within the City's boundaries. The agreement provides that the City operate the water system, including billing the consumers and collecting for services, furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment to operate and maintain the system. The agreement calls for the City to lease the water system from the Water District for an annual payment of \$3,600. The Waterworks District retains control of and responsibility for the water source.

4 Receivables

The following is a summary of receivables at May 31, 2023:

Sales Tax	\$2,226,346
Licenses	158,983
Charges for Services - Utilities	4,942,492
Miscellaneous	_564,077
Total	\$7.891.898

All receivables for the governmental funds are considered to be collectible, and no allowance for bad debt is used. Allowance for bad debts for the proprietary funds is \$300,000.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended May 31, 2023, is as follows.

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:				
General Fund-				
Capital Assets; not depreciated-				
Land	\$ 11,415,033	\$ 0	S 0	\$ 11,415,033
Construction in Progress	2,381,507	1,260,925	2,170,644	1,471,788
Capital Assets: depreciated-				
Buildings	19,948,375	568,966	0	20,517,341
Other Infrastructure	34,496,085	3,493,926	0	37,990,011
Other Assets	827,117	0	()	827,117
Furniture & Fixtures	15,104	0	()	15,104
Machinery & Equipment	4,834,273	586,903	()	5,421,176
Vehicles	5,108,532	463,594	53,976	5,518,150
Streets	92,561,314	0	0	92,561,314
Sidewalks	<u>5,547,865</u>	0		<u> 5,547,865</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>177,135,205</u>	\$ <u>6,374,314</u>	\$ <u>2,224,620</u>	\$ <u>181,284,899</u>
Accumulated Depreciation-				
Buildings	\$ 8,184,211	\$ 608,998	\$ 0	\$ 8,793,209
Other Infrastructure	7,713,835	1,622,719	()	9,336,554
Other Assets	827,115	0	()	827,115
Furniture & Fixtures	15,104	0	0	15.104
Machinery & Equipment	3,347,652	431,697	0	3,779,349
Vehicles	4,185,810	428,393	53,976	4,560,227
Streets	90,178,977	327,607	()	90,506,584
Sidewalks	5,323,403	46,632	0	<u> 5,370,035</u>
Total Accumulated Depr.	\$119,776,107	\$3,466,046	S 53,976	\$123,188,177
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>57,359,098</u>	\$ <u>2,908,268</u>	\$ <u>2,170,644</u>	\$ <u>58,096,722</u>

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense of \$3,466,046 for the year ended May 31, 2023, was charged to the following governmental functions:

General Fund-	
Finance Department	\$ 58,517
Community Development Department	885,745
Planning & Zoning	5,490
Fire Department	249,764
Recreation Department	405,107
Public Works Department	535,836
Purchasing Department	30,316
Police Department	320.995
Airport Fund	670,145
Convention Center	241,623
Industrial Park South	62,508

Total \$3,466,046

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Business-type Activities				
Utility Fund-				
Capital Assets; not depreciated-				
Land	\$ 937,995	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 937,995
Capital Assets; depreciated-				
Buildings	1,912,581	49,316	()	1,961,897
Furniture & Fixtures	310,366	0	()	310,366
Machinery & Equipment	10,891,269	514,500	0	11,405,769
Vehicles	2,206,852	98,057	24.745	2,280,164
Electric System	24,869,087	116.094	()	24,985,181
Water System	44,771,785	706,947	()	45,478,732
Sewer System	26,828,669	893,028	0	27,721,697
Total Assets	\$ <u>112,728,604</u>	\$ <u>2,377,941</u>	\$ 24,745	\$ <u>115,081,801</u>
Accumulated Depreciation-				
Buildings	\$ 1,131,826	\$ 39,238	\$ ()	\$ 1,171,064
Furniture & Fixtures	310,366	0	0	310,366
Machinery & Equipment	10,317,011	194,165	0	10,511,176
Vehicles	2,169,543	23,476	24,745	2,168,274
Electric System	10,409,214	467.011	()	10,876,225
Water System	17,830,375	959,505	()	18,789,880
Sewer System	12,527,548	<u>538,240</u>	0	13,065,788
Total Accumulated Depr.	\$ 54,695,883	\$ <u>2,221.635</u>	\$ 24,745	\$ <u>56,892,773</u>
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>58,032,721</u>	\$ <u>156,306</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$_58,189,028

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense of \$2,221,635 for the year ended May 31, 2023, was charged to the following business-type functions:

Electric System	\$ 531,665
Water System	1,079,125
Sewer System	<u>610,845</u>
Total Utility Fund	\$ <u>2,221,635</u>

6. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation- At May 31, 2023, the City had the following outstanding general obligation bond issues:

- 1) Capital lease with option to purchase financed through Southside Bank for a fire rescue truck and payments began in December 2017. The original loan was for \$250,000 and is to be repaid over 10 years by the Hazard Tax Fund.
- 2) Note payable with Carbecca, LLC for the purchase of land at Rapides Drive. The original loan was for \$290,000 and is to be repaid over five years from the Hazard Tax Fund. This note was paid in full as of May 31, 2023.
- 3) Note payable with BB&T Governmental Finance for the purpose of purchasing two pumper trucks for the fire department. The original loan was for \$515,824 and is to be repaid over five years from the Hazard Tax Fund.
- 4) Note payable with Altee Financial for the purpose of purchasing a 2023 Freightliner for the utility department. The original loan was for \$389,500 and is to be repaid over five years from the Utility Improvements-Cleco Fund.
- 5) Note payable with Guillett Realty for the purpose of purchasing land and a building for the public works department. The original loan was for \$512,500 and is to be repaid over three years from the Capital Projects-Special Fund

<u>Revenue Bonds</u>- The City has issued several series of bonds for improvements to the utility system, and also to refund other bond issues. All of these debt issues are secured by the revenues of the Utility Fund. These revenue bond issues are.

- Series 2021 Utilities Revenue Refunding Bonds As of March 1, 2021, the City authorized issuance of utilities revenue refunding bonds, series 2021 in the amount of \$3,615,000 to fund the redemption of the following bonds: a) Series 2009A Utilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, b) Series 2009B Utilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, and c) 2015 Taxable Utilities Revenue Bonds.
- 2) Series 2021 Sales Tax Refunding Bonds As of September 1, 2021, the City authorized issuance of Series 2021 Sales Tax Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$11,165,000 to fund the redemption of the following bonds: a) Series 2018 Sales Tax Bonds and b) Series 2019 Sales Tax Bonds.

6 Long-Term Debt (continued)

- 3) Series 2015 Taxable Revenue Note For the year ended May 31, 2016, the City authorized the issuance of revenue bonds, not to exceed \$2,000,000, to provide financial assistance to Industrial Development Board (IDB), a private sector entity for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of an approximately 87-room hotel facility and parking facilities to be located within the geographical boundaries of the City, and to pay the costs of issuance of the note. The bonds are secured by pledge of IDB annual payment, the Economic Development District tax, and excess revenues and are payable solely by IDB. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the property and facilities transfer to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds
- 4) Series 2022 Revenue Bonds - For the year ended May 31, 2023, the City authorized the issuance of revenue bonds, not to exceed \$2,000,000, to funding for the extension and improvement the Texas and Pacific Railway Depot.

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds Outstanding at May 31, 2023, are as follows.

	Issue	Final Maturity	Interest	Balance
<u>Issue</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Rates</u>	Outstanding
General Obligation-				
Southside Bank	12-01-2017	11-01-2026	2.99°°	\$ 108,922
Altee Financial	06-01-2023	06-01-2028	7.55%	289.500
Guillett Realty	06-01-2022	06-01-2025	0.00° $_{\circ}$	302,500
BB&T Governmental Finance	10-15-2018	10-15-2023	3.84%	111,227
Total General Obligation Debt				S <u>812,149</u>
Revenue Bonds-				
Series 2015 Refunding	12-01-2015	12-01-2029	4.30° $_{0}$	\$ 1,206,000
Series 2021 Utilities Revenue	06-01-2021	12-01-2030	1.49%	2.905.000
Series 2021 Sales Tax Refunding	09-01-2021	09-01-2033	$2.75^{o_{o}}$	10.255.000
Series 2022 Utilities Revenue	03-01-2022	12-01-2030	1.49% σ	2,000,000
Total Revenue Bonds				\$ <u>16,366,000</u>
Total General Obligation and R	evenue Bonds P	avable		\$17,178,148

The annual debt service requirements to maturity of general obligation debt and revenue bonds outstanding at May 31, 2023, excluding interest payments of \$2,974,206 are as follows:

Year Ending May 31	General <u>Obligation</u>	Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$362,520	\$ 1,443,000	\$ 1,805,520
2025	202.382	1,472,000	1,674,382
2026	84,834	1,535,000	1,619,834
2027	90,132	1,569,000	1,659,132
2028	72.280	1,609,000	1.681,280
2029-2033	0	7,089,000	7,089,000
2034-2038	0	583,000	583,000
2039-2043	()	475,000	475,000
2034-2048	()	591,000	591,000
Total	\$ <u>812,148</u>	\$ <u>16,366,000</u>	\$ <u>17,178,148</u>

6 Long-Term Debt (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt, including accrued compensated absences, net other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and net pension liability for the year ended May 31, 2023:

	Balance <u>06-01-22</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance (15-31-23
General Obligation	\$ 402,470	\$ 902,000	\$ 492,322	\$ 812,148
Revenue Bonds	15,249,166	13,130,000	12,013,166	16,366,000
Compensated Absences	2,742,531	194,631	()	2,937,162
Net OPEB Obligation	6,152,883	3,376,383	0	9,529,266
Net Pension Liability	<u> 15,025,399</u>	10,476,251	0	25,501,650
Total	\$ <u>39,572,449</u>	\$ <u>28,079,265</u>	\$ <u>12,505,488</u>	\$ <u>55,146,226</u>

7. Flow of Funds, Restriction on Use-Enterprise Fund

Under the terms of the bond indentures relating to Utility Revenue Bonds, all income and revenues (heremafter referred to as revenue) of every nature, earned or derived from operations of the Utility System are pledged and dedicated to the retirement of said bonds, and are to be set aside into the following special accounts:

- 1. Out of revenue, to the "Operations and Maintenance Account", an amount sufficient to provide for expenses of the system.
- 2. Each month, there should be set aside into an account called the "Sinking Fund", an amount constituting 1/12 of the next maturing yearly installment principal payment, and 1/6 of the next six month interest payment. These funds can only be used for payment of bond principal and interest.
- 3. There should also be set aside into a "Bond Reserve Account", an amount equal to 20% of the principal and interest payments required during the current fiscal year until there shall have been accumulated in the Reserve Account an amount equal to the maximum principal and interest requirements in any one maturity year. These monies may be used only for the payment of maturing bonds and interest for which sufficient funds are not on deposit in the "Bond and Interest Redemption Account".
- 4 Funds must also be set aside into a "Contingency Account" at the rate of 7% of the adjusted income of the Utility Fund. Money in this account may also be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds falling due at a time when there is not sufficient money for payment in the other bond funds. This fund can be used for major repairs to the system. The amount in the account should not be reduced below \$15,000. No payment is required to be made into this fund anytime the balance equals or exceeds \$1,000,000.
- 5 All of the revenue received in any fiscal year and not required to be paid in such fiscal year into any of the above noted funds shall be regarded as surplus and may be used for any lawful purpose.

8. Employee Retirement Systems

Substantially all employees of the City are members of the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS), Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (FRS), or the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. General Information about the Plans

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

Plan Description

MERS was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the state, which did not have their own retirement system and which elected to become members of MERS.

Act 569 of the year 1968 established by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana provides an optional method for municipalities to cancel Social Security and come under supplementary benefits in MERS, effective on and after June 30, 1970. Effective October 1, 1978, under Act 788, the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan" were replaced and are now known as Plan "A" and Plan "B". Plan A combines the original plan and the supplemental plan for those municipalities participating in both plans, while Plan B participates in only the original plan.

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least 35 hours per week. Individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in MERS with exceptions as outlined in the statutes. MERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at www.lla.state.la.us.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement

Any member of Plan A who commenced participation prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

8 Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. An additional regular retirement benefit can be received for any city marshal or deputy city marshal. See Plan Booklet for further details.

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Age 67 with seven years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 62 with ten years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty years of creditable service.
- 4. Any age with twenty five years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted.

Survivor's Benefits

Upon the death of any member of Plan A with five or more years of creditable service, not eligible for normal retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in DROP for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the MERS has been terminated for at least one full year.

8. Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in MERS.

Disability Benefits

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if they have at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of (1) an amount equal to three percent of the member's current final compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service, but not less than forty-five percent of his final compensation, or (2) an amount equal to what the member's normal retirement benefit would be based on the member's current final compensation, but assuming the member remained in continuous service until his earliest normal retirement age and using those retirement benefit computation factors which would be applicable to the member's normal retirement.

Cost-of-Living Increases

MERS is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows MERS to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefits

Both plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2022, the employer contribution rate was 29.50% of member's earnings for Plan A.

8. Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

According to state statute, MERS also receives one-fourth (1/4) of 1% of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes except for Orleans. Tax monies are apportioned between Plan A and Plan B in proportion to salaries of plan participants. MERS also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. The non-employer contribution was \$196,995.

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended May 31, 2023 29.50% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$1,656,119 for the year ended May 31, 2023.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)

Plan Description

MPERS was established by and the benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2211 – 11:2233. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Membership is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. MPERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at www.lampers.org or www.lampers.org

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information

Retirement

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013

A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

8. Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Benefit rates are 3.33% of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from 40% to 60% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives benefits equal to 10% of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013

Membership eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years creditable service at age 55. Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are 3% (generally) and 2.5%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from 25% to 55% of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age 18 receives 10% of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than 10 years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

8. Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year. Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment until they reach retirement age.

A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

A member is eligible to elect to enter DROP when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in MPERS is terminated. At the entry date into DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is 36 months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into MPERS shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefits based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of MPERS' investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on MPERS' investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account and earn interest at the money market rate

Initial Benefit Option Plan

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized MPERS to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefits, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on the same criteria as DROP.

Contributions

Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

8. Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 33.75% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 33.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members whose earnable compensation is less than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 36.25% and 7.5%, respectively.

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions of \$173,094 are recognized as revenue, but are not considered special funding situations.

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended May 31, 2023 was 29.75% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$716,159 for the year ended May 31, 2023.

Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (FRS)

FRS was established by Act 434 of 1979 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to firefighters in Louisiana. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through FRS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2251 – 11:2272. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any person who becomes an employee as defined in RS 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980, shall become a member as a condition of employment. Membership in FRS consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least \$375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and are employed by a fire department of any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana.

No person who has attained age 50 or over shall become a member of FRS, unless the person becomes a member by reason of a merger or unless FRS received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of 50. No person who has not attained the age of 18 years shall become a member of FRS.

8. Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of FRS, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with FRS, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in FRS.

FRS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at www.lafirefightersret.com or www.lla.state.la.us.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement

Employees with 20 or more years of service who have attained age 50, or employees who have 12 years of service who have attained age 55, or 25 years of service at any age are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to 3.333% of their average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

If employees terminate before completing 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions.

Benefits are payable over the retirees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. An employee may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement.

See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

Disability Benefits

A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

Death Benefits

Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R.S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

8 Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

After completing 20 years of creditable service and attaining the age of 50 years, or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in DROP for up to 36 months.

Upon commencement of participation in DROP, employer and employee contributions to FRS cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the member's DROP account. Upon termination of employment, a participant in the program has several options to receive their DROP benefit. A member may (1) elect to roll over all or a portion of their DROP balance into another eligible qualified plan, (2) receive a lump-sum payment from the account. (3) receive single withdrawals at the discretion of the member, (4) receive monthly or annual withdrawals, or (5) receive annuity based on the DROP account balance. These withdrawals are in addition to his regular monthly benefit.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to FRS. No withdrawals may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

Initial Benefit Option Plan

Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

Cost-of-Living Increases

Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260(A)(7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases, FRS must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In heu of these COLAs, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase based on a formula equal to up to \$1 times the total number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree plus the number of years since retirement or since dearth of the member or retiree to FRS's fiscal year end preceding the payment of the benefit increase. If there are not sufficient funds to fund the benefit at the rate of one dollar per year for such total number of years, then the rate shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds that are available to fund the COLA.

Contributions

Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year. For the measurement date of June 30, 2022, employer and employee contributions for members above the poverty line were 32.25% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for those members below the poverty line were 34 25% and 8.0%, respectively.

8. Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

According to state statute, FRS receives insurance premium assessments from the State of Louisiana as additional employer contributions. The assessment is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions of \$244,604 are recognized as revenue, but are not considered special funding situations.

The City's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended May 31, 2023 was 33.75% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$750,639 for the year ended May 31, 2023.

B. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions

At May 31, 2023, the City reported a total of \$25,972,631 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities of the Plans.

Plan	Measurement Date		
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
MERS	\$11,488,759	\$12,013,711	
MPERS	7,953,737	7,789,871	
FRS	6,059,154	6,118,929	
LASERS	0	50,120	
Total	\$25,501,650	\$25,972,631	

The Net Pension Liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liabilities was based on the employer's contribution effort to the plan for the current fiscal year as compared to the total of all employers' contribution effort to the plan for the current fiscal year. At the measurement dates, the City's proportions of each were as follows:

Plan	Proportionate Share		
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
MERS	2.766220%	2.681650%	
MPERS	0.77812%	0.83646%	
FRS	0.85930%	0.87689%	
Total	4.403640%	4.394800%	

8 Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

For the year ended May 31, 2023 and 2022, the City recognized pension expense including employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as follows:

Plan	Measurement Date		
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
MERS	\$1,522,668	\$ 398.859	
MPERS	1,222,784	285,341	
FRS	908,442	258,098	
Total	\$3,653,894	\$4,169,698	

At May 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Municipal	Employees	Mumeipa	il Police	Firefig	diters	T,	ıtal 💮
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Defened	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 13,568	\$ 43,993	\$ 39.228	\$ 64,826	\$ 36,215	\$ 285,596	\$ 89 011	\$ 501.682
Changes in Assumptions	111,300	0	374,360	59,159	499,621	Ü	985.281	127 191
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	1,911,681	0	1 419.992	U	1.372,557	U	4,704.230	6,069 360
Changes in employer's proportion of beg NPL	197,016	124,359	0	380.501	86,860	177,965	283.876	599,859
Difference between employer and proportionate share of contributions	0	59,638	17.100	6,971	904	4,144	18.009	36 972
Subsequent measurement contributions	1,533,371	0	659,102	٥	692,878	Û	2,885.351	0
Total	\$3,766,936	\$ 227,990	\$2,409,782	\$ 511,457	\$2,689,040	\$ 467,705	\$8,865.758	\$1,207 152

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$2,308,587 will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liabilities in the year May 31, 2023. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended May 31.	
2023	\$ 344,581
2024	699,640
2025	692,933
2026	537,029
2027	35,499
2028	(1,095)
Total	\$ <u>2,308,587</u>

8 Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liabilities for the valuation date of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Assumptions	<u>MERS</u>	<u>MPERS</u>	FRS
	Entry age	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Actuarial cost method	normal cost	cost	cost
Expected remaining			
service lives	3 years	4 years	7 years
Investment rate	6.85% net of		
of return	pension plan	6 75%, net of	6.90° o, net of
	mvestment	investment	investment
	expense.	expense,	expense.
	including	including inflation	meluding inflation
	mflation		
Inflation rate	2.500%	2 500° a	2.500%
	Varies from	Varies from	Varies from
	4.5° o to 6.4° o	4.70% to 12.30%	5.20° o to 14.10° o
	depending on	depending on	depending on
Salary increases	years of	years of service	vears of service
	service		

Mortality rates for MERS were based on PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales were selected for annuitants and beneficiaries. PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales was selected for employees. PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales was selected for disabled annuitants. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 2014 through June 30, 2019.

Mortality rates for MPERS were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2029 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females for disabled annuitants. RP-2000 Employee Table set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members. The mortality rate assumptions used was set based upon an expenence study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019 and review of similar law enforcement mortality.

Mortality rates for FRS were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2031 using Scale AA for employees, annutants and beneficiaries. RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table set back five years for males and set back three years for females for disabled annuitants. Setbacks in these tables were used to approximate mortality improvement. The mortality rate assumption was based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019.

8 Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Mortality rates for LASERS were based on RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018 Mortality Improvement Scale, applied on a fully generational basis for non-disabled members. RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement for disabled members. Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period of 2014-2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on MERS, MPERS, FRS, and LASERS pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing diversification

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in pensions target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

	N1	ERS	M	PERS		FRS
Asset Class	Target	Long-Term	Target	Long-Term	Target	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected	Asset	Expected	Asset	Expected
	Alloe.	Po⊓folio	Alloc.	Portfolio	<u>Alloc.</u>	Portfolio <u>Real</u>
		Real Rate of		Real Rate of		Rate of Return
		<u>Return</u>		Returu		
Public Equity	53 00%	2.31%	55.50%	3.60%	56.00°5	25 27%
Public Fixed Income	38 00%	1 65%	30.50%	0.85%	26.00%	4 34%
Alternatives	9 (X) ⁶ n	0.39%	14 (X) ⁰ ,0	0.95%	18.00%	14 84%
Other	() ()() [©] ₀	<u>0.00%</u>	() ()() ⁰ 0	0.00%	0.00%	<u>18 45%</u>
Totals	100.00%	4.35%	100.00°/o	5.40%	100.00° 6	54 64%
Inflation		2.60%		2.66%		2.50%₀
Expected Nominal Rate of						
Return		6.95°a		8.06%		6.90%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85% for MERS, 6.75% for MPERS, and 6.90% for FRS. The projection of eash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, MERS, MPERS, FRS, and LASERS fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

8 Employee Retirement Systems (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities using the discount rates as shown above, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
MERS	\$15,282,290	\$11,488,759	\$8,283,343
MPERS	\$11,133,709	\$ 7,953,737	\$5,297,408
FRS	\$ 8,963,846	\$ 6,059,154	\$3,636,436

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net positions are available in the separately issued financial statements of the Plans.

Payables to the Pension Plan

There are no payable to the pension plan at May 31, 2023.

9 Pending Litigation/Contingencies

Various lawsuits are presently pending against the City of Natchitoches. Attorneys for the City are of the opinion that any judgments rendered in favor of the plaintiffs or payments resulting from compromise settlements, if any, will be within the limits of the various insurance coverages carried by the City.

10. Cash and Investments

The cash and cash equivalents of the City are subject to the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the City's name.

10. Cash and Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity is its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, as a means of offsetting exposure to interest rate risk, the City diversifies its investments by security type and institution

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. The City's investments comply with Louisiana Statutes (LSA R.S. 33:2955). Under state law, the City may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the umon, or the laws of the United States. The City may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government-backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Cash and investments are held separately by each of the City's funds. At May 31, 2023, cash and investments totaled \$36,320,074 (book balances), including \$4,465 cash on hand. Bank account and investment balances at May 31, 2023, totaled \$38,966,297, and of this amount \$4,055,670 was secured by government securities. The remaining amount was secured as follows: \$693,733 with FDIC insurance and \$32,650,146 with pledged securities leaving an unsecured balance of \$1,566,748.

11. Compensation of City Councilmen

A detail of compensation paid to individual council members for the year ended May 31, 2023 follows:

Charles Harrington	\$ 8,882
Dale A. Nielsen	8,882
Rose Mary Elie	8,882
Christopher Petite	8,882
Betty Smith	11,282
Total	\$46.814

12. Fund Deficits

The following individual funds have deficits in unassigned fund balances at May 31, 2023:

Fund	<u>Defi</u>	cit Amount
Special Revenue Funds-		
Events Center	\$	71,238
Stop Grant		8,186
Cane River Green Market		27,984
Knock-Knock Grant		20.983
Rapides Foundation		31,688
Sports Complex Construction		41,642
Economic Development District-TIF A		43,489

12. Fund Deficits (continued)

Capital Projects Funds-	
Capital Improvements-Streets	1,243,442
Pilgrim's Industrial Park	74,034
Airport Maintenance	531,605
Airport Hangar	78,666
Community Water Enrichment	10,386
Chaplain's Lake Water System	9,897
LWCF – PARC Natchitoches	89,351
Rue Beauport Riverfront	213,251
Total	\$2,495,842

Special Revenue Funds - These deficits will be funded by transfers from other funds in future years.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These deficits are caused by ongoing construction and will be funded in the next fiscal year by grant revenues and by transfers from other funds.

In addition to deficit fund balances, the City has various funds which have eash overdrafts. The cash deficits totaling \$3,431,222 (a decrease of \$1,542,053 from prior year) will be funded by interfund transfers in future years.

13. On-Behalf Payments

Certain City employees of the City Police Department, City Fire Department and the City Marshal's Office receive supplemental pay from the State. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, the City has recorded revenues and expenditures for these payments in the General Fund. Revenues under this arrangement totaled \$539,587 and the related expenditures are as follows:

City Marshal's Office	\$ 14,100
City Police Department	299,925
City Fire Department	<u> 277,175</u>
Total	\$ <u>591,200</u>

14. Other Post Employment Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – The City of Natchitoches (City) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The City of Natchitoches's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to establish and or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Benefits Provided – Medical benefits are provided through a self-insured comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. The employees are covered by a retirement system whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows. 25 years of service at any age; or, age 60 and 10 years of service. There is the additional requirement for retiree medical benefits that the retiree have at least twenty years of service with the City of Natchitoches.

14. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms – As of the measurement date May 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	13
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	202
Total	225

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability is \$9,529,266 as of the meausurement date May 31, 2023, the end of the fiscal year

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB hability in the May 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.0°.6	
Salary increases	<u>Service</u>	MERS
	1 — 2	6.40%
	3 — 4	6.40%
	5 — 14	4.50%
	15 — 24	4.50%
	25+	4.50%
Discount rate	•	(Beginning of Year to Determine ADC) y (As of End of Year Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates Mortality	Getzen Model Pub-2010 Table	,
,	I die Eine I der	•

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of May 31, 2023, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the May 31, 2023 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from October 1, 2009 to May 31, 2023.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at May 31, 2022	\$6,152,883
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	354,131
Interest	201,652
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,618,034)
Changes in assumptions	4.691,826
Benefit payments and net transfers	(253,192)
Net changes	3,376,383
Balance at May 31, 2023	\$9,529,266

14. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.74%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.74%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0%	Current	1.0%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.74%)	(3.74%)	(4.74%)
Total OPEB liability	\$10,444,875	\$9,529,266	\$8,697,622

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0%	Current	1.0%
	Decrease	Trend	Increase
	(4.5%)	(5.5%)	(6.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$8,450,450	\$9,529,266	\$10,795,855

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended May 31, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,053,912. At May 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	of F	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	368,257	\$	(1,468,452)	
Changes in assumptions		4,534,044		(519,777)	
Total	\$	4,902,301	\$	(1,988,229)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows.

Years ending	
<u>May 31</u> :	
2024	\$498,129
2025	498,129
2026	498,219
2027	498,122
2028	446,336
Thereafter	475,227

15. Pilgrim's Pride Corporation

The City, for the year ended May 31, 2006, authorized the issuance of revenue bonds, not to exceed \$25,000,000, to provide financial assistance to Pilgrim's Pride, a private sector entity for the acquisition of land and construction of a feed mill. The bonds are secured by the property financed and commercial facilities built and are payable solely by the entity, Pilgrim's Pride Corporation. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the property and facilities transfer to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At May 31, 2008, the taxable revenue bonds, not to exceed \$25,000,000 had been issued and bear an interest rate of 4%. The full amount of the principal \$25,000,000 is due December 15, 2023. Therefore, the outstanding principal balance at May 31, 2023, is \$25,000,000.

16. American Rescue Plan Act

Congress passed the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) which allowed governmental entities to file for and receive funds related to a loss of revenues as a result of COVID. These entities could calculate the lost revenues based on formulas from the US Treasury or elect to receive a standard allowance calculated by the US Treasury. The City elected the standard allowance which will total funds of \$6,472,136. The City received \$3,238,701 in current year, but has only expended \$3,443,161. As a result, \$3,028,975 is recorded as deferred revenue.

17. Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Position

As of May 31, 2022, governmental activities fund balance and net position were understated by \$97,055. The overstatement was caused by accounts payable being overstated. The changes to fund balance net position are as follows:

	<u>Fund Balance</u>	Net Position
Balance at 5/31/22	\$ 21,043,334	\$ 45,066,980
Adjustment	97.055	97,055
Restated Balance at 5/31/22	\$ 20,946,279	\$ 44,969,925

18. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events through November 27, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available for issue. There were no items to be reported as subsequent events.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Major Fund General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts				
		Original/Final		2023 Actual		Variance- Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	6.534,025	S	6,535.197	S	1,172
Licenses & Pennits		872,200		1,199,635		327.435
Intergovermental		978,480		1.181.995		203,515
Charges for Services		247,800		101,696		(146.104)
Fines & Forfeits		20,000		11.705		(8,295)
Miscellaneous				267.177		267,177
Total Revenues	\$	8.652.505	<u>S</u>	9.297.405	<u>S</u>	644,900
Expenditures						
Current-						
General Government	\$	4.802,540	S	4,918,185	S	(115,645)
Pubic Safety		9,661,588		9,531,513		130.075
Streets & Sanitation		1.486,921		1,503,817		(16,896)
Economic Development		220,000		221,949		(1.949)
Health & Welfare		280,000		-		280,000
Recreation & Culture		883,148		784,127		99.021
Debt Service		25,000		26.873		(1,873)
Total Expenditures	5	17.359,197	<u>S</u>	16,986,464	<u>S</u>	372,733
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	(8.706,692)	<u>S</u>	(7,689,059)	<u>S</u>	1.017,633
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating Transfers In	S	10.737,000	S	8,202,948	S	2,534,052
Operating Transfers Out		(855,000)		(1.317,300)		(462,300)
Sale of Assets				11.932		11,932
Total Other Financing	<u>\$</u>	9.882,000	<u>S</u>	6,897,580	<u>S</u>	2,083,684
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
and Other Sources over						
Expenditures and Other Uses	Š	1,175,308	S	(791,479)	S	3,101,317
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,873,354		3,873,354		
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>S</u>	5,048.662	<u>S</u>	3.081,875	<u>S</u>	3,101,317

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Major Fund American Rescue Plan Act Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalanceBudget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Budgete	d Amounts				
	Original Final		2022 Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,233,434	\$ 3,233,434	\$ 3,130,569	\$ (102,865)		
Expenditures:						
Current-						
General Government	S -	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 933,894	\$ 86,106		
Public Safety	500,000	500,000	525,553	(25,553)		
Streets & Sanitation	-	1,435,000	1,484,430	(49,430)		
Recreation & Culture	-	135,000	186,692	(51,692)		
Total	\$ 500,000	\$ 3,090,000	\$ 3,130,569	\$ (40,569)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	\$ 2,733,434	\$ 143,434	\$ -	\$ (62,296)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 2,733,434	\$ 143,434	\$ -	S -		

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Fiscal Year*		ontractually Required ontributions	in Ce	ontributions Relation to ontractually Required ontributions	Defi	riubtion iciency (cess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	
Municipal E	Employe	res' Retirement	t Syste	em					
2015	s	952.580	\$	952,580	\$	-	\$ 5,203,681	18.3%	
2016	S	1,050,139	\$	1,050,139	\$	-	\$ 5,320,472	19.7%	
2017	S	1,114,803	\$	1,114,803	\$	-	\$ 5,000,995	22.3%	
2018	S	1,277,497	\$	1,277,497	\$	-	\$ 5,183,740	24.6%	
2019	S	1,361,044	\$	1,361,044	\$	-	\$ 5,258,704	25.9%	
2020	S	1,464.641	\$	1,464,640	\$	-	\$ 5,307,733	27.6%	
2021	S	1,563,429	\$	1,563,429	\$	-	\$ 5,325,043	29 4º/o	
2022	S	1,560,615	\$	1,560,615	\$	-	\$ 5,339,116	29.2%	
2023	S	1,656,119	\$	1,656,119	\$	-	\$ 5,613,962	29.5%	
Municipal F	Police E	Imployees' Reti	ireme	nt System					
2015	S	616,246	\$	616,246	\$	-	\$ 2,128,064	29 0%	
2016	S	688,039	\$	688,039	\$	-	\$ 2,288,592	30.1%	
2017	S	760.372	\$	760,372	\$	-	\$ 2,403,928	31.6%	
2018	S	776.220	\$	776,220	\$	-	\$ 2,511,282	30.9%	
2019	S	848,524	\$	848,524	\$	-	\$ 2,639,447	32 1%	
2020	S	839,539	\$	839,539	\$	-	\$ 2,584,691	32 5%	
2021	S	856,512	\$	856,512	\$	-	\$ 2,545,110	33.7%	
2022	S	745.192	\$	745,192	\$	-	\$ 2,480,974	30.0%	
2023	S	716,569	\$	716,569	\$	-	\$ 2,302,289	31.1%	
Firefighters	' Retire	ment System							
2015	s	537.080	\$	537,080	\$	-	\$ 1,984,426	27.1%	
2016	S	540,653	\$	540,653	\$	-	\$ 1,972,602	27.4%	
2017	S	506,380	\$	506,380	\$	-	\$ 1,995,627	25.4%	
2018	S	550,900	\$	550,900	\$	-	\$ 2,084,942	26 4%	
2019	S	580,563	\$	580,563	\$	-	\$ 2,190,804	26.5%	
2020	S	603,670	\$	603,670	\$	-	\$ 2,182,891	27.7%	
2021	S	702,698	\$	702,698	\$	-	\$ 2,202,902	31.9%	
2022	S	745,860	\$	745,860	\$	-	\$ 2,217,449	33.6%	
2023	S	750,639	\$	750,639	\$	-	\$ 2,254,488	33.3%	

The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See independent auditors' report and related note disclosures.

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Fiscal Year*	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		
Municipal I	Employees' Rettremer	it Sys	tem					
2015	3.09799%	s	7,950,809	\$ 5,203,681	162° ა	76.0%		
2016	3.06552%	\$	10,950,507	\$ 5,320,472	205%	99 0%		
2017	2.96389%	\$	12,148,126	\$ 5,000,995	243%	68 0%		
2018	2 73870%	\$	11,457,141	\$ 5,183,740	221%	62.5%		
2019	3.03785%	\$	12,578,749	\$ 5,258,704	239%	63 9%		
2020	2.84720%	\$	11,897,468	\$ 5,303,733	224%	64.7%		
2021	2.77876%	\$	12,013.711	\$ 5,325,043	226%	64 5%		
2022	2.68165%	\$	7,459,013	\$ 5,339,116	140%	77.8%		
2023	2 76622%	\$	11,488,759	\$ 5,613,962	205%	67 9°°		
Municipal l	Police Employees' Re	tirem	ent System					
2015	0.82564%	\$	5,165,265	\$ 2,128,064	243°°	76.0%		
2016	0.80252%	\$	6,286,906	\$ 2,288,592	275%	99 0%		
2017	0.82607%	\$	7,742,566	\$ 2,403,928	322%	68 0%		
2018	0.81145%	\$	7,084,284	\$ 2,511,282	282%	70 1%		
2019	0.85024%	\$	7,187.956	\$ 2,639,447	272%	71 9%		
2020	0.85409%	\$	7,756,577	\$ 2,584,691	300%	71.0%		
2021	0.84285%	\$	7.789.871	\$ 2,545,110	306%	70 9%		
2022	0.83646%	\$	4,458,789	\$ 2,480,974	180%	84 1%		
2023	0 77812°°	\$	7,953,737	\$ 2,302,289	345%	70.8%		
Firefighters	s' Retirement System							
2015	0.94139%	\$	4,189,091	\$ 1,984,426	211°°	76.0%		
2016	0 93739%	\$	5,059,199	\$ 1,972,602	256%	99 (1%		
2017	0.87280%	\$	5,708,921	\$ 1,995,627	286%	68 0%		
2018	0.85679%	\$	4,910,985	\$ 2,084,942	236%	74 0%		
2019	0.87932%	\$	5,057.929	\$ 2,190,804	231%	74 8%		
2020	0.90199%	\$	5,648,168	\$ 2,182,891	259%	74.0%		
2021	0.88276%	\$	6,118,929	\$ 2,202,902	278%	72 6%		
2022	0.87690%	\$	3,107,597	\$ 2,217,449	140%	86 8%		
2023	0.85930%	\$	6,059,154	\$ 2,254,488	269%	74 7°6		

The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

	2021		2022		2023	
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$	133,890	\$	143,929	\$	354.131
Interest		157,503		142,723		201,652
Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(44,746)		313,192		(1.618.034)
Changes of Assumptions		(117,039)		(679,346)		4.691,826
Benefit Payments		(165.092)		(165,587)		(253,192)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	S	(35,484)	S	(245,089)	\$	3.376.383
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		6.433,455	_	6.397.972	_	6.152,883
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>S</u>	6.397.971	<u>S</u>	6,152,883	<u>\$</u>	9,529,266
Covered-employee Payroll	<u>S</u>	9,664,081	<u>s</u>	10,050,645	<u>\$</u>	9.319.515
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of						
covered employee payroll		66.20%		61.22%		102.25% n
Notes to Schedule:						
Benefit Changes		None		None		None
Changes in Assumptions.						
Discount Rate:	2.26° a		3 16° o			3 74° o
Mortality:	RP-2000		RP-2000		Pub-2010	
Trend:	4.5	50 u to 5.50 a	4	5^{o} a to 5.5^{o} a	G	etzen Model

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

Agency Head: Ronnie Williams, Mayor

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
Salary	S	99,612		
Benefits-Insurance		11,524		
Benefits-Retirement		28,936		
Cell phone		698		
Dues		5,230		
Per Diem		1,731		
Travel	***************************************	11,795		
Total	<u>S</u>	159,526		

City of Natchitoches Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session May 31, 2023

Identifying Information	-	
LLA Entity ID # (This is the ID number assigned to the entity by the Legislative Auditor for identification purposes and will be filled out by your auditor.)	21	89
Cash Basis Presentation	First Six Month Period Ended 11/30/21	Second Six Month Period Ended 5/31/22
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$ 103,417	\$ 149,796
Add: Collections (Please enter zeros if no activity within a certain collection type) Civil Fees (including refundable amounts such as garnishments or advance deposits) Bond Fees	205,135	- 110,458
Asset Forfeiture/Sale	-	-
Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees Criminal Court Costs/Fees		-
Criminal Fines - Contempt	0.012	
Criminal Fines - Other		_
Restitution	=	_
Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees	<u>-</u>	-
Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service fees)	-	-
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances	-	-
Other (do not include collections that fit into more specific categories above)	•	-
Subtotal Collections	205,135	110,458
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits: (Must include one agency name and one		
Natchitoches City Marshal - Bond Fees	225,814	94,516
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Percentage of Collection (enter zero if no activity to report here)		
Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Fixed Amount (enter zero if no activity to	-	-
report here)	-	-
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency (must include a separate line for each collection type, as applicable) - Example: Criminal Fines - Other (To be reported as a separate line per		
collection type under this heading, multiple rows may be needed)		
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies (Please enter zeros if		
Civil Fee Refunds	-	-
Bond Fee Refunds	-	-
Restitution Payments to Individuals (additional detail is not required)		-
Other Disbursements to Individuals (additional detail is not required) Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies	-	-
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	158,757	85,484
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)	149,796	174,769
Ending Balance of "Partial Payments" Collected but not Disbursed (only applies if collecting agency does not disburse partial payments until fully collected) - This balance is included in the Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained above.	-	-
Other Information:		
Ending Balance of Total Amounts Assessed but not yet Collected (i.e. receivable balance) Total Waivers During the Fiscal Period (i.e. non-cash reduction of receivable balances, such as time served or community service)	-	

City of Natchitoches Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session May 31, 2023

Identifying Information

LLA Entity ID # (This is the ID number assigned to the entity by the Legislative Auditor for identification purposes and will be filled out by your auditor.)

2189

If legally separate court funds are required to be reported, a separate receiving schedule should be prepared for each fund. Examples

	Ended 5/31/22
7,608	4,096
7,608	4,096
	.,

Collection Types to be used in the "Receipts From:" section above

that assess on behalf of themselves, such as courts)

Civil Fees

Bond Fees

Asset Forfeiture/Sale

Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees

Criminal Court Costs/Fees

Criminal Fines - Contempt

Criminal Fines - Other

Restitution

Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees

Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service fees)

Interest Earnings on Collected Balances

Other (do not include collections that fit into more specific categories above)

Special	Revenue	Funds

	<u>-</u>									
		ent Center perations	H	Inzard Tax	ST	OP Grant		Airport		Employee Benefits
Assets	***************************************		***************************************							
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	1,256,979	\$	-	\$	36,605	\$	1,315,771
Revenue Receivables		-		3.695		-		6,511		1,515
Due from Other Funds		-		_		-		-		-
Prepaid Expenses	***************************************	-		_		-	***************************************	16,709		_
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	1,260.674	\$	_	\$	59.825	<u>\$</u>	1,317.286
Liabilities										
Cash Overdraft	\$	48,107	\$	-	\$	6,691	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Payable		8.367		642		-		8.316		-
Accrued Expense		-		-		1,495		-		-
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued Payroll		14.764		-				14.054		
Total Liabilities	\$	71,238	\$	642	\$	8,186	<u>\$</u>	22,370	\$	_
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	16.709	\$	-
Restricted		-		1,260,032		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		20,746		1,317,286
Unassigned		(71,238)				(8,186)		_		
Total Fund Balances	\$	(71,238)	\$	1,260,032	\$	(8,186)	\$	37,455	\$	1,317,286
Total Liabilities &										
Fund Balances	\$		\$	1,260,674	\$		\$	59.825	\$	1,317.286

				Sp	ecial l	Revenue Fu	nds			
	Workman's Compensation		Drug Recovery		Multi-Drug Task Force		Prisoner Bond		911 Grant Fire	
Assets										
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	859,811	\$	47,931	\$	23,801	\$	94,423	\$	62,986
Revenue Receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	859.811	\$	47.931	\$	23.801	<u>\$</u>	94.423	<u>\$</u>	62.986
Liabilities										
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Payable		1.248		400		-		1.331		-
Accrued Expense		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued Payroll		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities	\$	1,248	\$	400	\$	-	\$	1,331	\$	-
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		23,801		93,092		-
Committed		858,563		47.531		-		-		62.986
Unassigned								-		<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	\$	858,563	\$	47,531	\$	23,801	\$	93,092	\$	62,986
Total Liabilities &										
Fund Balances	\$	859,811	\$	47,931	\$	23,801	\$	94,423	\$	62,986

Special Revenue Funds

	Anin	Animal Shelter		Liability Insurance			Cane River Green Market		Sales Tax Rededication	
Assets	***************************************						***************************************			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	75,458	\$	392,400	\$	94,420	\$	600	\$	2,794,429
Revenue Receivables		-		-		-		-		407.325
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expenses								38		
Total Assets	\$	75.458	\$	392,400	\$	94.420	\$	638	\$	3,201.754
Liabilities										
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,798	\$	-
Accounts Payable		-		5.613		60		2.211		79.897
Accrued Expense		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued Payroll								2,575		
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	5,613	<u>S</u>	60	\$	28,584	<u>\$</u>	79,897
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		3,121,857
Committed		75.458		386.787		94.360				-
Unassigned		_				_		(27,984)		
Total Fund Balances	\$	75,458	\$	386,787	\$	94,360	\$	(27,946)	\$	3,121,857
Total Liabilities &										
Fund Balances	\$	75,458	\$	392,400	\$	94,420	\$	638	\$	3,201,754

Combining Balance Sheet Year Ended May 31, 2023

				Sp	ecial	Revenue Fui	ıds				
			N	W Law			Есоношіс				
	91	1-Police	Ent	orcement	Kn	ock Knock	De	velopment			
		Grant		Grant		Grant		District	CE	SF State	
Assets											
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	31,775	\$	2,294	\$	-	\$	271,379	\$	5,908	
Revenue Receivables		-		-				-			
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	31.775	\$	2.294	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	271.379	<u>\$</u>	5.908	
Liabilities											
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,089	\$	-	\$	-	
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		-		-	
Accrued Expense		-		-		-		-		-	
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Accrued Payroll						894					
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	20,983	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	-	
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted		-		-		-		-		5,908	
Committed		31.775		2.294		-		271.379		-	
Unassigned		-		-		(20,983)		-		_	
Total Fund Balances	\$	31,775	\$	2,294	\$	(20,983)	\$	271,379	\$	5,908	
Total Liabilities &											
Fund Balances	\$	31,775	\$	2,294	\$	_	\$	271,379	\$	5,908	

Special	Revenue	Funds

		Special revenue Fulus									
	Garb	age Service	Sale	rs Tax Police		iss Merry hristmas	-	Louisiana autiful		Traffic	
Assets	***************************************										
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	425,785	\$	1,788,583	\$	13,618	\$	500	\$	1,743	
Revenue Receivables		429.242		407.325		-		-		-	
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid Expenses		-		2,519		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	855.027	\$	2,198.427	<u>\$</u>	13.618	\$	500	\$	1.743	
Liabilities											
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accounts Payable		176,754		-		-		-		-	
Acciued Expense		-		66,788		-		-		-	
Deferred Revenue				-		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Accrued Payroll		-		-		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities	<u>S</u>	176,754	\$	66,788	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	2.519	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted		-		2,129,120		-		-		-	
Committed		678.273		-		13.618		500		1.743	
Unassigned											
Total Fund Balances	\$	678,273	\$	2,131,639	\$	13,618	\$	500	\$	1,743	
Total Liabilities &											
Fund Balances	\$	855,027	\$	2,198,427	\$	13,618	\$	500	\$	1,743	

Community Program

15,354 \$

<u> 15.354</u> \$

\$

Assets

Cash & Cash Equivalents

Revenue Receivables Due from Other Funds Prepaid Expenses

Byrne Jag - e & NPSO		NHDDC Projects	15 Revenue ote Reserve	Rapides oundation
\$ 16,104	S	4,258	\$ 92,500	\$ -
-		-	-	-
-		-	-	-
_		_	_	_

Special Revenue Funds

Total Assets	\$	15.354	\$	16,104	\$ 4.258	\$	92,500	\$	-
Liabilities									
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	21,879	\$	29,876
Accounts Payable		44		-	-		-		6 8 1
Accined Expense		-		-	-		-		-
Deferred Revenue		-		-	-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-	-		-		-
Accrued Payroll					 				1,131
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	44	<u>\$</u>	_	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	21,879	<u>\$</u>	31,688
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		16,104	-		-		-
Committed		15.310		-	4.258		70.621		-
Unassigned					 		-		(31,688)
Total Fund Balances	\$	15,310	S	16,104	\$ 4,258	\$	70,621	\$	(31,688)

16<u>.104</u> \$

4,258

Continued on next page

92,500

Fund Balances

Combining Balance Sheet Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds											
	8	juitable Sharing rogram	-	ts Complex	•	its Complex ouisorship		iles Tax - nstrict A	Sales Tax - District C			
Assets												
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	22,783	\$	-	\$	545,104	\$	66,054	\$	60,882		
Revenue Receivables		-		-		8.500		9.124		87.491		
Due from Other Funds		-		-		=		1,227		=		
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-		-		-		
Total Assets	<u> </u>	22.783	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	553,604	\$	76,405	<u>\$</u>	148.373		
Liabilities												
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	38,270	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Accounts Payable		-		950		-		-		-		
Accrued Expense		-		-		-		-		-		
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		19,930		
Accrued Payroll		-		2,422		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	41,642	\$	_	\$	-	\$	19,930		
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		
Committed		22.783		-		553,604		76.405		128.443		
Unassigned				(41,642)								
Total Fund Balances	\$	22,783	\$	(41,642)	\$	553,604	\$	76,405	\$	128,443		
Total Liabilities &												
Fund Balances	\$	22,783	\$		\$	553,604	\$	76,405	\$	148,373		

	Special Revenue Funds											
					E	сопошіс	E	Соношис				
	Sal	es Tax -	Sa	les Tax -	De	velopment	De	velopment	CSE	F - Federal		
	Di	strict D	D	istrict E	Dist	rict - TIF A	Dist	trict - TIF C		Funds		
Assets	-											
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	9,475	\$	-	\$	730,929	\$	13,641		
Revenue Receivables		3.545		14.339		10.198		61.329		-		
Due from Other Funds		-		-		3,189		32,073		-		
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-		-	***************************************	-		
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	3.545	\$	23.814	<u>\$</u>	13.387	<u>\$</u>	824.331	\$	13.641		
Liabilities												
Cash Overdraft	\$	69	\$	-	\$	56,876	\$	-	\$	-		
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		-		-		
Accrued Expense		-		-		-		-		-		
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		
Accrued Payroll	-			-				-		-		
Total Liabilities	<u>s</u>	69	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	56,876	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-		
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Restricted		-		-		-		-		13,641		
Committed		3.476		23.814		-		824.331		-		
Unassigned		-		_		(43,489)		-		-		
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,476	\$	23,814	\$	(43,489)	\$	824,331	\$	13,641		
Total Liabilities &												
Fund Balances	\$	3,545	\$	23,814	\$	13,387	\$	824,331	\$	13,641		

Special Revenue

	F	Punds	Capital Projects Funds							
			<u> Im</u>	Capital provements	Tre	Water atment Plant		Pilgrim's Istrial Park		
Assets										
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	1.500	S	1,023,089	8	1,418,172	\$	-		
Revenue Receivables		-		-		-		-		
Due from Other Funds		=		=		=		-		
Prepaid Expenses	***************************************	-		-		117.179		-		
Total Assets	\$	1,500	<u>S</u>	1.023,089	<u>S</u>	1.535,351	<u>S</u>	_		
Liabilities										
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	S	-	S	-	\$	24,034		
Accounts Payable		-		260		-		-		
Accrued Expense		-		-		50,542		50,000		
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		
Accrued Payroll				2.918				-		
Total Liabilities	\$	_	<u>S</u>	3,178	<u>S</u>	50,542	<u>S</u>	74,034		
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	\$	-	S	-	S	117,179	S	-		
Restricted		-		-		-		-		
Committed		1,500		1.019.911		1.367.630		-		
Unassigned		-		-		-		(74,034)		
Total Fund Balances	\$	1.500	<u>s</u>	1,019,911	<u>s</u>	1,484,809	S	(74,034)		
Total Liabilities &										
Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	1,500	<u>S</u>	1,023.089	<u>s</u>	1,535.351	S	_		

Combining Balance Sheet Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Capital Projects Funds											
	Airport Hangar			Airport aintenance	Pa	rking Lot		LCDBG		ommunity Water nichment		
Assets												
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,237	\$	647,140	\$	-		
Revenue Receivables		-		-		-		49.590		-		
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-		-		-		
Total Assets	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	40.237	<u>\$</u>	696,730	<u>\$</u>	-		
Liabilities												
Cash Overdraft	\$	78,666	\$	497,852	\$	-	\$	323,846	\$	10,386		
Accounts Payable		-		33.753		-		345.410		-		
Accrued Expense		-		-		-		-		-		
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		
Accrued Payroll		-		-				-		-		
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	78,666	<u>\$</u>	531,605	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>s</u>	669,256	\$	10,386		
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Restricted		-		-		-		27,474		-		
Committed		-		-		40.237		-		-		
Unassigned		(78,666)		<u>(531,605</u>)		-		-		(10,386)		
Total Fund Balances	\$	(78,666)	\$	(531,605)	\$	40,237	\$	27,474	\$	(10,386)		
Total Liabilities &												
Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,237	\$	696,730	\$	-		

	Capital Projects Funds															
					Rue Beauport											
			Ch	ateau St.	LW	CF- PARC	F	Riverfront	Eag	le Building						
	Chap	lain's Lake	De	ms Fund	Na	tchitoches		Project		Project						
Assets																
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	10,172	\$	-	\$	-	\$	508,087						
Revenue Receivables		-		-		-		-		20,703						
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-						
Prepaid Expenses		12,275		-		-		_		135						
Total Assets	\$	12.275	<u>\$</u>	10.172	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	528.925						
Liabilities																
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89,351	\$	213,251	\$	-						
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		-		53						
Accrued Expense		22,172		-		-		-		248						
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-						
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-						
Accrued Payroll						-				-						
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	22,172	\$		<u>\$</u>	89,351	<u>\$</u>	213,251	<u>\$</u>	301						
Fund Balances																
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135						
Restricted		-		-		-		-		528,489						
Committed		-		10.172		-		-		-						
Unassigned		(9,897)		-		(89,351)		(213,251)		_						
Total Fund Balances	\$	<u>(9,897</u>)	\$	10,172	\$	(89,351)	\$	(213,251)	\$	528,624						
Total Liabilities &																
Fund Balances	\$	12,275	\$	10,172	\$	_	\$		\$	528,925						

Debt Service Funds

	S	ales Tax	C	General Obligation	Sin	iking Fund		Total
Assets	•	201 222		1.027.030		835.15.	•	24 (00 00 -
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	301.333	\$	1,266,892	\$	297.170	\$	16,688,075
Revenue Receivables		-		-		-		1.520.432
Due from Other Funds		=		-		=		36,489
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-		148.855
Total Assets	\$	301.333	<u>\$</u>	1.266.892	\$	297.170	\$	18.393,851
Liabilities								
Cash Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	8	1,483.041
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		665,990
Accrued Expense		-		-		-		191,245
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		19.930
Accrued Payroll				-				38.758
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	2,398,964
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	136,580
Restricted		301.333		-		_		7,520,851
Committed		-		1,266.892		297.170		9.589.856
Unassigned		-		-		-		(1.252.400)
Total Fund Balances	8	301.333	3	1,266.892	8	297.170	8	15,994.887
Total Liabilities &								
Fund Balances	<u>s</u>	301.333	<u>s</u>	1.266.892	<u>s</u>	297.170	<u>s</u>	18,393,851

Continued on next page

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds										
		ent Center Operations	ŀ	Hazard Tax	ST	OP Grant		Airport	1	Employee Benefits	
Revenues											
Taxes	5	-	\$	1,467,316	\$	-	5	-	8	-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		219 075		-		-		527.691		-	
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous	-	-		_		-		97.177		245	
Total Revenues	<u>S</u>	219 075	ķ	1,467,316	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>S</u>	624.868	<u>s</u>	245	
Expenditures											
Current-											
General Government	\$	-	8	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	454.861	
Public Safety		-		54.089		8.186		-		-	
Streets & Sanitation		-		-		-		-		-	
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		-	
Economic Development		465,940		-		-		683.437		-	
Recreation & Culture		-		=		=		-		-	
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt Service		-		144,878		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures	<u>s</u>	465.940	<u>S</u>	198,967	\$	8,186	<u>S</u>	683,437	<u>S</u>	454,861	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	(246,865)	\$	1,268.349	\$	(8.186)	<u>S</u>	(58.569)	<u>S</u>	(454.616)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Insurance Proceeds	Ś	-	S	-	\$	-	8	-	\$	-	
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		-		-	
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		41,003		-	
Transfer In		255,000		-		-		51.375		300 ['] 000	
Transfer Out			_	(1,014,000)		-					
Total Other Financing	<u>S</u>	255,000	<u>S</u>	(1,014,000)	\$		<u>s</u>	92,378	<u>s</u>	900,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures											
and Other Uses	Ş	8,135	\$	254.349	\$	(8.186)	\$	33.809	S	445.384	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	***************************************	(79,373)		1,005.683		-	····	3.646	***************************************	871.902	
Fund Balances - End of Year	5	(71,238)	<u>S</u>	1,260,032	\$	(8,186)	<u>\$</u>	37,455	<u>S</u>	1,317,286	

*Restated See Note 17

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Workman's Compensation			g Recovery		ulti-Drug ask Force	Pris	oner Bond	911	Grant Fire
Revenues:	1. 1.71	шреплитен	2/10	<u> </u>	1	usic i sicc	2 6 1	oner bend		ORBIT IIC
Taxes	S	-	8	-	S	-	8	-	S	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		18,762		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		40.642		-
Miscellaneous		424.516		12.000		2.047		-		180
Total Revenues	5	424.516	\$	12.000	\$	20.809	\$	40.642	\$	180
Expenditures										
Current-										
General Government	\$	255,093	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	S	-
Pubic Safety		-		29.952		10,254		19.170		2.907
Streets & Samtation		-		-		-		-		-
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation & Culture		-		-		-		-		-
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	5	255,093	5	29,952	5	10,254	<u>S</u>	19,170	5	2.907
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	5	169.423	2	(17.952)	<u>S</u>	10.555	<u>S</u>	21.472	<u>S</u>	(2 727)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance Proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	5	-
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		-		-
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-		-
Transfer In		300,000		-		-		-		-
Transfer Out		(118.348)		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing	5	181,652	<u>S</u>	_	<u>S</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditues	pa.	251.075			pr.			21.472		(0.727)
and Other Uses	S	351.075	S	(17.952)	5	10.555	S	21.472	5	(2 727)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*		507.488	***************************************	65,483		13.246	***************************************	71.620		65.713
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	858,563	5	47,531	S	23,801	<u>s</u>	93,092	\$	62,986

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Anunal Shelter		Liability Insurance		Mam Street Promotions			ane Rivei en Market	R	Sales Tax ededication
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	Ş	-	\$	2,553,126
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		5,000		-
Charges for Services		14,414		-		-		-		-
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	***************************************	-		1,944		3,400		15.044		_
Total Revenues	<u>S</u>	14,414	<u>\$</u>	1,944	<u>S</u>	3,400	\$	20,044	\$	2,553,126
Expenditures										
Current-										
General Government	5	-	\$	891,599	S	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public Safety		19,144		-		-		-		-
Streets & Sanitation		-		-		-		-		-
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		438,732
Economic Development		-		-		-		88,665		-
Recreation & Culture		-		-		3,361		-		-
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	5	19,144	<u>s</u>	891,599	<u>S</u>	3,361	<u>\$</u>	88,665	\$	438,732
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	(4,730)	5	(889,655)	<u>Ş</u>	39	<u>\$</u>	(68.621)	\$	2,114.394
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance Proceeds	S	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	-
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		-		_
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-		_
Transfer In		-		849,000		-		25,500		-
Transfer Out		-		-		-		-		(2,707,391)
Total Other Financing	<u>s</u>	-	5	849,000	<u>S</u>	_	5	25,500	\$	(2,707,391)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures										
and Other Uses	\$	(4,730)	\$	(40,655)	Ş	39	\$	(43,121)	\$	(592.997)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	***************************************	80,188	***************************************	427,442		94,321		15,175		3,714.854
Fiuid Balances - End of Year	<u>s</u>	75,458	<u>s</u>	386,787	<u>s</u>	94,360	<u>s</u>	(27,946)	<u>\$</u>	3,121,857

*Restated See Note 17 Continued on next page.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
			N	W Law				еопопие		
	91	l-Police	Enf	forcement	Ku	ek Knock	De	velopment		
	•	Grant		Grant		Grant		District	CE	SF State
Revenues					•••••					
Taxes	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		10,361		6,474		-		11,000
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		142,430		-
Total Revenues	\$	-	5	10,361	\$	6,474	\$	142,430	\$	11,000
Expenditures:										
Current-										
General Government	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pulue Safety		-		11,128		9,134		-		-
Streets & Sanifation		-		-		-		-		-
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation & Culture		-		-		-		-		-
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	S	-	<u>S</u>	11,128	<u>\$</u>	9,134	\$	-	\$	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	\$	_	<u>S</u>	(767)	<u>\$</u>	(2,660)	\$	142,430	\$	11,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance Proceeds	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		-		-
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-		-
Transfèi In		-		-		-		100,000		-
Transfer Out				-		-		(200,000)		
Total Other Financing	<u>s</u>	-	<u>S</u>	_	<u>s</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	(100,000)	<u>\$</u>	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures										
and Other Uses	\$	-	Ş	(767)	\$	(2,660)	\$	42,430	\$	11,000
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	***************************************	31,775	***************************************	3,061		(18,323)		228,949		(5,092)
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	31,775	<u>S</u>	2,294	<u>\$</u>	(20,983)	<u>\$</u>	271,379	\$	5,908

*Restated See Note 17

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Gar	bage Service	Sal	es Tax Police		liss Merry Tunstmas		Louisiana eautiful		Traffic orcement
Revenues:	***************************************									
Taxes	S	-	8	2,553,126	S	-	8	-	S	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		2,086,102		-		-		-		-
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		37.433		2.715		-		-
Total Revenues	5	2,086,102	\$	2,590,559	\$	2.715	\$	-	<u>s</u>	_
Expenditures										
Current-										
General Government	\$	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	S	-
Pubic Safety		-		618.019		-		-		-
Streets & Samuation		2,271.032		-		-		-		-
Water, Sewer & Utilities		_		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		_		-		-		-		-
Recreation & Culture		-		-		12,684		-		-
Health & Welfare		_		-		-		-		_
Debt Service		_		-		-		-		_
Total Expenditures	5	2,271,032	5	618,019	<u>s</u>	12,684	5	-	5	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	<u>S</u>	(184.930)	<u>s</u>	1,972,540	<u>S</u>	(9.969)	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance Proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	S	-	5	-
Debt Proceeds		-		=		-		-		-
Sale of Assets		-		1,785		-		-		-
Transfer In		-		-		12.300		-		-
Transfer Out				(1,702,000)		-		-		
Total Other Financing	5	_	<u>s</u>	(1,700,215)	<u>S</u>	12,300	<u>s</u>	_	5	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditues and Other Uses	S	(184.930)	S	272.325	s	2.331	S	-	S	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	-	863.203	•	1,859,314		11.287		500		1.743
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u> </u>	678,273	5	2,131,639	Ś	13,618	<u>s</u>	500	<u>\$</u>	1.743

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
		inmunity Togram		Byme Jag - e & NPSO		HDDC Tojects		15 Revenue ofe Reserve		Rapides nuidation
Revenues:	***************************************									
Taxes	S	-	8	-	S	-	8	-	S	-
Intergovernmental		-		33,588		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-
Fines & Forfeits		=		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues	<u>s</u>	_	7	33.588	<u>s</u>	_	7	-	<u>s</u>	-
Expenditures										
Current-										
General Government	S	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	S	-
Public Safety		-		17,469		-		-		-
Streets & Samtation		-		-		-		-		-
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		1.295		-		-		-		-
Recreation & Culture		-		-		-		-		28,056
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-		-		-		186,405		-
Total Expenditures	5	1,295	<u>S</u>	17,469	<u>S</u>	-	<u>S</u>	186,405	<u>5</u>	28,056
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	5	(1.295)	<u>\$</u>	16.119	<u>S</u>	_	S	(186.405)	<u>S</u>	(28.056)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance Proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	S	-
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		-		-
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-		-
Transfer In		-		-		-		245.000		-
Transfer Out		-		-						-
Total Other Financing	<u>s</u>	_	<u>S</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>s</u>	245,000	<u>S</u>	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditues										
and Other Uses	\$	(1.295)	S	16.119	S	-	S	58,595	S	(28.056)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	·	16.605	***************************************	(15)		4.258	·····	12.026		(3.632)
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	15,310	<u>S</u>	16,104	<u>\$</u>	4,258	<u>S</u>	70,621	5	(31,688)

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Equitable										
		Sharing		Sports Complex		Sports Complex		Sales Tax -	Sales Tax -		
	P	10gram	Cc	nstruction	Sį	onsorship		District A	I	District C	
Revenues:											
Taxes	S	-	8	-	S	-	\$	65.420	S	425.948	
Intergovernmental		-		-		33,000		-		-	
Charges for Services		-		26.900		32.100		-		-	
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		-		_		43.212				_	
Total Revenues	<u>s</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	26.900	<u>s</u>	108.312	<u>\$</u>	65.420	<u>S</u>	425.948	
Expenditures											
Current-											
General Government	S	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	S	-	
Pubic Safety		-		-		-		-		-	
Streets & Samtation		-		-		-		-		-	
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		-	
Economic Development		-		-		-		-		166.222	
Recreation & Culture		-		334,781		-		-		-	
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt Service		-		-							
Total Expenditures	5	-	<u>s</u>	334,781	5	-	5	-	5	166,222	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over Expenditures	<u>S</u>		2	(307.881)	<u>S</u>	108.312	<u>s</u>	65.420	<u>S</u>	259.726	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Insurance Proceeds	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		-		-	
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-		-	
Transfer In		-		231.000		-		177.417		-	
Transfer Out				-				(39.000)		(369,417)	
Total Other Financing	<u>s</u>		<u>\$</u>	231,000	<u>S</u>	_	<u>s</u>	138,417	<u>S</u>	(369,417)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditues											
and Other Uses	\$	-	S	(76.881)	S	108.312	S	203.837	S	(109.691)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	-	22.783	·	35.239		445.292	***************************************	(127.432)		238.134	
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	22,783	<u>S</u>	(41,642)	<u>\$</u>	553,604	<u>S</u>	76,405	<u>\$</u>	128,443	

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
					Есопопис Есопопис					
	Sal	les Tax -		les Tax -		velopment		velopment	CSE	F - Federal
	D	istrict D	D	istrict E	Dist	riet - TIF A	Dist	nct - TIF C		Funds
Revenues:										
Taxes	S	41.176	\$	39,759	S	67.277	8	245.599	S	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues	<u>s</u>	41.176	<u>z</u>	39.759	<u>s</u>	67.277	<u>s</u>	245.599	<u>s</u>	-
Expenditures										
Current-										
General Government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	S	-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-
Streets & Samtation		-		-		-		-		-
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		43.390		15.945		-		9.500		-
Recreation & Culture		-		-		-		-		=
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service						-		-		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	5	43,390	5	15,945	5	-	<u>S</u>	9,500	5	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	<u>S</u>	(2.214)	2	23.814	<u>S</u>	67.277	<u>\$</u>	236.099	<u>S</u>	_
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance Proceeds	S	-	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	-	5	-
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		=		-
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-		-
Transfer In		-		-		-		-		-
Transfer Out						(45.000)		-		
Total Other Financing	<u>s</u>	_	<u>s</u>	_	<u>s</u>	(45,000)	<u>s</u>	-	<u> </u>	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditues										
and Other Uses	S	(2.214)	S	23.814	\$	22.277	\$	236,099	\$	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	***************************************	5.690	······	_		(65.766)	***************************************	588.232		13.641
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	3,476	<u>S</u>	23,814	5	(43,489)	<u>S</u>	<u>\$24,331</u>	5	13,641

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Fund			Capital Projects Funds								
	Hob	by Lobby	Lm	Capital provements	Tre	Water eatment Plant	Pilgrim's Industrial Park					
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	-	5	524 126	Ş	-	5	-				
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-				
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-				
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-				
Miscellaneous		-		_		378		_				
Total Revenues	\$	_	<u>S</u>	524 126	\$	378	<u>\$</u>	-				
Expenditures:												
Current-												
General Government	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	5	-				
Pubic Safety		-		-		-		-				
Streets & Sanitation		-		-		-		-				
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		820,212		-		-				
Economic Development		-		-		-		-				
Recreation & Cultime		=		=		-		-				
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-				
Debt Service		_		210.000				-				
Total Expenditures	\$	_	<u>S</u>	1,030.212	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>S</u>	_				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over Expenditures	<u>s</u>		<u>Ş</u>	(506.086)	5	378	<u>Ş</u>	_				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Insurance Proceeds	\$	-	S	_	\$	-	S	-				
Debt Proceeds		-		512,500		-		-				
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-				
Transfer In		-		102.000		-		-				
Transfer Out					_	_						
Total Other Furancing	\$	-	<u>S</u>	614,500	<u>S</u>	-	<u>S</u>	-				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures												
and Other Uses	\$	-	Ş	108.414	\$	378	Ş	-				
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	***************************************	1,500	***************************************	911 497		1,484.431		(74 034)				
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	1,500	<u>S</u>	1,019.911	<u>\$</u>	1,484.809	<u>S</u>	(74.034)				

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Capital Projects Funds										
	Auport									Community Water	
TI	Aupe	ort Hangar	<u>N</u>	launtenance	Pa	rking Lot		LCDBG	EI	urchment	
Revenues	\$		\$		s		\$		\$		
Taxes	'P	-	ъ	1,019,940	,	-	D	1,404,825	ъ	0.651	
Intergovernmental		-		1,019,940		-		1,404,823		9,851	
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-	
Fines & Forfeits		- 0.055		-		- 12.650		-		-	
Miscellaneous		8.855				43,659				-	
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	8.855	<u>s</u>	1.019,940	<u>\$</u>	43,659	\$	1.404.825	<u>\$</u>	9,851	
Expenditures:											
Current-											
General Government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Pubic Safety		-		-		-		-		-	
Streets & Samtation		-		-		-		-		-	
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		1,538,830		-	
Economic Development		-		1.304,868		-		-		-	
Recreation & Culture		-		-		=		-		-	
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt Service						-					
Total Expenditues	\$	-	\$	1,304,868	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	1,538,830	\$		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over Expenditures	\$	8.855	\$	(284,928)	\$	43.659	\$	(134,005)	\$	9,851	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Insurance Proceeds	\$	-	\$	_	S	_	\$	-	\$	-	
Debt Proceeds		-		_		_		-		-	
Sale of Assets		-		_		-		-		-	
Transfer In		-		_		_		275,000		-	
Transfer Out		-		_		_		-		-	
Total Other Financing	\$	_	\$	-	5	_	\$	275,000	\$	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures											
and Other Uses	\$	8.855	\$	(284,928)	\$	43,659	\$	140,995	\$	9,851	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*		(87.521)		(246,677)		(3,422)		(113,521)		(20,237)	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	(78,666)	\$	(531,605)	<u>s</u>	40,237	\$	27,474	<u>\$</u>	(10,386)	

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Capital Projects Funds									
	***************************************				-			ie Beauport		
			Ch	iatean St	LW	CF- PARC		Riverfront	Eag	gle Building
	Chap	laın's Lake	De	nis Fund	N	atchitoches		Project		Project
Revenues:										
Taxes	S	-	8	-	S	-	\$	-	S	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		187,600		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		29		-				114.224
Total Revenues	<u>S</u>	_	<u>s</u>	29	<u>S</u>	187.600	<u>s</u>	-	<u>s</u>	114.224
Expenditures										
Current-										
General Government	S	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	S	-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-
Streets & Samtation		-		-		-		-		-
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		-		-		-		-		603.876
Recreation & Culture		-		-		-		-		-
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-		•		-				87,000
Total Expenditures	5	-	<u>S</u>	-	<u>S</u>	-	<u>S</u>	-	<u>S</u>	690,876
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	5	_	2	29	<u>S</u>	187.600	<u>s</u>	_	<u>S</u>	(576.652)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance Proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	5	-
Debt Proceeds		-		-		-		-		2,000.000
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-		-
Transfer In		-		-		-		-		-
Transfer Out		-		-						
Total Other Financing	5	_	<u>s</u>	_	<u>S</u>	-	<u>s</u>	_	<u>S</u>	2,000,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and										
Other Sources over Expenditures										
and Other Uses	S	-	S	29	\$	187.600	S	-	S	1,423,348
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*	***************************************	(9.897)	·	10.143		(276.951)	***************************************	(213.251)		(894.724)
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	(9,897)	5	10,172	Ś	(89,351)	<u>S</u>	(213,251)	5	528,624

*Restated See Note 17.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended May 31, 2023

		De						
		Sales Tax	(Obligation	Sin	king Fund		Total
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	-	8	-	5	-	\$	7 982,873
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		2.740.401
Charges for Services		-		-		-		2 906,282
Fines & Forfeits		-		-		-		40,642
Miscellaneous		_		_	***************************************	-		949,488
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	<u> </u>	_	<u>s</u>	14 619,686
Expenditures								
Current-								
General Government	\$	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	1 601,553
Public Safety		-		-		-		799,452
Streets & Sanitation		-		-		-		2.271,032
Water, Sewer & Utilities		-		-		-		2,797,774
Economic Development		-		-		-		3.383,138
Recreation & Culture		-		-		-		378,882
Health & Welfare		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		12,314,075		-		-		12.942.358
Total Expenditures	\$	12,314,075	5	-	5	_	\$	24.174,189
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures	<u>s</u>	(12.314.075)	<u>S</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	(9.554,503)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance Proceeds	*	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-
Debt Proceeds		11,130,000		-		-		13.642,500
Sale of Assets		-		-		-		42,788
Transfer In		2,407,391		-		-		5.930,983
Transfer Out		-		-				(6 195,156)
Total Other Financing	\$	13,537,391	<u>s</u>	-	<u>S</u>	_	\$	13,421,115
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures								
and Other Uses	\$	1,223,316	S	-	Ş	-	\$	3.866,612
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year*		(921.983)	-	1.266,892		297,170		12 128,275
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	301,333	<u>S</u>	1,266,892	<u>S</u>	297,170	\$	15.994,887

^{*}Restated See Note 17

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended May 31, 2023

	Federal CFDA	Total Amount	Total Current Year
Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Awarded	Expenditures
Department of the Treasury- Cornonavirus Relief Fund-			
American Rescue Plan Act	21.027	\$ 3.238,702	\$ 3,118,079
Department of Transportation-			
Federal Aviation Administration	20 106	<u>\$ 977,254</u>	<u>\$ 977.254</u>
Office of Housing & Urban Development- Community Development Block Grant-			
2021 LCDBG HVAC Program	14 228	\$ 263,090	\$ 263,090
2020 LCDBG Public Facilities Program	14 228	1,137,425	1,137,425
Total		\$ 1,400,515	\$ 1,400,515
United States Department of Justice-			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16 738	<u>S 12,490</u>	<u>\$ 12,490</u>
Total		<u>\$ 5,628,961</u>	\$ 5,508,338

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards May 31, 2023

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the primary government financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The City's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the City's financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2023. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate

The City has not elected to use the 10 percent de minims indirect cost as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Subrecipients

There were no awards passed through to subrecipients.

OTHER REPORTS/SCHEDULES

T | C | B | T

THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and the City Council of Natchitoches, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended May 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Natchitoches, Louisiana's (City) basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Natchitoches' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* (see Finding 2023-001).

City of Natchitoches' Response to Findings

The City of Natchitoches' response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Natchitoches' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's
Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier CPA's

Natchitoches, Louisiana

November 27, 2023

THOMAS, CUNNINGHAM, BROADWAY & TODTENBIER

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Mayor and the City Council of Natchitoches, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Natchitoches' compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended May 31, 2023. The City's major federal program is identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City has complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended May 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 m order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
 not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to

be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Footenbier, CPA's Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway, & Todtenbier

Certified Public Accountants Natchitoches, Louisiana

November 27, 2023

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended May 31, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The following summarize the audit results in accordance with the Government Auditing Standards.

- 1. An unmodified opimon was issued on the <u>primary government financial statements</u> of the City of Natchitoches as of and for the year ended May 31, 2023; however, since the City did not present all of its component units, an adverse opinion was issued for the City of Natchitoches as a reporting entity.
- 2. The audit disclosed no material weaknesses in internal control.
- 3. The audit disclosed one instance of noncompliance required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards
- 4. The audit did not disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal control over major programs.
- 5 An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance for major programs.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any instances of noncompliance related to federal awards that are required to be reported under the Uniform Guidance.
- 7. The following programs were major for the year ended May 31, 2023:
 - Coronavirus Relief Fund CFDA# 21.027
 - CDBG-Entitlement Grant CFDA # 14.228
- 8. \$750,000 was the threshold used to distinguish Type A from Type B programs.
- 9. The City of Natchitoches does not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

City of Natchitoches, Louisiana Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended May 31, 2023

II. FINDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

2023-001 Cash Balance Unsecured

Criteria - Louisiana state law requires that all funds held by financial institutions for an entity must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the financial institutions. The market value of the pledged securities plus the FDIC insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the financial institutions.

Condition - The cash balance in the financial institutions was not fully secured by FDIC or pledged securities.

Effect - If the financial institution were to fail, the City's funds in excess of FDIC insurance and pledged securities could be lost.

Cause - The City and the financial institution did not monitor the financial institutions balances to ensure the balances were not in excess of FDIC Insurance and pledged securities.

Recommendation - The City should ensure at all times that their financial institution has its funds fully secured by FDIC insurance and pledged securities

Management's Response – The City will ensure at all times that our financial institution has fully secured the City's funds by FDIC insurance and pledged securities

III. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the City of Natchitoches and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period June 1, 2022 through May 31, 2023. The City of Natchitoches (City) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The City has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period June 1, 2022 through May 31, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed many not address all the items of interest to a user for this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. We obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the operations:
 - Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

- Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation.)
- **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- Contracting, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- Travel and expense reimbursement, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
- *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure: EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event
- **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42.342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. We obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent documents in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - Observed that the board finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

- Observed that the minutes referenced or included quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons on the proprietary fund.
- Obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unrestricted net position in the General Fund. If the General Fund had a negative ending unrestricted net position in the prior year audit report, observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted net position in the General Fund.
- Observed whether the board finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. We obtained a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Management identified the entity's main operating account. We selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all if less than 5). We randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for the selected accounts, and observed that.
 - Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within two months of the related statement closing date (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged),
 - Bank reconciliations included written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- We obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/check/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. We obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site selected. We obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, then inquired of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties were properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - Employees that are responsible for each collections do not share each drawers registers
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

- Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. We obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to eash. We observed that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.
- 7. We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits were made on the same day). We obtained supporting documentation for each of the deposits selected and.
 - We observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - We traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - We traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - We observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - We traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8 We obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of disbursement locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. We obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquired of employees about their job duties), and we observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase.
 - At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

- Either the employee official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- Only employees officials authorized to sign checks approved the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some electronic means.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management's representation that the population is complete. We randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, and obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - We observed that the disbursement, whether paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - We observed whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
- 11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in procedure #3 under Bank Reconciliations, we randomly selected 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observed that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected, we selected an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- 12. We obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 13. Using the listing prepared by management, we randomly selected the required amount of cards (up to five) that were used during the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly selected one monthly bank statement), and obtained supporting documentation, and:
 - We observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting
 documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive
 fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone
 other than the authorized card holder.
 - We observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, we randomly selected the required amount transactions (up to ten) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions. For each transaction, we observed that it is supported by (a) an original itemized receipt that identified precisely what was purchased, (b) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (c) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, we described the nature of the transaction and noted whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Travel and Expense Reimbursement

- 15. We obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. We randomly selected 5 reimbursements, and obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - If reimbursed using a per diem, we observed that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - If reimbursed using actual costs, we observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - We observed that each reimbursement was supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, we observed that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1, 8th bullet).
 - We observed that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Contracts

- 16. We obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts (or active vendor list) for professional services, materials, and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of contracts (up to 5) from the listing, excluding our contract, and:
 - We observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - We observed whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), we observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment, the document approval).

We randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the selected contracts, obtained
the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observed that the invoice and
related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Payroll and Personnel

- 17. We obtained a listing of employees elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 employees or officials, obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries pay rates in the personnel files.
- 18. We randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #17 above, we obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - We observed that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).
 - We observed that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
 - We observed that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records
 - We observed that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found with the personnel file.
- 19. We obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. If applicable, we selected two employees or officials, and obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. If applicable, we agreed the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, and the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and the termination payment to entity policy.
- 20. We obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Ethics

- 21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees officials from procedure #17 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained ethics documentation from management, and:
 - We observed whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170.
 - We observed that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

22. We inquired and or observed whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Debt Service

- 23. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- 24. We obtained a listing of bonds notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one bond note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Fraud Notice

- 25. We obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- 26. We observed whether the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 27. We performed the following procedures:
 - We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical
 data (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and
 observed that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's
 local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
 - We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its
 backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquired of personnel responsible
 for testing verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was
 successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - We obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required number of computers (at least 5) and observed while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

28. We randomly selected 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #19, and observed evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

Procedure Results: We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- 29. We randomly selected the employees/officials from procedure #17 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- 30. We observed that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedures on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 31. We obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Procedure Results: No exceptions were noted as a result of these procedures.

We were engaged by the Commission to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

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