LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL LIVINGSTON, LOUISIANA

Audit of Financial Statements

December 31, 2020



Contents	Statement	Schedule	Page
Independent Auditor's Report			1 - 3
Required Supplementary Information (Part I) Management's Discussion and Analysis			5 - 12
Basic Financial Statements			
Government-Wide Financial Statements			
Statement of Net Position	Α		14 - 15
Statement of Activities	В		16
Fund Financial Statements			
Governmental Funds			
Balance Sheet	С		18 - 19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance	_		
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	D		20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and			
Changes in Fund Balances	Е		21 - 22
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statemen			
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in			
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	F		23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and			
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual			
General Fund	G-1		24
Health Unit Special Revenue Fund	G-2		25
Jail Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	G-3		26
Road Special Revenue Fund	G-4		27
Office of Emergency Preparedness	•		- /
Special Revenue Fund	G-5		28
Proprietary Fund			
Statement of Net Position	Н		29 - 30
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and	• •		
Changes in Net Position	1		31
Statement of Cash Flows	j		32 - 33
Notes to Financial Statements	-		35 - 81
Required Supplementary Information (Part II)			
Schedule of Council's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability			83
Schedule of Council's Pension Contributions			84

Contents (Continued)	Statement	Schedule	Page
Other Supplementary Information			
Non-Major Governmental Funds			
Fund Descriptions			86 - 88
Combining Balance Sheet		1	89 - 90
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and			
Changes in Fund Balances		2	91 - 92
Schedule of Insurance in Force		3	93
Schedule of Sewer Rates and Number of Customers		4	94
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Paymer	nts		
to Agency Head		5	95
Schedules as Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Le	egislative Sess	sion	
Justice System Funding Schedules - Receiving Entity			
General Fund - Cash Basis Presentation		6	96
Jury Mileage Fund - Cash Basis Presentation		7	97
Off Duty Officer Witness Fund - Cash Basis Presenta	ation	8	98
Jail Fund - Cash Basis Presentation		9	99
Courthouse Fund - Cash Basis Presentation		10	100
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting ar on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	t of		101- 102
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Progran Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Require Uniform Guidance			103 - 104
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		11	105 - 107
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs			108 - 109
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings			110



LaPorte, APAC 8555 United Plaza Blvd. | Suite 400 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 225.296.5150 | Fax 225.296.5151 LaPorte.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Parish President and Members of the Livingston Parish Council Livingston, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Livingston Parish Council (the Council), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Council's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Council's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the Council's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the Council's primary government unless the Council also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The Council has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units are not reasonably obtainable.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Livingston Parish Council as of December 31, 2020, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities; the business-type activities; the major funds; and the aggregate remaining fund information of the primary government of Livingston Parish Council as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Health Unit Special Revenue Fund, Jail Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, Road Special Revenue Fund, and the Office of Emergency Preparedness Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis beginning on page 5, and the supplementary schedules required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 on pages 83 and 84 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the primary government financial statements that collectively comprise Livingston Parish Council's primary government financial statements. The schedules listed in the table of contents as Schedules 1 through 10 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the Council's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2021, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Livingston Parish Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA June 10, 2021 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART I)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Introduction

Livingston Parish Council (the Council) is pleased to present its Annual Financial Report developed in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and related standards.

This discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Council's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Council's financial position, (d) identify any significant variations from the Council's financial plan, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Council's financial statements starting on page 14 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- At December 31, 2020, the Council's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$97,166,374 (net position). Of this amount, \$62,956,198 is net investment in capital assets; \$1,144,718 is restricted for construction; \$10,500,543 is restricted to meet the Council's ongoing obligations to its citizens for debt service; \$33,831 is restricted for the criminal court; \$7,088,120 is restricted for Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act (GOMESA) projects; and \$795,875 is restricted for grant expenses; leaving an unrestricted surplus of \$14,647,089.
- At December 31, 2020, the Council's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$41,683,660. Of this amount, 2.7%, or \$1,144,718, is restricted for construction and 25.1%, or \$10,500,543, is restricted for debt service; .8%, or \$309,679, is nonspendable for inventory; 8.9%, or \$3,731,708, is nonspendable for advances; 1.9%, or \$795,875, is restricted for grant expenditures; 17.0%, or \$7,088,120, is restricted for GOMESA projects; 18.3%, or \$7,645,791, is assigned to Health Unit Fund expenditures; 24.9%, or \$10,390,162, is assigned to Road Fund expenditures; 0.1%, or \$33,831, is restricted for the criminal court and 4.1%, or \$1,705,253, is assigned to court fees; while 0.3%, or \$120,426, is assigned or committed to various other purposes; and \$(1,788,376) is unassigned fund balance.

Overview of the Annual Financial Report

The financial statements' focus is on both the Council as a whole and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives, government-wide and major funds, allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison, and enhance the Council's accountability. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities. The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the Council's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Council's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on the Council's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to the accounting used by private business enterprises. The difference between the assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position and changes in the components of net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Council is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Council's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year, focusing on both the gross and net costs of various activities that are supported by the Council's revenues. This is intended to summarize and simplify the reader's analysis of the cost and/or subsidy of various governmental services.

In both of the government-wide financial statements, the Council's activities are divided into two types:

- 1. Governmental Activities Most of the Council's basic services are reported here and are financed primarily through governmental activities.
- Business-Type Activities The Council charges a fee to customers to help it cover most of the cost of the services provided. The activities of the Utility Enterprise Fund are reported in this section.

The government-wide financial statements include only Livingston Parish Council (no component units of Livingston Parish Council are included) and can be found on pages 14 through 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Council, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. The Council uses two categories of funds to account for financial transactions: governmental funds and proprietary funds. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements' presentation more familiar.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental funds are used to account for most of the Council's basic services. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances that are left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's programs. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 28 of this report.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, there are differences in the information presented for governmental funds and for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Review of these differences provides the reader of the financial statements insight on the long-term impact of the Council's more immediate decisions on the current use of financial resources. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary funds account for utility services provided by the Council to its customers. The proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but the fund's presentation provides more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 33 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Council's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 35 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table provides a summary of the Council's net position for the current year. For more detailed information, see the statement of net position on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

		Governmen	tal A	Activities	vities Business-Type A			Activities	ies Total			
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Assets												
Current and Other Assets	\$	48,406,311	\$	50,913,165	\$	(708,229)	\$	(573,252)	\$	47,698,082	\$	50,339,913
Capital Assets	_	98,517,477		104,172,689		5,865,156		6,179,511		104,382,633		110,352,200
Total Assets		146,923,788		155,085,854		5,156,927		5,606,259		152,080,715		160,692,113
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,169,722		5,978,153		-		-		4,169,722		5,978,153
Total Assets and Deferred												
Outflows of Resources		151,093,510		161,064,007		5,156,927		5,606,259		156,250,437		166,670,266
Liabilities												
Current Liabilities		14,056,823		13,464,239		107,423		89,427		14,164,246		13,553,666
Other Liabilities	_	41,841,351		51,843,308		1,965,673		2,046,244		43,807,024		53,889,552
Total Liabilities		55,898,174		65,307,547		2,073,096		2,135,671		57,971,270		67,443,218
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,112,793		364,012		.		_		1,112,793	***************************************	364,012
Total Liabilities and Deferred												
Inflows of Resources		57,010,967		65,671,559		2,073,096		2,135,671		59,084,063		67,807,230
Net Position												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		59,130,642		56,349,972		3,825,556		4,069,357		62,956,198		60,419,329
Restricted		19,563,087		19,279,961		-		-		19,563,087		19,279,961
Unrestricted		15,388,814		19,762,515		(741,725)		(598,769)		14,647,089		19,163,746
Total Net Position	\$	94,082,543	\$	95,392,448	\$	3,083,831	\$	3,470,588	\$	97,166,374	\$	98,863,036

Management's Discussion and Analysis

A condensed version of the government-wide statement of activities is presented as follows:

	Governmen	ental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total		
	 2020		2019	***************************************	2020		2019	 2020		2019
Revenues										
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services	\$ 3,897,825	\$	5,379,224	\$	230,682	\$	200,009	\$ 4,128,507	\$	5,579,233
Operating Grants and										
Contributions	20,249,789		17,802,105		-		-	20,249,789		17,802,105
Capital Grants and										
Contributions	6,071,294		233,212		-		-	6,071,294		233,212
General Revenues										
Taxes	30,752,079		27,473,923		=		-	30,752,079		27,473,923
Royalties	2,563,950		2,654,482		-		-	2,563,950		2,654,482
Miscellaneous	168,742		233,783		=		-	168,742		233,783
Use of Money and Property	 242,766		558,413		619		3,008	243,385		561,421
Total Revenues	 63,946,445		54,335,142		231,301		203,017	 64,177,746		54,538,159
Expenses										
General Government	8,200,155		8,165,878		-		_	8,200,155		8,165,878
Public Safety	24,115,057		20,758,569		-		_	24,115,057		20,758,569
Public Works	28,341,967		24,387,891		-		-	28,341,967		24,387,891
Health and Welfare	1,813,220		1,479,303		-		_	1,813,220		1,479,303
Culture and Recreation	704,823		702,096		-		_	704,823		702,096
Economic Development	77,000		77,000		-		_	77,000		77,000
Water and Sewer			-		718,058		894,420	718,058		894,420
Debt Service Interest and Fees	 1,904,128		2,854,753		-		-	1,904,128		2,854,753
Total Expenses	65,156,350		58,425,490		718,058		894,420	65,874,408		59,319,910
Change in Net Position	(1,309,905)		(4,090,348)		(386,757)		(691,403)	(1,696,662)		(4,781,751)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 95,392,448		99,482,796		3,470,588		4,161,991	98,863,036		103,644,787
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 94,082,543	\$	95,392,448	\$	3,083,831	\$	3,470,588	\$ 97,166,374	\$	98,863,036

Approximately 65% of the Council's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, furniture, equipment), net of any outstanding related debt used to acquire those capital assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and do not represent resources available for future spending.

Approximately 20% of the Council's net position represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The Council's restricted assets consist of reserves required for capital outlay projects and debt service. Approximately 15% of the Council's net position is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Council's ongoing obligations to its citizens at the Council's discretion.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Council was able to report positive balances in both categories of net position - governmental activities and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position, see the statement of activities on page 16 of this report.

The statement of activities reflects Livingston Parish Council's revenues and expenses by program. A summary follows:

Total	\$ 33,728,156	100%
Use of Money and Property	243,385	1%
Miscellaneous	168,742	1%
Royalties	2,563,950	7%
Taxes	\$ 30,752,079	91%
General Revenues		

Livingston Parish Council's program expenses from governmental activities are detailed by function on the statement of activities. A summary follows:

General Government	\$ 8,200,155	13%
Public Safety	24,115,057	37%
Public Works	28,341,967	43%
Health and Welfare	1,813,220	3%
Culture and Recreation	704,823	1%
Economic Development	77,000	0%
Debt Service Interest and Fees	1,904,128	3%
Total	\$ 65,156,350	100%
i Viai	ψ 03,130,330	100 70

There are \$65.2 million in total expenses for governmental activities and about \$0.7 million in business-type activities from sewer and water services. Public works expenses account for \$28.3 million, or 43%, which is related to the construction and maintenance of parish-wide roads, bridges, and related drainage. Public safety expenses account for \$24.1 million, or 37%, which is related to the operation of the Livingston Parish Jail and the Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness. General government expenses account for \$8.2 million, or 13%, which is related to overall council government and the judicial system. After public works, public safety, and general government, debt service interest and fees is the largest governmental expense, and will remain so for at least ten years. This accounts for \$1.9 million, or 3% of total governmental activities. Other expenses, including health and welfare, culture and recreation, and economic development, totaled \$2.6 million, or 4% of total expenses.

As noted earlier, the Council uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Council's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Council's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Council's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 28 of this report.

At the end of the current year, the Council's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$41,683,660. This represents a decrease of \$3,002,345 from the prior year's ending balance.

Within governmental funds, there are intra-fund appropriations called transfers. These amounts are reported on the governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. By their nature, transfers balance among governmental funds and are eliminated on the statement of activities. The largest single use of transfers is from special revenue funds to debt service funds in order to pay the debt service.

In analyzing the fund balances of the individual funds, we found that the Jail Sales Tax Fund has the most serious problem. This fund accounts for the expenses of the Livingston Parish Jail. We anticipate that in 2021, after the jail debt is paid off and the sales tax is renewed, the Jail Sales Tax Fund will begin repaying its debt to the General Fund and have the ability to operate independently. The Jail Sales Tax Fund owes other funds approximately \$3.7 million, which is due to transfers from other funds. This adversely affects the General Fund and Health Unit Fund; however, this amount is not readily collectible.

Major Governmental Fund Budgetary Highlights

Livingston Parish Council demonstrated legal compliance by adopting and amending budgets in accordance with provisions of the Local Government Budget Act.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Council's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2020 amounted to \$98,517,477 (net of depreciation) for its governmental activities and \$5,865,156 (net of depreciation) for its business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following table provides a summary of the Council's capital assets (net of depreciation) for governmental activities at the end of the current year as compared to the prior year. For more detailed information, see Note 10 to the financial statements.

Assets	2020			2019
Land	\$	7,832, 99 4	\$	7,715,569
Buildings		56,325,985		58,230,690
Recreational Facilities		4,290,743		4,423,500
Improvements/Infrastructure		23,273,462		28,295,477
Machinery and Equipment		1,409,886		1,575,713
Furniture and Fixtures		236,280		121,286
Sewer System		892,306		1,034,055
Construction in Progress		4,255,821		2,665,498
Total	\$_	98,517,477	\$	104,172,689

Long-Term Debt

At December 31, 2020, the Council had total debt outstanding of \$50,284,940. Of this total, \$8,443,589 is due within one year and \$41,841,351 is due after one year for its governmental activities, and \$76,658 is due within one year and \$1,965,673 is due after one year for its business-type activities.

Contacting the Council's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Council's users with a general overview of the Council's finances and show the Council's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Livingston Parish Council, Finance Department, 20399 Government Blvd., Post Office Box 427, Livingston, Louisiana 70754. The Council's telephone number is (225) 686-2266.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,247,226	\$	62,304	\$	7,309,530
Investments	3,629,102		=		3,629,102
Receivables, Net of Allowance	769,582		30,132		799,714
Inventory	309,679		-		309,679
Internal Balances	975,992		(975,992)		-
Due from Other Governments	16,743,544		=		16,743,544
Due from Component Unit	116,320		=		116,320
Unamortized Bond Insurance Premiums	119,078		-		119,078
Prepaid Items	188,580		1,630		190,210
Restricted Cash	17,864,674		173,697		18,038,371
Net Pension Asset	442,534		=		442,534
Capital Assets					
Non-Depreciable	12,088,815		13,570		12,102,385
Depreciable, Net	 86,428,662		5,851,586		92,280,248
Total Assets	 146,923,788		5,156,927		152,080,715
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred Amount on Refunding of Debt	3,386,989		-		3,386,989
Deferred Outflows on Pension Obligation	 782,733		=		782,733
Total Deferred Outflows	4 400 700				4 400 700
of Resources	 4,169,722		-		4,169,722

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable and Accrued			
Expenses	4,875,509	29,681	4,905,190
Due to Other Governments	26,407	-	26,407
Due to Component Units	164,817	-	164,817
Unearned Revenue	19,700	-	19,700
Accrued Bond Interest Payable	526,801	1,084	527,885
Non-Current Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	8,443,589	76,658	8,520,247
Due in More than One Year	41,841,351	1,965,673	43,807,024
Total Liabilities	55,898,174	2,073,096	57,971,270
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows on Pension Obligation	1,112,793	-	1,112,793
Total Deferred Inflows			
of Resources	1,112,793	-	1,112,793
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	59,130,642	3,825,556	62,956,198
Construction	1,144,718	_	1,144,718
Criminal Court	33,831	_	33,831
Debt Service	10,500,543	_	10,500,543
GOMESA Projects	7,088,120	_	7,088,120
Grant	795,875	_	795,875
Unrestricted	15,388,814	(741,725)	14,647,089
Total Net Position	\$ 94,082,543	\$ 3,083,831	\$ 97,166,374

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
		Operating Capital								
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type				
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 8,200,155	2,587,399	\$ 3,070,887	\$ -	\$ (2,541,869)	\$ -	\$ (2,541,869)			
Public Safety	24,115.057	1,262,038	16,108,448		(6,744,571)	_	(6,744,571)			
Public Works	28,341,967	15,011	-	6,071,294	(22,255,662)	-	(22,255,662)			
Health and Welfare	1,813,220	33,377	79.807	-	(1,700,036)	-	(1,700,036)			
Culture and Recreation	704,823	´-	, <u> </u>	_	(704,823)	_	(704,823)			
Economic Development	77,000	-	_	_	(77,000)	-	(77,000)			
Debt Service Interest and Fees	1,904,128	_	990,647	-	(913,481)	-	(913,481)			
T-4-1 0										
Total Governmental	DE 450 050	2 007 025	20.040.700	0.074.004	(04.007.440)		(24.027.442)			
Activities	65,156,350	3,897,825	20.249,789	6,071,294	(34,937,442)	-	(34,937,442)			
Business-Type Activities										
Utilities - Water and Sewer	718,058	230,682	-	-	-	(487,376)	(487,376)			
Total Business-Type										
Activities	718.058	230,682				(487,376)	(487,376)			
ALGVANCS	7 10,000	230,062				(407,370)	(407,370)			
Total	\$ 65,874,408	\$ 4,128,507	\$ 20,249,789	\$ 6,071,294	(34,937,442)	(487,376)	(35,424,818)			
General Revenues										
Taxes										
Ad Valorem Taxes					6,766,541	_	6,766,541			
Sales Taxes					21,895,923	_	21,895,923			
Franchise Taxes					1,193,268	-	1,193,268			
Occupational Taxes					896,347	_	896,347			
Royalties					2,563,950	_	2,563,950			
Miscellaneous					168,742	-	168,742			
Use of Money and Property					242,766	619	243,385			
Transfers					(100,000)	100,000				
Total General Revenues					33,627,537	100,619	33,728,156			
Change in Net Position					(1,309,905)	(386,757)	(1,696,662)			
Net Position, Beginning of Year					95,392,448	3,470,588	98,863,036			
Net Position, End of Year					\$ 94,082,543	\$ 3,083,831	\$ 97,166,374			

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

		General Health Unit Fund Fund				Jail les Tax Fund
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	900	\$	-	\$	-
Pooled Cash in Other Funds		4,103,815		3,321,142		-
Investments		75,854		3,267,049		-
Receivables, Net of Allowance		531,154		150		-
Restricted Cash		7,883,995		-		-
Inventory		-		-		24,723
Due from Component Unit		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		4,026,470		-		-
Due from Other Governments		1,869,413		1,358,397		1,033,773
Advance to Jail Sales Tax Fund		3,431,708		300,000		_
Total Assets	\$ 2	1,923,309	\$	8,246,738	\$	1,058,496
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits) Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	514,387	\$	14,067	\$	214,035
Deficit in Pooled Cash		-		-		4,850,191
Accrued Expenses Payable		282,134		59,331		40,809
Due to Component Units		129,921		-		-
Due to Other Governments		_		_		6,602
Due to Other Funds		837,948		227,549	:	2,624,842
Unearned Revenue		19,700		-		-
Advance from Other Funds		-		-	,	3,731,708
Total Liabilities	***************************************	1,784,090		300,947	1	1,468,187
Fund Balances (Deficits)						
Nonspendable						
Inventory		-		-		24,723
Advances	;	3,431,708		300,000		-
Restricted for:						
Construction		-		-		-
Criminal Court		-		-		-
Criminal Court Witness		-		_		-
GOMESA Projects	•	7,088,120		_		-
Debt Service		-		-		-
Grant Expenditures		795,875		-		-
Committed for:						
Federal Grant Programs		100		-		-
Assigned to:						
Bingo		-		_		-
Court Fees		-		_		-
Health Unit		-		7,645,791		-
Road		-		-		-
Other Purposes		-		-		-
Unassigned		8,823,416		_	(1)	0,434,414)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	2	0,139,219		7,945,791	(1	0,409,691)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 2	1,923,309	\$	8,246,738	\$	1,058,496

Road Fund	Er	Office of mergency paredness Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
				4 1051505
\$ 1,304		-	\$ 1,649,301	\$ 1,651,505
4,077,868		-	1,420,223	12,923,048
286,199		-	-	3,629,102
148,772		11,926	77,580	769,582
=		-	9,980,679	17,864,674
284,956		-	-	309,679
-		-	116,320	116,320
1,388,509		-	-	5,414,979
7,863,478		658,617	3,073,840	15,857,518
_		_	_	3,731,708
\$ 14,051,086	\$	670,543	\$ 16,317,943	\$ 62,268,115
\$ 1,795,948	\$	825,851	\$ 848,267	\$ 4,212,555
-		432,460	1,091,067	6,373,718
256,781		21,179	2,720	662,954
-		, -	34,896	164,817
19,805		_	-	26,407
1,303,434		_	398,823	5,392,596
, , , <u>-</u>		_	, <u>-</u>	19,700
_		-	_	3,731,708
3,375,968		1,279,490	2,375,773	20,584,455
284,956		-	-	309,679
-		-	-	3,731,708
-		-	1,144,718	1,144,718
-	-	-	. 18,928	18,928
-		-	14,903	14,903
-		-	<u>-</u>	7,088,120
-		-	10,500,543	10,500,543
-		-	-	795,875
-		-	-	100
_		_	5,830	5,830
-		_	1,705,253	1,705,253
-		- -	1,100,200	7,645,791
10,390,162		_ _		10,390,162
10,030,102		_	120,426	120,426
<u>-</u>		(608,947)	•	(1,788,376)
10,675,118		(608,947)	431,569 13,942,170	41,683,660
\$ 14,051,086		670,543	\$ 16,317,943	\$ 62,268,115

Statement D

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	41,683,660
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Governmental Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 268,148,940 (169,631,463)		98,517,477
Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Unamortized Bond Insurance Premiums Prepaid Insurance	119,078 188,580		307,658
Some revenues were collected more than sixty days after year-end and, therefore, are not available soon enough to pay for current-period expenditures:			
Property Taxes Louisiana Revenue Sharing	621,364 264,662		886,026
The Council follows the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68 which provides for the recognition of pension obligations. This includes the recognition of related net pension asset, deferred inflows of resources, and deferred outflows of resources.	112,474		112,474
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Bonds and Leases Payable Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds Net Unamortized Bond (Premiums) Paid or Discounts Withheld Deferred Amount on Refunding of Debt Compensated Absences Payable	(49,970,000) (526,801) 108,056 3,386,989 (422,996)		(47,424,752)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		_\$_	94,082,543

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund		Health Unit Fund			Jail Sales Tax Fund	
Revenues							
Taxes							
Property Taxes	\$	1,211,577	\$	1,497,487	\$	_	
Sales Taxes	7	-		-	7	5,473,981	
Franchise Taxes		1,082,926		_		-,,	
Occupational Taxes		896,347		_		_	
Royalties		2.563.950		_		-	
Licenses and Permits		2,121,439		33,377		_	
Fines and Forfeitures		14,074		-		47,021	
Fees and Commissions		288,371		_		´-	
Intergovernmental Revenues		•					
Federal Sources		2,327,683		44,022		26,272	
State and Local Sources		656,661		35,785		· -	
Miscellaneous		107,220		· -		1,355	
Use of Money and Property		160,443		28,193		<u> -</u>	
Total Revenues		11,430,691		1,638,864		5,548,629	
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government		5,844,792		-		-	
Public Safety		2,333,994		-		3,194,561	
Public Works		103,335		-		_	
Health and Welfare		458,697		1,190,012		-	
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-	
Economic Development		77,000		-		-	
Total Current		8,817,818		1,190,012		3,194,561	
Debt Service							
Principal		-		-		-	
Interest and Fees		4,000		_		4,000	
Total Debt Service		4,000		_		4,000	
Capital Outlay							
General Government		248,980		-		-	
Public Safety		-		-		72,939	
Public Works		-		-		-	
Health and Welfare		_		19,320		_	
Total Capital Outlay		248,980		19,320		72,939	
Total Expenditures		9,070,798		1,209,332		3,271,500	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		2,359,893		429,532		2,277,129	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		1,951,000		-		-	
Transfers Out		(4,661,535)		(172,000)		(2,063,358)	
Transfers from Component Units		_		_		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,710,535)		(172,000)		(2,063,358)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(350,642)		257,532		213,771	
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year		20,489,861		7,688,259		(10,623,462)	
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$	20,139,219	\$	7,945,791	\$	(10,409,691)	

Road Fund	Office of Emergency Preparedness Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,994,362	\$ -	\$ 898,112	\$ 6,601,538
16,421,942	.	Ψ 000,112 -	21,895,923
-	_	110,342	1,193,268
_	_	-	896,347
_	_	_	2,563,950
_	_	20,074	2,174,890
_	-	1,358,458	1,419,553
15,011	-	· · · · ·	303,382
4,053,362	12,438,429	3,624,996	22,514,764
1,027,951	19,995	989,981	2,730,373
12,293	47,874	-	168,742
15,477	-	38,653	242,766
24,540,398	12,506,298	7,040,616	62,705,496
-	_	471,109	6,315,901
-	14,261,963	3,568,809	23,359,327
22,480,680	-	1,000,001	23,584,016
-	-	-	1,648,709
-	-	36,204	36,204
_	_	_	77,000
22,480,680	14,261,963	5,076,123	55,021,157
-	-	7,565,000	7,565,000
4,000	-	1,879,933	1,891,933
4,000	-	9,444,933	9,456,933
_	_	-	248,980
_	24,450	117,424	214,813
1,637,285	, -	-	1,637,285
<u>-</u>	-	-	19,320
1,637,285	24,450	117,424	2,120,398
24,121,965	14,286,413	14,638,480	66,598,488
449 422	(4.790.445)	(7.507.964)	/a ena nna)
418,433	(1,780,115)	(7,597,864)	(3,892,992)
500,000	1,510,000	10,156,122	14,117,122
(5,959,922)	-	(1,360,307)	(14,217,122)
	-	990,647	990,647
(5,459,922)	1,510,000	9,786,462	890,647
(5,041,489)	(270,115)	2,188,598	(3,002,345)
15,716,607	(338,832)	11,753,572	44,686,005
\$ 10,675,118	\$ (608,947)	\$ 13,942,170	\$ 41,683,660

Statement F

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(3,002,345)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives through depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		(5,655,212)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds:		
Property Tax Revenue Contributions Made to the Retirement Plan by Other Governments		165,003 85,299
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		7,288,121
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in Prepaid Expenses Change in Compensated Absences Payable Change in Accrued Interest Expense Change in the Net Pension Liability and Related Deferred Amounts		(158,177) 40,492 (12,195) (60,891)
	_	

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (1,309,905)

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,277,467	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,211,577	\$ 11,577
Franchise Taxes	1,140,000	1,261,795	1,082,926	(178,869)
Occupational Taxes	1,050,000	735,281	896,347	161,066
Royalties	2,000,000	2,633,957	2,563,950	(70,007)
Licenses and Permits	1,600,000	2,048,763	2,121,439	72,676
Fines and Forfeitures	10,000	13,391	14,074	683
Fees and Commissions	75,000	178,344	288,371	110,027
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Federal Sources	1,710,756	3,786,997	2,327,683	(1,459,314)
State and Local Sources	1,556,932	839,050	656,661	(182,389)
Miscellaneous	422,521	457,093	107,220	(349,873)
Use of Money and Property	200,000	194,964	160,443	(34,521)
Total Revenues	11,042,676	13,349,635	11,430,691	(1,918,944)
Expenditures				
Current Expenditures	44.070.000	7.000.004	5 044 700	4 404 000
General Government	14,876,220	7,328,831	5,844,792	1,484,039
Public Safety Public Works	1,927,321	2,065,215	2,333,994 103,335	(268,779)
Health and Welfare	86,301	98,942		(4,393)
Culture and Recreation	284,534	320,908	458,697	(137,789)
Economic Development	1,500 68,500	1,500 142,458	77,000	1,500 65,458
Economic Development	66,500	142,436	77,000	63,436
Total Current Expenditures	17,244,376	9,957,854	8,817,818	1,140,036
Debt Service				
Interest and Fees		_	4,000	(4,000)
Total Debt Service		-	4,000	(4,000)
Capital Outlay				
General Government	_	_	248,980	(248,980)
Total Capital Outlay	·		248.980	(248,980)
. ,	-		240,300	(240,960)
Total Expenditures	17,244,376	9,957,854	9,070,798	887,056
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(6,201,700)	3,391,781	2,359,893	(1,031,888)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Governmental Transfers In	1,921,000	1,951,000	1,951,000	_
Governmental Transfers Out	(2,202,825)	(4,561,535)	(4,661,535)	(100,000)
Enterprise Transfers Out	(100,000)	(100,000)	-	100,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(381,825)	(2,710,535)	(2,710,535)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (6,583,525)	\$ 681,246	(350,642)	\$ (1,031,888)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			20,489,861	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 20,139,219	

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Health Unit Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Original	Final		Actual	Fina	ance with Il Budget vorable
		Budget	 Budget	Amounts		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues							
Taxes							
Property Taxes	\$	1,220,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,497,487	\$	(2,513)
Licenses and Permits		35,000	31,564		33,377		1,813
Intergovernmental Revenues							
Federal Sources		-	43,405		44,022		617
State and Local Sources		35,385	35,688		35,785		97
Use of Money and Property		70,000	35,548		28,193		(7,355)
Total Revenues	***************************************	1,360,385	1,646,205		1,638,864		(7,341)
Expenditures							
Current Expenditures							
Health and Welfare		1,028,951	1,200,152		1,209,332		(9,180)
Total Current Expenditures		1,028,951	 1,200,152		1,209,332		(9,180)
Total Expenditures		1,028,951	 1,200,152		1,209,332		(9,180)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		331,434	446,053		429,532		(16,521)
Over Experiences	***************************************	331,434	 440,000		420,002		(10,521)
Other Financing Uses							
Governmental Transfers Out		(145,000)	(172,000)		(172,000)		-
Total Other Financing Uses		(145,000)	 (172,000)		(172,000)		_
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	186,434	\$ 274,053		257,532	\$	(16,521)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					7,688,259		
Fund Balance, End of Year					7,945,791		

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Jail Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin Fá	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
Revenues							
Taxes							
Sales Taxes	\$	4,500,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,473,981	\$	473,981
Fees and Commissions		40,000	39,662	·	47,021		7,359
Intergovernmental Revenues		,	ŕ				•
Federal Sources		-	102,248		26,272		(75,976)
Miscellaneous		3,100	1,107		1,355		248
Total Revenues		4,543,100	 5,143,017		5,548,629		405,612
Expenditures							
Current Expenditures			0.000.100		0.404.504		
Public Safety	_	3,535,966	3,262,486		3,194,561		67,925
Total Current Expenditures		3,535,966	3,262,486		3,194,561		67,925
Debt Service							
Interest and Fees		-	 -		4,000		(4,000)
Total Debt Service		_	-		4,000		(4,000)
Capital Outlay							
Public Safety		_	_		72,939		(72,939)
Total Capital Outlay		_	 _		72,939		(72,939)
Total Expenditures		3,535,966	 3,262,486		3,271,500		(9,014)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,007,134	1,880,531		2,277,129		396,598
Other Financing Uses							
Governmental Transfers Out		(1,862,800)	 (2,063,358)		(2,063,358)		_
Total Other Financing Uses		(1,862,800)	 (2,063,358)		(2,063,358)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	_\$	(855,666)	\$ (182,827)		213,771	\$	396,598
Fund Deficit, Beginning of Year					(10,623,462)		
Fund Deficit, End of Year					(10,409,691)		

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Road Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$ 2,440,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 2,994,362	\$ (105,638)
Sales Taxes	13,500,000	15,000,000	16,421,942	1,421,942
Fees and Commissions	-	-	15,011	15,011
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Federal Sources	6,930,578	7,404,660	4,053,362	(3,351,298)
State and Local Sources	6,608,496	2,186,019	1,027,951	(1,158,068)
Miscellaneous	10,000	2,841	12,293	9,452
Use of Money and Property	10,000	15,950	15,477	(473)
Total Revenues	29,499,074	27,709,470	24,540,398	(3,169,072)
Expenditures				
Current Expenditures				
Public Works	19,416,700	25,486,140	22,480,680	3,005,460
		1		
Total Current Expenditures	19,416,700	25,486,140	22,480,680	3,005,460
Debt Service				
Interest and Fees	4,000	4,000	4,000	_
interest and reco	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Total Debt Service	4,000	4,000	4,000	-
04-10-4				
Capital Outlay	G 400 040	4742.000		6 670 775
Public Works	6,433,613	4,716,060	1,637,285	3,078,775
Total Capital Outlay	6,433,613	4,716,060	1,637,285	3,078,775
Total Expenditures	25,854,313	30,206,200	24,121,965	6,084,235
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	3,644,761	(2,496,730)	418,433	2,915,163
•				, , ,
Other Financing Uses				
Governmental Transfers Out	(4,703,967)	(5,459,921)	(5,459,922)	(1)
		1	<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Uses	(4,703,967)	(5,459,921)	(5,459,922)	1
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,059,206)	\$ (7,956,651)	(5,041,489)	\$ 2,915,164
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			15,716,607	
Fund Balance, End of Year			¢ 40.675.440	
, with Daratice, Lim of Ical			<u>\$ 10,675,118</u>	

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Office of Emergency Preparedness Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental Revenues					
Federal Sources	\$	580,000	\$ 14,937,930	\$ 12,438,429	\$ (2,499,501)
State and Local Sources	*	20,000	19,995	19,995	-
Miscellaneous		65,000	45,999	47,874	1,875
Total Revenues		665,000	15,003,924	12,506,298	(2,497,626)
Expenditures					
Current Expenditures					
Public Safety		569,846	16,143,114	14,261,963	1,881,151
Total Current Expenditures		569,846	16,143,114	14,261,963	1,881,151
Capital Outlay					
Public Safety		-	23,725	24,450	(725)
Total Capital Outlay		-	23,725	24,450	(725)
Total Expenditures		569,846	16,166,839	14,286,413	1,880,426
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		95,154	(1,162,915)	(1,780,115)	(617,200)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Governmental Transfers In Governmental Transfers Out		(9,000)	1,510,000	1,510,000 -	- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(9,000)	1,510,000	1,510,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	86,154	\$ 347,085	(270,115)	\$ (617,200)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				(338,832)	
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$ (608,947)	

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund December 31, 2020

Statement H

Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 62,304
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance for	
Uncollectible Accounts of \$865,551)	29,806
Due from Other Funds	517,617
Due from Other Governments	 326
Total Current Assets	 610,053
Non-Current Assets	
Restricted Assets	
Bond Covenant Cash Accounts	 173,697
Capital Assets	
Land	13,570
Sewer and Water System	 9,761,197
Total Capital Assets	9,774,767
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (3,909,611)
Total Capital Assets, Net of	
Accumulated Depreciation	 5,865,156
Other Assets	
Deposits	 1,630
Total Non-Current Assets	 6,040,483
Total Assets	 6,650,536

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund December 31, 2020

Statement H (Continued)

Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Deficit in Pooled Cash	953,609
Accounts Payable	12,865
Accrued Expenses Payable	8,076
Accrued Interest Payable	1,084
Due to Other Funds	540,000
Customer Deposits	8,740
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	73,927_
Total Current Liabilities	1,598,301
Non-Current Liabilities	
Debt Payable after One Year	1,965,673
Accumulated Unpaid Vacation	2,731
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,968,404
Total Liabilities	3,566,705
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,825,556
Unrestricted	(741,725)
Total Net Position	\$ 3,083,831

Statement I

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Operating Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$	217,836
Intergovernmental Revenues		
Federal Sources		3,261
State and Local Sources		326
Miscellaneous Charges	\	9,259
Total Operating Revenues	V	230,682
Operating Expenses		
Personal Services		77,899
Repairs and Maintenance		74,871
Utilities and Telephone		74,253
Employee Benefits		40,537
Professional Services		20,017
Bad Debt Expense		13,986
Office Expenses		10,111
Cost of Materials		7,866
Depreciation		314,682
Total Operating Expenses		634,222
Operating Loss	***************************************	(403,540)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest Income		619
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(83,836)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	***************************************	(83,217)
Loss Before Transfers		(486,757)
Transfers In		100,000
Change in Net Position		(386,757)
Net Position, Beginning of Year		3,470,588
Net Position, End of Year	\$	3,083,831

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	210,461
Payments to Suppliers		(181,387)
Payments to Employees and for Benefits		(119,356)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(90,282)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Transfers from Other Funds		100,000
Net Increase in Interfund Liabilities		123,568
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and		
Related Financing Activities		223,568
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(328)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt		(83,868)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt		(70,554)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		(154,750)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest Received		619
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		619
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(20,845)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		256,846
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	_\$_	236,001

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		
Operating Loss	\$	(403,540)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to	•	, ,
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		
Depreciation		314,682
Provision for Bad Debts		13,986
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		•
Increase in Accounts Receivable		(23,422)
Increase in Accounts Payable		5,731
Decrease in Accrued Expenses Payable		(920)
Increase in Customer Deposits		3,201
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	_\$	(90,282)
Reconciliation of Cash at Year-End to the		
Statement of Net Position		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	62,304
Bond Covenant Cash Accounts		173,697
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	236,001

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL

Notes to Financial Statements

Introduction

Livingston Parish Council (the Council) is the governing authority for Livingston Parish, Louisiana (the Parish), and is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. Beginning in 1996, the Council operates as a President/Council form of government which operates under a home rule charter. Prior to 1996, the Parish operated under the police jury system of government. The Livingston Parish Home Rule Charter operates with an elected Parish President, who is the chief executive officer of the Parish and the head of the executive branch of parish government, and an elected nine-member council, which is the legislative branch of the government. The Council enacts ordinances, sets policies, and establishes programs for social welfare, transportation, drainage, industrial inducement, and health services.

The area of Livingston Parish is approximately 702 square miles and the Council maintains 724 miles of roads. The estimated population of Livingston Parish is 142,184 based on the 2020 census, and the Council employs approximately 153 persons as of December 31, 2020.

Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:1236 gives the President and the Council various powers in regulating and directing the affairs of the Parish and its inhabitants. The more notable of those are the power to make regulations for its own government, to regulate the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and drainage, to regulate the sale of alcoholic beverages, and to provide for the health and welfare of the poor, disadvantaged, and unemployed in the Parish.

Funding to accomplish these tasks is provided by ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, beer and alcoholic beverage permits, state revenue sharing, and various state and federal grants.

In accomplishing its objectives, the Council also has the authority to create special districts (component units) within the Parish. These special districts perform specialized functions, such as fire protection, library services, drainage maintenance and regulation, economic development, and utility services, such as water and natural gas distribution and sewerage processing.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

As the governing authority of Livingston Parish for reporting purposes, the Livingston Parish Council is the financial reporting entity for Livingston Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (President and Council), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB 61, the Council includes all funds, account groups, etc. that are within the oversight responsibility of the Council.

The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit, and
- 2. Financial accountability, and
 - a. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body and the primary government is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, or
 - b. When a potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has separately elected officials or boards.
- 3. Financial benefit/burden relationship between the primary government and the potential component unit, and
- 4. Misleading to exclude, which covers other potential component units for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Based on the previous criteria, the Council has determined that the following component units are part of the reporting entity:

Component Unit	Fiscal Year End	Criteria Used
Fire Protection Districts		
No. 1	12/31	1 and 3
No. 2	6/30	1 and 3
No. 3	12/31	1 and 3
No. 4	12/31	1 and 3
No. 5	12/31	1 and 3
No. 6	6/30	1 and 3
No. 7	12/31	1 and 3
No. 8	6/30	1 and 3
No. 9	6/30	1 and 3
No. 10	12/31	1 and 3
No. 11	6/30	1 and 3
No. 12	6/30	1 and 3

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

	Fiscal	Criteria				
Component Unit	Year End	Used				
Recreation Districts						
No. 2	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 3	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 4	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 5	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 6	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 7	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 8	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 9	12/31	1 and 3				
Livingston Parish Gas Utility District	11/30	1 and 3				
Sewerage Districts						
No. 1	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 2	12/31	1 and 3				
Waterworks Districts						
Ward 2	12/31	1 and 3				
Ward 6	12/31	1 and 3				
Gravity Drainage Districts						
No. 1	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 2	12/31	1 and 3				
No. 5	12/31	1 and 3				
Communication District	12/31	1 and 3				
Livingston Parish Library Commission	12/31	1 and 3				
Community Development Districts						
Carter Plantation	12/31	1 and 3				
Carter Plantation Marina	8/31	1 and 3				
Greystone	12/31	1 and 3				
Isabella	12/31	1 and 3				
Juban Park	12/31	1 and 3				
Whispering Springs	12/31	1 and 3				
Juban Crossing Economic						
Development District	12/31	1 and 3				
Livingston Parish Clerk of Court	6/30	2 and 3				
Livingston Parish Assessor	12/31	2 and 3				

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Council has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government only; therefore, only the funds and organizations for which the Council maintains the accounting records are included.

GASB 61 provides for the issuance of primary government financial statements that are separate from those of the reporting entity. However, the primary government's (the Council) financial statements are not a substitute for the reporting entity's financial statements. The accompanying primary government financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. These financial statements are not intended to and do not report on the reporting entity, but rather are intended to reflect only the financial statements of the primary government of the Council.

It was determined that the following governmental entities are not component units of the Livingston Parish Council reporting entity because they have separately elected governing bodies, are legally separate, and are fiscally independent:

Livingston Parish Sheriff
Livingston Parish School Board
District Attorney of the Twenty-First Judicial District
Various Municipalities within Livingston Parish

Basis of Presentation

The Council's basic financial statements include both government-wide statements on all of the non-fiduciary activities and the fund financial statements (individual major funds and combined non-major funds). The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Council follows the guidance included in GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, for its business-type activity financial reporting. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type.

The financial statements also contain a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the Council's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This analysis is similar to the analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Council as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These statements are prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Council's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable), but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements with the exception of transfers between the Utility Enterprise Fund and governmental funds.

Statement of Net Position - In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reflected on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The columns presented in the statement of net position and general descriptions of each are as follows:

- Governmental activities represent programs which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

Statement of Activities - The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and economic development), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property taxes, sales and use taxes, fines, permits, and charges, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and economic development) or a business-type activity and include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The Council does not allocate indirect expenses.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Council are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis of fund financial reporting is on the major fund level in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column in the basic financial statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. The various funds of the primary government are grouped into generic fund types and four broad fund categories as follows:

Governmental Activities Presented as Governmental Funds in the Fund Financial Statements

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Council and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes. The four special revenue funds reported as major funds in the fund financial statements are as follows:

- Health Unit Special Revenue Fund This fund accounts for state and parish health programs. The major means of financing are provided by ad valorem taxes, state revenue sharing, and permits.
- Jail Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund This fund accounts for the maintenance and operation of the jail and transfers to the Jail Debt Service Fund for the payment on the debt service of the jail bonds and is funded through sales taxes.
- Road Special Revenue Fund This fund accounts for maintenance of parishwide roads and streets. Major means of financing are provided by the State of Louisiana Parish Transportation Fund, sales taxes, ad valorem taxes, and state revenue sharing.
- Office of Emergency Preparedness Special Revenue Fund This fund accounts for the operations of the Parish Office of Emergency Preparedness and the federal and state grants that it monitors.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. At December 31, 2020, none of the Council's capital project funds were major.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Activities Presented as Governmental Funds in the Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. At December 31, 2020, none of the Council's debt service funds were major.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations: (a) that are financed and operated similarly to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The enterprise fund is presented in the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. The enterprise fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The following enterprise fund is reported as a major fund in the fund financial statements:

 Utility Enterprise Fund - This fund accounts for the activities of the parish-wide water and sewer systems that are provided to residents that live in areas where these services are not already provided by another entity.

Fiduciary Fund

Custodial Fund - The custodial fund accounts for assets held by the Council on behalf of others as their agent. Custodial funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement or results of operation. The custodial fund is as follows:

 Sales Tax District Six Agency Fund - This fund accounts for the collection and distribution of a one-half percent sales and use tax levied by Sales Tax District Number Six for Gravity Drainage District Number Two. Since all collections received during the year were disbursed, the fiduciary fund does not have any assets or liabilities to report as of December 31, 2020.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting which is also the method used to prepare the budget. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses).

Governmental fund revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recognized in the fiscal year in which the exchange takes place and meets the Council's availability criteria (susceptible to accrual). Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and most governmental miscellaneous revenues, including investment earnings, are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. The Council's definition of available means expected to be received within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Council receives value without directly giving value in return, include sales tax, property tax, grants, and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the calendar year of the tax levy if collected soon enough to meet the availability criteria. Sales tax and gross receipts of business tax revenues are recognized when the underlying transaction occurs and meets the availability criteria. Anticipated refunds of such taxes are recorded as fund liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable and available.

Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied, subject to the availability criteria. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources can be used.

Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for the following: (1) principal and interest on long-term debt are recorded when due, and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund type when paid with expendable available financial resources. Allocations of costs such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The proprietary fund is accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus. Proprietary funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable. Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Council's Utility Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Utility Enterprise Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile funds based on the governmental funds financial statements with the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Finance Department compiles, for the President, estimates of revenues and requests for appropriations of the annual budget. No later than November 5th, the President's budget is submitted to the Council for possible revision and adoption. The Council conducts public hearings on the budget, which must be adopted by December 15th, to become effective January 1st. In no event shall the total appropriations exceed total anticipated revenues, taking into account the estimated surplus or deficit at the end of the current fiscal year.

Budgets for the capital projects funds do not necessarily follow the time schedule for other funds since capital projects may be started and completed at any time during the year. However, the capital projects budgets must be submitted to the Council for adequate public hearing and adoption on a project-length basis.

Annual operating budgets are adopted for the following governmental funds: General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The General Fund and the major special revenue funds (Health Unit Fund, Jail Sales Tax Fund, Road Fund, and Office of Emergency Preparedness Fund) annual budgets are presented in the basic financial statements.

Formal budgetary integration is used for management control in the accounting records during the year for the governmental fund types. The capital projects funds' project appropriations are initiated by project budgets rather than annual budgets, and accountability is controlled on the project-life basis.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Under state law, the Council may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the Council may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, treasury certificates, or the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents. Investments are stated at fair market value.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for uncollectibles for trade receivables is based on agings and charge-off percentages.

Property taxes are levied in September or October each year on property values assessed as of the same date. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1st of the following year, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables include trade receivables and due from other governments and consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, grants, fines, and grant reimbursements. Business-type activities report charges for services and penalties billed for utilities services and not collected at year-end and due from other governments as the major receivables.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Receivables and Payables (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, receivables are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Receivables recorded in the proprietary fund are equal to the receivable balances recorded in the government-wide financial statements, as the same criteria are used to recognize the receivables.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories for supplies of the Road Fund are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Costs of materials are recorded as expenditures in the Road Fund when consumed rather than when purchased. Other funds' supplies on hand at year-end are not significant and are recorded as expenditures/expenses when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements. Payments representing deposits are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet in both the governmental and enterprise funds because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or for capital outlay projects. All restricted assets are held in cash. It is the policy of the Council to expend restricted assets first when both unrestricted and restricted assets are available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Council as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Infrastructure assets acquired prior to 2003 were not capitalized and have been valued at estimated historical cost. All infrastructure assets purchased or constructed by the Council are depreciated accordingly. Certain improvements, including roads, bridges, and curbs and gutters acquired from subdivision developers, have been capitalized. Depreciation on all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued) Capital Assets (Continued)

Fixed assets are included on the statement of net position, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset	Useful Lives
Buildings	40 Years
Improvements Other than Buildings	20 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 Years
Computer Equipment	3 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Infrastructure	15 Years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The losses on bond defeasance are reported as deferred outflows of resources and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Council earn annual leave at varying rates according to years of service. Employees that are terminated or resign will not be paid for accumulated sick leave. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability has been accrued for unused employee sick leave.

As of December 31, 2020, the accrued liability for unpaid vacation benefits amounted to \$425,727. The business-type activities amount was \$2,731, and the governmental activities amount was \$422,996. In addition, applicable percentages of retirement contributions, Social Security, and Medicare have been added to the above accrued leave.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Parochial Employees' Retirement System (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Equity

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Net position is classified in the following three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by:
 - a. External groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or
 - b. Law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. *Unrestricted* All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. The classifications of fund balance are as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- 3. Committed Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action by council ordinance or resolution. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued)

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements (Continued)

- Assigned Amounts the Council intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Council or by an official or body to which the Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The Council has not adopted a policy to maintain the General Fund's unassigned fund balance above a certain minimum level.

The details of the fund balances are included in the balance sheet - governmental funds (Statement C). The Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. As noted above, restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the Council or the assignment has been changed by the Council. Decreases to fund balance first reduce unassigned fund balance; in the event that unassigned becomes zero, then assigned and committed fund balances are used in that order.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Council adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of GASB 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The adoption of GASB 84 did not affect the Council's financial statements.

New Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of GASB 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, postponing the effective date of GASB 87 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of GASB 89 are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, postponing the effective date of GASB 89 to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

The GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The Statement amends Questions 4.3 and 4.5 of Implementation Guide 201-2. The requirements of this Statement related to the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 plans are effective June 15, 2021.

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Council maintains a consolidated cash account that is available for use by all funds. In addition, the Council maintains other accounts that are required by bond covenants or by grant requirements. All cash maintained in the various bond covenant accounts are reported as restricted cash. In addition, an allocation is made from the consolidated cash account to report a portion as restricted to comply with bond covenant requirements that do not require a separate bank account.

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Under state law, demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or certificates of deposit with a bank must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the bank. These pledged securities are held by and in the name of the fiscal agent bank, but pledged to the Council. Under state law, deposits held in a separate bank trust account are not required to have pledged securities in the name of the Council; however, the bank must deposit with an unaffiliated bank pledged securities to cover the deposits held in trust.

The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalent carrying values and bank balances at December 31, 2020:

	 Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities				Total
Book Balances					
<u>Unrestricted</u>					
Cash in Bank Accounts	\$ 7,245,926	\$	62,304	\$	7,308,230
Petty Cash	 1,300		-		1,300
	7,247,226		62,304		7,309,530
Restricted	 17,864,674		173,697		18,038,371
Total	\$ 25,111,900	\$	236,001	\$	25,347,901
Bank Balances					
Unrestricted	\$ 8,529,807	\$	62,407	\$	8,592,214
Restricted	 18,517,626		173,697		18,691,323
Total	\$ 27,047,433	\$	236,104	<u>\$</u>	27,283,537

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the Council's deposits may not be recovered. As of December 31, 2020, \$10,012,551 of the Council's bank balance of \$27,283,537 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Council's name. The remainder of the Council's bank balance was either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or it was held in a bank trust department where state law requires the bank trust department to deposit securities with an unaffiliated bank that are equal to the amount held in trust.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Investments

Investments held at December 31, 2020 consisted of \$3,629,102 in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a local government investment pool which is reported in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. LAMP is administered by Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure*, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invests in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

- Credit Risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- Custodial Credit Risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- Concentration of Credit Risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5% disclosure requirement.
- Interest Rate Risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The WAM for LAMP's total investments was 47 days as of December 31, 2020.
- Foreign Currency Risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP, Inc. is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2020, for the Council's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, were as follows:

	Franchise Taxes Royalties		А	Accounts		Less Allowance for Uncollectibles		Total Net ceivables	
Governmental Activities									
General Fund	\$	283,351	\$ 167,145	\$	80,658	\$	-	\$	531,154
Health Unit Fund		· <u>-</u>	-		150		_		150
Jail Sales Tax Fund		-	-		-		-		-
Road Fund		-	-		148,772		-		148,772
Office of Emergency									
Preparedness Fund		-	-		11,926		-		11,926
Non-Major Funds		27,588	-		49,992		-		77,580
Total Governmental									
Activities		310,939	167,145		291,498		-		769,582
Business-Type Activities									
Utility Enterprise Fund		-	_		895,683		(865,551)		30,132
Total Receivables		310,939	\$ 167,145	\$	1,187,181	\$	(865,551)	\$	799,714

Note 5. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments by governmental agency by individual major fund and non-major funds in the aggregate for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

					School					
	Fe	ederal	State		Board		Sheriff		Other	Total
Governmental Activities										
General Fund	\$	481,944	\$ 16,098	\$	242,050	\$	1,129,321	\$	-	\$ 1,869,413
Health Unit Fund		-	-		-		1,358,397		-	1,358,397
Jail Sales Tax Fund		-	-		1,021,332		12,441		-	1,033,773
Road Fund	1,	504,746	517,770		3,063,997		2,776,965		-	7,863,478
Office of Emergency										
Preparedness Fund		658,617	-		-		-		-	658,617
Non-Major Funds	1,	486,975	74,472		-		1,512,393		-	3,073,840
Adjustment to Full Accrual										
Basis of Accounting		-	 -		-		886,026		-	886,026
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$ 4,	132,282	\$ 608,340	\$	4,327,379	\$	7,675,543	\$	-	\$ 16,743,544

Note 5. Due from Other Governments (Continued)

The following schedule provides additional details of the balance due from the Livingston Parish Sheriff's Office for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Ad Valorem Taxes	tevenue Sharing	and	pational Alcohol enses	 ines and rfeitures	 Other	Total
Governmental Activities							
General Fund	\$ 1,092,326	\$ 36,235	\$	760	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,129,321
Health Unit Fund	1,346,404	11,993		-	-	-	1,358,397
Jail Sales Tax Fund	-	-		-	12,441	-	12,441
Road Fund	2,692,862	-		-	84,103	-	2,776,965
Non-Major Funds Adjustment to Full Accrual	1,430,369	-		-	82,024	-	1,512,393
Basis of Accounting	621,364	 264,662		-	 -	 -	 886,026
Total Governmental							
Activities	\$ 7,183,325	\$ 312,890	\$	760	\$ 178,568	\$ -	\$ 7,675,543

Note 6. Ad Valorem Taxes

All taxable property located within the State of Louisiana is subject by law to taxation on the basis of its assessed valuation. The assessed value is determined by the Parish Assessor, except for public utility property which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission.

The 1974 Louisiana Constitution provided that, beginning in 1978, all land and residential property are to be assessed at 10% of fair market value; agricultural, horticultural, marsh lands, timber lands, and certain historic buildings are to be assessed at 10% of "use" value; and all other property is to be assessed at 15% of fair market value. Fair market values are determined by the elected Assessor of the Parish and are subject to review and final certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The Parish Assessor is required to reappraise all property every four years.

The Sheriff of Livingston Parish, as provided by state law, is the official tax collector of general ad valorem taxes levied by the Council. All taxes are due by December 31st of the current year and are delinquent on January 1st of the next year, which is also the lien date. If the taxes are not paid by the due date of December 31st, the taxes bear interest at 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the Sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

Ad valorem taxes are considered measurable each year following the filing of the tax rolls by the Parish Assessor with the Louisiana Tax Commission. Accordingly, the entire tax roll, less an estimate for uncollectible taxes, is recorded as taxes receivable in the government-wide financial statements. Uncollectible taxes are those taxes which, based on past experience, will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll.

Note 6. Ad Valorem Taxes (Continued)

At the governmental fund level, ad valorem taxes are recorded when measurable and available where only amounts received within the current year or within 60 days thereafter are recognized as revenue.

The following is a summary of maximum and levied ad valorem taxes and the expiration dates for each:

			Taxable	Taxes Assessed for:					
From d	Expiration	Assessed	Assessed	General	Other				
Fund	Date	Millage	Valuations	Purpose	Purposes				
Governmental Activities									
Parish - Outside	Statutory	2.320	\$ 463,595,259	\$ 1,075,541	\$ -				
Parish - Inside	Statutory	1.160	155,214,655	180,049	-				
Health Unit Fund									
Parish - Outside	12/31/2024	2.500	463,595,200	=	1,158,988				
Parish - Inside	12/31/2024	2.500	155,214,400	-	388,036				
Road Fund									
Parish - Outside	12/31/2022	5.000	463,595,200	-	2,317,976				
Parish - Inside	12/31/2022	5.000	155,214,600	-	776,073				
Library Debt Service									
Fund	12/31/2023	1.500	618,810,667		928,216				
Total				\$ 1,255,590	\$ 5,569,289				

Note 7. Deferred Outflows of Resources - Refunding of Debt

In 2012, the Council implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. These Statements provide guidance on reporting the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt for current and advance refunding resulting in defeasance of debt. The difference is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt. At December 31, 2020, the Council had a deferred amount on refunding of debt of \$3,386,989, which resulted from the advance refunding of the Library General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004; the Road Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2006; the Jail Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2006; the North Park Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 and 2015; the Office of Motor Vehicles Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2009; and the Series 2015 Courthouse Project Revenue Refunding Bonds.

Note 8. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following schedule is a summary of due from/(to) other funds including long-term advances reported in the fund financial statements and net internal balances as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2020:

	Due from Due to Other Other Funds Funds				Net Internal Balances			
Governmental Activities Governmental Funds Balance Sheet								
General Fund Health Unit Fund Road Fund Jail Sales Tax Fund Non-Major Funds	\$	7,458,178 300,000 1,388,509 - - - 9,146,687	\$	(837,948) (227,549) (1,303,434) (6,356,550) (398,823) (9,124,304)	\$	6,620,230 72,451 85,075 (6,356,550) (398,823) 22,383		
Business-Type Activities Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position		517,617		(540,000)		(22,383)		
Total	_\$_	9,664,304	\$	(9,664,304)	\$	-		

At December 31, 2020, there was also an internal balance of \$953,609 which was the balance of the deficit in pool cash for the business-type activity.

Note 9. Payables

The payables, as reported on the statement of net position at December 31, 2020, included the following:

	vernmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities	 Total
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,212,555	\$ 12,865	\$ 4,225,420
Accrued Wages	125,154	1,244	126,398
Accrued Expenses and			
Withholdings	537,800	6,832	544,632
Customer Deposits	 -	8,740	8,740
Total	\$ 4,875,509	\$ 29,681	\$ 4,905,190

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Governmental Activities		Balance anuary 1, 2020	1	Increases	De	ecreases	De	Balance ecember 31, 2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	7,715,569	\$	117,425	\$	_	\$	7,832,994
Construction in Progress	***************************************	2,776,399		1,479,422		-		4,255,821
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated	***************************************	10,491,968		1,596,847		_		12,088,815
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings		78,301,343		-		-		78,301,343
Sewer System		2,126,234		-		_		2,126,234
Machinery and Equipment		8,394,997		362,712		(65,282)		8,692,427
Infrastructure	,	160,933,390		-		-		160,933,390
Furniture and Fixtures		535,610		160,839		-		696,449
Recreational Facilities		5,310,282		-		-		5,310,282
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated	2	55,601,856		523,551		(65,282)		256,060,125
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings	(20,070,653)		(1,904,705)		-		(21,975,358)
Sewer System		(1,092,179)		(141,749)		-		(1,233,928)
Machinery and Equipment		(6,819,284)		(528,539)		65,282		(7,282,541)
Infrastructure	(1	32,637,913)		(5,022,015)		-	(137,659,928)
Furniture and Fixtures		(414,324)		(45,845)		-		(460,169)
Recreational Facilities		(886,782)		(132,757)		_		(1,019,539)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1	61,921,135)		(7,775,610)		65,282	(169,631,463)
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated, Net		93,680,721		(7,252,059)		_		86,428,662
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1</u>	04,172,689	\$	(5,655,212)	\$	_	\$	98,517,477

Note 10. Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Business-Type Activities	•	Balance January 1, 2020	B	ncreases	De	creases	Balance cember 31, 2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$	13,243	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,243
Construction in Progress		-		327		_	327
Total Capital Assets Not Being							
Depreciated	***************************************	13,243		327		_	13,570
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Utility System		9,761,197		_		_	9,761,197
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated	***************************************	9,761,197		-		_	 9,761,197
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Utility System		(3,594,929)		(314,682)		-	(3,909,611)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,594,929)		(314,682)		_	(3,909,611)
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated, Net		6,166,268		(314,682)		_	5,851,586
Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,179,511	\$	(314,355)	\$	_	\$ 5,865,156

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost, less an allowance for accumulated depreciation. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as described in Note 1. Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$	1,428,800
Public Safety		755,730
Public Works		4,757,951
Health and Welfare		164,511
Culture and Recreation		668,618
Total	_\$_	7,775,610

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the Council for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Debt Payable January 1, 2020	ı	Additions	Deletions		Debt Payable December 31, 2020		Due Within 1 Year	
Governmental Activities									
Compensated Absences	\$ 463,488	\$	_	\$	(40,492)	\$	422,996	\$	115,872
Net Pension Liability	1,633,749		_		(1,633,749)		-		-
Library General Obligation Refunding									
Bonds, Series 2012	3,240,000		_		(605,000)		2,635,000		625,000
Road Project Revenue Refunding									
Bonds, Series 2014	8,795,000		-		(4,310,000)		4,485,000		4,485,000
Jail Project Revenue Refunding									
Bonds, Series 2014	3,260,000		-		(1,600,000)		1,660,000		1,660,000
Live Oak Sports Complex Project									
Revenue Refunding Bonds,									
Series 2015	3,565,000		_		(135,000)		3,430,000		140,000
Livingston Parish Recreation District									
No. 2 Project Revenue Bonds,									
Series 2017	1,855,000		_		(10,000)		1,845,000		5,000
North Park Project Revenue Refunding									
Bonds, Series 2014	8,560,000		_		(330,000)		8,230,000		340,000
Office of Motor Vehicles Project									
Revenue Refunding Bonds,									
Series 2016	4,190,000		_		(160,000)		4,030,000		165,000
Courthouse Project Revenue	• /								
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019	16,070,000		=		(415,000)		15,655,000		555,000
GOMESA Revenue Bonds,	• /								
Series 2018	000,000,8		=		-		8,000,000		270,000
Unamortized Premium on Debt	463,903		_		(238,773)		225,130		95,164
Unamortized Discount on Debt	(342,524)		_		9,338		(333, 186)		(12,447)
					i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		······································		
Total Governmental Activities	59,753,616		-		(9,468,676)		50,284,940		8,443,589
Business-Type Activities									
Compensated Absences	6,644		_		(3,913)		2,731		-
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2007	1,917,354		_		(54,754)		1,862,600		57,127
Community Development Water									•
System Loan	192,800		-		(15,800)		177,000		16,800
Total Business-Type Activities	2,116,798		-		(74,467)		2,042,331		73,927
Total Debt	\$ 61,870,414	\$	_	\$	(9,543,143)	\$	52,327,271	\$	8,517,516

Governmental Activity Debt

Library General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

Library General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 - \$6,180,000, dated May 10, 2012, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through March 1, 2024; variable interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%.

\$ 2,635,000

A schedule of the outstanding Library General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$	625,000	\$	63,300	\$	688,300
2022		645,000		48,609		693,609
2023		670,000		30,900		700,900
2024		695,000		10,425		705,425
Total	\$	2,635,000	\$	153,234	\$	2,788,234

The Debt Service Fund is designed to achieve a proper matching of revenues and debt service on the bonds within each bond year. For purposes of this Arbitrage Certificate and compliance with Arbitrage Regulations, "Bond Year" shall mean the 1-year period ending on each principal payment date of the bonds, which is March 1st of each year. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund will be applied to the next payment of principal or interest on the bonds following such transfer. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (i) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the principal and interest payments on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the Library Debt Service Fund had a debt service restricted fund balance of \$1,159,025.

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

Road Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

Road Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 - \$21,105,000, dated March 28, 2014, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through March 1, 2021; variable interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%.

\$ 4,485,000

A schedule of the outstanding Road Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		nterest	Total	
2021	 4,485,000	\$	89,700	\$	4,574,700
Total	 4,485,000	\$	89,700	\$	4,574,700

The Road Project Revenue Bonds were issued through the Louisiana Local Government Environmental Facilities and Community Development Authority (the Authority) for the purpose of providing funding to finance the construction, acquisition, extension, expansion, and improvement of roads, bridges, and related road drainage projects throughout Livingston Parish. As a condition to enter into this debt, the Council pledged lawfully available funds to secure payment of these bonds as defined in the agreement between the Council and the Authority. In addition, as a condition of the loan, the Authority determined that it is financially advantageous to fund the Reserve Fund Requirement of this loan with a reserve fund instrument consisting of a surety bond in the amount of \$466,545.

According to the terms of the Trust Indentures, the Council established the Road Debt Service Fund. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (if) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the next principal payment per month and 1/6 of the next interest payment per month on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the Road Debt Service Fund was fully funded with an actual balance of \$4,570,699.

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

Jail Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

Jail Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 - \$7,775,000, dated March 28, 2014, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through March 1, 2021; variable interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%.

\$ 1,660,000

A schedule of the outstanding Jail Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2021	\$	1,660,000	\$	33,200	\$	1,693,200	
Total	\$	1,660,000	\$	33,200	\$	1,693,200	

The Jail Project Revenue Bonds were issued through the Authority for the purpose of providing funding to finance the construction, acquisition, expansion, improvement, equipment, and furnishings of jail facilities in Livingston Parish. As a condition to enter into this debt, the Council pledged lawfully available funds, including jail tax revenues, to secure payment of these bonds as defined in the agreement between the Council and the Authority. In addition, as a condition of the loan, the Authority determined that it is financially advantageous to fund the Reserve Fund Requirement of this loan with a Reserve Fund Instrument consisting of a surety bond in the amount of \$170,915.

According to the terms of the Trust Indentures, the Council established the Jail Debt Service Fund. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (i) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the next principal payment per month and 1/6 of the next interest payment per month on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the Jail Debt Service Fund was fully funded with an actual balance of \$1,692,009.

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

Live Oak Sports Complex Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015

Live Oak Sports Complex Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 - \$3,820,000, dated December 17, 2015, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through September 1, 2038; variable interest rate ranging from 1.25% to 4.25%.

\$ 3,430,000

A schedule of the outstanding Live Oak Sports Complex Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,]	Principal		Interest	Total	
2021	\$	140,000	\$	125,590	\$	265,590
2022		145,000		122,790		267,790
2023		145,000		118,440		263,440
2024		155,000		114,090		269,090
2025		155,000		109,440		264,440
2026 - 2030		875,000		452,550		1,327,550
2031 - 2035		1,070,000		258,156		1,328,156
2036 - 2038		745,000		56,055		801,055
Total	\$	3,430,000	\$	1,357,111	\$	4,787,111

According to the terms of the Trust Indentures, the Council established the Live Oak Sports Complex Debt Service Fund. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (i) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the next principal payment per month and 1/6 of the next interest payment per month on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the Live Oak Sports Complex Debt Service Fund was fully funded with an actual balance of \$266,231.

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

Livingston Parish Recreation District No. 2 Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2017

Livingston Parish Recreation District No. 2 Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 - \$1,860,000, dated July 18, 2017, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through September 1, 2044; interest rate of 3.75%.

\$ 1,845,000

A schedule of the outstanding Livingston Parish Recreation District No. 2 Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	1	Principal		nterest	Total	
2021	\$	5,000	\$	69,188	\$	74,188
2022		5,000		69,000		74,000
2023		10,000		68,812		78,812
2024		5,000		68,437		73,437
2025		10,000		68,250		78,250
2026 - 2030		45,000		336,188		381,188
2031 - 2035		45,000		327,938		372,938
2036 - 2040		605,000		307,875		912,875
2041 - 2044	***************************************	1,115,000		98,250		1,213,250
Total	\$	1,845,000	\$	1,413,938	\$	3,258,938

Livingston Parish Recreation District No. 2 Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, are included in the Live Oak Sports Complex Debt Service Fund along with the Live Oak Sports Complex Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015.

North Park Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

North Park Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 - \$9,195,000, dated June 18, 2014, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through October 1, 2038; variable interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 4.10%.

\$ 8,230,000

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

North Park Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (Continued)

A schedule of the outstanding North Park Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$	340,000	\$	307,465	\$	647,465
2022		350,000		297,265		647,265
2023		360,000		286,765		646,765
2024		370,000		275,965		645,965
2025		380,000		364,865		744,865
2026 - 2030		2,100,000		1,121,525		3,221,525
2031 - 2035		2,545,000		684,195		3,229,195
2036 - 2038		1,785,000		148,420		1,933,420
Total	\$	8,230,000	\$	3,486,465	\$ 1	1,716,465

According to the terms of the Trust Indentures, the Council established the North Park Debt Service Fund. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (i) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the next principal payment per month and 1/6 of the next interest payment per month on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the North Park Debt Service Fund was fully funded with an actual balance of \$779,044.

Office of Motor Vehicles Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016

Office of Motor Vehicles Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - \$4,310,000, dated May 25, 2016, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through September 1, 2039; variable interest rate ranging from 3.55% to 4.75%.

\$ 4,030,000

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

Office of Motor Vehicles Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 (Continued)
A schedule of the outstanding Office of Motor Vehicles Project Revenue Refunding Bonds,
Series 2016, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal		nterest	Total
2021	\$	165,000	\$	122,275	\$ 287,275
2022		170,000		118,975	288,975
2023		175,000		113,875	288,875
2024		175,000		110,988	285,988
2025		175,000		107,925	282,925
2026 - 2030		970,000		455,600	1,425,600
2031 - 2035		1,150,000		270,800	1,420,800
2036 - 2039		1,050,000		84,780	1,134,780
Total	_\$_	4,030,000	\$	1,385,218	\$ 5,415,218

According to the terms of the Trust Indentures, the Council established the Livingston Debt Service Fund. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (i) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the next principal payment per month and 1/6 of the next interest payment per month on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the Livingston Debt Service Fund was fully funded with an actual balance of \$107,216.

Courthouse Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019

Courthouse Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 - \$16,070,000, dated December 1, 2019, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through September 1, 2041; variable interest rate ranging from 2.04% to 3.66%.

\$ 15,655,000

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

Courthouse Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 (Continued)

A schedule of the outstanding Courthouse Project Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	555,000	\$	501,620	\$ 1,056,620
2022		565,000		489,743	1,054,743
2023		580,000		477,143	1,057,143
2024		590,000		463,919	1,053,919
2025		610,000		449,700	1,059,700
2026 - 2030		3,295,000		1,993,832	5,288,832
2031 - 2035		3,855,000		1,437,720	5,292,720
2036 - 2040		4,585,000		702,354	5,287,354
2041	-	1,020,000		37,332	1,057,332
Total	\$ 1	15,655,000	\$	6,553,363	\$ 22,208,363

The Courthouse Project Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued through the Authority for the purpose of providing funding to finance the construction, acquisition, equipping, and furnishing of a building to serve as the Livingston Parish Courthouse. As a condition to enter into this debt, the Council pledged lawfully available funds, including special filing charges imposed by the Courthouse Financing Act, to secure payment of these bonds as defined in the agreement between the Council and the Authority. In addition, as a condition of the loan, the Authority determined that it is financially advantageous to fund the Reserve Fund Requirement of this loan with a Reserve Fund Instrument consisting of a surety bond in the amount of \$205,967.

According to the terms of the Trust Indentures, the Council established the Courthouse Debt Service Fund. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (i) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the next principal payment per month and 1/6 of the next interest payment per month on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the Courthouse Debt Service Fund was fully funded with an actual balance of \$360,586.

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

GOMESA Revenue Bonds, Series 2018

GOMESA Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 - \$8,000,000, dated December 1, 2018, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through November 1, 2038; interest rate 5.375%

\$ 8,000,000

A schedule of the outstanding GOMESA Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal Interest			Total	
2021	\$ 270,000	\$	430,000	\$	700,000
2022	285,000		415,488		700,488
2023	300,000		400,169		700,169
2024	320,000		384,044		704,044
2025	335,000		366,844		701,844
2026 - 2030	1,980,000		1,542,625		3,522,625
2031 - 2035	2,590,000		948,419		3,538,419
2036 - 2038	 1,920,000		210,161		2,130,161
Total	\$ 8,000,000	\$	4,697,750	\$ 1	12,697,750

The GOMESA Revenue Bonds were issued through the Authority for the purposes of (i) financing qualified GOMESA Projects within the Parish, and (ii) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. As a condition to enter into this debt, the Council pledged GOMESA revenues (revenues required to be distributed to the Gulf of Mexico states pursuant to GOMESA).

According to the terms of the Trust Indentures, the Council established the GOMESA Debt Service Fund. All amounts deposited in the Debt Service Fund are expected to be depleted at least once each bond year, except for a reasonable carryover amount which will not exceed the greater of (i) the earnings on the Debt Service Fund for the immediately preceding bond year, or (ii) 1/12 of the next principal payment per month and 1/6 of the next interest payment per month on the bonds for the immediately preceding bond year. At December 31, 2020, the GOMESA Debt Service Fund was fully funded with an actual balance of \$1,565,733.

Governmental Activity Debt (Continued)

Defeased Debt Outstanding

In prior years, the Council defeased general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust account to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Council's financial statements. At December 31, 2020, \$14,895,678 of defeased bonds remained outstanding.

Business-Type Activity Debt

Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 - \$2,572,000, dated September 26, 2007, due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest through September 26, 2041; interest rate of 4.25%.

\$ 1,862,600

A schedule of the outstanding Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		Principal Interest		Total		
2021	\$	57,127	\$	78,057	\$ 135,184	
2022		59,602		75,581	135,183	
2023		62,186		75,581	137,767	
2024		64,881		70,303	135,184	
2025		67,693		67,492	135,185	
2026 - 2030		385,095		290,827	675,922	
2031 - 2035		476,094		199,828	675,922	
2036 - 2040		588,596		87,326	675,922	
2041	Vi-	101,326		1,829	103,155	
Total	\$_	1,862,600	\$	946,824	\$ 2,809,424	

The Water Revenue Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the cost of constructing and acquiring improvements, extensions, and replacements to the waterworks system.

Community Development Water System Loan

Community Development Water System Loan - \$350,000, drawn on various dates, due in various monthly increments, with interest calculated at variable rates, with the final payment due November 1, 2029.

\$ 177,000

Business-Type Activity Debt (Continued)

Community Development Water System Loan (Continued

A schedule of the outstanding Community Development Water System Loan principal and interest requirements is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total		
2021	\$	16,800	\$	2,356	\$	19,156	
2022		16,800		2,124		18,924	
2023		16,800		2,124		18,924	
2024		19,200		1,627		20,827	
2025		19,200		1,362		20,562	
2026 - 2029		88,200		2,506		90,706	
Total	\$	177,000	\$	12,099	\$	189,099	

The Council authorized this loan by Ordinance 03-247, dated June 12, 2003, and has drawn a total of \$223,700. This loan requires principal repayments through 2029. The loan proceeds were used to finance improvements to the Council's waterworks system serving Bruce's Harbor, Springfield Terrace, and Haynes Settlement.

The annual requirements to amortize the loan balance outstanding using an estimated current interest rate of 1.38% is shown in the above schedule. The actual future amounts of interest paid may vary from this schedule depending on fluctuations in the variable rate applied to the loan.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual requirements to repay the debt of the Council, with the exception of compensated absences, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending December 31, 2021	Government Activities				Business-Type Activities						
	 Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		nterest		Total
	\$ 8,245,000	\$	1,742,338	\$	9,987,338	\$	73,927	\$	80,413	\$	154,340
2022	2,165,000		1,561,870		3,726,870		76,402		77,705		154,107
2023	2,240,000		1,496,104		3,736,104		78,986		77,705		156,691
2024	2,310,000		1,427,868		3,737,868		84,081		71,930		156,011
2025	1,665,000		1,467,024		3,132,024		86,893		68,854		155,747
2026 - 2030	9,265,000		5,902,320		15,167,320		88,200		2,506		90,706
2031 - 2035	11,255,000		3,927,228		15,182,228		385,095		290,827		675,922
2036 - 2040	10,690,000		1,509,645		12,199,645		476,094		199,828		675,922
2041 - 2044	 2,135,000		135,582		2,270,582		689,922		89,155		779,077
	49,970,000	\$	19,169,979	\$	69,139,979	\$	2,039,600	\$	958,923	\$	2,998,523

Net Unamortized Premiums (Discounts)

(108,056)

\$ 49,861,944

Note 11. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity (Continued)

Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562 limits the amount of outstanding general obligation bonded debt of any subdivision for any one of the purposes authorized to 10% of the assessed valuation of the taxable property of such subdivision, including both (1) homestead exempt property, which shall be included on the assessment roll for the purposes of calculating debt limitation, and (2) non-exempt property, as ascertained by the last assessment for parish, municipal, or local purposes prior to delivery of the bonds representing such indebtedness, regardless of the date of the election at which said bonds were approved. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Council's general obligation debt limit was \$86,786,525. The Council's general obligation debt did not exceed the legal limit as of December 31, 2020.

Note 12. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets were applicable to the following at December 31, 2020:

	Funds Raised for:							
		Debt		Debt				
	R	Reserves Service				Other		Total
Governmental Activities								
Library General Obligation Refunding								
Bonds, Series 2012	\$	-	\$	600,464	\$	-	\$	600,464
Road Project Revenue Refunding				·				•
Bonds, Series 2014		_		4,570,699		-		4,570,699
Jail Project Revenue Refunding								
Bonds, Series 2014		-		1,692,009		_		1,692,009
Live Oak Sports Complex Project								
Revenue Refunding Bonds,								
Series 2015		_		88,583		_		88,583
Livingston Parish Recreation District								
No. 2 Project Revenue Bonds,								
Series 2017		2		30,531		157,710		188,243
North Park Project Revenue								
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014		645,280		161,866		_		807,146
Office of Motor Vehicles Project								
Revenue Refunding Bonds,								
Series 2016		-		107,216		-		107,216
Courthouse Project Revenue								
Bonds, Series 2011		-		423		-		423
Courthouse Project Revenue								
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019		-		360,163		-		360,163
Gulf of Mexico Energy Security								
Act Federal Grant Advance		-		-		795,875		795,875
GOMESA Revenue Bonds,								
Series 2018		-		1,565,733		7,088,120		8,653,853
Total Governmental Activities		645,282		9,177,687		8,041,705		17,864,674
Business-Type Activities								
Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2007		162,432		11,265				173,697
vvaler revenue bonds, denes 2007		102,402		11,200		-		113,031
Total Business-Type Activities		162,432		11,265		-		173,697
Total Restricted Assets - Cash	_\$_	807,714	\$	9,188,952	\$	8,041,705	\$	18,038,371
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							

Note 13. Sales and Use Tax

On January 21,1996, the voters of Livingston Parish approved a parish-wide fifteen-year, 1% sales and use tax dedicated for (i) constructing, acquiring, extending, expanding, improving, maintaining, and operating roads, bridges, and related road drainage throughout the Parish, and acquiring equipment related thereto, and (ii) constructing, acquiring, extending, expanding, improving, operating, maintaining, equipping, and furnishing jail facilities of the Parish. An election was held on January 21, 2006 to rededicate one-fourth of the 1% road construction sales tax and to extend the collection of the sales tax until 2021. The proposition was passed by the taxpayers of the Parish. The tax is split, 75% to roads and 25% to the jail. The Council has set up the Road Fund to account for the sales tax and ad valorem tax collections dedicated to the maintaining and improving of parish-wide roads and streets and the related drainage improvements associated therewith. The Jail Sales Tax Fund was set up to account for the sales tax collections and expenditures related to the jail.

The total sales and use tax revenue for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Sales and Use Tax Revenue Pe				
		ax Reveilue	<u>Percentage</u>		
Jail Sales Tax Fund	\$	5,473,981	25%		
Road Fund	***************************************	16,421,942	75%		
Total Sales and Use Tax	_\$_	21,895,923	100%		

In accordance with Paragraph (B)(1) of Section 3 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, the Council entered into an agreement with all of the sales and use taxing authorities of the Parish of Livingston, designating the Sales Tax Department of the Livingston Parish School Board as the single tax collection entity.

Note 14. Changes in Fiduciary Fund Deposits and Disbursements

The Livingston Parish School Board remits the sales taxes collected within Gravity Drainage District No. 2 of Livingston Parish to the Council. Upon receipt of the sales taxes from the School Board, the Council disburses the funds to Gravity Drainage District No. 2 of Livingston Parish. Since the Council does not hold any funds due to Gravity Drainage District No. 2 of Livingston Parish as of December 31, 2020, a fiduciary statement is not included in the basic financial statements.

Following is a schedule of the total sales taxes collected for and disbursed to Gravity Drainage District No. 2 of Livingston Parish for fiscal year ended December 31, 2020:

Balance Due at 12/31/19 Collected		ı	Disbursed		Balance Due at 12/31/20		
\$	_	\$	1,310,738	\$	(1,310,738)	\$ -	-

Note 15. Operating Leases

The Council leases equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$536,063 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	Amount
2021	\$ 346,662
2022	43,346
2023	17,767
2024	8,883_
Total	\$ 416,658

Note 16. Pension Plan

The Council contributes to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (PERS or the System). The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. The employees of the Council are members of Plan B. PERS was established by the Louisiana Legislature as of January 1, 1953, by Act 205 of 1952. PERS is administered by a Board of Trustees consisting of seven members. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 14619, Baton Rouge, LA 70898-4619, or by calling 225-928-1361.

Plan Description

All permanent employees working at least 28 hours per week and who are paid wholly or in part from Council funds shall become members on the date of employment. New employees meeting the age and Social Security criteria have up to 90 days from the date of hire to elect to participate.

Any member can retire providing he/she meets one of the following criteria:

For employees hired prior to January 1, 2007:

- 1. Age 55 with thirty (30) years of creditable service
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service
- 3. Age 65 with a minimum of seven (7) years of creditable service

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 16. Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

For employees hired after January 1, 2007:

- 1. Age 55 with thirty (30) years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) years of creditable service
- 3. Age 67 with seven (7) years of creditable service

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B shall consist of an amount equal to 2% of the members' final average compensation multiplied by the members' years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions, as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Employees who terminate with at least the amount of credited service stated previously, and who do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the age specified previously and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. PERS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

Funding Policy

Contributions to the System include one-fourth of 1% of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish, except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B, based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan prior to January 1, 2002. Prior to January 1, 2002, state statute required employees covered by Plan B to contribute 2% of their salaries in excess of \$100 per month to the System. Effective January 1, 2002, the state statute was amended to require employees covered by Plan B to contribute 3% of their salaries per month to the plan.

The contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:

	Parish	Parish
	Council	Employees
	Percentage	Percentage
Parochial Employees' Retirement System		
Plan B	7.50%	3.00%

Note 16. Pension Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

The contributions made to PERS for December 31, 2020, which substantially equaled the required contribution, were as follows:

	Contributions
Parochial Employees' Retirement System	
Plan B	
Parish Council Contribution	\$ 503,243
Parish Employees Contribution	190,672_
Total Contribution	\$ 693,915

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the Council reported a net pension asset of \$442,534 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by actuarial valuation as of that date. The Council's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Council's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all municipalities, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2019, the Council's proportion was 6.116891%.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Council recognized pension expense of \$563,663. At December 31, 2020, the Council reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to its pension from the following sources:

	O	eferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	13,097	\$	188,734	
Changes in Assumptions		261,078		-	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings					
on Pension Plan Investments		-		924,059	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer					
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		5,315		-	
Council Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		503,243			
Total	\$	782,733	\$	1,112,793	

Note 16. Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

In the year ending December 31, 2021, \$503,243 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Council's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining net pension asset as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Valuation Date December 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment Return 6.50% (Net of Investment Expense)

Expected Remaining Service Lives 4 Years

Projected Salary Increases 4.25% (1.85% Merit / 2.40% Inflation)

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The present value of future retirement benefits

is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of

Trustees.

Mortality Pub -2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality

Table for Healthy Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale for annuitants and beneficiary mortality. For employees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale. Pub 2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 130% for males and 125% for females using MP2018 scale for disabled annuitants.

Note 16. Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% for Plan B. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates, and that contributions from participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up), and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.00% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 7.18% for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Best-estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return				
Fixed Income	35%	1.05%				
Equity	52%	3.41%				
Alternatives	11%	0.61%				
Real Assets	2%	0.11%				
	100%	5.18%				
Inflation		2.00%				
Expected Arithmetic Normal Return		7.18%				

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 16. Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Council using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)	
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,377,303	\$ (442,534)	\$ (2,799,409)	

Note 17. Other Retirement Commitments

Certain other employees are members of other retirement systems. The Council withholds contributions to the following systems: Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System; Registrar of Voters Employees' Retirement System; and District Attorneys' Retirement System. Contributions to these other systems represent less than 5% of combined retirement contributions.

Note 18. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

No plan currently exists to provide council employees with other postemployment benefits.

Note 19. Deferred Compensation Plan

During 1996, the Council began a deferred compensation plan created under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The National Association of Counties Deferred Compensation Program (the Plan) is available to all employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The Council has implemented GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Under this Statement, governments who have no responsibility for the Plan and are not formally considered the Plan's trustee are not required to report the Plan in their financial statements. Since the Council's Plan was held in a custodial account with a third-party administrator, the assets and liabilities are not presented in the Council's financial statements.

Note 20. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

On March 27, 2000, the Council adopted Ordinance Number 00-11, whereby the Council approved an agreement with Waste Management of Louisiana, LLC (Waste Management) concerning the operation of Woodside Landfill. Under the terms of the agreement, Waste Management agreed to become the permit holder of the Woodside Landfill's DEQ permit (previously the Council was the permit holder). As the permit holder, Waste Management assumed full responsibility for all obligations imposed by the permit, including defending and holding harmless the Council from any and all liabilities arising out of the permit including, but not limited to: all closure, post-closure, monitoring, and financial responsibility requirements of the existing Woodside Landfill facility. Accordingly, at December 31, 2000, the Council removed all municipal solid waste landfill closure and post-closure liability from its long-term debt.

In addition, Waste Management agreed to pay the Council 5% of the gross revenue derived from the disposal of solid waste of the landfill for a period of two years from the date of the agreement and 6.5% thereafter of gross revenues until the facility has reached full capacity. Furthermore, Waste Management agreed to pay the Council 6.5% of gross revenues on an additional adjacent landfill site owned by Waste Management subject to a minimum royalty of \$600,000 contingent on gross revenues collected by Waste Management equal to or exceeding \$8,000,000 per year at that facility. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the total royalties under this agreement were \$1,918,489. In addition, Waste Management agreed to pay the Council \$40,000 annually to fund the salary and related expense of an employee who will be responsible for acting as a liaison with the public on matters pertaining to residential garbage collections and waste disposal.

Note 21. Deficit Fund Equity

At December 31, 2020, the Jail Sales Tax Fund deficit was \$10,409,691. This accumulated deficit was caused by expenditures exceeding revenues during the prior years and is expected to remain as a deficit until the existing jail bonds are paid off in 2021. The deficit has been funded by advances from the General Fund of \$3,431,708 and the Health Unit Fund of \$300,000 as of December 31, 2020. The Jail Sales Tax Fund will repay these advances once resources are available. In addition, at December 31, 2020, the Jail Sales Tax Fund owes the General Fund \$1,563,528 and the Road Fund \$1,061,314, for a total of \$2,624,842, which is included in the governmental fund financial statements as due to other funds. At December 31, 2020, the Office of Emergency Preparedness Fund deficit was \$608,947 and the Sewer District No. 2 Debt Service Fund deficit was \$3,000. These deficits will be eliminated by a transfer in 2021.

Note 22. Compensation Paid to Parish President and Council Members

In compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature, compensation paid to the Council is included in the legislative expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 33:1233, the Council has elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, the Council Members may receive up to \$1,200 per month. Compensation paid to the Parish President and to the Members of the Council for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Name / Contact Number	Title	Address	Amount
L. Layton Ricks, Jr. (225) 686-4400	Parish President	P. O. Box 427 Livingston, LA 70754	\$ 157,341
Jeff Ard (225) 305-6665	District 1 Council Member	34403 Weiss Road Walker, LA 70785	14,335
Gary Talbert (225) 250-7417	District 2 Council Member	33460 Marion Drive Denham Springs, LA 70706	14,335
Maurice "Scooter" Keen (225) 305-8996	District 3 Council Member	33781 Clinton Allen Road Denham Springs, LA 70706	14,335
John Wascom (225) 445-5027	District 4 Council Member	522 Centerville Street Denham Springs, LA 70726	14,335
R.C. "Bubba" Harris (225) 363-5155	District 5 Council Member	10865 Highway 1033 Denham Springs, LA 70726	14,335
Gerald McMorris (225) 324-1344	District 6 Council Member	18996 Bill Wise Road Livingston, LA 70754	14,335
Tracy Girlinghouse (225) 236-8774	District 7 Council Member	28300 Magnolia Drive Walker, LA 70785	14,335
Randy Delatte (225) 405-7956	District 8 Council Member	23801 Leader Road Maurepas, LA 70449	14,335
Shane Mack (985) 974-0909	District 9 Council Member	29863 Amvets Road Albany, LA 70711	14,335
Total			\$ 286,356

Current terms expire December 31, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 23. Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased various insurance policies to cover such risks. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Council. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 24. Litigation and Claims

At December 31, 2020, the Council was the defendant in several pending lawsuits filed in the Twenty-First Judicial District Court. Although the suits are still pending, the President and Council deny any liability and are actively defending the Council's position. Based on the opinion of legal counsel on the possible outcome of these lawsuits, it is the opinion of management that the disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Council.

Note 25. Commitments and Contingencies

In the fall of 2008, the Parish suffered damages from Hurricanes Gustav and Ike. The Council entered into contracts for debris removal, for debris removal contract monitoring services, and for debris site burning. The Council submitted the estimated cost of the hurricane cleanup to FEMA on FEMA designated forms called project worksheets (PWs). Subsequent to the contracted cleanup work being performed within the Parish, the Council submitted the necessary forms for reimbursement. Total claims submitted to FEMA as of December 31, 2019, amount to approximately \$58,000,000. Of this amount, FEMA has denied approximately \$47,500,000. FEMA has denied paying a substantial portion of the expenses incurred by the Council on debris cleanup work related to removal of hazardous leaning trees and hazardous hanging limbs. In addition, FEMA has denied the expense reimbursement claims the Council made on hurricane debris removal and monitoring services performed within the gravity drainage districts and outside the gravity drainage districts within the Parish. The Council is appealing these denials by FEMA. As of the date of this report, the appeals and contested claims of the Council with FEMA are still continuing, and a decision has not been finalized.

Due to the unresolved disputes and uncertainties involving the appeals with FEMA, the Council cannot make a reasonable estimate to include in the financial statements for the additional unpaid debris cleanup costs or associated federal assistance reimbursement. This estimate could be material to these financial statements and the amount can vary significantly, depending on the results of the appeal with FEMA.

Note 25. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern", and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had, and are expected to continue to have, an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the Council operates. It is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the Council.

At December 31, 2020, the Council has various active construction projects and has spent \$31,464,842 on these contracts. The Council's remaining commitment on these contracts is \$2,595,217. Additionally, the Council has entered into multiple engineering contracts and has spent \$9,951,119 as of year-end. The Council's remaining commitment on these contracts is \$13,165,447.

Note 26. Tax Abatements

Louisiana Economic Development provides incentives for economic development which include an industrial ad valorem tax exemption for up to ten years. During the year ended December 31, 2020, there were fifteen tax abatements under the industrial tax exemption. During the year ended December 31, 2020, total ad valorem taxes abated for the Council were \$93,862.

Note 27. Expenditures Actual Compared to Budget

The following funds had expenditures and/or other uses with unfavorable budget variances exceeding 5% for the year ended December 31, 2020, in the following categories or functions:

	Final Budget	Actual	Unfavorable Variance	Unfavorable Variance Percentage
Health Unit Fund Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,372,152	\$ 1,381,332	\$ (9,180)	-0.67%
Jail Sales Tax Fund Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 5,325,844	\$ 5,334,858	\$ (9,014)	-0.17%

State law requires that budgets be amended when actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures by 5% or more. State law exempts special revenue funds for which the revenues are expenditure driven such as federal grants.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART II)

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Schedule of Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020		2019		2018	2017	2016
Council's Portion of the Net Pension Liability	6.11689	1% 6	.047226%	ļ	5.839842%	5.800218%	6.041681%
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (442,5)	34) \$ ·	1,633,749	\$	(734,771)	\$ 753,491	\$ 1,075,693
Council's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,801,2	75 \$ 6	5,343,680	\$	5,953,925	\$ 5,808,263	\$ 5,756,578
Council's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-6.5	1%	25.75%		-12.34%	12.97%	18.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	102.0	1%	91.90%		104.02%	95.50%	99.89%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Schedule of Council's Pension Contributions For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	503,243	\$ 510,096	\$ 475,776	\$ 476,314	\$ 464,661
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	***************************************	(503,243)	 (510,096)	 (475,776)	 (476,314)	 (464,661)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$
Council's Covered Payroll	\$	6,709,914	\$ 6,801,275	\$ 6,343,680	\$ 5,953,925	\$ 5,808,263
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	8.00%	8.00%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Bingo Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of collections from bingo operators within the Parish of Livingston, and to account for the expenditure of those funds.

Jury Mileage Fund - This fund was created by Section 571.11 of Title 15 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, which provides that fines and forfeitures imposed by district courts and district attorney conviction fees in criminal cases be transferred to the Parish Treasurer and deposited in a special Jury Mileage Fund to be used for the expenses of the criminal court of the Parish. Expenditures are made from the fund on motion of the district attorney and approval of the district judge. The statute also requires that one-half of the balance remaining in the fund at December 31st each year be transferred to the General Fund.

Off-Duty Officer Witness Fund - This fund accounts for the court costs and bond forfeiture revenues, witness fees, and related expenditures. As required by Louisiana Revised Statute 15, Section 255, the fund balance remaining at December 31st each year, which is in excess of the total amount paid from the fund as witness fees for off-duty officers in that year, is transferred to the Jury Mileage Fund.

Hazard Mitigation Grant Fund - This fund is funded by federal grants to be expended for the acquisition or elevation of repetitively flooded structures located in the Parish.

Court Fee Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for the court fee revenues received from the Clerk of Court for the purpose of designing, constructing, renovating, equipping, operating, and maintaining a new Livingston Parish Courthouse and transfers to the Courthouse Debt Service Fund for the payment on the debt service of the Courthouse Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, and Refunding, Series 2019.

Public, Educational, and Governmental (PEG) Access Fund - This fund accounts for the collection of PEG fees collected by various cable television providers operating within the Parish that are used to pay for television broadcasts of the proceedings of the Council meetings over a contracted cable channel.

Mosquito Abatement Fund - This fund accounts for activities in the Parish to reduce mosquito populations.

Mosquito Abatement Districts 2 and 3 Fund - This fund accounts for activities in Districts 2 and 3 to reduce mosquito populations.

Fire District Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of Livingston Parish Fire District No. 8. The Parish is temporarily taking custody of these funds for the District.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds

Parish Transportation Capital Project Fund - This fund was created to account for Parish Transportation Fund Act funds received from the State of Louisiana and to dedicate these funds to projects on the 3-year road list. These funds are only spent on capital outlay projects.

Live Oak Sports Complex Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for proceeds of the Live Oak Sports Complex Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, that are dedicated for constructing additions and renovations in Livingston Recreation District No. 2.

Debt Service Funds

Road Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the Road Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, and the Series 2014 Refunding Bonds, the transfers from the Road Fund, and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds.

Jail Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the Jail Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, and the Series 2014 Refunding Bonds, the transfers from the Jail Sales Tax Fund, and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds.

Library Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the Library General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, the ad valorem taxes collected, the unrestricted cash, the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds, and the ad valorem taxes receivable collectible at year-end.

Live Oak Sports Complex Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the Live Oak Sports Complex Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, and the Series 2015 Refunding Bonds, the collection of payments from Livingston Recreation District No. 2 in accordance with a cooperative endeavor agreement between the Recreation District and the Council, and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds, including the reserve funds set aside by the bond indenture.

Livingston Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the Office of Motor Vehicles Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, the Series 2016 Refunding Bonds and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds, including the reserve funds set aside by the bond indenture.

North Park Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the North Park Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, and the Series 2014 Refunding Bonds, the collection of payments from Livingston Recreation District No. 3 in accordance with a cooperative endeavor agreement between the Recreation District and the Council, and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds, including the reserve funds set aside by the bond indenture.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Debt Service Funds (Continued)

Sewer No. 2 Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the Sewer District No. 2 Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, the collection of payments from Livingston Sewerage District No. 2 in accordance with a cooperative endeavor agreement between the Sewerage District and the Council, and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds, including the reserve funds set aside by the bond indenture.

GOMESA Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the GOMESA Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, the transfers of funds from the General Fund, and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds, including the reserve funds set aside by the bond indenture.

Courthouse Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the principal, interest, and related charges for the Courthouse Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, the Series 2019 Refunding Bonds, the transfers of funds from the Court Fee Special Revenue Fund, and the accumulated restricted cash for the repayment of the bonds, including the reserve funds set aside by the bond indenture.

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Combining Balance Sheet -Non-Major Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

		Bingo Fund	Jury Mileage Fund	Off-Duty Officer Miness Fund	Mi	fazard Itigation Grant Fund		Court Fee Special Revenue Fund	Er Go	Public, acational, and vernmental cess Fund		Mosqui(o Abatement Fund		Mosquito Abatement Districts 2 and 3 Fund	1	Fire District Special Revenue Fund		Parish nsportation vital Project Fund	,	live Oak Sports Complex ital Project Fund
Assets																				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		-	\$	1,649,301	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$			\$ -	\$	-
Pooled Cash in Other Funds		4,168	112,262	69.394		-		-		89,858		74,282		-		13	3	1,070,246		-
Receivables		1,662	-	-		-		-		27,588		46,131		-		-		-		-
Restricted Cash		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Component Units		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		116,320
Due from Other Governments			11,399	 6,672	1	1,486,975		63,953		_								 74,472		
Total Assets	\$	5,830	5 123,661	\$ 76,066	\$ 1	1,486,975	5	1,713,254	\$	117,446	\$	120,413	\$	-	\$	1:	3	\$ 1,144,718	5	116,320
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities																				
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ 104,733	\$ 61,163	\$	447,121	\$	3,100	\$	115,830	\$	-	\$	-	S			\$ -	\$	116,320
Deficit in Pooled Cash		-	-	-		272,078		2,181				-		-		-		-		-
Accrued Expenses Payable		-	-	-		-		2,720		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to Component Units		-	-	-				-		-		-		-				-		-
Due to Other Funds	***************************************	-		 _		334,823		-		-			^	_				 		
Total Liabilities		-	104,733	 61,163	1	1,054,022		8,001		115,830		_		_		_		 _		116,320
Fund Balances (Deficits)																				
Restricted for:																				
Construction		-	-	-				-		-		-		-				1,144,718		-
Griminal Court		-	18,928	-		-		-		-		-		-				-		-
Criminal Court Witness		-	-	14,903		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned to.																				
Bingo		5,830	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Court Fees		· -	-	-		-		1,705,253		_		-		_		_		-		-
Other Purposes		-	-	-		-		-		_		120,413		-		1:	3	-		-
Unassigned	***************************************	-		 		432,953				1,616								 		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		5,830	18,928	 14,903		432,953		1,705,253		1,616		120,413		_		1:	3	 1,144,718		_
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	5,830	\$ 123,661	\$ 76,066	\$ 1	1,486,975	5	1,713,254	\$	117,446	5	120,413	\$	-	S	. 1:	3	\$ 1,144,718	\$	116,320

Schedule 1

D	Read ebt Service Fund	Đ	Jail ebt Service Fund	D	Library ebt Service Fund		Live Oak Sports Complex ebt Service Fund	Livingston lebt Service Fund		North Park lebt Service Fund		Sewer No. 2 lebt Service Fund	GOMESA lebt Service Fund		Courthouse lebt Service Fund		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,649,301
			-		-		-	-		- 2,199		-			-		1 420,223 77,580
	4,570,699		1,692,009		600,464		276,826	107,216		807,146		-	1,565,733		360,586		9,980,679
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		116,320
	-		-		1,430,369		-	 -		-		-	 -		-		3,073,840
\$	4,570,699	\$	1,692,009	\$	2,030,833	\$	276,826	\$ 107,216	5	809,345	\$	-	\$ 1,565,733	\$	360,586	\$	16,317,943
				_		_					_			_		_	
\$	_	\$	-	\$	816,808	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	848,267 1,091,067
	-		_		-		-	_		_		_	_		-		2,720
	-		-		_		7,595	_		27 301		_	-		-		34,896
	-		_		55,000		3 000	 		3,000		3,000	 -		_		398,823
			_		871,808		10,595	 _		30,301		000,8	 				2,375,773
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		1,144,718
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		18,928
	- 4 570 000		4 000 000		4.450.005		- 000 004	-		7770.044		-	- 4 FFF 700		360.58 5		14,903
	4.570,699		1,692,009		1,159,025		266,231	107,216		779,044		-	1,565,733		360.085		10.500,543
			_		-		-	-		-		_	-		-		5,830
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		1,705,253
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		120,426
	-		-	·········	-		-	 -		-		(3,000)	 -		-		431,569
	4,570,699		1,692,009		1,159,025		266,231	107,216		779,044		(3,000)	1,565,733		360,586		13,942,170
\$	4,570,699	\$	1,692,009	\$	2,030,833	\$	276 826	\$ 107,216	\$	809,3 45	\$	-	\$ 1,565,733	\$	360,5 8 6	\$	16.317,943

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Bingo Fund	Jury Mileage Fund	Off-Duty Officer Witness Fund	Hazard Mitigation Grant Fund	Court Fee Special Revenue Fund	Public, Educational, and Governmental Access Fund	Mosquito Abatement Fund	Mosquito Abatement Districts 2 and 3 Fund	Fire District Special Revenue Fund	Parish Transportation Capital Project Fund	Live Oak Sports Complex Capital Project Fund
Revenues											
Taxes											
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise Taxes		-	-	-	-	110,342	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	20,074			-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	98,242	57,019	-	1,203,197	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental Revenues											
Federal Sources	-	-	-	3,623,752	1,244	-	-	-	-		-
State and Local Sources	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	989,981	-
Use of Money and Property		-	-	-	13,773	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	20,074	98,242	57,019	3,623,752	1,218,214	110,342	_	_	_	989 981	
Expenditures											
Current Expenditures											
General Government	_	123,662	76,466	_	79,893	191,088	_	_	_		_
Public Safety	_	,	-	3,568,809		-	_	_	_	_	-
Public Works	_	_	_	-,	_	_	_	_	_	1,000,001	_
Culture and Recreation	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Total Current Expenditures	_	123.662	76,466	3,568,809	79,893	191,088	_	_	_	1,000 001	_
•				-11						-,,-	
Debt Service											
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
interest and Fees		-	-		7,500		-				
Total Debt Service		-		_	7,500		-	-			
Capital Outlay Public Safety			_	117,424	_				_	-	_
Total Capital Outlay	_	-	-	117,424	_	_	-		_	_	
Total Expenditures		123,662	76,466	3,686,233	87,393	191,088		_		1,000,001	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures	20,074	(25,420)	(19,447)	(62,481)	1,130,821	(80,746)	-	-	-	(10,020)	_
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in	-	-	-	578,000	-	85,000	-	(5,000) -	-	
Transfers Out	(17,000)	-	-	18,162	(1,074,150)	-	5,000		-	-	-
Transfers from Component Units		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
Table Oak Fire-ris-											
Total Other Financing											
Sources (Uses)	(17,000)	-	-	596,162	(1,074,150)	85,000	5,000	(5,000) -		
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,074	(25,420)	(19,447)	533,681	56,671	4 254	5,000	(5,000	-	(10,020)	-
Fund Balances (Deficits), Beginning of Year	2.756	44.240	24250	2400 700	4.649.500	(2.638)	64E 440	5,000	45	4 454 700	
राजनेताभारी सं १६%.	2,756	44,348	34,350	(100,728)	1,648,582	(2,638)	115,413	5,000	13	1,154.738	-
Fund Balances (Deficits), End of Year	\$ 5,830	\$ 18,928	\$ 14,903	\$ 432,953	\$ 1,705,253	\$ 1,616	\$ 120,413	\$ -	\$ 13	\$ 1 ,144,718	<u>s</u> -

Schedule 2

D	Road ebt Service Fund	Jail Debt Service Fund	Library Debt Service Fund	Live Oak Sports Complex Debt Service Fund	Livingston Debt Service Fund	North Park Debt Service Fund	Sewer No. 2 Debt Service Fund	GOMESA Debt Service Fund	Counthouse Debt Service Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$ - -	\$ 898,112	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 898,112 110,342
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,074 1,358,458
	-	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	-	3,624,996 989,981
_	12,738	4,744	3,922	-	413	-		2,412	651	38,653
	12,738	4,744	902,034		413		_	2,412	651	7,040,616
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	471,109
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,568,8 09 1,000,001
	-		36,204	_	_	_		_	_	36,204
	_	_	36,204	_	_	_		_	_	5,076,123
	4,310,000 265,600	1,600,000 98,401	605,000 77,381	145,000 197,851	160,000 124,275	330,000 317,365	-	434,500	415,000 357,060	7,565,000 1,879,933
	4,575,600	1,698,401	682,381	342,851	284,275	647,365	=	434,500	772,060	9,444,933
	=				_					117,424
	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	117,424
	4,575,600	1,698,401	718,585	342,851	284,275	647,365		434,500	772,060	14,638,480
	(4.562,862)	(1.693,657)	183,449	(342,851)	(283,862)	(647,365)	-	(432,088)	(771,409)	(7,597,864)
	5,335,760	1,972,358	- -	- -	285,275	-	-	860,579 (292,319)	1,044,150	10,156,122 (1,360,307)
	-		-	327,129	-	663,518	-	(202,214)	-	990,647
	E 20E 70B	4 070 250		277 420	285 275	CC# E40		sen oco	4.044.450	o zar sen
	5,335,760 772,898	1 972,358 278,701	183,449	327,129 (15,722)	285,275 1,413	663,518 16,153		568,260 136,172	1,044,150 272,741	9,786,462 2,188,598
	3 797,801	1 413,308	975,576	281,953	105,803	762,891	(3,000	·	87,845	
	190,181 c	1413,398	919,316	201,303	100,603	402,891	(3,000	y 1,429,561	61,840	11,753,572
\$	4,570,699	\$ 1,692,009	\$ 1,159,025	\$ 266,231	\$ 107,216	\$ 779,044	\$ (3,000) \$ 1,565,733	\$ 360,586	\$ 13,942,170

Issuer	Expiration Date	Coverage	Amount
BXS Insurance	9/28/2021	Property and Mobile Equipment	
		Blanket	\$ 5,000,000
		Earthquake	5,000,000
		Flood (Zones A and V)	2,500,000
Henry Insurance Services	7/13/2020	General Liability	1,000,000
			/per occurrence
			3,000,000
			aggregate limit
BXS Insurance	9/28/2021	Commercial	
		Vehicles and Equipment Terms	60,345,948
		Property and Equipment Terms	71,937,543
BXS Insurance	9/28/2021	Crime	
		Employee Theft	250,000
		Forgery or Alteration	250,000
		Inside the Premises - Theft of Money/Securities	250,000
		Inside the Premises - Robbery or Safe Burglary	250,000
		Outside the Premises	250,000
		Computer Fraud	250,000
		Money Orders and Counterfeit Paper Currency	250,000
BXS Insurance	9/28/2021	Boiler and Machinery	
		Equipment Breakdown Limit	70,532,542

Records maintained by Livingston Parish Council indicated the number of residential and commercial users for sewer systems for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:

Residential Customer Count	571	Commercial Customer Count	19
Flat Fee	\$30	Flat Fee	\$40

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Schedule 5

Agency Head

L. Layton Ricks, Jr., Parish President

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$157,341
Benefits - Insurance	\$10,160
Benefits - Retirement	\$11,801
Benefits - Other	\$3,000
Car Allowance	\$0
Vehicle Provided by Government	\$2,201
Per Diem	\$0
Reimbursements	\$0
Travel	\$0
Registration Fees	\$0
Conference Travel	\$0
Continuing Professional Education Fees	\$0
Housing	\$0
Unvouchered Expenses	\$0
Special Meals	\$0

Schedule 6

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity
As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session
General Fund
Cash Basis Presentation

For the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020

	Mon E	rst Six- th Period Ended 30/2020	Mon E	ond Six- th Period Ended 31/2020
Receipts from: Ward II City Court, Criminal Court Costs/Fees 21st Judicial District Court, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	\$	1,197 3,179	\$	1,056 7,504
Subtotal Receipts	\$	4,376	\$	8,560
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but not Received	\$	-	\$	1,138

Schedule 7

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity
As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session
Jury Mileage Fund
Cash Basis Presentation
For the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020

	Mor	irst Six- ath Period Ended 30/2020	Mor	cond Six- oth Period Ended /31/2020
Receipts from:				
21st Judicial District Court, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	_\$	37,932	\$	48,912
Subtotal Receipts	\$	37,932	\$	48,912
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but not Received	\$	_	\$	11,399

Schedule 8

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity
As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session
Off Duty Officer Witness Fund
Cash Basis Presentation
For the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020

	Mor	irst Six- nth Period Ended 30/2020	Mor	cond Six- nth Period Ended 1/31/2020
Receipts from: 21st Judicial District Court, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	\$	22,222	\$	28,124
Subtotal Receipts	\$	22,222	\$	28,124
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but not Received	\$	-	\$	6,672

Schedule 9

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity
As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session
Jail Fund
Cash Basis Presentation
For the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020

	Month En	t Six- n Period ided 0/2020	Mont E	ond Six- h Period nded 31/2020
Receipts from:				
Livingston Parish Sheriff's Office, Other	\$	42	\$	990
Subtotal Receipts	<u>\$</u>	42	\$	990
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but not Received	\$	_	\$	82

Schedule 10

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity
As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session
Courthouse Fund
Cash Basis Presentation
For the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020

	Мо	First Six- Month Period Ended 6/30/2020		Second Six- Month Period Ended 12/31/2020	
Receipts from: Livingston Parish Clerk of Court, Criminal Court					
Costs/Fees		504,405	\$	641,837	
Subtotal Receipts	\$	504,405	\$	641,837	
Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but not Received	_\$_	-	\$	56,954_	



LaPorte, APAC 8555 United Plaza Blvd. | Suite 400 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 225.296.5150 | Fax 225.296.5151 LaPorte.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Parish President and Members of the Livingston Parish Council Livingston, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the primary government financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison schedules of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Livingston Parish Council (the Council), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2021. Our report expresses an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units due to their exclusion from the financial statements.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-001

Livingston Parish Council's Response to Finding

The Council's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Council's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA June 10, 2021



LaPorte, APAC 8555 United Plaza Blvd. | Suite 400 Baton Rouge, LA 70809 225.296.5150 | Fax 225.296.5151 LaPorte.com

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Parish President and Members of the Livingston Parish Council Livingston, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Livingston Parish Council's (the Council) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Council's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Council's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Council's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

A Professional Accounting Corporation

Baton Rouge, LA June 10, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Agriculture			•
Natural Resources Conservation Service			
Emergency Watershed Protection Program	10.923	68-7217-17-208	\$ 12,268,377
United States Demants at 11 and many 11 to the Development			
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through the Louisiana Office of Community Development CDBG Entitlement Grants - Rapid Rehousing	14.218	None	00.647
•	14.210	Notic	88,647
CDBG - State-Administered CDBG			
Community Development Block Grant -	44.000	None	0.464
PA Federal Match	14.228	None	8,164
Total United States Department of Housing			
and Urban Development			96,811
United States Department of the Interior			
Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation			
and Enforcement			
Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act of 2006 - ARRA	15.435	None	669,300 *
United States Department of Justice			
Passed through the State of Louisiana			
Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance	16.738	None	73,967
United States Department of Treasury			
Passed through the State of Louisiana			
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	None	524,605 *
Corolidatinas Maliei Fund	21.015	140116	324,003
United States Department of Transportation			
Federal Highway Administration			
Passed through Louisiana Department of			
Transportation and Development			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			
Buddy Ellis Road	20.205	None	2,424,347 *
Holden Sidewalk	20.205	None	110,276 *
Linder Road	20.205	None	276,367 *
Dunn Road	20.205	None	479,265 *
			3,290,255
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	None	419,645
Total United States Department of Transportation			3,709,900

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor	Federal CFDA	Grant	
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
United States Department of Homeland Security /			
Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Passed through Governor's Office of Homeland			
Security and Emergency Preparedness			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	None	101,930
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program			
Flood Mitigation Assistance	97.029	EMT-2016-FM-E0005 (2)	93
Flood Mitigation Assistance	97.029	EMT-2018-FM-E001 (1)	207,896
Middle Colyell	97.039	1603-063-0007	49,680
Town of Walker Safe Room	97.039	1786-063-0016	777,304
Elevation	97.039	427PW66	1,524,579
Acquisition and Elevation	97.039	4277-DR-LA, PW124	207,602
Acquisition and Elevation	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0131	520,189
August Flood Washout	97.039	PA-06-LA-4277-PW-01083	712,341
Pine Bluff Road Drainage	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0113	15,773
Amite River/Diversion Canal	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0090	123,360
Albany Generator	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0107	260
South Satsuma Drainage	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0105	47,385
Allen Bayou Erosion	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0095	72,759
Perrin Ferrin Road	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0145	28,523
Jason Road	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0106	208
S. Woodcrest Ave	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0114	209
Fire District 5 Safe Room	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0115	48,771
Town of Springfield	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0096	212
West Colyell Creek	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0122	212
US Hwy 190 Drainage	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0097	32,858
Early Warning System	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0099	552
DS Wind Retrofit	97.039	4277-DR-LA-0092	415
Homeland Security Cluster			
State Homeland Security Program (SHSP) 2019	97.067	None	91,607
Total United States Department of Homeland Security /			1.504.740
Federal Emergency Management Agency			4,564,718
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 21,907,678

^{*} Indicates major program.

^{**} These amounts do not include amounts from FEMA that are currently being contested and/or prior year amounts released by FEMA in 2011 that are being contested concerning the debris removal costs from Hurricane Gustav.

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the grant activity of Livingston Parish Council and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Sub-Recipients

Livingston Parish Council provided federal awards to the following sub-recipients:

- \$419,645 to Livingston Parish Council on Aging on CFDA number 20.509
- On CFDA number 21.019 to the following subrecipients:

21st Judicial District Office of Public Defender	\$ 2,678
21st Judicial District Attorney	55,250
Livingston Parish Fire District No. 5	2,848
Livingston Gravity Drainage District No. 1	34,952
Livingston Gravity Drainage District No. 2	22,147
Livingston Parish Library	53,602
Livingston Parish Sewer District	20,484
Livingston Parish Recreation District No. 3	7,227

- \$777,304 to Town of Walker on CFDA number 97.039
- \$88,647 to Rebuild Livingston on CFDA number 14.218

Indirect Cost Rate

The Council did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results

4.	Type of auditor's report	Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting	
	a. Material weaknesses identified?b. Significant deficiencies identified?c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?d. Other matters identified?	None None Yes None
Feder	al Awards	
1.	Internal control over major programs	
	a. Material weaknesses identified?b. Significant deficiencies identified?	None None
2.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for each major program	Unmodified
3.	Audit findings disclosed that are required in accordance with the Uniform Guidance	No
4.	Identification of major programs	
	15.435 Gulf of Mexico Energy Security 20.205 Highway Planning and Construction 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund	
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs	\$750,000
6.		

108

Part II - Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Financial Statements

2020-001 Failure to Amend Budget (R.S. 39:1310)

Criteria: The Council is required to follow the requirements of the Louisiana Local

Government Budget Act at R.S. 39:1301 through 39:1315.

Condition: State law requires that budgets be amended when actual revenues are

less than budgeted revenues or actual expenditures exceed budgeted expenditures and other financing uses exceed budgeted amounts by 5% or more. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the General Fund actual revenues of \$11,430,691 fell short of budgeted revenues of \$13,080,680, resulting in an unfavorable variance of \$1,650,169 which was more than 5%. Also, the Jail Sales Tax Fund had a fund deficit at December 31, 2020. The Jail Sales Tax Fund budgeted deficit is also a

violation of R.S. 39:1301 through 39:1315.

Cause: Unknown.

Effect: The Council did not comply with all of the requirements of the Louisiana

Local Government Budget Act as outlined above.

Recommendation: We recommend the monitoring of revenues accumulated by department

and fund more closely and making appropriate budget amendments to comply with the law requiring the budget to actual variance to be within 5%. Additionally, the Council should review the funds with fund balance deficits and develop a funding plan for the elimination of those deficits.

Management's

Response: Management will take this under advisement.

Part III - Other Matters Related to the Financial Statements

None.

Part IV - Findings and Questioned Costs Related to Major Federal Programs

None.

LIVINGSTON PARISH COUNCIL Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

2019-001 Failure to Amend Budget (R.S. 39:1310)

Status: This finding has not been resolved. See finding 2020-001.

110