Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Jason Willis, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of St. Martinville, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Martinville, Louisiana (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forger, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing and audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test-basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer pension contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and comparative statements and the Justice System Funding Schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the justice system funding schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative information on the comparative statements has been derived from the City's 2022 financial statements. This information was subjected to certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, in our opinion, was fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the various schedules but does not include the basic financials and our auditors report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2023, on our consideration of the City of St. Martinville internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of St. Martinville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana November 16, 2023

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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#### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 2,687,207	\$ 357,510	\$ 3,044,717
Investments	5,492	236,249	241,741
Receivables, net	196,379	1,256,617	1,452,996
Internal balances	434,953	(434,953)	-
Due from other governmental units	230,168	110,114	340,282
Inventories	-	265,546	265,546
Prepaid items Deposits	106,407	17,817	124,224
Total current assets	3,660,606	12,000	12,000
		<u>1,820,900</u>	5,481,506
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets -			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	<u> </u>	66,726	66,726
Investments	-	297,988	297,988
Capital assets -		251,500	277,700
Land and construction in progress	820,768	497,370	1,318,138
Capital assets, net	6,317,136	8,657,725	14,974,861
Total noncurrent assets	7,137,904	9,519,809	16,657,713
Total assets	10,798,510	11,340,709	22,139,219
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions	001 047	245 905	1 357 769
Deferred outflows related to postemployment benefits	991,963 5,310	265,805 1,328	1,257,768 6,638
Total deferred outflows of resources	997,273	267,133	1,264,406
		207,133	1,204,400
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:	252 416	<b>530 7</b> 03	202.110
Accounts, salaries, and other payables Compensated absences payable	253,416 15,784	538,703	792,119
Customer deposits	5,760	2,437 364,714	18,221 370,474
Operating lease liability		27,816	27,816
Notes payable	88,177	17,450	105,627
Bonds payable	426,000	-	426,000
Accrued interest	12,353		12,353
Total current liabilities	801,490	951,120	1,752,610
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	102,033	23,780	125,813
Operating lease liability	_	134,929	134,929
Notes payable	43,855	26,372	70,227
Bonds payable	1,731,973	-	1,731,973
Net pension liability	1,894,362	694,737	2,589,099
Postemployment benefit obligation payable	247,233	72,361	319,594
Total noncurrent liabilities	4.019,456	952,179	4,971,635
Total liabilities	4,820,946	1,903,299	6,724.245
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	126,298	54,274	180,572
Deferred outflows related to postemployment henefits	90,080	26,365	116,445
	216,378	80,639	297,017
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	5,309,129	8,948,528	14.257,657
Restricted:			
Purpose of grantor	41,509	-	41,509
Capital projects	465,905	-	465,905
Debt service	82,710	-	82,710
Unrestricted (deficit)	859,206	675,376	1,534,582
Total net position	<u>\$ 6,758,459</u>	<u>\$ 9,623,904</u>	<u>\$16,382,363</u>

#### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenues and			
			Operating	Capital	C	hanges in Net Positio	on
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,134,080	<b>S</b> -	<b>s</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ (1,134,080)	<b>\$</b> -	\$ (1,134,080)
Public safety	2,404,152	196,397	506,023	-	(1,701,732)	-	(1,701,732)
Public works	1,164,961	10,789	-	-	(1,154,172)	-	(1,154,172)
Recreation	353,259	46,189	59,461	-	(247,609)	-	(247,609)
Tourism	116,726	12,887	-	-	(103,839)	-	(103,839)
Urban redevelopment housing	397,722	-	391,549	-	(6,173)	-	(6,173)
Interest on long-term debt	74,710	<u> </u>		-	(74,710)	-	(74,710)
Total governmental activities	5,645,610	266,262	957,033	<u> </u>	(4,422,315)		(4,422,315)
Business-type activities:							
Electric	3,753,252	5,321,208	-	-	-	1,567,956	1,567,956
Water	733,873	1,028,059	-	-	-	294,186	294,186
Wastewater	967,693	925,935	-	39,609	-	(2,149)	(2,149)
Garbage	504,743	550,082	-	-	-	45,339	45,339
Total business-type activities	5,959,561	7,825,284	-	39,609		1,905,332	1,905,332
Total	<u>\$ 11,605,171</u>	<u>\$ 8,091,546</u>	<u>\$ 957,033</u>	<u>\$ 39,609</u>	(4,422,315)	1,905,332	(2,516,983)
	General revenues:						
	Taxes -						
	Property taxes,	levied for general purposes			259,272	-	259,272
	Sales and use t	axes, levied for general purpo	ses		2,017,544	-	2,017,544
	Franchise taxe:				125,345	-	125,345
	Occupational 1	icenses			234,813		234,813
	Grants and contr	ibutions not restricted to spec	ific programs -				
	State sources				435,319	-	435,319
	Non-employer p	ension contribution			49,471	22,995	72,466
	Interest and inve	stment earnings			12,248	8,773	21,021
	Gain on sale of a	ssets			164,554	-	164,554
	Miscellaneous				242,704	-	242,704
	Transfers				1,353,951	(1,353,951)	-
	Total gener	al revenues and transfers			4,895,221	(1,322,183)	3,573,038
	Change in	net position			472,906	583,149	1,056,055
	Net position - July	1, 2022			6,285,553	9,040,755	15,326,308
	Net position - June	30, 2023			<u>\$ 6,758,459</u>	<u>\$ 9,623,904</u>	<u>\$16,382,363</u>

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

# **FUND DESCRIPTIONS**

# **MAJOR FUNDS**

# **General Fund**

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

# **Capital Projects Fund**

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

# **Enterprise Fund**

### Utility Fund -

To account for the provision of electricity, water, and wastewater services to residents of the City and operations of the electrical, water and wastewater plants.

# **NONMAJOR FUNDS**

The Section 8 Fund and Debt Service Fund are presented as nonmajor funds.

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$2,104,625	\$ 461,230	\$ 121,352	\$ 2,687,207
Investments	5,492	-	-	5,492
Receivables:				
Taxes	168,015	-	-	1 <b>68,01</b> 5
Due from other governmental units	229,927	13,543	<b>24</b> 1	243,711
Due from other funds	694,475	11,802	3,583	709,860
Other	14,821	-	-	<b>14,82</b> ]
Prepaid items	106,407		_	106,407
Total assets	<u>\$3,323,762</u>	\$ 486,575	<u>\$125,176</u>	<u>\$ 3,935,513</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 140,028	\$ 20,670	\$ 633	\$ 161,331
Accrued expenses	80,952	-	324	81,276
Due to other governmental units	10,809	-	-	10,809
Customer rental deposits	5,760	-	-	5,760
Due to other funds	274,907			274,907
Total liabilities	512,456	20,670	957	534,083
Fund balances -				
Nonspendable - prepaid items and inventory	106,407	-	-	106,407
Restricted for capital projects	_	465,905	-	465,905
Restricted for debt service	-	-	82,710	82,710
Restricted for purpose of grantor	-	-	41,509	41,509
Unassigned	2,704,899	-	_	2,704,899
Total fund balances	2,811,306	465,905	124,219	3,401,430
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$3,323,762	<u>\$ 486,575</u>	<u>\$ 125,176</u>	<u>\$ 3,935,513</u>

### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2023		\$3,401,430
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 745,390	
Construction in progress	75,378	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$4,337,238 accumulated depreciation	2,236,690	
Equipment and vehicles, net of \$1,342,670 accumulated depreciation	541,3 <b>8</b> 6	
Infrastructure, net of \$1,226,645 accumulated depreciation	3,539,060	7,137,904
The deferred outflows of expenditures for the municipal and police		
employees retirement systems and postemployment benefits are not		
a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		997,273
General long-term debt of governmental activities is not payable from		
current resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds. General		
long-term debt consist of:		
Bonds payable	(2,157,973)	
Accrued interest payable	(12,353)	
Notes payable	(132,032)	
Net postemployment benefit obligation payable	(247,233)	
Compensated absences	(117,817)	
Net pension liability	(1,894,362)	(4,561,770)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the municipal and police		
employees retirement systems are not available resources,		
and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(216,378)
Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2023		<u>\$6,758,459</u>

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Capital Projects	Nonmajor	
	General	Fund	Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 2,157,886	\$-	\$ 118,930	\$2,276,816
Licenses and permits	360,158	-	-	360,158
Intergovernmental	941,342	<b>59,46</b> 1	391,549	1,392,352
Charges for services	69,865	-	-	69,865
Fines and forfeits	1 <b>96,39</b> 7	-	-	196,397
Miscellaneous	407,389	<b>26</b> 1	14,135	421,785
Total revenues	4,133,037	59,722	524,614	4,717,373
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	1,112,855	2,632	2,308	1,117,795
Public safety	2,094,803	-	-	2,094,803
Public works	1,054,213	-	-	1,054,213
Recreation	207,633	2,206	-	209,839
Tourism	70,504	-	-	70,504
Urban redevelopment and housing	-	-	397,722	397,722
Capital outlay	220,452	213,532	-	433,984
Debt service	119,149		689,733	808,882
Total expenditures	4,879,609	218,370	1,089,763	6,187,742
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(746,572)	(158,648)	(565,149)	(1,470,369)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,495,000	-	605,000	2,100,000
Transfers out	(746,049)		<u> </u>	(746,049)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	748,951		605,000	1,353,951
Net changes in fund balances	2,379	(158,648)	39,851	(116,418)
Fund balances, beginning	2,808,927	624,553	84,368	3,517,848
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 2,811,306</u>	<u>\$ 465,905</u>	<u>\$ 124,219</u>	<u>\$3,401,430</u>

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total net changes in fund balances at June 30, 2023 per statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances		\$ (116,418)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances Loss on disposal of assets Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2023	\$ 433,984 (2,280) _(491,033)	(59,329)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds but reduce the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Principal payments	725,461	
Amortization of bond premium	5,281	730,742
Pension expense not requiring the use of current economic resources and, therefore, not recorded as a fund expenditure		(128,587)
Nonemployer contributions to the municipal employees and police employees pension plans		49,471
Change in net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2023 not requiring the use of current economic resources and, therefore, not recorded as a fund expenditure		(10,118)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Interest expense Compensated absences	3,430 3,715	7,145
Total changes in net position at June 30, 2023 per statement of activities		\$ 472,906

#### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023

#### ASSETS

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 357,510
Investments	236,249
Receivables:	
Accounts, net	1,256,617
Other	110,114
Due from other funds	272,936
Inventory	265,546
Prepaid items	17,817
Deposits	12,000
Total current assets	2,528,789
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	66,726
Investments	297,988
Capital assets -	
Land and construction in progress	497,370
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,657,725
Total noncurrent assets	9,519,809
Total assets	12,048.598
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	265,805
Deferred outflows related to postemployment benefits	1,328
Total deferred outflows of resources	267,133
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	538.703
Compensated absences	2,437
Due to other funds	707,889
Operating lease liability	27.816
Notes payable	17,450
Customer deposits	364,714
Total current liabilities	1,659,009
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	23,780
Operating lease liability	134,929
Notes payable	26,372
Net pension liability	694.737
Postemployment benefit obligation payable	72,361
Total noncurrent liabilities	952,179
Total liabilities	2.611.188
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	54,274
Deferred outflows related to postemployment benefits	26,365
	80,639
NET POSITION	1 0 10 200
Net investment in capital assets	8.948.528
Unrestricted	<u>675.376</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 9,623.904</u>

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services -	
Electric	\$ 5,187,331
Water	1,028,059
Wastewater	925,935
Garbage	550,082
Permits, reconnections and penalties	133,877
Total operating revenues	7,825,284
Operating expenses:	
Electric	3,753.252
Water	733,873
Wastewater	963,148
Garbage	504,743
Total operating expenses	5,955,016
Operating income	1,870,268
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment income	8,773
Interest expense	(4,545)
Nonemployer contribution revenue	22,995
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	27,223
Income before capital contributions and transfers	1,897,491
Capital contributions	39,609
Transfers out	(1,353,951)
Change in net position	583,149
Net position, beginning	9,040,755
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 9,623,904</u>

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 7,625,310
Payments to suppliers	(4,587,993)
Payments to employees	(1,166,460)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,870,857
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Increase in customer deposits, net of refunds	(188)
Cash received from other funds	(208,482)
Transfers out	(1,353,951)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(1,562,621)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Purchase and construction of capital assets	(60,988)
Principal payments	(19,100)
Grants received	39,609
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(40,479)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Maturities of investments, net of purchases	(137,519)
Investment income	7,332
Net cash used by investing activities	(130,187)
Ret cash used by investing hereines	(150,107)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	137,570
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	286,666
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 424,236
	(continued)

### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Operating income	\$1,870,268
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	348,042
Pension/OPEB expense	114,362
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	
Receivables	104,399
Inventory	(126,999)
Prepaid items	8,958
Accounts and other payables	(450,131)
Compensated absences	1,958
Total adjustments	589
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$1,870,857</u>
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement	
of cash flows to the balance sheet:	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -	
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 205,744
Cash - restricted	80,922
Total cash and cash equivalents	286,666
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -	
Cash - unrestricted	357,510
Cash - restricted	66,726
Total cash and cash equivalents	424,236
Net increase	<u>\$ 137,570</u>

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the City of St. Martinville (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of St. Martinville was incorporated on January 30, 1817. The City operates under the provisions of a special charter dated April 4, 1898 and operates under a Mayor-City Council form of government.

The financial reporting entity should consist of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Section 2100 of the 2011 Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes criteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria are as follows:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit including the right to incur its own debt, levy its own taxes and charges, expropriate property in its own name, sue and be sued, and the right to buy, sell and lease property in its own name.
- 2. Whether the primary government's governing authority appoints a majority of board members of the potential component unit and is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government.
- 3. Financial benefit/burden relationship between the primary government and the potential component unit.
- 4. The nature and significance of the relationship between the potential component unit with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Based on these criteria, the City did not identify any component units that are required to be reported.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except the fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the City are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary (enterprise). The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The major funds of the City are described below:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund -

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund -

Capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund -

Enterprise Fund -

The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

The City's nonmajor funds are described below:

Debt Service Fund -

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Section 8 Fund -

This fund is used to account for the receipt and subsequent expenditures of Section 8 housing funds received from the federal government.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when a payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Investments

Under state law, the City may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The City may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana Law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool. In accordance with GASB Codification Section 150, investments meeting the criteria specified in the Statement are stated at fair value, which is quoted market prices.

#### Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### Inventories

Inventories held by both the General and Utility Funds are valued at cost (first-in, first-out).

#### Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid items. The City utilizes the consumption method to account for prepaid items.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. The major receivable balance for the governmental activities is sales and use taxes. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading/billing and the end of the month are estimated and recorded at June 30, 2023. All receivables are shown net of an allowance account, as applicable. At June 30, 2023, the allowance amount associated with the receivables of the Utility Fund was \$33,912.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to July 1, 2001, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-40 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-20 years
Wastewater and water plant	5-50 years
Electric lines and meters	7-50 years
Infrastructure	40 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash, interest-bearing deposits, and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. At June 30, 2023, the restricted assets were related to utility customers' deposits in the amounts of \$364,714.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. The City recognizes deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to its pension plans.

#### Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of general obligation bonds, street improvement refunding bonds, sales tax bonds, and capital lease obligations.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees of the City earn from 10 to 35 days of vacation leave, depending upon length of service, and can carryover a maximum of 80 hours each year. Employees of the City earn from 10 to 35 days of sick leave each year, depending upon length of service. Sick leave may be accumulated. No sick leave is paid upon resignation. Upon retirement, unused accumulated vacation and sick leave is paid to the employee at the employee's current rate of pay.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position -All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council members, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the City's Mayor and City Council.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Council members have provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

**Operating Revenues and Expenses** 

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### F. Capitalization of Interest Expense

It is the policy of the City of St. Martinville to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets in the proprietary funds. At June 30, 2023, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the City may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The City may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2023, the City has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$3,111,443.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the pledging financial institution. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit within the financial institution. These securities are held in the name of the pledging financial institution.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2023 are secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$3,270,348</u>
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities	\$1,254,341 2,016,007
Total	\$3,270,348

Deposits in the amount of \$2,016,007 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (3) <u>Investments</u>

As of June 30,	2023, the	City had the	following	investments and	maturities:

Investment Type	% of <u>Portfolio</u>	Fair Value	Less Than One Year	One - Five Years
Mutual Funds:				
Fixed Income	99%	\$534,237	\$405,633	\$ 128,604
Money Market	<u>1%</u>	5,492	5,492	
Total	<u>100%</u>	\$ 539,729	\$411,125	\$ 128,604

Interest Rate Risk – The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk/Concentration of Credit Risk – Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City limits investments to government securities that are direct and indirect obligations of the United States Government. At June 30, 2023, investments with a fair value of \$534,237 were rated AA+ by Standards & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City requires all investments to be in the City's name and all ownership securities to be evidenced by an acceptable safekeeping receipt issued by a third-party financial institution which is acceptable to the City. Accordingly, the City had no custodial credit risk related to its investments at June 30, 2023.

### (4) Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities -	
State of Louisiana:	
Federal pass-through grant funds	\$ 60,642
Beer tax	2,487
Video poker	46,362
Louisiana Department of Transportation:	
Off track betting	4,280
Housing Authority - payment in lieu of taxes	38,894
Other	77,503
Total Governmental Activities	230,168
Business Type Activities -	
Federal Grants	110,114
	<u>\$_340,282</u>

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (5) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance 07/01/22	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/23
Governmental activities:	07/01/22	Additions	Detetions	00/20/20
Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 745,390	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 745,390
Construction in progress	124,419	203,133	<sup>4</sup> 252,174	75,378
Assets being depreciated:	12 (, 11)	200,100		, , , , , , , , ,
Buildings and improvements	7,212,335	-	638,407	6,573,928
Equipment and vehicles	1,715,136	210,203	41,283	1,884,056
Infrastructure	4,492,883	272,822		4,765,705
Totals	14,290,163	686,158	931,864	14,044,457
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	4,753,269	222,191	638,222	4,337,238
Equipment and vehicles	1,232,144	149,714	39,188	1,342,670
Infrastructure	1,107,517	119,128	-	1,226,645
Total accumulated depreciation	7,092,930	491,033	677,410	6,906,553
	7,072,750			
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$7,197,233</u>	\$ 195,125	<u>\$ 254,454</u>	<u>\$7,137,904</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 482,737	\$ -	\$-	\$ 482,737
Construction in progress	731,1 <b>09</b>	60,988	777 <b>,46</b> 4	14,633
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,043,540	-	-	1,043,540
Equipment	1 <b>,024,834</b>	-	-	1,024,834
Wastewater and water plant	17,075,446	777,464	-	17,852,910
Electric lines and meters	1,857,717	-	-	1 <b>,8</b> 57,717
Right of use asset - vehicle		166,176		166,176
Totals	22,215,383	1,004,628	<u>\$ 777,464</u>	22,442,547
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	1,035,987	7 <b>8</b> 4	-	1,036,771
Equipment	830,446	31,428	-	861,874
Wastewater and water plant	9,328,615	286,087	-	9,614,702
Electric lines and meters	1,744,362	25,589	-	1,769,951
Right of use asset - vehicle		4,154		4,154
Total accumulated depreciation	12,939,410	348,042		13,287,452
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$9,275,973	\$ 656,586	\$ 777,464	\$9,155,095
	42,210,210	φ 000,000	Ψ //1,TVT	φ <i>γ</i> ,100,000

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 47,990
Public safety	<b>8</b> 7,7 <b>62</b>
Public works	153,988
Culture and recreation	154,982
Tourism	 46,311
	\$ 491,033

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Electric	\$ 28,952
Water	75,678
Wastewater	243,412
	<u>\$_348,042</u>

#### (6) <u>Leases</u>

Lessee – The Government has entered into lease agreements involving vehicles for operations with lease terms from May 2023 through April 2028 and an incremental borrowing rate of 9.56%. The terms and conditions of the leases do not contain variable payments, residual value guarantees, or any other special provisions. The total of the Governments leased assets are recorded at a cost of \$166,176, less accumulated amortization of \$4,154.

_June 30,	_Principal	Principal Interest	
2024	\$ 27,816	\$14,367	\$ 42,183
2025	30,597	11,586	42,183
2026	33,655	8,528	42,183
2027	37,018	5,165	42,183
2028	33,659	1,493	35,153
Totals	\$162,745	<u>\$41,139</u>	<u>\$203,885</u>

#### (7) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Accounts Accrued payroll and related liabilities	\$ 172,140 <u>81,276</u>	\$ 473,567 <u>65,136</u>	\$ 645,707 146,412
Totals	<u>\$ 253,416</u>	<u>\$ 538,703</u>	<u> </u>

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### (8) <u>Changes in Long-Term Debt</u>

The following is a summary of the changes for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 7/1/2022 Additions		Reductions		Balance 6/30/202			
Governmental Activities:								
General obligation bonds	\$	1,250,000	\$	-	\$	70,000	\$1,	180,000
Sales tax revenue bonds		75 <b>8,0</b> 13		-		44,000		714,013
Series 2012 refunding bonds		515,000		-		255,000		260,000
Revenue Anticipation Loan		250,000		-		250,000		-
Note payable		238,493		-		106,461		132,032
Compensated absences		121,532		10,782		14,497		117,817
	-	3,133,038		10,782		739,958	2,	403,862
Unamortized bond premium		9,241		-		5,281		3,960
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	3,142,279	<u>\$</u>	10,782	\$	745,239	<u>\$2</u> ,	407,822
Business-type Activities:								
Note payable	\$	62,922	\$	-	\$	19,100	\$	43,822
Compensated absences		24,259		4,700	_	2,742		26,217
Total business-type activities	\$	87,181	\$	4,700	\$	21,842	\$	70,039

Long-term debt at June 30, 2023 is comprised of the following:

Governmental activities -

		Current Portion
\$2,485,000 Street Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 2012 dated June 29, 2012; due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$260,000 through April 1, 2024; interest at 2.55 percent, payable from and secured by a pledge and dedication of excess revenues.	\$ 260,000	\$ 260,000
\$1,500,000 General Obligation Bond Series 2016 dated March 10, 2016; due in annual installments of \$60,000 - \$115,000 through March 1, 2036; interest at 3.00 percent and payable from and secured by levy collection of ad valorem taxes.	1,180,000	70,000

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### (Continued)

\$944,013 Sales Tax Bond, Series 2015 issued by Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality; due in annual installments of \$92,000 to \$99,000 through January 1, 2029; interest at 0.45 percent, payable from sales tax collections. Interest and administrative fees amounted to \$3,312 and \$3,680, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Total bonds payable Add: premium on issuance of debt	2,154,013 3,960	426,000
Net bonds payable	2,157,973	
Notes payable -		
\$228,623 vehicle lease-purchase dated August 8, 2019, due in 60 monthly installments of \$754, including interest at 5.50 percent, through August 8, 2024, secured by General Fund revenues and assets with a carrying value of \$51,468.	54,026	50,73 <b>8</b>
\$75,413 equipment lease-purchase dated Febaury 10, 2020, due in 60 monthly installments of \$1,457, including interest at 6.06 percent, through August 8, 2024, secured by General Fund revenues and assets with a carrying value of \$54,989.	27,677	16.229
\$29,357 vehicle lease-purchase dated August 4, 2020, due in 60 monthly installments of \$548, including interest at 4.75 percent, through July 4, 2025, secured by General Fund revenues and assets with a carrying value of \$12,232.	11,861	6,094
\$34,230 equipment lease-purchase dated November 13, 2020, due in 60 monthly installments of \$640, including interest at 4.75 percent, through October 13, 2025, secured by General Fund revenues and assets with a carrying value of \$15,974.	14,652	6,697
\$42,025 equipment lease-purchase dated May 18, 2021, due in 60 monthly installments of \$790, including interest at 5.00 percent, through April 18, 2026, secured by General Fund revenues and assets with a carrying value of \$24,514.	23,816	8,419
Total notes payable	132,032	88,177
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 2,290,005</u>	<u>\$ 514,177</u>

714,013

96,000

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(Continued)

Business-type activities

Utility Fund

\$25,811 vehicle lease-purchase dated August 4, 2020, due in 60 monthly installments of \$482, including interest at 4.75 percent,			
through July 4, 2025, secured by Utility Fund revenues and assets			
with a carrying value of \$10,754	10,977		4,483
\$68,820 equipment lease-purchase dated November 13, 2020, due in 60 monthly installments of \$1,286, including interest at 4.75 percent, through October 13, 2025, secured by Utility Fund			
revenues and assets with a carrying value of \$32,116	 32,845		12,967
Total notes payable- business-type activities	\$ 43,822	<u>\$</u>	17,450

The annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities	
	Bonds		Notes Payable		Notes F	Payable
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 426,000	\$ 44,193	\$ 88,177	\$ 5,441	\$ 17,450	\$ 1,740
2025	172,000	35,172	42,665	1,456	20,422	794
2026	172,000	32,488	1,190	205	5,950	52
2027	178,000	29,726	-	-	-	-
2028	184,000	26,813		-	-	-
2029-2033	592,013	102,210	-	-	-	-
2034-2038	430,000	26,550		<u>-</u>		
Totals	\$2,154,013	<u>\$297,152</u>	<u>\$132,032</u>	<u>\$_7,102</u>	\$ 43,822	<u>\$ 2,586</u>

### (9) <u>Pension Plans</u>

The City participates in two cost-sharing defined benefit plans, each administered by separate public employee retirement systems. Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all plans administered by these public employee retirement systems to the State Legislature. These plans are not closed to new entrants. Substantially all City employees participate in one of the following retirement systems:

### **Plan Descriptions:**

<u>Municipal Employees' Retirement Systems (MERS)</u> provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:1731 and 11:1781. The City participates in Plan B.

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>State of Louisiana - Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)</u> provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:2211 and 11:2220.

The systems' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Interest income is recognized when earned.

A brief summary of eligibility and benefits of the plans are provided in the following table:

	MERS	MPERS
Final average salary	Final average compensation	Highest 36 months or 60 months <sup>2</sup>
Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefits	30 years of any age 10 years age 60	25 years of any age 20 years age 50 12 years age 55 20 years any age <sup>1</sup> 30 years any age <sup>3</sup> 25 years age 55 <sup>3</sup> 10 years age 60 <sup>3</sup>
Benefit percent per years of service	2.00%	2.50 - 3.33%4
<sup>1</sup> With actuarial reduced benefits		

<sup>2</sup> Membership commencing January 1, 2013

<sup>3</sup> Under non hazardous duty sub plan commencing January 1, 2013

<sup>4</sup> Membership commencing January 1, 2013 non hazardous duty plan 2.5%, hazardous duty plan 3.0%, membership prior to January 1, 2013 3.33%.

#### Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions of employees, employers, and non-employer contributing entities effective for the year ended June 30, 2023 for the defined benefit pension plans in which the City is a participating employer were as follows:

Plan	Active Member Contribution Percentage	Employer Contribution Percentage	Nonemployer Contributing Entities	Government Contributions
MERS	5.00%	15.50%	\$ 47,068	\$ 202,301
MPERS	10.00%	29.75%	25,398	105,003
Total			<u>\$ 72,466</u>	<u>\$ 307,304</u>

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability at June 30, 2023 is comprised of its proportionate share of the net pension liability relating to each of the cost-sharing plans in which the City is a participating employer. The City's net pension liability for each plan was measured as of the plan's measurement date (June 30, 2022 for both plans) and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the plans in which it participates was based on the City's required contributions in proportion to total required contributions for all employers. As of the most recent measurement date, the City's proportion for each plan and the change in proportion from the prior measurement date were as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net	Proportionate Share (%) of Net	Increase/(Decrease) from Prior
Plan	Pension Liability	Pension Liability	Measurement Date
MERS	\$1,422,069	1.619699%	-0.270453%
MPERS	1,167,030	0.114171%	0.054992%
Total	\$2,589.099		

Since the measurement date of the net pension liability was June 30, 2022, the net pension liability is based upon fiduciary net position for each of the plans as of those dates. Detailed information about each pension plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that was used in the measurement of the City's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial reports for those fiscal years. The financial report for each plan may be accessed on their website as follows: MERS – <u>http://www.mersla.com</u>; MPERS – <u>http://lampers.org/</u>.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following table provides information concerning actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans in which the primary government is a participating employer:

	MERS	MPERS
Date of experience study	7/1/2013-6/30/2018	7/1/2014-6/30/2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment rate of return	6.85%, net of	6.750%, net of
	investment expense	investment expense
Expected remaining service lives	3	4
Inflation rate	2.500%	2.500%
Projected salary increases	4.9% - 7.4%	4,70% - 12.30%
Projected benefit changes including COLAs	None	None
Source of mortality assumptions	(1), (2), (3)	(4), (5), (6)

(1) PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Tables set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales

(2) PubG-2010(B) Employee Tables set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP2018 scales.

(3) PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Tables set equal to 120% for males and females, with the full generational MP2018 scales

(4) Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below- Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used

(5) Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used.

(6) Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below- Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used.

#### **Cost of Living Adjustments**

The pension plans in which the City participates have the authority to grant cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) on an ad hoc basis. Pursuant to LRS 11:242(B), the power of the Board of Trustees of the statewide systems (MERS and MPERS) to grant a COLA is effective in calendar years that the legislature fails to grant a COLA, unless in the legislation granting a COLA, the legislature authorizes the Board of Trustees to provide an additional COLA. The authority to grant a COLA by the Board is subject to the funded status and interest earnings. The effects of the benefit changes made as a result of the COLAs is included in the measurement of the total pension liability as of the measurement date at which the ad hoc COLA was granted and the amount is known and reasonably estimable.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for MERS was 6.850%, which was the same rate from the prior year valuation. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for MPERS was 6.750%, which was the same rate from the prior year valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net positions was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Long-term Rate of Return

For MERS and MPERS, the long-term expected rate of return for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized for each plan in the following tables:

	MERS		MP	ERS
		Long-term		Long-term
		Expected		Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public equity	53%	2.31%	55.5%	3.60%
Public fixed income	38%	1.65%	30.5%	0.85%
Alternative Investments	<u>9%</u>	<u>0.39%</u>	<u>14.0%</u>	<u>0.95%</u>
Totals	100%	4.35%	100%	5.40%
Inflation		2.60%		2.66%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		6.95%		8.06%

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$240,773 and \$322,522 in pension expense related to MERS and MPERS, respectively.

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
	MERS	MPERS	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience	<u> </u>	\$ 5,756	\$ 5,756
Changes of assumptions	15,207	40,256	55,463
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's			
proportionate share of contributions	39,131	364,356	403,487
Net differences between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	261,530	208,352	469,882
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	219,410	103,770	323,180
Total	<u>\$ 535,278</u>	<u>\$ 722,490</u>	<u>\$1,257,768</u>
	Deferre	d Inflows of Re	sources
	MERS	MPERS	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 18,095	\$ 9,512	\$ 27,607
Changes of assumptions		8,680	8.680
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's			
proportionate share of contributions	92,999	51,286	144,285
Total	\$111,094	<u>\$ 69,478</u>	\$ 180.572

Deferred outflows of resources of \$323,180 resulting from the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in pension expense are as follows:

Year Ended	MERS	MPERS	Total
June 30			
2023	\$ 54,697	\$ 187,853	\$ 242,550
2024	4,581	135,060	139,641
2025	28,195	117,040	145,235
2026		109,289	226,590
	\$ 204,774	\$ 549.242	\$ 754,016

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Government's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Government's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities of the plans, calculated using their respective discount rates, as well as what the Government's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Net Pension Liability				
	Current	1%	Current	1%		
Plan	Discount Rate	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase		
MERS	6.850%	\$1,938,550	\$ 1,422,069	\$ 985,248		
MPERS	6.750%	1,633,619	1,167,030	777,274		
Total		\$3,572,169	\$ 2,589,099	\$1,762,522		

#### Payables to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2023, the City's payables were \$23,740 and \$11,702 to MERS and MPERS, respectively, for the month of June 2023, which were the contractually required contributions.

### (10) Postretirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

*Plan Description* - The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan entitled City of St. Martinville Retiree Health Plan (the Plan). The Plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible employees and their spouses through the City's group insurance plan which covers both active and retired members. Benefits provisions are established and may be amended by the City Council as authorized by City ordinance. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue a publicly available report.

*Benefits Provided* – The City provides subsidized medical, dental, and vision benefits to eligible retirees. Covered dependents of the retiree may also have medical, dental and vision benefit coverage with the retiree paying 100% of the additional cost for dependents. The City pays 90% of the individual medical, dental and vision contribution for the retiree.

*Employees covered by benefit terms* – At July 1, 2023, the following employees were covered by the medical plan terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	52
Total	53

A total of 52 active and 1 retirees have one or more health coverages.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$319,594 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.5%
Discount rate, including inflation	3.54%
Medical healthcare cost trend rate, flat annually	4.5%
Dental/vision healthcare cost trend rate, flat annually	3.0%
Mortality	RH-2014 Total Table

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$282,708
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	44,784
Interest	11,254
Benefit payments and net transfers	(19,152)
Net changes	36,886
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$319,594</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	1.00%	Current	1.00%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$ 338,895</u>	\$319,594	\$301,130

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.00%	Current	1.00%
	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase
	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$291,704</u>	<u>\$ 319,594</u>	<u>\$ 351,918</u>

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$56,038. At June 30, 2023, there were \$116,445 deferred inflows with \$6,638 of deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB.

#### (11) Interfund Transactions

#### A. Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	
Major Funds:	Receivables		
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 694,475	\$ 274,907	
Capital Projects Funds	11,802	-	
Enterprise Fund:			
Utility Fund	272,936	707.889	
Nonmajor Funds	3,583		
Total	<u>\$ 982,796</u>	<u>\$ 982,796</u>	

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. These balances are expected to be paid within the next fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### B. Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

	Interfund	Interfund	
	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
Major Funds:			
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 746,049	
Enterprise Fund:			
Utility Fund	141,049	1,495,000	
Nonmajor Funds	605,000		
Total	\$2,241,049	<u>\$ 2,241,049</u>	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in one fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### (12) Dedication of Sales Tax Revenues

On June 25, 1975, the voters of the City of St. Martinville approved a one percent (1%) sales and use tax.

On May 5, 2007, the voters of the City of St. Martinville approved a one percent (1%) sales and use tax.

On November 6, 2012, the voters of the City of St. Martinville approved a rededication of all proceeds heretofore and hereafter received. Such proceeds (after paying the reasonable and necessary costs and expenses of collecting and administering the sales taxes) may be used for any lawful corporate purpose of the City, including, but not limited to, establishing, acquiring, constructing, improving, maintaining and/or operating the City's waterworks plant and system, solid waste disposal facilities, sewers and sewerage disposal works, drains and drainage facilities, streets, bridges and sidewalks, electric transmission and distribution system, public buildings and recreational facilities within the City, including the necessary land, equipment and furnishings therefore, and the City shall be further authorized to fund the proceeds of the Sales Taxes into bonds from time to time for any one or more capital purposes, to the extent and in the manner permitted by the laws of Louisiana.

Sales and use tax revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were \$2,017,544. Proceeds from the taxes and all reasonable and necessary costs and expenses of collecting the taxes are recorded in the General Fund.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (13) Ad Valorem Taxes

For the year ended June 30, 2023, taxes of 8.74 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$24,435,825 and were dedicated as follows:

General alimony Public improvement bonds 4.02 mills 4.72 mills

Total taxes levied for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$213,569. The taxes are levied and assessed in June of each year. Tax bills are mailed in November, due on December 31, and are delinquent if unpaid as of January 1.

#### (14) <u>Contracts</u>

On August 10, 2022, the City entered into a long-term contract with The Louisiana Energy and Power Authority to provide the City's power and energy requirements. The agreement will commence on January 1, 2023 and extend through December 31, 2027 incurring an initial monthly demand rate of \$7.75 per kw in addition to other demand and energy cost factors.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City purchased power from The Louisiana Energy and Power Authority in the amount of \$2,798,733 which \$327,981 was payable at year end. This amount has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

#### (15) Fair Value Measurements

Professional standards require the disclosure for fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities and for fair value measurements of nonfinancial items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. The standards establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- b. Level 2 inputs are observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- c. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table presents assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2023:

Description	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Mutual Funds:					
Fixed Income	<u>\$ 534,237</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$534,237	<u>\$ -</u>	

#### (16) <u>Compensation of City Council</u>

The compensation paid to the council members for the year ended June 30, 2023 follows:

Carol Frederick	\$	8,927
Janise Anthony		8,927
Mike Fusilier		8,927
Jonas Fontenette		8,927
Forita Chatman		<b>8,9</b> 27
Total	<u>\$ 4</u>	4,635

#### (17) <u>Risk Management</u>

The City is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, property hazards, health care, and workers' compensation. Those risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage in the past three years.

### (18) <u>On-behalf Payments</u>

The City has recognized \$95,293 as a revenue and an expenditure for on-behalf salary payments made by the state of Louisiana.

### (19) <u>Contingencies</u>

The City participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representative. The City's management believes that any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits would not be material.

At June 30, 2023, the City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of the lawsuit is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorney, any judgements rendered in favor of the plaintiff or payments resulting from compromise settlements, if any, will be within the limits of the various insurance coverages carried by the City. The pending lawsuits are not related to any projects funded by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### (20) <u>Tax Abatements</u>

The City is subject to tax abatements granted by the Louisiana Board of Commerce and Energy. The program has a purpose of increasing business activity and employment in the City. Under the program, companies commit to expand or maintain facilities or employment, establish a new business, or relocate an existing business to the City. Agreements include an abatement of ad valorem taxes for a period of 10 years from the initial assessment period. These abatements result in a reduction of property taxes. At June 30, 2023, the City's ad valorem taxes were reduced by \$4,196 for industrial exemptions in effect.

#### (21) Act 706 – Schedule of Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the Mayor for the year ended June 30, 2023 follows:

Jason Willis, Mayor	
Salary	\$ 55,961
Benefits - insurance	282
Benefits - retirement	8.338
Car allowance	9,000
Conference fees	250
Conference travel	230
Total	\$ 74,061

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$2,029,030	\$2,151,018	\$2,157,886	\$ 6,868
Licenses and permits	330,000	318,609	360,158	41,549
Intergovernmental	1,727,880	918,414	941,342	22,928
Charges for services	67,270	59,312	69,865	10,553
Fines and forfeitures	100,000	153,679	196,397	42,718
Miscellaneous income	142,200	354,501	407,389	52,888
Total revenues	4,396,380	3,955,533	4,133,037	177,504
Expenditures: Current -				
General government	989,739	1,117,414	1,112,855	4,559
Public safety	1,738,480	2,059,424	2,094,803	(35,379)
Public works	1,124,969	1,044,514	1,054,213	(9,699)
Recreation	186,222	206,450	207,633	(1,183)
Tourism	63,932	60,899	70,504	(9,605)
Capital outlay	155,000	182,502	220,452	(37,950)
Debt service	100,939	122,850	119,149	3,701
Total expenditures	4,359,281	4,794,053	4,879,609	(85,556)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	37,099	(838,520)	(746,572)	91,948
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,250,000	1,500,000	1,495,000	(5,000)
Transfers out	(266,000)	(605,000)	(746,049)	(141,049)
Total other financing sources (uses)	984,000	895,000	748,951	(146,049)
Net change in fund balance	1,021,099	56,480	2,379	(54,101)
Fund balance, beginning	2,808,927	2,808,927	2,808,927	
Fund balance, ending	\$3,830,026	\$2,865,407	\$2,811,306	<u>\$ (54,101</u> )

### Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 44,784	\$ 46,285	\$ 46,285	\$ 27,433	\$ 27,433	\$ 26,408
Interest	11,254	10,034	9,388	14,592	13,165	13,751
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(149,154)	-	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	(22,615)	-	21,556	-	-
Benefit payments and net transfers	(19,152)	(19,152)	(33,722)	(33,722)	(28,830)	(28,830)
Net changes	36,886	(134,602)	21,951	29,859	11,768	11,329
Total OPEB liability - beginning	282,708	417,310	395,359	365,500	353,732	342,403
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$ 319,594</u>	<u>\$ 282,708</u>	<u>\$ 417,310</u>	<u>\$ 395,359</u>	<u>\$ 365,500</u>	<u>\$ 353,732</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,935,852	\$ 1,935,852	\$2,029,798	\$2,029,798	\$1,790.083	\$ 1,790,083
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.51%	14.60%	20.56%	19.48%	20.42%	19.76%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE

### Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2023\*

Year Ended June 30,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Municipal E	mployees Retireme	nt System			
2023	1.61970%	\$ 1,422,069	\$ 1,295,019	109.8%	69.56%
2022	1.80915%	1,048,057	1,447,703	72.4%	79.14%
2021	1.66149%	1,505,687	1,289,621	116.8%	66.26%
2020	1.54611%	1,352,561	1,183,320	114.3%	65.60%
2019	1.74236%	1,473,742	1,291,227	114.1%	65.60%
2018	1.85732%	1,607,017	1,378,305	116.6%	63.49%
2017	1.79651%	1,489,139	1,319,904	112.8%	63.34%
2016	1.76133%	1,197,084	1,230,739	97.3%	68.71%
2015	1.72688%	810.765	1,204,589	67.3%	76.94%
Municipal P	olice Employees Re	etirement System			
2023	0.11417%	\$ 1,167,030	\$ 357,775	326.2%	70.80%
2022	0.05918%	315,456	195,813	161.1%	84.09%
2021	0.07124%	658,405	215,366	305.7%	70.94%
2020	0.04544%	412,708	141,916	290.8%	71.01%
2019	0.05049%	426,854	149,005	286.5%	71.89%
2018	0.07106%	620,349	212,125	292.4%	70.08%
2017	0.07828%	733,667	219,269	334.6%	66.04%
2016	0.04933%	386,425	141,570	273.0%	70.73%
2015	0.06298%	394,921	174,883	225.8%	75.10%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Municipal Emplo	yees Retirement Syst	tem			
2023	\$ 219,410	\$ 219,410	\$-	\$ 1,415,548	15.50%
2022	200.728	200,728	-	1,295,019	15.50%
2021	224,394	224,394	-	1,447,703	15.50%
2020	180,547	180,547	-	1,289,621	14.00%
2019	164,802	165,665	-	1,183,320	14.00%
2018	171,088	171,088	-	1,291,227	13.25%
2017	151,648	151,648	-	1,378.305	11.00%
2016	125,391	125,391	-	1,319,904	9.50%
2015	116,920	116,920	-	1,230,739	9.50%
Municipal Police	Employees Retiremen	nt System			
2023	\$ 103,770	\$ 103,770	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 332,064	31.25%
2022	106,438	106,438	-	357,775	29.75%
2021	66,087	66,087	-	<b>195,8</b> 13	33.75%
2020	69,994	69,994	-	215,366	32.50%
2019	45,768	45,768	-	141,916	32.25%
2018	45,819	45,819	-	149,005	30.75%
2017	67,350	67,350	-	212,125	31.75%
2016	64,684	64,684	-	219,269	29.50%
2015	44,595	44,595	-	141,570	31.50%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### (1) <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The Mayor submits, no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, to the City Council a proposed operating budget.
- b) A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- c) A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- d) After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e) Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Mayor.
- f) All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- g) Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council.

### (2) Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the General Fund had actual expenditures over appropriations as follows:

		Final			
	Budget		Actual		 Excess
Public safety	\$	2,059,424	\$	2,094,803	\$ (35,379)
Public works		1 <b>,044,</b> 514		1,054,213	(9,699)
Recreation		206,450		207,633	(1,183)
Tourism		60,899		70,504	(9,605)
Capital outlay		182,502		220,452	(37,950)

### (3) <u>Pension Plans</u>

Changes of Assumptions – Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plans. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plans.

### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### (4) Other Postemployment Benefits

- a) Benefit changes There were no changes of benefit terms.
- b) Changes of assumptions There were no changes in assumptions.

**OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

#### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023 With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022

	2023			
	Governmental	Business-Type		2022
	Activities	Activities	Total	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets:	\$ 2,687,207	\$ 357,510	\$ 3.044.717	¢ 2 102 104
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments	ש 2,087,207 5,492	3 357,510 236,249	\$ 3,044,717 241,741	\$ 2,103,104 124,605
Receivables, net	196,379	1,256,617	1,452,996	1,264,433
Internal balances	434,953	(434,953)	1,432,390	1,204,400
Due from other governmental units	230,168	110,114	340,282	1,440,579
Inventories		265,546	265,546	149,138
Prepaid items	106,407	17,817	124,224	118,451
Deposits	-	12,000	12,000	12,000
Total current assets	3,660,606	1,820,900	5,481,506	5,212,310
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets -				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	66,726	66,726	80,922
Investments	-	297,988	297,988	283,980
Capital assets -				
Land and construction in progress	820,768	497,370	1,318,138	2,083,655
Capital assets, net	6,317,136	8,657,725	14,974,861	14,389,551
Total noncurrent assets	7,137,904	9,519,809	16,657,713	16,838,108
Total assets	10,798,510	11,340,709	22,139,219	22,050,418
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	991,963	265,805	1,257,768	598,627
Deferred outflows related to postemployment benefits	5,310	1,328	6,638	10,368
Total deferred outflows of resources	997,273	267,133	1,264,406	608,995
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	253,416	538,703	792,119	1,278,878
Compensated absences payable	15,784	2,437	18,221	17,981
Uneamed revenue	-	-	-	73,510
Customer deposits	5,760	364,714	370,474	365,777
Note payable	88,177	17,450	105,627	108,990
Operating lease liability	-	27,816	27,816	-
Bonds payable	426,000	-	426,000	670,000
Accrued interest	12,353		12,353	15,783
Total current liabilities	801,490	951,120	1,752,610	2,530,919
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	102,033	23,780	125,813	127,810
Operating lease liability	-	134,929	134,929	-
Note payable	43,855	26,372	70,227	192,425
Bonds payable	1,731,973	-	1,731,973	2,112,254
Net pension liability	1,894,362	694,737	2,589,099	1,363,513
Postemployment benefit obligation payable	247,233	72,361	319,594	282,708
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,019,456	952,179	4,971,635	4,078,710
Total liabilities	4,820,946	1,903,299	6,724,245	6,609,629
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	126,298	54,274	180,572	579,369
Deferred outflows related to postemployment benefits	90,080	26,365	116,445	144,107
	216,378	80,639	297,017	723,476
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	5,309,129	8,948,528	14,257,657	13,892,499
1				
Restricted:			11	22.00
-	41,509	-	41,509	33,602
Restricted: Purpose of grantor Capital projects	465,905	-	465,905	624,553
Restricted: Purpose of grantor Capital projects Debt service	465,905 82,710	-	465,905 82,710	624,553 50,766
Restricted: Purpose of grantor Capital projects	465,905	- - - - 675,376	465,905	624,553

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2023				
		lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2022
D	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes -	e 04000	# 07.009	¢ 101.440	¢ 5440	¢ 00.700
Ad valorem	\$ 94,000 25,020	\$ 96,008	\$ 101,448	\$ 5,440	\$ 92,739
Payments in lieu of taxes	35,030	38,976	38,894	(82)	37,120
Sales	1,900,000	2,016,034	2,017,544	1,510	1,948,575
Total taxes	2,029,030	2,151,018	2,157,886	6,868	2,078,434
Licenses and permits -					
Occupational and liquor licenses	230,000	214,322	234,813	20,491	225,591
Franchise, fees, and permits	100,000	104,287	125,345	21,058	122,541
Total licenses and permits	330,000	318,609	360,158	41,549	348,132
1-4					
Intergovernmental -	1 206 270	200 227	410 720	11 402	1,909,098
Federal and state grants	1,206,270	399,327 993	410,730	11,403	
State revenue sharing Beer tax	2,610		993 14 600	- 46	2,610
Video poker/Off track betting	14,000	14,644 414,967	14,690		12,960
On behalf payments	385,000		419,636	4,669	464,093
	120,000	88,483	95,293	6,810	96,801
Total intergovernmental	1,727,880	918,414	941,342	22,928	2,485,562
Charges for services -					
Garbage	-	-	-	-	537,888
Grass cutting fees	7,270	7,154	10,789	3,635	7,685
Recreation	50,000	40,376	46,189	5,813	40,314
Tourism center	10,000	11,782	12,887	1,105	4,998
Total charges for services	67,270	59,312	69,865	10,553	590,885
Fines and forfeits	100,000	153,679	196,397	42,718	69,228
Miscellaneous -					
Sale of assets	_	166,834	166,834	-	16,879
Interest	200	9,731	11,901	2,170	798
Other	142,000	177,936	228,654	50,718	125,445
Total miscellaneous	142,200	354,501	407,389	52,888	143,122
	<u>.</u>			<u>.</u>	
Total revenues	\$4,396,380	<u>\$ 3,955,533</u>	<u>\$ 4,133,037</u>	<u>\$ 177,504</u>	<u>\$5,715,363</u>

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2023					
	Budget		Variance with Final Budget Positive		2022	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Current:						
General government -						
Mayor and council salaries	\$ 101,028	\$ 100,302	\$ 100,089	\$ 213	\$ 98,592	
Other salaries and wages	319,502	303,653	•		\$ 98,592 323,892	
Retirement	-		305,563	(1,910)	•	
Group insurance	51,121	44,474	44,087	387	42,515	
•	51,056	40,876	41,011	(135)	41,503	
Payroll taxes Contract labor	29,395	29,168	29,301	(133)	28,556	
	-	48,877	46,000	2,877	95	
Equipment	-	6,000	7,741	(1,741)	-	
	90,947	119,626	116,295	3,331	97,634	
Office supplies and postage	22,830	19,623	17,751	1,872	19,039	
Advertising	6,000	7,350	8,197	(847)	673	
Dues	1,200	1,874	1,874	-	1,899	
Claim payments	1,000	25,402	24,502	900	5,978	
Legal and professional fees	126,800	116,079	115,269	810	104,340	
Magistrate	18,000	18,000	15,000	3,000	15,000	
Travel and conferences	5,500	3,925	6,213	(2,288)	-	
Fuel	3,600	4,310	4,589	(279)	1,510	
Indigent defendants cost	24,000	56,557	51,048	5,509	22,617	
Telephone	9,024	9,995	12,168	(2,173)	14,555	
Technology	-	6,534	3,737	2,797	-	
Repairs and maintenance	12,736	55,297	65,280	(9,983)	19,104	
Collection expense	30,000	33,815	33,538	277	15,281	
Contribution - SMEDA	14,000	14,000	14,000	-	14,000	
Inspection fees	40,000	20,298	19,752	546	41,096	
Election expense	-	-	-	-	23,426	
Miscellaneous	32,000	30,379	29,850	529	<b>8,27</b> 1	
Total general government	989,739	1,116,414	1,112,855	3,559	939,576	
Public safety -	1.001.000	1 012 804	1 000 070	(7.020)	1 000 0	
Salaries	1,001,632	1,013,824	1,020,863	(7,039)	1,008,955	
Retirement	109,648	104,658	103,890	768	106,438	
Group insurance	176,253	150,733	158,137	(7,404)	151,309	
Payroll taxes	78,388	82,285	82,182	103	76,346	
Workman's comp	41,591	62,649	64,457	(1,808)	58,637	
Insurance	142,688	160,026	163,619	(3,593)	141,865	

(continued)

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2023				
		lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2022
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Public safety (continued) -					
Claim Payments	-	9,439	9,943	(504)	41,367
Collection expense	-	15,000	18,932	(3,932)	-
Supplies	23,800	43,225	37,362	5,863	21,373
Telephone	27,000	93,389	95,474	(2,085)	50,087
Technology	-	6,000	6,256	(256)	-
Advertising	500	4,800	4,000	800	-
Dues and subscriptions	650	5,082	4,483	599	1,516
Legal and professional fees	2,500	-	263	(263)	-
Training	3,000	5,442	5,901	(459)	800
Prisoner expense	5,000	103,513	102,524	989	-
Travel and conferences	2,000	6,000	5,352	648	1,755
Fuel	79,200	74,198	76,872	(2,674)	64,057
Repairs and maintenance	32,000	70,277	73,312	(3,035)	63,385
Drug testing	3,500	5,855	5,279	576	6,053
Equipment	-	15,087	24,820	(9,733)	-
Uniforms	8,000	16,853	18,168	(1,315)	6,786
Miscellaneous	1,130	11,089	12,714	(1,625)	11,160
Total public safety	1,738,480	2,059,424	2,094,803	(35,379)	1,811,889
Public works -					
Salaries	555,652	445,642	455,529	(9,887)	450,075
Retirement	84,117	60,975	56,652	4,323	57,717
Group insurance	74,831	75,950	74,456	1,494	69,239
Workman's comp	41,461	50,974	45,961	5,013	56,088
Payroll taxes	43,619	35,397	35,967	(570)	33,805
Contract labor	44,000	78,474	81,295	(2,821)	50,058
Claim payments	-	8,470	11 <b>,888</b>	(3,418)	1,029
Insurance	75,167	75,313	69,506	5,807	73,457
Supplies	20,000	52,896	54,463	(1,567)	23,820
Hurricane expenses	-	-	-	-	22,757
Legal and professional fees	-	-	517	(517)	4,004
Telephone and postage	14,962	12,845	1 <b>2,611</b>	234	12,577
Auto and truck expenses	43,500	29,002	32,307	(3,305)	37,417
Repairs and maintenance	40,000	83,053	91,610	(8,557)	37,604
Street repairs and maintenance	44,000	2,317	1,931	386	6,604
Miscellaneous	1,660	6,143	3,036	3,107	3,934
Dog pound	14,000	14,220	14,220	_	14,220
Waste collection	25,000	7,967	8,201	(234)	479,509
Uniforms	3,000	4,876	4,063	813	881
Total public works	1,124,969	1,044,514	1,054,213	(9,699)	1,434,795

(continued)

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2023		
	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2022
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Recreation -					
Salaries	104,803	99,128	97,969	1,159	69,020
Retirement	4,865	6,472	6,012	460	2,968
Group insurance	-	103	177	(74)	463
Payroll taxes	6,024	7,859	7,619	240	4,858
Insurance	26,649	23 <b>,648</b>	22,846	802	27,485
Workman's comp	5,853	5,118	5,179	(61)	4,136
Supplies	15,111	26,845	29,381	(2,536)	15,639
Legal and professional fees	-	-	-	-	944
Claim payments	-	8,000	10,390	(2,390)	-
Fuel	2,000	1,500	1,663	(163)	1,805
Utilities and telephone	5,559	8,264	8,199	65	6,740
Repairs and maintenance	4,458	9,960	10,074	(114)	16,918
Garbage collection	3,600	2,230	2,156	74	14,013
Uniforms	2,500	595	496	99	1,638
Travel	1,000	_	_	-	275
Drug testing	200	228	_	228	-
Miscellaneous	3,600	6,500	5.472	1,028	6,125
Total recreation	186,222	206,450	207.633	(1,183)	173,027
Tourism -		<u> </u>			
Salaries	46,555	31,722	33,500	(1,778)	8,476
Group insurance	-	44	44	-	-
Payroll taxes	3,655	2,293	2,535	(242)	566
Economic development	-	478	713	(235)	-
Workman's comp	682	449	656	(207)	75
Supplies	1,500	3,266	7,346	(4,080)	92
Repairs and maintenance	-	10,973	12,671	(1,698)	14,029
Utilities and telephone	6,540	8,350	8,020	330	7,845
Advertising	2,500	-	-		7,04.7
Miscellaneous	2,500	3,324	4,643	(1.319)	32,427
	2,500	5,524	4,045	(1,519)	
Legal and professional	-	-	-	-	563
Travel and conferences			376	(376)	
Total tourism	63,932	60,899	70,504	(9,605)	64,073
Capital outlay	155,000	182,502	220,452	(37,950)	45,614
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	90,339	107,249	106,461	788	83,225
Interest	10,600	15,601	12,688	2,913	14,970
Total debt service	100,939	122,850	119,149	3,701	98,195

### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE, LOUISIANA Capital Projects Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2023		
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2022 Actual
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental -				
State grants	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 59,461	\$ 59,461	<b>\$</b> -
Miscellaneous	265	261	(4)	17,637
fotal revenues	265	59,722	59,457	17,637
Expenditures:				
General government -				
Legal and professional fees	2,678	2,632	46	
Recreation -				
Supplies	2,500	2,206	294	87
Capital outlay -				
Recreation	181,600	181,525	75	-
Sewer improvements	25,000	19,618	5,382	226,130
Streets and drainage	25,912	12,389	13,523	
Total capital outlay	232,512	213,532	18,980	226,130
Total expenditures	235,190	218,370	19.320	226,217
Net change in fund balance	(234,925)	(158,648)	78,777	(208,580)
Fund balance, beginning	624,553	624,553	<u> </u>	833,133
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 389,628</u>	<u>\$ 465,905</u>	<u>\$ 78,777</u>	<u>\$ 624,553</u>

## NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

### SECTION 8 FUND

To account for the receipt and subsequent expenditure of Section 8 housing funds received from the federal government.

### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

To account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation bonds, street improvement refunding bonds, and sales tax bonds. Financing is provided by ad valorem and sales taxes.

### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

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	S-	ection 8 Fund	5	2008 Debt Service Fund	]	<u>Cotal</u>
ASSETS						
Cash Due from other governmental units Due from other funds	\$	38,712 - 3,583	\$	82,640 241	\$ L2	21,352 241 <u>3,583</u>
Total assets	\$	42,295	\$	82,881	<u>\$ 12</u>	25,176
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	462	\$	171	\$	633
Accrued expenses		324		-		324
Total liabilities		786		171		957
Fund balances:						
Restricted		41,509		82,710	12	24,219
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	42,295	\$	82,881	<u>\$ 12</u>	25,176

### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Section 8 Fund	2008 Debt Service Fund	Total
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	<b>\$</b> -	\$118,930	\$ 118,930
Federal grants	391,549	-	391,549
Miscellaneous	14,080	55	14,135
Total revenues	405,629	118,985	524,614
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government		2,308	2,308
Urban redevelopment and housing	397,722	-	397,722
Debt service		689,733	689,733
Total expenditures	397,722	692,041	1,089,763
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	7,907	(573,056)	(565,149)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in		605,000	605,000
Net changes in fund balances	7.907	31,944	39.851
Fund balances. beginning	33,602	50,766	84,368
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 41,509</u>	<u>\$ 82,710</u>	<u>\$ 124,219</u>

### Comparative Statement of Net Position Enterprise Fund June 30, 2023 and 2022

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments Receivables:	2023	y Fund 2022
Current assets: Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments		
Investments		
	\$ 357,510	\$ 205,744
Receivables	236,249	119,272
Accellables.	/ /	
Accounts	1,256,617	1.056,643
Other	110,114	414,487
Due from other funds	272,936	539.883
Inventory	265,546	138.547
Prepaid items	17,817	26,775
Deposits	12,000	12,000
Total current assets	2,528,789	2,513,351
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets -		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	66,726	80.922
Investments	297,988	283,980
Capital assets -		
Land and construction in progress	497,370	1,213,846
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,657,725	\$.062,127
Total noncurrent assets	9,519,809	9,640,875
Total assets	12,048,598	12,154,226
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
	265,805	155,928
Deferred outflows related to pensions		2.074
Deferred outflows related to postemployment benefits	1,328	
Total deferred outflows of resources	267,133	158.002
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:	620 700	000.014
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	538,703	988,834 1,497
Compensated absences	2,437	1.183.318
Due to other funds	707,889	1.163.316
Operating lease liability	27,816	- 17, <b>4</b> 77
Note payable	17,450 264 714	364,902
Customer deposits	364,714	
Total current liabilities	1,659,009	2.556.028
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	23,780	127.810
Operating lease liability	134,929	-
Note payable	26,372	45.445
Net pension liability	694,737	419,823
Postemployment benefit obligation payable	72,361	64,009
Total noncurrent liabilities	952,179	657,087
Total liabilities	2,611,188	3,213,115
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
_	54 074	130,778
Deferred inflows related to pensions	54,274	32,628
Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits	26.365	
	80,639	163,406
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	8,948,528	8.901,718
Unrestricted	675,376	33,989
Official Reco	\$ 9,623,904	\$ 8.935.707

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### Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Enterprise Fund For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Utilit	y Fund
	2023	2022
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services -		
Electric	\$ 5,187,331	\$ 4,735,451
Water	1,028,059	707,589
Wastewater	925,935	676,796
Garbage	550,082	-
Permits, reconnections and penalties	133,877	149,785
Total operating revenues	7,825,284	6,269,621
Operating expenses:		
Electric	3,753,252	3,637,839
Water	733,873	570,146
Wastewater	963,148	965,179
Garbage	504,743	
Total operating expenses	5,955,016	5,173,164
Operating income	1,870,268	1,096,457
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Investment income	8,773	(20,824)
Interest expense	(4,545)	(3,663)
Nonemployer contribution revenue	22,995	18,112
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	27,223	(6,375)
Income before capital contributions and transfers	1,897,491	1,090,082
Capital Contributions	39,609	561,401
Transfers out	(1,353,951)	(914,950)
Change in net position	583,149	736,533
Net position, beginning	9,040,755	8,304,222
Net position, ending	\$ 9,623,904	<u>\$    9,040,755</u>

### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

### Comparative Departmental Statement of Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Totals		Electric		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Operating revenues:					
Customers service charges	\$ 7,691,407	\$ 6,119,836	\$ 5,187,331	\$ 4,735,451	
Permits, reconnections and penalties	133,877	149,785	133,877	149,785	
Total operating revenues	7,825,284	6,269,621	5,321,208	4,885,236	
Operating expenses:					
Salaries	902,910	686,602	267,907	150,321	
Retirement	223,018	72,173	65,427	11,683	
Payroll taxes	70,836	53,237	21,095	11,665	
Group insurance	142,009	1 <b>40,189</b>	33,386	25,741	
Worker's comp	50,705	41,451	10,876	6,133	
Power purchased	2,798,733	2,771,703	2,798,733	2,771,703	
State mandated water fee	37,550	39,306	-	-	
Maintenance and supplies	217,755	294,370	40,874	100,709	
Chemicals	76,200	63,768	-	-	
Fuel	65,363	52,365	21,893	21,558	
Depreciation expense	348,042	355,027	28,952	27,832	
Utilities	100,476	90,736	3,887	5,409	
Telephone	1 <b>5,095</b>	30,520	1,283	2,269	
Truck operation	1,780	15,038	-	12,414	
Office supplies and postage	30,725	8,158	-	-	
Bad debts	25,428	40,235	-	-	
Insurance	106,819	127,001	48,294	49,302	
Miscellaneous	1 <b>9,02</b> 5	3,728	847	1,067	
Professional fees	135,441	118,060	13,657	4,131	
Uniforms	2,162	2,191	823	1,832	
Travel	2,132	2,200	-	2,200	
Contractual services	582,812	165,106	106,946	162,632	
Allocation of general and administrative expense			288,372	269,238	
Total operating expenses	5,955,016	5,173,164	3,753,252	3,637,839	
Net operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 1,870,268</u>	<u>\$ 1,096,457</u>	\$ 1,567,956	\$ 1,247,397	

### CITY OF ST. MARTINVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

### Comparative Departmental Statement of Revenues and Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Water		Wastewater		Garbage		Administrative	
2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
\$1,028,059	\$707,589	<b>\$925,9</b> 35	\$ 676,796	\$550,082	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -
1,028,059	707,589	925,935	676,796	550,082			
217,774	110,67]	269,811	311,389	-	-	<b>147,4</b> 1 <b>8</b>	114,221
49,371	13,655	67,249	31,423	_	-	40,971	15,412
17,128	9,185	21,400	22,838	_	-	11,213	9,549
34,451	27,011	44,275	62,949	-	-	29,897	24,488
17,704	9,787	21,641	25,055	-	-	484	476
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
37,550	39,306	-	-	-	-	-	-
37,424	83,544	74,440	87,914	-	-	65,017	22,203
36,475	25,352	39,725	38,416	-	-	-	-
19,191	18,642	24,279	12,165	-	-	-	-
75,678	86,180	243,412	241,015	-	-	-	-
81,088	65,580	15,501	19,747	-	-	-	-
6,780	1,792	2,596	2,830	-	-	4,436	23,629
21	66	1,759	2,558	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	30,725	8,158
-	-	-	-	-	-	25,428	40,235
38,224	34,810	7,144	11,673	-	-	13,157	31,216
939	-	10,485	654	-	-	6,754	2,007
2,823	4,361	66,884	53,214	-	-	52,077	56,354
266	(27)	1,073	386	-	-	-	-
2,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,703	-	-	2,474	474,163	-	-	-
57,151	40,231	51,474	38,479	30,580		<u>(427,577</u> )	<u>(347,948</u> )
733,873	570,146	963,148	965,179	504,743	<del>_</del>		
<u>\$ 294,186</u>	\$137,443	<u>\$ (37,213</u> )	<u>\$(288,383</u> )	<u>\$ 45,339</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>

### Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2022	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2023
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$ 3,118	S 1,356
Add: Collections -		
Criminal Fines - Other	65,882	82,714
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits -		
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement/Criminal Fines - Other	495	743
Louisiana State Treasurer CMIS/Criminal Fines - Other	876	1,092
Acadiana Criminalistics Lab/Criminal Fines - Other	8,020	8,640
St Martin Crime Stoppers/Criminal Fines - Other	584	728
LA Association of Chiefs of Police/Criminal Fines - Other	584	728
16th Judicial District Public Defender/Criminal Fines - Other	10,220	12,740
St Martin Parish Coroner/Criminal Fines - Other	2,920	3,640
LA Dept of Health & Hospitals THI/SCI/Criminal Fines - Other	1,095	1,050
Louisiana Supreme Court/Criminal Fines - Other	146	181
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Criminal Fines Other	42.704	48,218
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agenci	ies	
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies		
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	67,644	77,760
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	<u>\$ 1,356</u>	<u>\$ 6,310</u>

### LCDBG Sewer System Improvement Project Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2023

Assets: Grants receivable	\$ -	
Liabilities:		
Contracts payable	-	
Retainage payable		
Total liabilities		
Net Position	<u>\$</u>	_

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# LCDBG Sewer System Improvement Project Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues -	
LCDBG program	<u>\$ 39,609</u>
Expenses-	
Construction	39,609
Change in net position	-
Net position, beginning of year	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>

COMPLIANCE,

# INTERNAL CONTROL,

AND

# **OTHER MATTERS**

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Jason Willis, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of St. Martinville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Martinville, Louisiana (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of St. Martinville's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2023.

# **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of St. Martinville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Martinville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Martinville's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2023-001 through 2023-005 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of St. Martinville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# City of St. Martinville's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of St. Martinville's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The City of St. Martinville's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana November 16, 2023

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Part I Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan:

# A. Internal Control Findings -

# 2023-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

#### Criteria

The City should have a control policy according to which no person should be given responsibility for more than one related function.

# **Condition**

The City did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

#### <u>Cause</u>

Due to the size of the City, there are a small number of available employees.

# Effect

The City has employees that are performing more than one related function.

#### Recommendation

The City should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

#### Management's Corrective Action Plan

Due to the size of the operations and the cost-benefit of additional personnel, it may not be feasible to achieve complete segregation of duties.

# 2023-002 Inadequate Controls Over Reconciling Accounts

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

# <u>Criteria</u>

The City should have control policies and procedures that includes reconciling general ledger accounts to supporting schedules or subsidiary ledgers on a monthly basis.

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Condition**

The City does not have adequate procedures in place to reconcile general ledger accounts to appropriate supporting documentation.

#### Cause

Due to the lack of policies and procedures, monthly reconciliations of general ledger accounts are not being performed.

#### <u>Effect</u>

The general ledger required numerous adjusting journal entries in order to correct account balances. Management is unable to produce accurate monthly financial statements including budget-to-actual schedules.

# **Recommendation**

The City should establish policies and procedures to reconcile general ledger accounts to appropriate supporting documentation on a monthly basis. Additionally, monthly financial statements and budget to actuals schedules should be prepared in order to adequately monitor the operations of the City.

# Management's Corrective Action Plan

The City will review its policies and procedures and ensure that general ledger accounts are being reconciled to appropriate supporting documentation. The City will produce accurate monthly financial statements and budget to actual schedules in order to effectively monitor the City's activities.

## 2023-003 Inadequate Controls Over Capital Assets

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

#### <u>Criteria</u>

Louisiana Revised Statute 24:515.B.1 requires the municipality to maintain records of its capital assets. Management is responsible for recording, tagging, and coordinating the annual inventory of all capital assets. The listing of capital assets is to be updated each year for assets acquired and disposed.

#### Condition

The City does not have procedures in place to maintain accurate records of their capital assets.

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# <u>Cause</u>

The City's policies and procedures does not allow proper identification of assets being purchased and disposed and a physical inventory was not conducted prior to the end of their fiscal year.

# Effect

The City's capital asset listing contained assets that were previously disposed or no longer useful in operations.

#### **Recommendation**

The City should implement policies and procedures relative to capital asset additions and disposals. Additionally, an annual inventory of all capital assets should be conducted prior to the end of the fiscal year.

#### Management's Corrective Action Plan

The City will revise their policies and procedures to include maintaining proper records of capital assets. Additions and disposals will be documented and approved by management. Physical inventories will be conducted prior to the end of the fiscal year and ending balances will be reconciled to the asset account balances in the general ledger.

#### 2023-004 Inadequate Controls Over Bank Reconciliations

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

#### <u>Criteria</u>

The City should have a control policy in place that allows for the proper and timely reconciliation of all bank accounts.

# **Condition**

The City did not have procedures in place for the proper and timely reconciliation of the City's bank accounts.

## <u>Cause</u>

The City's lack of policies and procedures did not allow for the timely reconciliation of their bank accounts during the fiscal year.

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# <u>Effect</u>

The City's bank reconciliations were completed in excess of 60 days of the related statement closing date. The City's bank reconciliations included duplicate checks and deposits as outstanding items.

# Recommendation

The City should ensure that the proper activity is recorded in all bank accounts and complete the reconciliations no later than 60 days after the statement closing date.

#### Management's Corrective Action Plan

Management will ensure all activity is properly recorded on the general ledger and bank reconciliations will be completed within the prescribed timeframe.

# 2023-005 Controls over Traffic Tickets

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2021

#### Criteria

LRS 32:398.1 *Traffic citations; form; issuance,* states that "The chief administrative officer of each traffic-enforcement agency shall issue these books, maintain a record of each book and each citation contained therein issued to all individual members of the traffic enforcement agency and shall require and retain a receipt for each book issued." LRS 32:398.3 *Audit of citation records,* states that "each record of traffic citations required in the part shall be audited quarterly by the appropriate fiscal officer of the governmental agency to which the traffic enforcement agency is responsible.

## **Condition**

Controls over traffic tickets were not adequate. The traffic ticket log was not properly maintained: (1) there was no accounting for the numerical sequence of tickets issued and (2) ticket books were issued to police officers before the previously issued book is accounted for and before all issued citations are received from the police officer. No quarterly audit by traffic citations is being performed by the Municipal Clerk.

#### <u>Cause</u>

There were no procedures in place for compliance with Louisiana Revised Statues applicable to ticket administration.

#### Effect

Fines from ticket revenues may not be properly accounted for and compliance with laws and regulations may be violated.

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Recommendation

Ticket books should be issued in numerical sequence with only one ticket book issued at a time. The Chief should maintain a citation log with all required information to ensure fines are collection; appropriate action is taken for nonpayment; and funds are not misappropriated. A quarterly reconciliation of traffic citations should be performed by the Municipal Clerk.

#### Management's Corrective Action Plan

Accounting for tickets will be implemented as required by LRS 32:398.

# **B.** Compliance Findings -

There were no findings required to be reported under this section.

#### C. Management Letter -

A management letter was issued related to operating losses experienced in the City's Wastewater Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Part II Prior Year Audit Finding

#### A. Internal Control Findings -

#### 2022-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

#### **Condition**

The City did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

#### Recommendation

The City should establish and monitor mitigating controls over functions that are not completely segregated.

# Current Status

Unresolved, See Finding 2023-001

# 2022-002 Inadequate Controls Over Reconciling Accounts

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# **Condition**

The City does not have adequate procedures in place to reconcile general ledger accounts to appropriate supporting documentation.

#### Recommendation

The City should establish policies and procedures to reconcile general ledger accounts to appropriate supporting documentation on a monthly basis. Additionally, monthly financial statements and budget to actuals schedules should be prepared in order to adequately monitor the operations of the City.

#### Current Status

Unresolved, See Finding 2023-002

# 2022-003 Inadequate Controls Over Customer Utility Deposits

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

#### **Condition**

The City does not have controls in place over the collection of customer utility deposits.

# Recommendation

The collection of customer utility deposits should be handled in the same manner as customer utility payments. The collections should be recorded in the subsidiary ledger upon receipt and reports should be generated at the end of the day to reconcile to total cash on hand.

## Current Status

Resolved

# 2022-004 Inadequate Controls Over Inventory

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2018

# Condition

The City does not have adequate controls in place to account for received and requisitioned goods.

# Recommendation

Management should restrict access to designated warehouse personnel and establish proper controls relative to receiving and checking out inventory.

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Current Status

Resolved

# 2022-005 Inadequate Controls Over Capital Assets

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

#### Condition

The City does not have procedures in place to maintain accurate records of their capital assets.

#### **Recommendation**

The City should implement policies and procedures relative to capital asset additions and disposals. Additionally, an annual inventory of all capital assets should be conducted prior to the end of the fiscal year.

#### Current Status

Unresolved. See Finding 2023-003

#### 2022-006 Inadequate Controls Over Bank Reconciliations

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2019

#### **Condition**

The City did not have procedures in place for the proper and timely reconciliation of the City's bank accounts.

#### Recommendation

The City should ensure that the proper activity is recorded in all bank accounts and complete the reconciliations no later than 60 days after the statement closing date.

Current Status

Unresolved, See Finding 2023-004

# 2022-007 Controls over Traffic Tickets

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2021

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# **Condition**

Controls over traffic tickets were not adequate. The traffic ticket log was not properly maintained: (1) there was no accounting for the numerical sequence of tickets issued and (2) ticket books were issued to police officers before the previously issued book is accounted for and before all issued citations are received from the police officer. No quarterly audit by traffic citations is being performed by the Municipal Clerk.

#### Recommendation

Ticket books should be issued in numerical sequence with only one ticket book issued at a time. The Chief should maintain a citation log with all required information to ensure fines are collection; appropriate action is taken for nonpayment; and funds are not misappropriated. A quarterly reconciliation of traffic citations should be performed by the Municipal Clerk.

#### Current Status

Unresolved. See Finding 2023-005

# **B.** Compliance Findings -

#### 2022-008 Improper Disposal of Surplus Property

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2022

#### Condition

The City disposed of a surplus vehicle by trading the vehicle into a dealership.

#### **Recommendation**

Management should carefully review state laws relative to the disposal of movable surplus property to ensure dispositions are in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statutes.

Current Status

Resolved

# 2022-009 Noncompliance with Louisiana Community Development Block Grant (LCDBG) Grantee Handbook Guidelines

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2022

# <u>Condition</u>

The Louisiana Office of Community Development conducted a monitoring of their FY 2020 LCDBG Public Facilities Program and determined that the City did not comply with the LCDBG

# Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued) And Management's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grantee Handbook guidelines by (a) disbursing payments for expenses after three working days of receipt of LCDBG funds, (b) submitting inadequate payroll information on subcontractors for the payment of fringes, and (c) failing to provide the Qualification Certification and resume for inspection services prior to construction.

#### **Recommendation**

Management should carefully review their grant agreements and any required guidelines issued by grantor agencies to ensure compliance with their grant agreements.

#### Current Status

Resolved

#### 2022-010 Failure to File Audited Financial Statements Timely

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2022

**Condition** 

The City's annual audited financial statements were not filed timely for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

# Recommendation

The City should take necessary actions to ensure their annual financial statement audit is completed and submitted within six months of the close of their fiscal year.

#### Current Status

Resolved

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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C. Burton Kolder, CPA\* Of Counsei

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA – retired 2022

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Jason Willis, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of St. Martinville, Louisiana

We have completed our audit of the basic financial statements of the City of St. Martinville, Louisiana for the year ended June 30, 2023, we submit the following recommendation for your consideration:

(1) The City of St. Martinville's Utility Fund experienced an operating loss in their Wastewater Department in the amount of \$37,213 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The City of St. Martinville should consider increasing wastewater rates and/or decreasing expenses within this department to operate on a profitable basis.

We would like to express our appreciation to you and your staff, particularly your office staff, for the courtesies and assistance rendered to us in the performance of our audit. Should you have any questions or need assistance, please feel free to contact us.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana November 16, 2023

Member of: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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# City of St. Martinville St. Martinville, Louisiana

# **Agreed-Upon Procedures Report**

Year Ended June 30, 2023

# KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

City of St. Martinville and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. The City of St. Martinville (City) is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The City has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

# Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the City's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the City's operations:
  - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
  - b) Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
  - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
  - d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

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- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- h) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, Purchase Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, and (3) debt reserve requirements (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event
- 1) **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

# **Board or Finance Committee**

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
  - b) Observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the General Fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
  - c) Obtain the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. If the General Fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.
  - d) Observe the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

# **Bank Reconciliations**

- 3. Obtain a listing of the entity's bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected accounts, and observe that:
  - a) Bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
  - b) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
  - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

# Collections (excluding electronic fund transfers)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
  - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
  - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
  - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #4 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
  - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
  - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

- c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

# Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing was complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with nonpayroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
  - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
  - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
  - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
  - e) Only employees/ officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
  - a) Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
  - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation includes evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #9, as applicable.
- 11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in "Bank Reconciliations" procedure #4, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was:
  - a) Approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy.
  - b) Approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy.

# Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

- 12. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 13. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, we randomly selected one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
  - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
  - b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, we described the nature of the transaction and noted whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

# Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
  - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
  - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
  - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1g).
  - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

# **Contracts**

16. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

- a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
- b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
- c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

# Payroll and Personnel

- 17. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 18. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #17 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
  - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).
  - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
  - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
  - d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 19. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 20. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

# Ethics

- 21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #17 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
  - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
  - b) Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- 22. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

# Debt Service

- 23. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- 24. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

# Fraud Notice

- 25. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing was complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the City reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- 26. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

# Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 27. Perform the following procedures, verbally discussed the results with management, and reported "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
  - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

# We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

# We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

# We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

28. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the listing of terminated employees obtained in procedure #19 and observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

# **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**

- 29. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #17 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- 30. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 31. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
  - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
  - c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
  - d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
  - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

# **Exceptions:**

No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedures listed above except:

# Written Policies and Procedures

1. The entity's written policies and procedures do not address the following: (a) Purchasing- how vendors are added to the vendor list; (b) Disbursement - processing, reviewing, approving disbursements. (c) Receipt - management's actions to determine completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund addition; (d) Contracting - address standard terms and conditions or the monitoring of contracts; (e) Ethics - a system to monitor possible ethics violations and the requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy; (f) Information Technology/Disaster recovery - identification of critical data, frequency of backups, storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, use of anti-virus software on all systems, timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event; (g) Prevention of Sexual Harassment – annual reporting.

# Board or Finance Committee

- 2. The City did not provide evidence that the board received written updates on the progress of resolving prior year findings and recommendations.
- 3. Five of the twelve months board minutes did not reference or include budget-to-actual comparisons on the General fund, proprietary fund, or special revenue fund during the fiscal year.

# **Bank Reconciliation**

- 4. The bank reconciliations selected for testing did not include the date prepared; therefore, it could not be determined whether the reconciliations were prepared within two months.
- 5. The bank reconciliations did not have evidence of review by a member of management/board member that does not handle cash, post ledger, or issue checks.
- 6. Three of the five bank accounts selected for testing did not include evidence of researching outstanding items greater than 12 months.

# Collections

- 7. The entity has improper segregation of duties at the utility cashier's collection location due to employees that are responsible for collecting cash are also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledger, and no separate employee is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- 8. There were 3 out of the 7 deposits selected for testing that contained receipts that were not deposited within 1 business day of collection.

# Disbursements

- 9. The entity does not have segregation of duties related to the employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files, and the employee responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed check to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. All five disbursements selected for testing lacked evidence of segregation of duties.

# Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards

11. Of the twelve credit card transactions tested, one transaction didn't have an original itemized receipt and documentation of the public purpose.

# **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**

12. The annual sexual harassment report was filed timely, however, the number of individuals who took sexual harassment training was incorrectly reported.

# Management's Response:

Management concurs with the exceptions noted and is working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the City to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent from the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

> Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana November 16, 2023