Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2020

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Thibodeaux Accounting Company

A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Luke Beslin City Judge City Court of Rayne Rayne, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Court of Rayne, Louisiana, a component unit of City of Rayne, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City Court of Rayne, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 25, the schedule of employer contributions on page 26 and the schedule of employer's share of net pension liability on page 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City Court of Rayne's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures and the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures on page 29 and the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer on page 30 is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures and the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2021, on our consideration of the City Court of Rayne, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fubodiaux Accounting Company A Limited Liability Company

Rayne, Louisiana March 23, 2021 **Basic Financial Statements**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

		TOTALS					
	General Fund	2020	(Memo Only) 2019				
ASSETS							
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 127,920	\$ 127,920	\$ 90,988				
Total Current Assets	\$ 127,920	\$ 127,920	\$ 90,988				
Noncurrent Assets							
Capital assets (net)	\$ 19,277	\$ 19,277	\$ 24,515				
Total Assets	\$ 147,197	\$ 147,197	\$ 115,503				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8						
Deferred outflows of resources, pension related	\$ 66,317	\$ 66,317	\$ 40,577				
*			<u></u>				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 66,317	\$ 66,317	<u>\$ 40,577</u>				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 213,514	\$ 213,514	\$ 156,080				
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities	¢ 20.720	¢ 20.720	¢ 40.774				
Accounts payable Total Current Liabilities	\$ 39,729 \$ 39,729	\$ 39,729 \$ 39,729	\$ 42,774 \$ 42,774				
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Net Pension Liability	\$ 300,887	\$ 300,887	\$ 227,635				
Total Liabilities	\$ 340,616	\$ 340,616	\$ 270,409				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows of resources,	¢ 9.790	\$ 8,780	\$ 2,100				
pension related	\$ 8,780	\$ 8,780	<u>φ</u> 2,100				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 8,780	\$ 8,780	\$ 2,100				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 19,277	\$ 19,277	\$ 24,515				
Unrestricted	(155,159)	(155,159)	(140,944)				
Total Net Position	\$ (135,882)	\$ (135,882)	\$ (116,429)				
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 213,514	\$ 213,514	\$ 156,080				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Program Revenues	Net	(Expense) Rev in Net Pe		•
Function / Program Governmental activities: General government	Expenses 696,962	Charges for Services, Fines, and Forfeits \$661,372		2020 vernmental activities (\$35,590)	(M	emo Only) 2019 (\$59,856)
	General revenues: Transfers			10,756		8,073
	Change in net position		\$	(24,834)	\$	(51,783)
	Prior period adjustment		\$	5,381	\$	<u></u>
	Net position, beginning			(116,429)	-	(64,646)
	Net position, ending		\$	(135,882)	\$	(116,429)

Fund Financial Statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended September 30, 2019

		TOTA	LS
	General Fund	2020	(Memo Only) 2019
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 127,920	\$ 127,920	\$ 90,988
Receivables			<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$ 127,920	\$ 127,920	\$ 90,988
LIABILITIES			\$ 10 -5 1
Accounts payable Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 39,729</u> <u>\$ 39,729</u>	<u>\$ 39,729</u> <u>\$ 39,729</u>	<u>\$ 42,774</u> <u>\$ 42,774</u>
Total Liabilities	φ <u> </u>		
FUND BALANCE	¢ 00.101	¢ 00 10 1	\$ 48,214
Unassigned	\$ 88,191	\$ 88,191	<u>φ 40,214</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 127,920	\$ 127,920	\$ 90,988

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 88,191
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities		
are not financial resources and therefore		
reported in the funds.		
Building Improvements, net of \$12,376		
accumulated depreciation	16,849	
Equipment, net of \$22,485		
accumulated depreciation	2,428	
Deferred Outflows	66,317	
Net Pension Liability	(300,887)	
Deferred Inflows	(8,780)	
		 (224,073)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (135,882)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE September 30, 2020

With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Fund					
		2020		no Only) 2019		
Revenues: Criminal Fees Civil Court Fees Miscellaneous	\$	575,066 86,306	\$	424,227 106,261		
Total Revenues	\$	661,372	\$	530,488		
Expenditures: General Government			¢	540 476		
Judicial	\$	637,532	\$	548,476		
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	\$	637,532	\$	548,476		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	23,840	\$	(17,988)		
Other Sources (Uses) Transfers In		10,756		8,073		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	34,596	\$	(9,915)		
Prior Period Adjustment	\$	5,381	\$	ġ.		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	·	48,214	3	58,129		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	88,191	\$	48,214		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	34,596
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance		
Depreciation expense for the year then ended (5,238)		(5,238)
Net change in pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources	·	(54,192)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(24,834)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2020

With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended September 30, 2019 TOTALS

			TOTALS					
	1	Agency Fund		2020	(M	emo Only) 2019		
ASSETS	-	runa		2020	-	2019		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	173,158	\$	173,158	\$	145,881		
Accounts receivable		9,118		9,118	~	37,636		
Total Assets	\$	182,276	\$	182,276		183,517		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	2000	\$	846		
Held for others pending court action		182,276	-	182,276		182,671		
Total Liabilities	\$	182,276	\$	182,276	\$	183,517		

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the City Court of Rayne, Louisiana have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the guidance set forth in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

Financial Reporting Entity:

The City Court Judge is an independently elected official and is a part of the operations of the City Court system. The City Court of Rayne is fiscally dependent on the City of Rayne for office space and courtrooms. The City of Rayne also has approval authority over the City Court's capital budget. For these reasons, the City Court of Rayne is a component unit of the City of Rayne.

Fund Accounting:

The accounting system of the City Court of Rayne is organized and operated on a fund basis whereby a separate self-balancing set of accounts is maintained for the purpose of carrying on certain activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The funds maintained by the Court consist of the following major categories:

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds account for all of the City Court's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies and the general operating expenses of the court.

General Fund—The general fund derives its revenues from charges made through the criminal court system and the civil court system, and expends these funds for certain operations of the court.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Court as an agent for other governments, individuals, or funds. The court maintains two agency funds:

Trust Fund—The Trust Fund collects on judgments, traffic fines and receives traffic bonds pending final settlement. The Trust Fund makes payments in settlements of suits, and the traffic bonds are either refunded, or paid out as fines and court costs. The court costs are paid to the General Fund and the fine portion is paid to another government agency on traffic fines and forfeited traffic bonds.

Marshall's Trust Fund—This agency fund accounts for the collection of worthless checks and fines and court costs on State charges. Payments are made to other governmental agencies and for restitution on the worthless checks.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Basis of Accounting:

The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for the General Fund whereby revenues are recognized when they become available and measurable and expenditures when they are incurred. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City Court considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Vacation and Sick Leave:

The City Court of Rayne has no vacation or sick leave policies as of September 30, 2019. City Court employees are paid by the City of Rayne, therefore all payroll and related liabilities are accounted for on the city's books.

Equity Classifications:

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- 1. <u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. <u>Restricted net assets</u> Consist of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted net assets</u> All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining for classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- 1. <u>Restricted fund balance</u> This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. <u>Committed fund balance</u> These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Judge the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Judge removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- 3. <u>Assigned fund balance</u> This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the Court's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Court of Rayne and the Judge have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

4. <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Court considers restricted funds to have been used first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Court considers the amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Court has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Fund balances for the period September 30, 2020 are as follows:

For year ende	d Se	ptember 3	0, 20	20		
	General					
	Fund Total					
Unassigned	88,191 88,191					
Total Fund						
Balances	\$	88,191	\$	88,191		

Net Position - Government-Wide Statements:

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Court reports three categories of net position as follows:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows or resources attributable to the acquisition, constructions, or improvement of those assets and increase by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Court's bonds. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consist of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the Court.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management applies restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. The City Court of Crowley recognizes deferred outflows of resources that are attributable to its pension plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Note 2. Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The column labeled Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) and the column labeled Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) display information about the court as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the court. Information contained in these columns reflect the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed).

Note 3. Budgets

The City Court is legally required to prepare a budget. The budget is prepared and adopted prior to the beginning of each fiscal year and amended prior to year end.

Note 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of funds in non-interest bearing checking accounts and interest bearing passbook accounts. The City Court of Rayne has no cash equivalents such as time deposits and money market accounts.

Note 5. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could vary from these estimates.

Note 6. Deposits with Financial Institutions

The City Court of Rayne's bank balances of deposits with financial institutions amounted to \$299,004 at September 30, 2020 and are fully insured.

Note 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture, fixtures, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. The City Court maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Office furniture	5-10
Equipment	5-10

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in government fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

The City of Rayne maintains and owns the majority of the capital assets utilized by The City Court.

Capital assets and depreciation activities as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	2020						
		alance 30/2019	Ac	lditions	Retire	ements	Balance 30/2020
Governmental activities: Capital assets being depreciated							
Building Improvements	\$	29,225	\$	8	\$		\$ 29,225
Equipment		24,913				-	24,913
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	54,138	\$		\$	-	\$ 54,138
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building Improvements Equipment	\$	9,562 20,061	\$	2,701 2,537	\$	- 	\$ 12,263 22,598
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	29,623	_\$	5,238	\$		\$ 34,861
Total capital assets	\$	24,515	\$	(5,238)	\$	-	\$ 19,277

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2020 was charged as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	<u>\$5,238</u>

Note 8. Expenses of City Court of Rayne Not Included in This Report

The City Court's administrative office is located in a building owned by the City of Rayne. The City of Rayne made on-behalf payments for the Court for salaries and fringe benefits and they are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. The costs of maintaining and operating the building, as required by statute are paid by the City government and are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Note 9. Related Party Transactions

At September 30, 2020, there are no related party transactions or related amounts receivable or payable.

Note 10. Litigation

The City Court of Rayne has no threatened or pending litigation against it at September 30, 2020.

Note 11. Retirement Benefits

Plan Description

One employee, the City Court Judge, of the City Court is provided with a pension through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LA RS 11:401) grants to LASERS Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. LASERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.lasersonline.org.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. The rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service and at age 60 upon completing ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement benefits under any one of six different options providing for reduced retirement benefits payable throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification but generally is ten years of service.

Deferred Retirement Benefits

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

Disability Benefits

Generally, active members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age. Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees. For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Survivor's Benefits

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased member who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, LASERS allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions

Contribution requirements of active employees are governed by Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes and may be amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Employee contributions are deducted from a member's salary and remitted to LASERS by participating employers along with the employer portion of the contribution.

The rates in effect during the year ending June 30, 2021 and during the year ended June 30, 2020 related to the City Court were as follows:

			Employer	Employer
		Employee	Contribution	Contribution
	Plan	Contribution	Rate	Rate
Plan	Status	Rate	2020	2021
Judges hired before 1/1/11	Closed	11.5%	42.4%	42.5%

The City Court's contractually required composite contribution rate for the period from October 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 was 42.4%, and for the period from July 1, 2020 to September 30, 2020 was 42.5%, of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City Court were \$17,182 for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the City Court reported a liability of \$300,887 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City Court's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City Court's long-term share

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the City Court's proportion was 0.003638%, which was an increase of 0.000496% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City Court recognized pension expense of \$38,768 plus the City Court's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$13,314.

At September 30, 2020, the City Court reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred O Resou		Deferred I Resou	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3	\$	2,890
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		43,984		-
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer		963		-
contributions and proportion of shared contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		17,120		5,890
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement and		4,250		421
Total	\$	66,317	\$	8,780

Deferred outflows of resources of \$4,250 related to pensions resulting from the City Court's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending September 30:		
2021	\$ 16,832	
2022	12,684	
2023	13,592	
2024	10,179	

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions: Expected Remaining Service Lives	2 years.
Investment Rate of Return Inflation Rate Mortality	 7.55% per annum. 2.3% per annum. Non-disabled members - The RP-2014 Blue Collar (males/ females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant Tables projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.
	Disabled members – Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and were projected based on experience study of the System's	a five-year	
Salary Increases	Salary increases were projecte experience study of the Syster increase ranges for specific types	n's members.	The salary
		Lower	Upper
	Member Type	Range	Range
	Judges	2.6%	5.1%
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retine benefits currently being paid by previously granted cost of livine benefit payments do not inclu- future increases not yet authorized as they were deemed not to be sur-	y the System g increases. T de provisions ed by the Boar	and includes The projected for potential rd of Trustees

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	0%	-0.59%
Domestic equity	23%	4.79%
International equity	32%	5.83%
Domestic fixed income	6%	1.76%
International fixed income	10%	3.98%
Alternative investments	22%	6.69%
Risk Parity	7%	4.20%
Total	100%	5.81%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the City Court's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City Court's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate, as well as what the City Court's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1	.0% Decrease (6.55%)	Curr	ent Discount Rate (7.55%)	1	1.0% Increase (8.55%)
City Court's proportionate						
share of the net pension					<i>•</i>	- 1- 1
liability	\$	369,743	\$	300,887	\$	242,455

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LASERS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at <u>www.lasersonline.org</u>.

Payable to the Pension Plan

As of September 30, 2020, the City Court had a payable due to LASERS totaling \$2,160. Payables are the City Court's legally required contributions to the pension plans. Outstanding balances will be applied the City Court's required monthly contributions.

Note 12. Deficit in Net Position

The Court has a deficit in net position of (\$135,882) caused by the net pension liability of \$300,887.

Note 13. Evaluation of Subsequent Events

In January of 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) announced a global health emergency due to a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China, and the risk to the international community as the virus spread globally beyond its point of origination. In March of 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in infection rates globally. As a result of the COVID-19 Coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact financial resources. While the duration of the economic impact is expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. The related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 23, 2021. This date represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplemental Information

CITY COURT OF RAYNE, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended September 30, 2020

With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2020							2019		
	Budget					Variance Positive				
	(Driginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)			Actual
Revenues:										
Criminal fees	\$	439,983	\$	586,470	\$	575,066	\$	(11,404)	\$	424,227
Civil court fees		101,381		81,139		86,306		5,167		106,261
Miscellaneous						-	-	-		520 400
Total Revenues	\$	541,364	\$	667,609	\$	661,372	\$	(6,237)	\$	530,488
Expenditures:										
General governmentjudicial										
Indigent defender	\$	83,027	\$	108,348	\$	104,327	\$	4,021	\$	76,122
Crime lab		54,457		70,333		68,504		1,829		50,182
Witness fund		10,301		13,699		12,998		701		9,664
District Attorney		2,925		2,545		3,443		(898)		2,773
Law enforcement commission		5,357		5,500		6,358		(858)		4,687
City of Rayne fines		134,405		185,675		34,459		151,216		34,606
City of Rayne LACE tickets		-		(1 2)		133,625		(133,625)		88,342
DWI fees		7,539		10,703		9,897		806		7,179
Retirement		17,109		15,264		17,602		(2,338)		21,082
Marshall services		78,862		106,190		101,012		5,178		76,330
Other fees		9,912		12,995		12,138		857		9,553
Compensation		63,900		48,950		41,283		7,667		57,980
Clerk fees		39,000		33,443		32,010		1,433		35,201
Building and maintenance		7,150		11,680		11,263		417		8,061
Convention and meetings		24,342		6,492		6,492		-		24,216
Recording fees		20,732		17,236		18,691		(1,455)		21,108
Dues and subscriptions		2,080		1,067		800		267		1,560
Office expense		3,397		2,157		1,914		243		3,899
Refunds		8,899		9,343		9,475		(132)		10,313
Miscellaneous		3,385		5,400		11,241		(5,841)		5,618
		5,505						(=,=,=)		.,
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	\$	576,779	\$	667,020	\$	637,532	\$	29,488	\$	548,476
•	φ	570,777	φ	007,020	Ψ	001,002			-	
Excess Revenues over Expenditures	\$	(35,415)	\$	589	\$	23,840	\$	23,251	\$	(17,988)
	Ψ	(55,415)	Ψ	507	4	20,010	-	,	-	
Other sources (uses):										
Operating transers in-							¢		٩	0.072
Fiduciary fund	\$		\$		\$	10,756	\$	10,756		8,073
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
and other sources over										
expenditures and other uses	\$	(35,415)	\$	589	\$	34,596	\$	34,007	\$	(9,915)
Prior Period Adjustment	\$	-	\$	*	\$	5,381	\$	5,381	\$	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	48,214	\$	48,214	_\$	48,214	\$	÷.	\$	58,129
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	12,799	\$	49,392	\$	88,191	\$	73,395	\$	48,214
	-				5 93					

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the year ended September 30, 2020

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

				(0)					
			Contr	ibutions in					
Fiscal Year		(a)	Rela	tion to the	(#	a-b)			
ended	St	atutorily	Sta	atutorily	Cont	ribution			Contributions as a
September	R	equired	R	equired	Defi	Deficiency		cy's covered	% of Covered
30,	Co	ntribution	Cor	ntribution	(Ex	(cess)	I	payroll	Payroll
	-								
2020	\$	17,182	\$	17,182	\$		\$	40,500	42.4%
2019	\$	23,203	\$	23,203	\$		\$	57,000	40.7%
2018	\$	18,648	\$	18,648	\$		\$	46,500	40.1%
2017	\$	15,801	\$	15,801	\$	-	\$	41,000	38.5%
2016	\$	12,942	\$	12,942	\$		\$	34,000	38.1%
2015	\$	14,944	\$	14,944	\$	-	\$	36,500	40.9%
2014	\$	18,462	\$	18,462	\$	-	\$	50,000	36.9%

* Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year (September 30).

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Change of Benefit Terms

Changes of benefit terms include a 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, and, added benefits for members of the Harbor Police Retirement System which was merged with LASERS effective July 1, 2015 by Act 648 of 2014.

Changes of Assumptions

The investment rate of return was decreased from 7.60% to 7.55%, the inflation rate was decreased from 2.50% to 2.30%, the salary increases changed for the lower range from 2.8%-3.8% to 2.6%-3.6% and the upper range from 5.3% - 14.0% to 5.1% to 13.8% for the valuation dated June 30, 2020.

The investment rate of return was decreased from 7.65% to 7.60%, the inflation rate was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%, the average remaining services lives decreased from 3 years to 2 years, and the mortality table for non-disabled members changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table for the valuation dated June 30, 2019.

The investment rate of return was decreased from 7.70% to 7.65% for the valuation dated June 30, 2018.

The investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.70% and the inflation rate was decreased from 3.00% to 2.75% for the valuation dated June 30, 2017.

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Lou	isiana S	tate Employee	s' Reti	rement Syste	em (LASERS)	
						Agency's	
		A	gency's			Proportionate Share	Plan Fiduciary
	Agency's	Pro	portionate			of the Net Pension	Net Position as a
Fiscal Year	Proportion of the		e of the Net	Α	gency's	Liability (Asset) as a	Percentage of the
ended June	Net Pension	H	Pension	n Covered		Percentage of its	Total Pension
30	Liability (Asset)	Liab	ility (Asset)	Payroll		Covered Payroll	Liability
2020	0.003638%	\$	300,887	\$	45,500	661.3%	58.0%
2019	.003142%	\$	227,635	\$	54,000	421.5%	62.9%
2018	.002624%	\$	178,955	\$	45,000	397.7%	64.3%
2017	0.002383%	\$	167,735	\$	39,500	424.6%	62.5%
2016	0.00203%	\$	159,564	\$	31,000	514.7%	57.7%
2015	0.00130%	\$	88,080	\$	36,500	241.3%	62.7%
2014	0.00133%	\$	83,414	\$	51,000	163.6%	65.0%

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* Amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (fiscal year ended June 30)

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Change of Benefit Terms

Changes of benefit terms include a 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, and, added benefits for members of the Harbor Police Retirement System which was merged with LASERS effective July 1, 2015 by Act 648 of 2014.

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The investment rate of return was decreased from 7.70% to 7.65% for the valuation dated June 30, 2018.

The investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.70% and the inflation rate was decreased from 3.00% to 2.75% for the valuation dated June 30, 2017.

Other Supplemental Information

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND September 30, 2020

With Comparative Amounts for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Fund				
	2020	(Memo Only) 2019			
Expenditures:					
General governmentjudicial					
Indigent defender	\$ 104,327	\$ 76,122			
Crime lab	68,504	50,182			
Reparation fund	1 = 1				
Witness fund	12,998	9,664			
District Attorney	3,443	2,773			
Law enforcement commission	6,358	4,687			
City of Rayne fines	34,459	34,606			
City of Rayne LACE tickets	133,625	88,342			
DWI fees	9,897	7,179			
Retirement	17,602	21,082			
Marshall services	101,012	76,330			
Other fees	12,138	9,553			
Compensation	41,283	57,980			
Clerk fees	32,010	35,201			
Building and maintenance	11,263	8,061			
Convention and meetings	6,492	24,216			
Recording fees	18,691	21,108			
Dues and subscriptions	800	1,560			
Office expense	1,914	3,899			
Refunds	9,475	10,313			
Miscellaneous	11,241	5,618			
Total General Government	637,532	548,476			
Capital Outlay	\$	\$ -			
Total Expenditures	\$ 637,532	\$ 548,476			

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER September 30, 2020

Agency Head Name: James M. Cunningham, III

Purpose	Amount		
Salary*	\$	80,689	
Benefits-insurance*		20,885	
Benefits-retirement*		32,565	
Benefits-other		-	
Car allowance		2 — 2	
Vehicle provided by government			
Per diem		1,003	
Reimbursements		3,817	
Travel		2,231	
Registration fees		1,175	
Conference		583	
Continuing professional education fees		872	
Dues and subscriptions		650	
Housing		2 4 5	
Unvouchered expenses			
Special meals		. 	
Other		244	
	\$	143,842	

*Includes amounts from the Acadia Parish Police Jury and the City of Rayne.

Compliance, Internal Control and Other Information

Thibodeaux Accounting Company

A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

P. O. BOX 34 • 801 THE BOULEVARD, SUITE B • RAYNE, LOUISIANA 70578 • (337) 334-7251 FAX (337) 334-7002

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Luke Beslin City Judge City Court of Rayne Rayne, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Court of Rayne, Louisiana as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City Court of Rayne Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City Court of Rayne Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City Court of Rayne Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City Court of Rayne Louisiana's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan at 2020-1 and 2020-2 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City Court of Rayne, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City Court of Rayne Louisiana's Response to Findings

The City Court of Rayne Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The City Court of Rayne Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others in the organization and the Office of the Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document. Therefore, its distribution is not limited.

Thibodeaux Accounting Company A Limited Liability Company

Rayne, Louisiana March 23, 2021

Schedule of Findings Year Ended September 30, 2020

PART I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auditor's Report

An unmodified opinion has been issued on the City Court of Rayne, Louisiana's basic financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Internal Control - Financial Reporting

There were two significant deficiencies in internal control on financial reporting that was disclosed by the audit of the financial statement.

Material Noncompliance - Financial Reporting

The results of our tests did not disclose any instances of noncompliance required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PART II. FINDING RELATING TO AN AUDIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

2020-1 Finding: Financial Statements Not in Accordance With GAAP

The City Court does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing the financial statements.

Criteria:

The reporting entity should be able to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP without any outside assistance.

Cause of Condition:

The City Court does not have the funds to hire someone or to outsource this function.

Effect of Condition:

The financial statements may not be prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City Court outsource this task to ensure the recording of the court's financial transactions in accordance with GAAP.

Schedule of Findings (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2020

2020-2 Finding: Citations not recorded in system.

A citation issued by the police department was not recorded in the court system.

Criteria:

Every ticket must be accounted for and the disposition recorded to ensure that all laws and regulations are adhered to.

Cause of Condition:

The police department keeps a log of all citations given to the City Court. The log was signed by the Court's employee when delivered but one ticket failed to be entered into the court system thereby causing the dismissal of all charges because they were not filed timely.

Effect of Condition:

Citations could be disposed of in a manner which is not in compliance with state and local ordinances or the prosecution of the citation could be overlooked as well as a loss of revenue for the Court.

Recommendation:

The City Court should have policies and procedures in place to ensure that all tickets are accounted for, all state and local ordinances and laws are complied with and dispositions recorded.

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended September 30, 2020

Response to Findings:

2020-1 City Court has evaluated the cost vs. benefits of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interests of the court to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.

Judge Luke Beslin is the responsible party. There is no estimated date of completion.

2020-2 The city court will ensure that all tickets are accounted for, all state and local ordinances and laws are complied with and dispositions are recorded.

Judge Luke Beslin is the responsible party. The estimated date of completion is September 30, 2021.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2020

2019-1 The City Court does not have a staff person who has the qualifications and training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the City Court outsource this task to ensure the recording of the court's financial transactions in accordance with GAAP.

Status: Unresolved

2019-2 A citation issued by the police department was not recorded in the court system.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City Court should have policies and procedures in place to ensure that all tickets are accounted for, all state and local ordinances and laws are complied with and dispositions recorded.

Status: Unresolved