FINANCIAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



FINANCIAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Jackson, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Jackson's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on page 5 through 11, budgetary comparison information on page 49 through 50, schedule of the proportionate share of net pension liability on page 51, the schedule of contributions to each retirement system on page 52, and the notes to required supplementary information on page 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an



appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues and Expenses by Activity – Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Enterprise Funds – Public Utility Revenue Fund, the Schedule of Principal Officials and Salaries, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, the Justice System Funding Schedule – Collecting/Disbursing Entity as Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session – Cash Basis Presentation, the Insurance-in-Force, and Public Utility System Operations schedules on page 54, page 55, page 56, page 57 through 58, page 59, and page 60 through 61, respectively, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Revenues and Expenses by Activity – Budged (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Enterprise Funds – Public Utility Revenue Fund, the Schedule of Principal Officials and Salaries, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, and the Justice System Funding Schedule – Collecting/Disbursing Entity as Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session – Cash Basis Presentation are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues and Expenses by Activity – Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Enterprise Funds – Public Utility Revenue Fund, the Schedule of Principal Officials and Salaries, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer, and the Justice System Funding Schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Insurance-in-Force and Public Utility System Operations schedules have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

attervite & Retterville

Baton Rouge, Louisiana March 31, 2022



A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Jackson, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations as item 2021-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and recommendations as items 2021-002 and 2021-003 to be significant deficiencies.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations as items 2021-002 and 2021-004.

Town of Jackson, Louisiana's Response to Findings

The Town of Jackson, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations. The Town of Jackson, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

attervite & Retterville

Baton Rouge, Louisiana March 31, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

This section of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana's (the Town) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2021 by \$1,887,982. Of this net position, \$2,349,907 is either restricted or invested in capital assets and is unavailable for payment of ongoing obligations. The unrestricted net position reflects a deficit balance of \$461,925.
- Revenues exceeded expenses by \$266,488 on the accrual basis for the 2021 fiscal year, representing an increase in the overall financial condition of the Town.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents supplemental statements and schedules. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status and economic condition.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental fund statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer *short* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the government operates *like businesses*, such as the water, sewer and gas delivery systems.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Fund Statements			
-	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
<u>Scope</u>	Entire Town government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and streets	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses: the water, sewer and gas systems		
<u>Required</u> <u>financial</u> <u>statements</u>	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows 		
Accounting basis and measurements focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
<u>Type of</u> asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short- term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term		
<u>Type of</u> <u>inflow/outflow</u> <u>information</u>	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

Figure A-1 Major Features of the Town's Government and Fund Financial Statements

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net assets and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the Town's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads and utilities infrastructure.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, parks department, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees and interest finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Town charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Town's water, gas and sewer systems are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Town uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law, while others may be required by bond covenants.
- Governmental funds Most of the Town's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financial information. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

	Table A-1Town's Net Position								
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities					
	2021	2020	2021	2020					
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$ 1,189,137	\$ 432,772	\$ 843,741	\$ 598,399					
Capital assets, net	404,742	492,028	1,873,028	2,067,434					
Total assets	1,593,879	924,800	2,716,769	2,665,833					
Deferred outflows of resources	53,909	134,551	15,969	58,421					
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,647,788	1,059,351	2,732,738	2,724,254					
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	714,652	41,356	133,922	104,552					
Internal balances	(469,476)	(727,741)	469,476	727,741					
Long-term liabilities	5,047	10,700	563,657	609,216					
Net pension liability	520,134	866,647	177,029	409,760					
Total liabilities	770,357	190,962	1,344,084	1,851,269					
Deferred inflows of resources	296,249	100,880	81,854	19,000					
Total liabilities and deferred									
inflows of resources	1,066,606	291,842	1,425,938	1,870,269					
Net position									
Net investment in capital									
assets	404,742	492,028	1,283,147	1,455,553					
Restricted funds	497,329	508,726	164,689	4,255					
Unrestricted (deficit)	(320,889)	(233,245)	(141,036)	(605,823)					
Total net position	\$ 581,182	\$ 767,509	\$ 1,306,800	\$ 853,985					

• Current and other assets account for 47% and 29% of the total assets of the Town as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase from the prior year is primarily due to the timing of cash payments in governmental activities.

• Capital Assets (reported net of accumulated depreciation), which account for 53% of total assets of the Town, decreased primarily due to the recording of current year depreciation expense of \$324,438.

• Current liabilities increased by \$702,666 which is primarily due to the Town receiving \$689,405 of the \$1,378,810 allocated in 2021 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The grant terms have not yet been met; therefore, these funds are recorded as a liability at year end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

- Net pension liability decreased by \$579,244 or 45% as a result of changes in the valuation by the actuary.
- Total net position at September 30, 2021 shows a balance of \$1,887,982.

Changes in net position. The Town's total change in net position was \$266,488; (\$186,327) from governmental activities and \$452,815 from business-type activities. The overall change in net position results from business-type activities' revenues exceeding expenses. Table A-2 shows the composition of revenues and summarizes the expenses by function or service area.

	Table A-2Changes in Town's Net Position								
		Government					ype Activities		
	2021		2020		2021			2020	
Revenues									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$	22,122	\$	23,282	\$	1,266,694	\$	1,060,707	
Operating and capital grants		44,000		220,126		-		17,000	
General revenues									
Taxes		545,634		488,418		-		-	
Licenses and permits		98,309		90,146		-		-	
Franchise fees		94,521		79,211		-		-	
Miscellaneous		81,259		63,958		1,377		2,083	
Total revenues		885,845		965,141		1,268,071		1,079,790	
Expenses									
General government		604,778		604,397		-		-	
Public safety		451,989		479,995		-		-	
Recreation		285		580		-		-	
Services – Utilities		-		-		830,376		978,395	
Total expenses		1,057,052		1,084,972		830,376		978,395	
Transfers		(15,120)		194,095		15,120		(194,095)	
				,		,			
Increase (decrease) in net									
position	\$	(186,327)	\$	74,264	\$	452,815	\$	(92,700)	
Beginning net position		767,509		693,245		853,985		946,685	
Ending net position	\$	581,182	\$	767,509	\$	1,306,800	\$	853,985	

• Tax revenues consist predominantly of sales and property taxes and are approximately 25% of total revenues. Tax revenues have remained consistent from prior year.

• Charges for services revenues are approximately 60% of total revenues. Charges for services revenues have increased by \$204,827 or 19%.

• Expenses overall decreased by \$175,939 or 9%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$943,961, consisting of \$446,632 in the general fund and \$497,329 in the special revenue fund. The \$446,632 in the general fund is unassigned and available for spending. The \$497,329 in the special revenue fund is reserved in order to maintain streets and sidewalks.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board of Alderman revised the Town budget. These budget amendments resulted from:

- Decreased insurance expense
- Increased grant revenue

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of September 30, 2021, the Town had invested approximately \$2.3 million in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, vehicles, streets, and water and sewer systems. See Table A-3. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$281,692 or 12% over prior year.

	Table A-3 Town's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)							
	(Governmental Activities				Business	Activi	ities
	2021		2020		2021			2020
Land	\$	26,000	\$	26,000	\$	18,300	\$	18,300
Buildings		92,101		101,019		5,048		5,828
Other Improvements		91,974		167,280		1,845,069		2,034,896
Equipment		194,667		197,729		4,611		8,410
Total	\$	404,742	\$	492,028	\$	1,873,028	\$	2,067,434

This year's major capital asset additions included:

- Purchase of a police vehicle for \$38,947 during 2021.
- Purchase of oxidation pond equipment totaling \$6,952 during 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The Town's long-term liabilities consist of bonds payable, notes payable, and the liability for compensated absences. See Table A-4 below.

	Table A-4 Town's Long-Term Liabilities							
	Governmental Activities					Business	Activi	ties
	2	2021		2020		2021		2020
Bonds Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	475,249	\$	497,249
Notes Payable		-		-		108,520		108,520
Compensated Absences		5,047		10,700		2,888		3,447
Total	\$	5,047	\$	10,700	\$	586,657	\$	609,216

• In 2021, the Town made scheduled debt payments of \$22,000 on the utility revenue bond for the water well. As of September 30, 2021, the bonds payable had a remaining balance of \$475,249.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's major sources of revenue for the general fund consists of property taxes, sales tax, utility franchise fees, licenses and permits, and fines. Gas revenue fluctuates according to the Town's cost. Other expenses of the utility fund are not expected to increase substantially.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town's mayor, James M. Norsworthy, 1610 Charter Street, Jackson, LA 70748, (225) 634-7777.

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,064,392	\$ 205,884	\$ 1,270,276
Certificates of deposit	5,873	276,496	282,369
Property tax receivable, net	5,246	-	5,246
Accounts receivable, net	-	115,709	115,709
Due from other governmental agencies	82,953	-	82,953
Accrued interest receivable	43	522	565
Other receivables	30,630	-	30,630
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	170,801	170,801
Certificates of deposit	-	74,329	74,329
Capital assets:			
Land	26,000	18,300	44,300
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	378,742	1,854,728	2,233,470
TOTAL ASSETS	1,593,879	2,716,769	4,310,648
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	53,909	15,969	69,878
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES	53,909	15,969	69,878
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	23,562	-	23,562
Accrued liabilities	1,685	2,549	4,234
Internal balances	(469,476)	469,476	-
Accrued interest payable	-	6,112	6,112
Customer service meter deposits	-	102,261	102,261
Unearned revenue	689,405	-	689,405
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	-	23,000	23,000
Due beyond one year	5,047	563,657	568,704
Net pension liability	520,134	177,029	697,163
Asset retirement obligation	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	770,357	1,344,084	2,114,441
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	296,249	81,854	378,103
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES	296,249	81,854	378,103
NET POSITION			
Net invested in capital assets	404,742	1,283,147	1,687,889
Restricted for:			
Streets and sidewalks	497,329	-	497,329
Debt service	-	164,689	164,689
Unrestricted	(320,889)	(141,036)	(461,925)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 581,182	\$ 1,306,800	\$ 1,887,982

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense Changes ir		
		Fees, Fines, and	Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental:							
General government	\$ 604,778	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (604,778)	s -	\$ (604,778)
Public safety	451,989	22,122	-	44,000	(385,867)	-	(385,867)
Recreation	285		-	-	(285)	_	(285)
Total governmental activities	1,057,052	22,122		44,000	(990,930)	-	(990,930)
Business-type:							
Utilities - Gas	154,556	424,412				269,856	269,856
Utilities - Water	385,214	387,846	-	-	-	2,632	2,632
Utilities - Sewer	290,606	454,436	-	-	-	163,830	163,830
Total business-type activities	830,376	1,266,694				436,318	436,318
Total business-type activities	830,370	1,200,094		-		430,318	430,318
Total Town of Jackson	\$ 1,887,428	\$ 1,288,816	\$ -	\$ 44,000	(990,930)	436,318	(554,612)
	General Reve	nues:					
	Taxes	nues.			545,634	_	545,634
	Licenses ar	nd nermits			98,309		98,309
	Intergoverr	-			3,641	_	3,641
	Franchise f				94,521	_	94,521
	Interest				148	1,377	1,525
		to)/from other fu	nds		(15,120)	15,120	-
	Other				77,470	-	77,470
		eral revenues			804,603	16,497	821,100
Change in net position						452,815	266,488
	Net Position -	September 30, 2	020		767,509	853,985	1,621,494
	Net Position -	September 30, 2	021		\$ 581,182	\$ 1,306,800	\$ 1,887,982

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Total	
ASSETS Cash		769,443	\$	294,949	\$	1,064,392	
Certificates of deposit		5,873	Φ	294,949	φ	5,873	
Property taxes receivable, net		5,875		-		5,873 5,246	
Other accounts receivable		30,630		-		30,630	
Due from other governmental agencies		31,649		51,304		82,953	
Due from other funds		469,476		152,730		622,206	
Accrued interest receivable		12		31		43	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,312,329	\$	499,014	\$	1,811,343	
LIABILITIES			·				
Accounts payable	\$	23,562	\$	-	\$	23,562	
Accrued liabilities		-		1,685		1,685	
Unearned revenue		689,405		-		689,405	
Due to other funds		152,730		-		152,730	
		865,697		1,685		867,382	
FUND BALANCES Restricted for							
Streets and sidewalks		-		497,329		497,329	
Unassigned, reported in							
General fund		446,632		-		446,632	
		446,632		497,329		943,961	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,312,329	\$	499,014	\$	1,811,343	

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 943,961
Cost of capital assets at September 30, 2021 Less: accumulated depreciation as of September 30, 2021	\$ 3,235,083 (2,830,341)	404,742
Deferred outflows - pension related Deferred inflows - pension related		53,909 (296,249)
Long-term liabilities at September 30, 2021: Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	\$ (5,047) (520,134)	(525,181)
Total net position at September 30, 2021 - Governmental Activities		\$ 581,182

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021</u>

DEVENUEG		General		Special Revenue		Total
<u>REVENUES</u> Taxes	\$	220.050	\$	205 694	¢	515 621
	Э	239,950	Э	305,684	\$	545,634
Licenses and permits		98,309		-		98,309
Intergovernmental revenues Fines and forfeitures		3,641		-		3,641
		22,122		-		22,122
Utility franchise fees		94,521		-		94,521
Interest		108		40		148
Grants - other		44,000		-		44,000
Other revenue		71,670		5,800		77,470
Total revenues		574,321		311,524		885,845
EXPENDITURES						
General government		176,126		322,921		499,047
Public safety		546,589		-		546,589
Recreation		285		-		285
Total expenditures		723,000		322,921		1,045,921
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(148,679)		(11,397)		(160,076)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers out Transfers in		(15,120)		-		(15,120)
Total other financing sources		(15,120)				(15,120)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(163,799)		(11,397)		(175,196)
				× ′ ′		× / /
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year, restated		610,431		508,726		1,119,157
End of year	\$	446,632	\$	497,329	\$	943,961

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,</u> <u>EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021</u>

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (175,196)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Capital outlay capitalized	46,927
Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2021	(131,885)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(2,328)
Change in compensated absences	5,653
Net change in pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources	 70,502
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (186,327)

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 205,884
Certificates of deposit	276,496
Accounts receivable, net	115,709
Accrued interest receivable	522
Total current assets	 598,611
RESTRICTED ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	170,801
Certificates of deposit	74,329
Total restricted assets	 245,130
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT	 <u> </u>
Land	18,300
Buildings	81,409
Improvements and infrastructure	6,611,096
Equipment	64,512
	 6,775,317
Less: allowance for depreciation	(4,902,289)
Net property, plant, and equipment	 1,873,028
Total Assets	 2,716,769
DEFERRED OUFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	15,969
Total deferred outflows of resources	 15,969
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accrued interest payable	6,112
Accrued liabilities	2,549
Customers' service meter deposits	102,261
Bonds payable - current portion	23,000
Due to other funds	469,476
Total current liabilities	 603,398
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
Bonds payable	452,249
Notes payable	108,520
Compensated absences	2,888
Net pension liability	 177,029
Total long-term liabilities	 740,686
Total Liabilities	 1,344,084
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	 81,854
Total deferred inflows of resources	 81,854
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,283,147
Restricted - debt service	164,689
Unrestricted	 (141,036)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,306,800

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION</u> <u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021</u>

OPERATING REVENUES	
Gas sales	\$ 381,722
Water sales	358,814
Sewerage sales	345,164
Penalties and service charges	43,000
Other revenue	 137,994
Total operating revenues	 1,266,694
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	88,947
Wages	81,941
Audit and accounting	13,833
Depreciation	192,554
Electricity	25,445
Employees' retirement expense	40,961
Gas purchases	74,066
Insurance	82,661
Legal	2,400
Maintenance, repairs, and supplies	120,721
Miscellaneous	8,879
Printing, stationery, and supplies	19,316
Water fees	9,779
Truck expense	21,672
Utilities	12,724
Bad debt expense	8,897
Total operating expenses	804,796
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	461,898
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest revenues	1,377
Interest expense	(16,776)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets	(8,804)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 (24,203)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	437,695
Operating transfers in	 15,120
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	452,815
Net position - beginning of year	 853,985
Net position - end of year	\$ 1,306,800

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,285,883
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(658,744)
Cash paid to employees for services	(339,067)
Net cash provided by operating activities	288,072
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Operating transfers in	15,120
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	15,120
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(6,952)
Principal payment on debt	(1,608)
Interest paid on debt	(16,775)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(25,335)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest earned on investments	1,376
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,376
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	279,233
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	97,452
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 376,685
Cash and cash equivalents as shown on balance sheet under:	
Current assets	\$ 205,884
Restricted assets	170,801
	\$ 376,685
	(Continued)

(Continued)

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

<u>RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS</u> <u>TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>

Income from operations	\$	461,898
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		192,554
Bad debts		8,897
Net change in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable		4,602
Deferred outflows of resources - Pension related		42,452
Accrued liabilities		(86)
Customer service meter deposits		5,690
Accrued payroll		766
Compensated absences		(559)
Net pension liability		(232,731)
Deferred inflows of resources - Pension related		62,854
Due to other funds		(258,265)
Total adjustments		(173,826)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	288,072
	(Concluded)

(Concluded)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Jackson, Louisiana (the Town) was incorporated on April 2, 1832, and operates under a Mayor - Board of Aldermen form of government. As authorized by its charter, the Town is responsible for public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, recreation, public improvements, and general administrative services.

The Town's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements. The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. The entity-wide financial statements follow the guidance included in GASB Statement No. 62 – *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*. Such accounting and reporting procedures conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:517, to the guidance set forth in the *Louisiana Governmental Accounting Guide*, and to the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Financial Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, Section 2100, *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity*, establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Since the Town is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments, it is considered a primary government under the provisions of this Statement. As used in GASB Statement No. 61, fiscally independent means that the Town may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. Additionally, the Town does not have any component units, which are defined by GASB Statement No. 61 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected officials are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Town has a significant relationship.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies and practices:

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town of Jackson as a whole entity. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between *the governmental and business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, while business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—*governmental and proprietary*—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- a. General Fund This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. Special Revenue Fund This fund accounts for the collection and expenditure of the sales tax received from the East Feliciana Parish Police Jury whose use is restricted to streets and sidewalks within the Town.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Public Utilities Fund – As a proprietary fund, the public utility fund is used to account for operations, (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing the goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and employ the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. The proposed budget is published in the official journal and made available for public inspection. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is adopted through the passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 4. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts originally estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. Budgets for the general, special revenue, and proprietary funds are adopted on bases consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 7. Louisiana R.S. 39:1310 requires budgets to be amended when revenue collections plus projected revenue collections for the remainder of a year, within a fund, are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more or expenditures plus projected expenditures for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more.

The level of budgetary control is total appropriations. Budgeted amounts included in the financial statements include the original adopted budget, and the final amended budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Capital Assets

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation has been provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives				
Sewerage system	25	years			
Gas plant and structures	25	years			
Office equipment	5-10	years			
Automotive equipment	3-7	years			
Street improvements	10	years			
Buildings	40	years			
Heavy machinery	10-15	years			

All capital assets are stated at historical cost.

The Town maintains a \$5,000 threshold level for capitalizing assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, which include demand deposit accounts, interest-bearing demand deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit, are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Under Louisiana Revised Statutes 39:1271 and 33:2955, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposit accounts, interest-bearing demand deposit accounts, money market accounts, and time certificates of deposit with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Accounts Receivable

Uncollectible amounts due from customers for utility services are recognized through the establishment of an allowance for bad debts account at the time information becomes available which indicates the collectability of the receivable.

Restricted Assets

Based upon certain bond covenants, the Town is required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources (consisting of cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposits) in dedicated accounts that can be used only to service outstanding debt. These assets are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited. Also included in restricted assets are customer deposits that were paid during the initial account opening.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Transfers In and Out

Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. In those cases, where repayment is expected, the transfers are accounted for through the various due from and due to accounts.

Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances accounting, under which contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Town.

Operating vs. Non-Operating Revenue

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Non-operating revenues, such as grant subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation leave at various rates depending upon the length of their employment. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources of the general fund and are reported as an expenditure and liability of the fund as the benefits accrue to employees. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of business-type funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Pension Plans

The Town of Jackson is a participating employer in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as described in Note 8. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the plan.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements: In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Town, which is the highest level of decision-making authority.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Equity Classifications (continued)

e. Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the Town reduces restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available, the Town reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts, as needed, unless the Town has provided otherwise in its committed or assignment actions.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Governmental Activities.			Streets, Sidewalks and Park		
	Land	Buildings	Improvements	Equipment	Total
Cost of capital assets					
at September 30, 2020	\$ 26,000	\$ 450,498	\$ 1,194,092	\$ 1,546,072	\$3,216,662
Additions	-	-	-	46,927	46,927
Deletions				(28,506)	(28,506)
Cost of capital assets					
at September 30, 2021	26,000	450,498	1,194,092	1,564,493	3,235,083
Accumulated depreciation					
September 30, 2020	-	349,479	1,026,812	1,348,343	2,724,634
Additions	-	8,918	75,306	47,661	131,885
Deletions		_		(26,178)	(26,178)
Accumulated depreciation					
September 30, 2021		358,397	1,102,118	1,369,826	2,830,341
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	¢ 2 (000	¢ 02.101	¢ 01.074	¢ 104.667	¢ 404 742
at September 30, 2021	\$ 26,000	\$ 92,101	\$ 91,974	\$ 194,667	\$ 404,742

Depreciation expense of \$131,885 was charged to the general government function in the governmentwide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. <u>Capital Assets</u> (continued)

Business-type Activities:

	Improvements &								
	I	and	Bı	uildings	In	frastructure	Eq	uipment	Total
Cost of Capital Assets September 30, 2020	\$	18,300	\$	81,409	\$	6,659,384	\$	100,514	\$6,859,607
Additions Deletions		-		-		6,952 (55,240)		(36,002)	6,952 (91,242)
Cost of Capital Assets September 30, 2021		18,300		81,409		6,611,096		64,512	6,775,317
Accumulated Depreciation September 30, 2020 Additions Deletions		-		75,581 780 -		4,624,488 187,975 (46,436)		92,104 3,799 (36,002)	4,792,173 192,554 (82,438)
Accumulated Depreciation September 30, 2021				76,361		4,766,027		59,901	4,902,289
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at September 30, 2021	\$	18,300	\$	5,048	\$	1,845,069	\$	4,611	\$1,873,028

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity of governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning]	Ending
	E	Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance	
Compensated Absences	\$	10,700	\$	-	\$	(5,653)	\$	5,047

4. Business-Type Activities Long-term liabilities

A. <u>Activities</u>

Long-term liabilities activity of business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>		
Bond Payable from						
Direct Placement	\$ 497,249	\$ -	\$ (22,000)	\$ 475,249		
Notes Payable	108,520	-	-	108,520		
Compensated Absences	3,447		(559)	2,888		
	\$ 609,216	\$ -	\$ (22,559)	\$ 586,657		

B. Bonds and Notes Payable

In February 2015, the Town's Board of Alderman authorized the issuance of Utilities Revenue Bonds to finance the costs of constructing and acquiring improvements to the drinking water portion of the Town's combined utilities systems. The combined revenues of the Town's drinking water, sewerage treatment, and natural gas supply system are pledged in an amount sufficient for the payment of principal and interest as they become due and payable.

Thirty percent of the Series 2016 bonds advance to the Town was forgiven as a debt upon advancement.

Pursuant to that authorization, the Town entered into an agreement with the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals (the Department) as part of the Build America Bonds Program whereby the Department purchased up to \$800,000 of debt issued by the Town to fund improvements to the water system. The indebtedness of the Town was evidenced through the 2016 Series Utility Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$800,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. <u>Business-Type Activities Long-term obligations</u> (continued)

B. Bonds and Notes Payable (continued)

Based on an agreement with the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (La DOTD) executed in 1987, and pursuant to the provisions of La RS 48:381 (C), the Town owed \$108,520 for its share of a sewer line relocation project. The total project costs were paid by the La DOTD, but the Town was responsible for \$108,520 of the project. As of September 30, 2021, the La DOTD has not requested payment of the balance due.

Bonds and Notes outstanding were as follows at September 30, 2021:

	Date of Issue	Orig	inal/Notional Balance	Ending Balance	
Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, 2.95%	3/15/2016	\$	800,000	\$	475,249
Utility Relation Agreement	1987	Ψ	108,520	Ψ	108,520
		\$	908,520	\$	583,769

The utility revenue bonds is a direct placement bond that is subject to the following events of default, termination events, and acceleration clauses:

- *Events of default with finance-related consequences* These bonds will be in default for failure of payment of principal and interest when due, payment of the administrative fee when due, non-performance or observance of covenants, agreements, or supplemental resolution continuing for more than 30 days after written notice of non-performance or observance, and filing petition or seeking relief under Federal or State bankruptcy law.
- *Termination events with finance related consequences* Events that will result in finance related consequences include bonds being callable early. The Town is obligated to annually budget a sufficient amount to pay principal and interest to meet annual debt service requirements.
- *Subjective acceleration clauses* The Town may refund early with refunding certificates or bonds, and the Town may decrease bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. <u>Business-Type Activities Long-term obligations</u> (continued)

B. Bonds and Notes Payable (continued)

- -

The amortization schedule for the utility revenue bond-direct placement is as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal	Inte	erest	 Total
2022	\$ 23,000) \$	15,999	\$ 38,999
2023	24,000)	15,189	39,189
2024	24,000)	14,361	38,361
2025	25,000)	13,515	38,515
2026	26,000)	12,636	38,636
2027 - 2031	145,000)	48,774	193,774
2032 - 2036	170,000)	21,607	191,607
2037)	660	 38,909
Total	<u>\$ 475,249</u>	<u>\$</u>	142,741	\$ 617,990

A schedule of debt service requirements for the Utility Relocation Agreement payables has not been established as there is no agreement that provides for scheduled payments.

5. Ad valorem taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as enforceable liens on all applicable property on February 28th of each year. Taxes are levied and are actually billed to the taxpayers in November of each year. Billed ad valorem taxes become delinquent on January 2nd of the following calendar year.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of East Feliciana Parish. During the year ended September 30, 2021, taxes of 6.19 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$8,051,950 and were dedicated for general purposes.

Ad valorem taxes billed during the year ended September 30, 2021, totaled \$49,841. Of this amount, \$11,997 remained uncollected at September 30, 2021. The Town has a reserve for delinquent property taxes in the amount of \$6,751, therefore the net property tax receivable at September 30, 2021 totaled \$5,246.

6. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	I	Interfund		Interfund	
Fund	R	Receivables		Payables	
General fund	\$	469,476	\$	152,730	
Proprietary fund		-		469,476	
Special Revenue fund		152,730		-	
	\$	622,206	\$	622,206	
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds occur to provide reimbursement of certain operating costs and are not expected to be repaid. Transfers between funds during the year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows:

Fund	Tra	Transfers In		nsfers Out
General fund Proprietary fund	\$	- 15,120	\$	15,120
	\$	15,120	\$	15,120

8. Pension and Retirement Plans

The Town of Jackson (the Town) is a participating employer in two cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans. These plans are administered by two public employee retirement systems, the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) and the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of these plans to the State Legislature. Each system is administered by a separate board of trustees.

Each of the Systems issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by writing, calling or downloading the reports as follows:

MERS: 7937 Office Park Boulevard Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809 (225) 925-4810 www.mersla.com MPERS: 7722 Office Park Boulevard, Suite 200. Baton Rouge, LA 70809 (225) 929-7411 www.lampers.org

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Plan Descriptions:

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) is the administrator of a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana. The System provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of the System. For the year ended June 30, 2021, there were 87 contributing municipalities in Plan A and 68 in Plan B. The Town of Jackson is a participant in Plan A only.

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only.

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with five (5) years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) years creditable service at death of member.
- 5. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Any member of Plan B who was hired before January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with thirty (30) years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with ten (10) years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) years creditable service at death of member.

Eligibility for Retirement for Plan A and Plan B members hired on or after January 1, 2013 is as follows:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) or more years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) or more years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service
- 4. Any age with twenty-five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Plan Descriptions: (continued)

However, any member retiring under this subsection shall have their benefit actuarially reduced from the earliest age of which the member would be entitled to a vested deferred benefit under any provision of this section, if the member had continued in service to that age.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and/or minor children as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan A who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits. Upon death of any member of Plan B with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for normal retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan B who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan B who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other surviving benefits.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A or B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year. Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Plan Descriptions: (continued)

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service whichever is greater or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

For Plan B, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least ten years of creditable service; in which he would receive a regular retirement under retirement provisions. A member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least ten years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan B shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of thirty percent of his final average compensation or two percent of his final average compensation or two percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater; or an amount equal to two percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. The System provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the System in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233.

The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only.

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Plan Descriptions: (continued)

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013: Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the System and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the System for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55. Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary. Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statues, the benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives ten percent of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than ten years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan: A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the System is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty-six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period, the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into the System shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on the System's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account. If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Initial Benefit Option Plan in 1999, the State Legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

Funding Policy

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC).

Contributions to the plans are required and determined by State statute (which may be amended) and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The contribution rates in effect for the year ended September 30, 2021, for the Town and covered employees were as follows:

	Town of Jackson	Employees
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A		
Members hired prior to 01/01/2013	27.75%	9.50%
Members hired after 01/01/2013	27.75%	9.50%
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System		
All employees hired prior to 01/01/2013 and all		
Hazardous Duty employees hired after 01/01/2013	32.50%	10.00%
Non-Hazardous Duty (hired after 01/01/2013	32.50%	8.00%
Employees receiving compensation below poverty		
Guidelines of US Department of Health	34.25%	7.50%

The contributions made to the Systems for the past four fiscal years, which equaled the required contributions for each of these years, were as follows:

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A	\$115,580	\$115,869	\$113,217	\$102,734
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System	23,199	32,188	32,458	38,872

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The following schedule lists the Town's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability allocated by each of the pension plans based on the June 30, 2021 measurement date. The Town uses this measurement to record its Net Pension Liability and associated amounts as of September 30, 2021 in accordance with GASB Statement 68. The schedule also includes the proportionate share allocation rate used at June 30, 2021 along with the change compared to the June 30, 2021 rate. The Town's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the Town's contributions relative to the contributions of all participating employers, for the measuring period.

	Net Pension Liability at 6/30/2021		Rate at 6/30/2021	Increase (Decrease) on June 30, 2020 Rate
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A	\$	544,869	0.1959%	-0.0323%
Municipal Policy Employees' Retirement System		152,294	0.2857%	-0.0028%
	\$	697,163		
Governmental Activities:				
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A	\$	367,840		
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System		152,294		
		520,134		
Business-Type Activities:				
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A		177,029		
	\$	697,163		

The following schedule list each pension plan's recognized pension expense of the Town for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	 Total		
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A Municipal Policy Employees' Retirement System	\$ 62,397 8,359		
	\$ 70,756		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

related to pensions from the following sources.	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	196 36,778	\$ (10,921) (4,344)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment		-	(224,628)	
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		437	(135,021)	
Contribution Deficiency		-	(3,189)	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		32,467	 -	
Total	\$	69,878	\$ (378,103)	

Summary totals of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by pension plan:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ (251,935) (126,168)	
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A Municipal Policy Employees' Retirement System	\$ 49,151 20,727	\$	
	\$ 69,878	\$ (378,103)	

The Town reported a total of \$32,467 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2021 which will be recognized as a reduction in Net Pension Liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. The following schedule list the pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period for each pension plan:

	osequent atribution
Municipal Employees' Retirement System Plan A Municipal Policy Employees' Retirement System	\$ 29,043 3,424
	\$ 32,467

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	MERS MPERS		Total	
2022	\$ (69,585)	\$	(44,724)	\$ (114,309)
2023	(70,698)		(20, 102)	(90,800)
2024	(39,578)		(19,540)	(59,118)
2025	 (51,966)		(24,499)	(76,465)
	\$ (231,827)	\$	(108,865)	\$ (340,692)

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability for each pension plan as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	MERS	MPERS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions: Expected Remaining		
Service lives	3 years	4 years
Investment Rate of return	6.850%	6.750% net of investment expenses
Inflation Rate	2.50%	2.50%
Mortality		For annuitants and beneficiaries, the Pub-2010
		Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for
		Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees
		multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for
	For annuitant and beneficiary mortality tables	females, each with full generational projection
	used were PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree	using the MP2019 sale was used.
	Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective	For disabled lives, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety
	male and female MP2018 scales.	Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males
	For employees, PubG-2010(B) Employee	and 115% for females, each with full
	Table set equal to 120% for males and	generational projection using the MP2019 scale
	females, each adjusted using their respective	was used.
	male and female MP2018 scales	For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement
	For disable Annuitants, PubNS-2010(B)	Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median
	Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for	Employees multiplied by 115% for males and
	males and females with the full generational	125% for females, each with full generational
	MP2018 scale.	projection using the MP2019 scale was used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Salary Increases	Years of Service	Salary Growth Rate	Years of Service	Salary Growth Rate
	1-4	6.40%	1-2	12.30%
	4 & Over	4.50%	Above 2	4.70%

Cost of Living Adjustments

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

No regular retiree, survivor or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year.

Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment until they reach regular retirement age.

A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The following schedule list the methods used by each of the retirement systems in determining the long term rate of return on pension plan investments:

MERS The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 6.95% for the year ended June 30, 2020.

MPERS The forecasted long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting forecasted long-term rate of return is 7.30% for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

The following table provides a summary of the best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the Retirement Systems target asset allocations as of June 30, 2021:

	Target Allocation		Long-Term Ex	pected Real
Asset Class	MERS	MPERS	MERS	MPERS
Public equity	53.0%	-	2.31%	-
Equity	-	55.5%	-	3.48%
Public fixed income	38.0%	-	1.65%	-
Fixed Income	-	30.5%	-	0.59%
Alternatives	9.0%	14.0%	0.39%	1.01%
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	100.0%	100.0%	4.35%	5.08%
Inflation			2.60%	2.22%
Expected Arithmetic Nomir	al Return		6.95%	7.30%

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for MERS was 6.85% and MPERS was 6.75% for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. <u>Pension and Retirement Plans (continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the Retirement Systems:

	1.0% Decrease		Curren	t Discount Rate	1.0% Increase	
MERS Rates Town of Jackson Share of		5.850%		6.850%		7.850%
NPL	\$	806,978	\$	544,869	\$	323,481
MPERS Rates Town of Jackson Share of		5.750%		6.750%		7.750%
NPL	\$	265,424	\$	152,294	\$	57,868

Payables to the Pension Plan

There are no accrued liabilities owed to MERS or MPERS as of September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. <u>Segments of Enterprise Activities</u>

Gas, water, and sewerage services are provided by the Town and are financed by user charges. The significant financial data for the year ended September 30, 2021, for these three services are as follows:

	 Gas		Water	 Sewer		Total
Operating revenues	\$ 424,412	\$	387,846	\$ 454,436	\$	1,266,694
Operating expenses	154,556		368,438	281,802		804,796
Depreciation	353		85,291	106,910		192,554
Income (loss) before transfers	270,785		3,064	163,846		437,695
Change in net position	270,785		3,064	178,966		452,815
Capital asset additions	-		-	6,952		6,952

10. Accounts Receivables and Due from other Governments

Accounts receivable and due from other governments consists of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based upon historical trends, period aging and prior write-offs of similar accounts receivable, receivables balances, property tax, sales tax, and franchise tax collections. Accounts receivable and due from other governments for the Town at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Property Tax		Sa	Sales Tax		Other		Total	
General Special Revenue	\$	5,246	\$	31,649 51,304	\$	30,630		\$	67,525 51,304
Total	\$	5,246	\$	82,953	\$	30,630		\$	118,829

Business-type Activities:

	Propr	Proprietary Fund			
Accounts Receivable Allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$	117,348 (1,639)			
Total	\$	115,709			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. Sales Taxes

Streets and sidewalks

The Town receives 14.6863% of a one cent East Feliciana Parish sales tax collected on sales occurring within the Parish boundaries. These proceeds are restricted to the construction and general maintenance of streets and sidewalks in the Town of Jackson. The Town recognized \$305,684 of sales tax revenue during the year ended September 30, 2021. This tax expires December 31, 2024.

General fund

The Town receives 9.06% of a one cent East Feliciana Parish sales tax collected on sales occurring within the Parish boundaries. These proceeds are available for any lawful purpose of operating a municipality. The Town recognized \$188,579 of sales tax revenue during the year ended September 30, 2021. The tax expires December 31, 2024.

12. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, a government will be unable to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. To mitigate this risk, state law requires deposits to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent financial institution. The Town's bank balances (as opposed to the carrying amount below) totaled \$1,872,529. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was secured by federal depository insurance for all time and savings accounts and \$250,000 for all interest bearing and noninterest bearing accounts, while \$1,372,529 was collateralized by securities held by the bank's agent in the Town's name. Therefore, the Town did not have any deposits that were exposed to custodial credit risk.

At September 30, 2021, the carrying amounts of the Town's bank deposits totaled \$1,797,775.

13. Disaggregation of Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts and other payables as of September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	vernmental activities	ness - type ctivities
Vendors	\$ 23,562	\$ -
Payroll liabilities	1,685	2,549
Accrued interest	-	6,112
Customers' service meter deposits	-	102,261
Total fund encumbrances	\$ 25,247	\$ 110,922

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. Current Accounting Standards Scheduled to be Implemented

GASB Statement 87, *Leases*: This standard will require all leases to be reported on the statement of net position under a single accounting model for both lessors and lessees. The statement will require the recognition of lease assets or liabilities for all leases including those previously reported as operating leases. All leases will be reported under this single accounting method and reported by lessees as an intangible right to use asset and by lessors as a receivable with both reporting a deferred inflow of resources. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Town will include the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its September 30, 2022 financial statement. All of the Town lease agreements will need to be evaluated to determine the impact of implementing this standard; however, the effect of this standard or its applicability to the Town is unknown at this time.

15. American Rescue Plan Act Funding

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Town was allocated \$1,378,810 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The Town received \$689,405 during the year ended September 30, 2021 and will receive the remaining \$689,405 in the year ending September 30, 2022. The grant funds are to be spent in accordance with ARPA grant terms. As of September 30, 2021, there have been no expenditures of this funding; therefore, the 2021 allocated amount is recorded as unearned revenue at year end.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Part II)

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>GENERAL FUND</u> <u>YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021</u>

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
REVENUES	 0	 0	 		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 51,371	\$	1,371
Sales tax	160,000	160,000	188,579		28,579
Licenses and permits	90,000	90,000	98,309		8,309
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Beer taxes	4,000	4,000	3,641		(359)
Utility franchise fees	80,000	80,000	94,521		14,521
Fines and forfeitures	23,000	23,000	22,122		(878)
Other	40,000	198,000	115,778		(82,222)
Total revenues	447,000	 605,000	 574,321		(30,679)
EXPENDITURES Current operating expenditures:					
General government	185,815	185,815	176,126		9,689
Public safety	481,688	456,688	546,589		(89,901)
Recreation	 -	-	 285	_	(285)
Total expenditures	667,503	642,503	 723,000		(80,497)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(220,503)	(37,503)	(148,679)		(111,176)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Operating transfers in	240,000	-	-		-
Operating transfers out	 -	-	(15,120)		(15,120)
Total other financing sources	 240,000	 -	 (15,120)		(15,120)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	19,497	(37,503)	(163,799)		(126,296)
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	 610,431	 610,431	 610,431		-
End of year	\$ 629,928	\$ 572,928	\$ 446,632	\$	(126,296)

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	Fa	ariance worable favorable)
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Taxes	\$ 234,996	\$ 280,000	\$ 305,684	\$	25,684
Interest revenue	700	700	40		(660)
Other revenue	-	-	5,800		5,800
Grant proceeds	 5,800	5,800	 -		(5,800)
Total revenues	 241,496	 286,500	 311,524		25,024
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating expenditures:					
General government	 287,100	 328,300	 322,921		5,379
Total expenditures	 287,100	 328,300	 322,921		5,379
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (45,604)	 (41,800)	 (11,397)		30,403
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	 -	 -	 -		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	 	 -		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(45,604)	(41,800)	(11,397)		30,403
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	 508,726	 508,726	 508,726		-
End of year	\$ 463,122	\$ 466,926	\$ 497,329	\$	30,403

Town of Jackson Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost Sharing Plans Only For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (*)

Pension Plan	Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pr Sha	Employer's oportionate re of the Net sion Liability (Asset)	Cov	ered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Municipal E	Employees' R	etirement System	1 of L	ouisiana				
	2021	0.1959%	\$	544,869	\$	380,671	143.1338%	77.82%
	2020	0.2282%		986,420		436,083	226.2001%	64.52%
	2019	0.2332%		974,607		431,758	225.7299%	64.68%
	2018	0.2553%		1,057,107		391,941	269.7107%	63.94%
	2017	0.2011%		841,340		365,291	230.3205%	62.49%
	2016	0.2345%		961,025		418,542	229.6126%	62.11%
	2015	0.2390%		853,753		407,919	209.2947%	66.18%
Municipal P	olice Employ	yees' Retirement	Syste	m				
-	2021	0.0286%	\$	152,294	\$	87,162	174.7252%	84.09%
	2020	0.0314%		289,987		100,057	289.8218%	70.94%
	2019	0.0317%		287,990		99,030	290.8109%	71.01%
	2018	0.0453%		382,656		133,565	286.4942%	71.89%
	2017	0.0451%		393,550		135,073	291.3610%	70.08%
	2016	0.0379%		355,370		105,207	337.7817%	66.04%
	2015	0.0400%		313,343		106,994	292.8603%	70.73%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become

(*) The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th for the year listed

Town of Jackson Schedule of Contributions to Each Retirement System Cost Sharing Plans Only FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Pension Plan: Municipal Emp	Year	Co	ontractually Required ontribution ¹	Ra Con F Con	rributions in elation to ntractually Required ntribution ²	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cov	ered Payroll ³	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
in an	2021	s	115,580	\$	115,580	-	\$	391,794	29.50%
	2020	+	115,869	*	115,869	-	+	414,235	27.97%
	2019		113,217		113,217	-		428,101	26.45%
	2018		102,734		102,734	-		409,387	25.09%
	2017		85,180		85,180	-		366,032	23.27%
	2016		84,929		84,929	-		415,659	20.43%
	2015		81,456		81,456	-		411,288	19.81%
Municipal Polic	e Employees	s' Retir	ement Syste	m					
-	2021	\$	23,199	\$	23,199	-	\$	70,102	33.09%
	2020		32,188		32,188	-		97,941	32.86%
	2019		32,458		32,458	-		100,646	32.25%
	2018		38,872		38,872	-		124,996	31.10%
	2017		44,531		44,531	-		141,441	31.48%
	2016		34,797		34,797	-		115,383	30.16%
	2015		32,348		32,348	-		104,275	31.02%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

For reference only:

¹ Employer contribution rate multiplied by employer's covered employee payroll

² Actual employer contributions remitted to Retirement Systems

³ Employer's covered employee payroll amount for each of the fiscal year ended September 30

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms for the two pension plans listed above for the years presented.

Changes in assumptions:

Discount Rate:

The plans had the following changes in actuarial assumptions for each year as follows:

	MER	S	MPERS				
Year (*)	Rate	Change	Rate	Change			
2021	6.850%	-0.100%	6.750%	-0.200%			
2020	6.950%	-0.050%	6.950%	-0.175%			
2019	7.000%	-0.275%	7.125%	-0.075%			
2018	7.275%	-0.125%	7.200%	-0.125%			
2017	7.400%	-0.100%	7.325%	-0.175%			
2016	7.500%	0.000%	7.500%	0.000%			
2015	7.500%		7.500%				

Inflation Rate:

	M	ERS	MP	ERS
Year (*)	Rate	Change	Rate	Change
2021	2.500%	0.000%	2.500%	0.000%
2020	2.500%	0.000%	2.500%	0.000%
2019	2.500%	0.100%	2.500%	0.100%
2018	2.600%	-0.175%	2.600%	-0.100%
2017	2.775%	-0.100%	2.700%	-0.175%
2016	2.875%	0.000%	2.875%	0.000%
2015	2.875%		2.875%	

Salary Increases:

-	MI	ERS	MPERS				
Year (*)	Rate Change		Rate	Change			
2021	4.50% to 6.40%	0.000%	4.70% to 12.30%	0.000%			
2020	4.50% to 6.40%	0.000%	4.70% to 12.30%	0.45% - 2.55%			
2019	4.50% to 6.40%	-0.50% to 1.40%	4.25% to 9.75%	0.000%			
2018	5.000%	0.000%	4.25% to 9.75%	0.000%			
2017	5.000%	0.000%	4.25% to 9.75%	0.000%			
2016	5.000%	0.000%	4.25% to 9.75%	0.000%			
2015	5.000%		4.25% to 9.75%				

(*) The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end. - 53 -

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BY ACTIVITY - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL</u> <u>ENTERPRISE FUNDS - PUBLIC UTILITY REVENUE FUND</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021</u>

		EAR ENDED	<u>SET TEMBET</u>	<u>(50, 2021</u>		Variance
	_		_			Favorable
	Gas	Water	Sewerage	Actual Total	Budget Total	(Unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	¢1.005.500	• • • • • • • •	ф. 115045
Sales	\$ 381,722	\$ 358,814	\$ 345,164	\$1,085,700	\$ 969,855	\$ 115,845
Penalties and service charges	14,333	14,333	14,334	43,000	25,000	18,000
Other revenue	28,357	14,699	94,938	137,994	15,000	122,994
Total operating revenues	424,412	387,846	454,436	1,266,694	1,009,855	256,839
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries	22,798	23,434	42,715	88,947	100,000	11,053
Wages	578	23,653	57,710	81,941	80,000	(1,941)
Audit and accounting	4,611	4,611	4,611	13,833	24,000	10,167
Depreciation	353	85,291	106,910	192,554	200,000	7,446
Electricity	-	25,318	127	25,445	26,000	555
Employees' retirement	6,115	4,908	29,938	40,961	53,000	12,039
Gas purchases	74,066	-	-	74,066	80,000	5,934
Insurance	7,634	67,393	7,634	82,661	115,000	32,339
Legal	800	733	867	2,400	2,500	100
Maintenance, repairs, supplies	10,661	83,099	26,961	120,721	98,423	(22,298)
Miscellaneous	2,487	6,049	343	8,879	37,452	28,573
Printing, stationery, supplies	343	18,973	-	19,316	20,300	984
Water fees	-	9,779	-	9,779	-	(9,779)
Truck expense	20,644	514	514	21,672	16,113	(5,559)
Utilities	500	11,717	507	12,724	16,343	3,619
Bad debt expense	2,966	2,966	2,965	8,897	-	(8,897)
Total operating expenses	154,556	368,438	281,802	804,796	869,131	64,335
INCOME (LOSS)						
FROM OPERATIONS	269,856	19,408	172,634	461,898	140,724	321,174
NON-OPERATING						
<u>REVENUES (EXPENSES)</u>						
Interest revenues	929	432	16	1,377	7,500	(6,123)
Interest expense	-	(16,776)	-	(16,776)	(14,000)	(2,776)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets	-		(8,804)	(8,804)		
Total non-operating	929	(16,344)	(8,788)	(24,203)	(6,500)	(8,899)
Income (loss) before transfers	270,785	3,064	163,846	437,695	134,224	312,275
Operating transfers in	210,103	- 5,004	15,120	15,120	-	15,120
	- -	- -			- -	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 270,785	\$ 3,064	\$ 178,966	\$ 452,815	\$ 134,224	\$ 327,395

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND SALARIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Mayor: Norsworthy III, James M	\$ 15,150
<u>Aldermen:</u> Michael Harrell	4,800
Donald Havard	3,600
Rafe Stewart	3,600
David Guillory	3,600
William Free	 3,600
	\$ 34,350

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD OR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Agency Head Name/Title: James M. Norsworthy III / Mayor

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 14,400
Benefits - cell phone	750
	\$ 15,150

JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY (CASH BASIS) AS REQUIRED BY ACT 87 OF THE 2020 REGULAR LEGISLATIVE SESSION - CASH BASIS PRESENTATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	First Six Month Perio Ended 3/31/2021	Second Six d Month Period Ended 9/30/2021
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$ -	\$ -
Add: Collections		
Civil Fines - Other	10,69	1 11,420
Subtotal Collections	10,69	
Less: Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
Louisiana Dept of Health - Traumatic Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund	17	5 180
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	10	1 243
Louisiana Supreme Court	2	4 35
Treasurer, State of Louisiana - CMIS	15	6 234
East Feliciana District Attorney	23	5 375
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency Amounts "Self-Disbursed to Collecting Agency:		
Criminal Fines - Other		
Civil Fines - Other	9,71	6 9,971
Less: Disbursement to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies	28	4 382
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	10,69	1 11,420
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	\$ -	\$-

STATISTICAL DATA

INSURANCE-IN-FORCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (Without audit)

Policy	Name of Insurer	Expiration Date	Coverage Limits	
Fire and Extended Coverage Building and Contents	AmGuard Insurance Co	02-01-2022	\$ 512,720	
Public Official Bond	Dart Insurance Agency	08-30-2022	65,000	
Automobile Liability	AmGuard Insurance Co	02-01-2022	500,000	
General Liability	AmGuard Insurance Co	02-01-2022	500,000	
Police Professional Liability	QBE Specialty Ins Co	02-01-2022	1,000,000	
Public Officials Errors and	QBE Specialty Ins Co	02-01-2022	1,000,000	
Omissions Worker's Compensation	Louisiana Risk Management	01-01-2022	Statutory	
Auto Physical Damage	AmGuard Insurance Co	02-01-2022	390,252	
Equipment	Employers' Mutual	02-01-2022	216,715	

PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM OPERATIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (Without Audit)

Statistics on System Operations

- (a) As of September 30, 2021, there were 336 and 782 metered customers for the gas and water systems, respectively. There were no unmetered customers for either the gas or water systems at September 30, 2021.
- (b) The following rate schedules were in effect during the fiscal year for gas and water:

1.	Gas:	Rate per 1,000 Cubic Feet
	Minimum Commercial charge Per 1,000 cubic feet Minimum Residential charge Per 1,000 cubic feet	\$ 20.00 15.00 + amount above \$5.00 MCF 15.00 15.00 + amount above \$5.00 MCF
2.	Water:	Rate per 1,000 <u>Gallons</u>
	Commercial: First 2,000 gallons or less Next 1,000 gallons/Mgal Residential: First 2,000 gallons or less Next 1,000 gallons/Mgal	\$ 25.00 flat rate 6.00 15.00 flat rate 5.00

(c) Average monthly billing per customer was:

Residential 1. Gas	<u>\$ 61.23</u>
2. Water	<u>\$ 31.67</u>
Commercial 1. Gas	<u>\$ 217.55</u>
2. Water	<u>\$ 103.43</u>

PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM OPERATIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (Without Audit)

Variance Between Gas Purchased and Sold

Year Ended	Gas Purchased MCF's	Gas Billed MCF's	Leakage Variance MCF's	Percent of Gas Purchased
09/30/21	15,599	14,398	1,201	7.7
09/30/20	15,001	12,218	2,783	18.6
09/30/19	17,209	11,993	5,216	30.3
09/30/18	19,009	13,792	5,217	27.4
09/30/17	16,241	11,005	5,236	32.2
09/30/16	17,522	14,938	2,584	14.7
09/30/15	21,357	18,086	3,271	15.3
09/30/14	22,401	20,570	1,831	8.2
09/30/13	20,891	18,441	2,450	11.7
09/30/12	17,215	15,822	1,393	8.1
09/30/11	21,755	19,284	2,471	11.4
09/30/10	25,512	22,443	3,069	12.0
09/30/09	20,666	19,730	936	4.5
09/30/08	21,453	18,983	2,470	11.5
09/30/07	23,835	20,538	3,297	13.8
09/30/06	22,418	20,748	1,670	7.4
09/30/05	21,248	21,000	248	1.2
09/30/04	24,449	24,762	-	0.0
09/30/03	28,184	26,562	1,622	5.8
09/30/02	26,944	24,219	2,725	10.1
09/30/01	31,101	31,502	-	0.0
09/30/00	25,608	28,220	-	0.0

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS September 30, 2021

A. <u>SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS</u>

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	<u>x</u> yes	no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u> </u>	none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial			
statements noted?	<u> </u>	no	

B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2021-001 Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Repeat Finding)

Criteria:	Internal controls over financial reporting consists of policies and procedures related to an entity's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statements and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
Condition:	General ledger accounts were not accurately reconciled to the subsidiary records.
Effect:	Significant adjustments were made to reconcile the general ledger to the supporting schedules.
Cause:	The Town does not have a documented policy to ensure accurate closing procedures take place.
Recommendation:	The Town should establish procedures to ensure that the general ledger is closed accurately at year end.
View of Responsible	Official: Managements concurs with the audit findings and will begin working on

Managements concurs with the audit findings and will begin working on documenting year-end closing procedures. These procedures will list all areas to be addressed to ensure an accurate and timely closeout.

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u> <u>September 30, 2021</u>

B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (continued)

2021-002 Noncompliance with Bond Covenants (Repeat Finding)

- *Criteria*: The Town ordinances authorizing the issuance of the 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds require that certain debt covenants be followed.
- Condition: The Town is not in full compliance with its bond resolution requiring the establishment and funding of certain accounts for the 2016 Series Utility Revenue Bonds. The bond resolution requires the Town to fund the Utilities Revenue Bond Sinking Fund account in the amount equal to the principal and interest due on the next payment date. The bond resolution also requires the Town to establish separate bank accounts labeled the Utilities Revenue Bond Reserve Fund and the Utilities Revenue Bond Depreciation and Contingencies Fund.
- *Effect*: The Town is not in compliance with its bonds covenants as specified in the bond ordinances.
- *Cause:* The Town may not be fully aware of the requirements of the ordinances.
- *Recommendation:* The Town should fully comply with all of the bond covenants set forth in the bond ordinances by establishing all restricted accounts and monitoring their balances to ensure compliance with the bond resolution.

View of Responsible Official:

The Town plans to address non-compliance with the bond covenants during the 2022 fiscal period.

2021-003 Enhancement of Policies and Procedures and Internal Controls (Repeat Finding)

Criteria:	A system of internal controls should be established to ensure accurate financial reporting and to safeguard assets. Features of internal controls should include fully documented policies and procedures, adequate segregation of duties, oversight, and monthly reporting. Internal controls must be monitored and updated periodically to ensure they are current and relevant.
Condition:	The Town has established a system of internal controls. However, in our audit, we noted certain aspects of the internal control system could be enhanced. Areas that could benefit from enhancement include the updating of written policies and procedures and other updates to otherwise strengthen internal controls.
Effect:	Internal controls are not as strong as they could be.
Cause:	Processes, policies and procedures should be revisited periodically.

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u> <u>September 30, 2021</u>

B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (continued)

2021-003 Enhancement of Policies and Procedures and Internal Controls (Repeat Finding)(continued)

Recommendation: We recommend the following enhancements for certain operational and financial areas that were addressed in performing the procedures:

Policies and procedures:

- Purchasing including, how vendors are added to the vendor list.
- Receipts including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits
- Payroll including payroll processing, and reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked
- Travel and expense reimbursement dollar thresholds by category of expense
- Ethics violations clarifying the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (42:1111-1121)
- Debt Service including EMMA requirements, debt service payment requirements, and debt service reserve requirements.
- Disaster Recovery including identification of critical data, storage of backups, timely application of all software updates, and identification of personnel, processes and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Internal Reporting:

• Monthly financial reporting – Include the general fund and other major funds' revenues and expenditures (compared to budget) in the reporting process to the Board.

View of Responsible Official:

Management concurs with the audit findings and will implement the above recommendations.

2021-004 Budget Law Violation (Repeat Finding)

Criteria:	La. R.S. 39:1310 requires governments to amend general and special revenue fund budgets when actual expenditures and other uses plus projected expenditures exceed budgeted amounts by 5% or more or when actual revenues and other sources plus projected revenues will fall short of budgeted amounts by 5% or more.
Condition:	The General Fund's actual revenues and expenditures and other uses exceeded budgeted revenues and expenditures and other uses in excess of 5% or more.
Effect:	The Town is non-compliant with the Louisiana budget law.
Cause:	The Town did not properly monitor the budgets for the aforementioned fund during the fiscal period.

<u>TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u> <u>September 30, 2021</u>

B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (continued)

2021-004 Budget Law Violation (Repeat Finding) (continued)

Recommendation: The Town should monitor the budget closely throughout the fiscal period and prepare and approve amendments to the budget as required by statute.

View of Responsible Official:

Management will continuously monitor the actual revenue and expenditures of funds throughout the year to comply with the State Budget Law.

C. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2020-001 Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Criteria:	Internal controls over financial reporting consists of policies and procedures related to an entity's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statements and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).	
Condition:	General ledger accounts were not accurately reconciled to the subsidiary records.	
Effect:	Significant adjustments were made to reconcile the general ledger to the supporting schedules.	
Cause:	The Town does not have a documented policy to ensure accurate closing procedures take place.	
Recommendation:	The Town should establish procedures to ensure that the general ledger is closed accurately at year end.	
View of Responsible	Official: Managements concurs with the audit findings and will begin working on documenting year-end closing procedures. These procedures will list all areas to be addressed to ensure an accurate and timely closeout.	
Current Status:	The finding has not been resolved and it is repeated in the current year's schedule of findings and recommendations. See finding 2021-001.	
2020-002 Noncompliance with Bond Covenants		
Criteria:	The Town ordinances authorizing the issuance of the 2016 Utility Revenue Bonds require that certain debt covenants be followed.	
Condition:	The Town is not in full compliance with its bond resolution requiring the establishment and funding of certain accounts for the 2016 Series Utility Revenue Bonds. The bond resolution requires the Town to fund the Utilities Revenue Bond Sinking Fund account in the amount equal to the principal and interest due on the next payment date. The bond resolution also requires the Town to establish separate bank accounts labeled the Utilities Revenue Bond Reserve Fund and the Utilities Revenue Bond Depreciation and Contingencies Fund.	
Effect:	The Town is not in compliance with its bonds covenants as specified in the bond ordinances.	
Cause:	The Town may not be fully aware of the requirements of the ordinances.	

C. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (continued)

2020-002 Noncompliance with Bond Covenants

Recommendation: The Town should fully comply with all of the bond covenants set forth in the bond ordinances by establishing all restricted accounts and monitoring their balances to ensure compliance with the bond resolution. View of Responsible Official: The Town plans to address non-compliance with the bond covenants during the 2021 fiscal period. Current Status: The finding has not been resolved and it is repeated in the current year's schedule of findings and recommendations. See finding 2021-002. 2020-003 Enhancement of Policies and Procedures and Internal Controls Criteria: A system of internal controls should be established to ensure accurate financial reporting and to safeguard assets. Features of internal controls should include fully documented policies and procedures, adequate segregation of duties, oversight, and monthly reporting. Internal controls must be monitored and updated periodically to ensure they are current and relevant. Condition: The Town has established a system of internal controls. However, in our audit, we noted certain aspects of the internal control system could be enhanced. Areas that could benefit from enhancement include the updating of written policies and procedures and other updates to otherwise strengthen internal controls. Effect: Internal controls are not as strong as they could be. Cause: Processes, policies and procedures should be revisited periodically.

C. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (continued)

2020-003 Enhancement of Policies and Procedures and Internal Controls (continued)

Recommendation: We recommend the following enhancements for certain operational and financial areas that were addressed in performing the procedures:

Policies and procedures:

- Purchasing including, how vendors are added to the vendor list.
- Receipts including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits
- Payroll including payroll processing, and reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked
- Travel and expense reimbursement dollar thresholds by category of expense
- Ethics violations clarifying the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (42:1111-1121)
- Debt Service including EMMA requirements, debt service payment requirements, and debt service reserve requirements.
- Disaster Recovery including identification of critical data, storage of backups, timely application of all software updates, and identification of personnel, processes and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Internal Reporting:

• Monthly financial reporting – Include the general fund and other major funds' revenues and expenditures (compared to budget) in the reporting process to the Board.

View of Responsible Official:

Management concurs with the audit findings and will implement the above recommendations.

Current Status: The finding has not been resolved and it is repeated in the current year's schedule of findings and recommendations. See finding 2021-003.

2020-004 Budget Law Violation

- *Criteria*: La. R.S. 39:1310 requires governments to amend general and special revenue fund budgets when actual expenditures and other uses plus projected expenditures exceed budgeted amounts by 5% or more or when actual revenues and other sources plus projected revenues will fall short of budgeted amounts by 5% or more.
- *Condition*: The Special Revenue Fund's actual expenditures and other uses exceeded budgeted expenditures and other uses by in excess of 5% or more.

C. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (continued)

2020-004 Budget Law Violation (continued)

Effect:	The Town is non-compliant with the Louisiana budget law.
Cause:	The Town did not properly monitor the budgets for the aforementioned funds during the fiscal period.
Recommendation:	The Town should monitor the budget closely throughout the fiscal period and prepare and approve amendments to the budget as required by statute.
View of Responsible	<i>Official:</i> <i>Management will continuously monitor the actual revenue and expenditures of funds</i> <i>throughout the year to comply with the State Budget Law.</i>
Current Status:	The finding has not been resolved and it is repeated in the current year's schedule of findings and recommendations. See finding 2021-004.

TOWN OF JACKSON

P.O. BOX 1150 1610 CHARTER STREET JACKSON, LOUISIANA 70748 (225) 634-7777 FAX (225) 634-2233

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

March 31, 2022

Town of Jackson, Louisiana respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Postlethwaite & Netterville, APAC 8550 United Plaza Blvd. Suite 1001 Baton Rouge, LA 70809

Audit Period: October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021

The findings from the schedule of findings and recommendations are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule of findings and recommendations.

FINDINGS – SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2021-001 Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Recommendation: The Town should establish procedures to ensure that the general ledger is closed accurately at year end.

Planned Corrective Action:

Managements concurs with the audit findings and will begin working on documenting year-end closing procedures. These procedures will list all areas to be addressed to ensure an accurate and timely closeout.

Anticipated Completion Date:	September 30, 2022	
Responsible Contact Person:	Lanna Metz, Secretary/Treasurer	

2021-002 Noncompliance with Bond Covenants

Recommendation: The Town should fully comply with all of the bond covenants set forth in the bond ordinances by establishing all restricted accounts and monitoring their balances to ensure compliance with the bond resolution.

"This institution is an equal opportunity provider."

Planned Corrective Action:

The Town plans to address non-compliance with the bond covenants during the 2022 fiscal period.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2022

Responsible Contact Person: Lanna Metz, Secretary/Treasurer

2021-003 Enhancement of Policies and Procedures and Internal Controls

Recommendation: We recommend the following enhancements for certain operational and financial areas that were addressed in performing the procedures:

Policies and procedures:

- Purchasing including, how vendors are added to the vendor list.
- · Receipts including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits
- Payroll including payroll processing, and reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked
- · Travel and expense reimbursement dollar thresholds by category of expense
- Ethics violations clarifying the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (42:1111-1121)
- Debt Service including EMMA requirements, debt service payment requirements, and debt service reserve requirements.
- Disaster Recovery including identification of critical data, storage of backups, timely
 application of all software updates, and identification of personnel, processes and tools
 needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Internal Reporting:

 Monthly financial reporting – Include the general fund and other major funds' revenues and expenditures (compared to budget) in the reporting process to the Board.

Planned Corrective Action:

Managements concurs with the audit findings and will implement the above recommendations.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2022

<u>Responsible Contact Person:</u> Lanna Metz, Secretary/Treasurer

2021-004 Budget Law Violation

Recommendation: The Town should monitor the budget closely throughout the fiscal period and prepare and approve amendments to the budget as required by statute.

Planned Corrective Action:

Management will continuously monitor the actual revenue and expenditures of funds throughout the year to comply with the State Budget Law.

Anticipated Completion Date: September 30, 2022

Responsible Contact Person: James M. Norsworthy, III, Mayor

If there are questions regarding this plan, please call Lanna Metz at (225) 634-7777.

Sincerely, anna met Matthews nna Metz

Secretary/Treasurer

TOWN OF JACKSON, LOUISIANA REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



A Professional Accounting Corporation

Page 1 of 2

March 31, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Jackson, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana (the Town) for the year ended September 30, 2021, we considered the Town's internal controls and compliance with laws and regulations having a material effect on financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure or on compliance.

However, during our audit, we became aware of the following matters that are opportunities for improving financial reporting, refining policies and procedures and enhancing compliance with laws and regulations. The following paragraphs summarize our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated March 31, 2022 on the financial statements of the Town.

<u>2021-1</u>	Documentation of Process Reviews
<u>Condition</u> :	Town management has communicated to us that there are controls in place for the review of journal entries. We corroborated that the controls were in place during our audit procedures. However, we noted that this review is not evidenced by the signing or initialing the documents or utilizing any form of documentation of review.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the review of journal entries be evidenced on the document itself or the use of an end of month/quarter checklist indicating the date of the review and the person that performed the review.
<u>Management's</u> <u>Response</u> :	We concur with the recommendation above.
<u>2021-2</u>	Cash Outstanding Items
Condition:	During our audit procedures, we noted four bank accounts had reconciling items that had been outstanding in excess of twelve months.
Recommendation:	We recommend that management investigate and resolve these outstanding reconciling items.
<u>Management's</u> <u>Response:</u>	Management agrees with the recommendation and have already started putting the recommendations in place.



Page 2 of 2

We have discussed these comments and suggestions with management, and we would be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience. We would welcome any opportunity to perform any additional study of these matters or to assist you in implementing the recommendations. We would also like to thank the Town staff for their cooperation with us during the performance of the audit.

This letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana, management of the Town of Jackson, Louisiana, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

<u>2020-1</u>	Documentation of Process Reviews
Condition:	Town management has communicated to us that there are controls in place for the review of journal entries. We corroborated that the controls were in place during our audit procedures. However, we noted that this review is not evidenced by the signing or initialing the documents or utilizing any form of documentation of review.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the review of journal entries be evidenced on the document itself or the use of an end of month/quarter checklist indicating the date of the review and the person that performed the review.
<u>Management's</u> <u>Response</u> :	We concur with the recommendation above.
<u>Current Status:</u>	The matter has not been resolved. Thus, the matter is repeated in the current year report to management as 2021-1.
<u>2020-2</u>	Cash Outstanding Items
Condition:	During our audit procedures, we noted three bank accounts had reconciling items that had been outstanding in excess of twelve months.
Recommendation:	We recommend that management investigate and resolve these outstanding reconciling items.
<u>Management's</u> <u>Response:</u>	Management agrees with the recommendation and will investigate the matter and will resolve the outstanding items.
<u>Current Status:</u>	The matter has not been resolved. Thus, the matter is repeated in the current year report to management as 2021-2.
<u>2020-3</u>	Retirement Reporting
Condition:	Upon our testing of retirement payments, it was found that one of the retirement contributions paid for an employee was overpaid.
Recommendation:	The Town should ensure contribution payments and reporting is accurate each month.
<u>Management's</u> <u>Response:</u>	We concur with the recommendation above.
Current Status:	The matter has been resolved.