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Financial Statements July 31, 2022



EIN 72-6000931

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Trustees of City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan (the Plan), an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), which comprise the statements of benefit obligations and net assets available for benefits as of July 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statement of changes in benefit obligations and net assets available for benefits for the years ended July 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the benefit obligations and net assets available for benefits of City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan as of July 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its benefit obligations and net assets available for benefits for the year ended July 31, 2022, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

Management is also responsible for maintaining a current plan instrument, including all plan amendments, administering the plan, and determining that the plan's transactions that are presented and disclosed in the financial statements are in conformity with the plan's provisions, including maintaining sufficient records with respect to each of the participants, to determine the benefits due or which may become due to such participants.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our



opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2023 on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

## Broussard and Company

January 28, 2023 Lake Charles, Louisiana

Statements of Benefit Obligations and Net Assets Available for Benefits July 31,

DENICEIT ODLICATIONS		2022	_	2021
BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS Claims payable Claims incurred but not reported	\$	138,027 511,460	\$	26,285 570,616
Total obligations other than postretirement benefit obligations	_	649,487	-	596,901
NET ASSETS				
ASSETS Cash - interest bearing Insurance company reimbursements receivable Refunds receivable		38,183 104,719 55,568	_	95,238 451,263 61,754
TOTAL ASSETS		198,470	=	608,255
LIABILITIES Cash overdraft			_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES			_	
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS		198,470	-	608,255
(DEFICIT) OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS OVER BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS	\$	(451,017)	\$ _	11,354

Statement of Changes in Benefit Obligations and Net Assets Available for Benefits For the Year Ended July 31, 2022

NET INCREASE IN BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS	
Increase (decrease) during the year attributable to:	
Claims payable	\$ 111,742
Claims incurred but not reported	 (59,156)
NET (DECREASE) IN BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS	 52,586
NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE	
FOR BENEFITS	
Additions to plan assets attributable to:	
Sponsor contributions	1,626,953
Participants contributions	414,803
Retiree contributions	29,124
Insurance company reimbursements	373,882
Miscellaneous income	 441
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 2,445,203
Deductions from plan assets attributable to:	
Benefits paid to participants	2,181,329
Payments for insurance premiums	565,113
Administrative expenses	 108,546
	2 054 000
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 2,854,988
NET (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	
AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS	(409,785)
(DECREASE) IN EXCESS OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE	
FOR BENEFITS OVER BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS	(462,371)
(DEFICIT) OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS	
OVER BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS	
BEGINNING OF YEAR	 11,354
END OF YEAR	\$ (451,017)

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

#### Note 1 - Description of the Plan

The City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits covering substantially all employees. It is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

The plan provides benefits (medical, hospital, surgical, major medical and prescription drugs) that cover permanent, full-time employees and retired employees (and their covered dependents) of the city that choose to participate following the employee waiting period. The employee waiting period for all new employees is the first of the month following the first 60 days of full-time employment. The plan also provides continuation coverage as required by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA) for qualified beneficiaries who would otherwise have lost coverage under the plan. Retired employees may elect to continue coverage within certain guidelines established under the Plan.

The plan provides benefits through a funding arrangement which is funded by the plan sponsor and/or the participating employees, and with insurance to protect the plan against unpredictable excess claims. Under the plan agreement, the city contributes in cash to the plan in a manner and at such time determined by a committee, which is a plan fiduciary. Employees and retirees contribute to the plan in order to participate. The contribution is based on the coverage elected by the participants (i.e. single, family, etc.) and their participant class. Former members covered under COBRA make contributions to the plan for continuation of health coverage.

Medical benefits are provided on a partially self-insured basis. The plan has purchased insurance contracts to protect the plan against excessive or unpredictable claims. The insurance contracts include specific loss provisions that cover claims in excess of \$170,000 for each individual covered under the medical plan. The insurance contracts also include aggregate loss provisions that cover the combined claims for all participants of the plan when the qualified claims for the plan year exceed a stated amount. The stated amount under the aggregate loss provisions was approximately \$2,780,687 at July 31, 2022.

Although it has not expressed the intent to do so, the city has the right to discontinue its contributions at any time and to terminate the plan subject to the provisions of ERISA. Funds contributed to the plan are irrevocably restricted for the use and provision of benefits to company employees.

The foregoing description of the plan provides only general information. Employees should refer to the Summary Plan Description & Plan Document for a more complete description of the plan's provisions.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) July 31, 2022

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the plan are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

*Use of Estimates* - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Plan to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash – Cash in the Plan consists of cash held in a noninterest-bearing bank account. Checks issued in excess of available balances are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Claims of the Plan are handled by its third-party administrator, IMA. IMA pays all of the claims through an account held on behalf of the Plan.

Benefit obligations — Benefit claims currently payable include the Plan's liability for claims incurred and processed before July 31, 2022. The Plan's liability for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) included claims incurred before July 31, 2022 but processed after July 31, 2022. Additional IBNR is estimated based on prior claims experience and the expected time period from the date claims are incurred to the date that the related claims are submitted and paid. The benefit obligations as of July 31, 2022 were paid in full in the subsequent year.

The authoritative guide for postretirement benefit obligations is Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 74, *Financial Reporting for Postretirement Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions*. Based upon GASB Statement 74, the Plan's postretirement benefit obligations are recorded on the City's financial statements and not the Plan's.

Payments of Benefits - Premiums paid by the company sponsors are recorded as premium payments in the accompanying statement of changes in benefit obligations and net assets available for benefits. Claim payments are recorded when paid by the third-party claims processor. Amounts due to claims processors that have not been reimbursed by the Plan are recorded as payable to claims administrators in the accompanying statements of benefit obligations and of net assets available for benefits. These payments are recorded as claims paid in the accompanying statement of changes in net assets available for benefits.

Stop Loss – Premiums for stop loss insurance are included in premium payments in the accompanying statement of changes in benefit obligations and net assets available for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) July 31, 2022

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Refunds – Refunds due from the Plan are recorded when earned. Refunds due as of the financial statement date have been reported as a receivable, with offset being netted against claims paid. Pharmacy rebates totaling \$55,568 have been netted with claims paid in the accompanying statements of changes in benefit obligations and net assets available for benefits for the year ended July 31, 2022.

*Date of Management's Review* – Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 28, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 3 - Tax Status

The Plan and trust is not pursuing tax exempt status. However, taxable income to the trust is defined in such a way that yields no tax liability for the current year. Accordingly, no tax liability or expense is reflected in the financial statements. The accounting standard on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under this guidance, the Plan may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. There were no unrecognized tax benefits identified or recorded as liabilities for the year ended July 31, 2022.

#### Note 4 - Plan Amendments

Effective July 1, 2020 changes to Eligibility Requirements for Coverage were changed. A person is eligible for Employee coverage from the first day he or she is a full-time employee of the employer or is a non-seasonal part-time employee of the employer. A person is eligible for Retired Employee coverage from the first day he or she is a retired employee of the employer. Retirees are covered till the age they are eligible for Medicare. A spouse or dependent may be covered as long as retiree is covered.

Effective August 1, 2020, the plan document is changed as follows: Medical benefit schedule A and B remove lifecare hospital statements.

Effective August 1, 2020, the plan document is changed as follows: Medical benefits schedule A and B change adult sleep disorders lifetime supply limit to apply to diagnosis only. Increase the lifetime maximum for diagnosis of Adult sleep disorders.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) July 31, 2022

#### Note 5 - Subsequent Events

The plan evaluated its July 31, 2022 financial statements for subsequent events through January 28, 2023, the date of which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 6 - Fidelity Bonding Requirement

ERISA requires every fiduciary of an employee benefit plan and every person who handles funds of the plan to maintain fidelity bond coverage equal to 10% of the amount of plan assets. The trustee (fiduciary) does maintain such a bond.

#### Note 7 - Fair Value Measurements

The framework for measuring fair values provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurement are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the trust has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include the following:
  - O Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
  - O Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets
  - o Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
  - o Inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

• Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair value of financial instruments, including cash, approximate the carrying value, principally because of the short maturity of those items and are considered Level 1 or Level 2.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) July 31, 2022

#### Note 8 - Cash

At July 31, 2022, the plan had \$59,419 on deposit with a financial institution. 100% of this amount was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### Note 9 - Risks and Uncertainties

The coronavirus pandemic was declared a national emergency in March of 2021. The impact of the pandemic could have a detrimental impact on the plan sponsor's operations which could have a negative result for the Plan's funding. The impact as of the date of these financial statements and the date of the audit report has yet to be determined.

## Note 10 - Related Party Transactions

The plan paid IMA, Inc., its third-party administrator, administrative fees of \$73,645 and \$72,372 for the years ended July 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The plan also receives certain administrative services and office usage at no charge from the City of Natchitoches. These transactions qualify as party-in-interest transactions. However, these party-in-interest transactions are exempt from the prohibited transaction rules of ERISA.

# City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended July 31, 2022

Trustee: Jenna Severance - Accountant

Purpose	Amo	ount
Salary	\$	-
Benefits - insurance	\$	-
Benefits - retirement	\$	-
Deferred compensation (contributions made by the agency)	\$	-
Benefits - other (pair of shoes)	\$	-
Benefits - other (fuel district vehicle)	\$	-
Car allowance	\$	-
Vehicle provided by government	\$	-
Cell phone	\$	-
Dues	\$	-
Vehicle rental	\$	-
Per diem	\$	-
Reimbursements	\$	-
Travel	\$	-
Registration fees	\$	-
Conference travel	\$	-
Housing	\$	-
Unvouchered expenses	\$	-
Special meals	\$	-
Other	\$	-

The City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan does not pay the Trustee's compensation.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan Natchitoches, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Natchitoches Employee Benefit Plan (the Plan), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Plan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Plan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

## Broussard and Company

Lake Charles, Louisiana January 28, 2023



## CITY OF NATCHITOCHES EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2022

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUIDTOR'S RESULTS

Financia	al Statements:		
Type of	auditor's report issued: unmodified		
Internal	control over financial reporting:		
•	Material weakness identified?	yes	X no
•	Significant deficiencies identified that are		
	not material weaknesses	yes	X no
•	Noncompliance material to financial		
	statements noted?	yes	Xno