WASHINGTON PARISH ASSESSOR Franklinton, Louisiana

Annual Financial Statements
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Washington Parish Assessor Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund	6
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	8
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual	33
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	34

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	Page
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	35
Schedule of Employer Contributions	36
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	37
Schedule Required by State Law LSA RS 24:513A(1)(a)(3)	
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits & Other Payments to Agency Head	d 39
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	40
Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings	42
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	43
Independent Accountant's Report on Statewide Agreed Upon Procedures	44

ROBERT A. NEILSON

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, L.L.C.

ROBERT A. NEILSON

MEMBER
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S
SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CPA'S

P.O. BOX 98 209 HOPPEN PLACE BOGALUSA, LOUISIANA 70429-0098 (985) 732-1811 FAX (985) 732-1812

SUITE 208
COVINGTON, LOUISIANA
(MAILING ADDRESS: P. O. BOX 98
BOGALUSA, LOUISIANA 70429-0098)
(985) 892-7940

COVINGTON OFFICE

600 N. HIGHWAY 190

rancpa@acisnetworks.com

The Honorable James Stevenson Washington Parish Assessor Franklinton, LA 70438

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Washington Parish Assessor as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washington Parish Assessor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Washington Parish Assessor as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America my responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Washington Parish Assessor, and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Washington Parish Assessor's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Washington Parish Assessor's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Washington Parish Assessor's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of Employer Contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Washington Parish Assessor's basic financial statements. The schedule of compensation,

benefits, and other payments to agency head, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 A(3) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the amounts paid by the Washington Parish Assessor included on the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Robert A. Neilson, CPA

Solvet A-Deilson

Bogalusa, Louisiana June 28, 2024



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS	*	<u></u>
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	176,276
Investment		1,686,337
Receivables		1,369,845
Capital assets (net)	-	15,588
Total Assets	_\$	3,248,046
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related	\$	417,816
OPEB Related		121,452
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	539,268
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	9,489
Payroll Taxes Payable		1,159
Financing Lease		3,992
Long Term Liabilities		
OPEB Obligation		3,157,775
Net Pension Liability		498,304
Total Liabilities	\$	3,670,720
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related	\$	60,011
OPEB Related		1,032,390
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,092,401
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	11,596
Unrestricted	((987,402)
Total Net Position	\$	(975,806)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Expenses	Rev Cha	ogram venues rges for ervices	Re Cha Go	(Expenses) venues and anges in Net Position vernmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 1,258,564	\$	77 477		(4.404.207)
	Ψ 1,230,304	Ψ	<u>77,177</u>	_\$	(1,181,387)
General Revenues Taxes- Ad Valorem taxes, le	vied for general	Inurnos	243		1,312,987
Interest	viou for general	purpoc	.00		107,697
Miscellaneous					-
Non Employer Contributions				8	163,750
Total General Revenues					1,584,434
Change in Net Position					403,047
Net Position- Beginning					(1,378,853)
Net Position- Ending				\$	(975,806)

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund December 31, 2023

ASSETS Cash & Cash Equivalents Investment	\$	176,276 1,686,337
Receivables		1,369,845
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	3,232,458
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_\$_	(1
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable	\$	9,489 1,159
Total Liabilities		10,648
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_\$_	11,005
FUND BALANCE Unassigned	\$	3,210,805
Total Fund Balance	\$	3,210,805
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$	3,232,458

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Fund Balances- Governmental Fund

\$ 3,210,805

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund:

Governmental Capital Assets	375,952	
Accumulated Depreciation	(360,364)	15,588

Post Employment Benefits are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources at year end are:

Deferred Outflows related to pensions	417,816	
Deferred Outflows related to OPEB obligations	121,452	539,268

Long Term Liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund:

Financing Lease	(3,992)	
OPEB Obligation	(3,157,775)	
Net Pension Liability	(498.304)	(3.660.071)

The deferred inflows of contributions for the Assessor's Retirement Funds and Other Post Employment Benefits are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources at year end are:

Deferred Inflows related to pensions	(60,011)
Deferred Inflows related to OPEB Obligations	(1,032,390) (1,092,401)

Certain revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the fund.

11,005

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (975,806)

Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues	
Property Taxes	\$ 1,317,127
State revenue sharing	63,911
Interest Income	107,697
Other Revenues	13,266
Total Revenues	1,502,001
Expenditures	
Salaries and Related Benefits	890,867
Materials and Supplies	15,741
Operating Services	139,713
Travel	3,605
Total Expenditures	1,049,925
Evence Povenues Over Evnenditures	452.075
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	452,075
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,758,730
E 181 - 451 69	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 3,210,805

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Change in Governmental Fund Balance

\$ 452,075

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:

estimated useful lives:	
Depreciation Expense(5,903)	(5,903)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,711
Some Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
OPEB Expense 36,857	
Assessor's Portion of Retiree Insurance 72,669	
Pension Expense (313,971)	(204,445)
Non Employer Contributions received from the Assessor's Retirement Fund are reported in the statement of activities but not in the revenues of the	
governmental funds.	163,750
Change in Deferred Revenue	(4,141)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 403,047

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a four-year term. The Assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish, subject to ad valorem taxation. The assessor is authorized to appoint as many deputies as may be necessary for efficient operation of the office and provide assistance to the taxpayers of the parish. The deputies are authorized to perform all functions of the office, but the assessor is officially and pecuniary responsible for the actions of the deputies.

The Assessor's office is located in the Washington Parish Courthouse in Franklinton, Louisiana. The Assessor employs nine employees including eight deputies. In accordance with Louisiana law, the Assessor bases real and movable property assessments on conditions existing on January 1 of the tax year. The Assessor completes an assessment listing by May 1 of the tax year and submits the list to the parish governing authority and to the Louisiana Tax Commission, as prescribed by law. Once the assessment listing is approved, the Assessor submits the assessment roll to the parish tax collector who is responsible for collecting and distributing taxes to the various taxing bodies.

At December 31, 2023, there were 24,473 property assessments totaling \$307,241,270. This represents a significant increase in the assessed values over the prior year primarily due to the large increase in the reassessment of the Parish's top taxpayer.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Washington Parish Assessor have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. REPORTING ENTITY

The assessor is an independently elected official. The Washington Parish Government has determined that the Assessor is not a component unit of Parish Government utilizing criteria established by GASB Statement 14.

The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the assessor and do not present information on the Washington Parish Government, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that compromise the financial reporting entity.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The assessor uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain tax assessment functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for all of the assessor's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the assessor.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the assessor and it accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to the assessor's policy.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The amounts reflected in the general fund on pages 9 and 11 are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS) (continued)

other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of the assessor's operations.

The amounts reflected in the general fund on pages 9 and 11 use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The assessor considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental fund uses the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are recognized as revenue in the year they are assessed, and generally are collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year. Interest earnings on time deposits are recorded when the time deposits have matured and the interest is available. State revenue sharing is appropriated by the legislature at the end of the calendar year and is recorded in the year of appropriation. Other revenues are recorded in the period received due to the nature of the transactions.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred revenue are those revenues that are measurable but not yet available, under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, they are not recorded as revenue. The balance sheet records the receivable, but includes deferred revenue as its offset.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position on page 7 and the Statement of Activities on page 8 display information about the assessor as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the assessor.

In the Statement of Net Position, governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are presented on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long term assets and receivables as well as long term obligations. Net position are reported in three parts; invested in capital assets, net of any related debt, restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Assessor first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from parties outside the assessor's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the assessor's general revenues.

The Assessor reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function.

E. BUDGETS

The Washington Parish Assessor adopts an annual budget for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting for revenues and expenditures. The original proposed budget for 2023 was published in the official journal, made available for public inspection, public hearing was held and adopted all within the required timeframe. Formal budget integration is not employed as a management control device during the year. All appropriations lapse at year end. The assessor reserves all authority to make changes to the budget. There were no amendments to the original budget in 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits and amounts on deposit with the Louisiana Asset Management Pool. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits. Under state law, the assessor may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The assessor maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and depreciation on capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

D		4.0	
1 100	^rı	nti	an.
Des	GI I	ри	OII.

Building Improvements Furniture & Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Lives:

25 years 5-20 years 5 years

H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All employees of the assessor's office earn from five to twenty days of vacation leave each year, depending on the length of service. Vacation leave must be taken during the year earned. However, upon resignation or retirement, employees are paid for unused vacation leave earned during the year. Employees will not be paid for unused vacation if terminated.

All full-time employees earn 12 days of sick leave each year. A total of 45 days of sick leave can be accumulated. All accumulated sick leave lapses upon termination. There were no accumulated and vested leave benefits required to be reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16 at December 31, 2023.

I. NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the government-wide statement of net position, the net position amount is classified and displayed in three components:

 Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

I. NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.
- Restricted net position This component consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for uses, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

J. FUND BALANCE

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances may be classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Assessor.
- Assigned Amounts that are designated by the Assessor for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the Assessor uses restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available, it is the policy of the Assessor to reduce committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

K. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. CURRENT YEAR ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During fiscal year ending December 31, 2023 GASB Statement 96, Subscription Based Information Technology was adopted. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right to use subscription asset- an intangible asset- and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

This standard was evaluated for the District Attorney's office and as a result, there were no effects for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

M. PENSION PLANS

The Washington Parish Assessor's Office is a participating employer in a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan as described in Note 7. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the plan.

N. OPEB PLAN

The Assessor's defined benefit post-employment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full time employees of the Assessor. The Assessor's OPEB plan is a multi-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. Benefits are provided through the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees, and retirees rests with the Assessor.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

2. LEVIED TAXES

The Washington Parish Assessor is authorized to levy up to 5.37 mills in ad valorem taxes. A 5.37 mill ad valorem tax was levied for the year ended December 31, 2023. The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish:

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Temple Inland	Paper mill	\$51,798,030	16.86%
Entergy Louisiana	Utility	\$16,465,960	5.36%
Southern Natural Gas TOTAL:	Pipeline	\$ 8,993,510 \$77,257,500	2.93% 25.15%

The total assessed valuation for all taxpayers at December 31, 2023 was \$307,241,270. This figure was used in calculating the percentage of the "assessed valuation of each of the largest taxpayers" to the "total assessed valuation for all taxpayers".

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 2023, the assessor had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$176,276 as follows:

Total	<u>\$176,276</u>
Time deposits	<u>165,554</u>
Demand deposits	\$10,722

These deposits are stated at cost. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At December 31, 2023 the assessor had \$205,859 in deposits (collected bank balances). The bank deposits are secured from risk by federal deposit insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

4. INVESTMENTS

An investment of \$1,686,337, which is stated at cost and approximates market at December 31, 2023, is invested in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP).

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA – R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invest in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- <u>Concentration of credit risk:</u> Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest Rate Risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for US Government floating variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 52 days as of December 31, 2023.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

4. INVESTMENTS (continued)

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the LAMP administrative office at 1-800-249-5267.

5. RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$1,369,845 at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Class of Receivable

Ad valorem taxes \$ 1,299,661
City Taxes 6,125
State revenue sharing 64,060

Total <u>\$1,369,845</u>

Ad valorem taxes receivable are recorded net of any estimated uncollectible amount.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Building Improvements	Financing Lease Equipment	Furniture & Equipment	Vehicles	TOTAL
Capital Assets 12/31/22 Additions	\$61,314	\$8,554	\$287,561	\$18,523	\$375,952
Deletions					
Capital Assets 12/31/23	61,314	8,554	287,561	18,523	375,952
Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/22	56,072	2,994	276,872	18,523	354,461
Additions	969	1,711	3,223	0	5,903
Deletions					
Accumulated Depreciation 12/31/23	57,041	4,705	280,095	18,523	360,364
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation, 12/31/23	<u>\$4,273</u>	\$3,849	<u>\$7,466</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$15,588</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

6. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, depreciation expense was \$5,903 of which accumulated amortization for capital lease equipment is included in the accumulated depreciation for all capital assets.

7. PENSION PLAN

The Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund (Fund) was created by Act 91 Section 1 of the 1950 regular Legislature Session. The Fund is a cost sharing, multiple employer, qualified governmental defined benefit pension plan covering assessors and their deputies employed by any parish of the State of Louisiana, under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1401 through 1494. The plan is a qualified plan as defined by the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), effective January 1, 1998. Membership in the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund is a condition of employment for Assessors and their full time employees.

The following brief description of the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement Fund and Subsidiary is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Plan Agreement for more complete information.

Pension Benefits

Employees who were hired before October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of fifty-five and have at least twelve years of service or have at least thirty years of service, regardless of age. Employees who were hired on or after October 1, 2013, will be eligible for pension benefits once they have either reached the age of sixty and have at least twelve years of service or have reached the age of fifty-five and have at least thirty years of service.

Employees who became members prior to October 1, 2006, are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 36 consecutive months multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership began on or after October 1, 2006, but before October 1, 2013, are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 60 consecutive months, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership began on or after October 1, 2013, but who have less than thirty years of service are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three percent of their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 60 consecutive months, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members whose first employment making them

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

eligible for membership began on or after October 1, 2013, and have thirty or more years of service are entitled to annual pension benefits equal to three and one-third percent of 7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

their highest monthly average final compensation received during any 60 consecutive months, multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100% of monthly average final compensation. Members may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity.

Contributions

Contributions for all members are established by statute at 8.00% of earned compensation. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating agency. Employer contributions were 3.5% through September 30, 2023, increasing to 5% beginning October 1, 2023.

The fund also receives one-fourth of one percent of the property taxes assessed in each parish of the state except for Orleans Parish, which is one percent, as well as a state revenue sharing appropriation. According to state statute, in the event that contributions for ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds are insufficient to provide for the gross employer actuarially required contribution, the employer is required to make direct contributions as determined by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee.

Contributions from non employer contributing entities were \$163,750. Contributions to the pension plan from the Assessor were \$17,508.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2023, the Assessor reported a liability of \$498,304 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability as determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Assessor's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Assessor's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023, the Assessor's proportion was 1.02%, which was an increase of 0.09% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Assessor recognized pension expense of \$19,756 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, which was \$313,971. The total pension expense for the Assessor for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$333,727.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Schedule of Employer Allocations (continued)

At December 30, 2023, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows Of <u>Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$16,045	\$54,786
Change in assumptions	131,101	.55.
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	3,960	5,225
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	260,337	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,373	
TOTAL	<u>\$417,816</u>	\$60,011

Deferred outflows of resources of \$6,373 related to pensions resulting from the Assessor's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 30,	
2024	\$83,228
2025	108,875
2026	205,724
2027	(42,574)
2028	(3,178)

<u>\$352,075</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The current year actuarial assumptions utilized for this report are based on the assumptions used in the September 30, 2023 actuarial funding valuation, which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2019. All assumptions selected were determined to be reasonable and represent expectations of future experience for the Fund.

Additional information on the actuarial methods and assumptions used as of September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return (discount rate)	5.50%, net position plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation Rate	2.10%
Salary Increases	5.25%
Annuitant and beneficiary mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Active Members Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for General Healthy Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.
Disabled Lives Mortality	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for General Disabled Retirees multiplied by 120% with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

Discount Rate

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation, of 2.5% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting long-term expected arithmetic nominal return was 7.85% as of September 30, 2023.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	7.50%
International equity	8.50%
Domestic bonds	2.50%
International bonds	3.50%
Real estate	4.50%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the participating employers and non-employer contributing entities will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.50%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) of the participating employers would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.50%) or one percentage point higher (6.50%) than the current rate:

	Changes in Discount Rate			
		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
Net Pension Liability	(4.50%)	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	
Assessor	\$1,119,354	\$498,304	(\$29,787)	

Retirement Fund Audit Report

The Fund has issued a stand-alone audit report on its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2023. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov, or by contacting the Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund, Post Office Box 14699, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898.

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Assessor offers its employees participation in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan administered by the Louisiana Deferred Compensation Commission. The plan, regulated under the provisions of Title 32, Part VII of the Louisiana Administrative Code, is a defined contribution plan established in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is a retirement savings plan allowing eligible employees to supplement any existing retirement and pension benefits by saving and investing pre-tax and/or after-tax dollars through a voluntary salary contribution.

Contributions to Section 457 plans are determined by the US Department of the Treasury's Internal Revenue Service. In 2023, participants in the plan may contribute up to 100% of earnable compensation or \$22,500, whichever is less. Participants in the plan have two different options to catch up and contribute more near retirement.

Participant and on behalf Assessor contributions to the plan may be invested in a variety of investment options broadly diversified with distinct risk and return characteristics. Self-directed brokerage and managed account options are available. Contributions and investment earnings are always 100% vested.

The Assessor has opted to match participating employees' elective deferrals up to 9%. The

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (continued)

Assessor contributed \$34,350 to the plan during the year ended December 31, 2023. No amounts were payable to the plan at December 31, 2023.

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

Continuing health care and life insurance benefits are provided for those retired employees who have reached normal retirement age while employed by the Assessor. The plan is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the Insurance Committee of the Assessor's Insurance Fund dba Louisiana Assessor's Association. The Insurance Committee of the Assessor's Insurance Fund has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan. The plan issued a publicly available financial report. The report can be obtained through the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website. Effective with the year ending December 31, 2023, the Washington Parish Assessor implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The Assessor provides medical, dental, and life insurance coverage for eligible employees, retirees, and their dependents through the Louisiana Assessor's Association. The Assessor pays for the cost of the employee's retiree's medical, dental, and life coverage. The retiree can also elect to cover his or her spouse and dependents but must pay the entire premium for their coverage. The Assessor recognizes the cost of providing these benefits (the Assessor's portion of premiums) as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are due. The benefits are financed on a pay as you go basis.

Relationship Between Valuation Date, Measurement Date, and Reporting Date

The Valuation Date is January 1, 2022. This is the date as of which the actuarial valuation is performed. The Measurement Date is December 31, 2023. This is the date as of which the total OPEB liability is determined. The reporting date is December 31, 2023. This is the plan's and/or employer's fiscal year ending date.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Significant Changes

Given the substantial uncertainty regarding the impact of COVID-19 on plan costs, including whether the pandemic will increase or decrease costs during the term of our projections, we have chosen not to make an adjustment in the expected plan costs. It is possible that the COVID-19 pandemic could have a material impact on the projected costs.

Participant Data as of January 1, 2023

Actives	7
Retirees	8
Beneficiaries	0
Spouses of Retirees	_ 0
TOTAL	15

Total OPEB Liability

The Assessor's total OPEB Liability of \$3,157,775 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions & Other Inputs

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under this method, a projected retirement benefit at assumed retirement age is computed for each participant using anticipated future pay increases. The normal cost for each participant is computed as the level percentage of pay, which is paid from each participant's date of employment by the employer or any predecessor employer (thus, entry age) to his assumed retirement date, would accumulate with interest at the rate assumed in the valuation to an amount sufficient to fund his projected retirement benefit. The normal cost of the plan is the total of the individually computed normal costs for all participants including the costs for any death or disability benefits under the plan.

The accrued liability at any point in time for an active participant is the theoretical fund that would have been accumulated on his behalf from his normal cost payments and the earnings thereon for all prior years if the plan had always been in effect. For persons receiving benefits or entitled to a deferred vested retirement income, the accrued liability cost is equal to the present value of their future benefit payments. The accrued liability for the plan is the total of the individually computed accrued liability for all participants. The unfunded accrued liability for the plan is the excess of the accrued liability over the assets which have been accumulated for the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions & Other Inputs (continued)

It should be noted that the accrued liability as of any date is not the accuarially computed present value of accrued or accumulated plan benefits as of that date. The accrued liability is the portion of the ultimate cost assigned to prior years by the cost method being used.

In addition to the actuarial method used, actuarial cost estimates depend to an important degree on the assumptions made relative to various occurrences, such as rate of expected investment earnings by the fund, rates of mortality among active and retired employees, rates of termination from employment, and retirement rates. In the current valuation, the actuarial assumptions used for the calculation of costs and liabilities are as follows:

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions:

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Valuation Date:

January 1, 2022

Measurement Date:

Benefit liabilities are valued as of December 31, 2023.

Discount Rate:

3.26% per annum, compounded annually.

Mortality Rates:

Healthy Retirement: Sex Distinct Pub- 2010 General Mortality with separate employee and healthy annuitant rates, projected generationally using Scale MP-2021.

Beneficiaries: Sex Distinct Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivors Mortality, projected generationally using IRS 2024 Adjusted Scale MP-2021.

Disability Retirement: Sex Distinct Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Mortality, projected generationally using IRS 2024 Adjusted Scale MP-2021.

Withdrawal Rates:

The rates for both males and females decrease in range from 12% for participants with less than one year of service to 1% for those with 16 years or greater of service.

Disability Rates:

The rates for both males and females increase in range from 0.006% for participants aged 34 up to 0.195% for participants aged 60 or greater.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions & Other Inputs (continued)

Retirement Rates:

The rates for both males and females increase in range from 22% for participants aged 46 to 49 up to 28% for those aged 63 or greater.

Participant Assumption

100% of participants are assumed to elect retiree medical coverage upon retirement.

Marriage Assumption

For actives, it is assumed that husbands are three years older than their wives with 40% of active participants electing spouse coverage at retirement.

Compensation Increase

3.00% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation Rate

2.30% per year

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 12/31/22	\$2,900,165
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	79,132
Interest	109,491
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	0
Changes in Assumptions/Inputs	141,656
Benefit Payments	<u>(72,669)</u>
Net Changes	257,610
Balance at 12/31/23	<u>\$3,157,775</u>

Sensitivity to the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	<u>2.26%</u>	3.26%	4.26%
Total OPEB Liability	\$3,621,553	\$3,157,775	\$2,777,487

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity to the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Assessor, as well as what the Assessor's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$2,708,372	<u>\$3,157,775</u>	\$3,713,144

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources related to OPEB:

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Assessor recognized an OPEB Expense of \$36,858. At December 31, 2023, the Assessor reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
_	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	(\$73,613)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$121,452	(\$958,777)
Total	<u>\$121,452</u>	(\$1,032,390)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:

2024	(\$488,263)
2025	(455,643)
2026	32,968
2027	\$0
2028	\$0
Thereafter	\$0

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

10. FINANCING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Washington Parish Assessor records items under financial leases as an asset and an obligation in the accompanying financial statements.

Ending Balance 12/31/23	<u>\$3,992</u>
Reductions	(1,711)
Beginning Balance 12/31/22 Additions	\$5,703

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the new minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2023:

Years Ending:	Minimum Lease Commitments
2024	\$1,711
2025	\$1,711
2026	\$570
TOTAL	<u>\$3,992</u>

11. EXPENDITURES FOR THE ASSESSOR NOT INCLUDED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Certain operating expenditures of the assessor's office are paid by the Washington Parish Government as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:4713. The Assessor's office is located in the Washington Parish Courthouse, and the upkeep and maintenance of the courthouse are paid by the Washington Parish Government. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered, in part, by commercial insurance. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

13. INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

During 1994, the Washington Parish Assessor entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Washington Parish Police Jury, now the Washington Parish Government, and other elected officials of the parish to provide security for the main courthouse building. Under the terms of the agreement, the assessor voluntarily contributes to the project its estimated share of the costs involved. The assessor paid \$0 in December 31, 2023.

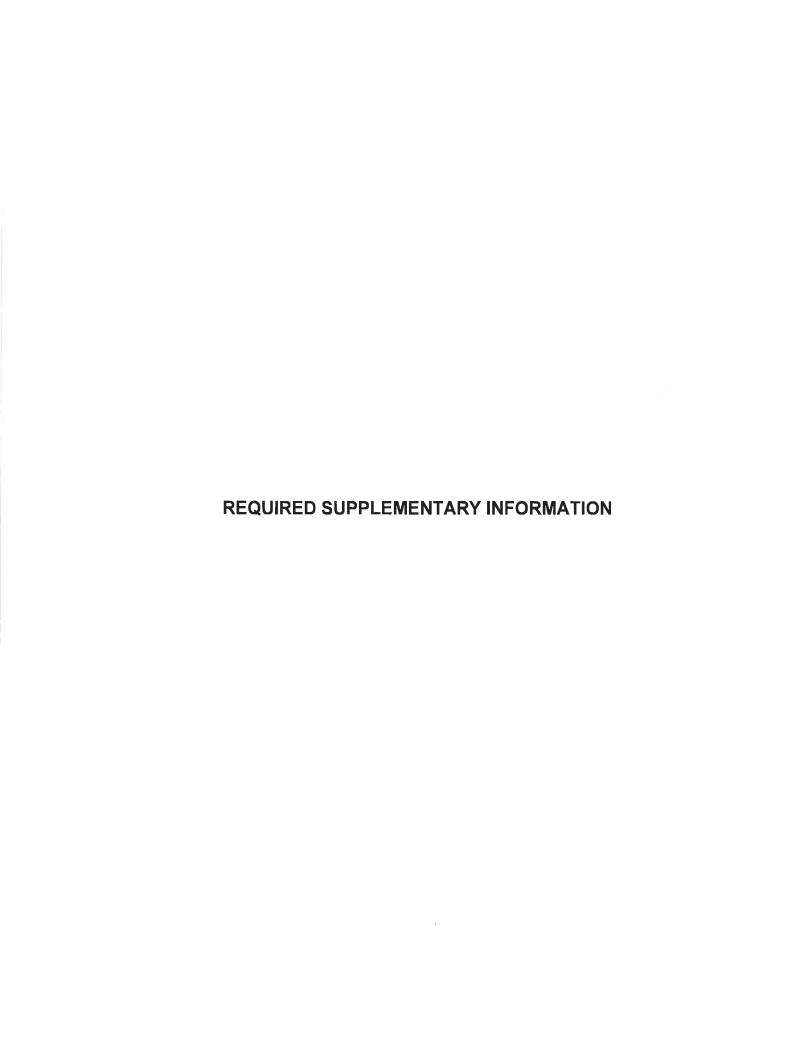
14. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Washington Parish Assessor's Office is subject to certain property tax abatements granted by the Louisiana State Board of Commerce and Industry (the "State Board"), a state entity governed by board members representing major economic groups and gubernatorial appointees. Abatements to which the government may be subject include those issued for property taxes under the Industrial Tax Exemption Program ("ITEP") and the Restoration Tax Abatement Program ("RTAP").

Under the ITEP, as authorized by Article 7, Section 21(F), of the Louisiana Constitution and Executive Order Number JBE 2016-73, companies that qualify as manufacturers can apply to the State Board for a property tax exemption on all new property, as defined, used in the manufacturing process. Under the ITEP, companies are required to promise to expand or build manufacturing facilities in Louisiana, with a minimum investment of \$5 million. The exemptions are granted for a 5 year term and are renewable for an additional 5 year term upon approval by the State Board. In the case of the local government, these state-granted abatements, have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which the tax assessor administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be as much as 100 percent. The local government may recapture abated taxes if a company fails to expand facilities or otherwise fail to fulfill its commitments under the agreement. Taxes abated for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 were a total of \$196,287.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, June 28, 2024, and determined no disclosures are needed.



Governmental Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Final Budget		Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$	1,097,800	\$	1,317,127		\$	219,327	
State revenue sharing		65,000		63,911			(1,089)	
Interest Income		2,500		107,697			105,197	
Other Revenues		9,800	10	13,266			3,466	
Total Revenues	\$	1,175,100	\$	1,502,001		\$	326,901	
Expenditures								
Salaries and Related Benefits	\$	891,300	\$	890,867		\$	433	
Materials and Supplies		15,000		15,741			(741)	
Operating Services		150,000		139,713			10,287	
Travel		5,000		3,605			1,395	
Capital Expenditures		110,300					110,300	
Total Expenditures	_\$	1,171,600	<u></u>	1,049,925		\$	121,675	
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	_\$	3,500	\$	452,075		\$	448,575	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,206,130		2,758,730		\$	552,600	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,209,630	\$	3,210,805		\$	1,001,175	

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the year ended December 31, 2023

Total OPEB Liability	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service Cost	\$ 79,132	\$ 128,969	\$ 127,442	\$	108,598	\$ 90,483	\$ 52,146
Interest	109,491	101,932	100,129		97,083	111,560	54,219
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	<u> </u>	(150,693)			666,288		(38,814)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	141,655	(1,962,733)	65,595		342,146	651,677	1,097,680
Benefit payments	(72,669)	(72,669)	(66,463))	(39,818)	(59, 106)	(58,446)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	257,609	(1,955,194)	226,703	\$	1,174,297	\$ 794,614	\$ 1,106,785
Total OPEB Liability-Beginning	2,900,166	4,855,360	4,628,657	\$	3,454,360	\$ 2,659,746	\$ 1,552,961
Total OPEB Liability-End	3,157,775	2,900,166	4,855,360	\$	4,628,657	\$ 3,454,360	\$ 2,659,746
Covered Employee Payroll	566,656	489,397	562,591	\$	601,691	\$ 579,995	\$ 574,347
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	557.26%	592.60%	863.04%)	769.27%	595.58%	463.09%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended December 31, 2023*

			(2 2)		54 S	
		Pr	oportionate		Proportionate Share of	Plan Fiduciary
	Employer	SI	nare of the		the Net Pension	Net Position as a
	Proportion of the	N	et Pension	Employer's	Liability (Asset) as a	Percentage of the
Year	Net Pension		Liability	Covered	Percentage of its	Total Pension
End	Liability (Asset)		(Asset)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
2023	1.017019%	\$	498,298	\$ 500,238	99.61%	90.91%
2022	0.925060%	\$	612,789	\$ 441,676	138.74%	87.25%
2021	0.994910%	\$	(327,086)	\$ 460,567	-71.02%	106.48%
2020	1.080390%	\$	165,058	\$ 496,651	33.23%	96.79%
2019	1.118880%	\$	295,140	\$ 497,776	59.3%	94.12%
2018	1.128273%	\$	219,340	\$ 497,326	44.1%	95.46%
2017	1.113936%	\$	195,464	\$ 489,040	40.0%	95.61%
2016	1.048039%	\$	369,822	\$ 456,290	81.0%	90.68%
2015	1.006877%	\$	526,922	\$ 429,026	122.8%	85.57%
2014	1.058188%	\$	369,939	\$ 428,622	86.3%	90.0%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Year End	R	ntractually equired tribution 1	R Ci	tributions in elation to ontractual Required otributions 2	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	(mployer's Covered Payroll 3	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2023	\$	19,756	\$	19,756	\$ 	\$	509,825	3.88%
2022	\$	21,011	\$	21,011	\$:=:	\$	455,576	4.61%
2021	\$	32,002	\$	32,002	\$ -	\$	439,015	7.29%
2020	\$	39,818	\$	39,818	\$ 	\$	497,776	8.00%
2019	\$	39,822	\$	39,822	\$ -	\$	497,776	8.00%
2018	\$	39,822	\$	39,822	\$	\$	497,776	8.00%
2017	\$	46,892	\$	46,892	\$:=::	\$	493,718	9.50%
2016	\$	59,595	\$	59,595	\$ ₩.	\$	472,376	12.62%
2015	\$	57,384	\$	57,384	\$ 5 -0 0	\$	425,067	13.50%
2014	\$	58,298	\$	58,298	\$ 22	\$	431,833	13.50%

For Reference Only:

- 1. Employer contribution rate multiplied by employer's covered payroll.
- 2. Actual employer contributions remitted to Louisiana Assessors' Retirement Fund.
- 3. Employer's covered payroll amount for the year ended December 31 of each year.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Assessor follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Management prepares a proposed budget and is made available for public inspection no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in accordance with state law.
- 2. The Assessor is responsible for adopting the budget in an open meeting before the end of the fiscal year in accordance with state law.
- 3. The original budget is prepared based on historical data and projections.
- 4. Due to the high cost of publications, the budget is only amended once per year, if revenues or expenditures have an unfavorable variance of 5% or greater. That determination is made based on year to date information provided by the outside accountant and any known, upcoming expenditures not yet recorded.
- 5. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the general fund did not have excess expenditures over appropriations and budgeted revenues were less than actual, both resulting in favorable variances.

NOTE 2: Pension Plan

Changes to Benefit Terms- None

Changes of Assumptions-

Plan Year End	Discount Rate	Investment Rate of Return	Inflation Rate	Expected Remaining Service Lives	Projected Salary Increase
2015	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2016	7.00%	7.00%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2017	6.75%	6.75%	2.50%	6	5.75%
2018	6.25%	6.25%	2.20%	6	5.75%
2019	6.00%	6.00%	2.20%	6	5.75%
2020	5.75%	5.75%	2.10%	6	5.25%
2021	5.00%	5.00%	2.10%	6	5.25%
2022	5.00%	5.50%	2.10%	6	5.25%
2023	5.50%	5.50%	2.10%	6	5.25%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2023

NOTE 3: Other Post Employment Benefits

Changes to Benefit Terms- None

Changes of Assumptions-

Fiscal Year End	Inflation Rate	Discount Rate	Projected Salary Increase
2019	2.30%	2.74%	3.00%
2020	2.20%	2.12%	3.00%
2021	2.20%	2.06%	3.00%
2022	2.30%	3.72%	3.00%
2023	2.30%	3.26%	3.00%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.



Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head Schedule Required by State Law LSA RS 24:513A(1)(a)(3) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Agency Head:

James A. Stevenson, Jr.

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 139,045
Expense Allowance	13,180
Car Allowance	22,834
Benefits-Insurance	13,193
Benefits-Retirement	24,356
Deferred Compensation	13,500
Meeting Expenses	376
TOTAL	\$ 226,484

ROBERT A. NEILSON

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, L.L.C.

ROBERT A. NEILSON

MEMBER

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S

SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CPA'S

P.O. BOX 98

209 HOPPEN PLACE BOGALUSA, LOUISIANA 70429-0098

(985) 732-1811

FAX (985) 732-1812

600 N. HIGHWAY 190
SUITE 208
COVINGTON, LOUISIANA
(MAILING ADDRESS: P₁ O, BOX 98
BOGALUSA, LOUISIANA 70429-0098)

COVINGTON OFFICE

rancpa@acisnetworks.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable James Stevenson Washington Parish Assessor Franklinton, LA 70438

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Washington Parish Assessor, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated June 28, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Washington Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Washington Parish Assessor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have

a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Robert A. Neilson, CPA

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Bogalusa, Louisiana June 28, 2024

Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of Auditor's Report Issued		Unmodified
Material Weakness Identified	Yes	XNo
Significant Deficiency identified that are not considered material weaknesses?	Yes	XNo
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo
Section II - Findings Affecting the Financial Statements		
None		
Section III - Compliance and Other Matters		
None		

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Section	<i>l</i> -	Summary	of Auditor's	Results
None				

Section II - Findings Affecting the Financial Statements

None

Section III - Compliance and Other Matters

None

ROBERT A. NEILSON

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P.O, BOX 98

209 HOPPEN PLACE
BOGALUSA, LOUISIANA 70429-009B
(985) 732-1811

FAX (985) 732-1812

rancpa@acisnetworks.com

COVINGTON OFFICE
600 N, HIGHWAY 190
SUITE 208
COVINGTON, LOUISIANA
(MAILING ADDRESS: P. O, BOX 98
BOGALUSA, LOUISIANA 70429-0098)
(985) 892-7940

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

June 28, 2024

ROBERT A, NEILSON

MEMBER

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S

SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CPA'S

The Honorable James Stevenson Washington Parish Assessor Franklinton, LA 70438

I have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period ending December 31, 2023. The Washington Parish Assessor is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Assessor has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period ending December 31, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the

- completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.
- f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
- i) Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- Sexual Harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting. <u>No exceptions.</u>

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund

and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

The Assessor does not have a board of directors or similar body; therefore, the procedures listed above were not applicable.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who
 does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation
 within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated,
 electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Exceptions: There is no evidence that the bank reconciliations were reviewed by a member of management.

Management's Response: The Assessor will review the bank reconciliations once they are received and indicate so by initialing and dating the reports.

Collections (excluding EFTs)

- 4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each

46

deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

- a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
- b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
- c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).
 - e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Exception: All employees who handle cash, except one, are covered by the Assessor's bond policy.

Management's Response: The Assessor's office will add the employee to the bond insurance policy.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
- 11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

No exceptions.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

12. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 13. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]
 - b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

No exceptions.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions.

Contracts

- 16. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment.
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions.

Payroll and Personnel

- 17. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 18. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

- 19. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 20. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines

No exceptions.

Ethics

- 21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
 - b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
 - c. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions.

Debt Service

- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- 23. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

The Assessor has no outstanding debt, other than leases, as of December 31, 2023.

Fraud Notice

- 24. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 25. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

26. Perform the following procedures:

- a. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.
- b. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
- c. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- d. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.
- e. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
 - 1. Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
 - 2. Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

Exception: We discussed all results with management and there was no cybersecurity training in fiscal year 2023 for employees.

Management's Response: The Assessor's office was unaware of the requirement to complete cybersecurity training. Going forward, they will complete the training annually along with the ethics and sexual harassment.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency:
 - Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

No exceptions.

I was engaged by the Washington Parish Assessor to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. I was not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

I am required to be independent of the Washington Parish Assessor and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to my agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Robert A. Neilson, CPA, LLC

Solut A. Neelson

Bogalusa, LA June 28, 2024