## SADIE - TIGER BEND FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

MARION, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021



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To the Board Members **Sadie - Tiger Bend Fire Protection District**Marion, Louisiana

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Sadie - Tiger Bend Fire Protection District, a component unit of Union Parish Police Jury, as of and for each of the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the financial statements nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on these financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The required supplementary information was subject to our compilation engagement. We have not audited or reviewed the required supplementary information and do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, reimbursements, and other payments to agency head is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management. The supplementary information was subject to our compilation engagement. We have not audited or reviewed the supplementary information and do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

We are not independent with respect to the District.

BOSCH & STATHAM, LLC Bosch & Statham
Ruston, Louisiana
July 31, 2023



# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

70	105,252
16	29,827
00	600
46	417,225
32	552,904
60	552
46	417,225
26	135,127
72 \$	552,352
5 6 1 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6	516 600 146 332 560 146 626 772 \$

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			PROGRAM REVENUES				NET (	EXPENSE)
		CHARGES	OPERATIN	NG	CAPI	TAL	REVE	NUE AND
		FOR	GRANTS A	.ND	GRANT	S AND	CHA	NGES IN
FUNCTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<b>EXPENSES</b>	SERVICES	CONTRIBUT	IONS	CONTRI	BUTIONS	NET	ASSETS
Public Safety	\$ 52,961	\$ -	\$ 16	6,129	\$	-	\$	(36,832)
				<del></del>				
		General revent	ies:					
		Property tax	es levied for:					
		Public Saf	ety					17,618
		Penalties and	d interest on delin	nquent tax	es			34
		Other		-				600
		Total ge	neral revenues					18,252
		Change in net	position					(18,580)
		•	beginning of yea	ur				552,352
		Net position a					\$	533,772

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			PROG	RAM REVE	NUES		NET (	EXPENSE)
		CHARGES	OPER	RATING	CAPITA	L	REVI	ENUE AND
		FOR	GRAN	TS AND	GRANTS A	AND	CHA	NGES IN
FUNCTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<b>EXPENSES</b>	SERVICES	CONTRI	IBUTIONS	CONTRIBUT	TIONS	NET	ASSETS
Public Safety	\$ 55,416	\$ 23,168	\$	9,040	\$	-	\$	(23,208)
		General reven	ues:					
		Property tax	es levied fo	or:				
		Public Sa	fety					16,066
		Other taxes.	penalties a	nd interest				65
		Total go	eneral reven	nues				16,131
		Change in	net positio	n				(7,077)
		Net position	ı at beginni	ng of year				559,429
		Net position	_				\$	552,352

# GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND - BALANCE SHEETS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

ASSETS	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,070	\$ 105,252
Receivables	13,516	29,827
Deposits	600	600
Total assets	\$ 139,186	\$ 135,679
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	 560	 552
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Ad valorem taxes unavailable at year-end	 2,180	3,763
Fund equity - fund balances:		
Nonspendable	600	600
Unassigned	135,846	130,764
Total fund equity - fund balances	 136,446	 131,364
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund equity	\$ 139,186	\$ 135,679

# STATEMENTS OF GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Taxes:		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 16,276	\$ 15,365
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes	34	65
Intergovernmental funds:		
State government shared revenue	16,129	9,040
Charges for services	1,859	21,543
Other revenues	600	-
Total revenues	34,898	46,013
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Public safety:		
Operating Services	12,586	20,312
Materials and supplies	16,670	5,986
Travel and other	-	1,027
Intergovernmental	560	552
Total expenditures	29,816	27,877
Net change in fund balances	5,082	18,136
Fund balance at beginning of year	131,364	113,228
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 136,446	\$ 131,364

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

### Introduction

The Sadie - Tiger Bend Fire Protection District was established by the Union Parish Police Jury on May 4, 2010, as authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute 40:1492. The District is governed by a five-member board which serves without compensation. The District is responsible for maintaining and operating fire stations and equipment and providing fire protection within the boundaries of the District. The District has no employees.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Sadie - Tiger Bend Fire Protection District (District) have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The basic financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the District as of and for each of the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Union Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Union Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As required by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34*, a legally separate entity is considered a component unit of the Union Parish Police Jury, the reporting entity for Union parish, if at least one of the following criteria is met:

- 1. The police jury appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential financial benefit/burden to the police jury.
- 2. The entity is fiscally dependent on the police jury and there is a potential financial benefit/burden to the police jury.
- 3. The nature and significance of the relationship between the police jury and the entity is such that exclusion would cause the financial statements of the police jury to be misleading.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Depending on the closeness of their relationship with the police jury, some component units are blended with the parish reporting entity, while others are discretely reported.

In reporting entity financial statements, the District would be a discretely presented component unit of the police jury.

#### **B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

When presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial report consists of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information other than the MD&A. The MD&A provides an analytical overview of the financial activities of the District. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements. Management has omitted the MD&A.

The government-wide statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Major revenues such as ad valorem taxes and parcel fees are assessed, collected and susceptible to accrual. Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses of the government are reported in the financial statements.

All capital (long-lived) assets, receivables, and long-term obligations are reported in the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses in a format that allows the reader to focus on the net cost of each function of the District. Both the gross and net cost per function, which is otherwise being supported by general government revenues, is compared to the revenues generated by the function. In the statement of activities, gross expenses, including depreciation, are reduced by related program revenues, which are comprised of changes for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. Direct and indirect expenses are reported as program expenses for individual funds functions and activities. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. The types of transactions included in program revenues are grants which currently consist of the fire insurance rebate. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The fund financial statements report the District as a collection of major and nonmajor funds presented on separate schedules by fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. At this time, the District has only a governmental fund, the General Fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The governmental fund statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances with one column for the General Fund. The statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, generally considered sixty days after the end of the fiscal year, except for federal grants, which generally are considered available for twelve months after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest payments on general long-term liabilities, which are recognized when due.

#### Major Funds

Major funds are those whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities are at least ten percent of the total for their fund category or type (governmental or enterprise) and at least five percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. At this time, the District has only a General Fund.

The data on the face of the three sets of financial statements must be accompanied by certain disclosures to ensure accurate information is presented in the financial report. This additional information is presented in the form of a single set of notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The District maintains only a General Fund. The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. Revenues include ad valorem taxes and parcel fees.

# C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERED INFLOWS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, AND NET POSITION, EQUITY, OR NET FUND BALANCES

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for their intended purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
<b>Description</b>	Lives
Buildings	40 Years
Land improvements	15 Years
Building improvements	15 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 15 Years

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Ad valorem taxes collected past February of the subsequent year are classified as deferred inflows.

### **Fund Balance Classifications and Net Position**

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, Sadie – Tiger Bend Fire Protection District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable	Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
Restricted	Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
Committed	Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Fund balance may be committed by the District Board.
Assigned	Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the District Board.
Unassigned	Includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District has a general policy to first use restricted resources for expenditures incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available. When expenditures are incurred for which only unrestricted resources are available, the general policy of the District is to use committed resources first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned. The use of restricted/committed resources may be deferred based on a review of the specific transaction.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position (i.e., assets, deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position). Net position is segregated into three categories on the government-wide statement of net position: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of such assets. Restricted net position represents the portion of net position that consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows related to those assets. The District first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred when both restricted and unrestricted net position is available for use. The use of restricted assets may be deferred based on a review of the specific transaction.

# D. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following are reconciliations of the government-wide statements to the governmental fund financial statements. This reconciliation is necessary to bring the financial statements from the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting to the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting.

		2022	2021
Fund balance	\$	136,446	\$ 131,364
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		395,146	417,225
In the fund financial statements, revenues that are not received within 60 days of year end, are not recognized:			
Deferred inflows - ad valorem taxes - unavailable		2,180	3,763
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	533,772	\$ 552,352

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

	2022	2021
Net change in fund balance	\$ 5,082	\$ 18,136
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay	2,844	-
Depreciation expense	(24,923)	(27,538)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the		
funds, but are recognized on the statement of activities. This is the amount by which the current-year deferred revenue is less than the prior-year deferred revenue as reported on the governmental fund balance sheets.		
Current year - ad valorem taxes unavailable	2,180	3,763
Prior year - ad valorem taxes unavailable	 (3,763)	 (1,438)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	 (18,580)	 (7,077)

### E. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Louisiana Local Government Budget Act requires that the District adopt a budget for its General Fund on or before December 31<sup>st</sup> prior to the applicable fiscal year. If actual revenues and other sources, expenditures and other uses, or estimated beginning fund balances vary unfavorably more than five percent from budgeted amounts, the District is required to amend the budget.

#### F. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS**

Bank accounts and short-term investments, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and money market accounts, are included as deposits. The District has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies that limit the District's allowable deposits or investments and address risks.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy to ensure that there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage (FDIC). Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the District that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Accordingly, the District had no custodial credit risk related to its deposits at December 31, 2022, or 2021.

Under state law, the District may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2022, and 2021, the District had cash and cash equivalents (book balances in demand deposits) totaling \$125,070 and \$105,252 respectively.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Cash and cash equivalents (bank balances) at December 31, 2022, and 2021, were \$124,966 and \$108,302 respectively. These deposits were fully insured by FDIC.

#### NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Balances of receivables and payables have been aggregated for presentation in the accompanying financial statements. The following schedules provide additional detail concerning balances of receivables and payables by category.

Receivable balances at December 31, 2022, and 2021, are as follows:

	2022	2021
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 13,516	\$ 12,592
Parcel fees	-	17,235
Total	\$ 13,516	\$ 29,827

For the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, \$560 and \$552, respectively, was due for pension contributions required to be deducted from ad valorem tax collections.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

### **NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
As of December 31, 2022:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 435,916	\$ -	S -	\$ 435,916
Building improvements	5,477	-	-	5,477
Land improvements	10,070	-	-	10,070
Vehicles	55,540	-	-	55,540
Furniture and equipment	68,958	2,844	-	71,802
Total capital assets being depreciated	575,961	2,844		578,805
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(69,021)	(10,898)	-	(79,919)
Building improvements	(1,886)	(365)	-	(2,251)
Land improvements	(7,720)	(1,007)	-	(8,727)
Vehicles	(47,945)	(3,721)	-	(51,666)
Furniture and equipment	(32,164)	(8,932)		(41,096)
Total accumulated depreciation	(158,736)	(24,923)		(183,659)
Net capital assets	\$ 417,225	\$ (22,079)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 395,146
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
As of December 31, 2021:				
As of December 31, 2021.				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings	\$ 435,916	\$ -	s -	\$ 435,916
Capital assets not being depreciated:	\$ 435,916 5,477	\$ - -	s - -	\$ 435,916 5,477
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings	· ·	\$ - - -	\$ - -	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements	5,477	\$ - - -	S	5,477
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements	5,477 10,070	\$ - - - -	\$ - - -	5,477 10,070
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles	5,477 10,070 55,540	- - -	- - -	5,477 10,070 55,540
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958	- - - -	- - - -	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958	- - - -	- - - -	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation:	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961	- - - - -	- - - -	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (58,123)	(10,898)	- - - -	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (69,021)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Building improvements	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (58,123) (1,521)	(10,898)	- - - -	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (69,021) (1,886)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (58,123) (1,521) (6,713)	(10,898) (365) (1,007)	- - - -	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (69,021) (1,886) (7,720)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Building improvements Land improvements Vehicles	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (58,123) (1,521) (6,713) (41,704)	(10,898) (365) (1,007) (6,241)	- - - - - - - - -	5,477 10,070 55,540 68,958 575,961 (69,021) (1,886) (7,720) (47,945)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

#### **NOTE 5 - LEVIED TAXES**

Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year.

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, attach as an enforceable lien, and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages.

The ad valorem tax millage authorized and levied by the District was 10.00 for the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021. Any difference between authorized and levied millages is the result of reassessments of taxable property within the parish as required by Article 7, Section 18 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

For each of the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, the assessed value of Weyerhaeuser Company's property was approximately ten percent of total assessed value. Tax revenue from Weyerhaeuser Company's property was approximately ten percent of the District's total ad valorem tax revenue.

The voters of the district did not renew the parcel fee. The fee expired in 2021.

#### **NOTE 6 – LEASE AGREEMENTS**

During 2011 and 2012, the District entered into two lease agreements with landowners whereby the landowners agreed to lease certain portions of land to the District for \$1 a year for as long as the land is used for the operation of fire stations. The District began construction on the stations during 2014 and was completed during 2015. Construction costs totaled \$435,916. Of that amount \$422,000 was financed by an LCDBG grant through the Union Parish Police Jury and \$13,916 was paid by the District.

#### **NOTE 7 – STEWARDSHIP**

For the year ended December 31, 2022, General Fund expenditures were forty-nine percent below appropriations.

### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets. To handle such risk of loss, the District maintains a commercial insurance policy covering property and general liability.

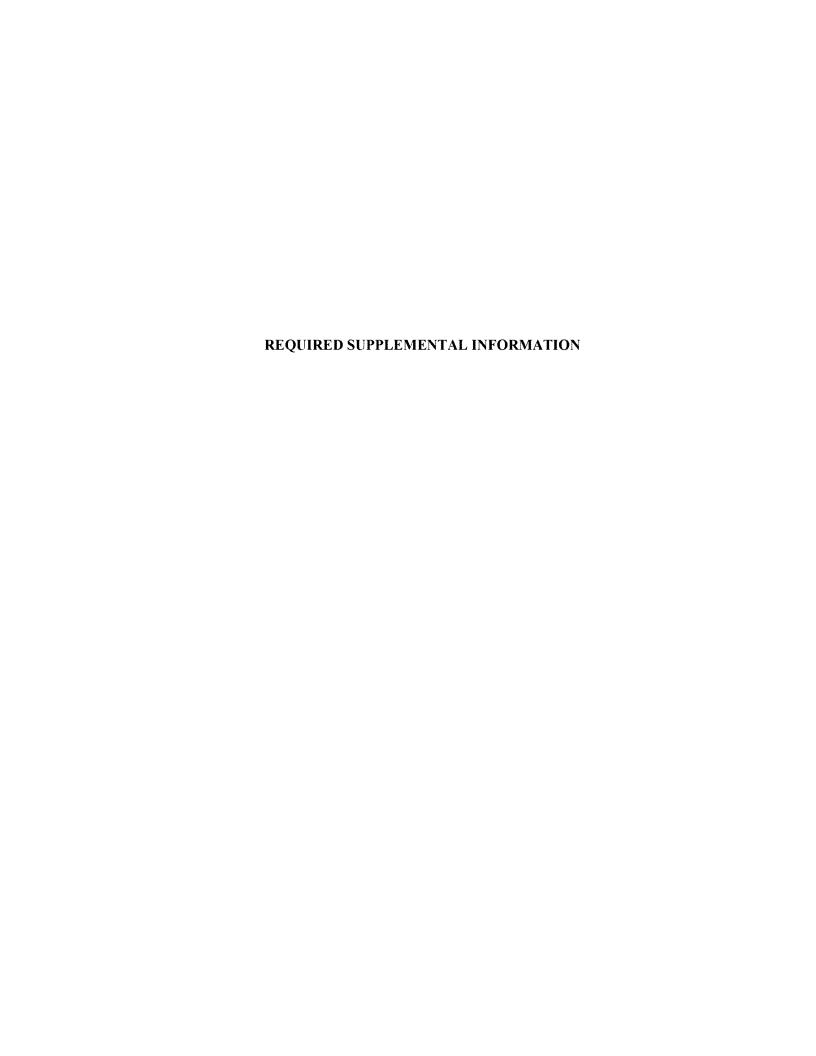
#### **NOTE 9 - CONTINGENCIES**

At December 31, 2022, the Sadie - Tiger Bend Fire Protection District is not involved in any litigation.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021

### **NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 31, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



# GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

-	BUDGETED ORIGINAL	AMOUNTS FINAL	- ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues:	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 64,694	\$ 64,694	\$ 16,276	\$ (48,418)
Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	34	34
Intergovernmental funds:				
State government shared revenue	9,040	9,040	16,129	7,089
Charges for services	-	-	1,859	1,859
Other revenues	-	-	600	600
Total revenues	73,734	73,734	34,898	(38,836)
Expenditures: Current:				
Public safety:				
Operating Services	61,721	61,721	12,586	49,135
Materials and supplies	12,013	12,013	16,670	(4.657)
Intergovernmental	· <b>-</b>	-	560	(560)
Total expenditures	73,734	73,734	29,816	43,918
Net change in fund balance	-	-	5,082	5,082
Fund balance at beginning of year	-		131,364	131,364
Fund balance at end of year	S -	\$ -	\$ 136,446	\$ 136,446



# SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, REIMBURSEMENTS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO OR ON BEHALF OF AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

The Board members serve without compensation. There are no employees.

Board Member	Compensation	
Mike Davis		-
Terry Dumas		-
Montrel Ferguson		-
Abe Stanley		-
Mark Starr		-
Totals	\$	-



### MANAGEMENT LETTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

We did not perform an audit or review of the District's financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022. However, while performing our compilation procedures as required by the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, we noted the following matters that must be communicated to management of the District.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the use of this reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, it is issued by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

#### 2022-001 Written Policies and Procedures

#### First Reported

2017

### Condition

The District has no written policies and procedures.

#### Criteria

Though the District has no employees, and a relatively low volume of activity, written policies and procedures are recommended by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. Such documentation decreases the risk of noncompliance, fraud, and abuse. Written policies and procedures also facilitate transition when there is turnover in officials and employees.

#### **Effect**

See criteria.

#### Cause

The Board concluded the risk was immaterial.

### Recommendation

We recommend that the Board compile and adopt written policies and procedures recommended by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

### Management's Response

We will consider the accountant's recommendation.

### **Corrective Action Plan**

We will consider the accountant's recommendation.

### MANAGEMENT LETTER (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 2022-002 Late Report Submission

### First Reported

2022

#### Condition

The report was submitted after the statutory due date.

### Criteria

State law requires the District to submit to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor reviewed financial statements within six months of year end.

#### Effect

When an entity is late filing its report, the entity is placed on the LLA's noncompliance list. Being placed on the list results in an entity receiving no funds from the State until the entity is removed from the list. However, the District was granted a nonemergency extension to submit the report by July 31, 2023, without being placed on the noncompliance list.

#### Cause

Bosch & Statham regrets the failure to submit the report in a timely manner. Factors that contributed to the late audit report include: an untimely change in accounting and auditing software that was unavoidable, new accounting standards, and new audit standards. All of these things increased the time required for all engagements and caused a backlog.

#### Recommendation

Bosch & Statham will evaluate its policies and procedures and implement changes to strive to issue all reports in a timely manner. We recommend that the District ensure that the books are complete and properly reconciled within sixty days of year-end.

### Management's Response

Management agrees with the recommendation.

#### Corrective Action Plan

Bosch & Statham is responsible for the corrective action.

### STATUS OF PRIOR COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

 Finding No.	Initial Year	Description	Status	
2021-001	2017	Written Policies and Procedures	Recurring	_