**Annual Financial Statements** 

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants.

Recipient of Advanced Single Audit Certificate

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jennings, Louisiana

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jennings, Louisiana (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

# City of Jennings, Louisiana Page 2

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the omitted discretely presented component units has not been determined.

#### Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In my opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of Jennings, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2021, or the changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Unmodified Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of the City of Jennings, Louisiana as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison information, employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions (page 72 - 82) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## City of Jennings, Louisiana Page 3

## Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer, and the schedule of collections of court fees are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer, and the schedule of collections of court fees are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head or chief executive officer, and the schedule of collections of court fees are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

copy, CPA, LLC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated December 31, 2021, on my consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountant

Jennings, Louisiana December 31, 2021 **Government-Wide Financial Statements** 

## Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	PR	IMARY GOVERNME	NT
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,161,327	\$ 2,167,831	\$ 16,329,158
Investments	18,085	-	18,085
Receivables (net of allowances for			
uncollectibles)	1,000,497	444,704	1,445,201
Due from other funds	161,596	-	161,596
Inventory	5.161	-	5,161
Prepaid items	99,087	63,469	162,556
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	973,795	301,733	1,275,528
Other assets	956	-	956
Capital assets (net)	16,063,457	8,618,738	24,682,195
TOTAL ASSETS	32,483,961	11,596,475	44,080,436
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferrals	1,454,291	175,082	1,629,373
LIABILITIES			
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	791,339	387,632	1,178,971
Due to other funds	-	161,596	161,596
Matured bonds and interest payable	62,326	-	62,326
Compensated absences payable	100,347	19,944	120,291
Current portions of bonds payable	310,000	-	310,000
Current portion of net pension liability	609,092	84,956	694,048
Bonds payable	4,780,000	-	4,780,000
Net pension liability	4,446,992	539,014	4,986,006
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,100,096	1,193,142	12,293,238
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferrals	766,934	16,404	783,338
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	10,973,457	8,618,738	19,592,195
Restricted for:			
Public works	1,054,016	_	1,054,016
Culture and recreation	476,913	_	476,913
Debt service	750,135	-	750,135
Capital projects	4,379	-	4,379
Tax resolution	1,560,451	-	1,560,451
Special police operations	384,941	_	384,941
Customer deposits	-	1,726	1,726
Unrestricted	6,866,930	1,941,547	8,808,477
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 22,071,222	\$ 10,562,011	\$ 32,633,233

#### Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Progr	Program Revenues		
		Ermanana		harges for Services	G	Operating Grants and Capital Grants an		l Grants and tributions
Governmental Activities		Expenses		Services		ntributions		u ibuuoiis
	e.	1 415 606	ď	00 004	ď		\$	
General government	\$	1,415,626	\$	88,884	\$	200.246	Э	-
Public safety		4,360,019		381,896		298,346		-
Public works		3,991,527		953,233		13,090		-
Cultural and recreation		1,089,885		56,956		131,000		300
Health and welfare		1,558		-		-		-
Community development		7,750		-		-		-
Economic development		100,000		-		10,000		-
Interest on long-term debt		192,784		-		-		-
Total governmental activites		11,159,149		1,480,969		452,436		300
Business-type Activities								
Utilities administration		304,687		-		-		-
Water		2,038,698		1,381,305		-		30,590
Sewer		1,045,028		1,136,798		-		-
Rental		_		24,597		-		-
Total business-type activities		3,388,413		2,542,700		_		30,590
Total primary government	\$	14,547,562	\$	4,023,669	\$	452,436	\$	30,890

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Occupational licenses & permits

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Other general revenues

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position-beginning

Net position-ending

## STATEMENT B

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes of Primary Government

	Chan	ges of	Primary Govern	ment	
G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
\$	(1,326,742)	\$	_	\$	(1,326,742)
*	(3,679,777)	4.	_	*	(3,679,777)
	(3,025,204)		_		(3,025,204)
	(901,629)		_		(901,629)
	(1,558)		-		(1,558)
	(7,750)		_		(7,750)
	(90,000)		-		(90,000)
	(192,784)		=		(192,784)
	(9,225,444)				(9,225,444)
	-		(304,687)		(304,687)
	-		(626,803)		(626,803)
	-		91,770		91,770
	-		24,597		24,597
	_		(815,123)		(815,123)
	(9,225,444)		(815,123)		(10,040,567)
	1,382,093		-		1,382,093
	6,435,458		-		6,435,458
	694,118		-		694,118
	651,417		-		651,417
	443,207		-		443,207
	15,642		2,877		18,519
	896,635		40,448		937,083
	(46,834) 10,471,736		3,680 47,005		(43,154) 10,518,741
<b></b>	10,4/1,/30		47,003		10,310,741
	1,246,292		(768,118)		478,174
	20,824,930		11,330,129		32,155,059
\$	22,071,222	\$	10,562,011	\$	32,633,233

# **Fund Financial Statements**

## **Balance Sheet, Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2021

	 GENERAL FUND	1%	1994 SALES TAX FUND	GOV.	ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ZERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,052,730	\$	1,493,117	\$	1,615,480	\$	14,161,327
Investments Receivables (net of allowances for	-		-		18,085		18,085
uncollectibles)	642.097		284,006		74,394		1,000,497
Due from other funds	151,479		10,117		74,374		161,596
Inventory	5,161				_		5,161
Prepaid items	88,090		_		10,998		99,088
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	384,941				588,854		973,795
•	<i>'</i>		-		366,634		<i>'</i>
Other assets	 956	-	-		-		956
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,325,454	\$	1,787,240	\$	2,307,811	\$	16,420,505
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$ 542,182	\$	226,789	\$	22,368	\$	791,339
Total liabilities	542,182		226,789		22,368		791,339
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:							
Public works	-		-		1,054,016		1,054,016
Culture and recreation	-		-		476,913		476,913
Debt service	-		-		750,135		750,135
Capital projects	-		-		4,379		4,379
Tax resolution	-		1,560,451		-		1,560,451
Special police operations	384,941		-		-		384,941
Unassigned	 11,398,331		-		-		11,398,331
Total fund balances	 11,783,272		1,560,451		2,285,443		15,629,166
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$ 12,325,454	\$	1,787,240	\$	2,307,811	\$	16,420,505

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

## June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governments	l activities in the Statement o	of Net Position are different because:
----------------------------------	---------------------------------	--

Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds (Statement C)			S	15,629,166
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Capital assets	S	31,650,09	8	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(15,586,64	1)	
				16,063,457
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable are not due and				
payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported				
in the governmental funds.				
Compensated absences				(100,347)
Bonds payable				(5,090,000)
In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68,				
the net pension liability related to pension plans, deferred outflows of resources,				
and deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in governmental funds.				
Net pension liability				(5,056,084)
Deferred outflows of resources				1,454,291
Deferred inflows of resources				(766,934)
Accrued interest expense reported for the government-wide statements				(62,327)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement A)			s	22.071.222

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Page		GENERAL FUND	1994 1% SALES TAX FUND	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Name	REVENUES				
Ad valorem         \$ 495,117         \$ - \$ 886,976         \$ 1,382,093           Sales and use         3,217,729         3,217,729         - 6,435,439           Franchise tax         694,118         - 604,118         - 694,118           Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         18,032         - 635,417         - 694,118           Cicenses and permits         651,417         - 6         - 61,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,095,772         - 6         - 61,417           Fines and forfeitures         338,147         - 9         338,156           Investment earnings         11,353         1,927         2,362         15,642           Other revenues         938,099         - 7         235,151         1,073,250           State revenue sharing         24,220         - 7         15,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         - 7         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         - 7         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         - 7         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         1,245,224           Expenblitu	Local sources:				
Sales and use         3,217,729         3,217,729         -         6,43,549           Franchise tax         694,118         -         -         694,118           Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         18,032         -         2,354         20,386           Licenses and permits         651,417         -         -         61,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,995,772         -         -         1,095,772           Fines and forfeitures         338,147         -         9         338,156           Investment earnings         11,333         1,927         2,362         15,642           Other revenues sharing         24,220         -         135,151         1,073,250           State revenue sharing         24,220         -         -         24,220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues sharing         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public safety         4014,920         170,441 <t< td=""><td>Taxes:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Taxes:				
Franchise tax         694,118         -         -         694,118           Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         18,032         -         2,354         20,386           Licenses and permits         651,417         -         -         651,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,095,772         -         -         1095,772           Fines and forfeitures         338,147         -         -         9         338,156           Investment earnings         11,353         1,927         2,362         15,642           Other revenues         938,099         -         135,151         1073,250           State sources         8         -         -         -         24,220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         833         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 886,976	
Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         18,032         -         2,354         20,386           Licenses and permits         651,417         -         -         651,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,995,772         -         -         10,95,772           Fines and forfeitures         338,147         -         9         338,156           Investment earnings         11,353         1,927         2,362         15,642           Other revenues         938,099         -         135,151         1,032,259           State sources:         State sources         -         -         24,220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,533,795         726,341         98,769         4,248,905           Cul			3,217,729	-	
Licenses and permits         651,417         -         -         651,417           Fees, clarges, and commissions for services         1,095,772         -         -         1,095,772           Fines and forfeitures         338,147         -         9         338,156           Investment earnings         11,353         1,927         2,362         15,642           Other revenues         938,099         -         135,151         1,073,250           State sources:         380         -         -         24,220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,000         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           Ceneral government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public safety         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         <			-	-	
Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,095,772         -         -         1,095,772           Fines and forfeitures         338,147         -         9         338,156           Investment earnings         11,353         1,927         2,362         15,642           Other revenues         938,099         -         135,151         1,073,250           State sources         8         -         -         24,220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         96,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development <td< td=""><td></td><td>·</td><td>-</td><td>2,354</td><td></td></td<>		·	-	2,354	
Fines and forfeitures         338,147         -         9         338,156           Investment earnings         11,353         1,927         2,362         15,642           Other revenues         938,099         -         135,151         1,073,250           State sources:         State revenue sharing         24,220         -         -         24,220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES         General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         1,759           Economic development </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>,</td>	-		-	-	,
Investment earnings			-	-	
Other revenues         938,099         -         135,151         1.073.250           State sources         3         -         -         24.220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         484,367         484,367           Capital outlay         -         4,185         -         4,185           Total expenditures         (364,881)			<del>-</del>	•	
State sources:         24,220         -         -         24,220           Other state finds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         668,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         448,367           Capital outlay         -         4,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,222,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (unde	<del>-</del>		1,927	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
State revenue sharing         24,220         -         -         24,220           Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         8,93         -         -         8,93           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         7,750         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         10,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         41,858         -         41,858           Toconomic development         100,000         -         484,367         484,367           Expenditures         8,557,557         938,		938,099	-	135,151	1,073,250
Other state funds         707,779         -         13,090         720,869           Federal sources         893         -         -         893           Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfate         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,782,449					
Federal sources         893         -         -         893         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfate         1,558         -         -         7,750           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         -         484,367         484,367           Capital outlay         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)         -         2,810,16         (693,240)         1,222,895           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         2,739,156           Gain (lo	<del>-</del>		-	-	
Total revenues         8,192,676         3,219,656         1,039,942         12,452,274           EXPENDITURES           General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,39,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -			-	13,090	
EXPENDITURES   Caperal government			_		
General government         1,137,812         -         1,200         1,139,012           Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total cwpenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         96	Total revenues	8,192,676	3,219,656	1,039,942	12,452,274
Public safety         4,014,920         170,441         -         4,185,361           Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         -         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         484,367         41,858         -         41,858         -         41,858         -         41,858         -         41,858         -         41,858         -         -         2,239,379         -         -         2,239,379         -         -         2,248,58         -         -         -         2,2739,156         -         -         2,739,156	EXPENDITURES				
Public works         2,553,795         726,341         968,769         4,248,905           Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         10,000           Economic development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         41,858         -         448,367         484,367           Capital outlay         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (u	General government	1,137,812	-	1,200	1,139,012
Cultural and recreation         741,722         -         278,846         1,020,568           Health and welfare         1,558         -         -         1,558           Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         -         -         484,367         484,367         484,367           Capital outlay         -         41,858         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236	Public safety	4,014,920	170,441	-	4,185,361
Health and welfare	Public works	2,553,795	726,341	968,769	4,248,905
Community development         7,750         -         -         7,750           Economic development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         -         484,367         484,367           Capital outlay         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         \$,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	Cultural and recreation	741,722	-	278,846	1,020,568
Economic development         100,000         -         -         100,000           Debt service         -         -         -         484,367         484,367           Capital outlay         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938.640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281.016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         2,739,156           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	Health and welfare	1,558	-	-	1,558
Debt service         -         -         -         484,367         484,367           Capital outlay         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	Community development	7,750	-	-	7,750
Capital outlay         -         41,858         -         41,858           Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2,281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	Economic development	100,000	-	-	100,000
Total expenditures         8,557,557         938,640         1,733,182         11,229,379           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (364,881)         2.281.016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	Debt service	=	-	484,367	484,367
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (364,881) 2.281.016 (693,240) 1,222,895  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in 1,782,449 - 956,707 2,739,156  Transfers out - (2,739,156) - (2,739,156)  Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 5,962 - 7,590 13,552  Total other financing sources and uses 1,788,411 (2,739,156) 964,297 13,552  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses 1,423,530 (458,140) 271,057 1,236,447  Fund balances - beginning 10,359,742 2,018,591 2,014,386 14,392,719	Capital outlay	-	41,858	-	41,858
expenditures         (364,881)         2.281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	Total expenditures	8,557,557	938.640	1,733,182	11,229,379
expenditures         (364,881)         2.281,016         (693,240)         1,222,895           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719		(364,881)	2,281,016	(693,240)	1,222,895
Transfers in         1,782,449         -         956,707         2,739,156           Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out         -         (2,739,156)         -         (2,739,156)           Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719		1.782.449	_	956,707	2.739.156
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets         5,962         -         7,590         13,552           Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719		_,,	(2.739.156)	-	
Total other financing sources and uses         1,788,411         (2,739,156)         964,297         13,552           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses         1,423,530         (458,140)         271,057         1,236,447           Fund balances - beginning         10,359,742         2,018,591         2,014,386         14,392,719		5,962	-,,,	7,590	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses 1,423,530 (458,140) 271,057 1,236,447  Fund balances - beginning 10,359,742 2,018,591 2,014,386 14,392,719			(2,739,156)		
over (under) expenditures and other uses       1,423,530       (458,140)       271,057       1,236,447         Fund balances - beginning       10,359,742       2,018,591       2,014,386       14,392,719	<u> </u>				
Fund balances - beginning 10,359,742 2,018,591 2,014,386 14,392,719	= '				
	over (under) expenditures and other uses	1,423,530	(458,140)	271,057	1,236,447
Fund balances - ending \$ 11,783,272 \$ 1,560,451 \$ 2,285,443 \$ 15,629,166					
	Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,783,272	\$ 1,560,451	\$ 2,285,443	\$ 15,629,166

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

1,236,447

#### CITY OF JENNINGS, LOUISIANA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds, Statement E

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental	l activities in the Statement	of Activities are	different because:
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated

useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount
by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.
Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and changes in fund balances
\$980,969

Depreciation expense (1,262,917) (281,948)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets, such as sales, trade-ins, and donations is to increase (decrease) net assets. (60,388)

The issuance of long-term debt (bonds, leases, etc.) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.

Bond redemptions 290,000

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the net pension liability related pension is not required to be recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. Adjustments to pension expense related to changes in deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are reflected in the Statement of Activities:

Contributions after measurement date 609,092
Net change in pension expense (538,298)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest payable 1,583
Change in compensated absences payable (10,196)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities, Statement B \$\\$1,246,292\$

## Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2021

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES- ENTERPRISE FUNDS
	UTILITY FUND
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,167,831
Receivables (net of allowances for	
uncollectibles)	444,704
Prepaid items	63,469
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	301,733
Total current assets	2,977,737
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	8,618,738
Total non-current assets	8,618,738
TOTAL ASSETS	11,596,475
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	455.000
Pension related deferrals	175,082_
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	387,632
Due to other funds	161,596
Compensated absencess	19,944
Net pension libility (current portion)	84,956_
Total current liabilities	654,128
Non-current liabilities: Net pension liability	520.014
Total non-current liabilities	539,014 539,014
Total non-current naomnies	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1.193,142
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferrals	16.404
reason reality	10,707
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	8,618,738
Restricted for deposits	1,726
Unrestricted	1,941,547
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 10,562,011

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		TYPE ACTIVITIES- RPRISE FUNDS
		UTILITY FUND
Operating revenues		
Charges for services:		
Water sales	\$	1,381,306
Sewer charges		1,136,798
Rental services		24,597
Other income		12,018
Other services		60,112
Total operating revenues		2,614,831
Operating expenses		
Cost of sales and services		2,507,332
Administration		292,852
Depreciation		588,170
Miscellaneous		31,742
Total operating expenses	,	3,420,096
Operating income (loss)		(805,265)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Interest earnings		2,877
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		3,680
Other intergovernmental revenue		30,590
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	***************************************	37,147
Change in net position		(768,118)
Total net position-beginning		11,330,129
Total net position-ending	\$	10,562,011

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES-

## CITY OF JENNINGS, LOUISIANA

## **Statement of Cash Flows, Proprietary Funds**

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	ENTER	PRISE FUNDS
	Ţ	JTILITY
		FUND
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,508,729
Payments to suppliers of goods and services		(1,938,693)
Payments to employees for services		(876,968)
Other receipts		12,018
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(294,914)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Subsidy from state appropriation		30,590
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital		
financing activities		30,590
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(147,490)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		3,680
Net cash provided (used) by capital		
and related financing activities		(143,810)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest on investments		2,877
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		2,877
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(405,257)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,874,821
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,469,564
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(805,265)
Depreciation expense		588,170
Difference between retirement contribution & pension expense		(33,358)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(103,189)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(30,717)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		9,105
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		52,411
Increase (decrease) in salary and payroll expense payable		1,122
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(3,727)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		30,534
Total adjustments		510,351
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(294,914)

**Notes to the Financial Statements** 

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Jennings was incorporated May 2, 1888 and has adopted a Home Rule Charter according to Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes. The City operates under a Mayor-City Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works (streets and lighting), sanitation, health, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Jennings conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting policies. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

## A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (City), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61 defines component units as legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations of which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion of these organizations from the primary government's financial statements would be misleading. Therefore, an organization is considered to be a component unit of the City if one of the following criteria is met:

- 1. The primary government can appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and
  - a. The ability of the City to impose its will on the organization or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- 2. Organizations for which the City does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the City and there is the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- 3. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Based on the previous criteria, the City has determined that the following component units are part of the reporting entity:

Component Unit	Fiscal <u>Year End</u>	Criteria <u>Used</u>
Industrial Development Board	June 30	1, 1a and 3
City Court and City Marshall	June 30	2 and 3

The City has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (City) only; therefore, none of the previously listed component units are included in the accompanying financial statements. Financial statements for these component units can be obtained from the individual component units.

These primary government (City) financial statements include all major funds, aggregate non-major funds, and organizations for which the City maintains the accounting records.

GASB Statement 14 provides for the issuance of primary government financial statements that are separate from those of the reporting entity. However, the primary government's (City) financial statements are not a substitute for the reporting entity's financial statements. The City has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government only. As such, these financial statements are not intended to and do not report on the reporting entity but rather are intended to reflect only the financial statements of the primary government (City).

#### Related Organization

Jennings Housing Authority - The Commissioners of the Authority are appointed by the Mayor, but the City does not provide funding, has no obligation for the debt issued by the Authority, and cannot impose its will. This authority has not been included in the reporting entity.

### Joint Venture

Jefferson Davis Parish Landfill Commission - A joint venture with the Jefferson Davis Parish Police Jury and the Towns of Welsh and Lake Arthur was formed to provide a solid waste disposal facility for its member-owners. This commission has not been included in the reporting entity. Financial statements for this joint venture can be obtained from the Jefferson Davis Parish Landfill Commission.

Jefferson Davis Parish Economic Development Commission - A joint venture with the Jefferson Davis Parish Tourist Commission and the Town of Welsh was formed to enhance the economic development of Jefferson Davis Parish. This commission has not been included in the reporting entity. Financial statements for this joint venture can be obtained from the Jefferson Davis Parish Economic Development Commission.

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities that report financial information for the primary government (City). For the most part, the

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Individual funds are not displayed but governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and 3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, contribution, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The various funds of the City are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. Non-major funds (by category) are summarized into a single column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the City are described below:

#### MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those in another fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## Special Revenue Funds

-1994 1% Sales Tax Fund-

The 1994 1% Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the receipt of a 1% sales tax. The previous 1% sales tax was authorized in 1994. This tax is to be collected for a period not to exceed twenty-two (22) years. At least \$500,000 annually is to be used for acquiring, constructing, extending, improving, maintaining and operating sewage collection and disposal facilities for the City, and/or to pay any bonded or funded indebtedness of the City incurred for sewage collection and disposal facilities. The balance is to be used for street construction and maintenance, drainage, heavy equipment purchases, jail operations, and police pension payments. In 1998, a referendum was approved to expand the authorized uses of excess funds over previous dedication to include acquiring, constructing, improving and/or maintaining the City's waterworks facilities. It further authorized the issuing of any bonded or funded indebtedness to accomplish the expanded purpose.

A sales and use tax of 1% was levied as of January 1, 2013 after approval by the registered voters of the City of Jennings in lieu of the 1% sales and use tax approved July 16, 1994, rededicated November 15, 1997. The tax is to be collected for a period not to exceed twenty-five (25) years. At least \$500,000 annually is to be used to pay any bonded or funded indebtedness of the City incurred for sewage collection and disposal facilities. The remaining proceeds of the tax is to be used for acquiring, constructing, improving, operating and maintaining streets, garbage, parks, fire and police departments, public buildings, drainage, heavy equipment purchases, jail operations, police pension payments, economic development purposes and activities, sewage collection and disposal facilities, and the City's waterworks facilities, including payment of any bonded or funded indebtedness of the City incurred for such purposes, and including salaries of city employees for any one or more of said purposes. It further authorized the City to fund the proceeds of the tax into bonds to pay the cost of capital improvements for the aforesaid purposes.

#### MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

-Utility Fund-

The Utility Fund is used to account for the operation of the City's water and sewer system, which are supported by user charges and special taxes.

The Utility Fund is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for water and sewer service. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the municipality's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

On the government-wide financial statements both governmental and business-type activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable when the amount of the transaction can be determined. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures.

#### -Revenues-

Ad valorem taxes, franchise taxes, sales taxes, interest income, intergovernmental revenues and charges for service are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other governmental fund revenue items are recognized when cash is received by the government.

#### -Expenditures-

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term obligations, which are recognized when due.

## -Other Financing Sources (Uses)-

Sale of fixed assets, increases in capital lease purchases, and transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) and are recognized when the underlying events occur.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## D. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these primary government financial statements:

- 1. The City Clerk prepares an operating departmentalized budget, a pay plan budget, and a capital improvements budget and submits these budgets to the Mayor and City Council no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the total proposed budgets is published and the public notified that the proposed budgets are available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. The City Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments, within any fund except for salary items and capital improvement items which cannot be amended without City Council approval. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated requires the approval of the City Council.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is used as a management control device by the general fund and major special revenue funds during the year.
- 7. Budgets for the general fund and major special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The original budget was adopted by the City Council on June 23, 2020. Budgeted amounts shown on the financial statements were as amended by the City Council on June 22, 2021.
- 8. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

#### E. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Under state law, the City may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the law of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The City may invest in government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana Law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The municipality's cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits (including restricted assets), interest-bearing demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, including deposits held by the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is a statewide investment pool in which the City participates and operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. LAMP is a component unit of the State of Louisiana and its operations are regulated by state law and are overseen by a board consisting of the state treasurer and members elected from the pool participants.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," investments meeting the criteria specified in the Statement are stated at fair value. Investments which do not meet the requirements are stated at cost. These investments include certificates of deposit with maturities exceeding 90 days and are reported at cost which approximates fair value.

Further information regarding deposits and investments are disclosed in Note 4.

## F. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term cash loans between funds are considered temporary in nature. These amounts are reported as "due from/to other funds" on the balance sheet.

#### G. RECEIVABLES

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes. Sales and use taxes collected in June 2021 are accrued at year end. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables, since they are immaterial, are recognized as bad debts through a direct write-off at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectability of the particular receivable. If ad valorem taxes become uncollectible, the property involved is seized and sold as of May 31 of the effected fiscal year, and therefore, all material ad valorem taxes are collected as of the end of the current fiscal year.

## H. UNCOLLECTIBLE ALLOWANCE

The statements contain no provision for uncollectible accounts. City management is of the opinion that such allowance would be immaterial in relation to the financial statements taken as whole.

#### I. INVENTORY

Inventories in the General and Special Revenue Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are priced at cost (first-in, first-out).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### J. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items consist of unexpired portions of insurance premiums. Prepaid items in the governmental funds and enterprise funds are recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements.

#### K. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain proceeds of governmental fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Also, cash deposited in a special water and sewer deposit account has been restricted to provide for the return of customer utility deposits. In addition, cash deposited in narcotics evidence account, and police asset forfeiture accounts has been restricted for their use and is limited to certain police and jail operations.

#### L. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) acquired after June 30, 2003, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are reported as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Generally, the municipality maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
<u>Description</u>	Lives
Roads, bridges, and infrastructure	30 years
Infrastructure improvements	10 years
Building improvements	10 years
Buildings	30 years
Computers and office equipment	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Sewer and sewer improvements	10-40 years

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## M. CAPITALIZATION OF INTEREST COST

It is the policy of the City of Jennings to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets.

The amount of interest cost capitalized on major capital projects acquired/constructed with proceeds of restricted tax-exempt debt includes all interest cost of the borrowing less any interest earned on related interest-bearing investments acquired with proceeds of the related tax-exempt borrowings from the date of the borrowing until the assets are ready for their intended use. The City did not capitalize any interest for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### N. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City provides leave for vacation, sickness and illness, personal business and as an award in their safety program. Vacation leave is provided for all employees with one or more years of service. It ranges from 10 to 20 days per year depending on length of service. Sickness and illness leave of 5 to 365 days is provided depending on length of service and the department in which the employee serves. Sick leave is not paid upon termination of employment. Three days of leave is provided for personal business each year and two to four days of leave is awarded to employees annually for safety on their job. It is the City's policy that leave does not accumulate except the amount earned in the current calendar year. Any leave not utilized by December 31st is lost.

Compensatory time may also be granted in lieu of overtime pay. Employees may accumulate up to a maximum of forty hours of unused compensatory time which is paid to the employee in the form of time off or at the employee's current rate of pay upon separation from service.

The entire accrued vacation leave and compensatory time liability for both governmental and proprietary fund employees are reported on the government-wide financial statements. The accrued vacation leave and compensatory time as of the end of the fiscal year for proprietary fund employees are also recorded as a liability in the appropriate enterprise fund financial statement. There are no accumulated and vested benefits relating to sick leave that require disclosure to conform with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### O. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### P. PENSION PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's four pension plans and additions to / deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis, which is the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Q. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of these assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The City adopted GASB Statement 54 in the year ended June 30, 2011. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by Council members.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the City's policy, only Council members may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council members have provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Business-type fund equity at the fund level is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### R. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### S. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### (2) AD VALOREM TAXES

#### A. MILLAGE

Taxes are levied on November 15 and become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The Jefferson Davis Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects the property taxes on behalf of the City. The property tax millage in effect at June 30, 2021, according to Ordinance No. 1769, was as follows:

General Alimony	7.24	Mills
Street Maintenance	8.96	
Library Maintenance	<u>4.01</u>	
Total	20.21	Mills

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There are no material ad valorem tax receivables as of June 30, 2021, as all taxes have either been collected or properties have been seized and sold.

#### (3) DEDICATION OF SALES TAX REVENUES

A sales and use tax of 1 percent was levied as of October 1, 1994, after approval by the registered voters of the City of Jennings. This tax is to be collected for a period not to exceed twenty-two (22) years. At least \$500,000 annually is to be used for acquiring, constructing, extending, improving, maintaining and operating sewage collection and disposal facilities for the City, and/or to pay any bonded or funded indebtedness of the City incurred for sewage collection and disposal facilities. The balance is to be used for street construction and maintenance, drainage, heavy equipment purchases, jail operations, and police pension payments. In 1998, a referendum was approved to expand the authorized uses of excess funds over previous dedication to include acquiring, constructing, improving and/or maintaining the City's waterworks facilities. It further authorized the issuing of any bonded or funded indebtedness to accomplish the expanded purpose.

A sales and use tax of 1 percent was levied as of January 1, 2013, after approval by the registered voters of the City of Jennings in lieu of the 1 percent sales and use tax approved July 16, 1994, rededicated November 15, 1997. The tax is to be collected for a period not to exceed twenty-five (25) years. At least \$500,000 annually is to be used to pay any bonded or funded indebtedness of the City incurred for sewage collection and disposal facilities. The remaining proceeds of the tax is to be used for acquiring, constructing, improving, operating and maintaining streets, garbage, parks, fire and police departments, public buildings, drainage, heavy equipment purchases, jail operations, police pension payments, economic development purposes and activities, sewage collection and disposal facilities, and the City's waterworks facilities, including payment of any bonded or funded indebtedness of the City incurred for such purposes, and including salaries of city employees for any one or more of said purposes. It further authorized the City to fund the proceeds of the tax into bonds to pay the cost of capital improvements for the aforesaid purposes.

A sales and use tax of 1 percent was levied as of April 1, 2010 after approval by the registered voters of the City of Jennings. This tax is to be collected for a period of twenty-five (25) years. Revenues to be derived from the tax are dedicated to establishing, acquiring, constructing, improving, operating, and maintaining streets, drainage, waterworks, sewer, garbage, parks, fire department, police department, and public buildings, including salaries of city employees for any one or more of said purposes, within the City of Jennings, Louisiana.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## (4) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## A. DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2021, the City has deposits (book balances) as follows:

<u>t</u>
221
161
450
854
586

Additionally, the City has certificates of deposit totaling \$18,085 on deposit in local banks which are presented as investments in the financial statements.

A portion of the City's funds are held and managed by the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-RS 33:2955. LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool share.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. LAMP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LAMP. That report may be obtained by writing to the LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, Louisiana 70130.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the City or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2021, the City has \$9,160,215 in deposits (collected bank balances) in local financial institutions, including certificates of deposit. These deposits are secured from risk by \$580,607 of federal deposit insurance and \$8,579,608 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the City. As such, these deposits are not considered subject to custodial credit risk according to GASB Statement No. 3.

## **B. INVESTMENTS**

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following investments and maturities:

					invest	ments	
	% of				Maturities	(in Ye	ars)
Investment Type	<u>Portfolio</u>	Fa	ir Value	Le	ss than 1		1-5
Certificates of deposits-							
(maturities exceeding 90 days)	100.0%	\$	18,085	\$	18,085	\$	-

Credit Risk - Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City does not have a written investment policy, but does adhere to state laws regarding allowable investments. LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The certificates of deposit are not rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As discussed in Note 4A, certificates of deposit are considered fully collateralized under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 3. LAMP participant investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not with the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required. Accordingly, the City had no custodial credit risk related to its investments as of June 30, 2021.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City of Jennings places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the City of Jennings' investments at June 30, 2021 are invested in certificates of deposit held at one financial institution. These investments are 100% of the City of Jennings' total investments at June 30, 2021.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## (5) RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$1,445,201 at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

								Busin	iess-T	ype		
Governmental Activities						Ac	tivitie	:s				
		1994 1%	C	ther		Total				Total		Total
	General	Sales Tax	Gover	rnmental	Gov	ernmental	Util	ity	Bus	iness-Type	Go	vernment
Class of Receivable	Fund	Fund	Act	ivities	A	ctivities	Fu	nd	A	activities	]	Balance
Local sources:												
Taxes:												
Ad valorem	\$ 6,240	\$ -	\$	11,178	\$	17,418	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,418
Sales and use	284,006	284,006		-		568,012		-		-		568,012
Franchise	157,247	-		_		157,247		-		-		157,247
Other taxes, penalty, interest, etc.	316	_		567		883		-		-		883
Fees, charges, and												
commissions for services	1,210	-		_		1,210		-		-		1,210
Fines and forfeiture	20,030	_		-		20,030		-		-		20,030
Utilities	54,724	-		_		54,724	366	,811		366,811		421,535
Other local funds	12,186	_		62,649		74,835	77	,893		77,893		152,728
State sources:												
Other state funds	106,138	-		-		106,138		-		-		106,138
Total as reported in											***************************************	
government-wide statement	\$ 642,097	\$ 284,006	\$	74,394	\$ 1	1,000,497	\$ 444	,704	\$	444,704	\$	1,445,201

## (6) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Details related to interfund receivables and payables balances as of June 30, 2021, are presented as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Major Governmental Activities: General Fund 1994 1% Sales Tax Fund	\$ 151,479 10,117	\$ - -
Major Business Type Activities: Utility Fund Total	\$ 161,596	161,596 \$ 161,596

In the course of ordinary operations, the General Fund pays certain costs that are reimbursed by the Utility Fund. Of the amounts shown, \$9 represents the reimbursements that are due at year end. The \$10,117 results from the reimbursement to 1994 1% Sales Tas Fund for an expenditure paid on behalf of the Utility Fund. The remaining \$151,470 represents reimbursement to the General Fund for its share of

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

customer deposits applied to utility receivable for garbage collections.

#### (7) RESTRICTED ASSETS

At June 30, 2021, restricted assets consisted of the following:

#### Governmental Activities:

\$ 584,475
4,379
342,983
41,958
 973,795

The Narcotics Evidence, and Police Asset Forfeiture accounts included in the General Fund, are restricted to pay for police and jail operations. The Facilities Improvements Bond Proceeds are restricted to pay for the costs of construction of certain capital improvements for improving public buildings within the City of Jennings. The Facilities Improvements Bond Sinking Reserve was established to insure the payment of bond principal and interest as required by the bond agreement.

## **Business Type Activities**

Cash-Water and Sewer Deposit Account	\$ 76,733
Cash-LAMP, Water and Sewer Deposit Account	225,000
Total Business Type Activities	\$ 301,733

The Water and Sewer Deposit account assets, a component of the Utility Fund, are restricted to pay customer deposits in the amount of \$301,733 at June 30, 2021. When a customer withdraws from the system, this deposit is refunded less the amount of any charges outstanding against the account.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# (8) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, for the City of Jennings is as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance	
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,150,520	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,150,520	
Construction in progress	151,222	398,375	10,712	(97,596)	441,289	
Total capital assets, not being						
depreciated	\$ 1,301,742	\$ 398,375	\$ 10,712	\$ (97,596)	\$ 1.591.809	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	\$ 12,078,176	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,078,176	
Building improvements	3,532,767	-	5,300	-	3,527,467	
Computers	328,970	7,468	11,707	-	324,731	
Office equipment	220,996	-	5,893	-	215,103	
Furniture	36,649	-	-	-	36,649	
Machinery and equipment	2,939,646	257,013	191,029	-	3,005,630	
Vehicles	2,977,038	244,111	144,503	97,596	3,174,242	
Infrastructure	7,622,290	74,001	-	_	7,696,291	
Total capital assets being depreciated	29,736,532	582,593	358,432	97,596	30,058,289	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	4,231,001	341,787	_	_	4,572,788	
Building improvements	1,611,284	255,749	2,039	-	1.864,994	
Computers	240,422	28,764	11.072	-	258,114	
Office equipment	168,224	17,722	5,893	-	180,053	
Furniture	31,049	2,832	-	-	33,881	
Machinery and equipment	2,568,444	145,469	179,366	-	2,534,547	
Vehicles	2,106,610	235,335	110,389	-	2,231,556	
Infrastructure	3,675,449	235,259	-	-	3,910,708	
Total accumulated depreciation	14,632,483	1,262,917	308,759	-	15,586,641	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 15,104,049	\$ (680,324)	\$ 49,673	\$ 97,596	\$ 14,471,648	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	]	Beginning							Ending
	Balance		Additions		Deletions		Transfers		 Balance
Business-type Activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	211,021	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 211,021
Construction in progress	•	8,998	•	28,523	4	_	*	(8,998)	28,523
Total capital assets, not being			***************************************		***************************************			<u> </u>	 
depreciated	\$	220,019	\$	28,523	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	(8,998)	\$ 239,544
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings	\$	13,865	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 13,865
Building improvements		558,264		_		_		_	558,264
Computers		114,632		_		_		_	114,632
Office equipment		26,927		_		_		_	26,927
Machinery and equipment		13,252,385		18,096		3,557		_	13,266,924
Vehicles		185,036		_		_		_	185,036
Infrastructure		7,011,066		100,872		15,036		8,998	7,105,900
Total capital assets being depreciated		21,162,175		118,968		18,593		8,998	 21,271,548
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		4,920		462		_		_	5,382
Building improvements		543,749		2,123		-		-	545,872
Computers		94,185		6,815		-		-	101,000
Office equipment		19,609		3,081		-		-	22,690
Machinery and equipment		8,615,446		335,855		3,557		-	8,947,744
Vehicles		136,864		19,224		15,035		-	141,053
Infrastructure		2,908,003		220,610					3,128,613
Total accumulated depreciation		12,322,776		588,170		18,592		_	 12,892,354
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	8,839,399	\$	(469,202)	\$	1		8,998	\$ 8,379,194

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Depreciation expense of \$1,851,087 for the year ended June 30, 2021, was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Gov A	Business-Type Activities			
Culture and recreation	\$	155,060	\$ -		
General government		264,972	-		
Public safety		551,034	-		
Public works		291,851	-		
Utility system		-	 588,170		
Total	\$	1,262,917	\$ 588,170		

# (9) CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The municipality has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. At year end the commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project		Spent to Date	emaining mmitment
Drainage improvements	\$	612,414	\$ 72,957
2021 Street Imrpovements			 560,096
	<u>\$</u>	612,414	\$ 633,053

# (10) ACCOUNTS, SALARIES, AND OTHER PAYABLES

The payables of \$1,178,971 at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Governmental Activities										smess-Type Activities
		General Fund	1994 1% Sales Tax Fund		Other Governmente Activities		Total Governmenta Activities			Utility Fund
Accounts Retainage Withholdings Due to customers Other Total	\$	112,010 86,189 - 343,983 542,182	\$ 150,903 75,886 - - - \$ 226,789		\$ 13,627 8,741 - \$ 22,368		- 1		\$	40,622 31,692 13,585 301,733

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# (11) LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

		. 1 à .*	*4*	Business-Type
	(30)	zernmental Activ	vities	Activities
	Revenue	Net	Total	Net
	Bonds	Pension	Governmental	Pension
	Payable	Liability	Activities	Liability
Long-term obligations				
at beginning of year	\$ 5,380,000	\$ 4,851,422	\$ 10,231,422	\$ 643,155
Additions	-	204,662	204,662	-
Deductions	290,000	-	290,000	19,185
Long-term obligations				
at end of year	\$ 5,090,000	\$ 5,056,084	\$ 10,146,084	\$ 623,970

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of June 30, 2021:

		Go	vern	mental Activ	ities	<b>;</b>		siness-Type Activities
	Revenue Bonds Payable		Net Pension Liability		Total Governmental Activities		Net Pension Liability	
Current portion Long-term portion Total	\$	310,000 4,780,000 5,090,000	\$ 	609,092 4,446,992 5,056,084	\$ 	919,092 9,226,992 10,146,084	\$ 	84,956 539,014 623,970

Bonds payable at June 30, 2021, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Bond	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Final Payment Due	Interest to Maturity	Principal Outstanding	Funding Source
Governmental Activities: Facilities Improvements Bonds	\$6,000,000	.30 to 5.00%	3-1-2033	\$1,301,628	\$ 4,270,000	1% Sales Tax Revenue
Facilities Improvements Bonds	1,000,000	.65 to 3.50%	3-1-2035	227,313	820,000	1% Sales Tax Revenue
Total	\$7,000,000	:		\$ 1,528,941	\$ 5,090,000	ı

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In August 2013, the City Council authorized and issued Public Improvement Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series ST-2013 to the Jeff Davis Bank in the amount of \$6,000,000. The proceeds of this issue are to be used to pay a portion of the costs of construction of certain capital improvements for improving public buildings within the City of Jennings, and to pay the costs of issuance associated with the Bonds.

The bonds were issued on a complete parity with the outstanding Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds, Series 1995 and Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds, Series 1997. The bonds, equally with the Outstanding Parity Bonds, are payable from and secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the net proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax approved in December 2012.

The bonds purchased by Jeff Davis Bank shall bear interest starting at .30% in 2014 to 5.00% in 2033. Interest shall be due and payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning on March 1, 2014. Principal will be due on March 1 of each year beginning on March 1, 2014.

In November 2015, the City Council authorized and issued Public Improvement Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series ST-2015 to Jeff Davis Bank in the amount of \$1,000,000. The proceeds of this issue are to be used to pay a portion of the costs of construction of certain capital improvements for improving public buildings within the City of Jennings, and to pay the costs of issuance associated with the Bonds.

The bonds were issued on a complete parity with the outstanding Series ST-2013 Bonds, Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds, Series 1995 and Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds, Series 1997. The bonds, equally with the Outstanding Parity Bonds, are payable from and secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the net proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax approved in December 2012.

The bonds purchased by Jeff Davis Bank shall bear interest starting at .65% in 2016 to 3.50% in 2035. Interest shall be due and payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning on March 1, 2016. Principal will be due on March 1 of each year beginning on March 1, 2016.

The annual requirements to amortize all bonds payable as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	
Year Ending June 30,	Payments	Payments	Total
2022	\$ 310,000	\$ 189,553	\$ 499,553
2023	325,000	183,233	508,233
2024	340,000	175,248	515,248
2025	355,000	165,943	520,943
2026	380,000	155,405	535,405
2027-2031	2,170,000	563,919	2,733,919
2032-2036	1,210,000	95,640	1,305,640
Total	\$ 5,090,000	\$ 1,528,941	\$ 6,618,941

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

In accordance with R.S. 39:562, the City is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2021, the statutory limit is \$24,013,686 and the City has no outstanding bonded debt funded by ad valorem taxes including interest.

In addition, the City is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt secured by sales and use taxes in excess of 75% of the avails of the tax. The municipality was within this 75% limitation when the sales tax bonds were issued.

#### (12) INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Details related to interfund transfers as of June 30, 2021 are presented as follows:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Major Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	\$ 1,782,449	\$ -
1994 1% Sales Tax Fund	=	2,739,156
Non-major Governmental Activities	956,707	
Total	\$ 2,739,156	\$ 2,739,156

The transfers are movements of money from one fund to another. These merely serve as a means to finance activities in the receiving fund.

### (13) PENSION PLANS

Substantially all employees of the City of Jennings are members of the following statewide retirement systems: Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana, or Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System. These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

### A. Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

#### Plan Description

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established in accordance with the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 11:1731 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities throughout the State of Louisiana. MERS is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the City, except for policemen, firemen, and the City Judge, are members of Plan B. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, calling (225) 925-4810, or by downloading from www.mersla.com.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the Plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

Any member of Plan B, who commenced participation in the MERS prior to January 1, 2013, can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- a. Any age with thirty (30) years of creditable service.
- b. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) or more years of creditable service.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Any member of Plan B hired on or after January 1, 2013 (Tier 2) shall be eligible for retirement if he meets one of the following criteria:

- a. Age 67 with seven (7) or more years of creditable service.
- b. Age 62 with ten (10) or more years of creditable service.
- c. Age 55 with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service.
- d. Any age with twenty five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

The monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

# Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Benefits

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of MERS has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in MERS.

### **Disability Benefits**

For Plan B, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least ten years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan B shall be shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of an amount equal to two percent of his final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, but not less than thirty percent of his final compensation or an amount equal to what the member's normal retirement benefit would be based on the member's current final compensation, but assuming the member remained in continuous service until his earliest normal retirement age and using those retirement benefit computation factors which would be applicable to the member's normal retirement.

#### Survivor's Benefits

Upon the death of any member of Plan B with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for normal retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan B who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

## **Cost-of-Living Increases**

MERS is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows MERS to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Deferred Benefits**

Plan B provides for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are at 5% of earnable compensation for Plan B. The contributions are deducted from the member's salary and remitted by the participating municipality.

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2021, the employer contribution rate was 15.50% of member's earnings for Plan B.

In accordance with state statute, MERS receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as additional employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 15.50% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$263,944 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$1,938,576 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportion was 2.139175%, which was an increase of .018448 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$332,031 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$1,412.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to MERS from the following sources:

	(	Government	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			
	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	Ot	ıtflows of	In	flows of	Οī	ıtflows of	Inflows of	
	R	esources	R	esources	R	esources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(22,119)	\$	-	\$	(10,499)
Changes of assumptions		40,741		-		19,338		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		142,720		-		67,741		-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,421		(12,442)		3,047		(5,905)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		178,988				84,956		_
Total	\$	368,870	\$	(34,561)	\$	175,082	\$	(16,404)

Deferred outflows of resources of \$263,944 related to MERS resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to MERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ 85,122
2023	65,146
2024	47,949
2025	30,826
	\$ 229,043

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability of MERS as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Valuation date June 30, 2020

Expected remaining service lives 3 years for Plan B

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.95%

Inflation rate 2.50%

Projected salary increases 7.40% for 1 to 4 years of service

4.90% for more than 4 years of service

Mortality rates Annuitant and beneficiary - PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree

Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP 2018

scales

Employees - PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to

120% for males and females, each adjusted using their

repective male and female MP2018 scales

Disabled annuitants - PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree

Table set equal to 120% fro males and females with the full

generational MP2018 scale

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Portfolio
	Target Asset	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Public equity	53%	2.33%
Public fixed income	38%	1.67%
Alternatives	9%	0.40%
Totals	100%	4.40%
Inflation		2.60%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		7.00%

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the MERS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.950%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2020:

	On	e Percentage	Current	One Percentage		
		Point	Discout		Point	
		Decrease	Rate		Increase	
		5.950%	6.950%	7.950%		
Net pension liability	\$	2,580,607	\$ 1,938,576	\$	1,395,330	

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana Annual Financial Report at www.mersla.com or www.lla.state.la.us.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

These financial statements include a payable to the pension plan of \$34,915, which is the legally required contribution due at June 30, 2021. This amount is recorded in accrued expenses.

# B. Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS)

### Plan Description

The City contributes to MPERS which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. MPERS was established by Act 189 of the 1973 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to municipal police officers in Louisiana.

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in the System is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. The System provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233.

MPERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at www.lampers.org or www.lla.state.la.us.

### Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the Plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

Any member prior to January 1, 2013, can retire providing he/she meets one of the following criteria:

- a. At any age after 25 years of creditable service
- b. At age 55 after 12 years of creditable service
- c. At age 50 after 20 years of creditable service
- d. At any age after 20 years of creditable service, with an actuarially reduced benefit

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Any member after January 1, 2013, under Hazardous Duty sub plan can retire providing he/she meets one of the following criteria:

- a. At any age after 25 years of creditable service
- b. At age 55 after 12 years of creditable service
- c. At any age after 20 years of creditable service, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55

Any member after January 1, 2013, under Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan can retire providing he/she meets one of the following criteria:

- a. At any age after 30 years of creditable service
- b. At age 60 after 10 years of creditable service
- c. At age 55 after 25 years of creditable service
- d. At any age after 20 years of creditable service, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55

Benefit rates for membership prior to January 1, 2013, are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Benefit rates for membership after January 1, 2013, are based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

### Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Benefits

A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he/she is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in the System is terminated. At the entry date into DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty- six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into the System shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefits based on the additional service. For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

based on the System's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account and earn interest at the money market rate.

# **Disability Benefits**

The Board of Trustees may award benefits to those eligible members who have been certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. The application must be filed with the Board of Trustees through the office of the Director prior to the date of termination of employment. Please see specific procedures for disability retirement as described and provided for in R.S. 11:208, R.S. 11:216 through R.S. 11:224 and R.S. 11:2223.

#### **Survivor's Benefits**

Upon the death of an active contributing member (membership prior to January 1, 2013), or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

Upon the death of an active contributing member (membership after January 1, 2013), or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater. If the deceased member had less than ten years of service, the beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

#### **Cost-of-Living Increases**

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary, or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility. No regular retiree, survivor, or beneficiary shall be eligible to receive a cost-of-living adjustment until benefits have been received at least one full fiscal year and the payment of such COLA, when authorized, shall not be effective until the lapse of at least one-half of the fiscal year. Members who elect early retirement are not eligible for a COLA until they reach retirement age. A COLA may only be granted if funds are available from interest earnings in excess of normal requirements, as determined by the actuary.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## **Initial Benefit Option Plan**

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefits, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on the same criteria as DROP.

#### Contributions

Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, total contributions due for employers and employees were 43.75%. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013, and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013, were 33.75% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013, were 33.75% and 8%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members whose earnable compensation is less than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services were 36.25% and 7.5%, respectively.

The System also receives insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2020, and excluded from pension expense.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 33.75% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$303,525 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$2,858,117 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

determined. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportion was .309242%, which was an increase of .001886 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$341,081 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$336.

At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to MPERS from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		
	Deferred Defe		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (112,579)	
Changes of assumptions	67,915	(70,534)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	342,888	-	
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	11,659	(203,279)	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	303,525		
Total	\$ 725,987	\$ (386,392)	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$303,525 related to MPERS resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to MPERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2022	\$ (88,797)
2023	(8,095)
2024	67,843
2025	 65,119
	\$ 36,070

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability of MPERS as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Valuation date June 30, 2020

**Expected remaining** 

service lives 4 years

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.950%, net of investment expense

Inflation rate 2.50%

Projected salary increases 1-2 years of service: 12.30%

Above 2 years of service: 4.70%

Mortality rates For annuitants and beneficiaries - Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan

Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 sale was used.

For disabled lives, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the

MP2019 scale was used.

For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the

MP2019 scale was used.

Cost-of-living Adjustments The present value of future retirement benefits is based on

benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases

not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

The mortality rate assumption used was set based upon an experience study performed by the prior actuary on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019, and review of similar law enforcement mortality. A change was made full generational mortality which combines the use of a base mortality table with appropriate mortality improvement scales. In order to set the base mortality table, actual plan mortality

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

experience was assigned a credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality.

The best estimates of the arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
		Portfolio
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Equity	48.5%	3.08%
Fixed income	33.5%	0.54%
Alternative	18.0%	1.02%
Totals	100.0%	4.64%
Inflation		2.55%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		7.19%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.950%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the MPERS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.950%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2020:

	O	ne Percentage	Current	On	e Percentage
		Point	Discout		Point
		Decrease 5.950%	Rate 6.950%		Increase 7.950%
Net pension liability	\$	4,015,349	\$ 2,858,117	\$	1,890,718

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana Annual Financial Report at www.lampers.org or on www.lla.state.la.us.

# Payables to the Pension Plan

These financial statements include a payable to the pension plan of \$35,374, which is the legally required contribution due at June 30, 2021. This amount is recorded in accrued expenses.

### C. Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (FRS)

## Plan Description

The City contributes to FRS which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. FRS was established by Act 434 of 1979 to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to firefighters in Louisiana.

The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the FRS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by LRS 11:2251-11:2272. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Any person who becomes an employee as defined in RS 11:2252 on and after January 1, 1980, shall become a member as a condition of employment. Members in the System consist of full-time firefighters, eligible employees of the retirement system, or any person in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system that earns at least \$375 per month, excluding state supplemental pay, and are employed by a fire department of any municipality, parish, or fire district of the State of Louisiana, except for Orleans Parish and the City of Baton Rouge.

No person who has attained age fifty or over shall become a member of the System, unless the person becomes a member by reason of a merger or unless FRS received an application for membership before the applicant attained the age of fifty. No person who has not attained the age of eighteen years shall become a member of the FRS.

Any person who has retired from service under any retirement system or pension fund maintained basically for public officers and employees of the state, its agencies, or political subdivisions, and who is receiving retirement benefits therefrom may become a member of this System, provided the person meets all other requirements for membership. Service credit from the retirement system or pension plan from which the member is retired shall not be used for reciprocal recognition of service with the FRS, or for any other purpose in order to attain eligibility or increase the amount of service credit in the

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FRS.

FRS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at www.lafirefightersret.com or www.lla.state.la.us.

#### Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the Plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

### **Retirement Benefits**

Any member can retire providing he/she meets one of the following criteria:

- a. At any age after 25 years of creditable service
- b. At age 55 after 12 years of creditable service
- c. At age 50 after 20 years of creditable service

The retirement allowance is equal to three and one-third percent of the member's average final compensation based on the 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed one hundred percent of his average final compensation.

# **Optional Allowances**

If employees terminate before rendering 12 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to their employer's contributions. Benefits are payable over the employees' lives in the form of a monthly annuity. An employee may elect an unreduced benefit or any of seven options at retirement. See R.S. 11:2256(A) for additional details on retirement benefits.

### Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Benefits

After completing 20 years of creditable service and age 50 or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to 36 months. Upon commencement of participation in the deferred retirement option plan, employer and employee contributions to the System cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the deferred retirement option plan account. Upon termination of employment, a participant has several options to receive their deferred retirement option plan benefit. A member may elect to roll over all or a portion of their deferred retirement option plan balance into another eligible qualified plan, receive a lump-sum payment from the account, receive single withdrawals at the discretion of the member, receive monthly or annual withdrawals, or receive an annuity based on the deferred retirement option plan account balance. These withdrawals are in addition to his regular monthly benefit. If employment is not terminated at the end of the 36 months, the participant resumes regular contributions to the System. No withdrawals

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

may be made from the deferred retirement option plan account until the participant retires.

# **Disability Benefits**

A member who acquires a disability, and who files for disability benefits while in service, and who upon medical examination and certification as provided for in Title 11, is found to have a total disability solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has at least five years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member in active service, shall be entitled to disability benefits under the provisions of R.S. 11:2258(B).

### Survivor's Benefits

Benefits shall be payable to the surviving eligible spouse or designated beneficiary of a deceased member as specified in R. S. 11:2256(B) & (C).

# **Cost-of-Living Increases**

Under the provisions of R.S. 11:246 and 11:2260 A (7), the board of trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have retired an annual cost of living increase of up to 3% of their current benefit, and all retired members and widows who are sixty-five years of age and older a 2% increase in their original benefit. In order for the board to grant either of these increases the system must meet certain criteria detailed in the statute related to funding status and interest earnings (R.S. 11:243). In lieu of these cost of living adjustments, pursuant to R.S. 11:241, the board may also grant an increase based on a formula equal to up to \$1 times the total number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree, plus the number of years since retirement or since death of the member or retiree to the system's fiscal year end preceding the payment of the benefit increase. If there are not sufficient funds to fund the benefit at the rate of one dollar per year for such total number of years, then the rate shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of funds that are available to fund the cost-of-living adjustment.

### **Initial Benefit Option Plan**

Effective June 16, 1999, members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive, at the time of retirement, an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as the DROP account.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Contributions**

Employer contributions are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2021, employer and employee contributions for members above the poverty line were 32.25% and 10.0%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for those members below the poverty line were 34.25% and 8.0%, respectively.

The System also receives insurance premium assessments from the state of Louisiana. This assessment is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2020, and excluded from pension expense. Non-employer contributions received by the System during the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$28,017,672.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 22.25% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$122,892 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$845,233 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportion was .121940%, which was a decrease of .008130 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$77,485 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$1,637.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to FRS from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities			ctivities	
	Deferred		Ι	eferred	
	Οι	ıtflows of	In	flows of	
	R	esources	R	esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	s	-	\$	(54,078)	
Changes of assumptions		81,707		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		93,082		_	
Change in proportion and differences between		30,302			
employer contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		52,369		(290,781)	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		122,892		_	
Total	\$	350,050	\$	(344,859)	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$122,892 related to FRS resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to FRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2022	\$ (40,226)
2023	4,807
2024	(19,925)
2025	(36,156)
2026	(21,624)
2027	(4,577)
	\$ (117,701)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability of FRS as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Valuation date June 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Expected remaining service lives 7 years

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.00% per annum (net of investment expenses)

Inflation rate 2.500% per annum

Projected salary increases 14.10% in the first two years of service and 5.20% with

3 or more years of service; includes inflation and merit increases (in 2019, salary increases ranged from 14.75% in the first two years of service to 4.5% with 25 or more

years of service)

Mortality rates For active members, mortality set equal to Pub-2010

Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-

Median Employees.

For annuitants and beneficiaries, mortality set equal to Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-

Median Healthy Retirees

For disabled retirees, mortality was set equal to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled

Retirees.

In all cases the base table was multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection

using the appropriate MP2019 scale.

Cost of living adjustments Only those previously granted

The mortality rate assumption were updated in fiscal year 2020 to reflect chanes from the recent experience study and rates set in the Pub-2010 public Retirement Plans mortality tables, as compared to the RP-2000 Combined Healthy and Disabled Lives tables that were used for the previous valuation.

The estimated long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by the System's actuary using the System's target asset allocation and the

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

G.S. Curran & Company Consultant Average study for 2020. The consultants' average study included projected nominal rates of return, standard deviations of returns, and correlations of returns for a list of common asset classes collected from a number of investment consultants and investment management firms. Each consultant's response included nominal expected long term rates of return. In order to arrive at long term expected arithmetic real rates of return, the actuary normalized the data received from the consultant's responses in the following ways. Where nominal returns received were arithmetic, the actuary simply reduced the return assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Where nominal returns were geometric, the actuary converted the return to arithmetic by adjusting for the long term standard deviation and then reduced the assumption by the long term inflation assumption. Using the target asset allocation for the System and the average values for expected real rates of return, standard deviation of returns, and correlation of returns, an arithmetic expected nominal rate of return and standard deviation for the portfolio was determined. The System's long-term assumed rate of inflation of 2.50% was used in this process for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected real rate of return is an important input into the actuary's determination of the reasonable range for the discount rate which is used in determining the total pension liability. Prior year's financial reports presented the long-term expected real rate of return provided by the System's investment consultant, whereas this year's report presents this information for both fiscal years 2020 and 2019 from the System's actuary. The actuary's method incorporates information from multiple consultants and investments firms regarding future expected rates of return, variances, and correlation coefficients for each asset class. The actuary's method integrates data from multiple sources to produce average values thereby reducing reliance on a single data source.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in FRS' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
U.S. equity	26.0%	5.72%
Non U.S. equity	12.0%	6.24%
Global equity	10.0%	6.23%
Emerging market equity	6.0%	8.61%
U.S. core fixed income	26.0%	1.00%
Emerging market debt	5.0%	3.40%
Global tactical asset allocation	0.0%	4.22%
Risk parity	0.0%	4.22%
Real estate	6.0%	4.20%
Private equity	9.0%	10.29%
Totals	100.0%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents City's proportionate share of the FRS's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2020:

	One I	One Percentage		Current		Percentage			
	]	Point		Point Discout		Point Discout			Point
	De	Decrease		Decrease Rate		Increase			
	6	5.00%		7.00%		8.00%			
Net pension liability	\$	1,220,931	\$	845,233	\$	531,636			

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana Annual Financial Report at www.lafirefightersret.com or on www.lla.state.la.us.

# Payables to the Pension Plan

These financial statements include a payable to the pension plan of \$16,853, which is the legally required contribution due at June 30, 2021. This amount is recorded in accrued expenses.

#### D. Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

# Plan Description

The City contributes to LASERS on behalf of the city judge of the City Court of Jennings (Ward 2). LASERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. LASERS was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. 11:401, as amended, for eligible state officers, employees, and their beneficiaries.

LASERS issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which can be obtained at www.lasersonline.org or www.lla.state.la.us.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the Plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute, and vary depending on the members' hire date, employer, and job classification. Rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006 may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing thirty years of creditable service, at age 55 upon completing twenty-five years of creditable service, and at age 60 upon completing ten years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015, may retire at age 60 upon completing five years of creditable service and those hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 upon completing five years of creditable service.

The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with twelve years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after five years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, and

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

### **Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Benefits**

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

### **Initial Benefit Option**

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

### **Disability Benefits**

Generally, active members with ten or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age. Upon reaching retirement age, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees. For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation or 100% of final average compensation if the injury was the result of an intentional act of violence.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Survivor's Benefits

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased members' compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased regular member hired before January 1, 2011 who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of five years of service credit, at least two of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of twenty years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is ten years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child. The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of five years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least one year before death.

#### **Cost-of-Living Increases**

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

### Contributions

The employer contribution rate is established annually under La. R.S. 11:101-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's Actuary. Each plan pays a separate actuarially-determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of LASERS are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan membership. Rates for the year ended June 30, 2021, employer and employee contributions for Judges hired before January 1, 2011 were 42.5% and 11.5%, respectively.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 42.5% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$3,687 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$38,128 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportion was .000460%, which was no change of percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,913 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$1,170.

At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to LASERS from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities			tivities
	Deferred		Deferred	
	Out	flows of	Inflows of	
	Re	sources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	s	(366)
Changes of assumptions		122		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		5,574		-
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		(757)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,687		_
Total	\$	9,383	\$	(1,123)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Deferred outflows of resources of \$3,687 related to LASERS resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to LASERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2022	\$ -
2023	1.561
2024	1,722
2025	1,290
	\$ 4,573

# Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability of LASERS as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020		
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal		
Expected remaining service lives	2 years		
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	7.55% per annum		
Inflation rate	2.30% per annum		
Projected salary increases	Salary increases were projected based on a 2014-2018 experience study of the System's members. The salary increase ranges for specific types of members are:		
	Lower Upper		

	Lower	Upper
Member Type	Range	Range
Regular	3.20%	13.00%
Judges	2.80%	5.30%
Corrections	3.80%	14.00%
Hazardous Duty	3.80%	14.00%
Wildlife	3.80%	14.00%

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Mortality rates	Non-disabled members - The RP-2014 Blue Collar (males/females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant Tables projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018
	Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.
Termination, disability, and retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five-year (2014-2018) experience study of the System's members.
Cost of living adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.30% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 8.25% for 2020. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Expected
	Long Term
	Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Cash	-0.59%
Domestic equity	4.79%
International equity	5.83%
Domestic fixed income	1.76%
International fixed income	3.98%
Alternative investments	6.69%
Risk Parity	4.20%
Total fund	5.81%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the LASERS's Net Pension Liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2020:

		One Percentage Point Decrease 6.55%		Current Discout Rate 7.55%		One Percentage Point Increase 8.55%	
Net pension liability	\$	46,853	\$	38,128	\$	30,723	

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana Annual Financial Report at www.lasersonline.org or on www.lla.state.la.us.

# Payables to the Pension Plan

These financial statements include a payable to the pension plan of \$ 459, which is the legally required contribution due at June 30, 2021. This amount is recorded in accrued expenses.

#### (14) LANDFILL JOINT VENTURE

The City is a participant in a joint venture referred to as the Jefferson Davis Parish Sanitary Landfill Commission. This entity was chartered on February 17, 1984. The Commission's purpose is the establishment of a long-term plan for the disposal of solid wastes in Jefferson Davis Parish. The Commission has contracted the operations of the landfill to an outside party. According to the contract, the contractor is responsible for any costs related to pollution remediation and eventual site closure. According to the charter, each participant in the Commission is responsible for a pro rata share of any operating deficits. Likewise, any distributions of surpluses are also shared on a pro rata basis. Each participant's pro rata share is based on the number of households within each participant's unit to the total number of households within all participating units. These proportions were determined using the 1980 U.S. Census as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Number of	
<u>Locality</u>	<u>Households</u>	Percentages
Jennings	4,161	.421196
Welsh	1,167	.118129
Lake Arthur	1,212	.122684
Parish (excluding Jennings,		
Welsh, Lake Arthur, & Elton)	3,339	<u>337991</u>
Totals	<u>9,879</u>	1.000000

The Commission consists of six commissioners as follows: two residents of Jennings, one resident of Welsh, one resident of Lake Arthur, and two residents of Jefferson Davis Parish living outside the city limits of the Jennings, Welsh, Lake Arthur and Elton. The Commission members are to be appointed by the governing body of their place of residence.

The Commission has the power and authority to employ personnel, adopt its own budget and enter into agreements necessary for the operation of the Landfill. In certain instances, some agreements must be consented to by all six members of the Commission. Separate financial statements are available from the Jefferson Davis Parish Landfill Commission upon request.

Condensed financial information for the Jefferson Davis Parish Sanitary Landfill as of December 31, 2019 (the latest available audited financial statements) were as follows:

		Jennings	
	Total	(42.1196%)	
Total assets	\$ 5,914,551	\$ 2,491,185	
Deferred outflows of resources	40,249	16,953	
Total liabilities	6,714	2,828	
Deferred inflows of resources	63,578	26,779	
Total net position	5,884,508	2,478,531	
Total program revenues	2,311,284	973,504	
General revenues	317,770	133,843	
Distributions to member governments	1,625,524	684,664	
Total expenses	815,554	343,508	
Change in net position	187,976	79,175	

As of December 31, 2020, the Commission had no long-term debt outstanding.

The Landfill Commission as owner of a sanitary landfill is subject to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations that require monitoring the landfill site for 30 years following closure

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

of the site in addition to other closure requirements. These regulations also mandate that landfill owners provide financial assurances that they will have the resources available to satisfy the postclosure standards. These guarantees can be third-party trusts, surety bonds, letters of credit, insurance, or state sponsored plans. According to the Commission's contract with the site operator, "...the contractor shall be responsible for closure in accordance with the permit...". Additionally, "...the contractor's post-closure care, maintenance and monitoring responsibility shall be three (3) years, or as required by law,...". In the event the operator is for whatever reason unwilling or unable to fulfill this requirement, the responsibility for closure and post closure monitoring will revert back to the Commission.

Additionally, because of the industry the Commission participates in, certain potential liabilities are always present. These include, but are not limited to, environmental cleanup costs and EPA penalties for violation of its regulations. The EPA is empowered by law (through the Superfund legislation) to seek recovery from anyone who ever owned or operated a particular contaminated site, or anyone who ever generated or transported hazardous materials to a site (these parties are commonly referred to as potentially responsible parties, or PRPs). Potentially, the liability can extend to subsequent owners or to the parent company of a PRP. While there are no asserted or unasserted potential costs or penalties at the date of this report that the Commission is aware of, the potential is present.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City received \$168,479 from this Commission as its proportionate distribution, plus \$10,000 for economic development. The City also received \$626,802 as its share of gas revenues from this Commission. The Commission is classified as a governmental activity and the City of Jennings has not included its 42.1% share of the Commission's net assets in these financial statements.

## (15) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION JOINT VENTURE

The City is a participant in a joint venture referred to as the Jefferson Davis Parish Economic Development Commission. This entity was chartered on January 30, 2007. The Commission's purpose is to act as an agency to enhance economic development and sustainable growth in Jefferson Davis Parish. According to the charter, each member is responsible for contributing to the Commission an amount equal to the percentage as stated in the Commission's charter. The proportion of annual participation shall be as follows:

			Not	
Member	Percentage		to Exceed	
City of Jennings	.395	\$	75,000	
Jefferson Davis Parish Tourist Commission	.395		75,000	
Town of Welsh	210		40,000	
Total	1.00			

The Commission consists of seven commissioners as follows: three residents of the City of Jennings, three representatives appointed by the Jefferson Davis Parish Tourist Commission, and one resident of the Town of Welsh. The Commission members are to be appointed by the governing body of their place of residence.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The Commission has the power and authority to employ a director to oversee and manage the operation of the commission office, hire other staff as needed, adopt its own budget, and enter into contracts for professional services necessary for the operation of the Commission.

Condensed financial information for the Jefferson Davis Economic Development Commission as of December 31, 2020 (the latest available audited financial statements) were as follows:

	Total	Jennings (39.5%)
T . 1	m 172.046	0 (0.700
Total assets	\$ 173,946	\$ 68,709
Total liabilities	628	248
Total net position	173,318	68,461
Total program revenues	175,000	69,125
General revenues	12,207	4,822
Total expenses	178,442	70,485
Change in net position	8,765	3,462

As of December 31, 2020, the Commission had no long-term debt outstanding.

The Commission is classified as a governmental activity and the City of Jennings has not included its 39.5% share of the Commission's net assets in these financial statements.

## (16) COMPENSATION PAID TO MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Salaries paid to the Mayor and Council during the year was as follows:

Henry Guinn, Mayor	\$ 65,000
William J. Armentor	6,000
Carolyn Simon	6,000
Stevie VanHook	6,000
Anthony LeBlanc	6,000
Clifton LeJeune	 6,000
Total	\$ 95,000

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### (17) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has elected to purchase insurance coverage through the commercial insurance market to cover its exposure to loss. The City is insured up to policy limits for each of the above risks. There were no significant changes in coverages, retentions, or limits during the year ended June 30, 2021. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

#### (18) LITIGATION AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is involved in lawsuits for damages, discrimination, and personal injury. In the opinion of the City's attorney, these suits are without merit and/or adequately covered by liability insurance presently enforce by the City, except for policy deductibles which are considered to be immaterial. City management feels that any amounts not covered by insurance would be immaterial.

### (19) FEDERAL GRANT

The City participates in federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to the program compliance audits by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City's management feels such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

### (20) ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR SALARIES

During 1996 the City implemented GASB Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance. This standard requires the City to report in the financial statements on-behalf salary payments made by the State of Louisiana to certain groups of city employees. Supplementary salary payments are made by the state directly to certain groups of employees. The City is not legally responsible for these salaries. Therefore, the basis for recognizing the revenue and expenditure payments is the actual contribution made by the state. For the year ended June 30, 2021 the state paid supplemental salaries to the City's police, firemen and city marshal. On-behalf payments recorded as revenues and expenditures in the general fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$211,636.

### (21) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 31, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

**Required Supplemental Information** 

Variance with

## CITY OF JENNINGS, LOUISIANA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-

**Budget and Actual** 

**General Fund** 

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Part   Part			Budgeted	Am	ounts			Fi	inal Budget avorable /
Decal sources			Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	(U	nfavorable)
Decal sources	Revenues								
Taxes         Ad valorem         \$ 461,000         \$ 461,000         \$ 495,117         \$ 34,117           Sales and use         2,111,250         2,111,250         3,217,729         1,106,479           Franchise tax         540,000         540,000         694,118         154,118           Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         1,000,000         18,032         8,032           Licenses and permits         430,000         430,000         651,417         221,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,194,840         1,095,772         (99,068)           Fines and forfeitures         336,000         336,000         338,147         2,147           Investment earnings         71,250         71,250         11,353         (59,897)           Other revenues         671,500         671,500         938,099         266,598           State sources         508,000         508,000         707,779         199,779           Federal sources         508,000         508,000         707,779         199,779           Federal sources         -         -         893         893           Total revenues shring         2,200         508,000         707,779         199,779           Federal sources									
Ad valorem         \$ 461,000         \$ 461,000         \$ 495,117         \$ 34,117           Sales and use         2,111,250         2,111,250         3,217,729         1,106,479           Franchise tax         540,000         540,000         694,118         154,118           Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         10,000         10,000         18,032         8,032           Licenses and permits         430,000         430,000         651,417         221,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,194,840         1,195,772         (99,068)           Fines and forfeitures         336,000         336,000         338,147         2,147           Investment earnings         71,250         71,250         11,333         (59,897)           Other revenues sharing         25,000         25,000         24,220         (780)           Other state sources         508,000         508,000         707,779         199,779           Federal sources         508,000         508,000         707,779         199,779           Federal sources         2         2,500         707,779         199,779           Federal sources         3,200         6,358,840         8,192,676         1,833,383           Te									
Sales and use         2,111,250         2,111,250         3,217,729         1,106,479           Franchise tax         540,000         540,000         694,118         154,118           Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         10,000         10,000         694,118         154,118           Licenses and permits         430,000         430,000         651,417         221,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,194,840         1,194,840         1,095,772         (99,068)           Fines and forfeitures         336,000         336,000         338,147         2,147           Investment earnings         71,250         71,250         11,353         (59,897)           Other revenues         671,500         671,500         938,099         266,599           State sources         508,000         25,000         24,220         (780)           Other stax sources         508,000         508,000         70,779         199,779           Federal sources         508,000         508,000         70,779         199,779           Federal sources         508,000         6,358,840         8,192,676         1,833,836           Expenditures         1,267,133         1,267,133         1,137,812         129,321		S	461.000	S	461,000	S	495.117	S	34.117
Franchise tax         540,000         540,000         694,118         154,118           Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.         10,000         10,000         18,032         8,032           Licenses and permits         430,000         430,000         651,417         221,417           Fees, charges, and commissions for services         1,194,840         1,194,840         1,095,772         (99,068)           Fines and forfeitures         336,000         336,000         338,147         2,147           Investment earnings         71,250         71,250         11,353         (59,897)           Other revenues         671,500         671,500         938,099         266,599           State sources         508,000         25,000         24,220         (780)           Other state sources         508,000         508,000         707,779         199,779           Federal sources         -         -         893         893           Total revenues         6,358,840         6,358,840         8,192,676         1,833,836           Expenditures           Expenditures           General government         1,267,133         1,267,133         1,137,812         129,321									

Variance with

## CITY OF JENNINGS, LOUISIANA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual 1994 1% Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		75 J . I						nal Budget
		Budgeted	Amo		A as	inal America		avorable /
		Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	(0	nfavorable)_
Revenues								
Local sources								
Taxes:								
Sales and use	\$	2,111,250	\$	2,111,250	\$	3,217,729	\$	1,106,479
Investment earnings		8,000		8,000		1,927		(6,073)
Total revenues		2,119,250		2,119,250		3,219,656		1,100,406
Expenditures								
Public safety		120,000		120,000		170,441		(50,441)
Public works		1,165,000		1.165,000		726,341		438,659
Capital outlay		40,000		40,000		41,858		(1,858)
Total expenditures		1,325,000		1,325,000		938,640		386,360
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		794,250		794,250		2,281,016		1,486,766
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(2,595,161)		(2,595,161)		(2,739,156)		(143,995)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,595,161)		(2,595,161)		(2,739,156)		(143,995)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources								
over (under) expenditures and other uses		(1,800,911)		(1,800,911)		(458,140)		1,342,771
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,018,591		2,018,591		2,018,591		-
Fund balance at end of year	<u> </u>	217,680	<u> </u>	217,680	<u> </u>	1,560,451	<u> </u>	1,342,771
i und datance at the of year	<u></u>	217,000	Φ	217,000		1,500,731	<u> </u>	1,374,111

## Municipal Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability

						Employer's	
	Employer	]	Employer			Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	Pr	oportionate			of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	of the	S.	hare of the	E	Employer's	Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	N	et Pension		Covered	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
ended	Liability		Liability	]	Employee	Covered Employee	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)		(Asset)	Payroll		Payroll	Pension Liability
						_	
2021	2.139175%	\$	1,938,576	\$	1,657,794	116.9%	66.3%
2020	2.120727%	\$	1,855,240	\$	1,621,223	114.4%	66.1%
2019	2.190497%	\$	1,852,792	\$	1,623,332	114.1%	63.9%
2018	2.183565%	\$	1.889.292	\$	1,620,762	116.6%	62.5%
2017	2.246939%	\$	1,862,507	\$	1,650,846	112.8%	62.1%
2016	2.431884%	\$	1,652,823	\$	1,694,352	97.5%	68.7%
2015	2.446385%	\$	1,148,571	\$	1,651,012	69.6%	76.9%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (previous fiscal year end).

## Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability

						Employer's	
	Employer	]	Employer			Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	$P_{\mathbf{r}}$	oportionate			of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	of the	S	hare of the	E	Employer's	Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	N	et Pension		Covered	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
ended	Liability		Liability	]	Employee	Covered Employee	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)		(Asset)		Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2021	0.309242%	\$	2,858,117	\$	955,164	299.2%	70.9%
2020	0.307356%	\$	2,791,307	\$	959,843	290.8%	71.0%
2019	0.357444%	\$	3,021,853	\$	1,055,593	286.3%	71.9%
2018	0.360008%	\$	3,143,022	\$	1,074,736	292.4%	70.1%
2017	0.369931%	\$	3,467,296	\$	1,036,254	334.6%	66.0%
2016	0.404035%	\$	3,165,192	\$	1,080,767	292.9%	70.7%
2015	0.424652%	\$	2,656,657	\$	1.099,638	241.6%	75.1%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (previous fiscal year end).

## Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability

						Employer's	
	Employer	]	Employer			Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	$P_{\mathbf{r}}$	oportionate			of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	of the	S	hare of the	E	mployer's	Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	N	et Pension		Covered	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
ended	Liability		Liability	E	Employee	Covered Employee	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)		(Asset)		Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2021	0.121940%	\$	845,233	\$	303,582	278.4%	72.6%
2020	0.130070%	\$	814,487	\$	314,363	259.1%	74.0%
2019	0.155431%	\$	894,051	\$	370,058	241.6%	74.8%
2018	0.198084%	\$	1,135,388	\$	462,498	245.5%	73.5%
2017	0.194830%	\$	1,274,364	\$	439,300	290.1%	68.2%
2016	0.163219%	\$	880,911	\$	346,870	254.0%	72.4%
2015	0.194955%	\$	867,533	\$	374,728	231.5%	76.0%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (previous fiscal year end).

## Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability

						Employer's	
	Employer	Ei	mployer			Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	Prop	portionate			of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	of the	Sha	are of the	En	ıployer's	Liability (Asset) as a	Net Position
Year	Net Pension	Ne	t Pension	C	overed	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
ended	Liability	L	iability	Er	nployee	Covered Employee	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)	(	(Asset)	I	Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
		·					
2021	0.000460%	\$	38,128	\$	9,118	418.2%	58.0%
2020	0.000460%	\$	33,544	\$	8,846	379.2%	62.9%
2019	0.000491%	\$	33,486	\$	8,846	378.5%	64.3%
2018	0.000510%	\$	35,898	\$	8,880	404.3%	62.5%
2017	0.000515%	\$	40,441	\$	8,914	453.7%	57.7%
2016	0.000639%	\$	43,462	\$	8,880	489.4%	62.7%
2015	0.000510%	\$	31,702	\$	9,118	347.7%	65.0%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (previous fiscal year end).

Municipal Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021\*

Year ended June 30,	F	Contributions in Relation to  Contractually Required Contribution				Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
2021	\$	263,944	\$	263,944	\$	-	\$ 1,702,868	15.5%
2020	\$	232,091	\$	232,091	\$	-	\$ 1,657,794	14.0%
2019	\$	226,971	\$	226,971	\$	-	\$ 1,621,223	14.0%
2018	\$	215,091	\$	215,091	\$	=	\$ 1,623,332	13.2%
2017	\$	178,284	\$	178,284	\$	-	\$ 1,620,762	11.0%
2016	\$	156,830	\$	156,830	\$	-	\$ 1,650,846	9.5%
2015	\$	160,964	\$	160,964	\$	_	\$ 1,694,352	9.5%
2014	\$	140,288	\$	140,288	\$	-	\$ 1,651,012	8.5%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

# Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021\*

				tributions in elation to			E	Employer's	Contributions as a % of
Year		ntractually	C	ontractual		ibution		Covered	Covered
ended	F	Required	F	Required	Defi	ciency	]	Employee	Employee
June 30,	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Ex	cess)		Payroll	<u>Payr</u> oll
2021	\$	303,525	\$	303,525	\$	_	\$	899,334	33.7%
2020	\$	310,428	\$	310,428	\$	-	\$	955,164	32.5%
2019	\$	309,549	\$	309,549	\$	-	\$	959,843	32.2%
2018	\$	324,595	\$	324,595	\$	_	\$	1,055,593	30.8%
2017	\$	341,229	\$	341,229	\$	-	\$	1,074,736	31.8%
2016	\$	305,695	\$	305,695	\$	-	\$	1,036,254	29.5%
2015	\$	340,442	\$	340,442	\$	-	\$	1,080,767	31.5%
2014	\$	329,923	\$	329,923	\$	-	\$	1,099,638	30.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

## Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021\*

				ributions in					Contributions
				elation to				nployer's	as a % of
Year	Cor	ntractually	C	ontractual	Contr	ibution	(	Covered	Covered
ended	R	Lequired	F	Required	Defic	ciency	E	mployee	Employee
June 30,	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	(Ex	cess)		Payroll	Payroll
2021	\$	122,892	\$	122,892	\$	_	\$	381,061	32.2%
2020	\$	84,244	\$	84,244	\$	-	\$	303,582	27.7%
2019	\$	83,306	\$	83,306	\$	-	\$	314,363	26.5%
2018	\$	98,065	\$	98,065	\$	_	\$	370,058	26.5%
2017	\$	116,781	\$	116,781	\$	-	\$	462,498	25.3%
2016	\$	119,709	\$	119,709	\$	-	\$	439,300	27.2%
2015	\$	101,460	\$	101,460	\$	-	\$	346,870	29.3%
2014	\$	102,448	\$	102,448	\$	-	\$	374,728	27.3%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

# Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021\*

				ibutions in lation to			Em	ployer's	Contributions as a % of
Year	Con	ractually	Cor	ntractual	Contr	bution	C	overed	Covered
ended	Re	equired	Re	equired	Defic	eiency	En	ıploy <i>e</i> e	Employee
June 30,	Con	tribution	Con	tribution	(Ex	cess)	P	ayroll	Payroll
2021	\$	3,687	\$	3,687	\$	_	\$	8,676	42.5%
2020	\$	3,866	\$	3,866	\$	_	\$	9,118	42.4%
2019	\$	3,547	\$	3,547	\$	_	\$	8,846	40.1%
2018	\$	3,547	\$	3,547	\$	_	\$	8,846	40.1%
2017	\$	3,374	\$	3,374	\$	-	\$	8,880	38.0%
2016	\$	3,396	\$	3,396	\$	-	\$	8,914	38.1%
2015	\$	3,685	\$	3,685	\$	-	\$	8,880	41.5%
2014	\$	3,213	\$	3,213	\$	-	\$	9,118	35.2%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### 1. BUDGETS

### Basis of Accounting

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the City. Legally, the City must adopt a balanced budget; that is total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the City to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more.

## Explanation of Significant Difference Between Original and Final Budget

For the year ended June 30, 2021, public works in the original budget for the general fund were significantly lower than the amounts in the final budget because of costs associated with Hurricane Laura and Hurricane Delta.

#### 2. PENSIONS

#### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

For MERS, FRS, MPERS, and LASERS, there were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System

For the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2020, the discount rate was reduced from 7.00% to 6.95%.

## Firefighters' Retirement System

For the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2020, the discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 7.00%.

#### Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

For the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2020, the discount rate was reduced from 7.125% to 6.950%.

#### Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System

For the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2020, the discount rate was reduced from 7.60% to 7.55%. Inflation rate was reduced from 2.50% to 2.30%.

Other Supplemental Schedules

**Combining Balance Sheet** 

Non-major Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	Special			Capital						
	Revenue			Projects		Debt Service		. Total		
	Street Library Fund Fund			Facilities Improvements Fund		Facilities Improvements Sinking Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
			Library Fund							
ASSETS	***************************************	runa		Lund		runu	211	King runu		T UHUS
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,055,258	\$	394,562	\$		\$	165,660	\$	1,615,480
Investments	Ψ	1,055,256	Ф	18,085	Ф	_	-D	103,000	Ф	18,085
Receivables (net of allowances for				10,003						10,000
uncollectibles)		15.762		58,632		_		_		74,394
Prepaid items		1,193		9,805		_		_		10,998
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		_		-,		4,379		584,475		588,854
Total assets	\$	1,072,213	\$	481,084	\$	4,379	\$	750,135	\$	2,307,811
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$	18,197	\$	4,171	\$	-	\$	_	\$	22,368
Total liabilities		18,197		4,171		-		-		22,368
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Public works		1,054,016		_		_		_		1,054,016
Culture and recreation		1,054,010		476,913		_		_		476,913
Debt service		_		-		_		750,135		750,135
Capital projects		_		_		4,379		-		4,379
Total fund balances		1,054,016		476,913		4,379		750,135		2,285,443
Total liabilities and fund balances		1,072,213	<u> </u>	481,084	\$	4,379	\$	750.135	\$	2,307,811
		,- · - ,			-	- 7		, •		, · , ·

## CITY OF JENNINGS, LOUISIANA Non-major Governmental Funds

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue			Capital Projects		Debt Service		Total		
		Street Fund		Library Fund	Facilities Improvements Fund		Facilities Improvements Sinking Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES										
Local sources:										
Taxes			_		_		_		_	
Ad valorem	\$	612,743	\$	274,233	\$	-	\$	-	\$	886,976
Other taxes, penalties, interest, etc.		1,626		728		-		-		2,354
Fines and forfeitures		-		9		-		-		9
Investment earnings		959		560		843		=		2,362
Other revenues		1,770		133,381		-		-		135,151
State sources:										
Other state funds		13,090				-		_		13,090
Total revenues		630,188		408,911		843		-		1,039,942
EXPENDITURES										
General government		-		-		-		1,200		1,200
Public works		947,224		21,545		-		_		968,769
Cultural and recreation		-		278,846		-		_		278,846
Debt service		_		_		-		484,367		484,367
Total expenditures		947,224		300,391		-		485,567		1,733,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(317,036)		108,520		843		(485,567)		(693,240)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		327,144		_		_		629,563		956,707
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		7,590		_		-		, <u>-</u>		7,590
Total other financing sources and uses		334,734		_		-		629,563		964,297
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources										
over (under) expenditures and other uses		17,698		108,520		843		143,996		271,057
Fund balances - beginning		1,036,318		368,393		3,536		606,139		2,014,386
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,054,016	\$	476,913	\$	4,379	\$	750,135	\$	2,285,443

# Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Agency Head Name: Mayor Henry Guinn

<u>Purpose</u>	<b>Amount</b>			
Salary	\$	65,000		
Benefits-insurance		8,975		
Benefits-retirement		10,114		
Benefits-other		-		
Mileage		2,150		
Vehicle provided by government		-		
Per diem		-		
Reimbursements		-		
Travel		-		
Registration fees		-		
Conference travel		-		
Continuing professional education fees		-		
Housing		-		
Unvouchered expenses		-		
Special meals		701		
	\$	86,940		

## Schedule of Collections of Court Costs, Fines, and Fees Cash Basis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Six M Decen	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021		
General Fund				
Jennings City Court:				
Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees	\$	3,607	\$	3,480
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		2,544		2,149
Criminal Fines - Other		155,664		160,554
District Attorney - 31st Judicial District:				
Asset Forfeiture/Sale		-		36,336
Total Receipts		161,814	\$	202,519

**Other Reports** 

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants.

Recipient of Advanced Single Audit Certificate

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jennings, Louisiana

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jennings, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's primary government basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated December 31, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## City of Jennings, Louisiana Page 2

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council, others within the entity, the Legislative Auditor, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and 44:6, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Certified Public Accountants

Loopen, CPA, LLC

Jennings, Louisiana December 31, 2021

Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

No current year findings

Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

No prior year findings