TOWN OF GUEYDAN, LOUISIANA Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2021

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KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Gueydan, Louisiana as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Gueydan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Gueydan, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Gueydan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Gueydan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,

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forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Gueydan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Gueydan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 32 - 34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Gueydan's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of compensation and Justice System Funding Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements attements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of compensation and Justice System Funding Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial report. The other information comprises the nonmajor governmental funds financial statements and comparative departmental analysis of operating revenues and expenses but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Gueydan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Gueydan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Gueydan's internal control over financial control

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana June 27, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$1,303,857	\$781,789	\$2,085,646
Receivables, net	49,355	175,866	225,221
Other Assets	73,233	247	73,480
Internal balances	4,217	(4,217)	-
Prepaid expense	2,991	-	2,991
Restricted assets:			
Interest bearing deposits	-	33,131	33,131
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	439,076	-	439,076
Depreciable,net	7,609,916	2,195,968	9,805,884
Total assets	9,482,645	3,182,784	12,665,429
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and other payables	257,261	147,744	405,005
Retainage payable	38,828	-	38,828
Unearned revenue	-	249,281	249,281
Customers' deposits		33,131	33,131
Total liabilities	296,089	430,156	726,245
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	8,010,163	2,195,968	10,206,131
Restricted	1,034,309	-	1,034,309
Unrestricted	142,084	556,660	698,744
Total net position	\$ 9,186,556	\$ 2,752,628	<u>\$ 11,939,184</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Program Revenues Operating		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position			
Activities	Expenses	Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 285,419	\$ 79,057	\$ -	\$ (206,362)	\$ -	\$ (206,362)	
Public safety	648,338	-	628,533	(19,805)	-	(19,805)	
Public works	536,863	-	-	(536,863)	-	(536,863)	
Culture and recreation	42,419	10,618	-	(31,801)		(31,801)	
Total governmental activities	1,513,039	89,675	628,533	(794,831)	-	(794,831)	
Business-type activities:							
Electricity	1,129,286	1,623,008	-	-	493,722	493,722	
Gas	190,547	236,219	-	-	45,672	45,672	
Water	243,173	196,462	-	-	(46,711)	(46,711)	
Sewer	199,431	165,148			(34,283)	(34,283)	
Total business-type activities	1,762,437	2,220,837			458,400	458,400	
Total	\$ 3,275,476	\$2,310,512	\$628,533	(794,831)	458,400	(336,431)	
	General revenu	es:					
	Taxes -						
	· ·	xes, levied for general purp		21,448	-	21,448	
		se taxes, levied for general	purposes	223,318	-	223,318	
	Beer taxes			2,513	-	2,513	
		nvestment earnings		4,180	1,063	5,243	
	Miscellaneou	S		55,321	-	55,321	
	Transfers			300,446	(300,446)	-	
	Total ge	eneral revenues and transfe	rs	607,226	(299,383)	307,843	
	Change	in net position		(187,605)	159,017	(28,588)	
	Net position - b	beginning		9,374,161	2,593,611	11,967,772	
	Net position - e	ending		\$ 9,186,556	\$ 2,752,628	<u>\$ 11,939,184</u>	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	General	Sales Tax Special Revenue	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 61,310	\$ 211,592	\$ 376	\$ 168	\$ 273,446
Interest-bearing deposits	82,779	947,632	-	-	1,030,411
Receivables:					
Taxes Receivable	4,363	44,577	-	-	48,940
Accrued interest	-	415	-	-	415
Due from other funds	4,217	-	-	-	4,217
Due from other governmental units	-	-	73,233	-	73,233
Prepaid insurance	2,991		-		2,991
Total assets	\$155,660	\$1,204,216	\$ 73,609	<u>\$ 168</u>	\$1,433,653
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 44,033	\$ 131,623	\$ 73,233	\$ -	\$ 248,889
Retainage payable	-	38,828	-	-	38,828
Accrued expenses	8,372		-		8,372
Total liabilities	52,405	170,451	73,233		296,089
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable - prepaids	2,991	-	-	-	2,991
Restricted	-	1,033,765	376	168	1,034,309
Unassigned	100,264				100,264
Total fund balances	103,255	1,033,765	376	168	1,137,564
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$155,660	\$1,204,216	\$ 73,609	<u>\$ 168</u>	\$1,433,653

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 1,137,564
Capital assets, net	8,048,992
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 9,186,556

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Sales Tax Special Revenue	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 21,448	\$ 223,318	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 244,766
Licenses and permits	66,575	-	-	-	66,575
Intergovernmental	310,042	-	321,004	-	631,046
Charges for services	13,934	-	-	-	13,934
Fines and forfeitures	8,348	-	-	-	8,348
Interest	192	3,988	-	-	4,180
Other	56,139		-	-	56,139
Total revenues	476,678	227,306	321,004	-	1,024,988
Expenditures:					
Current -	204 755	27.020			221 795
General government	294,755	27,030	-	-	321,785
Public safety Public works	623,064 266,986	-	-	-	623,064 266,986
Culture and recreation	42,419	-	-	-	42,419
Capital outlays	42,419 56,860	- 406,716	-	-	463,576
Total expenditures	1,284,084	433,746			1,717,830
(Deficiency) excess of revenues					
over expenditures	(807,406)	(206,440)	321,004		(692,842)
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	764,834	-	-	-	764,834
Transfers out		(143,760)	(320,628)	-	(464,388)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	764,834	(143,760)	(320,628)		300,446
Net changes in fund balances	(42,572)	(350,200)	376	-	(392,396)
Fund balances, beginning	145,827	1,383,965		168	1,529,960
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 103,255</u>	\$ 1,033,765	<u>\$ 376</u>	\$ 168	\$ 1,137,564

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total net changes in fund balances per Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ (392,396)
Capital assets:	
Capital outlay	\$ 540,364
Depreciation expense	(335,573) 204,791
Total changes in net position per Statement of Activities	\$ (187,605)
Total changes in net position per Statement of Activities	<u>\$ (187,605)</u>

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 576,260
Interest-bearing deposits	205,529
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	148,914
Unbilled utility receivables	26,952
Other assets	247
Total current assets	957,902
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
Interest-bearing deposits	33,131
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,195,968
Total noncurrent assets	2,229,099
Total assets	3,187,001
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	132,487
Due to other funds	4,217
Accrued expenses	11,811
Unearned revenue	249,281
Other payable	3,446
Total current liabilities	401,242
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Customers' deposits	33,131
Total liabilities	434,373
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	2,195,968
Unrestricted	556,660
Total net position	\$2,752,628

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2021

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$2,195,932
Miscellaneous	24,905
Total operating revenues	2,220,837
Operating expenses:	
Electric department expenses	1,123,828
Gas department expenses	163,798
Water department expenses	134,756
Sewerage department expenses	145,703
Depreciation	194,352
Total operating expenses	1,762,437
Operating income	458,400
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	1,063
Income before transfers	459,463
Transfers in	379,554
Transfers out	(680,000)
Change in net position	159,017
Net position, beginning	2,593,611
Net position, ending	\$2,752,628

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$2,169,035
Payments to suppliers	(1,326,627)
Payments to employees	(221,521)
Other receipts	24,658
Net cash provided by operating activities	645,545
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Transfers from other funds	379,554
Transfers to other funds	(680,000)
Interfund liabilities	4,217
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(296,229)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Grants and other contributions	249,280
Acquisition of capital assets	(474,746)
Net cash used by capital and related	
financing activities	(225,466)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Proceeds of investments and interest-bearing deposits with maturity	
in excess of ninety days	182,160
Purchase of investments and interest-bearing deposits with maturity	
in excess of ninety days	(182,879)
Interest on investments	1,063
Net cash provided by investing activities	344
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	124,194
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	507,847
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 632,041

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund (continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income	\$	458,400
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities -		
Depreciation		194,352
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		
Accounts receivable		(24,048)
Unbilled utilities receivable		(2,849)
Other assets		(247)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Accounts payable		8,708
Accrued expenses		11,469
Other payable		(240)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	645,545
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per		
statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -		
Cash- unrestricted	\$	454,039
Interest-bearing deposits, unrestricted		204,807
Interest-bearing deposits, restricted		31,161
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with a maturity		
in excess of 90 days		(182,160)
Total cash and cash equivalents		507,847
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows to the balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -		
Cash- unrestricted		576,260
Interest-bearing deposits, unrestricted		205,529
Interest-bearing deposits, restricted		33,131
Less: Interest-bearing deposits with a maturity		
in excess of 90 days		(182,879)
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	632,041
Net change	\$	124,194

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Gueydan (Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsection of this note.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Town was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Town of Gueydan, the primary government, as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town.

The various funds of the Town are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined

The major funds of the Town are described below:

Governmental Funds -

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund accounts for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for capital projects funded by dedicated revenue sources including LCDBG grants.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Enterprise Fund –

Utility Fund

The Utility Fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town applies all applicable principles under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in accounting and reporting for its enterprise fund.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Town's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Town's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The Town reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as 'interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include ad valorem and sales and use taxes. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Uncollectible ad valorem taxes or utility service receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. At December 31, 2021, an allowance for ad valorem taxes was considered unnecessary due to immateriality. The allowance for uncollectibles for customers' utility receivables at December 31, 2021 was \$32,407. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to January 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	5 years
Utility system and improvements	20-40 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Town employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of service.

Sick and vacation leave is awarded on a calendar year basis and cannot be carried over to the next year; therefore, no liability for compensated absences is recorded in the financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to utility meter deposits.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Constraints may be placed on the use, either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position –Net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in either of the other two categories of net position.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance as follows. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Aldermen. The Board of Aldermen is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by board members.

Assigned – Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's adopted policy, only board members may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

Restricted fund balances are composed of the following:

	Sales Tax Special Revenue	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted:				
Tax dedications	\$ 1,033,765	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,033,765
Capital projects	-	376	-	376
Other purposes			168	168
Total fund balances	\$1,033,765	<u>\$ 376</u>	<u>\$ 168</u>	\$ 1,034,309

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Board members or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Non-operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use
Sales tax	See Note 4

The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the pledging financial institution. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the financial institution. These securities are held in the name of the pledging financial institution in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Deposit balances (bank balances), are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 2,138,063
Deposits are secured as follows:	
Insured Deposits	580,039
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank, not in the Town's name	1,558,024
Total	\$ 2,138,063

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town on December 1 and are due by February 28. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

(4) <u>Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds - 1 Percent Sales and Use Tax</u>

A one percent sales and use tax levied by the Town is dedicated to the following purposes:

Fifty percent of the net proceeds can be used for constructing, acquiring, improving and maintaining the Town's natural gas, waterworks and sewer systems, or for any one or more of said purposes, including payment of principal and interest on any bonded or funded indebtedness of the Town incurred for any of said purposes; and the Town shall be further authorized to fund the proceeds of the tax into bonds from time to time for any one or more of the aforesaid purposes. Fifty percent of the net proceeds can be used for paying the cost of equipment purchases, liability and health insurance and the repair and maintenance of the Town's infrastructure.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(5) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables consist of the following:

	General	Sales Tax	Utility	Total
Accounts	\$ -	\$ -	\$148,914	\$148,914
Unbilled utility	-	-	26,952	26,952
Taxes	4,363	44,577	-	48,940
Interest	33	415		448
Totals	<u>\$ 4,396</u>	\$44,992	\$175,866	\$225,254

(6) <u>Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Utility Fund)</u>

Restricted assets consisted of customers' deposits totaling \$33,131.

(7) <u>On-behalf Payments</u>

The Town has recognized \$17,183 as revenue and expenditure for on-behalf salary payments made by the State of Louisiana.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(8) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning	A 11'4'		Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	• • • • • • •	•	.	• • • • • • •
Land	\$ 26,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,950
Construction in progress	-	412,126	-	412,126
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	839,628	-	-	839,628
Infrastructure	12,518,474	-	-	12,518,474
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	1,089,104	112,506	38,939	1,162,671
Improvements other than buildings	1,176,990	15,732		1,192,722
Totals	15,651,146	540,364	38,939	16,152,571
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	411,355	23,690	-	435,045
Infrastructure	5,637,179	219,223	-	5,856,402
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	847,707	68,105	38,939	876,873
Improvements other than buildings	910,704	24,555	-	935,259
Total accumulated depreciation	7,806,945	335,573	38,939	8,103,579
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	\$7,844,201	\$ 204,791	\$ -	\$8,048,992
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated				
Electric system	\$1,397,513	\$ 73,785	\$ 2,353	\$1,468,945
Gas system	1,550,303	2,369	-	1,552,672
Water system	3,619,420	-	3,303	3,616,117
Sewer system	3,610,654	398,592	4,304	4,004,942
Totals	10,177,890	474,746	9,960	10,642,676
Less accumulated depreciation				
Electric system	1,392,525	5,458	2,353	1,395,630
Gas system	1,178,974	26,749	-	1,205,723
Water system	2,651,317	108,416	3,303	2,756,430
Sewer system	3,039,501	53,728	4,304	3,088,925
Total accumulated depreciation	8,262,317	194,351	9,960	8,446,708
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$1,915,573	\$ 280,395	<u>\$ -</u>	\$2,195,968

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 40,422
Public safety	25,274
Public works	269,877
Total depreciation expense	\$335,573

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Electric	\$ 5,458
Gas	26,749
Water	108,417
Sewer	53,728
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$194,352</u>

(9) Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Accounts Other liabilities	\$ 248,889 	\$ 132,487 15,257	\$ 381,376 23,629
Totals	\$ 257,261	\$ 147,744	\$ 405,005

(10) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Town is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards, and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year. The government has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(11) <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

At December 31, 2021, there is no pending litigation against the Town of Gueydan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(12) Interfund Transfers

Transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 764,834	\$ -
Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	-	143,760
Capital Projects Fund		320,628
Total major governmental funds	764,834	464,388
Enterprise Fund	379,554	680,000
Total	<u>\$ 1,144,388</u>	\$1,144,388

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF GUEYDAN, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Βι	ıdget		Variance - Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:				·
Taxes	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 21,448	\$ 1,448
Licenses and permits	67,457	65,257	66,575	1,318
Intergovernmental	1,244,300	464,949	310,042	(154,907)
Charges for services	11,900	12,841	13,934	1,093
Fines and forfeitures	10,000	10,000	8,348	(1,652)
Interest	350	350	192	(158)
Other	15,688	26,932	56,139	29,207
Total revenues	1,369,695	600,329	476,678	(123,651)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	239,336	274,466	294,755	(20,289)
Public safety	457,776	538,010	623,064	(85,054)
Public works	217,258	223,383	266,986	(43,603)
Culture and recreation	36,200	42,183	42,419	(236)
Capital outlays	1,160,103	68,447	56,860	11,587
Total expenditures	2,110,673	1,146,489	1,284,044	(137,555)
Deficiency of revenues over				
expenditures	(740,978)	(546,160)	(807,366)	(261,206)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	2,189,591	874,591	764,834	(109,757)
Net change in fund balance	1,448,613	328,431	(42,532)	(370,963)
Fund balance, beginning	145,827	145,827	145,827	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 1,594,440</u>	<u>\$ 474,258</u>	\$ 103,295	<u>\$ (370,963)</u>

TOWN OF GUEYDAN, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Bu Original	dget Final	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 200,000	\$ 224,000	\$ 223,318	\$ (682)
Interest	3,650	2,650	3,988	1,338
Total revenue	203,650	226,650	227,306	656
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	-	9,582	27,030	(17,448)
Capital outlay		260,000	406,716	(146,716)
Total expenditures		269,582	433,746	(164,164)
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	203,650	(42,932)	(206,440)	(163,508)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out		(106,470)	(143,760)	(37,290)
Net change in fund balance	203,650	(149,402)	(350,200)	(200,798)
Fund balance, beginning	1,383,965	1,383,965	1,383,965	
Fund balance, ending	\$1,587,615	\$ 1,234,563	\$ 1,033,765	<u>\$(200,798)</u>
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- (a) The Town Clerk prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year and submits it to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen not later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- (b) A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- (c) A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- (d) After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of a resolution prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- (e) Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- (f) All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- (g) Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Board of Aldermen.

At December 31, 2021, the General Fund and Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund reported excess expenditures over appropriations.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedules of Compensation For the year ended December 31, 2021

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments paid to Mayor Jude Reese for the year ended was as follows:

Purpose	Amount	
Salary	\$ 16,800	-

A detail of compensation paid to the Board of Aldermen for the year ended was as follows:

Anita Dupuis	3,000
John Laseter	3,000
Claudette Price	3,000
Jason Suire	3,000
Scott Vallo	3,000
	\$ 15,000

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Cash Basis Presentation	Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2021	Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021
	Ended 0/30/2021	Ended 12/31/2021
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected		
Add: Collections		
Civil Fees	8,653	1,908
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	1,616	330
Criminal Fines - Contempt	200	150
Service/Collection Fees	-	138
Subtotal Collections	10,469	2,526
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:		
Acadiana Criminalistics Laboratory, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	40	20
DHH-Traumatic Head & Spinal Cord Trust, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	130	15
LA Comm on Law Enforcement, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	102	22
Judicial Administration CMIS, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	51	11
LA Judicial College Collection, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	26	6
Crime Victims Reparation Fund, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	23	15
Vermilion Parish Crime Stoppers, Criminal Court Costs/Fees	84	2
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	455	91
Total Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	10,014	2,435
Total "Partial Payments" Collected but not Disbursed	10,014	2,435
Other Information:		
Total Amounts Assessed but not yet Collected		
Total Waivers During the Fiscal Period		

OTHER INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Police Department Narcotics Seizure Fund -

To account for the collection and disbursement of the Town's share of proceeds from drug related seizure sales.

TOWN OF GUEYDAN, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

	Police Department Narcotics Seizure Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	<u>\$ 168</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities	\$ -
Fund balance: Restricted	168_
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 168</u>

TOWN OF GUEYDAN, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Police Department Narcotics Seizure Fund
Revenues	<u>\$ -</u>
Expenditures:	
Current-	
General government	-
Culture and recreation	
Total expenditures	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	-
Fund balance, beginning	168
Fund balance, ending	\$ 168

TOWN OF GUEYDAN, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Comparative Departmental Analysis of Operating Revenues and Expenses Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Electricity		Gas		Water		Sewer		Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$1,604,807	\$1,317,136	\$233,570	\$178,016	\$ 194,259	\$ 168,694	\$ 163,296	\$ 135,644	\$2,195,932	\$1,799,490
Other revenues	18,201	9,414	2,649	1,272	2,203	1,206	1,852	969	24,905	12,861
Total operating revenues	1,623,008	1,326,550	236,219	179,288	196,462	169,900	165,148	136,613	2,220,837	1,812,351
Operating expenses:										
Salaries - plant	101,972	85,433	3,609	-	38,932	37,951	47,748	39,203	192,261	162,587
Fuel purchased	866,980	616,968	114,890	53,902	-	-	-	-	981,870	670,870
Insurance	18,408	20,269	2,106	855	5,821	6,112	2,753	2,098	29,088	29,334
Insurance - employees	10,250	10,287	-	-	10,587	10,388	5,119	8,868	25,956	29,543
Materials and supplies	42,398	56,079	1,901	2,348	5,236	4,889	9,664	17,561	59,199	80,877
Auditing and accounting	3,160	3,533	3,160	3,533	3,160	3,534	4,659	3,533	14,139	14,133
Printing, stationary, and supplies	6,216	5,468	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,216	5,468
Depreciation	5,458	4,504	26,749	26,646	108,417	109,912	53,728	44,977	194,352	186,039
Repairs and maintenance	60,671	134,313	22,264	9,077	5,979	3,157	18,553	34,235	107,467	180,782
Seminars and workshops	550	11,537	233	-	-	-	-	-	783	11,537
Utilities	1,683	110	431	403	22,451	18,806	19,652	20,646	44,217	39,965
Payroll taxes	7,627	6,472	240	-	2,713	2,705	4,193	2,886	14,773	12,063
Bad debt expense	(715)	(8,307)	(76)	474	(87)	614	(101)	668	(979)	(6,551)
Miscellaneous	4,628	89,380	15,040	19,428	39,964	51,492	33,463	19,259	93,095	179,559
Total operating expenses	1,129,286	1,036,046	190,547	116,666	243,173	249,560	199,431	193,934	1,762,437	1,596,206
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 493,722	\$ 290,504	\$ 45,672	<u>\$ 62,622</u>	<u>\$ (46,711)</u>	<u>\$ (79,660)</u>	<u>\$ (34,283)</u>	<u>\$ (57,321)</u>	\$ 458,400	\$ 216,145

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE,

AND

OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Jude Reese, Mayor and members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gueydan, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Gueydan, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Gueydan, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Gueydan, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Gueydan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Gueydan's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, which are described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2021-001 through 2021-004, which we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Gueydan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2021-005.

Town of Gueydan's Response to Findings

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana June 27, 2022

TOWN OF GUEYDAN, LOUISIANA Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

Part I: Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2021-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

CONDITION: The Town of Gueydan did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

CRITERIA: Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) Internal Control –Integrated Framework and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Governmental Auditing Guide

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Town does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have a control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recording keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Town has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting department. The Mayor and Town Clerk had implemented policies and procedures where the Mayor reviews and approves reports and reconciliations done by the employees in the accounting department.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021

2021-002 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Town of Gueydan does not have adequate internal controls over recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

CRITERIA: AU-C§265.A37 identifies the following as a deficiency in the design of (internal) controls:

"... in an entity that prepares financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the person responsible for the accounting and reporting function lacks the skills and knowledge to apply generally accepted accounting principles in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements."

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the result of a failure to design or implement policies and procedures necessary to achieve adequate internal control.

EFFECT: Financial statements and related supporting transactions may reflect a material departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Town has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interests of the Town to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021

2021-003 <u>Financial Records/Reconciliations</u>

CONDITION: The Town of Gueydan failed to reconcile interfund transactions and subsidiary ledgers on a monthly basis. Additionally, on certain occasions, the bank reconciliations were not adequately reconciled.

CRITERIA: Internal control is a process - effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel - designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Town's internal controls over financial reporting include those policies and procedures that pertain to the Town's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statements.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is failure to assign a Town employee with the task of reconciling the accounts mentioned above and the failure to review these reconciliations on a periodic basis.

EFFECT: Failure to reconcile the accounts mentioned above on a periodic basis increases the risk that account balances may not correspond between funds or be in balance. Additionally, unrecorded items may go undetected and the Town may not be able to determine actual cash balances, or if proper funding is available to pay vendors and/or monthly bills.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town implement internal controls to ensure that these accounts are reconciled on a periodic basis. Additionally, we recommend that the Town properly train employees assigned to perform bank reconciliations, and review work performed on a monthly basis to determine that reconciliations are being performed correctly and in a timely manner.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Mayor and Town Clerk are seeking assistance with the preparation of these reconciliations so that accounting records will be reconciled correctly and timely.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021

2021-004 Inadequate Controls Over Inventory and Assets

CONDITION: The Town does not maintain a list of the inventory and assets of the Town or departments on a perpetual basis.

CRITERIA: Internal control is a process - effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel - designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

CAUSE: The Town does not have adequate controls or policies and procedures established to ascertain that inventory and assets are properly maintained and tracked.

EFFECT: Failure to have adequate controls over inventory and assets increases the risk that misappropriation of the inventory or assets could go undetected.

RECOMMENDATION: The Town should implement control procedures to ensure assets are properly monitored and annual inventory inspections reconcile to the Town's inventory listing.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Town is implementing control procedures immediately to ensure assets are properly monitored within each department and inventory inspections are performed at least annually.

B. <u>Compliance</u>

2021-005 <u>Budget noncompliance</u>

CONDITION: Expenditures of the General Fund exceeded the total budgeted expenditures by more than 5%, revenues of the Sales Tax Fund failed to meet the total budgeted revenues by more than 5% and expenditures of the Sales Tax Fund exceeded total budgeted expenditures by more than 5%.

CRITERIA: LSA-RS 39:1311 et seq, Budget Authority and Control, provides for the following:

"A. The adopted budget and any duly authorized adopted amendments shall form the framework from which the chief executive or administrative officers and members of the governing authority of the political subdivision shall monitor revenues and control expenditures. The chief executive or

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021

> administrative officer for a political subdivision subject to public participation shall advise the governing authority or independently elected official in writing when:

- (1) Total revenues and other sources plus projected revenue and other sources for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are failing to meet total budgeted revenues and other sources by five percent or more.
- (2) Total actual expenditures and other uses plus projected expenditures and other uses for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding the total budgeted expenditures and other uses by five percent or more.
- (3) Actual beginning fund balance, within a fund, fails to meet estimated beginning fund balance by five percent or more and fund balance is being used to fund current year expenditures."

CAUSE: The condition is a result of failure to properly monitor the revenues and expenditures of the General Fund and Sales Tax Fund

EFFECT: The Town may not prevent and/or detect compliance violations due to revenue shortfalls or over expenditure of the appropriated budget, and/or errors or irregularities on a timely basis.

RECOMMENDATION: The Town should periodically compare actual activity to budgeted amounts and adopt budgetary amendments as necessary to cause compliance with state statute.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: As a result of two major natural disasters, bills for services, repairs and equipment along with supplies that had to be purchased and repairs made, some invoices were not received before the amended budget was prepared causing the deficiency. The Sales Tax revenues were down due to Covid and the 2 disasters, as businesses had no utilities to operate.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021

Part II: Prior Year Findings:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2020-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

CONDITION: The Town of Gueydan did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have a control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recording keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-001.

2020-002 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

CONDITION: The Town of Gueydan does not have adequate internal controls over recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-002.

2020-003 <u>Financial Records/Reconciliations</u>

CONDITION: The Town of Gueydan failed to reconcile interfund transactions, subsidiary ledgers and bank statements on a monthly basis. Additionally, on certain occasions, the bank reconciliations were not in agreement with general ledger balances.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the Town implement internal controls to ensure that these accounts are reconciled on a periodic basis. Additionally, we recommend that the Town properly train employees assigned to perform bank reconciliations, and review work performed on a monthly basis to determine that reconciliations are being performed correctly and in a timely manner.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-003.

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2021

2020-004 Inadequate Controls Over Inventory and Assets

CONDITION: The Town does not maintain a list of the inventory and assets of the Town or departments on a perpetual basis.

RECOMMENDATION: The Town should implement control procedures to ensure assets are properly monitored and annual inventory inspections reconcile to the Town's inventory listing.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2021-004.

B. <u>Compliance</u>

2020-005 <u>Budget noncompliance</u>

CONDITION: Revenues of the Sales Tax Fund failed to meet total budgeted revenues and expenditures by more than 5%.

RECOMMENDATION: The Town should periodically compare actual activity to budgeted amounts and adopt budgetary amendments as necessary to cause compliance with state statute.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See 2021-005.

Town of Gueydan Gueydan, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

Fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

The Honorable Jude Reese, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Alderman and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Town of Gueydan's (the Town) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Town has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

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- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employees(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum on all special revenue funds. *Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections (excluding EFTs)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

- c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with nonpayroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

[Note: Exceptions to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); should not be reported.)]

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported]

- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under 'Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - c. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Findings:

No exceptions were found as a result of procedures list above with the exception of:

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers):

Employees responsible for cash collections is responsible for preparing/making bank deposits.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

Employees responsible for processing payments may add/modify vendor files.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

One credit card statement included interest fees.

Management's Response:

The Town of Gueydan concurs with the exceptions and is working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the Town to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana June 27, 2022