CANE RIVER WATERWAY COMMISSION

FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2023

Cane River Waterway Commission Financial Report June 30, 2023

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CANE RIVER WATERWAY COMMISSION

244 Cedar Bend Road Natchez, LA 71456

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Cane River Waterway Commission's financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Commission's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the Commission's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore be read in conjunction with this report. Certain comparative information is presented to provide an overview of the Commission's operations.

Financial Highlights

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Cane River Waterway Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Commission as a whole and presents a longer-term view of the Commission's finances. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The Statement of Net Position presents all of the Commission's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as "net position". Over time, increases or decreases in the Commission's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the current year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Therefore, some revenues and some expenses that are reported in this statement will not result in cash flows until future years.

Fund Financial Statements

The services provided by the Commission are financed through a governmental fund. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Commission conducts its day-to-day operations through a governmental fund, the General Fund.

Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances left at year-end that are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

A summary of the basic government-wide financial statements is as follows:

Summary of Statement of Net Position

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>		
ASSETS: Current Assets	\$ 7,940,944	\$ 9,823,118		
Carrent Austers	Ψ 7,510,511	Ψ 7,023,110		
Capital Assets, Net of				
Accumulated Depreciation	6,965,301	6,865,249		
Total Assets	\$ <u>14,906,245</u>	\$ <u>16,688,367</u>		
LIABILITIES:				
Payroll Liabilities	\$ 1,589	\$ 1,904		
Accounts Payable	<u>106,977</u>	403,203		
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>108,566</u>	\$ <u>405,107</u>		
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 6,965,301	\$ 6,865,249		
Unrestricted	7,832,378	9,418,011		
Total Net Position	\$ <u>14,797,679</u>	\$ <u>16,283,260</u>		
Summary of Statement of Activities				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>		
REVENUES:				
General Revenues-				
Taxes	\$ 1,408,667	\$ 1,368,054		
Interest & Dividends	138,493	38,436		
Other	299	3,612		
Increase (Decrease) on Investment Fair Value	(11,073)	(118,691)		
Total Revenues	\$ <u>1,536,386</u>	\$ <u>1,291,411</u>		
EXPENSES:				
General Government	\$ 163,623	\$ 211,558		
Public Safety	2,858,344	2,728,462		
Total Expenses	\$ <u>3,021,967</u>	\$ <u>2,940,020</u>		
Change in Net Position before Extraordinary Item	\$(1,485,581)	\$(1,648,609)		
Extraordinary Item	0	1,200,000		

- The Commission's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$14,797,679 (net position) for the current year and \$16,283,260 for the prior year.
- For the year ended June 30, 2023, unrestricted net position of \$7,832,378 represents the portion available to maintain the Commission's obligation to both citizens and creditors. This is a decrease of \$1,585,633 from the prior year.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2023, the Commission's investment in capital assets totals \$6,965,301 (net of accumulated depreciation). The majority of this investment is from the Construction in Progress – Water Pump.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The actual revenues for the general fund were \$194,833 more than the budgeted amount for the year and actual expenditures were \$2,695,393 less than budgeted amounts. The budget was not amended during the fiscal year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The primary revenue source for the Commission is property taxes. This tax is not subject to changes in the economy in the short-term. However, in the long-term, significant increases/decreases in the tax base would be evident. The General Fund budget for FY 2023/2024 reports tax revenues as consistent with the 2022/2023 tax revenues, additionally, expenditures are budgeted to decrease by approximately \$2,000,000 for projects that are completed in 2022/2023.

Contacting the Commission

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or requests for additional information may be directed to the Commission at 244 Cedar Bend Road, Natchez, LA 71456.

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA - A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA - LLC Jessica H. Broadway, CPA - A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA - A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Cane River Waterway Commission 244 Cedar Bend Road Natchez, LA 71456

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the Cane River Waterway Commission (Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Commission as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statements date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Commission Head or Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Commission Head or Chief Executive Officer is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2023, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, we have issued a report, dated December 27, 2023, on the results of our statewide agreed-upon procedures performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's state wide agreed-upon procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's
Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's

Natchitoches, Louisiana

December 27, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cane River Waterway Commission Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS:	
Current Assets- Cash & Cash Equivalents Investments Revenue Receivable	\$ 1,097,276 6,843,199 469
Total Current Assets	\$ 7,940,944
Non-current Assets- Capital Assets (Net)	6,965,301
Total Assets	\$ <u>14,906,245</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Payroll Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$ 1,589
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>108,566</u>
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ 6,965,301
Total Net Position	\$ <u>14,797,679</u>

Cane River Waterway Commission Statement of Activities June 30, 2023

	_	Program Revenues			Net (Expenses)
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions		Governmental Activities
<u>riotivitios</u>	Emperises	Bervices	Contributions	Contributions	Covernmentar recevities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities-					
General Government	\$ 163,623	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$ (163,623)
Public Safety	2,858,344	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	(2,858,344)
Total Governmental					
Activities	\$ <u>3,021,967</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(3,021,967</u>)
	General R Taxes-				
Ad Valorem			\$ 1,408,667		
Miscellaneous- Interest & Dividends Decrease in Investments			138,493		
		Other			299
Total General Revenues			\$ <u>1,536,386</u>		
Change in Net Position			\$ (1,485,581)		
Net Position June 30, 2022			16,283,260		
Net Position June 30, 2023				\$ <u>14,797,679</u>	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cane River Waterway Commission Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund June 30, 2023

	General Fund
Assets:	
Cash & Cash Equivalents Investments Revenue Receivable	\$1,097,276 6,843,199 <u>469</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>7,940,944</u>
Liabilities:	
Payroll Liabilities Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 1,589
Fund Balance:	. ,
Unassigned	<u>7,832,378</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ <u>7,940,944</u>

Cane River Waterway Commission Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance for the Governmental Fund at June 30, 2023

\$ 7,832,378

\$14,797,679

Total Net Position reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:

Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Those assets consist of:

Construction in Progress	6,219,885
Land, Equipment, Buildings, and Boats	1,879,034
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,133,618)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities at June 30, 2023

Cane River Waterway Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalanceGovernmental Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General <u>Fund</u>
REVENUES:	
Taxes-	
Ad Valorem	\$ 1,408,667
Miscellaneous-	
Interest & Dividends	138,493
Decrease in Investments	(11,073)
Other	299
Total Revenues	\$ <u>1,536,386</u>
EXPENDITURES:	
Current-	
General Government-	
Per diem	\$ 2,000
Office/Advertising/Utilities	70,267
Legal/Accounting	21,236
Insurance	17,428
Statutory Ad Valorem Deductions	52,691
Public Safety-	
Salary & Benefits	75,608
Aquatic Control	99,971
Repairs & Maintenance	18,909
Operations/Utilities	364,461
Cooperative Endeavors	2,168,953
Capital Outlay	230,495
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>3,122,019</u>
(Deficiency) of Revenues over	
Expenditures	\$(1,585,633)
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	<u>9,418,011</u>
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>7,832,378</u>

Cane River Waterway Commission Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund

\$(1,585,633)

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The cost of capital assets recorded in the current period is

230,496

Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide financial statements, but does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Current year depreciation expense is

(130,444)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$(1,485,581)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction:

The Cane River Waterway Commission was created in 1982 by the State of Louisiana, under R.S. 34:3261-3262. The Commission is located entirely within the Parish of Natchitoches. The Commission was created for the purpose of establishing, operating and maintaining individually or in cooperation with the federal government and the state, the Cane River Waterway. Members of the Commission are appointed by the Governor of Louisiana.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Reporting Entity-

The Commission, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operations of the Commission. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the Cane River Waterway Commission.

The Division of Administration of the State of Louisiana has determined that the Cane River Waterway Commission is a primary government and not a component unit or Commission of the state government for financial reporting purposes.

B. Basis of Presentation-

The Commission's statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the governmental type activities on a consolidated basis, and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipient for goods or services offered by the program, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

C. Fund Accounting-

The accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The Commission maintains one fund, which is categorized as a governmental fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds; each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type. The Commission reports the following major governmental fund.

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting-

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Commission as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Commission considers all revenues "available" if collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity-

Cash and Cash Equivalents-

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, cash and cash equivalents include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit of the Commission.

Investments-

The Commission maintains investments accounts as authorized by the Louisiana Revised Statutes. Under state law, the Commission may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, or certificates of deposit. Investments are carried at fair market value as of the balance sheet date.

Capital Assets-

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Commission maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of that asset or materially extend the life of that asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The range of useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture, computers	5 years
Radios	10 years
Buildings/Landings	40 years
Boats	7 years

Equity Classifications-

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net resources with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, management applies unrestricted resources first, unless a determination is made to use restricted resources. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Only the General Fund would report positive amounts in unassigned fund balance.

The Commission establishes, modifies/rescinds fund balance assignments by passage of a resolution.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$7,832,378. The Commission would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

F. Budget-

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the Cane River Waterway Commission adopts a budget for the next fiscal year. The budget is open for public inspection. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

G. Estimates-

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. <u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments</u>:

Cash and Cash Equivalents-

At June 30, 2023, the Cane River Waterway Commission had cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$1,097,276. At June 30, 2023, the Commission had collected bank balances of \$1,103,090 which were fully protected by \$250,000 of federal depository insurance and pledged securities with a market value of \$853,090 held by the custodial bank in the name of the Commission.

Investments:

At June 30, 2023, the Commission has the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Type of Investment	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 Ye	ears	6-1 Ye		Ove Ye	r 10 ars
Ameriprise Insured Money Market	\$ 10,204	\$ 10,204	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Bonds and Certificate of Deposits	6,832,995	6,832,995		0		0		0
U.S. Government Securities	0	0		0		0		0
Total Investments	\$6,843,199	\$6,843,199	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

Investment valuation: Ameriprise insured money market is stated at cost, which approximates market value. The Bonds, certificate of deposits, and U.S. government securities are stated at fair value based on market quotations.

The cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the Commission are subject to the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Commission will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Commission that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Commission's name.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. The Commission does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, all investments of the Commission are in governmental-backed securities.

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

3. <u>Compensated Absences</u>:

Employees cannot carry forward leave from year-to-year; therefore, there are no entries for compensated absences.

4. Pension Plan:

The Cane River Waterway Commission's sole employee participates in the Federal Social Security Program, and therefore GASB 68 is not applicable.

5. <u>Lease Commitments</u>:

The Waterway Commission entered into a 13-year lease with a private citizen in 1998 to lease land for a parking lot and a Commission owned boat launch. The lease was renewed in August 2012 for \$2,000 for an additional period of 10 years.

6. Capital Assets:

Capital Asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
<u>Activities</u>	<u>07-01-22</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>06-30-23</u>
Capital Assets Not Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$6,402,207	\$189,395	\$371,717	\$6,219,885
Land	163,500	0	0	163,500
Capital Assets Depreciated:	103,300	O	U	103,300
Buildings/Boat Launches	1 177 005	371,717	0	1,548,812
•	1,177,095			
Radios	5,283	0	0	5,283
Equipment	27,392	0	0	27,392
Boats/Motors	71,200	41,101	0	112,301
Vehicle	21,747	0	0	21,747
Total Capital Assets	\$ <u>7,868,424</u>	\$ <u>602,213</u>	\$ <u>371,717</u>	\$ <u>8,098,920</u>
Less, Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings/Boat Launches	\$ 880,660	\$127,336	\$ 0	\$1,007,996
Radios	5,283	0	0	5,283
Equipment	27,392	0	0	27,392
Boats/Motors	71,200	0	0	71,200
Vehicle	18,641	3,108	0	21,748
· CARCOLO	10,011			<u> </u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ <u>1,003,175</u>	\$ <u>130,444</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>1,133,619</u>
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>6,865,249</u>	\$ <u>471,769</u>	\$ <u>371,717</u>	\$ <u>6,965,301</u>

Depreciation expense of \$130,444 was charged to the public safety function.

7. Levied Taxes:

The Commission is empowered to levy property tax millages to finance its general operations. The Commission levies taxes on real and business property located within the boundaries of the Commission. Property taxes are levied by the Commission based on property values assessed by the Natchitoches Parish Assessor, and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Natchitoches Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the Commission. Collections are remitted to the Commission monthly.

Property Tax Calendar

Assessment date	January 1
Levy date	June 30
Tax bills mailed	October 15
Total taxes are due	December 31
Penalties & interest added	January 31
Lien date	January 31
Tax sale	May 15

Assessed values are established by the Natchitoches Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios to fair market value:

10% land 15% machinery

10% residential improvements
15% industrial improvements
25% public service properties,
excluding land

A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 2020. Total assessed value was \$446,348,893 in 2022. Louisiana law exempts the first \$7,500 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. This homestead exemption was \$55,010,160 of the annual value in 2022. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission had levied the following taxes:

General Corporate Purposes 3.5 mill

Total ad valorem tax revenues recognized by the Commission was \$1,408,667 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

8. Pending Litigation:

The Commission was served with a civil suit in March 2023, but has no knowledge of whether this suit will result in a positive or negative outcome.

9. Related Party Transactions:

There were no identified related party transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023.

10. Compensation Paid to Commissioners:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Jim Rhodes	\$ 700
Van Wiggins	400
Anicia Banks	200
Larry Paige	350
Chad Methvin	<u>350</u>
	φ
Total	\$ <u>2,000</u>

11. Tax Abatement:

The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program (Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 13, Chapter 5) is a state incentive program which abates, up to ten years, local ad valorem taxes on a manufacturer's new investment and annual capitalized additions related to the manufacturing site. Applications to exempt qualified property for five years are approved by the Louisiana Economic Development's Board of Commerce and Industry. The exemption may be renewed for an additional five years. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, approximately \$49,779 in Commission ad valorem tax revenues were abated by the state of Louisiana through the Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program.

12. Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated events through December 27, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available for issue. There is pending litigation with limited details as disclosed in note 8.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Cane River Waterway Commission General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget Original/Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			
Taxes-			
Ad Valorem	\$ 1,327,503	\$ 1,408,667	\$ 81,164
Miscellaneous-			
Interest & Dividends	14,000	138,493	124,493
Decrease in Investments	0	(11,073)	(11,073)
Other	50	<u>299</u>	249
Total Revenues	\$ <u>1,341,553</u>	\$ <u>1,536,386</u>	\$ <u>194,833</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current-			
General Government-			
Per diem	\$ 9,600	\$ 2,000	\$ 7,600
Office/Advertising/Utility	100,000	70,267	29,733
Legal/Accounting	100,000	21,236	78,764
Insurance	75,000	17,428	57,572
Statutory Ad Valorem Deductions	0	52,691	(52,691)
Public Safety-			
Salaries/Benefits	75,000	75,608	(608)
Aquatic Control	250,000	99,971	150,029
Repairs & Maintenance	0	18,909	(18,909)
Operations/Utilities	500,000	364,461	135,539
Cooperative Endeavors	4,707,812	2,168,953	2,538,859
Capital Outlay	0	230,495	(230,495)
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>5,817,412</u>	\$ <u>3,122,019</u>	\$ <u>2,695,393</u>
(Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures	\$(4,475,859)	\$(1,585,633)	\$2,890,226
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	9,418,011	9,418,011	0
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ <u>4,942,152</u>	\$ <u>7,832,378</u>	\$ <u>2,890,226</u>

Cane River Waterway Commission Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Director of Operations: Jason Adcock

<u>Purpose</u>	Amount
Salary Benefits-Insurance Benefits-Other Car allowance	\$55,375 10,200 4,389
Total	\$ <u>74,714</u>

OTHER REPORTS/SCHEDULES

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA - A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA - LLC Jessica H. Broadway, CPA - A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA - A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Cane River Waterway Commission 244 Cedar Bend Road Natchez, LA 71456

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, the financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cane River Waterway Commission's (Commission) basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Cane River Waterway Commission's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Cane River Waterway Commission's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings. The Commission's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 25:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's
Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's

Natchitoches, Louisiana

December 27, 2023

Cane River Waterway Commission Schedule of Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The following summarize the audit results:

- 1. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of the Cane River Waterway Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 2. The audit disclosed a significant deficiency in the internal control system which was not determined to be a material weakness.
- 3. The audit did not disclose any instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

II. FINDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Internal Control-

2023-001 Segregation of Duties

Criteria - Proper internal controls dictate that duties be segregated so that no one individual does not have custody, authorization and recordkeeping of the assets.

Condition - In reviewing the internal control structure, we noted that the Commission does not have adequate segregation of duties to prevent error or fraud.

Cause - The Commission does not have a sufficient number of employees to adequately segregate duties.

Effect - Without adequate segregation of duties and oversight, intentional or unintentional errors could be made and not detected within the accounting system.

Recommendation - Keeping in mind the limited number of employees to which the duties can be assigned, the Commission should consider hiring an outside bookkeeper and/or employee.

Management's Response - The Commission will look at hiring an outside bookkeeper and/or employee to help with the segregation of duties and further strengthen the internal control system.

Cane River Waterway Commission Schedule of Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

III. PRIOR YEAR FINDING

2022-001 Segregation of Duties

Condition - In reviewing the internal control structure, we noted that the Commission does not have adequate segregation of duties to prevent error or fraud.

Status – Condition remains at June 30, 2023 (see 2023-001).

2022-002 Late Submission of Report

Condition - For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Commission did not submit the annual audit within six months after the close of their fiscal year.

Status – This status was cleared as of June 30, 2023.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Cane River Waterway Commission and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. The Cane River Waterway Commission's (Commission) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Commission has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user for this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. We obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (or noted that the entity does not have any written policies and procedures), as applicable:
 - **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and
 procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections
 for each type of revenue or Commission fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside
 parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket
 number sequences, Commission fund forfeiture monies confirmation.)

- *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedule.
- *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) Commission responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.
 - *a)* Procedure Results We noted one exception. The policies and procedures do not address how purchases are initiated or how vendors are added to the vendor list.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. We obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent documents in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - Observed that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the General Fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.

- Obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.
 If the General Fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report,
 observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a
 formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. We obtained a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Management identified the entity's main operating account. We selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all if less than 5). We randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, and obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for the selected accounts, and observed that:
 - Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within two months of the related statement closing date (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 4. We obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/check/money order (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. We obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site selected. We obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties were properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or Commission fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

- 6. We obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. We observed that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits were made on the same day). We obtained supporting documentation for each of the deposits selected and:
 - We observed that receipts ae sequentially pre-numbered.
 - We traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - We traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - We observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - We traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted exceptions concerning proper segregation of duties.

Non-Payroll Disbursements – General (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. We obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of disbursement locations (up to five).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. We obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the Commission has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and we observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management's representation that the population is complete. We randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, and obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - We observed that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - We observed that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted exceptions concerning proper segregation of duties.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 11. We obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, we randomly selected the required amount of cards (up to five) that were used during the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly selected one monthly bank statement), and obtained supporting documentation, and:
 - We observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
 - We observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, we randomly selected the required amount transactions (up to ten) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions. For each transaction, we observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identified precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, we described the nature of the transaction and noted whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted exceptions as no supporting documentation (itemized receipt) is maintained for credit card purchases.

Travel and Expense Reimbursement

- 14. We obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. We randomly selected five reimbursements, and obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the five reimbursements selected:
 - If reimbursed using a per diem, we observed that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - If reimbursed using actual costs, we observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - We observed that each reimbursement was supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, we observed that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - We observed that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.
 - a) Procedure Results Not applicable due to no travel.

Contracts

- 15. We obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials, and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of contracts (up to five) from the listing, excluding our contract, and:
 - We observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - We observed that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), we observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment was approval documented).
 - We randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the selected contracts, obtained the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observed that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Payroll and Personnel

16. We obtained a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected five employees/officials, obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

- 17. We randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the five employees/officials selected under #16 above, we obtained attendance and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - We observed that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).
 - We observed that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - We observed that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - We observed that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found with the personnel file.
- 18. We obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. If applicable, we selected two employees or officials, and obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity policy on termination payments. If applicable, we agreed the hours to the employees or officials' cumulative leave records, and the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. We obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Ethics

- 20. Using the five randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained ethics compliance documentation from management, and:
 - We observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - We observed that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and
 official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as
 applicable.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Debt Service

21. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.

- 22. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).
 - a) Procedure Results Not applicable due to the Commission having no debt service.

Fraud Notice

- 23. We obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the Commission attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. We observed whether the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. We performed the following procedures:
 - We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on the physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), we observed that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - We obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required number of computers (at least 5) and observed while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
 - a) Procedure Results We performed the procedure and disclosed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

- 26. We randomly selected the employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. We observed that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedures on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

- 28. We obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - Number and percentage of public servants in the Commission who have completed the training requirements;
 - Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the Commission;
 - Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

We were engaged by the Commission to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

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Natchitoches, Louisiana

December 27, 2023

Cane River Waterway Commission Management's Response to Exceptions to Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures June 30, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO EXCEPTIONS:

Item 1: Written Policies and Procedures

Exception – The Commission's policies and procedures do not address how purchases are initiated or how to add vendors to the vendor list.

Response – Management will develop policies and procedures to address how purchases are initiated and how to add vendors to the vendor list.

Item 5: *Collections*

Exceptions – The Commission has one employee which does not allow for proper segregation of duties.

Response – The board will implement procedures to allow for proper segregation of duties.

Item 9: *Non-Payroll Disbursements*

Exceptions – The Commission has one employee which does not allow for proper segregation of duties.

Response – The board will implement procedures to allow for proper segregation of duties.

Item 12: Credit Cards

 $\label{eq:exceptions} \mbox{ - The Commission does not maintain supporting documentation for credit card purchases.}$

Response – The Commission will implement procedures to maintain supporting documentation for credit card purchases.