Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2020

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)	
Statement of net position	6
Statement of activities	7
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)	
Major fund descriptions	9
Balance sheet - governmental funds	10
Reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet	
to the statement of net position	11
Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
governmental funds	12
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund	
balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities	13
Combined statement of net position - proprietary funds	14
Combined statement of revenues, expenses, and change in fund net	
position - proprietary funds	15
Combined statement of cash flows - proprietary funds	16
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	17-42
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary comparison schedules:	
General Fund	44
1992 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	45
TIF Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	46
2011 Recreational Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	47
Schedule of employer's share of net pension liability	48
Schedule of employer contributions	49
Notes to the required supplementary information	50
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Statement of net position - compared to prior year totals	52
General Fund:	
Schedule of revenues - budget (GAAP basis) and actual -	
with comparative actual amounts for prior year	53
Schedule of expenditures - budget (GAAP basis) and actual -	
with comparative actual amounts for prior year	54-56
Sales Tax Special Revenue Funds:	
1992 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund:	
Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
budget (GAAP basis) and actual with comparative actual amounts for prior year	57
	(continued)

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)	
TIF Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund:	
Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
budget (GAAP basis) and actual with comparative actual amounts for prior year	58
2011 Recreational Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund:	
Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
budget (GAAP basis) and actual with comparative actual amounts for prior year	59
Capital Projects Funds:	
Park Capital Projects Fund -	
Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
with comparative actual amounts for prior year	60
LCDBG/Streets Capital Projects Fund -	
Schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
with comparative actual amounts for prior year	61
Nonmajor Funds Statements -	
Combining balance sheet - nonmajor governmental funds	62
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
nonmajor governmental funds	63
Schedule of number of utility customers (unaudited)	64
Schedule of insurance in force (unaudited)	65
Comparative statement of net position - Utility Fund	66
Comparative statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position - Utility Fund	67
Comparative departmental statement of revenues and expenses - Utility Fund	68
Statement of net position - Sports Complex Fund	69
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position - Sports Complex Fund	70
INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit	
of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Auditing Standards	72-73
Summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings	
and management's corrective action plan	74

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\*
Robert S. Carter, CPA\*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E. Main St. Vilte Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Ray Bourque, and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Broussard, Louisiana

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Broussard, Louisiana, (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses of the discretely presented component units would have been reported as \$2,949,621, \$64,103, \$2,885,517, \$2,971,969, and \$1,622,274, respectively.

# Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the City of Broussard, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2020 or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Broussard, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions on pages 44 through 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The City of Broussard has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Broussard, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The combining and comparative statements and various schedules included in other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and comparative statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these combining and comparative statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The prior year comparative information on the combining and comparative statements has been derived from the City of Broussard's 2019 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

The various schedules included in other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Broussard, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana November 13, 2020 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		Business-	
	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			7 0 0 0 1
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$14,156,878	\$ 656,713	\$14,813,591
Receivables, net	2,843,830	488,681	3,332,511
Internal balances	979,371	(979,371)	-
Due from other governments	24,971	-	24,971
Prepaid items	163,555	109,058	272,613
Total current assets	18,168,605	275,081	18,443,686
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets -			•
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	1,867,980	1,854,683	3,722,663
Capital assets -			
Land and construction in progress	7,555,578	6,148,044	13,703,622
Capital assets, net	22,742,140	58,689,932	81,432,072
Total noncurrent assets	32,165,698	66,692,659	98,858,357
Total assets	50,334,303	66,967,740	117,302,043
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred loss on bond refunding	472,753	-	472,753
Deferred outflows related to pensions	469,345		469,345
Total deferred outflows of resources	942,098	-	942,098
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts, salaries and other payables	934,434	189,410	1,123,844
Deferred revenue	~	47,285	47,285
Due to other governments	1,527,740	-	1,527,740
Capital leases payable	201,488	-	201,488
Bonds payable	780,000	675,000	1,455,000
Accrued interest payable	98,194	168,761	266,955
Customers' deposits payable	-	394,588	394,588
Total current liabilities	3,541,856	1,475,044	5,016,900
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	459,381	117,742	577,123
Net pension liability	382,865	-	382,865
Capital leases payable	721,541	-	721,541
Loan payable	-	1,122,903	1,122,903
Bonds payable	17,572,028	24,635,000	42,207,028
Total noncurrent liabilities	19,135,815	25,875,645	45,011,460
Total liabilities	22,677,671	27,350,689	50,028,360
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	11,779		11,779
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	18,470,414	39,080,073	57,550,487
Restricted for sales tax dedications	8,227,935	22,000,073	8,227,935
Restricted for debt service	1,769,786	616,334	2,386,120
Unrestricted (deficit)	118,816	(79,356)	39,460
Total net position	\$28,586,951	\$39,617,051	\$68,204,002
			,,

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program Revenues			(Expense) Revenue			
			Operating	-	Capital		hanges in Net Positi	ion
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and		Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributio	ns	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 2,552,006	\$ 1,653,616	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (898,390)	\$ -	\$ (898,390)
Culture and recreation	10,145	~		-	-	(10,145)	-	(10,145)
Economic development	364,813	-		-	-	(364,813)	-	(364,813)
Public safety	6,105,283	460,510	316,84	3	-	(5,327,930)	-	(5,327,930)
Parks and recreation	452	-		-	-	(452)	-	(452)
Streets and drainage	4,290,340	-	122,60	5	-	(4,167,735)	-	(4,167,735)
Interest on long-term debt	588,833			_	-	(588,833)		(588,833)
Total governmental activities	13,911,872	2,114,126	439,44	8	<u>-</u>	(11,358,298)		(11,358,298)
Business-type activities:								
Water	2,389,841	1,835,301		-	-	-	(554,540)	(554,540)
Sewer	2,280,444	836,605		-	20,013	-	(1,423,826)	(1,423,826)
Sanitation	1,146,833	1,297,107		_	_	-	150,274	150,274
Sports Complex	3,572,142	495,555		_	3,500		(3,073,087)	(3,073,087)
Total business-type activities	9,389,260	4,464,568		_	23,513		(4,901,179)	(4,901,179)
Total	\$23,301,132	\$ 6,578,694	<u>\$ 439,448</u>	<u>8</u>	\$ 23,513	(11,358,298)	(4,901,179)	(16,259,477)
	General revenue	s:						
	Taxes -							
		e taxes, levied for general	purposes			14,024,073	-	14,024,073
	Franchise ta					1,201,190	-	1,201,190
		ntributions not restricted to	o specific progr	rams -				
	State source					105,328	-	105,328
	Non-employer					8,679		8,679
		vestment earnings				80,899	17,354	98,253
	Miscellaneous					251,515	-	251,515
	Transfers					(4,086,977)	4,086,977	
	Total ger	neral revenues and transfe	ers			11,584,707	4,104,331	15,689,038
	Change i	n net position				226,409	(796,848)	(570,439)
	Net position - Ju	ly 1, 2019				28,360,542	40,413,899	68,774,441
	Net position - Ju	ne 30, 2020				\$ 28,586,951	\$ 39,617,051	\$ 68,204,002

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

# **MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS**

# General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

#### 1992 Sales Tax Fund -

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the City's 1992 1% sales and use tax (rededicated in 1998). These taxes are dedicated to be used for (1) constructing, improving, operating and maintaining waterworks facilities, fire protection facilities, and police protection facilities, including the acquisition of equipment therefore, (2) constructing, improving, operating and maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, and (3) constructing, improving, operating and maintaining public streets and bridges and drainage facilities, including the acquisition of equipment therefore, and shall be used to fund any bonds issued for any of the aforesaid purposes to pay for the capital costs thereof.

#### TIF Sales Tax Fund -

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the City's 2006 1% TIF district sales and use tax for the Broussard Economic Development District. These taxes are dedicated to be used to fund revenue bonds to be issued to finance economic development projects within the district.

#### 2011 Recreational Sales Tax Fund -

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the City's 2011 1/2% recreational facilities sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated to be used for the operations of the park and for the payment of revenue bonds associated with the acquisition, construction and equipping of recreational facilities and related infrastructure throughout the City.

# **Capital Projects Fund**

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

## LCDBG/Streets Capital Projects Fund -

To account for the improvements of various projects using proceeds from grant revenue and City's funds.

# **Enterprise Funds**

#### **Utility Fund** -

To account for the provision of water, sewer, and garbage collection services. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, debt service, billing and collection.

## **Sports Complex Fund -**

To account for the operation of the St. Julien Park Sports Complex facility. All fee and revenues derived from the facility and all related expenses are accounted for in this fund.

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		1992	TIF	2011 Recreational	LCDBG/Street	s Other Governmental	
	General	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Capital Projects	Funds	Total
ASSETS	General	Sales Tax	Baics Tax	Baics Tax	Trojects		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 6,450,526	\$4,346,158	\$1,611,332	\$ 1,284,951	\$ 463,911	\$1,867,980	\$ 16,024,858
Receivables -	φο, 15ο,52ο	Ψ 1,5 10,150	Ψ 1,011,002	Ψ 1,501,501	Ų ,05,911	Ψ1,007,500	w 10,02 i,000
Taxes and licenses	1,141,561	994,200	211,224	496,845	_	_	2,843,830
Due from other governments	24,971	-	,,	-	_	_	24,971
Due from other funds	346,693	950,000	17,277	_	700,435	_	2,014,405
Prepaid items	163,555	-		<del></del>	-	-	163,555
Total assets	\$8,127,306	\$6,290,358	\$1,839,833	\$ 1,781,796	\$ 1,164,346	\$1,867,980	\$ 21,071,619
10ta a550t5	<u> </u>	Ψ0,250,550	<u>φ1,032,033</u>	Ψ 1,761,750	Ψ 1,104,540	Ψ1,007,200	Ψ 21,071,017
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities -							
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 243,695	\$ 10,900	\$ 2,614	\$ 27,472	\$ 230	\$ -	\$ 284,911
Contracts payable	19,603		· -	•	411,456	_	431,059
Retainage payable	12,920	<del>-</del>	26,422	_	179,122	-	218,464
Due to other governments	611,096	611,096	-	305,548	-	-	1,527,740
Due to other funds	57,236	700,000	-	· <u>-</u>	277,798	-	1,035,034
Total liabilities	944,550	1,321,996	29,036	333,020	868,606		3,497,208
Fund balances -							
Nonspendable for prepaid items	163,555	-	-		-	-	163,555
Restricted for sales tax dedications	-	4,968,362	1,810,797	1,448,776	-	-	8,227,935
Restricted for debt service	-	-	-	-	_	1,867,980	1,867,980
Assigned for capital expenditures	-	-	-	-	295,740	-	295,740
Unassigned	7,019,201						7,019,201
Total fund balances	7,182,756	4,968,362	1,810,797	1,448,776	295,740	1,867,980	17,574,411
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$8,127,306	\$6,290,358	\$1,839,833	\$ 1,781,796	\$ 1,164,346	\$1,867,980	\$ 21,071,619

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2020		\$17,574,411
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 1,213,659	
Construction in progress	6,341,919	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$1,681,841 accumulated depreciation	1,716,821	
Equipment and vehicles, net of \$2,518,292 accumulated depreciation	1,189,979	
Infrastructure, net of \$5,860,781 accumulated depreciation	19,835,340	30,297,718
The deferred loss on bond refunding is not an available resource, and		
therefore, is not reported in the funds		472,753
The deferred outflows of expenditures in the municipal police employees retirement system are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not		
reported in the funds		469,345
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2020:		
Compensated absences payable	(459,381)	
Net pension liability	(382,865)	
Capital leases payable	(923,029)	
Bonds payable	(18,352,028)	
Accrued interest payable	(98,194)	(20,215,497)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the municipal police employees		
retirement system are not available resources, and therefore, are not		(11,779)
reported in the funds		(11,//9)
Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2020		\$28,586,951

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				2011	LCDBG/Streets	Other	
		1992	TIF	Recreational	Capital	Governmental	m . 1
	General	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Projects	Funds	Total
Revenues:					_		017.007.060
Taxes	\$ 6,530,374	\$ 5,329,184	\$ 693,124	\$ 2,672,581	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,225,263
Licenses and permits	1,653,616		-	-	-	-	1,653,616
Intergovernmental	544,776	-	-	-	-	-	544,776
Fine and forfeits	460,510	-	- 		-	-	460,510
Interest	46,972	15,475	1,848	7,096	-	9,508	80,899
Miscellaneous	249,567		1,948	_	-		251,515
Total revenues	9,485,815	5,344,659	696,920	2,679,677		9,508	18,216,579
Expenditures:			4				
Current -							0.406.454
General government	2,297,539	63,071	13,275	29,461	2,828	<b>-</b>	2,406,174
Economic development	364,813	-	-	-	-	-	364,813
Culture and recreation	-	_	_	10,145			10,145
Public safety	5,857,317	-	=	-	-	-	5,857,317
Streets and drainage	3,102,567	-	-	-	-	-	3,102,567
Debt service	549,801	-	-	-	-	1,487,228	2,037,029
Capital outlay	2,012,265			39,798	2,457,402	_	4,509,465
Total expenditures	14,184,302	63,071	13,275	79,404	2,460,230	1,487,228	18,287,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					(2.150.220)	(4.455.500)	(70.001)
over expenditures	(4,698,487)	5,281,588	683,645	2,600,273	(2,460,230)	(1,477,720)	(70,931)
Other financing sources (uses):							4 4 7 7 7 7 7 7
Proceeds from capital leases	1,472,830	-	-		-	-	1,472,830
Transfers in	1,625,000	<del>-</del>	-	1,222,077	1,977,870	1,537,756	6,362,703
Transfers out	_(1,314,544)	(4,218,756)	(1,990,906)	(2,681,899)	(243,575)		(10,449,680)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,783,286	(4,218,756)	(1,990,906)	(1,459,822)	1,734,295	1,537,756	(2,614,147)
Net change in fund balances	(2,915,201)	1,062,832	(1,307,261)	1,140,451	(725,935)	60,036	(2,685,078)
Fund balances - beginning	10,097,957	3,905,530	3,118,058	308,325	1,021,675	1,807,944	20,259,489
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 7,182,756</u>	\$ 4,968,362	<u>\$ 1,810,797</u>	<u>\$ 1,448,776</u>	\$ 295,740	<u>\$ 1,867,980</u>	<u>\$17,574,411</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total net changes in fund balances at June 30, 2020 in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances		\$ (2,685,078)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay which is considered expenditures in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances  Loss on disposal of capital assets	\$ 4,233,477 (8,851)	
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020	(1,287,459)	2,937,167
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds but reduce the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Proceeds from capital leases  Principal payments  Amortization of bond premium  Loss on refunding amortized	(1,472,830) #REF! 83,507 (29,547)	#REF!
Expenses reported in the statement of activities are recognized when liabilities are incurred; while expenditures are recognized at the fund level when cash payments are made. The amounts below represent the difference between the expenses incurred at the government-wide level and current financial resources expended at the fund level  Compensated absences	(75,747)	
Interest expense	4,435	
Pension expense	66,022	(5,290)
Non-employer contributions to the municipal police employees retirement system	m	8,679
Total changes in net position at June 30, 2020 in the statement of activities		#REF!

# Combined Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Utility Fund	Sports Complex Fund	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 295,574	\$ 361,139	\$ 656,713
Accounts receivable, net	446,368	42,313	488,681
Due from other funds	57,236	,	57,236
Due from other governments		_	-
Prepaid insurance	73,255	35,803	109,058
Total current assets	872,433	439,255	1,311,688
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets -			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	394,588	1,460,095	1,854,683
Capital assets -			
Land and construction in progress	2,868,595	3,279,449	6,148,044
Capital assets, net	26,923,610	_31,766,322	58,689,932
Total noncurrent assets	30,186,793	36,505,866	66,692,659
Total assets	31,059,226	36,945,121	68,004,347
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	143,692	17,871	161,563
Retainage payable	8,081	-	8,081
Accrued expenses	11,489	8,277	19,766
Deferred revenue		47,285	47,285
Due to other funds	967,712	68,895	1,036,607
Payable from restricted assets:			
Bonds payable	-	675,000	675,000
Accrued interest	***	168,761	168,761
Customers' deposits	394,588		394,588
Total current liabilities	1,525,562	986,089	2,511,651
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	86,299	31,443	117,742
Loan payable	1,122,903	-	1,122,903
Bonds payable		24,635,000	24,635,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,209,202	24,666,443	25,875,645
Total liabilities	2,734,764	25,652,532	28,387,296
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	28,669,302	10,410,771	39,080,073
Restricted for debt service	-	616,334	616,334
Unrestricted (deficit)	(344,840)	265,484	(79,356)
Total net position	\$ 28,324,462	<u>\$ 11,292,589</u>	\$39,617,051

# Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Utility Fund	Sports Complex Fund	Total _
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,605,879	\$ 495,555	\$ 4,101,434
Miscellaneous	363,134		363,134
Total operating revenues	3,969,013	495,555	4,464,568
Operating expenses:			
Water	2,379,748	-	2,379,748
Sewer	2,275,627	-	2,275,627
Garbage	1,138,804	-	1,138,804
Sports Complex	<u> </u>	2,532,283	2,532,283
Total operating expenses	5,794,179	2,532,283	8,326,462
Loss from operations	_(1,825,166)	(2,036,728)	(3,861,894)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Interest earned	1,115	16,239	17,354
Interest expense	(22,939)	(1,038,342)	(1,061,281)
Loss on disposal of capital asset	•	(1,517)	(1,517)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(21,824)	(1,023,620)	(1,045,444)
Loss before capital contributions and transfers	(1,846,990)	(3,060,348)	(4,907,338)
Capital contributions	20,013	3,500	23,513
Transfers:			
Transfer from General Fund	-	92,467	92,467
Transfer from Capital Projects	243,575	-	243,575
Transfer from 1992 Sales Tax Fund	550,000	-	550,000
Transfer from TIF Sales Tax Fund	519,036	-	519,036
Transfer from Recreational Sales Tax Fund	_	2,681,899	2,681,899
Total transfers	1,312,611	2,774,366	4,086,977
Change in net position	(514,366)	(282,482)	(796,848)
Net position, beginning	28,838,828	11,575,071	40,413,899
Net position, ending	\$28,324,462	\$11,292,589	\$39,617,051

# Combined Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Utility	Sports Complex Fund	Tatal
Cash flows from operating activities:	Fund	runa	Total
Receipts from customers	\$ 3,586,969	\$ 495,555	\$ 4,082,524
Payments to suppliers	(3,699,358)	(883,668)	(4,583,026)
Payments of employees	(893,354)	(633,207)	(1,526,561)
Other income	363,134	-	363,134
Net cash used by operating activities	(642,609)	(1,021,320)	(1,663,929)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Cash received from other funds	208	11,403	11,611
Transfers in from other funds	1,312,611	2,774,366	4,086,977
Net increase in customer deposits payable	29,713	, ,	29,713
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,342,532	2,785,769	4,128,301
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Principal paid on bonds	-	(645,000)	(645,000)
Interest and fiscal agency fees paid on bonds	(22,939)	(1,042,642)	(1,065,581)
Issuance of loan payable	371,830	-	371,830
Capital contributions	23,828	3,500	27,328
Acquisition of capital assets	(996,761)	(40,992)	(1,037,753)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(624,042)	(1,725,134)	(2,349,176)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of interest-bearing deposits	-	(1,081,777)	(1,081,777)
Maturities of interest-bearing deposits	-	1,065,659	1,065,659
Interest on cash and investments	1,115	16,239	17,354
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,115	121	1,236
Net increase in cash	76,996	39,436	116,432
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	613,166	700,021	1,313,187
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 690,162	<u>\$ 739,457</u>	<u>\$ 1,429,619</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash			
used by operating activities	<b></b>	# (# 0.0 C <b># 0.</b> 0)	4/2 0/4 0040
Operating loss	\$ (1,825,166)	\$(2,036,728)	\$(3,861,894)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash			
used by operating activities -	4 4	A 4	
Depreciation	1,307,458	943,203	2,250,661
Changes in assets and liabilities -			
Accounts receivable	(18,910)	3,625	(15,285)
Prepaid insurance	(8,930)	17,560	8,630
Accounts payable	(95,596)	(5,768)	(101,364)
Accrued expenses	1,940	(1,230)	710
Deferred revenue	<u>-</u>	47,285	47,285
Compensated absences payable	(3,405)	10,733	7,328
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>\$ (642,609)</u>	<u>\$(1,021,320)</u>	<u>\$(1,663,929)</u>

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Broussard (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Broussard was incorporated in 1884 under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The City operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

The financial reporting entity should consist of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Section 2100 of the 2011 Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, "Defining the Financial Reporting Entity" establishes criteria for determining which entities should be considered a component unit and, as such, part of the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criteria are as follows:

- 1. Legal status of the potential component unit including the right to incur its own debt, levy its own taxes and charges, expropriate property in its own name, sue and be sued, and the right to buy, sell and lease property in its own name.
- 2. Whether the primary government's governing authority (City of Broussard) appoints a majority of board members of the potential component unit and is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government.
- 3. Financial benefit/burden relationship between the primary government and the potential component unit.
- 4. The nature and significance of the relationship between the potential component unit with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Based on these criteria, the City has identified the following component units:

# Broussard Fire Department

The Broussard Fire Department is a non-profit corporation established in 1989 for the purpose of impeding, eradicating and extinguishing all types of destructive fires within or near the City of Broussard. There are five (5) members of the governing board of the Broussard Fire Department, consisting of the Mayor, one member of the Board of Aldermen, the fire chief, and two (2) elected members of the corporation. Bonded debt issued by the Broussard Fire Department must be approved by the City Council.

Complete financial statements for the Broussard Fire Department may be obtained upon request at Broussard City Hall.

#### **Broussard Economic Development Corporation**

The Broussard Economic Development Corporation was chartered in 1993. The City of Broussard appoints a majority of the Corporations' Board and has the ability to impose its will on the Corporation.

These primary government financial statements of the City of Broussard do not include the financial data of the component units described above. This component unit financial data is necessary for reporting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Complete financial statements for the Broussard Economic Development Corporation may be obtained upon request at Broussard City Hall.

These primary government financial statements of the City of Broussard do not include the financial data of the component units described above. This component unit financial data is necessary for reporting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the City are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and proprietary funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the City are described below:

#### Governmental Funds-

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Additionally, it is used to account for the receipt and use of the proceeds of the City's 1975 one percent sales and use tax. These taxes may be used for any lawful public purpose.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

1992 Sales Tax Fund -

The 1992 Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the receipt and use of the proceeds of the City's 1992 one percent sales and use tax (rededicated in 1998). These taxes are dedicated to be used for (1) constructing, improving, operating and maintaining waterworks facilities, fire protection facilities, and police protection facilities, including the acquisition of equipment therefore, (2) constructing, improving, operating, and maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works, and (3) constructing, improving, operating and maintaining public streets and bridges and drainage facilities, including the acquisition of equipment therefore, and shall be used to fund any bonds issued for any of the aforesaid purposes to pay for the capital costs thereof.

TIF Sales Tax Fund -

The TIF Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the receipt and use of the proceeds of the City's 2006 one percent TIF District sales and use tax levied on the businesses located in the Broussard Economic Development District. These taxes are dedicated to be used to fund revenue bonds to be issued to finance economic development projects within the District.

2011 Recreational Sales Tax Fund -

The 2011 Recreational Sales Tax Fund is used to account for receipt and use of the proceeds of the City's 2011 one-half percent recreational sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated to be used for the operations of the park and for the payment of revenue bonds associated with the acquisition, construction, and equipping of recreational facilities and related infrastructure throughout the City.

Capital Projects Fund

LCDBG/Streets Capital Projects Fund –

The LCDBG/Streets Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the improvements of various projects utilizing proceeds from grant revenues and City's funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds -

**Enterprise Funds** 

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City of Broussard's enterprise funds are the Utility Fund and the Sports Complex Fund.

In addition, the City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Debt Service Funds -

The debt service funds are used to accumulated monies for payment of the City's various sales tax bonds, which are being financed by the 1975 and 1992 sales taxes revenues.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

#### Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary funds' statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grant funds. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based on historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The allowance for uncollectible utility receivables was \$116,099 at June 30, 2020. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month, are recorded at year-end.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City maintains various threshold levels for capitalizing capital assets. The levels are as follows:

General Fund	\$ 2,500
Utility Fund	5,000
Sports Complex Fund	2,500

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to the adoption of GASB 34, the City did not have a complete listing of infrastructure. At that time, the City began accumulating infrastructure information prospectively.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10 -30 years
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 15 years
Utility system and improvements	7 - 30 years
Infrastructure	10 - 40 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the governmental funds and proprietary funds that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to debt service interest sinking and reserve accounts and utility meter deposits.

#### Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of the revenue bonds payable and utility meter deposits payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

## Compensated Absences

Unused vacation is paid at the end of each calendar year. Unused sick leave up to 60 days may be carried over, with up to 30 days of the accumulated balance payable at termination of employment. At June 30, 2020, the City has \$577,123 of noncurrent accumulated leave benefits required to be reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences".

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. At June 30, 2020, the City's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are attributable to the unamortized loss on the bond refunding and the pension plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Equity Classifications**

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if the use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the City's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- Unrestricted net position Consists of all other net position that does
  not meet the definition of the two components and is available for
  general use by the City.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the City's Mayor and Board of Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the City's Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City has provided otherwise in their commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary (Utility and Sports Complex) fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

## Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Funds - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### F. Revenue Restrictions

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source	Legal Restrictions of Use
Sales tax	See Note 11
Water, sewer and garbage revenue	Utility operations

The City uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## G. <u>Capitalization of Interest Expense</u>

It is the policy of the City of Broussard to capitalize material amounts of interest resulting from borrowings in the course of the construction of capital assets in the proprietary funds. At June 30, 2020, there were no borrowings for assets under construction and no capitalized interest expense was recorded on the books.

#### H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# (2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the City may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The City may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2020, the City had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$18,536,254 as follows:

Non interest-bearing deposits	\$ 995,621
Interest-bearing deposits	15,682,923
Time deposits	1,857,710
Total	\$ 18,536,254

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the City or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2020, which are required to be secured are as follows:

\$ 18,949,049
1,000,000
17,949,049
<u>\$ 18,949,049</u>

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deposits in the amount of \$17,949,049 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

# (3) Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities		Business-	Business-Type Activities				
	Ge	neral	Sales Tax	Utility	1	Sports		
	F	und	Funds	Fund	C	omplex		Total
Accounts	\$	654	\$ -	\$ 334,527	<del>- \$</del>	42,313	\$	377,494
Unbilled utility		_	_	111,841		-		111,841
1975 1% sales taxes	9	994,200	_	-		_		994,200
1992 1% sales taxes		-	994,200	-		-		994,200
TIF sales taxes		-	211,224	-		-		211,224
2011 1/2% sales taxes		-	496,845	-		-		496,845
Franchise taxes		146,707			· _	_		146,707
Totals	\$ 1,	141,561	\$1,702,269	\$ 446,368	<u>\$</u>	42,313	\$ :	3,332,511

# (4) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

Due from other governmental units at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities -

General Fund:

Due from State of Louisiana for beer tax revenue earned through June 30, 2020	\$ 4,899
Due from State of Louisiana for video poker revenue earned through June 30, 2020	 20,072
Total due from other governmental units	\$ 24,971

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (5) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
2015 revenue bond and interest sinking fund	\$ 188,993	\$ -	\$ 188,993
2015 revenue bond reserve fund	208,768	-	208,768
2016 revenue bond and interest sinking	688,727	-	688,727
2016 revenue bond reserve fund	424,402	-	424,402
2011 DEQ bond and interest sinking fund	92,523	-	92,523
2011 DEQ bond reserve fund	264,567		264,567
2012 revenue bond and interest sinking	-	378,318	378,318
2012 revenue bond reserve fund	-	1,081,777	1,081,777
Customers' deposits		394,588	394,588
Total restricted assets	<u>\$1,867,980</u>	\$1,854,683	\$3,722,663

# (6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/19	Additions	Deletions	06/30/20
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 458,171	\$ 755,488	\$ -	\$ 1,213,659
Construction in progress	4,721,843	2,748,317	1,128,241	6,341,919
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	3,328,918	69,744	-	3,398,662
Equipment and vehicles	3,647,983	619,730	559,442	3,708,271
Infrastructure	24,527,682	1,168,439	_	<u>25,696,121</u>
Totals	36,684,597	5,361,718	1,687,683	40,358,632
Less accumulated depreciation				
<b>Buildings and improvements</b>	1,546,370	135,471	-	1,681,841
Equipment and vehicles	2,778,232	290,651	550,591	2,518,292
Infrastructure	4,999,444	<u>861,337</u>		5,860,781
Total accumulated depreciation	9,324,046	1,287,459	550,591	10,060,914
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$27,360,551</u>	\$ 4,074,259	\$ 1,137,092	\$ 30,297,718

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (6) <u>Capital Assets (continued)</u>

	Balance			Balance
_	07/01/19	Additions	Deletions	06/30/20
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land - Sewer system	\$ 1,044,516	\$ 4,450	\$ -	\$ 1,048,966
Land - Sports Complex	3,279,449	-	-	3,279,449
Construction in progress:				
Utility Fund	<b>4,</b> 314,6 <b>8</b> 1	1,006,938	3,501,990	1,819,629
Other capital assets:				
Plant and equipment - Water system	12,774,022	1,685,040	-	14,459,062
Plant and equipment - Sewer system	27,044,025	1,751,868	-	28,795,893
Buildings - Sports Complex	33,575,228	-	-	33,575,228
Autos and office equipment - utility	1,140,766	-	124,660	1,016,106
Equipment - Sports Complex	763,125	40,992	-	804,117
Vehicle - Sports Complex	50,090		3,500	46,590
Totals	83,985,902	4,489,288	3,630,150	84,845,040
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Plant and equipment - Water system	7,567,476	376,337	-	7,943,813
Plant and equipment - Sewer system	7,737,538	853,806	-	8,591,344
<b>Buildings - Sports Complex</b>	1,538,568	840,069		2,378,637
Autos and office equipment - utility	859,639	77,315	124,660	812,294
<b>Equipment - Sports Complex</b>	167,111	96,199	-	263,310
Vehicle - Sports Complex	12,714	6,935	1,983	17,666
Total accumulated depreciation	17,883,046	2,250,661	126,643	20,007,064
Business-type activities,				77.700.000
capital assets, net	\$66,102,856	\$ 2,238,627	\$ 3,503,507	\$ 64,837,976
	. 1			
Depreciation expense was charged to gov	ernmental acti	vities as follows:		
General government				\$ 127,575
Public safety				215,463
Streets				944,421
Total depreciation expense - gov	ernmental acti	vities		\$ 1,287,459
Depreciation expense was charged to bus	siness-tyne acti	vities as follows:		
				<del></del>
Water system				\$ 400,983
Sewer system				906,475
Sports Complex				943,203
Total depreciation expense - bus	siness-type acti	vities		\$ 2,250,661

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Construction in progress in the governmental activities in the amount of \$6,341,919 consists of various street improvement and extension projects. Construction in progress in the business-type activities in the amount of \$1,819,629 consists of costs incurred through June 30, 2020 for various water and sewer improvement projects.

## (7) Accounts, Salaries and Other Payables

Accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Accounts	\$169,872	\$161,562	\$ 331,434
Accrued payroll	87,194	19,767	106,961
Collection fees payable	27,845	-	27,845
Contracts	431,059	-	431,059
Retainage	218,464	<u>8,081</u>	226,545
Totals	<u>\$934,434</u>	\$189,410	\$1,123,844

## (8) <u>Due to Other Governments</u>

Amounts due to other governments at June 30, 2020 in the amount of \$1,527,740 consists of \$611,096 for 1975 sales taxes (accounted for in the General Fund), \$611,096 for 1992 sales taxes, and \$305,548 for 2011 recreational sales taxes due to the Lafayette Parish School System Sales Tax Office for sales taxes erroneously remitted to the City.

# (9) <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Revenue	Capital	Compensated Absences	
	Bonds	Leases		
Governmental Activities:	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Balance, July 1, 2019	\$ 17,665,879	\$ -	\$ 383,634	
Additions	-	1,472,830	129,788	
Deletions	(840,000)	(549,801)	(54,041)	
Balance, June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 16,825,879</u>	\$ 923,029	\$ 459,381	
	Revenue	Loan	Compensated	
			•	
	Bonds	Payable	Absences	
Business-type Activities:	Bonds	Payable	•	
Business-type Activities: Balance, July 1, 2019	Bonds \$ 25,955,000	Payable \$ 1,063,412	•	
			Absences	
Balance, July 1, 2019		\$ 1,063,412	Absences \$ 110,414	

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (9) Long-Term Liabilities - continued

Long-term liabilities payable at June 30, 2020 is comprised of the following:

Governmental activities:		Current
General obligation bonds -	Total	Portion
\$4,000,000 2011 Sales Tax Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$95,000 to \$110,000 through May 1, 2032; interest at .95%; secured by a pledge of and payable solely from the proceeds of the 1% 1992 sales tax revenues.	\$ 2,155,879	\$ 100,000
\$9,225,000 Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, due in annual installments ranging from \$135,000 through \$540,000 through May 1, 2038; interest at 2.0%-5.0%; secured by a pledge of and payable solely from the proceeds of the 1% 1992 sales tax revenues.	7,695,000	370,000
\$7,855,000 Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual installments ranging from \$290,000 to \$545,000 through May 1, 2037; interest at 2%-4%; secured by a pledge of and payable solely from the proceeds of the 1% 1992 sales tax revenues.  Total bonds payable Add: unamortized bond premium Net bonds payable - governmental activities	6,975,000 16,825,879 1,526,149 \$18,352,028	310,000 \$ 780,000
Capital leases - \$84,256 lease-purchase agreement dated September 27, 2019, due in two annual installments of \$42,128 (non-interest bearing) through June 30, 2022; secured by equipment with a book value of \$70,214 (net of \$14,042 accumulated depreciation), which is included in the equipment and vehicles asset class.		
\$288,972 lease-purchase agreement dated May 25, 2020, due in five annual installments of \$62,895 including interest of 2.9% through June 12, 2025; secured by equipment with a book value of \$288,972 (appropriated to the Broussard Fire Department).	\$ 84,256 288,972	\$ 42,128 54,552
\$1,099,602 lease-purchase agreement dated May 29, 2020, due in six annual installments, one in the amount of \$549,801 and five in the amount of \$118,002 including interest of 2.4% through May 29, 2025; secured by equipment with a book value of \$1,099,602 (appropriated to the Broussard Fire Department).	5 <b>49,8</b> 01	104,808
Total capital leases payable	\$ 923,029	\$ 201,488

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (9) Long-Term Liabilities - continued

Business-type activities:

Sports Complex Fund -

\$17,205,000 Recreational Facility Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, due in annual installments ranging from \$210,000 through \$950,000 through May 1, 2042; interest at 1%-5%; secured by a pledge of and payable solely from the proceeds of the 1/2% 2011 sales tax revenues. \$14,345,000

\$12,000,000 Recreational Facility Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, due in annual installments ranging from \$140,000 through \$830,000 through May 1, 2045; interest at 2%-5%; secured by a pledge of and payable solely from the proceeds of the 1/2% 2011 sales tax revenues.

10,965,000	245,000		
25,310,000	675,000		

\$430,000

Utility Fund -

Loan from the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals; interest at 2.45%; payable from the utilities system revenues. The balance through June 30, 2020 is net of a 20% debt forgiveness.

1,122,903 -\$ 26,432,903 \$ 675,000

Total bonds and loan payable - business-type activities

The City borrowed \$1,403,629 (of which \$280,726 was forgiven) from the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals as an interim loan to finance the cost of the drinking water infrastructure improvements project. Upon completion of the project, the City will issue taxable utilities revenue bonds for permanent financing. The forgiveness of debt is recorded as a capital contribution in the Utility Fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all bonds payable as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities	
Year Ended	Bonds		Capital Leases		Bonds	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 780,000	\$ 623,412	\$201,488	\$ 21,538	\$ 675,000	\$ 1,012,570
2022	800,000	594,172	205,578	17,448	695,000	990,470
2023	835,000	560,825	167,646	13,251	725,000	960,170
2024	855,000	529,921	171,950	8,947	750,000	933,220
2025	895,000	494,005	176,367	4,530	780,000	905,220
2026-2030	4,950,000	1,973,820	-	-	4,340,000	4,075,928
2031-2035	5,330,878	1,021,842	-	-	5,395,000	3,025,532
2036-2040	2,380,000	173,458	-	-	6,560,000	1,854,938
2041-2045			-		5,390,000	562,680
	\$16,825,878	<u>\$5,971,454</u>	\$923,029	\$ 65,714	\$25,310,000	\$14,320,728

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (10) Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

During fiscal year 2018, the City defeased \$7,975,000 of Public Improvement Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 by purchasing U.S. Government securities and creating separate irrevocable trust funds with an escrow agent. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore, has been removed as a liability from the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of defeased sales tax revenue debt outstanding but removed from the financial statements amounts to \$7,175,000 of Series 2007 sales tax bonds.

#### (11) Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds-Sales and Use Tax

In 1975, the voters of the City approved a 1% sales tax (collected in the General Fund) to be used for any lawful public purpose.

The terms of the bond indenture relative to 1998 Sales Tax Bonds, Series A pledge and dedicate the proceeds of the 1975 sales tax to the retirement of these bonds and to establish and maintain revenue bond sinking and reserve funds adequate to pay the revenue bonds and interest when due. Remaining revenues may then be used for any purpose for which the tax was authorized. The ordinance also contains provisions which restrict the issuance of additional revenue bonds unless the above-mentioned sinking and reserve funds contain the required amounts and certain financial ratios are met.

In 1992 (rededicated in 1998), voters of the City approved an additional 1% sales tax dedicated to constructing, improving, operating and maintaining waterworks, fire and police protection facilities, sewerage works, streets, bridges and drainage. The terms of the bond indentures relative to the Public Improvement Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 and 2008, the 2011 Sales Tax Bonds, and the Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 and 2016 pledge and dedicate the proceeds of the 1992 sales tax to the retirement of these bonds and to establish and maintain revenue bond sinking and reserve funds adequate to pay the revenue bonds and interest on these bonds when due. Remaining revenues may then be used for any purpose for which the tax was authorized. The ordinances also contain provisions which restrict the issuance of additional revenue bonds unless the above-mentioned sinking and reserve funds contain the required amounts and certain financial ratios are met.

In 2006, voters of the City approved an additional 1% sales tax dedicated for financing economic development projects in the Broussard Economic Development District.

In 2011, voters of the City approved an additional ½% sales tax dedicated to the payment of revenue bonds associated with the acquisition, construction, and equipping of recreational facilities and related infrastructure throughout the City.

Recreational Facility Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 and Series 2015 ordinances provide that revenues of the 2011 sales tax is to be used to establish and maintain revenue bond sinking and reserve funds adequate to pay the revenue bonds and interest when due. Remaining revenues may then be used for any purpose for which the tax was authorized. The ordinance also contains provisions which restrict the issuance of additional revenue bonds unless the required above mentioned sinking and reserve funds contain the required amounts and certain financial ratios are met.

The City complied with all significant financial requirements of the bond ordinance as of June 30, 2020.

All of the above sales taxes were issued in perpetuity.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (12) Pension Plan

The City participates in a cost-sharing defined benefit plan, administered by a public employee retirement system. Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all plans administered by the public employee retirement system to the State Legislature. The plan is not closed to new entrants.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS) -

Plan Description: The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in MPERS is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. MPERS provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through MPERS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date. MPERS issues a publicly available financial report that may be accessed on their website (http://lampers.org).

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233. The following is a brief description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

The system's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Interest income is recognized when earned.

Membership Prior to January 1, 2013 – A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of final salary. Upon the death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, the benefits range from forty to sixty percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives benefits equal to ten percent of the member's average final compensation or \$200 per month, whichever is greater.

Membership Commencing January 1, 2013 – Member eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are based on Hazardous Duty and Non-Hazardous Duty sub plans. Under the Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the Non-Hazardous Duty sub plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Under both sub plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55. Under the Hazardous and Non Hazardous Duty sub plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statues, the benefits range from twenty-five to fifty-five percent of the member's average final compensation for the surviving spouse. In addition, each child under age eighteen receives ten percent of average final compensation or \$200 per month whichever is greater. If deceased member had less than ten years of service, beneficiary will receive a refund of employee contributions only.

#### Deferred Retirement Option Plan:

A member is eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he is eligible for regular retirement based on the members' sub plan participation. Upon filing the application for the program, the employee's active membership in MPERS is terminated. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty-six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period, the participant may receive his benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership into MPERS shall resume and upon later termination, he shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service.

For those eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, DROP accounts shall earn interest subsequent to the termination of DROP participation at a rate of half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of MPERS's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis but will never lose money. For those eligible to enter DROP subsequent to January 1, 2004, an irrevocable election is made to earn interest based on MPERS's investment portfolio return or a money market investment return. This could result in a negative earnings rate being applied to the account.

If the member elects a money market investment return, the funds are transferred to a government money market account.

#### Initial Benefit Option Plan:

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized MPERS to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on same criteria as DROP.

#### Contributions:

Contributions for all members are actuarially determined as required by state law but cannot be less than 9% of the employees' earnable compensation excluding overtime but including state supplemental pay. For the year ended June 30, 2020, total contributions due for employers and employees were 42.5%. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 32.5% and 10%, respectively.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability:

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$382,865 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was .042158%.

Since the measurement date of the net pension liability was June 30, 2019, the net pension liability is based upon fiduciary net position for the plan as of that date. Detailed information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that was used in the measurement of the City's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

The following table provides information concerning actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability for the defined benefit plan in which the City is a participating employer:

Date of experience study on which significant assumptions are based Actuarial cost method

Expected remaining service lives

Investment rate of return

Inflation rate

Projected salary increases

Cost-of-living adjustments

Mortality rates

7/1/2009 - 6/30/2014

Entry Age Normal Cost

4 years

7.125%, net of investment expense

2.50%

4.25% - 9.75%

RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2029 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants and RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females for disabled annuitants.

RP-2000 Employee Table set back 4 year for males and 3 years for females for active members.

The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost-of-living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Cost of Living Adjustments:

The pension plan in which the City participates has the authority to grant cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) on an ad hoc basis. Pursuant to LRS 11:242(B), the power of the Board of Trustees of the statewide system to grant a COLA is effective in calendar years that the legislature fails to grant a COLA, unless in the legislation granting a COLA, the legislature authorizes the Board of Trustees to provide an additional COLA. The authority to grant a COLA by the Board is subject to the funded status and interest earnings. The effects of the benefit changes made as a result of the COLAs included in the measurement of the total pension liability as of the measurement date at which the ad hoc COLA was granted and the amount is known and reasonably estimable.

#### Long-term Rate of Return:

For MPERS, the long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized for each plan in the following table:

	Expected I	Expected Rate of Return		
		Long-term		
		Expected		
	Target Asset	Portfolio Real		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Equity	48.5%	3.28%		
Fixed income	33.5%	0.80%		
Alternative	18.0%	1.06%		
Other	0.0%	0.00%		
	100%	5.14%		
Inflation		2.75%		
Expected nominal return		7.89%		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized \$106,714 in pension expense related to its participation in MPERS.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to MPERS from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		
	De	eferred	Deferred
	O	utflows	Inflows
•	of R	Resources	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	803	\$ 11,779
Changes of assumptions		21,455	_
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's			
proportionate share of contributions		249,477	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments		24,874	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		172,736	
Total	\$	469,345	<b>\$</b> 11,779

Deferred outflows of resources of \$172,736 resulting from the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2021	\$103,949
2022	82,174
2023	92,497
2024	6,210
	<u>\$284,830</u>

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure MPERS's net pension liability was 7.125% for the year ended June 30, 2019, which is a decrease of .075% from the prior year.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents MPERS's net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.125%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	6.125%	7.125%	8.125%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 533,457	\$ 382,865	\$ 256,533

Payables to the Pension Plan:

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City had remitted all required contributions to MPERS, therefore at June 30, 2020, there was no payable to the plan.

#### (13) Retirement and Deferred Compensation

- A. Employees of the City are members of the Social Security System. The City and its employees contribute a percentage of each employee's salary to the System (7.65 percent by the City; 7.65 percent by the employee). The City's contributions during the year ended 2020 amounted to \$429,950.
- B. The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The single employer plan, the Town of Broussard Deferred Compensation Plan, is administered by the Hartford, is available to all City employees, and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City contributes 8% to 12% of wages to each participating employee account based on years of service. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City and employees contributed \$334,122 and \$114,151, respectively. The City's contributions are not mandatory.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) held in a trust, custodial account or annuity contract described in IRC 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The fair market value of the deferred compensation plan assets at June 30, 2020 was \$3,094,478.

#### (14) On-Behalf Payments of Salaries

The State of Louisiana paid the City's policemen \$195,966 of supplemental pay during the year ended June 30, 2020. That amount is included in the accompanying financial statements as intergovernmental revenues and police expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

#### (15) Risk Management

The City is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, property hazards, and workers' compensation. Those risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the three-year period ended June 30, 2020.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (16) <u>Litigation and Claims</u>

At June 30, 2020, the City was involved in several lawsuits claiming damages. In the opinion of the City's legal counsel, the only exposure to the City would be any costs in defense of the lawsuits with no liability in excess of insurance coverage.

#### (17) Operating Lease

In July 2020, the City entered into an operating lease for seven vehicles. The lease is to be paid in 37 monthly installments of \$3,053 through July 31, 2024.

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2021	\$ 35,882
2022	36,638
2023	36,638
2024	3,053
	\$ 112,211

#### (18) Compensation of Board of Aldermen

Compensation paid to the Board of Aldermen for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

Angel Racca	\$ 18,000
David Bonin	18,000
Jesse Regan	18,000
Michael Rabon	18,000
Kenny Higginbotham	18,000
Ray Gary	18,000
Jeff Delahoussaye	 24,000
	\$ 132,000

#### (19) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments made to Ray Bourque, Mayor, for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

Salary	\$ 80,663
Benefits - insurance	16,035
Benefits - retirement	6,453
Car allowance	9,600
Cell phone	600
Internet	780
Travel and conference	1,167
Special meals	605
Other (vehicle gas expense)	1,990
	\$ 117,893

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (20) Interfund Transactions

#### A. Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	R	Receivable		Payable	
Major funds:	<del></del>				
Governmental funds:					
General Fund	\$	346,693	\$	57,236	
1992 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund		950,000		700,000	
TIF Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund		17,277		-	
LCDBG/Streets Capital Projects Fund		700,435		277,798	
Proprietary funds:					
Utility Fund		57,236		967,712	
Sports Complex Fund				68,895	
Total	<u>\$</u> :	2,071,641	\$ :	2,071,641	

These balances resulted from short-term loans made to other funds. All interfund balances will be repaid within one year.

#### B. Interfund transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major funds:		
Governmental funds:		
General Fund	\$ 1,625,000	\$ 1,314,544
1992 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	-	4,218,756
TIF Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	-	1,990,906
2011 Recreational Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	1,222,077	2,681,899
LCDBG/Streets Capital Projects Fund	1,977,870	243,575
Proprietary funds:		
Utility Fund	1,312,611	-
Sports Complex Fund	2,774,366	-
Non-major funds - debt service funds	1,537,756	
Total	\$ 10,449,680	<u>\$ 10,449,680</u>

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### (21) Uncertainties Arising During and After Financial Statement Date

As a result of the spread of the COVID 19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and may continue to impact the City's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact on future operations is unknown at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 7,275,444	\$ 6,696,702	\$ 6,530,374	\$ (166,328)
Licenses and permits	1,588,000	1,549,184	1,653,616	104,432
Intergovernmental	383,695	504,759	544,776	40,017
Fines and forfeits and seizures	325,000	428,621	460,510	31,889
Miscellaneous	318,964	280,618	296,539	15,921
Total revenues	9,891,103	9,459,884	9,485,815	25,931
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	2,864,511	2,205,251	2,297,539	(92,288)
Economic development	220,000	364,916	364,813	103
Public safety:				
Police	3,188,189	3,215,649	3,240,323	(24,674)
Fire	1,184,566	2,663,965	2,616,994	46,971
Streets and drainage	3,149,273	3,102,617	3,102,567	50
Debt service	-	549,801	549,801	-
Capital outlay	788,308	1,988,066	2,012,265	(24,199)
Total expenditures	11,394,847	14,090,265	14,184,302	(94,037)
Deficiency of revenue				
over expenditures	(1,503,744)	_(4,630,381)	(4,698,487)	(68,106)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from capital leases	-	1,472,830	1,472,830	-
Transfer from 1992 Sales Tax Fund	1,575,000	1,625,000	1,625,000	-
Transfer to Recreation Sales Tax Fund	-	(1,222,077)	(1,222,077)	-
Transfer to Sports Complex Fund	(90,336)	(92,467)	(92,467)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,484,664	1,783,286	1,783,286	
Net change in fund balance	(19,080)	(2,847,095)	(2,915,201)	(68,106)
Fund balance, beginning	10,097,957	10,097,957	10,097,957	
Fund balance, ending	\$10,078,877	\$ 7,250,862	\$ 7,182,756	\$ (68,106)

#### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA 1992 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Sales taxes - 1%	\$ 6,075,444	\$ 5,505,250	\$ 5,329,184	\$ (176,066)
Miscellaneous -				
Interest	33,500	<u> 18,788</u>	15,475	(3,313)
Total revenues	6,108,944	5,524,038	5,344,659	(179,379)
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Collection fees	57,000	49,783	49,573	210
Professional fees	12,000	13,498	13,498	
Total expenditures	69,000	63,281	63,071	210
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	6,039,944	5,460,757	5,281,588	(179,169)
Other financing uses:				
Transfer to General Fund	(1,575,000)	(1,625,000)	(1,625,000)	-
Transfer to Utility Fund	(1,100,000)	(550,000)	(550,000)	-
Transfer to debt service funds	(1,407,756)	(1,537,756)	(1,537,756)	-
Transfer to Street Capital Projects Fund	(1,550,000)	(506,000)	(506,000)	
Total other financing uses	(5,632,756)	(4,218,756)	(4,218,756)	
Net change in fund balance	407,188	1,242,001	1,062,832	(179,169)
Fund balance, beginning	3,905,530	3,905,530	3,905,530	
Fund balance, ending	\$4,312,718	\$ 5,147,531	\$ 4,968,362	<u>\$ (179,169)</u>

#### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA TIF Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Sales taxes	\$ 715,000	\$ 643,277	\$ 693,124	\$ 49,847
Miscellaneous -				
Other income	<b>₩</b>	1,947	1,948	1
Interest	3,500	1,794	1,848	54
Total revenues	718,500	647,018	696,920	49,902
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Collection fees	6,500	7,040	6,969	71
Professional fees	6,000	6,560	6,306	254
Total general government	12,500	13,600	13,275	325
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	706,000	633,418	683,645	50,227
Other financing uses:				
Transfer to Street Capital Projects Fund	(2,100,000)	(1,471,870)	(1,471,870)	-
Transfer to Utility Fund	(316,666)	(519,036)	(519,036)	
Total other financing uses	(2,416,666)	(1,990,906)	(1,990,906)	
Net change in fund balance	(1,710,666)	(1,357,488)	(1,307,261)	50,227
Fund balance, beginning	3,118,058	3,118,058	3,118,058	<del></del>
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,407,392	\$ 1,760,570	\$ 1,810,797	\$ 50,227

#### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA 2011 Recreation Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Sales taxes - 1/2%	\$ 3,028,930	\$ 2,761,236	\$ 2,672,581	\$ (88,655)
Miscellaneous -				
Interest	4,100	7,055	7,096	41
Total revenues	3,033,030	2,768,291	2,679,677	(88,614)
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Collection fees	29,000	24,940	24,886	54
Professional fees	7,800	4,850	4,575	<u>275</u>
Total general government	36,800	29,790	29,461	329
Culture and recreation:				
Ida Crouchet Park -				
Repairs and maintenance	-	300	150	150
Utilities	-	3,340	3,272	68
Veterans Park -				
Engineering	4	6,738	6,723	15
Total culture and recreation		10,378	10,145	233
Capital outlay:				
Ida Crouchet Park improvements		39,798	39,798	
Total expenditures	36,800	79,966	79,404	562
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	2,996,230	2,688,325	2,600,273	(88,052)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer from General Fund	-	1,222,077	1,222,077	<u></u>
Transfer to Sports Complex Fund	(2,849,069)	(2,681,899)	(2,681,899)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,849,069)	(1,459,822)	(1,459,822)	
Net change in fund balance	147,161	1,228,503	1,140,451	(88,052)
Fund balance, beginning	308,325	308,325	308,325	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 455,486	\$ 1,536,828	\$ 1,448,776	\$ (88,052)

#### Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2020\*

				Employer's	
	<b>Employer</b>	Employer		Proportionate Share	
	Proportion	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	of the	Share of the	Employer's	Liability (Asset) as a	<b>Net Position</b>
Year	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Percentage of its	as a Percentage
Ended	Liability	Liability	Employee	Covered Employee	of the Total
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2020	0.042158%	\$ 382,865	\$ 131,656	290.8%	71.01%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

#### Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Contributions in Relation to		Employer's	Contributions as a % of
	Contractually	Contractual	Contribution	Covered	Covered
Year Ended	Required	Required	Deficiency	Employee	Employee
June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2020	\$172,736	\$172,736	-	\$ 531,495	32.50%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

#### (1) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Clerk submits no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, a proposed budget to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving an increase in a fund's appropriations require the approval of the Board of Aldermen. The Mayor may transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund. The level of budgetary control is by total appropriations (by fund); however, for report purposes, the budgetary information has been expanded.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen.

#### (2) Pension Plan

Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that were provided with pension s through the pension plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increases, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan.

#### (3) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the General Fund had actual expenditures over appropriations at the functional level, as follows:

Fund/Function	Budget	Actual	Excess	
General Fund:			<u></u>	
General government	\$ 2,205,251	\$2,297,539	\$ (92,288)	
Public safety - police	3,215,649	3,240,323	(24,674)	
Capital outlay	1,988,066	2,012,265	(24,199)	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	2020				
		Business-			
	Governmental	Type		2019	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Totals	
ASSETS	,				
Current assets:					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$14,156,878	\$ 656,713	\$ 14,813,591	\$16,909,342	
Receivables, net	2,843,830	488,681	3,332,511	3,350,278	
Internal balances	979,371	(979,371)	-	-	
Due from other governments	24,971	400.070	24,971	329,651	
Prepaid items	163,555	109,058	<u>272,613</u>	265,915	
Total current assets	18,168,605	275,081	18,443,686	20,855,186	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets -					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	1,867,980	1,854,683	3,722,663	3,622,603	
Capital assets -  Land and construction in progress	7,555,578	6,148,044	13,703,622	13,818,660	
Capital assets, net	22,742,140	58,689,932	81,432,072	79,644,747	
Total noncurrent assets				97,086,010	
	32,165,698	66,692,659	98,858,357		
Total assets	50,334,303	66,967,740	117,302,043	117,941,196	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on bond refunding	472,753	-	472,753	502,300	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	469,345		469,345		
Total deferred outflows of resources	942,098	<u> </u>	942,098	502,300	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts, salaries and other payables	934,434	189,410	1,123,844	1,045,242	
Deferred revenue		47,285	47,285	- · -	
Due to other governments	1,527,740	-	1,527,740	1,195,253	
Capital leases payable	201,488	-	201,488	-	
Bonds payable	780,000	675,000	1,455,000	1,400,000	
Accrued interest payable	98,194	168,761	266,955	275,690	
Customers' deposits payable		394,588	394,588	364,875	
Total current liabilities	3,541,856	1,475,044	5,016,900	4,281,060	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	459,381	117,742	577,123	494,048	
Net pension liability	382,865	-	382,865	-	
Capital leases payable	721,541	-	721,541	-	
Loan payable	-	1,122,903	1,122,903	1,063,412	
Bonds payable	17,572,028	24,635,000	42,207,028	43,830,535	
Total noncurrent liabilities	19,135,815	25,875,645	45,011,460	45,387,995	
Total liabilities	22,677,671	27,350,689	50,028,360	49,669,055	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			•		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	11,779		11,779		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	18,470,414	39,080,073	57,550,487	55,904,099	
Restricted for sales tax dedications	8,227,935	-	8,227,935	7,331,913	
Restricted for debt service	1,769,786	616,334	2,386,120	2,337,038	
Unrestricted (deficit)	118,816	(79,356)	39,460	3,201,391	
Total net position	\$28,586,951	\$39,617,051	\$ 68,204,002	\$68,774,441	

#### Schedule of Revenues Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020			
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Franchise taxes	\$ 1,191,452	\$ 1,201,190	\$ 9,738	\$ 1,218,193
Sales taxes - 1%	5,505,250	5,329,184	(176,066)	5,514,491
Total taxes	6,696,702	6,530,374	(166,328)	6,732,684
Licenses and permits -				
Occupational licenses	833,927	849,957	16,030	849,166
Insurance licenses	345,058	417,659	72,601	377,433
Permits	370,199	386,000	15,801	491,875
Total licenses and permits	1,549,184	1,653,616	104,432	1,718,474
Intergovernmental -				
Federal sources -				
JAG grant	-	2,799	2,799	2,348
FEMA reimbursement	119,035	119,035	-	-
State sources -				
Video poker	75,634	88,086	12,452	97,438
On-behalf payments	172,199	195,966	23,767	167,384
Beer taxes	16,243	17,242	999	16,248
Highway maintenance	3,570	3,570	-	3,570
Local sources -				
Resource officer	118,078	118,078	-	68,600
LEDA grant				35,000
Total intergovernmental	504,759	544,776	40,017	390,588
Fines and forfeits and seizures	428,621	460,510	31,889	200,167
Miscellaneous -				
Interest	45,853	46,972	1,119	22,694
Planning/review fees	10,916	13,440	2,524	7,312
Sale of assets	17,555	26,031	8,476	-
Other	206,294	210,096	3,802	92,195
Total miscellaneous	280,618	296,539	15,921	122,201
Total revenues	\$ 9,459,884	\$ 9,485,815	<u>\$ 25,931</u>	\$ 9,164,114

#### Schedule of Expenditures Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020				
			Variance -		
			Positive	2019	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Current -					
General government:					
Salaries	\$ 758,774	\$ 756,759	\$ 2,015	\$ 692,113	
Payroll taxes	56,146	58,353	(2,207)	53,535	
Group insurance	170,586	170,549	37	148,660	
Retirement	51,974	52,033	(59)	40,020	
Auto	2,873	-	2,873	3,011	
Auto allowance	9,600	9,600	-	4,800	
Insurance	75,203	75,203	-	75,772	
Office	53,295	57,901	(4,606)	51,973	
Utilities	24,652	22,701	1,951	25,928	
Telephone	11,692	11,396	296	10,244	
Advertising	13,884	14,713	(829)	17,238	
Dues and subscriptions	7,500	12,323	(4,823)	6,254	
Sales tax collection fees	49,783	49,573	210	52,681	
Supplies	19,479	18,477	1,002	21,592	
Legal	95,765	98,397	(2,632)	98,131	
Accounting	24,930	26,125	(1,195)	28,698	
Engineering	174,722	221,009	(46,287)	253,871	
Professional fees	213,331	210,124	3,207	209,315	
Training and travel	11,402	9,597	1,805	20,670	
Building inspection fees	259,523	288,202	(28,679)	367,108	
Miscellaneous	12,467	22,508	(10,041)	22,016	
Magistrate court	51,670	50,204	1,466	36,455	
Repairs and maintenance	50,000	55,792	(5,792)	41,697	
Civil service salaries	6,000	6,000	-	6,000	
Total general government	2,205,251	2,297,539	(92,288)	2,287,782	
Economic development					
Salaries	81,570	82,684	(1,114)	-	
Payroll taxes	5,788	5,771	17	-	
Group insurance	17,075	14,916	2,159	-	
Retirement	4,654	4,642	12	_	
BEDC appropriation	220,000	220,000	-	220,000	
Advertising	2,122	1,979	143	-	
Dues and subscriptions	450	339	111	-	
Office expense	5,000	2,938	2,062	_	
Miscellaneous	319	319	· -	-	
Professional fees	25,284	28,229	(2,945)	_	
Training and travel	2,654	2,996	(342)	-	
Total economic development	364,916	364,813	103	220,000	
				(continued)	

#### Schedule of Expenditures

#### Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020			
			Variance -	
			Positive	2019
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Public safety:				
Police department -				
Salaries	1,677,465	1,674,745	2,720	1,553,689
On-behalf payments - salaries	172,199	195,966	(23,767)	167,534
Payroll taxes	143,709	147,209	(3,500)	126,122
Retirement	251,310	259,012	(7,702)	146,043
Group insurance	385,710	385,440	270	332,705
Insurance	131,032	129,745	1,287	124,668
Auto	170,045	160,370	9,675	147,542
Auto allowance	9,600	9,600	· -	8,400
Uniforms and supplies	62,703	61,682	1,021	40,840
Legal	7,857	9,119	(1,262)	´ <u>-</u>
Professional fees	16,125	23,238	(7,113)	11,193
Miscellaneous	12,000	11,368	632	12,417
K-9 expenses	3,496	3,188	308	2,050
Repairs and maintenance	22,298	21,426	872	34,226
Training	13,658	13,708	(50)	10,862
Dues and subscriptions	73,634	72,496	1,138	24,363
Utilities and communication	62,808	62,011	797	55,723
Total police department	3,215,649	3,240,323	$\frac{157}{(24,674)}$	2,798,377
	3,213,049	3,240,323	(24,074)	2,798,377
Fire department -				
Appropriation to Broussard Fire Department:				
Operations	1,183,308	1,199,252	(15,944)	1,070,354
Capital	1,480,657	1,417,742	62,915	22,958
Total fire department	2,663,965	2,616,994	46,971	1,093,312
Total public safety	5,879,614	5,857,317	22,297	3,891,689
Streets and drainage:				
Salaries	1,251,945	1,226,805	25,140	1,136,752
Payroll taxes	92,414	92,777	(363)	82,743
Retirement	102,009	102,192	(183)	107,037
Group insurance	265,166	264,581	585	231,169
Insurance	166,205	167,423	(1,218)	174,656
Auto	60,180	65,162	(4,982)	74,945
Equipment rent	33,897	•		
		32,853	1,044	9,713
Equipment operating costs	109,274	113,341	(4,067)	66,217
Street and drainage maintenance	460,726	459,936	790	562,706
Drainage studies - engineering	89,407	86,891	2,516	105,467
Professional	48,579	49,137	(558)	29,694
Engineering	92,601	103,158	(10,557)	98,037
Utilities and communication	126,666	125,671	995	119,666
Uniforms and supplies	133,119	141,053	(7,934)	67,702
Casual labor	55,589	55,589		116,343
Miscellaneous	14,840	15,998	(1,158)	14,847
Total streets and drainage	3,102,617	3,102,567	50	2,997,694
				(continued)

## Schedule of Expenditures Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Variance -	
			Positive	2019
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Capital outlay:				
General government -				
City Hall improvements	69,853	69,744	109	1,169
Office renovation	-	-	-	195,005
Flagpole	3,012	3,012	-	-
City Website	9,930	6,770	3,160	-
Downtown Charrette	57,832	50,354	7,478	29,272
City hall server	11,322	11,322	-	~
LCDBG grant repayment	216,964	216,964	₩	-
Community center parking lot	2,972	2,972	-	<b></b>
Community center generator	<b></b>	6,142	(6,142)	
Nova Dr. property	751,500	755,488	(3,988)	<u></u>
Police -				
Vehicles and equipment	406,395	406,395	-	224,021
Architect fees	1,875	1,875	-	<del></del>
Building renovations	-		-	29,825
Streets and drainage -				
Street improvements	-	_	-	33,740
Sidewalk project	-	-	-	19,311
Streets overlay	13,296	13,296	-	742,355
Main street parking	-	3,265	(3,265)	-
Coach House Manor overlay	1,212	1,212	-	109,674
Flashing school signals	-	-	-	37,370
Drainage project - District 2	34,981	40,198	(5,217)	12,550
Drainage improvements	-	16,334	(16,334)	-
Pat Williamson Memorial Project	144,753	144,753		8,471
Railroad approach	6,016	6,016	-	52,184
Vehicles and equipment	256,153	256,153	-	, <u>-</u>
Total capital outlay	1,988,066	2,012,265	(24,199)	1,494,947
Debt service:				
Principal	549,801	549,801		
Total expenditures	\$14,090,265	\$14,184,302	\$ (94,037)	\$10,892,112

#### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA 1992 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2020			
			Variance with	
•	•		Final Budget	
			Positive	2019
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Sales taxes - 1%	\$5,505,250	\$5,329,184	\$(176,066)	\$5,514,491
Miscellaneous -				
Interest	18,788	15,475	(3,313)	34,345
Total revenues	5,524,038	5,344,659	(179,379)	5,548,836
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Collection fees	49,783	49,573	210	52,681
Professional fees	13,498	13,498	<u> </u>	16,465
Total expenditures	63,281	63,071	210	69,146
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	5,460,757	5,281,588	(179,169)	5,479,690
Other financing uses:				
Transfer to General Fund	(1,625,000)	(1,625,000)	-	(4,088,212)
Transfer to Utility Fund	(550,000)	(550,000)	-	(1,050,000)
Transfer to debt service funds	(1,537,756)	(1,537,756)	-	(1,020,183)
Transfer to LCDBG/Streets Capital Project Fund	(506,000)	_(506,000)		(911,000)
Total other financing uses	(4,218,756)	(4,218,756)		(7,069,395)
Net change in fund balance	1,242,001	1,062,832	(179,169)	(1,589,705)
Fund balance, beginning	3,905,530	3,905,530	_	5,495,235
Fund balance, ending	\$5,147,531	\$4,968,362	<u>\$(179,169</u> )	<u>\$3,905,530</u>

#### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA TIF Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2020			
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2019 Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Sales taxes	\$ 643,277	\$ 693,124	\$ 49,847	\$ 719,846
Intergovernmental -				
Local - Lafayette Parish School Board	-	-	-	100,000
Miscellaneous -				
Other income	1,947	1,948	1	-
Interest	<u>1,794</u>	1,848	54	3,222
Total revenues	647,018	696,920	49,902	823,068
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Collection fees	7,040	6,969	71	7,205
Professional fees	6,560	6,306	254	6,310
Total general government	13,600	13,275	325	13,515
Capital outlay -				
Streets and drainage:				
Marteau Road drainage		-	hee	50,280
Total capital outlay		-		50,280
Total expenditures	13,600	13,275	325	63,795
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	633,418	683,645	50,227	759,273
Other financing uses:				
Transfer to Street Capital Projects Fund	(1,471,870)	(1,471,870)	-	-
Transfer to Utility Fund	(519,036)	(519,036)		(744,553)
Total other financing uses	(1,990,906)	(1,990,906)	**	(744,553)
Net change in fund balance	(1,357,488)	(1,307,261)	50,227	14,720
Fund balance, beginning	3,118,058	3,118,058		3,103,338
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$1,760,570</u>	<u>\$ 1,810,797</u>	\$ 50,227	\$3,118,058
	50			<del>_</del>

#### 2011 Recreational Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020		
_			Variance with Final Budget Positive	2019
_	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes -				
Sales taxes - 1/2%	\$ 2,761,236	\$ 2,672,581	\$ (88,655)	\$ 2,733,851
Miscellaneous -				
Interest	7,055	7,096	41	4,705
Total revenues	2,768,291	2,679,677	(88,614)	2,738,556
Expenditures:				-
General government:				
Collection fees	24,940	24,886	54	31,718
Professional fees	4,850	4,575	275	6,253
Total general government	29,790	29,461	329	37,971
Culture and recreation:				
Ida Crouchet Park -				
Repairs and maintenance	300	150	150	-
Utilitites	3,340	3,272	68	-
Veterans Park -				
Engineering	6,738	6,723	15	
Total culture and recreation	10,378	10,145	233	lan .
Capital outlay:				
Ida Crouchet Park improvements	39,798	39,798	_	
Total expenditures	79,966	79,404	562	37,971
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	2,688,325	2,600,273	(88,052)	2,700,585
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer from General Fund	1,222,077	1,222,077	-	he
Transfer to Sports Complex Fund	(2,681,899)	(2,681,899)	•	(2,787,857)
Transfer to Park Capital Projects Fund				(800,608)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,459,822)	(1,459,822)		(3,588,465)
Net change in fund balance	1,228,503	1,140,451	(88,052)	(887,880)
Fund balance, beginning	308,325	308,325		1,196,205
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,536,828	\$ 1,448,776	\$ (88,052)	\$ 308,325

Park Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020
With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2020	)				
				•		Budget		
	Budge	et	Act	ual	Posit	ive ative)		2019
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous -								
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General government:								
Professional fees							_	79
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	*							(62)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer from 2011 Recreation Sales Tax Fund		-		_		-		800,608
Transfer from Sports Complex Fund		-		-		-		6,800
Transfer to Streets Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-	(	(322,189)
Transfer to General Fund					•••		(	(489,210)
Total other financing sources (uses)								(3,991)
Net change in fund balance		-				-		(4,053)
Fund balance, beginning								4,053
Fund balance, ending	\$		\$		\$	_	<u>\$</u>	-

### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA LCDBG/Streets Capital Projects Fund

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2019
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenue - LCDBG federal grant	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 544,886
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Professional fees	3,048	2,828	220	5,861
Capital outlay - Streets and drainage:				
South Bernard Road (Hwy 182 to Fairfield)	-	-	-	90,773
South Bernard Road (Hwy 90 to Highway 182)	14,000	14,000	-	6,618
South Bernard Road (Hwy 182 to Albertson Pkwy)	1,225,199	1,148,880	76,319	33,685
Ridgeview Outfall	1,185,717	1,185,717	-	46,197
Main Street Phase I	90,000	86,508	3,492	57,688
Main Street Phase II	16,000	15,827	173	101,304
Main Street Phase III	-	-	-	153,575
Fairfield / Marteau Intersection Improvements	6,470	6,470	-	-
Heart D Farm Road West Drainage	-	-	-	9,765
St. Nazaire Rd Improvements	-	-	-	93,433
Carson Rd Drainage	-	-	-	12,141
LA Hwy 182 Industrial Park	-	_	-	124,243
Highway 90 East/Garber Drainage		_	h	220,584
Total capital outlay	2,537,386	2,457,402	79,984	950,006
Total expenditures	2,540,434	2,460,230	80,204	955,867
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(2,540,434)	(2,460,230)	80,204	(410,981)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer from TIF Sales Tax Fund	1,471,870	1,471,870	_	-
Transfer from 1992 Sales Tax Fund	506,000	506,000	-	911,000
Transfer from Park Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	322,189
Transfer to Utility Fund	(243,575)	(243,575)	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,734,295	1,734,295		1,233,189
Net change in fund balance	(806,139)	(725,935)	80,204	822,208
Fund balance, beginning	1,021,675	1,021,675	<u></u>	199,467
Fund balance, ending	\$ 215,536	\$ 295,740	\$ 80,204	\$1,021,675

#### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

## Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	2016	2015	2011		
	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	DEQ	Tot	als
	Bond	Bond	Bond	2020	2019
ASSETS					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	<u>\$1,113,129</u>	\$ 397,761	\$357,090	<u>\$1,867,980</u>	\$1,807,944
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balances: Restricted for debt service	1,113,129	397,761	357,090	1,867,980	1,807,944
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$1,113,129	\$ 397,761	\$357,090	\$1,867,980	\$1,807,944

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2020

With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2016	2015	2011		
	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	DEQ	Tot	als
_	Bond	Bond	Bond	2020	2019
Revenues:					
Miscellaneous - interest earned	\$ 6,069	\$ 2,794	\$ 645	\$ 9,508	\$ 15,376
Expenditures:					
Debt service -					
Principal retirement	300,000	355,000	185,000	840,000	1,120,873
Interest and fiscal charges	271,600	353,323	22,305	647,228	680,501
Total expenditures	571,600	708,323	207,305	1,487,228	1,801,374
Deficiency of revenues					
over expenditures	(565,531)	<u>(705,529)</u>	(206,660)	(1,477,720)	(1,785,998)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	144,736
Transfers in	568,766	704,864	264,126	1,537,756	1,935,753
Transfers out		_			(1,052,223)
Total other financing sources (uses)	568,766	704,864	264,126	1,537,756	1,028,266
Net change in fund balances	3,235	(665)	57,466	60,036	(757,732)
Fund balances, beginning	1,109,894	398,426	299,624	1,807,944	2,565,676
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$1,113,129</u>	\$397,761	\$357,090	\$1,867,980	\$ 1,807,944

#### CITY OF BROUSSARD, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Schedule of Number of Utility Customers (Unaudited) June 30, 2020 and 2019

Records maintained by the City indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the months of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Department	2020	2019
Water	5,442	5,269
Sewer	4,260	4,088
Garbage	4,621	4,526

#### Schedule of Insurance in Force (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

	Policy Expiration	Coverage
Description of Coverage	Date	Amounts
Workmen's compensation:		
Employer's liability	12/01/20	\$1,000,000
Automobile:		
Liability	12/01/20	1,000,000
Property:		
Buildings, contents, machinery, and equipment	12/01/20	34,579,393
Boiler and machinery	12/01/20	50,000,000
General liability		
Aggregate	12/01/20	3,000,000
Products-Completed Operations Aggregate	12/01/20	3,000,000
Personal & Advertising Injury	12/01/20	1,000,000
Occurrence	12/01/20	1,000,000
Damages to Premises to City	12/01/20	1,000,000
Public Officials and Employment Practices:		
Aggregate	12/01/20	3,000,000
Public officials liability	12/01/20	1,000,000
Employment practices liability	12/01/20	1,000,000
Law enforcement	12/01/20	1,000,000
Special Risk:		
Fire department vehicles	07/01/20	1,000,000
Umbrella	07/01/20	5,000,000
Crime:		
Aggregate	12/01/20	1,000,000

#### Comparative Statement of Net Position Enterprise Fund Utility Fund June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 295,574	\$ 248,291
Accounts receivable, net	446,368	427,458
Due from other funds	57,236	57,444
Due from other governments	-	316,154
Prepaid insurance	73,255	64,325
Total current assets	872,433	1,113,672
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets -		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	394,588	364,875
Capital assets -		
Land and construction in progress	2,868,595	5,359,197
Capital assets, net	26,923,610	24,794,160
Total noncurrent assets	30,186,793	30,518,232
Total assets	31,059,226	31,631,904
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	143,692	239,288
Retainage payable	8,081	58,536
Accrued expenses	11,489	9,549
Due to other funds	967,712	967,712
Customers' deposits (payable from restricted assets)	394,588	364,875
Total current liabilities	1,525,562	1,639,960
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable	86,299	89,704
Loan payable	1,122,903	1,063,412
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,209,202	1,153,116
Total liabilities	2,734,764	2,793,076
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	28,669,302	29,402,284
Unrestricted (deficit)	(344,840)	(563,456)
Total net position	\$ 28,324,462	\$ 28,838,828

# Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 3,605,879	\$ 3,254,525
Miscellaneous	363,134	462,538
Total operating revenues	3,969,013	3,717,063
Operating expenses:		
Water	2,379,748	2,384,039
Sewer	2,275,627	2,067,240
Garbage	1,138,804	1,094,617
Total operating expenses	5,794,179	5,545,896
Loss from operations	(1,825,166)	_(1,828,833)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	1,115	905
Interest expense	(22,939)	(2,187)
Debt issuance expense		(56,084)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(21,824)	(57,366)
Loss before capital contributions and transfers	(1,846,990)	_(1,886,199)
Capital contributions	20,013	294,979
Transfers:		
Transfer from 1992 Sales Tax Fund	550,000	1,050,000
Transfer from TIF Sales Tax Fund	519,036	744,552
Transfer from Capital Projects Fund	243,575	-
Transfer from debt service funds		144,736
Total transfers	1,312,611	1,939,288
Change in net position	(514,366)	348,068
Net position, beginning	28,838,828	28,490,760
Net position, ending	\$28,324,462	\$ 28,838,828

#### Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

## Comparative Departmental Statement of Revenues and Expenses For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	To	tals	W	ater	Sewer		Garbage	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 3,605,879	\$ 3,254,525	\$1,577,780	\$1,464,854	\$ 758,425	\$ 673,672	\$1,269,674	\$1,115,999
Connections, penalties,								
impact fees, and other	363,134	462,538	257,521	310,659	78,180	123,248	27,433	28,631
Total operating revenues	3,969,013	3,717,063	1,835,301	1,775,513	836,605	796,920	1,297,107	1,144,630
Operating expenses:								
Salaries	635,977	643,632	388,512	392,552	247,465	251,080	-	-
Payroll taxes and retirement	108,959	115,722	65,331	69,227	43,628	46,495	-	_
Bad debt	12,443	99,606	5,973	44,823	2,613	20,917	3,857	33,866
Group insurance	148,418	132,509	76,697	76,546	71,721	55,963	-	-
Professional fees	42,394	57,832	24,418	27,356	17,976	30,476		-
Engineering fees	148,962	75,871	32,274	15,021	116,688	60,850	-	-
Repairs and maintenance	621,079	515,274	115,509	99,158	505,570	416,116	-	-
Vehicle	41,528	49,113	26,674	35,322	14,854	13,791	_	-
Utilities	162,468	137,936	55,563	43,913	106,905	94,023		-
Materials and supplies	407,064	271,554	278,185	206,225	128,879	65,329	<del>-</del>	-
Depreciation	1,307,458	1,304,504	400,983	401,453	906,475	903,051	-	-
Insurance	156,448	174,525	78,522	86,697	77,926	87,828	-	-
Office	60,980	49,517	22,906	16,721	21,731	18,163	16,343	14,633
Training and travel	1,730	1,491	905	603	825	888	<del>-</del>	-
Water purchases	759,745	815,387	759,745	815,387	-	₩	<b></b>	-
Garbage collection expense	1,118,604	1,046,118	_	-	-	-	1,118,604	1,046,118
Miscellaneous	59,922	55,305	47,551	53,035	12,371	2,270		
Total operating expenses	5,794,179	5,545,896	2,379,748	2,384,039	2,275,627	2,067,240	1,138,804	1,094,617
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$(1,825,166)</u>	<u>\$(1,828,833)</u>	<u>\$ (544,447)</u>	<u>\$ (608,526)</u>	<u>\$(1,439,022)</u>	<u>\$(1,270,320)</u>	\$ 158,303	\$ 50,013

#### Statement of Net Position Enterprise Fund Sports Complex Fund June 30, 2020 and 2019

			2020		2019
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits		\$	361,139	\$	315,896
Accounts receivable			42,313		45,938
Prepaid insurance		<u></u>	35,803		53,363
Total current assets			439,255		415,197
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets -					
Cash and interest-bearing deposits			1,460,095		1,449,784
Capital assets -					
Land and construction in progress			3,279,449		3,279,449
Capital assets, net		_3	1,766,322	_32	2,670,050
Total noncurrent assets		3	6,505,866	3′	7,399,283
Total assets		3	6,945,121	_3	7,814,480
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					-
Accounts payable			17,871		23,639
Accrued expenses			8,277		9,507
Deferred revenue			47,285		-
Due to other funds			68,895		57,492
Payable from restricted assets:					
Bonds payable			675,000		645,000
Accrued interest payable			168,761		173,061
Total current liabilities			986,089		908,699
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable			31,443		20,710
Bonds payable			24,635,000	_2	5,310,000
Total noncurrent liabilities			24,666,443	2	5,330,710
Total liabilities			25,652,532	2	6,239,409
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets			10,410,771	1	0,639,499
Restricted for debt service			616,334		631,723
Unrestricted			265,484		303,849
Total net position	69	\$	11,292,589	\$ 1	1,575,071

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position -Enterprise Fund Sports Complex Fund

#### For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating revenues	\$ 495,555	\$ 635,029
Operating expenses:		
Salaries	461,731	503,321
Contract labor - services	126,215	95,313
Payroll taxes and retirement	68,431	59,288
Group insurance	103,045	107,529
Professional fees	65,553	67,816
Repairs and maintenance	147,158	108,844
Vehicle	8,230	9,593
Utilities and communication	167,964	151,171
Materials and supplies	76,138	86,534
Insurance	118,276	95,561
Office	31,669	19,992
Uniforms	8,110	3,648
Miscellaneous	4,780	6,645
Advertising	8,971	3,500
Award expenses	1,065	3,477
Sponsorship fees	31,484	23,339
Conference and travel	4,005	1,950
Security fees	155,379	98,607
Depreciation expense	943,203	938,969
League and tournament expense	876	26,428
Total operating expenses	2,532,283	2,411,525
Loss from operations	(2,036,728)	(1,776,496)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	16,239	16,425
Interest and fiscal agency fees	(1,038,342)	(1,065,481)
Loss on disposal of capital asset	(1,517)	(1,028)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,023,620)	(1,050,084)
Loss before capital contributions and transfers	(3,060,348)	(2,826,580)
Capital contribution	3,500	_
Transfers: Transfer from General Fund	92,467	22 104
Transfer from 2011 Recreation Sales Tax Fund	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	33,104 2,787,857
Transfer to debt service funds	2,681,899	
	-	(14,882)
Total transfers	2,774,366	2,806,079
Change in net position	(282,482)	(20,501)
Net position, beginning	11,575,071	11,595,572
Net position, ending	\$11,292,589	<u>\$11,575,071</u>

#### INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

OTHER MATTERS

### **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\*
Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\*
Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\*
Robert S. Carter, CPA\*
Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\*
Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\*
Christine C. Doucet, CPA
Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA
Bryan K. Joubert, CPA
Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA
Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

183 S. Beadle Rd. Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone (337) 232-4141 11929 Bricksome Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70816 Phone (225) 293-8300

1428 Metro Dr. Alexandria, LA 71301 Phone (318) 442-4421 450 E. Main St. New Iberia, LA 70560 Phone (337) 367-9204

200 S. Main St. Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone (337) 893-7944 1201 David Dr. Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone (985) 384-2020

434 E, Main St. Ville Platte, LA 70586 Phone (337) 363-2792 332 W. Sixth Ave. Oberlin, LA 70655 Phone (337) 639-4737

WWW.KCSRCPAS.COM

The Honorable Ray Bourque, and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Broussard, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Broussard, Louisiana (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

<sup>\*</sup> A Professional Accounting Corporation

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Accounting Standards.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana November 13, 2020

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)

#### Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.

B. Compliance Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.

#### Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Findings -

2019-001 Internal controls over St. Julien Park Sports Complex

Fiscal year initially occurred: 2018

CONDITION: The City did not have internal controls over St. Julien Park Sports Complex activities and transactions. The ability to access and to change rental rates and other park fees in park software, as well as maintenance of team/league activities and/or park rentals were not restricted to employees who did not collect funds. All rentals and fees did not adhere to established fee schedules and written rental agreements. Appropriate supporting documentation was not maintained so that regular reconciliations of receivables and revenues could be performed, and the City did not monitor contracts and deposits paid to ensure all revenues were collected and/or deposited timely.

RECOMMENDATION: The City should implement and establish internal controls over St. Julien Park activities.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

B. Compliance Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.