LIVINGSTON PARISH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 9 MAUREPAS, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021



A Professional Accounting Corporation

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A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

Independent Accountant's Review Report

To the Board of Commissioners Livingston Parish Fire Protection District 9 Maurepas, Louisiana

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Livingston Parish Fire Protection District No. 9, a component unit of the Livingston Parish Council, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the district's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

Accountant's Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter Paragraphs

Supplementary Information

The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the review procedures applied in our review of the basic financial statements. We are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the supplementary information. We have not audited the supplementary information and do not express an opinion on such information.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison on page 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. We have not audited, reviewed, or compiled the required supplementary information and we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on it.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Respectfully submitted,

Chris, Johnson

Hebert Johnson & Associates, Inc.

A Professional Accounting Corporation Albany, Louisiana

May 15, 2022

Basic Financial Statements

Government – Wide Financial Statements

Statement A

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

		Governmental Activities
Assets	-	richvines
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	169,243
Accounts Receivable, Net		284,425
Prepaid Insurance		10,326
Total Current Assets	<u> </u>	463,994
Capital Assets		
Land		117,000
Capital Assets, Net		857,168
Total Capital Assets		974,168
Total Assets	_	1,438,162
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		8,656
Accrued Salaries		1,418
Payroll Taxes Payable		2,231
Sheriff's Pension Payable		8,752
Accrued Interest		12,823
Capital Lease, Current Portion		37,861
Total Current Liabilities		71,741
Long-Term Liabilities		
Capital Lease, Long-Term Portion		353,533
Total Long-Term Liabilities		353,533
Total Liabilities		425,274
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		569,951
Unrestricted		442,937
Total Net Position	\$	1,012,888

Statement B

Statement of Activities December 31, 2021

				Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
		General		Charges for		Governmental
Governmental Activities	_	Expenses	-	Services		Activities
General Government						
Public Safety	\$	354,845	\$		¢	(254 945)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	Φ	18,684	Φ		\$	(354,845)
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	373,529	\$		-	(18,684) (373,529)
General Revenues						
Ad Valorem Tax Revenue						219,336
User Fee						69,280
State Revenue Sharing						2,736
Fire Insurance Premium Rebate						26,395
Insurance Reimbursement						20,281
State Supplemental Pay						6,000
Interest Income						1,679
Total General Revenues					-	345,707
Change in Net Position						(27,822)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year						1,040,710
Net Position - End of the Year					\$_	1,012,888

Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Statement C

Governmental Fund- Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

	General Fund
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 169,243
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable, Net of	
Uncollectible Allowances	214,877
User Fee Receivable, Net of	
Uncollectible Allowances	69,280
Prepaid Expenses	268
Prepaid Insurance	10,326
Total Assets	\$ 463,994
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,656
Accrued Salaries	1,418
Payroll Taxes Payable	2,231
Pension Funds Payable	8,752
Total Liabilities	21,057
Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Unavailable Ad Valorem Taxes	109,403
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	109,403
Fund Balance:	
Nonspendable, Prepaid Insurance	10,326
Unassigned	323,208
Total Fund Balance	333,534
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$ 463,994

Statement D

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds (Statement C)	\$	333,534
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Governmental Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		974,168
Deferred inflow of resources - unavailable ad valorem taxes and user fees are not reported on government-wide financial statements.		109,403
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Capital Lease, Current Portion		(37,861)
Capital Lease, Long-Term Portion		(353,533)
Accrued Interest		(12,823)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement A)	<u> </u>	1,012,888

Statement E

Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Fund
Revenues	
Ad Valorem Tax Revenue	\$ 158,612
User Fee	33,344
State Revenue Sharing	2,736
Fire Insurance Premium Rebate	26,395
Insurance Reimbursement	20,281
State Supplemental Income	6,000
Interest Income	1,679
Total Revenues	249,047
Expenditures	
Public Safety	
Collection Fees	8,314
Firefighting Supplies	3,478
Insurance	25,248
Miscellaneous	6,711
Office Expenses	811
Payroll Taxes	7,026
Professional Fees	10,880
Repairs and Maintenance	39,247
Sheriff's Pension Fund	8,752
Supplies and Small Equipment	12,111
Telephone and Utilities	15,879
Training	6,337
Uniforms	2,821
Vehicle Expenses	11,903
Wages	90,452
Capital Outlay	6,904
Debt Service:	
Lease Principal Payments	36,273
Lease Interest Payments	17,482
Total Expenditures	310,629
Net Change in Fund Balance	(61,582)
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year	395,116
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ 333,534

See accompanying notes and independent accountant's review report.

Statement F

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance, Governmental Fund (Statement E)

\$ (61,582)

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Expenditures for capital assets:

Capital Outlay

6,904

Less:

Current year depreciation

(107,279)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Change in Unavailable Ad Valorem Taxes and User Fees

96,660

Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statements of activities and changes in net position, but does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, accrued interest is not reported as expenditures in government funds.

Change in Accrued Interest Payable

1,202

Lease proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Payment of lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments:

Lease Principal Payments

36,273

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Statement B)

\$ (27,822)

See accompanying notes and independent accountant's review report.

Introduction

Livingston Parish Fire Protection District No. 9, ("the District"), was created by resolution of the Livingston Parish Government under the authority of Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS) 40:1492-1505 for the purpose of purchasing fire equipment and providing fire protection for the people of District No. 9 of Livingston Parish. The District is governed by a board of commissioners consisting of five members appointed by the Livingston Parish Government. Members serve staggered five-year terms and receive no compensation for their services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of LRS 24:513 and to the guidance set forth in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Livingston Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. These financial statements are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis, for State and Local Governments*, as amended. Statement No. 34 established standards for financial reporting, with presentation requirements originally including a statement of net position (or balance sheet), and a statement of activities. The definition and composition of these statements, as originally defined in GASB Statement No. 34, are as amended by GASB Statements included in the following paragraphs. The District has also adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financially Reporting for Nonexhange Transactions*, that requires capital contributions to the District to be presented as a change in net position. Management has elected to omit the management's discussion and analysis.

GASB Statement No. 63, Financially Reporting of Deferred Outflows, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, effective for financial statement periods ending after December 15, 2012, provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined Deferred Outflows of Resources as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and Deferred Inflows of Resources as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Concepts Statement 4 identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position.

This statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The definition and reporting of net position is further described in Note II—Net Position and Fund Balance.

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognized, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

The District recorded a deferred inflow for uncollected property taxes in the governmental fund financial statements of \$109,403.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, a primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District does not have any business-type activities and reports only governmental activities. The District has no component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are presented as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund and is considered the only major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. At December 31, 2021, it is the only fund of the District.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days at the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, user fees, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period if they are measurable and available. Only the portion of special assessment receivable, if any, due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Substantially all other revenue items are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions; and, 3) program-specific capital grants and contributions. The District has no program revenue for the year ending December 31, 2021. Internally dedicated resources, if any, are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available for use, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds as needed, unless it has been provided for otherwise in the restriction, commitment, or assignment action.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgetary procedures applicable to the District are defined in state law, Louisiana Revised Statutes 39:1301-15. The budget is adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The major requirements of the Local Government Budget Act are summarized as follows:

- 1. The District adopts a budget each year for the general fund.
- 2. The District's Fire Chief prepares a proposed budget and submits it to the Board of Commissioners no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. At the same time, if total proposed expenditures are \$500,000 or more, a notice of public hearing on the proposed budget must be published in the official journal. The proposed expenditures were less than \$500,000; therefore, a public hearing was not required.
- 3. All action necessary to adopt and implement the budget must be completed prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget was adopted on December 15, 2020.
- 4. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Commissioners. The budget was amended on December 21, 2021.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is not employed; however, periodic budget comparisons are made as a part of interim reporting. The Budget is presented on the cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with a basis consistent with the legally adopted budget, as amended. The amounts are reconciled to the amounts reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

Excess of Revenues over Expenditures (Schedule 1)	\$ 29,937
Prior Year Payables	(32,509)
Less: Current Year Receivables	(294,751)
Current Year Payables	128,231
Add: Prior Year Receivables	290,548
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures (Schedule E)	\$ (61,582)

E. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Under State law, the District may deposit funds in demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, the District may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates.

In accordance with state law, the District limits its investments to those allowed under R.S. 33:2955. Certificates of deposit are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days. Investments are reported at fair market.

F. Inventory

Inventories for supplies are immaterial and are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The District did not have inventory at year end December 31, 2021.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, furniture and fixtures, equipment, and vehicles, are reported as expenditures of the governmental funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. As of December 31, 2021, the District did not have a formal capitalization policy establishing a capitalization/expense threshold.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15 - 40 Years
Equipment	5 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 Years
Fire Trucks	15 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Boats	10 Years

H. Compensated Absences

As of December 31, 2021, the District has no plan or provision for accumulated leave, pension plan, or other post-employment benefits.

I. Net Position and Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis, for State and Local Governments, required classification of net assets into three separate components. GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, revised the terminology by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. GASB Statement No. 63 requires the following components of net position:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Component of Net Position The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisitions, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent amount should not be included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources should be included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent amount.
- Restricted Component of Net Position The restricted component of net position consists of
 restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
 Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also
 results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted
 assets reported.
- Unrestricted Component of Net Position The unrestricted component of net position is the
 net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of
 resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the
 restricted component of net position.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. The District adopted GASB 54 for the year ended December 31, 2011. As such, fund balances of governmental funds are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable. These are amounts that cannot be spent either, because they are in a
 nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted. These are amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of
 constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, or constraints that are externally imposed by
 creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed. These are amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal vote of the Board, which is the highest level of decision making authority for the District.
- Assigned. These are amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but are intended to be used for specific purposes based on the discretion of the Board.
- Unassigned. These are amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and amounts that
 have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.
 Also, within other governmental funds, these include expenditure amounts incurred for specific
 purposes which exceed the amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

J. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events within the control of the District, which are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make various estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position is presented in Statement D of the basic financial statements. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities presented in Statement F of the basic financial statements.

2. Ad Valorem Taxes, User Fees, and State Revenue Sharing

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized	Levied
	Millage	Millage
General Fund	10.74	\$ 224,639

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 each year. Taxes are levied by the District during the year and are billed to taxpayers, and become due in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on December 31 of each year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed and recognized as revenue when billed. The Livingston Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects the property taxes using the assessed value determined by the Livingston Parish Tax Assessor. The taxes are generally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year. For 2021, the District levied 10.740 mills for a total tax levy of \$224,639 on taxable property valuation totaling \$20,915,970.

For the year 2021, a user fee of \$32 was assessed on each household within the District's boundaries. Total fees levied were \$69,280. At December 31, 2021, the user fee receivable, including uncollected taxes from prior years, was \$69,280. For the year 2021, the District received \$2,736 in Louisiana State Revenue Sharing.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At December 31, 2021, the District has deposits (book balances) as follows:

Demand Deposits	\$ 169,243
Total	\$ 169,243

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the Federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Total deposits are insured by FDIC Insurance.

4. Receivables

The governmental funds receivables are all current at December 31, 2021 and consist of the following:

		General Fund	Total
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	224,639	\$ 224,639
User Fees		69,280	69,280
State Revenue Sharing			
Subtotal	*	293,919	293,919
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts		(9,762)	(9,762)
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	284,157	\$ 284,157

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 for governmental activities are as follows:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets:		Balance 12/31/20	Increases		Decreases		Balance 12/31/21
Capital Assets Not Depreciated:	-			•		-	
Land	\$	117,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	117,000
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	5=	117,000	-		-	-	117,000
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings		306,521	6,522				313,043
Equipment		397,734	382		-		398,116
Leasehold Improvements		3,100			-		3,100
Fire Trucks		1,335,922	-				1,335,922
Boats		33,347			#F		33,347
Vehicles		500	_		_		500
Total Other Capital Assets	_	2,077,124	6,904		-	-	2,084,028
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings		(177,409)	(7,901)				(185,310)
Equipment		(331,014)	(21,988)		-		(353,002)
Leasehold Improvements		(1,422)	(203)		200		(1,625)
Fire Trucks		(589,801)	(73,907)		=		(663,708)
Boats		(19,435)	(3,280)		-		(22,715)
Vehicles		(500)	-		-		(500)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(1,119,581)	(107,279)	⊕			(1,226,860)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	_	957,543	(100,375)			-	857,168
Total Governmental Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$_	1,074,543	\$ (100,375)	\$		\$	974,168

6. Leases

The District records items under capital leases as an asset and obligation in the financial statements. The District has recorded total capital assets under capital lease of \$549,703 and accumulated depreciation of \$87,873. The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended December 31, 2021:

		alance at 12/31/20	Add	ditions	D	eletions		alance at 2/31/21	ue Within One Year
\$29,360 Capital Lease	\$	16,861	\$	-	\$	5,263	\$	11,598	\$ 5,612
\$237,212 Capital Lease		217,675		=		18,038		199,637	18,779
\$193,131 Capital Lease		193,131		-		12,972		180,159	13,470
Totals	\$	427,667	\$	-	\$	36,273	\$	391,394	\$ 37,861
at 6.4%, payable in ar \$6,383 through June	1, 20	23.							\$ 11,598
									\$ 11,598
\$237,212 lease obligt Corporation, with inte							100		
principal and interest			The state of the s						\$ 199,637
\$191,131 lease obliga									

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021:

180,159

principal and interest totaling \$20,388 through January 24, 2032.

Year Ending December 31,	\$29,360 Capital Lease		\$237,212 Capital Lease		\$193,131 Capital Lease		Total	
2022	\$	6,382	\$	26,985	\$	20,388	\$	53,755
2023		6,382		26,985		20,388		53,755
2024		-		26,985		20,388		47,373
2025		-,		26,985		20,388		47,373
2026		-		26,985		20,388		47,373
2027-2031		-	1	07,937		101,940		209,877
2032		-		-		20,388		20,388
Total Payments	1	2,764	2	42,862		224,268		479,894
Less: Interest	1.	1,166		43,225	-	44,109	-	88,500
	\$ 1	1,598	\$ 1	99,637	\$	180,159	\$	391,394

7. Judgements, Claims, and Similar Contingencies

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft, damage, or destruction of assets, torts, injuries, natural disasters, and many other unforeseeable events. The District maintains commercial insurance policies for the claims related to the aforementioned risks. The District's payment of the insurance policy deductible is the only liability associated with these policies.

The District is party to routine claims and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. All such claims are covered by insurance, and in the opinion of management, the outcome of such actions will not have a material impact on the financial condition or results of operations for the District.

8. Compensation Paid to Board Members

In accordance with house Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature, the District is required to present a schedule of per diem payments to Board members. As authorized by LRS 40:1498, each member of the Board shall be reimbursed \$30 for attending meetings of the board, not to exceed two meetings in any one calendar month and may be reimbursed any expenses incurred in performing duties imposed upon them by virtue of their serving as members. Currently, the District does not pay compensation to board members.

9. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the State of Louisiana made on behalf payments in the form or supplemental pay to the District's firemen. In accordance with GASB 24, the District recorded \$6,000 of on-behalf payments as revenue and as an expenditure in the General Fund.

10. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through May 15, 2022, the date financial statements were available for issuance. No events require disclosure in the financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2021.

Required Supplemental Information (Part II):

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Schedule 1

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Cash Basis	Var. Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Ad Valorem Tax Revenue \$	217,000 \$	217,000 \$	224,575 \$	7,575
User Fee	65,000	61,000	60,476	(524)
State Revenue Sharing	2,800	2,800	2,736	(64)
Fire Insurance Premium Rebate	2,600	26,395	26,395	
Interest Income	500	1,555	1,679	124
Other Income	6,000	26,281	26,281	÷.
Total Revenues	293,900	335,031	342,142	7,111
Expenditures Public Safety				
Collection Fees	8,500	8,500	8,314	186
Firefighting Supplies		19	3,478	(3,478)
Insurance	21,000	26,000	26,532	(532)
Election Fees	100			
Miscellaneous	6,650	7,540	6,711	829
Office Expenses	1,000	1,000	811	189
Payroll Taxes	8,000	9,000	7,026	1,974
Professional Fees	12,500	11,000	10,880	120
Repairs and Maintenance	34,000	46,800	39,247	7,553
Sheriff's Pension Fund	8,000	9,500	8,752	748
Supplies & Small Equipment	6,000	12,000	12,111	(111)
Telephone & Utilities	16,200	17,100	15,879	1,221
Training	5,000	6,500	6,337	163
Uniforms	2,000	3,000	2,821	179
Vehicle Expenses	13,000	12,500	11,903	597
Wages	81,000	87,000	91,044	(4,044)
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	18,000	4,000	6,904	(2,904)
Lease Principal Payments	58,000	54,000	36,273	17,727
Lease Interest Payments	-	-	17,182	(17,182)
Total Expenditures	298,950	315,440	312,205	3,235
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	(5,050)	19,591	29,937	3,876
Budgetary Fund Balance - January 1	159,755	137,076	137,076	-
Budgetary Fund Balance - December 31 \$	154,705 \$	156,667 \$	167,013 \$	3,876

Other Supplemental Information

Schedule 2

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Agency Head Name: Danielle Lessard, Fire Chief

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 35,686
Travel	
Registration Fees	
Reimbursements	2,676
	\$ 38,362

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A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION

Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

To the Board of Commissioners Livingston Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 Maurepas, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures included in the Louisiana Government Audit Guide and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of Livingston Parish Fire Protection District 9 and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, solely to assist the users in evaluating management's assertions about Livingston Parish Fire Protection District 9's compliance with certain laws and regulations for the year ended December 31, 2021 included in the accompanying Louisiana Attestation Questionnaire. Management of Livingston Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 is responsible for its financial records and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of Government Auditing Standards. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Public Bid Law

 Obtain documentation for all expenditures made during the year for material and supplies exceeding \$30,000, and public works exceeding \$250,000. Compare the documentation for these expenditures to Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 39:1551-39:1755 (the state procurement code) or R.S. 38:2211- 2296 (the public bid law), whichever is applicable; and report whether the expenditures were made in accordance with these laws.

The District did not purchase any materials or supplies exceeding \$30,000 or public works exceeding \$250,000.

Code of Ethics for Public Officials and Public Employees

2. Obtain a list of the immediate family members of each board member as defined by R.S. 42:1101-1124 (the ethics law).

Management provided us with the requested information.

3. Obtain a list of all employees paid during the fiscal year.

Management provided us with the requested information.

4. Report whether any employees' names appear on both lists obtained in Procedures 2 and 3.

None of the employees included on the list of employees provided by management in agreed-upon procedure 3 appeared on the list provided by management in agreed upon procedure 2.

Obtain a list of all disbursements made during the year; and a list of outside business interests of board members, employees, and board members' and employees' immediate families. Report whether any vendors appear on both lists.

Management provided the requested information. None of the businesses of board members and board members' immediate families appeared on the list of disbursements.

Budgeting

6. Obtain a copy of the legally adopted budget and all amendments.

Management provided us with a copy of the original budget and the amended budget.

7. Trace documentation for the adoption of the budget and approval of any amendments to the minute book, and report whether there are any exceptions.

The original budget was adopted December 15, 2020. The budget was amended on December 21, 2021.

8. Compare the revenues and expenditures of the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures. Report whether actual revenues failed to meet budgeted revenues by 5% or more, and whether actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by 5% or more. (For agencies that must comply with the Licensing Agency Budget Act only, compare the expenditures of the final budget to actual expenditures, and report whether actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by 10% or more per category or 5% or more in total).

We compared the revenues and expenditures of the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures. Actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues, but the shortfall did not exceed 5% of total budgeted revenues. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures.

Accounting and Reporting

- 9. Obtain the list of all disbursements made during the fiscal year. Randomly select six disbursements. and obtain documentation from management for these disbursements. Compare the selected disbursements to the supporting documentation, and:
 - (a) Report whether the six disbursements agree to the amount and payee m the supporting documentation,

Each of the six selected disbursements agreed with the amount and payee in the supporting documentation.

(b) report whether the six disbursements are coded to the correct fund and general ledger account, and

All disbursements were properly coded to the correct fund and general ledger account.

(c) Report whether the six disbursements were approved in accordance with management's policies and procedures.

Each of the six disbursements selected were approved in accordance with management's policies and procedures.

Meetings

I0. Obtain evidence from management to support those agendas for meetings recorded in the minute book were posted or advertised as required by R.S. 42:11 through 42:28 (the open meetings law); and report whether there are any exceptions.

Management provided us with a copy of an agenda posted as required by the open meetings law.

Debt

11. Obtain bank deposit slips for the fiscal year and scan the deposit slips in order to identify and report whether there are any deposits that appear to be proceeds of bank loans, bonds, or like indebtedness. If any such proceeds are identified, obtain from management evidence of approval by the State Bond Commission, and report any exceptions.

I examined bank deposits/or the period under examination and noted no deposits which appeared to be proceeds of bank loans, bonds, or like indebtedness.

Advances and Bonuses

12. Obtain the list of payroll disbursements and meeting minutes of the governing board, if applicable. Scan these documents to identify and report whether there are any payments or approval of payments to employees that may constitute bonuses, advances, or gifts.

I examined the checks written for the year and noted nothing that would constitute bonuses, advances, or gifts. Also, a reading of the minutes of the District for the year indicated no approval for these types of payments.

State Audit Law

13. Report whether the agency provided for a timely report in accordance with R.S. 24:513.

The District's report was dated and submitted timely in accordance with R.S. 24:513.

14. Inquire of management and report whether the agency entered into any contracts that utilized state funds as defined in R.S. 39:72.1 A. (2); and that were subject to the public bid law (R.S. 38:2211, et seq.), while the agency was not in compliance with R.S. 24:513 (the audit law).

The District did not enter into any contracts that utilized state funds.

Prior-Year Comments

15. Obtain and report management's representation as to whether any prior-year suggestions, recommendations, and/or comments have been resolved.

The District did not report any prior-year suggestions, recommendations, and/or comments.

We were not engaged to perform, and did not perform, an audit, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on management's assertions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the use of management of Livingston Parish Fire Protection District No. 9 and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Respectfully submitted,

Chris Johnson

Hebert Johnson & Associates, Inc. A Professional Accounting Corporation Albany, Louisiana May 15, 2022