# EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2020

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**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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The Honorable Doug Welborn East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court Baton Rouge, Louisiana

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court (hereinafter "Clerk of Court"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion on Agency Fund**

Due to the Clerk of Court's inability to reconcile the individual suit balances in its Advanced Deposit Fund with the corresponding unsettled deposits liability recorded on its statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities at June 30, 2020 we were unable to satisfy ourselves, by any auditing procedures, as to the reasonableness of the accounts receivable and unsettled deposits account balances recorded in this fund at June 30, 2020. The effect on the financial statements of not reconciling these individual suit balances cannot be reasonably determined.

# Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Agency Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency Fund of the Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information other than the Advanced Deposit Fund of the Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule on page 37 and the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and employer pension contributions on pages 38 through 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Clerk of Court has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 44 through 52 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and comparative statements on pages 44, 46, 51, and 52 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these combining and comparative statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements has been derived from the Clerk of Court's 2019 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement and, in our opinion, was been derived.

The budgetary comparison schedules on pages 47 through 49 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2021, on our consideration of the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Lafayette, Louisiana June 22, 2021

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 12,649,511
Receivables, net	634,647
Total current assets	13,284,158
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net	1,356,035
TOTAL ASSETS	14,640,193
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	4,514,601
Deferred outflows of resources related to postemployment benefit obligation	13,752,440
Total deferred outflows of resources	18,267,041
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	358,630
Accrued expenses	24,345
Accrued payroll liabilities	594,682
Accrued health insurance claims	856,588
Due to other governments	194,200
Total current liabilities	2,028,445
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	932,962
Net OPEB obligation	57,009,306
Net pension liability	14,098,313
Total noncurrent liabilities	72,040,581
TOTAL LIABILITIES	74,069,026
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	193,540
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,356,035
Unrestricted (deficit)	(42,711,367)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ (41,355,332</u> )

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			2	Net (Expense) Revenues and
		Program Revenues		Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Governmental
Activities	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:				
General government	<u>\$ 23,155,196</u>	<u>\$ 17,248,538</u>	<u>\$ 180,847</u>	<u>\$ (5,725,811)</u>
	General revenues	:		
	Interest and inv	estment earnings		424,788
	Non-employer	Non-employer pension contribution		853,649
	Total gen	eral revenues and tra	ansfers	1,278,437
	Change in	net position		(4,447,374)
	Net position (def	Net position (deficit) - July 1, 2019		(36,907,958)
	Net position (defi	cit) - June 30, 2020		<u>\$ (41,355,332</u> )

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund June 30, 2020

ASSETS	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 12,649,511
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$21,223	634,647
Total assets	<u>\$ 13,284,158</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 358,630
Accrued expenses	24,345
Accrued payroll liabilities	594,682
Accrued health insurance claims	856,588
Due to other governments	194,200
Total liabilities	2,028,445
Fund balance:	
Unassigned	11,255,713
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 13,284,158</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balance for the governmental fund at June 30, 2020	\$ 11,255,713
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2020 \$ 9,	,245,422
Less: Accumulated depreciation (7,	,889,387) 1,356,035
The deferred outflows of contributions for the clerk employees'	
retirement system are not available resources and, therefore,	
are not reported in the funds.	4,514,601
The deferred outflows of expenditures for the postemployment benefit	
obligation are not a use of current resources and, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds.	13,752,440
Noncurrent liabilities at June 30, 2020:	
Compensated absences payable	(932,962)
Net OPEB obligation payable (57	,009,306)
Net pension payable (14	(72,040,581)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the clerk employees'	
retirement system are not payable from current expendable	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(193,540)
Net position (deficit) at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ (41,355,332</u> )

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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	General Fund
Revenues:	
Fees, charges and commissions for services:	
Recordings	\$ 6,918,325
Uniform Commercial Code fees	219,520
Cancellations	707,395
Mortgage certificates	211,813
Court attendance	16,555
Court minute fees	74,780
Photocopies	1,367,448
Fines and forfeitures	289,866
Suits and successions	6,943,111
Other fees	421,685
Intergovernmental	180,847
Licenses	78,040
Interest revenue	424,788
Total revenues	17,854,173
Expenditures:	
Current -	
Personnel services and related benefits	14,974,253
Materials and supplies	231,571
Operating services	1,284,163
Auto and travel	10,274
Capital outlay	607,946
Total expenditures	17,108,207
Excess of revenues over expenditures	745,966
Fund balance, beginning of year	10,509,747
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 11,255,713</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total net change in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2020 per			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		\$	745,966
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,			
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over			
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay which is considered an expenditure on the Statement			
of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 607,946		
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020	(142,426)		465,520
Compensated absences at June 30, 2020 not requiring the use of current economic resources and, therefore, not recorded as a fund expenditure.			(21,431)
Differences between the amount reported as expenses in the statement of activities and those reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements:			
OPEB benefits	(5,154,156)		
Pension expense	(1,336,922)	(6	,491,078)
Nonemployer's contributions to the Louisiana Clerk's of Court Retirement and Relief Fund			952 640
		<u></u>	853,649
Total change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2020 per			
Statement of Activities		<u>\$ (</u> 4	<u>,447,374</u> )

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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# Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash Interest-bearing deposits Accounts receivable	\$ 51,109,449 18,122,775 <u>909,224</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 70,141,448</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to litigants and others	<u>\$ 70,141,448</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and to the industry audit guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

## A. Organization and Nature of Operations

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Clerk of Court (Clerk) serves as the ex-officio notary public and the parish recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts, and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk is elected for a term of four years.

These financial statements only include funds and activities that are controlled by the Clerk of Court as an independently elected parish official. As an independently elected official, the Clerk of Court is soley responsible for the operations of his office, which includes the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds.

# B. Basis of Statement Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Clerk of Court's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

## Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Clerk of Court are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Clerk of Court are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major fund of the Clerk of Court is described below:

Governmental Fund -

#### General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and is used to account for the operations of the Clerk of Court's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk of Court's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the Clerk of Court reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds -

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of other funds within the Clerk of Court. The funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk of Court are the agency funds. The agency funds are as follows:

Advance Deposit Fund – accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants.

Registry of the Court Fund – accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation.

Bond Fund – accounts for bond deposits which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation.

## C. <u>Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting</u>

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The government-wide financial statement utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with professional standards.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

# D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,</u> and Equity

#### Cash and interest-bearing deposits

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. The Clerk has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and time deposits with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under Louisiana Revised Statutes 39:1271 and 33:2955, the Clerk may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or certificates of deposit with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

#### Investments

Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:2955 and the Clerk's investment policy. Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using selected bases. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk of Court maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. Useful lives for furniture, equipment, and improvements range from five to ten years.

#### Compensated Absences

The Clerk accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

The Clerk has the following policy related to annual and sick leave:

Annual leave is determined by the number of years of service and accrues each pay period. Accrued annual leave is carried over from year to year, with no limit on the amount that may be accumulated. Upon termination of employment for any cause, an employee will be paid for accrued annual leave not to exceed 280 hours.

Regardless of the number of years of service, sick leave amounts to twelve days per year and accumulates each pay period. Sick leave carries over from year to year, with no limit on the amount that may be accumulated. Upon termination of employment for any cause, an employee will not be paid for any accumulated sick leave.

At June 30, 2020, employees of the Clerk had accumulated and vested \$932,962 of annual leave benefits, which was computed in accordance with professional standards.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively.

## Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if the use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Clerk of Court's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- c. Unrestricted net position Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the two above components and is available for general use by the Clerk of Court.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Clerk of Court, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Clerk of Court.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Clerk of Court's adopted policy only the Clerk of Court may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Clerk of Court considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Clerk of Court considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Clerk of Court has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

R.S. 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office) the Clerk of Court must pay the parish treasurer the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the clerk's last year of his term of office. This payment is limited to no more than that which was received by the clerk in accordance with R.S. 13:784(A) during said term of office. At June 30, 2020, there was no amount due to the parish treasurer because the General Fund's fund balance at June 30, 2020 did not exceed one-half of the revenues of the General Fund's for the last year of the clerk's four-year term of office.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

**Operating Revenues and Expenses** 

Operating revenues and expenses are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character and Function

## F. Bad Debts

Bad debts are charged to operations during the year in which the account is deemed uncollectible. If the reserve method of accounting for uncollectible accounts had been used, it would not have had a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### G. Clerk's Fees Transferred from Advance Deposit Agency Fund

These fees represent revenue to the Clerk of Court earned from everyday operations such as copying and faxing for litigants and standard fees charged on suits. These fees are collected by a transfer of litigant's money deposited in the Advance Deposit Fund to the General Fund.

# H. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# (2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Clerk of Court may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk of Court has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$81,881,735 as follows:

	Gove	ernmental	Fiduciary	
	Ac	tivities	Funds	Total
Cash	\$	3,625	\$ 51,109,449	\$ 51,113,074
Time and money market deposits	12	2,645,886	18,122,775	30,768,661
Total	<u>\$ 1</u> 2	2,649,511	<u>\$ 69,232,224</u>	<u>\$ 81,881,735</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Clerk of Court's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The following is a summary of deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2020, and the related federal insurance and pledged securities:

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Bank balances	<u>\$ 83,524,762</u>
Federal insurance	\$ 32,280,218
Pledged securities	51,244,544
Total federal insurance and pledged securities	<u>\$ 83,524,762</u>

Deposits in the amount of \$51,244,544 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk of Court's name. The Clerk of Court does not have a formal written policy for custodial credit risk.

# (3) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

General Fund:	
Trade accounts, net	\$ 87,422
Stop-loss receivable	470,791
Miscellaneous	65,503
NSF checks	10,931
Total account receivable, net	\$634,647

# (4) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance 07/01/19	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/20
Furniture, equipment, and improvements	\$8,637,476	\$ 607,946	\$ -	\$9,245,422
Less: Accumulated depreciation	7,746,961	142,426		7,889,387
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 890,515</u>	\$465,520	<u>\$</u>	\$1,356,035

Depreciation expense of \$142,426 was charged to the general government function in the Statement of Activities.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### (5) <u>Payables</u>

Accounts payable at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Accounts payable:	
Trade payables	\$ 223,231
Escrow accounts	135,399
Total accounts payable	<u>\$ 358,630</u>
Due to other governments:	
Due to 19th Judicial District Court	
Judicial Expense Building Fund	<u>\$ 194,200</u>

### (6) <u>Changes in Compensated Absences</u>

The following is a summary of compensated absences transactions of the Clerk of Court for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance		~ • •	Balance
	07/01/19	Additions	Reductions	06/30/20
Governmental activities:				
Compensated absences	<u>\$ 911,531</u>	\$ 102,626	<u>\$ 81,195</u>	<u>\$ 932,962</u>

# (7) <u>Post-Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits (OPEB)</u>

Plan description- The Clerk's defined benefit postemployment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full-time employees of the Clerk. The Clerk's OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. Louisiana Revised Statute 13:783 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement GASB 75.

Benefits provided- The Clerk provides medical, prescription drug, dental and life insurance benefits on behalf of its eligible retirees and dependents. To be eligible to continue coverage under the Clerk's plan, an employee must retire from the Clerk and be eligible to receive retirement funds under the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund ("CCRRF").

The Clerk maintains self-funded medical and dental plans covering current and retired employees and their dependents. Retirees are also eligible to continue their life insurance benefits with a reduced benefit amount.

Effective August 1, 2013, the Clerk began paying 100% of the group health benefit premiums for employees that retired at least age 55 with 12 years of service. After October 2016, the Clerk began requiring retirees to contribute \$150 per month for covered dependents.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms- At July 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	78
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit terms	-
Active employees	<u>144</u>
Total	<u>222</u>

# Total OPEB Liability

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$57,009,306 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs- The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00%
Discount Rate	2.45%
Prior year discount rate	3.13%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	None

The discount rate was based on the 6/30/2020 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate, with generational adjustments for mortality improvement based on Scale MP-2019.

Mortality rates for retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate, with generational adjustments for mortality improvement on Scale MP-2019.

Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disable Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate, with generational adjustments for mortality improvement on Scale MP-2019.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Changes in Total OPEB Liability**

Balance at June, 30 2019	\$ 42,440,008
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	530,879
Interest	1,318,581
Differences between expected and actual experience	6,980,495
Changes in assumptions/inputs	7,507,429
Change in benefit terms	-
Benefit payments	(1,768,086)
Administrative expense	
Net changes	14,569,298
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 57,009,306

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate- The following presents the total OPEB liability to the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower 1.45% or 1-percentage-point higher 3.45% than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.45%	2.45%	3.45%
Total OPEB Liability	\$69,434,320	\$57,009,306	\$47,695,024

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates- The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$47,090,634	\$ 57,009,306	\$70,499,737

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk recognized an OPEB expense of \$3,001,933. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	5,633,435
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		8,119,005
Total	\$	13,752,440

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 5,072,783
2022	5,057,676
2023	<u>3,621,981</u>
Total	<u>\$13,752,440</u>

At June 30, 2020, the Clerk did not have any amounts owed to the OPEB plan.

#### (8) Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description: Substantially all employees of the Clerk of Court, except part-time and temporary employees, are members of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (Fund), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

The Fund was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. Title 11:1501 for eligible employees of the clerk of the supreme court, each of the district courts, each of the courts of appeal, each of the city and traffic courts in cities having a population in excess of four hundred thousand at the time of entrance into the Fund, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Association, the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Fund, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The Fund issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund that may be accessed on their website as follows:

LACRF - http:/www.laclerksofcourt.org

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Retirement Benefits:**

A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining twelve or more years of credited service, attaining the age of fifty-five years or more and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, equal 3 1/3 percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed one hundred percent of the monthly average final compensation. Monthly average final compensation is based on the highest compensated thirty-six consecutive months, with a limit of increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For those members hired on or after July 1, 2006, compensation is based on the highest compensated sixty consecutive months with a limit of 10% increase in each of the last six years of measurement. Act 273 of the 2010 regular session applied the sixty consecutive months to all members. This Act has a transition period for those members who retire on or after January 1, 2011 and before December 31, 2012. Additionally, Act 273 of the 2010 regular session increased a member's retirement to age 60 with an accrual rate of 3% for all members hired on or after January 1, 2011.

A member leaving covered employment before attaining early retirement age but after completing twelve years' credited service becomes eligible for a deferred allowance provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions.

#### **Disability Benefits:**

Effective through June 30, 2008, a member who has been officially certified as totally and permanently disabled by the State Medical Disability Board shall be paid disability retirement benefits determined and computed as follows:

- a. A member who is totally and permanently disabled solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties shall be paid monthly benefits equal to the greater of one-half of his monthly average final compensation or, at the option of the disability retiree, two and one-half percent of his monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of his years of credited service; however, such monthly benefit shall not exceed twenty-five dollars for each year of his credited service or two-thirds of his monthly average final compensation, whichever is less.
- b. A member who has ten or more years of credited service and who is totally and permanently disabled due to any cause not the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties shall be paid monthly benefits equal to three percent of his monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of his years of credited service; however, such monthly benefit shall not exceed thirty-five dollars for each year of his credited service or eighty percent of his monthly average final compensation, whichever is less.

The following is effective for any disability retiree whose application for disability retirement is approved on or after July 1, 2008. The provisions related to the calculation of benefits will apply to any disability retiree whose application for disability retirement was approved before July 1, 2008, for benefits due and payable on or after January 1, 2008.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

A member is eligible to receive disability retirement benefits from the Fund if he or she is certified to be totally and permanently disabled pursuant to R.S. 11:218 and one of the following applies:

- a. The member's disability was caused solely as a result of injuries sustained in the performance of their official duties.
- b. The member has at least ten years of service credit.

A member who has been certified as totally and permanently disabled will be paid monthly disability retirement benefits equal to the greater of:

- a. Forty percent of their monthly average final compensation.
- b. Seventy-five percent of their monthly regular retirement benefit computed pursuant to R.S. ll:1521(c).

A member leaving covered employment before attaining early retirement age but after completing twelve years' credited service becomes eligible for a deferred allowance provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions.

#### **Survivor Benefits:**

If a member who has less than five years of credited service dies, his accumulated contributions are paid to his designated beneficiary. If the member has five or more years of credited service, automatic Option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with option factors used as if the member had continued in service to earliest normal retirement age. Benefit payments are to commence on the date a member would have first become eligible for normal retirement assuming continued service until that time. In lieu of a deferred survivor benefit, the surviving spouse may elect benefits payable immediately with benefits reduced 1/4 of 1% for each month by which payments commence in advance of member's earliest normal retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children shall be paid 1/2 of the member's accrued retirement benefit in equal shares. Upon the death of any former member with 12 or more years of service, automatic Option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse with payments to commence on the member's retirement eligibility date. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

## **Deferred Retirement Option Plan:**

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to thirty-six months and defer the receipt of benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2007 participants had to have been an active contributing member for one full year before becoming eligible for DROP. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, active membership in the Fund terminates and the participant's contributions cease; however, employer contributions continue. Compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan account.

Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the Fund. If employment is not terminated at the end of the participation period, payments into the account cease and the member resumes active contributing membership in the Fund. Upon termination, the member receives a lump sum payment from the DROP fund equal to the payments made to that fund on his behalf, or a true annuity based on his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). The monthly benefit payments that were being paid into the DROP fund are paid to the retiree and an additional benefit based on his additional service rendered since termination of DROP participation is calculated using the normal method of benefit computation.

The average compensation used to calculate the additional benefit is that used to calculate the original benefit unless his period of additional service is at least thirty-six months. In no event can the entire monthly benefit amount paid to the retiree exceed 100% of the average compensation used to compute the additional benefit. If a participant dies during the period of participation in the program, a lump sum payment equal to his account balance is paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate.

#### **Cost of Living Adjustments:**

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one full calendar year. The increase cannot exceed the lesser of 2.5% of the retiree's benefit or an increase of forty dollars per month. The Louisiana statutes allow the Board to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries over age 65 equal to 2% of the benefit paid on October 1, 1977 or the member's retirement date if later.

In lieu of granting a cost of living increase as described above, Louisiana statutes allow the board to grant a cost of living increase where the benefits shall be calculated using the number of years of service at retirement or at death plus the number of years since retirement or death multiplied by the cost of living amount which cannot exceed \$1.

In order to grant any cost of living increase, the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the pension benefit obligation must equal or exceed a statutory target ratio.

# **Contributions:**

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the actual employer contribution rate was 19%.

In accordance with state statute, the Fund also receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

## Schedule of Employer Allocations:

The schedule of employer allocations reports the required projected employer contributions in addition to the employer allocation percentage. The required employer contributions are used to determine the proportionate relationship of each employer to all employers of Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund. The employer's proportion was determined on a basis that is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined. The allocation percentages were used in calculating each employer's proportionate share of the pension amounts.

The allocation method used in determining each employer's proportion was based on each employer's contributions to the Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 as compared to the total of all employers' contributions received by the Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 is summarized in the following table:

	LA	CRF*	
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rea Rate of Return	
Fixed Income:			
Domestic bonds	20.00%	2.50%	
International bonds	20.00%	3.50%	
Domestic Equity	33.00%	7.50%	
International Equity	27.00%	8.50%	
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	
Hedge Funds	10.00%	6.59%	
Total	100.00%		

\*Arithmetic real rates of return

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported a liability of \$14,098,313 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerk's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Clerk's proportion was 7.763423%, which was an increase of .275095% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Clerk recognized pension expense of \$2,821,652 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$4,224. At June 30, 2020, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	395,856	\$	-	
Change of assumptions		901,211		-	
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's					
proportionate share of contributions		1,092,234		193,540	
Net differences between projected and actual					
earnings on plan investments		640,570		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,484,730		-	
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,514,601	<u>\$</u>	193,540	

Deferred outflows of resources of \$1,484,370 related to pensions resulting from the Clerk's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2021	\$ 981,271
2022	488,241
2023	898,162
2024	1,953,387
Total	<u>\$ 4,321,061</u>

# Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer:

The schedule of pension amounts by employer displays each employer's allocation of the net pension liability. The schedule of pension amounts by employer was prepared using the allocations included in the schedule of employer allocation.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of investment expense
Projected Salary Increases	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Mortality rates	RP-2000 Employee Table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females) RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females) RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table (set forward 1 year for males) and projected to 2030 using scale AA for males and females
Expected Remaining Service Lives	5 years
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and included previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantially automatic.

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with three other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.75% or one percentage point higher 7.75% than the current rate.

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 20,947,750	\$ 14,098,313	\$ 8,287,604

## **Contributions – Proportionate Share:**

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of employer amounts due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the Fund and contributions reported by the participating employer.

## (9) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the Clerk carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

Workmens' compensation coverage is maintained by paying premiums to a commercial insurance carrier. The premium is based upon accident history and administrative costs.

The Clerk provides health care benefits for its employees through its self-funded employee medical benefit plan. This program provides employee health benefit coverage up to \$125,000 per insured per year. The Clerk purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of this annual threshold. Several claims exceeded the commercial threshold during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The claims liabilities of \$856,588 reported at June 30, 2020, is based on the requirement of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

As required by GASB 10, a reconciliation of the unpaid claims liability is shown below:

Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of year	<u>\$ 498,587</u>
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:	
Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year	4,309,793
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior fiscal years	183,307
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	4,493,100
Payments:	
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured	
events of the current fiscal year	3,453,204
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured	
events of prior fiscal years	681,895
Total payments	4,135,099
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of year	<u>\$ 856,588</u>

#### (10) Changes in Fiduciary Fund Unsettled Deposits

A summary of changes in agency fund unsettled deposits follows:

	Unsettled Deposits at 07/01/19	Additions	Deletions	Unsettled Deposits at 06/30/20
Advance Deposit Fund	\$44,684,587	\$ 20,182,000	\$17,731,961	\$ 47,134,626
Registry of Court Fund	14,240,682	9,801,501	3,495,114	20,547,069
Bond Fund	2,461,925	<u> </u>	52,900	2,459,716
Totals	\$61,387,194	\$ 30,034,192	\$21,279,975	<u> </u>

#### (11) Deferred Compensation Plan

The Clerk adopted two Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans, one in November 1993 and the other in September 1997. The plans, available to all Clerk employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future periods. Participation in the plan is optional. Effective with the first payroll in 2005, the Clerk has offered a match up to 6% of employee contributions. To be eligible for the matching contribution, eligible employees must be full-time staff with benefits who are vested in the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund. The Clerk's contributions for the year ending June 30, 2020 was \$154,386.

Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the seperately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70807-9397.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (12) Expenses of the Clerk Paid by the City-Parish

Certain operating expenditures of the Clerk's office are paid by the City of Baton Rouge/Parish of East Baton Rouge and are not included in the accompanying financial statements. The City Parish government paid juror and witness fees expenditures of \$445,241 for the year ending June 30, 2020.

#### (13) Litigation

The Clerk is involved in several legal actions, which arose during the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of the Clerk's legal counsel, the only exposure to the Clerk of Court would be any costs in defense of the lawsuits with no liability in excess of insurance coverage.

#### (14) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Doug Welborn, Clerk of Court, for the year ended June 30, 2020 follows:

Salary	\$ 181,468
Benefits - insurance	1,640
Benefits - retirement	27,287
Vehicle Allowance	26,068
Per diem	358
Registration fees	250
Conference travel- hotel	647
Total	\$ 237,718

#### (15) Uncertainties Arising During and After Financial Statement Date

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and may continue to impact the Clerk's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact is unknown at this time.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bud	get		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Fees, charges and commissions for services:						
Recordings	\$ 6,392,000	\$ 6,392,000	\$ 6,918,325	\$ 526,325		
Uniform Commercial Code fees	188,000	188,000	219,520	31,520		
Cancellations	575,000	575,000	707,395	132,395		
Mortgage certificates	271,000	271,000	211,813	(59,187)		
Court attendance	20,000	20,000	16,555	(3,445)		
Court minute fees	-	-	74,780	74,780		
Photocopies	1,519,000	1,519,000	1,367,448	(151,552)		
Fines and forfeitures	334,000	334,000	289,866	(44,134)		
Suits and successions	7,160,000	7,160,000	6,943,111	(216,889)		
Other fees	460,600	460,600	421,685	(38,915)		
Intergovernmental	133,000	133,000	180,847	47,847		
Licenses	99,000	99,000	78,040	(20,960)		
Interest revenue	217,000	217,000	424,788	207,788		
Total revenues	17,368,600	17,368,600	17,854,173	485,573		
Expenditures:						
Current -						
General government:						
Personnel services and related benefits	14,072,575	14,072,575	14,974,253	(901,678)		
Materials and supplies	364,300	364,300	231,571	132,729		
Operating services	1,133,100	1,133,100	1,284,163	(151,063)		
Auto and travel	4,000	4,000	10,274	(6,274)		
Capital outlay	1,150,000	1,150,000	607,946	542,054		
Total expenditures	16,723,975	16,723,975	17,108,207	(384,232)		
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures	644,625	644,625	745,966	101,341		
Fund balance, beginning of year	10,509,747	10,509,747	10,509,747			
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 11,154,372</u>	<u>\$ 11,154,372</u>	<u>\$ 11,255,713</u>	<u>\$ 101,341</u>		

# Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability	2020	2019	2018	
Service cost	\$ 530,879	\$ 413,179	\$ 401,145	
Interest	1,318,581	1,137,952	1,297,239	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	6,980,495	765,913	60,429	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	7,507,429	4,976,865	-	
Benefit payments	(1,768,086)	(1,524,370)	(1,045,039)	
Net changes	14,5 <b>69,298</b>	5,769,539	713,774	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	42,440,008	36,670,469	35,956,695	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$57,009,306	\$42,440,008	<u>\$ 36,670,469</u>	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7 <b>,89</b> 1,348	\$ 7,066,594	<b>\$ 6,860,77</b> 1	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	722.43%	600.60%	534.50%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2020\*

Year ended June 30,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	7.968925%	\$ 10,748,977	\$ 6,214,037	173.0%	79.37%
2016	7.756947%	11,635,665	7,016,215	165.8%	78.13%
2017	7,099309%	13,133,537	6,480,345	202.7%	74.17%
2018	7.121090%	10,773,736	6,407,966	168.1%	79.69%
2019	7.488328%	12,455,340	6,950,031	179.2%	79.07%
2020	7.763423%	14,098,313	7,817,016	180.4%	77.93%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year ended	ontractually Required ontribution	R C	tributions in celation to ontractual Required ontributions	Defi	ibution ciency	Employer's Covered	Contributions as a % of Covered Bayroll
June 30,	 ontribution		ontributions	<u>(Ex</u>	cess)	Payroll	Payroll
2015	\$ 1,333,081	\$	1,333,081	\$	-	\$ 7,016,215	19.00%
2016	1,231,266		1,231,266		-	6,480,345	19.00%
2017	1,217,514		1,217,514		-	6,407,966	19.00%
2018	1,320,506		1,320,506		_	6,950,031	19.00%
2019	1,439,394		1,439,394		-	7,575,758	19.00%
2020	1,485,233		1,485,233		-	7,817,016	19.00%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### (1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Clerk of Court follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Clerk of Court for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- b. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- c. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- d. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- f. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are a originally adopted or as finally amended by the Clerk of Court. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

#### (2) <u>Pension Plans</u>

Changes of Assumptions – Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized on pension expense using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increases, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan.

#### (3) <u>Other Postemployment Benefits</u>

- A. Benefit Changes There were no changes of benefit terms.
- B. Changes of Assumptions
  - a. The discount rate decreased from 3.13% at June 30, 2019 to 2.45% at June 30, 2020.
  - b. The mortality improvement scale was updated from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

# (4) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the following fund had actual expenditures over appropriations, at the functional level as follows:

Fund and Function	Budget	Actual	Excess
General Fund:			
Operating services	\$1,133,100	\$1,284,163	\$ (151,063)
Personnel services & related benefits	14,072,575	14,974,253	(901,678)
Auto and travel	4,000	10,274	(6,274)

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Comparative Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 and 2019

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	Governmental Activities	
	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 12,649,511	\$ 11,969,996
Receivables, net	634,647	162,220
Total current assets	13,284,158	12,132,216
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net	1,356,035	890,515
Total assets	14,640,193	13,022,731
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	4,514,601	3,738,070
Deferred outflows of resources related to postemployment benefit obligation	13,752,440	4,337,298
Total deferred outflows of resources	18,267,041	8,075,368
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	358,630	302,825
Accrued expenses	24,345	24,191
Accrued payroll liabilities	594,682	615,028
Accrued health insurance claims	856,588	498,587
Cash overdraft	-	36,338
Due to other governments	194,200	145,500
Total current liabilities	2,028,445	1,622,469
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable	932,962	911,531
Net OPEB obligation	57,009,306	42,440,008
Net pension liability	14,098,313	12,455,340
Total noncurrent liabilities	72,040,581	55,806,879
Total liabilities	74,069,026	57,429,348
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resouces related to pension	193,540	576,709
NET POSITION	_	_
Net investment in capital assets	1,356,035	890,515
Unrestricted net position (deficit)	(42,711,367)	(37,798,473)
Total net position	\$ (41,355,332)	\$ (36,907,958)

# **GENERAL FUND**

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The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and is used to account for the operations of the Clerk of Court's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk of Court's office are accounted for in the fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

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Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Accounts receivable, net allowance for doubtful accounts of \$21,223	\$ 12,649,511 <u>634,647</u>	\$11,969,996 <u>162,220</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 13,284,158</u>	<u>\$12,132,216</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 358,630	\$ 302,825
Accrued expenses	24,345	24,191
Accrued payroll liabilities	594,682	615,028
Accrued health insurance claims	856,588	498,587
Cash overdraft	-	36,338
Due to other governments	194,200	145,500
Total liabilities	2,028,445	1,622,469
Fund balance:		
Unassigned	11,255,713	10,509,747
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 13,284,158</u>	<u>\$12,132,216</u>

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2020				
	Budget			Variance with Final Budget Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Fees, charges and commissions					
for services:					
Recordings	\$ 6,392,000	\$ 6,392,000	\$ 6,918,325	\$ 526,325	\$ 6,446,338
Uniform Commercial Code fees	188,000	188,000	219,520	31,520	187,945
Cancellations	575,000	575,000	707,395	132,395	572,515
Mortgage certificates	271,000	271,000	211,813	(59,187)	268,199
Court attendance	20,000	20,000	16,555	(3,445)	65,690
Court minute fees	-	-	74,780	74,780	27,561
Photocopies	1,519,000	1,519,000	1,367,448	(151,552)	1,437,353
Fines and forfeitures	334,000	334,000	289,866	(44,134)	337,976
Suits and successions	7,160,000	7,160,000	6,943,111	(216,889)	7,336,153
Other fees	460,600	460,600	421,685	(38,915)	490,272
Intergovernmental	133,000	133,000	180,847	47,847	231,491
Licenses	99,000	99,000	78,040	(20,960)	102,752
Interest revenue	217,000	217,000	424,788	207,788	445,996
Total revenues	17,368,600	17,368,600	17,854,173	485,573	17,950,241
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Personnel services					
and related benefits	14,072,575	14,072,575	14,974,253	(901,678)	14,044,326
Materials and supplies	364,300	364,300	231,571	132,729	345,385
Operating services	1,133,100	1,133,100	1,284,163	(151,063)	1,139,652
Auto and travel	4,000	4,000	10,274	(6,274)	11,270
Capital outlay	1,150,000	1,150,000	607,946	542,054	119,181
Total expenditures	16,723,975	16,723,975	17,108,207	(384,232)	15,659,814
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	644,625	644,625	745,966	101,341	2,290,427
Fund balance, beginning of year	10,509,747	10,509,747	10,509,747		8,219,320
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$11,154,372</u>	<u>\$ 11,154,372</u>	<u>\$ 11,255,713</u>	<u>\$ 101,341</u>	<u>\$ 10,509,747</u>

## EAST BATON ROUGE CLERK OF COURT Baton Rouge, Louisiana General Fund

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2020				
	<u> </u>			Variance -	
	Bud			Positive	2019
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Fees, charges, and commissions					
for services:					
Recordings	\$ 6,392,000	\$ 6,392,000	\$ 6,918,325	\$ 526,325	\$ 6,446,338
Uniform Commercial Code fees	188,000	188,000	219,520	31,520	187,945
Cancellations	575,000	575,000	707,395	132,395	572,515
Mortgage certificates	271,000	271,000	211,813	(59,187)	268,199
Court attendance	20,000	20,000	16,555	(3,445)	65,690
Court minute fees	-	-	74,780	74,780	27,561
Photocopies	1,519,000	1,519,000	1,367,448	(151,552)	1,437,353
Fines and forfeitures	334,000	334,000	289,866	(44,134)	337,976
Suits and successions	7,160,000	7,160,000	6,943,111	(216,889)	7,336,153
Other fees:					
Passports	124,000	124,000	76,487	(47,513)	123,888
Extract of court minutes	30,000	30,000	28,340	(1,660)	29,730
Credit card fees	73,000	73,000	71,382	(1,618)	76,241
Portal fees	153,000	153,000	179,533	26,533	153,598
Miscellaneous	80,600	80,600	65,943	(14,657)	106,815
Total fees, charges, and					
commissions for services	16,919,600	16,919,600	17,170,498	250,898	17,170,002
Y dama a sa					
Intergovernmental:			04 226	04.026	100.007
Reimbursed election expenses City/Parish budget allocation	- 133,000	- 133,000	94,236 86,611	94,236	109,906 121,585
• •				(46,389)	
Total intergovernmental	133,000	133,000	180,847	47,847	231,491
Licenses	99,000	99,000	78,040	(20,960)	102,752
Interest revenue	217,000	217,000	424,788	207,788	445,996
Total revenues	<u>\$ 17,368,600</u>	<u>\$17,368,600</u>	<u>\$ 17,854,173</u>	<u>\$ 485,573</u>	<u>\$17,950,241</u>

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2020				
		idget Final	Actual	Variance - Positive	2019 A stual
Expenditures:	Original	Finai	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Current -					
Personnel services					
and related benefits:					
Salaries	\$ 8,100,000	\$ 8,100,000	\$ 8,858,313	\$ (758,313)	\$ 8,156,190
	\$ 8,100,000 16,000			<sup>3</sup> (738,513) 21	
Clerk's expense allowance Clerk's auto allowance	-	16,000			15,969
	30,000	30,000		5,880	25,568
Clerk's supplemental fund	54,000	54,000		(1,100)	53,900
Payroll taxes	137,450	137,450		(6,376)	137,506
Retirement	2,139,125	2,139,125		138,873	2,018,736
Group insurance	3,550,000	3,550,000	3,839,113	(289,113)	3,592,898
Worker's compensation	31,000	31,000		(4,480)	31,236
Unemployment	15,000	15,000	2,070	12,930	12,323
Total personnel services					
and related benefits	14,072,575	14,072,575	14,974,253	(901,678)	14,044,326
Materials and supplies:					
Printing and binding	116,000	116,000	35,775	80,225	111,787
Judges' supplies	63,000	63,000		41,557	49,639
Computer expenses	65,300	65,300		15,600	61,050
Office supplies	108,000	108,000		(10,754)	111,717
Repairs and maintenance	12,000	12,000		6,101	11,192
Total materials and supplies	364,300	364,300	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	132,729	345,385
Operating services:			• <u> </u>		
Accounting	120,000	120,000	156,722	(36,722)	134,022
Advertising	100	100		(808)	195
Archives and record retention	132,000	132,000		(1,838)	131,671
Computer software and services	278,000	278,000		(53,527)	200,73
Insurance	71,000	71,000		(56,686)	64,64
Legal	168,000	168,000		29,675	175,298
Postage	163,000	163,000		28,053	146,933
Telephone	49,000	49,000		(6,045)	54,964
Equipment rental and leases	53,000	53,000	-	3,014	56,521
Judicial expense fund	-	-	-	-	7,442
Credit card fees	35,000	35,000	) 61,733	(26,733)	72,452
Miscellaneous	64,000	64,000		(29,446)	94,774
Total operating services	1,133,100	1,133,10		(151,063)	1,139,65
Auto and travel	4,000	4,00		(6,274)	11,27
Capital outlay -					<u>.</u>
Computer equipment	1,150,000	1,150,000	607,946	542,054	119,181
Total expenditures	\$ 16,723,975	\$ 16,723,97	~	\$ (384,232)	\$15,659,814
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# **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

#### Advance Deposit Fund -

The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, is used to account for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.

#### **Registry of Court Fund -**

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon specific court order.

#### Bond Fund -

The Bond Fund is used to account for bond deposits on suits filed by litigants which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon specific court order.

## EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT Baton Rouge, Louisiana Fiduciary Funds

# Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2019

	Advance	Registry				
	Deposit	of Court	Bond	Totals		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2020	2019	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 28,125,439	\$ 20,529,829	\$ 2,454,181	\$ 51,10 <b>9,4</b> 49	\$ 42,381,219	
Interest-bearing deposits	18,100,000	17,240	5,535	18,122,775	18,122,695	
Accounts receivable	909,224	<b>-</b>		909,224	883,280	
Total assets	<u>\$ 47,134,663</u>	<u>\$ 20,547,069</u>	\$ 2,459,716	<u>\$ 70,141,448</u>	<u>\$ 61,387,194</u>	
LIABILITIES						
Due to litigants						
and others	\$ 47,134,663	<u>\$ 20,547,069</u>	<u>\$ 2,459,716</u>	<u>\$ 70,141,448</u>	<u>\$ 61,387,194</u>	

#### EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH CLERK OF COURT Baton Rouge, Louisiana Fiduciary Funds

## Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Unsettled Deposits For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 With Comparative Totals For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Advance Deposit			Totals	
	Fund	Fund	Bond Fund	2020	2019
Balances, beginning of year	\$ 44,684,587	\$ 14,240,682	\$ 2,461,925	\$ 61,387,194	\$ 64,134,168
Additions:					
Suits and successions	20,182,000	-	-	20,182,000	22,072,070
Judgments	-	9,725,222	39,138	9,764,360	2,360,137
Interest earned		76,279	11,553	87,832	150,303
Total additions	20,182,000	9,801,501	50,691	30,034,192	24,582,510
Reductions:					
Clerk's costs (transferred to General Fund)	6,943,111	-	-	6,943,111	7,363,714
Settlements to litigants	-	3,495,114	52,900	3,548,014	8,745,024
Refunds	2,212,971	-	-	2,212,971	1,670,939
Sheriff's fees	1,721,087	-	-	1,721,087	1,805,363
Judicial expense fund	5,687,569	-	-	5,687,569	6,142,674
Adjustment to accounts receivable	(5,623)	-	-	(5,623)	413,488
Other reductions	1,172,809		<b>-</b>	1,172,809	1,188,282
Total reductions	17,731,924	3,495,114	52,900	21,279,938	27,329,484
Balances, end of year	\$ 47,134,663	\$ 20,547,069	<u>\$ 2,459,716</u>	<u>\$ 70,141,448</u>	<u>\$ 61,387,194</u>

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# INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

# AND OTHER MATTERS

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\* Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Gerald A Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Christine C. Doucet, CPA Wanda F. Arcement, CPA, CVA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Doug Welborn East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant *deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan as item 2020-001 (IC) to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's Response to Findings

The East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan. The East Baton Rouge Parish Clerk of Court's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

## Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Lafayette, Louisiana June 22, 2021

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

#### Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

A. Internal Control Findings -

2020-001 Reconciliation of the Advanced Deposit Fund

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 1980

CRITERIA: The Clerk should have a policy according to which all individual suit balances in the Clerk's Advanced Deposit Fund reconcile with the corresponding unsettled deposits liability.

CONDITION: The Clerk did not have adequate procedures in place to reconcile individual suit balances in the Clerk's Advanced Deposit Fund with the corresponding unsettled deposits liability.

CAUSE: Due to a lack of policies and procedures, monthly reconciliations are not being performed in the Advance Deposit Fund.

EFFECT: The Clerk has numerous errors when reconciling the individual suit balances in the Clerk's Advanced Deposit Fund with corresponding unsettled deposits liability.

RECOMMENDATION: The Clerk should establish policies and procedures to reconcile the individual suit balances in the Clerk's Advanced Deposit Fund with corresponding unsettled deposits liability.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTION ACTION PLAN: The Clerk's office implemented an accounting application to administer the Advanced Deposit Fund in 2006, which significantly improved the accounting measures used in the administration of the Advanced Deposit Fund. Additionally, the Clerk's office has continued to monitor the monthly deposits and disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2020.

B. Compliance Findings -

There are no findings to report under this section.

Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)

#### Part II. Prior Year Findings

A. Internal Control Findings -

2019-001 Reconciliation of the Advanced Deposit Fund

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 1980

CONDITION: The Clerk did not have adequate procedures in place to reconcile individual suit balances in the Clerk's Advanced Deposit Fund with the corresponding unsettled deposits liability.

RECOMMENDATION: The Clerk should establish policies and procedures to reconcile the indidvidual suit balances in the Clerk's Advanced Deposit Fund with corresponding unsettled deposits liability.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See finding 2020-001.

B. Compliance Findings -

2019-002 Failure to Submit Audit Report within the Required Time Frame

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2018

CONDITION: The Clerk's audit report was not submitted six months after fiscal year end.

RECOMMENDATION: The Clerk should adhere to state law that requires audit reports to be completed and submitted to the Legislative Auditor's office within six months after the fiscal year.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.