Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana

Financial Statement with Auditors' Report

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Vivian, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Vivian, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Vivian, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 10, the budgetary comparison information on pages 48 - 51, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on page 52, and the Schedule of Contributions on page 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Vivian's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information listed in the table of contents and shown on pages 54 – 58 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Vivian, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Vivian's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Vivian's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants December 29, 2020

Jak + Marcha I

TOWN OF VIVIAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Vivian's financial performance provides an overview of the Town of Vivian's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which begin on page 11.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town of Vivian's net position of our governmental activities decreased by \$48,987 or 1%. The Town of Vivian's net position of our business-type activities increased by \$756,620 or 20%.
- In the Town's governmental activities, total general and program revenues were \$2,197,408 in 2020 compared to \$2,141,455 in 2019. Total expenses, excluding depreciation, totaled \$1,554,589 for the year ended June 30, 2020 compared to \$1,687,131 for 2019.
- In the Town's business-type activities, revenues increased by \$784,923, while expenses increased by \$49,355.
- In the Town's governmental activities, revenues increased by \$55,953, while expenses decreased by \$138,949.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11 and 12) provide information about the activities of the Town of Vivian as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 13. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town of Vivian's operations in more detail than the government—wide statements by providing information about the Town of Vivian's most significant funds.

Reporting the Town of Vivian, Louisiana as a Whole

Our analysis of the Town of Vivian as a whole begins on page 11. One of the most important questions asked about the Town of Vivian's finances is "Is the Town of Vivian as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the funds maintained by the Town of Vivian as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town of Vivian's net position and changes in it. You can think of the Town of Vivian's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Town of Vivian's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases* or *decreases* in the Town of Vivian's net position is one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities — Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, public works, and general administration. Property taxes, franchise fees, sales taxes, and police department fines, and various other revenues finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities – The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's water and sewer system are reported here.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the major funds maintained by the Town of Vivian begins on page 13. The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds maintained by the Town of Vivian – not the Town of Vivian as a whole. The Town of Vivian's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds – Most of the Town of Vivian's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the Town of Vivian's general government operations and the expenses paid from those funds. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance certain Town of Vivian's expenses. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds – When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as each flows, for proprietary funds.

TOWN OF VIVIAN AS A WHOLE

The Town of Vivian's combined net position changed from a year ago, increasing from \$12,024,602, to \$12,732,235. A comparative analysis of the funds maintained by the Town of Vivian is presented below.

Table 1 Net Position

		nmental vities		ess-type ivities	To	otals	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,807,537	\$ 1,587,241	\$ 1,761,388	\$ 887,448	\$ 3,568,925	\$ 2,474,689	
Capital Assets	7,335,001	7,792,667	7,163,395	6,586,413	14,498,396	14,379,080	
Total Assets	9,142,538	9,379,908	8,924,783	7,473,861	18,067,321	16,853,769	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	34,732	42,105	152,713	169,904	187,445	212,009	
Current Liabilities	48,818	40,166	788,951	222,240	837,769	262,406	
Long-term Liabilities	881,877	1,092,020	3,659,865	3,562,857	4,541,742	4,654,877	
Total Liabilities	930,695	1,132,186	4,448,816	3,785,097	5,379,511	4,917,283	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	91,963	86,228	51,057	37,665	143,020	123,893	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,621,693	6,907,197	3,159,601	3,282,882	9,781,294	10,190,079	
Restricted	588,319	778,852	203,625	237,832	791,944	1,016,684	
Unrestricted	944,600	517,550	1,214,397	300,289	2,158,997	817,839	
Total Net Position	\$ 8,154,612	\$ 8,203,599	\$ 4,577,623	\$ 3,821,003	\$ 12,732,235	\$ 12,024,602	

Net position of the Town of Vivian's governmental activities decreased by \$48,987 or 1%, Net position of the Town of Vivian's business-type activities increased by \$756,620 or 20%.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

		nmental ivities		ess-type vities	Totals			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 186,453	\$ 172,289	\$ 1,351,173	\$ 1,409,811	\$ 1,537,626	\$ 1,582,100		
Capital grants and contributions	87,268	37,108	856,722		943,990	37,108		
Operating grants and contibutions	63,534	67,433	8,048	9,106	71,582	76,539		
General revenues:								
Taxes	1,563,313	1,465,299	57,907	55,779	1,621,220	1,521,078		
Licenses and permits	122,485	124,405			122,485	124,405		
Franchise taxes	99,161	104,789			99,161	104,789		
Oil and gas income	3,691	2,254			3,691	2,254		
Investment earnings	7,891	14,259	4,816	2,385	12,707	16,644		
Other	63,612	153,619	1,903	18,565	65,515	172,184		
Total Revenues	2,197,408	2,141,455	2,280,569	1,495,646	4,477,977	3,637,101		
Expenses:								
General government	478,089	594,643			478,089	594,643		
Economic development	241,959	196,905			241,959	196,905		
Public safety	752,129	800,924			752,129	800,924		
Public works	550,684	519,788			550,684	519,788		
Town services	38,962	48,236			38,962	48,236		
Recreation	45,566	81,718			45,566	81,718		
Interest on long-term debt	36,082	40,206			36,082	40,206		
Utility			1,626,873	1,577,518	1,626,873	1,577,518		
Total expenses	2,143,471	2,282,420	1,626,873	1,577,518	3,770,344	3,859,938		
Transfers	(102,924)		102,924					
Increases (decreases) in net position	\$ (48,987)	\$ (140,965)	\$ 756,620	\$ (81,872)	\$ 707,633	\$ (222,837)		

The Town of Vivian's total revenues increased by \$840,876 or 23%, due in part to increased revenues from sales taxes and increased capital grants and contributions. The total cost of all programs and services decreased by \$89,594 or less than 2%. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of the governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Total revenues for the governmental activities increased \$55,953 from total revenues in the year ended June 30, 2019 of \$2,141,455 to total revenues of \$2,197,408 in the year ended June 30, 2020. This increase was due to an increase in sales taxes.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$2,143,471. These costs were covered by \$337,255 of program revenues, with the remaining costs covered by grants, property taxes, sales taxes, and other general revenues.

Business-type Activities

Total revenues for the business-type activities increased \$784,923 from total revenues in year ended June 30, 2019 of \$1,495,646 to total revenues of \$2,280,569 in the year ended June 30, 2020. This increase was due mainly to an increase in capital grants and contributions.

The cost of all business-type activities this year was \$1,626,873. These costs were covered in part by program revenues of \$2,215,943, consisting of charges for services assessed to users and capital grants.

THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 13) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$1,730,233, which is more than last year's fund balance of \$1,550,662.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town adopted a budget for its General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020. There was one amendment to the budget during the year. The Town's budgetary comparison is presented as required supplementary information beginning on page 48. Highlights for the year are as follows:

- The Town's actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by \$7,711.
- The Town's actual revenues and transfers in were less than budgeted amounts by \$235,957, due in large part to sales taxes received being less than budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Town of Vivian had invested \$14,498,396 and \$14,379,080, respectively in capital assets. (see table 3 below)

Table 3
Capital Assets At Year End
(Net of Depreciation)

		Govern Acti	 	Business-type Activities					То		
		2020	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Land	\$	1,750,487	\$ 1,750,487	\$	64,086	\$	64,086	\$	1,814,573	\$	1,814,573
Construction in process		101,626	12,108		1,015,867		95,552		1,117,493		107,660
Buildings		1,003,907	1,055,743						1,003,907		1,055,743
Improvements		2,263,400	2,621,395						2,263,400		2,621,395
Infrastructure		2,190,849	2,193,515		6,083,442		6,426,775		8,274,291		8,620,290
Vehicles and equipment		24,732	159,419						24,732		159,419
Total assets (net)	\$	7,335,001	\$ 7,792,667	\$	7,163,395	\$	6,586,413	\$	14,498,396	\$	14,379,080
This year's major additio	ns ir	nclude:									
Construction in process	\$	89,518		\$	920,315						
Vehicles and equipment		32,357									
Buildings		9,341									
Water equipment					6,450						
Total	\$	131,216		\$	926,765						

DEBT

At year-end, the Town had \$4,533,130 in bonds, notes, and other debt outstanding, versus \$4,647,646 last year - a decrease of 2%.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt At Year End

	-	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities							То	otals		
		2020	_	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds	\$		\$		\$	3,063,067	\$	2,873,851	\$	3,063,067	\$	2,873,851
Certificate of Indebtedness		702,138		885,469						702,138		885,469
Economic Development												
Award Program		56,689		67,849						56,689		67,849
Capital leases						329,776		382,240		329,776		382,240
Net Pension Liability		114,438		131,471		267,022		306,766		381,460		438,237
Totals	\$	873,265	\$	1,084,789	\$	3,659,865	\$	3,562,857	\$	4,533,130	\$	4,647,646

State law restricts the amount of debt that the Town of Vivian may issue. The aggregate principal amount of debt may not exceed 10% of the assessed valuation for property tax purposes of all real and personal property located within the parish. The Town of Vivian's total debt outstanding at year-end was well below this limitation.

More detailed information about the debt are presented in Note 12 to the Financial Statements.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the Town is reporting a net pension liability of \$381,460 on the statement of net position at June 30, 2020. Additional information about the Town's net pension liability is presented in Note 13 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Town of Vivian's management considered many factors when setting the fiscal year June 30, 2021 budget. Amounts available for appropriation in the governmental funds are expected to remain substantially the same. Expenditures for 2021 are expected to remain substantially the same.

It is anticipated that management will consider and monitor the economic uncertainties of COVID-19 and the impact on available financial resources.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the finances for those funds maintained by the Town of Vivian and to show the Town of Vivian's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Mayor at P.O. Box 832, Vivian, LA 71082.

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,508,125	\$	464,849	\$	1,972,974
Investments	259,670		63,528		323,198
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	160,379		794,179		954,558
Prepaids	30,858				30,858
Internal balances	(151,495)		151,495		
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents			247,250		247,250
Investments			40,087		40,087
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,852,113		1,079,953		2,932,066
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,482,888	-	6,083,442		11,566,330
Total assets	9,142,538	_	8,924,783	No.	18,067,321
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension related	 34,732	-	152,713	_	187,445
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	48,818		705,239		754,057
Payable from restricted assets:					
Customer deposits			83,712		83,712
Non-current liabilities:					
Due within one year	213,765		80,548		294,313
Due in more than one year	668,112		3,579,317		4,247,429
Total liabilities	930,695		4,448,816		5,379,511
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pension related	 91,963		51,057		143,020
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	6,621,693		3,159,601		9,781,294
Restricted for:					
Industrial development	538,310				538,310
Debt service			203,625		203,625
Public works and recreation	50,009				50,009
Unrestricted	944,600		1,214,397		2,158,997
Total net position	\$ 8,154,612	\$	4,577,623	\$	12,732,235

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues					Ne	et (Expense) R	even	ue and Change	es in	Net Position	
		Expenses	C	es, Fines and Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
Functions / Programs:								****						
Governmental Activities														
General government	\$	478,089	\$	3,750	\$	6,791	\$		\$	(467,548)	\$		\$	(467,548)
Economic development		241,959		99,833		11,160		87,268		(43,698)				(43,698)
Public safety		752,129		66,046		37,250				(648,833)				(648,833)
Public works		550,684								(550,684)				(550,684)
Town services		38,962		16,824		8,333				(13,805)				(13,805)
Recreation		45,566								(45,566)				(45,566)
Interest on long-term debt		36,082							_	(36,082)			_	(36,082)
Total governmental activities		2,143,471		186,453		63,534		87,268		(1,806,216)				(1,806,216)
Business-type Activities														
Utility	-	1,626,873	_	1,351,173		8,048		856,722		101100000		589,070		589,070
Total business-type activities	A	1,626,873		1,351,173		8,048		856,722				589,070		589,070
Total Government	\$	3,770,344	\$	1,537,626	\$	71,582	\$	943,990		(1,806,216)		589,070		(1,217,146)
		General rev	enues	S.:										
			T	axes						1,563,313		57,907		1,621,220
			Li	censes and pe	ermit	s				122,485		,		122,485
			F	ranchise taxes						99,161				99,161
			0	il and gas inco	me					3,691				3,691
				vestment earn						7,891		4,816		12,707
			M	liscellaneous						63,612		1,903		65,515
			T	ransfers						(102,924)		102,924		00,010
				Total genera	l reve	enues and trans	sfers			1,757,229		167,550		1,924,779
			Cha	ange in net pos	sition					(48,987)		756,620		707,633
			Net	position - beg	innin	g				8,203,599		3,821,003		12,024,602
			Net	position - end	ing				\$	8,154,612	\$	4,577,623	\$	12,732,235

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		General	 Sales Tax	an Industrial	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	868,320	\$ 119,214	\$ 520,591	\$	1,508,125
Investments		259,670				259,670
Receivables		37,224	112,449	10,706		160,379
Due from other funds		254,852		 71,872		326,724
Total assets	\$	1,420,066	\$ 231,663	\$ 603,169	\$_	2,254,898
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficit) Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	38,277	\$	\$ 8,169	\$	46,446
Due to other funds		189,718	288,501			478,219
Total liabilities	=	227,995	288,501	8,169		524,665
Fund Balances (Deficit): Restricted:						
Industrial development				595,000		595,000
Public works and recreation		50,009				50,009
Unassigned		1,142,062	(56,838)			1,085,224
Total fund balances (deficit));= ;=====	1,192,071	(56,838)	595,000		1,730,233
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances (deficit)	\$	1,420,066	\$ 231,663	\$ 603,169	\$	2,254,898

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets and other amounts are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Prepaid insurance Prepaid insurance Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 10,858 Deferred liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net pension liabilities and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest Certificates of indebtedness EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,730,233
and therefore are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets and other amounts are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Prepaid insurance Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Long-term liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net pension liabilities and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest Certificates of indebtedness EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	net position are different be	ecause	
and therefore are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets and other amounts are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Prepaid insurance Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 10,858 Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 11,732 Long-term liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net pension liabilities and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)				
Other long-term assets and other amounts are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Prepaid insurance Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 10,858 10	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financi	al resources		
expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Prepaid insurance Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 130,858 Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 14,732 Long-term liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net pension liabilities and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest Certificates of indebtedness EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	and therefore are not reported in the funds.			7,335,001
Prepaid insurance Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Long-term liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net pension liabilities and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest (2,372) Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Other long-term assets and other amounts are not available	to pay for current-period		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Long-term liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net pension liabilities and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest (2,372) Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds.			
Long-term liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net pension liabilities and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest (2,372) Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Prepaid insurance			30,858
notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest (2,372) Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Deferred outflows of resources - pension related	d		34,732
not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest (2,372) Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Long-term liabilities and other amounts, including bonds, net	pension liabilities and		
Accrued Interest (2,372) Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	notes payable are not due and payable in the current period	od and therefore are		
Certificates of indebtedness (702,138) EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	not reported in the funds.			
EDAP (56,689) Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Accrued Interest	(2,372)		
Net pension liability (114,438) Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	Certificates of indebtedness	(702,138)		
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (91,963)	EDAP	(56,689)		
	Net pension liability	(114,438)		
Company and absonces (8.612) (976.212)	Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	(91,963)		
(0,012) (370,212)	Compensated absences	(8,612)		(976,212)

8,154,612

Net position of governmental activities

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

						Total
				Vivian Industrial	G	overnmental
Revenues;		General	Sales Tax	Development		Funds
Taxes	\$	259,732	\$ 1,303,581		\$	1,563,313
Oil and gas income		3,691				3,691
Licenses and permits		122,485				122,485
Intergovernmental		48,925		87,268		136,193
Charges for services		79,348		41,058		120,406
Fines and forfeitures		66,046				66,046
Franchise taxes		99,161				99,161
Investment earnings		5,768	185	1,938		7,891
Miscellaneous		62,798		814		63,612
Total revenues		747,954	1,303,766	131,078		2,182,798
Expenditures:						
Current:		101.101	44.005			440.000
General government		404,134	14,265			418,399
Public safety		730,542				730,542
Public works		262,605				262,605
Town services		38,962				38,962
Recreation		9,336				9,336
Economic development				92,773		92,773
Capital Outlay		47,323		83,893		131,216
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		183,331				183,331
Interest and other charges	_	33,139	 			33,139
Total expenditures	_	1,709,372	 14,265	176,666		1,900,303
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(961,418)	1,289,501	(45,588)		282,495
over experiorures		(301,410)	1,209,301	(43,300)		202,493
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		1,366,438		128,652		1,495,090
Transfers out			(1,286,516)	(311,498)		(1,598,014)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,366,438	(1,286,516)	(182,846)		(102,924)
Net change in fund balances		405,020	2,985	(228,434)		179,571
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		787,051	(59,823)	823,434		1,550,662
, and balances (denote) at beginning or year	_	707,001	 (00,020)	020,404	_	1,000,002
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	1,192,071	\$ (56,838)	\$ 595,000	\$	1,730,233

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	179,571
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$588,882) exceeded capital outlay (\$131,216) in the current period.		(457,666)
The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds.		194,491
Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements. Non-employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plan		3,449
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Compensated absences (1,381) Accrued interest 1,213 Prepaid expenses 30,858 Pension expense 478		31,168
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financi resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	al ——	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(48,987)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 464,849
Investments	63,528
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	794,179
Due from other funds	171,495
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - customer deposits	43,625
Restricted investments - customer deposits	40,087
Total current assets	1,577,763
Newsyment accepts	
Noncurrent assets:	202 625
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - debt service	203,625
Capital assets:	64.006
Land	64,086
Construction in process	1,015,867
Plant and equipment	13,267,861
Less: accumulated depreciation	(7,184,419)
Total noncurrent assets	7,367,020
Total assets	8,944,783
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension related	152,713
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	705,239
Due to other funds	20,000
Capital lease	49,425
Water and Sewer revenue bonds	31,123
Payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits	83,712
Total current liabilities	889,499
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Capital lease	280,351
Water and Sewer revenue bonds	3,031,944
Net pension liability	267,022
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,579,317
Total liabilities	4,468,816
	4,400,010
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension related	51,057
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	3,159,601
Restricted:	
Debt service	203,625
Unrestricted	1,214,397
Total net position	\$ 4,577,623

Town of Vivian

Vivian, Louisiana

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Operating revenues:	/	siness-Type Activities- erprise Funds
Water sales	\$	750 922
Sewerage service charges	Φ	750,832 291,154
Garbage charges		251,134
Delinquent charges		57,812
Miscellaneous revenues		1,903
Total operating revenues	_	1,353,076
Total operating revenues	*	1,333,070
Operating expenses:		
General and administrative expenses		185,058
Water department expenses		260,765
Sewer department expenses		335,915
Garbage department expense		238,235
Depreciation expense		349,783
Total operating expenses		1,369,756
Operating income (loss)		(16,680)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Ad valorem taxes		57,907
Operating grants and contributions		8,048
Interest income		4,816
Interest expense		(132,773)
Bond issuance costs		(124,344)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(186,346)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	-	(203,026)
Capital contributions		856,722
Transfers in		102,924
Change in net position		756,620
Net position - beginning of year		3,821,003
Net position - end of year	\$	4,577,623

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,317,218
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(731,313)
Cash payments to employees for services	(328,028)
Other receipts (payments)	59,715
Net Cash From Operating Activities	317,592
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Insurance proceeds	
Advances to other funds	(52,078)
Transfers from other funds	102,924
Ad valorem taxes	57,907
Net Cash from Non-capital Financing Activities	108,753
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	(288,836)
Capital contributions	218,793
Proceeds from debt	3,035,000
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,926,315)
Bond issuance costs	(124,344)
Interest paid on capital debt	(139,644)
Net Cash (Used In) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(225,346)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities	(0.070)
Purchase of investments	(2,279)
Interest income	4,816
Net Cash from Investing Activities	2,537
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	203,536
Cash, Beginning of year	508,563
Cash, End of year	\$ 712,099
Cash and cash equivalents are reflected on the statement of net position as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 464,849
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - customer deposits	43,625
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - debt service	203,625
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - debt service	\$ 712,099
December of Occasion Lead to Not Cook Decided (Head) by Occasion Activities	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	6 (40.000)
Operating income (loss)	\$ (16,680)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
provided (used) by operating activities	0.40.700
Depreciation expense	349,783
Accounts receivable	21,882
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(30,207)
Pension related	(9,161)
Customer deposits	1,975
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ 317,592
Noncash Capital Financing Activities:	
Acquisition of property	
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	\$ 926,765
Vendor payable	(637,929)
Cash used to acquire/construct capital assets	\$ 288,836
	3000.

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

INTRODUCTION

The Town of Vivian was incorporated on February 12, 1912 under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor–Board of Aldermen form of government.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Vivian's financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town of Vivian are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Town of Vivian is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Town of Vivian), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the Town of Vivian are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town of Vivian for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

In addition, the GASB states that a legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if *all* of the following criteria are met:

 The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents.

- 2. The primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
- The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

In addition, other organizations should be evaluated as potential component units if they are closely related to, or financially integrated with, the primary government. There were no entities that were determined to be component units of the Town of Vivian.

B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Town of Vivian's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the funds maintained by the Town of Vivian as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town of Vivian's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business—type. The Town's sales tax fund, industrial development fund, and general fund are classified as governmental activities. The Town's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental activities and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town of Vivian's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets, restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town of Vivian's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function.

Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations of providing water and sewer services. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town of Vivian as an entity and the change in the Town of Vivian's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town of Vivian are recorded in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Town of Vivian:

- Governmental Funds the focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town of Vivian:
 - a. General fund is the general operating fund of the Town of Vivian. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
 - b. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to specific purposes.
- Proprietary Funds the focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Town:
 - a. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Non-major funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of fund category) for the determination of major funds.

The following major funds are presented in the fund financial statements:

General Fund – accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales Tax Fund – accounts for the proceeds of sales taxes levied for industrial development, street and drainage improvements, recreational programs, and public safety.

Enterprise Fund – accounts for the provision of water and sewer services of the Town.

Vivian Industrial Development - accounts for the proceeds of sales taxes levied that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual: i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

E. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- The Mayor prepares a proposed budget and submits to the Board of Aldermen no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- A public hearing is held on the proposed budget after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program
 or function to another, or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues
 exceeding amounts estimated, require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.

- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a cash basis. Budgeted amounts in the accompanying statements are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Aldermen. There was one amendment to the budget for the year ended June 30, 2020.

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash includes amounts in petty cash, demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

Investments are limited by R.S. 33;2955 and the Town's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on the following threshold levels for capitalizing assets:

Land	\$ 1
Land improvements	10,000
Buildings	10,000
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	5,000
Infrastructure	25,000

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred, net of interest earned on specific project related debt, during the construction phase of capital assets of enterprise funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Water and sewer systems	25 years
Outdoor and playground equipment	20 years
Infrastructure	40-50 years

In accordance with GASB statements, because of the costs involved in retroactively capitalizing infrastructure, the Town has elected an exception for local governments with annual revenues of less than \$10 million and will prospectively capitalize infrastructure from the date of implementation of GASB statements forward and will not retroactively capitalize infrastructure.

H. Revenues

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are actually billed to the taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed. The Caddo Parish Tax Assessor determines assessed values of property and generates bills for property taxes. The Town mails and collects the taxes. Sales tax revenues are recorded in the period in which the underlying exchange has occurred. Fines, forfeitures, licenses, and permits are recognized in the period they are collected. Interest income on demand and time deposits is recorded when earned. Federal and state grants are recorded when the Town is entitled to the funds.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Town's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

J. Fund Balance

GASB has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

- Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either

 (a) not in spendable form, such as inventory or prepaid expenses, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.
- Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources
 are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or
 regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions
 or enabling legislation.

- 3. Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the board of alderman (the Town's highest level of decision making authority). Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of aldermen removes those constraints by taking the same type of action (i.e. legislation, resolution, ordinance).
- Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance are the residual classification for the Town's general fund and include all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Town's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balances, restricted fund balances, committed fund balances, assigned fund balances, and unassigned fund balances, in that order.

The calculation of fund balance amounts begins with the determination of nonspendable fund balances. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purpose amounts exceeds the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

K. Sales Taxes

Proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax levied by the Town of are dedicated to the following purposes:

- Providing funds in the amount of 25% of the proceeds of such tax each year for constructing, acquiring, improving, and/or maintaining industrial parks and buildings and equipment to induce the location of industry in the Town.
- 2. Providing funds in the amount of 25% of the proceeds of such tax for such year to the General Fund of the Town to be used for any lawful corporate purpose.
- 3. The remaining proceeds are to be used for street improvements and/or recreational programs.

Proceeds of another 1% sales and use tax levied by the Town of Vivian are dedicated to the Police Department to be used for any lawful corporate purpose.

Proceeds of another 1/2% sales and use tax levied by the Town of Vivian are dedicated for the purpose of opening, paving, constructing and improving public streets and bridges, including drainage incidental thereto, and further authority to fund the proceeds of the tax into bonds for the aforesaid purposes

L. Compensated Absences

The Town's policy is to pay accumulated sick leave and vacation leave upon termination or retirement. Vesting of sick leave and accumulation of vacation leave are dependent on the employee's year of service and other criteria in accordance with the Town's policies. Unused vacation and sick days earned during the calendar year not taken during the year will be paid to an employee upon termination of employment during same calendar year.

M. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

N. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for ad valorem taxes, customer's utility receivables, and special assessments are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

Q. Capitalized Interest

The Town capitalizes net interest costs and interest earned as part of the cost of constructing various water and sewer projects when material.

R. Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Enterprise Fund consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

S. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

T. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of net position for proprietary funds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town currently has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions government-wide statement of net position and the statement of net position for proprietary funds.

U. Pension Plan

The Town is a participating employer in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan as described in Note 13. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan.

V. Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

<u>Level 1 inputs</u> – The valuation is based on quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets;

<u>Level 2 inputs</u> – The valuation is based on quoted market prices for similar instruments traded in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;

<u>Level 3 inputs</u> – The valuation is determined by using the best information available under the circumstances and might include the government's own data but should adjust those data if (a) reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or (b) there is something particular to the government that is not available to other market participants.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

(2) Levied Taxes

Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. State law requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes for the year:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	Millage_	_Millage_	Date
General	14.59	14.59	N/A
Streets	2.79	2,79	2027
Sewer Maintenance	2,79	2.79	2027
Water Maintenance	1.40	1,40	2027

Approximately 34% of the Town's ad valorem taxes are derived from 10 taxpayers.

(3) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Town has cash, cash equivalents, and investments (book balances), totaling \$2,583,509, as detailed below.

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020 (book balances) totaled \$2,220,224 of which \$247,250 is shown as a restricted asset. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

B. Investments

The investments are presented in the financial statements at fair value using level 2 fair value measure. Investments at June 30, 2020, consisted of certificates of deposit with maturities greater than 90 days totaling \$363,285, of which \$40,087 is shown as restricted. The certificates of deposit are carried at cost, which approximates market.

C. Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2020, \$1,776,770 of the Town's bank balances totaling \$2,758,516 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department not in the Town's name:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,743,000
Investments	 33,770
	\$ 1,776,770

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the clerk that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

(4) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets were applicable to the following at June 30, 2020:

	Business-Type Activities	
Customer Deposits Debt service	\$	83,712 203,625
Total	\$	287,337

(5) Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town.

(6) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance at 7/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 12,108	\$ 89,518	\$	\$ 101,626
Land	1,750,487			1,750,487
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	1,762,595	89,518		1,852,113
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,202,000	9,341		2,211,341
Improvements	3,608,874			3,608,874
Infrastructure	4,065,863			4,065,863
Vehicles and equipment	1,713,788	32,357	(1,558)	1,744,587
Total capital assets,		as to constitue		a de servicio de servicio
being depreciated	11,590,525	41,698	(1,558)	11,630,665
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(1,146,257)	(61,177)		(1,207,434)
Improvements	(987,479)	(357,995)		(1,345,474)
Infrastructure	(1,872,348)	(2,666)		(1,875,014)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,554,369)	(167,044)	1,558	(1,719,855)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,560,453)	(588,882)	1,558	(6,147,777)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	6,030,072	(547,184)		5,482,888
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$7,792,667	\$ (457,666)	\$	\$ 7,335,001

Depreciation expense was charged to Governmental Activites as follows:

\$ 96,225
149,186
20,545
286,697
36,229
\$ 588,882

	Balance at 7/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/2020
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 95,552	1001 0.00-001-001-001	\$	\$1,015,867
Land	64,086			64,086
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	159,638	920,315		1,079,953
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Administration	123,358			123,358
Water equipment	7,733,241	6,450		7,739,691
Sewer equipment	5,404,812			5,404,812
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	13,261,411	6,450		13,267,861
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Administration	(99,858) (9,550)		(109,408)
Water equipment	(3,986,328) (244,113)		(4,230,441)
Sewer equipment	(2,748,450) (96,120)		(2,844,570)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,834,636			(7,184,419)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	6,426,775	(343,333)		6,083,442
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$6,586,413	\$ 576,982	\$	\$7,163,395

Depreciation expense was charged to Business-Type Activites as follows:

Water	\$ 253,663
Sewer	96,120
	\$ 349,783

(7) Receivables

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2020:

Class of		
Receivable		2020
Governmental activities -		
Taxes	\$	109,170
Intergovernmental grants		10,706
Miscellaneous		12,810
Sales taxes		112,449
Franchise taxes		20,941
Allowance for uncollectibles	_(_	105,697)
Business-type activities –	\$	160,379
Accounts receivable - water and sewer charges	\$	176,838
Miscellaneous		777
Intergovernmental grants		637,929
Allowance for uncollectibles	(21,365)
		794,179
Total	\$	954,558

(8) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

	Governmental		Business-type			
Class of Payable	Funds/Activities		Activities		Total	
Accounts	\$	18,953	\$	34,674	\$	53,627
Construction payable				637,929		637,929
Salaries and payroll taxes		22,522		4,380		26,902
Miscellaneous		4,219		11,042		15,261
Compensated absences	-	752		5,576		6,328
Total governmental funds		46,446		693,601		740,047
Accrued interest		2,372		11,638	_	14,010
Total governmental activities	\$	48,818	\$	705,239	\$	754,057

(9) Customers' Deposits

Deposits held for customers that are currently active on the water system total \$83,712 at June 30, 2020.

(10) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

		Transfer To		Transfer From		Net
Governmental Funds: General	\$	1,366,438	\$		\$	1,366,438
Sales tax Vivian industrial development Total Governmental Funds	_	128,652 1,495,090	(1,286,516) 311,498) 1,598,014	_(1,286,516) 182,846) 102,924)
Enterprise Funds:	_	102,924	********			102,924
	\$	1,598,014	\$(1,598,014)	\$	

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statue or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statue or budget requires to expend them.

(11) Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

		Due From Other Fund		Due To Other Fund		Net
Governmental Funds:						
General	\$	254,852	\$	189,718	\$	65,134
Sales tax				288,501	(288,501)
Vivian Industrial Development		71,872				71,872
Total Governmental Funds		326,724		478,219	_(151,495)
Enterprise Funds	_	171,495		20,000	_	151,495
Total	\$	498,219	\$	498,219	\$_	

The interfund balances are the results of the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

(12) Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		eginning Balance	Add	ditions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Certificates of Indebtedness	\$	885,469	\$		\$(183,331)	\$ 702,138	\$190,869
Economic Developmer Award Program (EDAP)	t	67,849			(11,160)	56,689	14,284
Other long-term liabilities - Net pension liability Compensated		131,471			(17,033)	114,438	
absences		9,069		295		 9,364	9,364
Total - Governmental Actvities long-term liabilities	\$1	,093,858	\$	295	\$ (211,524)	882,629	214,517
Less amounts due within period of availability						 (752)	(752)
Total long-term liabilities, governmental activities						\$ 881,877	\$213,765

Payments on certificates of indebtedness are made from the general fund. Payments on EDAP cooperative endeavor agreement are made from the industrial development fund. Payments on compensated absences are made by the fund for which the employee worked.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities:					
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2009	\$ 2,873,851	\$	\$ (2,873,851)	\$	\$
Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2020		3,035,000		3,035,000	30,000
Unamotized premium Series 2020	1	28,067		28,067	1,123
Other long-term liabilities - Capital lease	382,240		(52,464)	329,776	49,425
Net pension liability	306,766		(39,744)	267,022	
Compensated absences	14,227		(8,651)	5,576	5,576
Total - Business-type Activities long-term liabilities	\$ 3,577,084	\$ 3,063,067	\$ (2,974,710)	3,665,441	86,124
Less amounts due within period of availability				(5,576)	(5,576)
Total long-term liabilities, business-type activities				\$ 3,659,865	\$ 80,548

Payments on capital lease and revenue bonds are made from the utility fund. Payments on compensated absences are made by the fund for which the employee worked.

Certificate of Indebtedness \$2,000,000 dated 11/30/11. Due in quarterly installments of \$ 54,117.48 through December 2023; interest at 4.49%

\$ 702,138

Series 2020 Revenue Refunding Bonds

\$3,035,000, for the purpose of refunding certain maturities of the water and sewer revenue bonds series 2009; interest rate 2.00% to 4.00% due in annual installments of approximately \$30,000 through \$175,000 through 2045.

\$ 3,035,000

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Governmental Activities - Certificate of Indebtedness

Fiscal Year	 Principal_	Interest		
2021	\$ 190,869	\$	25,600	
2022	198,718		17,752	
2023	206,889		9,581	
2024	 105,662		1,627	
	\$ 702,138	\$	54,560	

Business-type Activities - Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	Principal	1	nterest
2021	\$ 30,000	\$	79,643
2022	85,000		95,450
2023	85,000		93,750
2024	90,000		92,000
2025	90,000		90,200
2026 - 2030	475,000		420,291
2031 - 2035	550,000		346,094
2036 - 2040	655,000		226,806
2041 - 2045	800,000		92,063
2046	175,000		2,733
	\$ 3,035,000	\$ 1	,539,030

Business-type Activities - Capital Lease

The Town entered into a Louisiana Municipal Lease-Purchase Agreement for financing automated meter reading system and certain wastewater treatment plant upgrades. The gross amount of assets recorded under this capital lease was \$792,656, which includes \$214,178, that was added December 20, 2018. The related accumulated depreciation was \$341,821, and the net book value was \$508,834. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore has been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The lease was dated May 8, 2006, for \$620,000, and is due in annual installments of \$59,519 through July 10, 2021. The lease was renewed in December 2018 to refinance certain equipment and to purchase new equipment. Total amount financed was \$214,178, with annual payments of \$63,391 through August 2025. The maturities below reflect the refinanced amount.

The future minimum lease obligation and net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Fiscal Year	_ <u>P</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		
2021	\$	49,425	\$	13,996		
2022		51,518		11,873		
2023		53,700		9,691		
2024		55,974		7,417		
2025		58,344		5,046		
2026		60,815		2,576		
	\$	329,776	\$	50,599		

Governmental Activities - Economic Development Award Program

A cooperative endeavor agreement was entered into and was effective April 15, 2011, by and among the Louisiana Economic Development Corporation, acting through the Louisiana Department of Economic Development (LED); Epic Boats, LLC (Company) and the Town of Vivian (Sponsoring Entity). The parties to the agreement intend to develop an industrial or business development project requiring basic infrastructure, with the funding from the special fund of the State of Louisiana. pursuant to the Economic Development Award Program (EDAP). The EDAP Award in the amount of \$170,000, is justified, starting as a loan which may be converted to a grant if the employment and payroll obligations undertaken by the Company in this agreement are created, retained and maintained as agreed by the Company through the end of the term of this agreement. LED agrees to lend unto Sponsoring Entity \$170,000 with interest rate at the U.S. Treasury Rate for similar bank financing plus 2% per annum and be repaid over a period of 10 years. It is anticipated that this Loan repayment obligation will be repaid by applying to the principal due on the Loan the "Jobs/Payroll Credits" provided by the Company's creation of the required number of jobs as specified by the agreement. The Town - Sponsoring Entity and the Company are bound in solido in connection with this repayment obligation. The Company is the primary obligor and the Town - Sponsoring Entity will be the guarantor in the event of default by the Company. All obligations of the Company described under this agreement are further secured and guaranteed by a certain individual.

On June 1, 2020, Epic Boats, LLC, moved out of the Town-owned building and ceased operations in the Town. At that time, the remaining balance of \$56,689 plus accrued interest was due in full by the Town. In October 2020, LED accepted an offer from Epic Boats in the amount of \$32,381, to release

Epic from the loan, and LED requested the balance of \$28,345, to be paid by the Town. The Town is in negotiations with LED for repayment of the outstanding balance and the outcome of those negotiations is currently undeterminable.

The annual requirements to amortize the debt outstanding at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Year Principa		In	terest
2021	\$	14,284	\$	1,595
2022		14,135		1,221
2023		14,135		814
2024		14,135		407
	\$	56,689	\$	4,037

(13) Pension Plans

Employees of the Town are members of the Municipal Employees Retirement System. The following is a description of the plan and benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana. Effective October 1, 1978, under Act 788, the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan" were replaced, and are now known as Plan "A" and Plan "B". Plan A combines the original plan and the supplemental plan for those municipalities participating in both plans, while Plan B participates in only the original plan. The System provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of the System. Employees of the Town are members of Plan B.

Plan Description

Eligibility Requirements:

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Retirement Benefits:

Any member of Plan B who was hired before January 1, 2013 can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with ten (10) years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) years creditable service at death of member.

Eligibility for retirement for Plan B Tier 2 members is as follows:

- 1. Age 67 with seven (7) or more years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten (10) or more years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty (30) or more years of creditable service
- 4. Any age with twenty five (25) years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan B Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to two percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts.

Survivor Benefits:

Upon death of any member of Plan B with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse as outlined in the statutes. Any member of Plan B, who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse, will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

DROP Benefits:

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan(DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year. Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits:

For Plan B, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least ten years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan B shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of thirty percent of his final average compensation or two percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service whichever is greater or an amount equal to two percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

Cost of Living Increases:

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefits:

Both plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

Contributions

Contributions for all members are established by statute. Member contributions are at 5% of earnable compensation for Plan B. According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the plan years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019, the actual employer contribution rates were 14.00% and 14.00%, respectively, for Plan B. The Town's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, were \$52,343, \$46,668, and \$50,650, respectively.

Non-Employer Contributions

In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations. Non-employer contributions totaling \$11,497 are recognized as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2020, and excluded from pension expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$381,460 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The historical employer contributions are used to determine the proportionate relationship of each employer to all employers of Municipal Employees' Retirement System. The employer's proportion was determined on a basis that is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined. The allocation percentages were used in calculating each employer's proportionate share of the pension amounts. The allocation method used in determining each employer's proportion was based on each employer's contributions to the System during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 as compared to the total of all employers' contributions received by the System during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Town's proportion as measured at June 30, 2019, was .43605%, which was a decrease of .08207% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$50,754, plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$(523).

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
		ernmental ctivities		iness-type ctivities	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of	\$	5,076	\$	11,844	
contributions		86,887		39,213	
Total		91,963	\$	51,057	
		erred Outflow			
		ernmental tivities		iness-type ctivities	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	6,976	\$	16,278	
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of		12,053		28,124	
contributions				71,671	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement Date		15,703		36,640	
Total	\$	34,732	\$	152,713	

The Town reported a total of \$52,343 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2019, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year	Amount			
2020	\$ (11,650)		
2021	(6,696)		
2022	•	5,350		
2023		5,078		
Total	\$ (7,918)		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, decrease from 7.275% in 2018

Inflation Rate 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation

and merit increases:

1 to 4 years of service 7.4% More than 4 years of service 4.9%

Annuitant and beneficiary mortality PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree table set equal to 120%

for males and females, each adjusted using their

respective male and female MP2018 scales.

Employee mortality PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree table set equal to 120%

for males and females, each adjusted using their

respective male and female MP2018 scales.

Disabled lives mortality PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree table set equal to

120% for males and females with full generational

MP2018 scale.

Expected Remaining

Service Lives 3 years

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation was based on the results of an experience study, for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018. The required Schedules of Employers' Net pension Liability located in the required supplementary information following the notes to the Financial Statements present multi-year trend information regarding whether the plan fiduciary net positions are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019 is based on actuarial valuations for the same period, updates using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Public equity Public fixed income Alternatives Totals	Target Asset Allocation 50% 35% 15% 100%	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return 2.15% 1.51%64% 4.30%
Inflation Expected Arithmetic Nominal Return		2.70% 7.00%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2019:

	Changes in Discount Rate					
		1%	(Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase	
		6.00%		7,00%		8.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$	508,388	\$	381,460	\$	274,113

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020 were recognized in the current reporting period except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience:

The differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized as pension benefit using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings:

The differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

Changes of Assumptions:

The changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

Changes in Proportion:

Changes in the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. The unamortized amounts arising from changes in proportion are presented in the Schedule of Pension Amounts as deferred outflows or deferred inflows as of June 30, 2020.

Contributions - Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the System and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the System's collective net pension liability. The System's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The System's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily related to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the System's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts. The Plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan. Detailed information about the fiduciary net position is available in a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 3019. Access to these reports can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

(14) Tax Abatement

As of June 30, 2020, the Town has entered into a property tax abatement agreement with a business through the Industrial Tax Exemption (ITEP) program. The agreement was negotiated under a particular authority allowing localities to abate property taxes for a variety of economic development purposes, including job creation, as well as business relocation, retention, and expansion.

The Town has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes, and the Town is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities.

Industrial Tax Exemption (ITEP):

The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Program (ITEP) is an original state incentive program which offers an attractive tax incentive for manufacturers within the state. The program abates, up to ten years, Town property taxes (Ad Valorem) on a manufacturer's new investment and annual capitalized additions related to the manufacturing site. The legal authority is Article 7, Section 21(F) of the Louisiana Constitution and Executive Order JBE 2016-73.

Gross Dollar Amount by Which the Town's Tax Revenues Were Reduced: The Town estimates property tax revenues have been reduced by \$5,339 for the year.

(15) Lease Revenue

The Town entered into a leasing agreement to lease a building owned by the Town. Under the lease the Town will receive a monthly amount ranging from \$4,000 to \$6,000 per month, beginning on April 1, 2015 and ending on March 31, 2025. The lease agreement contains a continuing option to purchase the property through March, 2025, for the purchase price of \$600,000. Monthly lease payments made through the date the option to purchase is exercised shall be applied to the purchase price. Payments received under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2020, totaled \$50,000. As stated in note 12 above, the tenant moved out of the leased building on June 1, 2020, and terminated the lease.

(16) Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 29, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(17) Uncertainty

As a result of the COVID-19 Coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact financial resources. While the duration on the economic impact is expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. The related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonable estimated at this time.

(18) Contingencies

The Town is a defendant in several lawsuits. At this time, the outcome of the lawsuits is unknown. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of the lawsuits will not have a significant effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

(19) Commitments

The Town has commitments for signed engineering and other contracts of approximately \$1,489,769. As of June 30, 2020, approximately \$1,061,472 had been incurred on those contracts, with the balance remaining in those contracts to be incurred subsequent to June 30, 2020.

(20) On-behalf Payments

Employees of the Town's police department received a total of \$37,250 in police supplemental from the State of Louisiana. The Town recognizes this supplemental pay received by the employees as revenues and expenditures of the Town. The revenue is reported in the General Fund under intergovernmental revenues and the expenditure is reported as public safety expenditures.

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	i Am	ounts	Ac	tual Amounts		ariance with nal Budget Positive
Revenues:		Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	(Negative)
Taxes	\$	289,000	\$	269,600	\$	259,725	\$	(9,875)
Fines and forfeitures		100,000		63,500		66,046		2,546
Licenses and permits		115,500		86,600		110,528		23,928
Franchise taxes		75,000		133,000		101,349		(31,651)
Oil and gas income				3,600		3,691		91
Intergovernmental		31,700		41,740		36,676		(5,064)
Charges for services		72,200		111,775		99,224		(12,551)
Investment earnings		1,500		1,500		5,769		4,269
Miscellaneous		20,250		21,805		17,922		(3,883)
Total revenues		705,150	_	733,120		700,930		(32,190)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		296,900		399,150		412,103		(12,953)
Public safety		681,000		696,330		684,827		11,503
Public works		285,200		269,625		260,819		8,806
Town services		2,500		39,770		38,962		808
Recreation		10,200		9,990		3,712		6,278
Capital outlay		35,000		25,040		47,323		(22,283)
Debt service:		30,000		25,040		47,020		(22,203)
Principal retirement		163,634		163,700		183,331		(19,631)
Interest and other charges		52,836		52,900		33,139		19,761
Total expenditures	_	1,527,270		1,656,505	-	1,664,216		
rotal experiences		1,321,210		1,000,000	//A.	1,004,210		(7,711)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(822,120)		(923,385)		(963,286)		(39,901)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		1,080,000		1,570,205		1,366,438		(203,767)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,080,000		1,570,205		1,366,438		(203,767)
Net change in fund balance		257,880		646,820		403,152		(243,668)
Fund balances at beginning of year						775,905		775,905
Fund balances at end of year	\$	257,880	\$	646,820	\$	1,179,057	\$	532,237

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sales Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgete	d An	nounts	Act	tual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	(Bud	dgetary Basis)	(1	Negative)
Revenues:				-				
Sales tax	\$	1,528,400	\$	1,528,400	\$	1,286,516	\$	(241,884)
Investment earnings		195		195		185		(10)
Total revenues		1,528,595	_	1,528,595		1,286,701		(241,894)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		15,284		15,284		14,265		1,019
Total expenditures	=	15,284		15,284	-	14,265		1,019
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	-	1,513,311	_	1,513,311	-	1,272,436		(240,875)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		(1,513,117)	_	(1,513,117)		(1,286,516)		226,601
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(1,513,117)	_	(1,513,117)	-	(1,286,516)	_	226,601
Net change in fund balance		194		194		(14,080)		(14,274)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	_		_		_	(155,207)		(155,207)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	194	\$	194	\$	(169,287)	\$	(169,481)

Town of Vivian
Vivian, Louisiana
Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Vivian Industrial Development Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgete	d An	nounts	Actu	ual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues;								
Miscellaneous income	\$	10,000	\$	46,814	\$	41,872	\$	(4,942)
Intergovernmental		50,000		62,000		88,669		26,669
Investment earnings		200		1,900		1,938		38
Total revenues		60,200		110,714	10:	132,479		21,765
Expenditures: Current:								
Economic development		98,750		158,190		177,357		(19,167)
Total expenditures		98,750	_	158,190	,	177,357		(19,167)
Total experiations		00,700	_	100,100		111,001	_	(10,101)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(38,550)		(47,476)		(44,878)		2,598
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		120,000		151,312		128,652		(22,660)
Transfers out	_			(208,374)		(311,498)		(103, 124)
Total other financing sources (uses)		120,000		(57,062)		(182,846)		(125,784)
Net change in funds balance		81,450		(104,538)		(227,724)		(123,186)
Fund balance at beginning of year		657,129		657,129		820,187		163,058
Fund balance at end of year	\$	738,579	\$	552,591	\$	592,463	\$	39,872

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Note to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The budget was adopted on the cash basis of accounting, except for certain interagency receivables and payable and certain payroll liabilities which were recorded by the Town.

Budget comparison statements included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budgets and all subsequent amendments. There was one amendment to the budget during 2020.

The following schedule reconciles excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (budget - cash basis) with the amounts shown on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (GAAP basis):

		General Fund	,	Sales Tax		an Industrial velopment Fund
Excess (Deficiency) of revenue and other expenditures and other uses (budget basis)	\$	403,152	\$	(14,080)	\$	(227,724)
Adjustments: Revenue accruals - net		9,775		17,065		(1,401)
Expenditures accruals - net	_	(7,907)		;	[3	691
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP basis)	\$	405,020	\$	2,985_	\$	(228,434)

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana

Year Ended June 30	Proportion of the net pension liability	of the	rtionate share e net pension liability	Cover	ed-employee payroil	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.43605%	\$	381,460	\$	333,161	102.03%	66.14%
2019	0,51811%		438,237		382,299	114.63%	65.60%
2018	0.58810%		508,841		443,927	114,62%	63.49%
2017	0.59935%		496,807		427,035	116,34%	63.34%
2016	0,56287%		382,555		394,684	96.93%	68.71%
2015	0.56137%		263,563		406,713	64.80%	76.94%

^{*}Amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (fiscal year ended June 30),

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Schedule of Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana

Year Ended June 30	F	ntractually Required entribution	in rela	ntributions ation to the atractually d contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cove	red-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2020	\$	52,343	\$	52,343	\$	\$	373,888	14.00%
2019		46,668		46,668			333,161	14.01%
2018		50,650		50,650			382,299	13.25%
2017		48,832		48,832			443,927	11.00%
2016		40,568		40,568			427,035	9.50%
2015		37,495		37,495			394,684	9.50%

^{*}Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year (June 30),

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Mayor - James Festavan	\$	26,600
Alderman:		
Raymond Williams		3,300
Angela Channel		3,300
Denise Alexander		3,300
Michael Guthrie		3,300
James Martin	-	3,300
	\$	43,100

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Schedule of Rates - User Fees For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

1A/ATED	5 <u>-</u>	Usage	Base	Per Additional 1,000 Gallons
WATER	Residential Inside:	0 - 2,000 Gallons over 2,000	\$21.00	N/A \$6,50
	Residential Outside:	0 - 2,000 Gallons over 2,000	\$29.00	N/A \$6.75
	Commercial Inside and Outside:	0 - 2,000 Gallons over 2,000	\$23.00	N/A \$6.75
SEWER	Residential:	0 - 2,000 Gallons over 2,000	\$11.50	N/A \$2,75
	Commercial:	0 - 2,000 Gallons over 2,000	\$16.00	N/A \$2.75
	Out of Town:	0 - 2,000 Gallons over 2,000	\$21.00	N/A \$2,75

System Users

System users at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Number of
	Customers
Water customers	1,407

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Schedule of Insurance June 30, 2020

Company	Company Insurance		Coverage Limits		
Stonetrust Insurance Company	Workers Comp	7/01/2019 to 7/01/2020	\$ 100,000 each accident 500,000 policy limit 100,000 each employee		
Old Republic Insurance Company	Airport Liability	1/13/2019 to 1/13/2020 1/13/2020 to 1/13/2021	1,000,000 each occurance		
Nova Casualty	Law Enforcement Officer Errors and Omissions Employment Practices	7/01/2019 to 7/01/2020 7/01/2019 to 7/01/2020 7/01/2019 to 7/01/2020	1,000,000 per occurance 1,000,000 per claim 1,000,000 per claim		
Nova Casualty	Auto Liability and Physical Damage	7/01/2019 to 7/01/2020	1,000,000 per accident		
EMC Insurance Company	Property/Inland Marine	2/16/2019 to 2/16/2020 2/16/2020 to 2/16/2021	8,849,595 9,303,989		
EMC Insurance Company	Commercial Crime and Employee Dishonesy Policy	10/02/2018 to 10/02/2019 10/02/2019 to 10/02/2020	250,000 250,000		
EMC Insurance Company	Municipal Clerk Public Official Bond	8/13/2018 to 8/13/2019	25,000		
Western Surety Company	Mayor Public Official Bond Mayor Pro-Tem Public Official Bond Municipal Clerk Public Official Bond Municipal Deputy Clerk Public Official Bond	9/16/2019 to 9/19/2020 9/16/2019 to 9/19/2020 9/16/2019 to 9/19/2020 9/16/2019 to 9/19/2020	25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000		
Nova Casualty	Commercial General Liability	7/01/2019 to 7/01/2020	1,000,000 per occurance		
Aiscox Cyberclear	Cyber, Data Risk, and Media Insurance	7/01/2019 to 7/01/2020	1,000,000 per claim		

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Agency Head: Ronnie Festavan, Mayor

Purpose	Amount				
Salary	\$	26,600			
Benefits-retirement		3,724			
Reimbursements		64			
Travel		336			

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Schedule of Revenue and Expenditures LCDBG Contract Number 2000434387 For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenue:		
LCDBG funds	\$	415,297
Expenditures:		
Public works -sewer:		
Construction	-	415,297
Total expenditures	1	415,297
Excess revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	

COOK & MOREHART

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SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Vivian as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Vivian's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Vivian's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Vivian's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Vivian's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings as item 2020-002 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Vivian's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings as item 2020-001.

Town of Vivian's Response to Findings

Town of Vivian's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings. Town of Vivian's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

traders M+ More)

December 29, 2020

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings. June 30, 2020

There were six (6) findings for the prior year audit for the year ended June 30, 2019.

2019-001 Material Weakness - Collections

Finding: During our audit, we noted the following with regards to the Town's collection process:

- No evidence of review of daily work for collections by an appropriate town employee who was not involved in the collection process.
- No reconciliation of daily work to subsidiary ledgers/reports.
- Customer meter deposits received were not being entered into subsidiary ledger timely as received. In addition, customer meter deposit liability per general ledger was not in agreement with customer meter deposit subsidiary report.
- Annual ad valorem tax roll was not entered into subsidiary software when billed. There was no reconciliation of ad valorem receipts to subsidiary ledger.
- No review of adjustments entered into subsidiary ledger to ensure all adjustments had proper approval.

Recommendation: We recommend appropriate town personnel review and approve daily work, subsidiary records, and adjustments. We also recommend that deposits be appropriately entered into subsidiary software when received.

Current Status: Improvement noted.

2019-002 Material Weakness - Accounting Records

Finding: The Town's accounting records, including budgetary financial statements, were not maintained on a current basis throughout the year. Bank reconciliations were also not done in a timely manner throughout the year.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town's accounting records, including budgetary financial statements, be maintained on a current basis throughout the year, and that Town bank accounts be reconciled on a monthly basis.

Current Status: Some improvement noted. See significant deficiency 2020-002 in current year audit.

2019-003 Significant Deficiency - Police Department Collections

Finding: Police fines are collected by the police department and not at Town half. The employee who maintains subsidiary records for the police department fines is sometimes responsible for collecting those payments. Subsidiary records are not reviewed and reconciled to collections by Town accounting personnel.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town segregate the duties of those maintaining police fines subsidiary records and those collecting payments. We also recommend that Town accounting personnel review and reconcile the subsidiary records to actual collections / deposits on a current basis.

Current Status: Improvement noted.

Town of Vivian
Vivian, Louisiana
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings
June 30, 2020
(Continued)

2019-004 Significant Deficiency - Payroll Taxes

Finding: Several federal payroll tax deposits do not appear to have been made by the required due dates during the year, and two payroll tax reports do not appear to have been filed timely during the year.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town develop appropriate controls to ensure all payroll tax deposits are made by the required due dates, that all payroll tax reports are filed timely.

Current Status: Improvement noted.

2019-005 Finding - Budget

Finding: Actual expenditures and other financing uses for the Sales Tax Fund and Industrial Development Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures by more than 5%.

Recommendation. We recommend a proper monitoring of budget to actual comparisons throughout the year and that budgets be appropriately amended when actual plus projected expenditures and other financing uses exceed budgeted amounts by more than 5%.

Current Status: See finding 2020-001 in current year audit.

2019-006 - Finding - Public Bid Law Violation

Finding: During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town acquired new equipment through a capital lease in the amount of \$214,178. The Town did not advertise for bids in the newspaper and did not purchase the equipment on state contract.

Recommendation: We recommend the Town advertise for bids or purchase from the state contract for materials and supplies over \$30,000, in order to comply with Louisiana State Bid Law.

Current Status: No finding reported in current year audit.

Town of Vivian Vivian, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings June 30, 2020

There are two findings for the current year audit, as described below.

2020-001 Finding - Budget

Condition. Actual revenues and other financing sources for the General Fund and Sales Tax Fund were less than budgeted amounts by more than 5%. Actual expenditures and other financing uses for the Industrial Development Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures by more than 5%.

Criteria: The Local Government Budget Act requires the annual budgets be amended when actual plus projected revenues fail to meet budgeted revenues by more than 5%, and when actual plus projected expenditures exceed budgeted amounts by more than 5%.

Cause: The Town over-estimated the sales tax revenues to be received during the year ended June 30, 2020. In addition, certain grant expenses were not budgeted in the Industrial Development Fund due to uncertainty of timing of grant activities.

Effect: The Town was not in compliance with the Local Government Budget Act.

Recommendation: We recommend a proper monitoring of budget to actual comparisons throughout the year and that budgets be appropriately amended when actual plus projected revenues fail to meet budgeted revenues by more than 5%, and when actual plus projected expenditures and other financing uses exceed budgeted amounts by more than 5%.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The Town will monitor the budgets and will amend as needed when actual plus projected revenues fail to meet budgeted revenues by more than 5%, and when actual plus projected expenditures and other financing uses exceed budgeted amounts by more than 5%.

2020-002 Significant Deficiency – Accounting Records

Condition: Balances in certain general ledger accounts, including interagency accounts, utility fund accounts receivable, utility fund revenue, utility fund allowance for doubtful accounts, and utility fund customer deposit liability, were not appropriately reconciled to subsidiary ledgers and underlying supporting documentation during the year. Significant adjusting entries were required to correct balances in those accounts.

Criteria: Controls should be in place to ensure that activity is posted correctly to the general ledgers, including a reconciliation of amounts recorded in the accounting records to subsidiary ledgers and underlying supporting documentation on a periodic basis throughout the year.

Cause: Certain account balances were not reviewed/reconciled to subsidiary ledgers and underlying supporting documentation during the year.

Effect: Significant time was required to analyze various general ledger postings and account balances. Significant adjusting entries were required to correct postings for interagency account balances, utility fund accounts receivable, utility fund revenue, utility fund allowance for doubtful accounts, and utility fund customer deposit liability.

Town of Vivian
Vivian, Louisiana
Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings
June 30, 2020
(Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend that balances in certain general ledger accounts, including interagency accounts, utility fund accounts receivable, utility fund revenue, utility fund allowance for doubtful accounts, and utility fund customer deposit liability, be appropriately reconciled to subsidiary ledgers and underlying supporting documentation on a periodic basis throughout the year.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions. Controls will be implemented to ensure that balances in general ledger accounts are appropriately reconciled to subsidiary ledgers and underlying supporting documentation on a periodic basis throughout the year. The Town has contracted with a new accountant to assist in this area.