NATCHITOCHES PARISH TOURIST COMMISSION NATCHITOCHES, LA

FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2021

Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission Financial Report December 31, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Required Supplementary Information	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	1-4
Independent Auditor's Report	5-7
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Fund	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	16
Notes to Financial Statements	18-24
Other Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund	26
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer	27
Other Reports/Schedules	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on a Audit of Financial Statements Performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards	29-30
Schedule of Audit Results	31
Independent Auditor's Report on State Agreed-Upon Procedures	32-40

NATCHITOCHES PARISH TOURIST COMMISSION NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission's (hereafter referred to as the Commission) annual financial report presents an overview and analysis of the Commission's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2021. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the Commission's financial performance as a whole. It should, therefore, be read in conjunction with this report. Certain comparative information is presented to provide an overview of the Commission's operations.

Financial Highlights

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Commission as a whole and presents a longer-term view of the Commission's finances. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The Statement of Net Position presents all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the
 difference between the two reported as "net position". Over time, increases or decreases in the
 Commission's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the
 Commission is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the current year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Therefore, some revenues and some expenses that are reported in this statement will not result in cash flows until future years.

Fund Financial Statements

The services provided by the Commission are financed through a governmental fund. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Commission conducts its day-to-day operations through a governmental fund, the General Fund. These statements provide a short-term view of the Commission's finances and assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Commission.

A Summary of basic government-wide financial statements is as followed:

Summary of Statement of Net Position

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
ASSETS:				
Assets	\$	835,150	\$	520,420
Capital Assets, Net of				
Accumulated Depreciation		317,527		352,521
Total Current Assets	\$	1,152,677	\$	872,941
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	6,550	\$	5,410
Payroll Tax Payable		6,622		-
Long-Term Debt		60,000		115,000
Compensated Absences		6,058		3,696
Total Liabilities	\$	79,230	<u>\$</u>	124,106
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	257,527	\$	237,521
Unrestricted	***************************************	815,920	***************************************	511,314
Total Net Position	\$	1,073,447	\$	748,835

A Summary of basic government-wide financial statements is as followed:

Summary of Statement of Net Position

REVENUES:	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
General Revenues- Taxes	\$ 519	,169 \$	427,901
Intergovernmental		,381	150,000
Other	92	<u></u>	19,737
Total Revenues	\$ 972	2,991 \$	597,638
EXPENSES:			
General and Administration	648		486,520
Change in Net Position	\$ 324	<u>\$</u>	111,118

The Commission's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$1,073,447 (net position) for the year. This is an increase of \$324,612 from prior year.

Unrestricted net position of \$821,978 represents the portion available to maintain the Commission's obligation to both citizens and creditors. For prior year, this was \$511,314.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues were \$19,509 less than budgeted revenues and actual expenditures were more than the budgeted expenditures by \$15,223.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The primary revenue source for the Commission is Hotel/Motel Tax collected in the parish. This type of tax is subject to changes in the economy in the short-term. After considering many different areas, it was decided that the budget for FY 2022 should not change significantly from the FY 2021 budget.

Contacting the Tourist Commission

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or requests for additional information may be directed to the Commission at 780 Front Street, Suite 100, Natchitoches, LA 71457

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission 780 Front Street, Suite 100 Natchitoches, LA 71457

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission (Commission), a component unit of the Natchitoches Parish Government, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the Commission as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statements date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Schedule on pages 1 through 4 and 26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 15, 2022, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, we have issued a report, dated May 15, 2022, on the results of our state wide agreed-upon procedures performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's state wide agreed-upon procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's

Thomas Curringham Broadway + Soutenbier, CPA's

Natchitoches, Louisiana

May 15, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Natchitoches Parish Tourist & Recreation Commission Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

		overnmental Activities
ASSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	772,213
Revenue Receivable		62,937
Total Current Assets	\$	835,150
Non-current Assets:		
Capital Assets (net)		317,527
Total Assets	\$	1,152,677
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	6,550
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		60,000
Payroll Tax Payable	»—————————————————————————————————————	6,622
Total Current Liabilities	\$	73,172
Non-current Liabilities		
Compensated Absences	<u>\$</u>	6,058
Total Liabilities	\$	79,230
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	257,527
Unrestricted		815,920
Total Net Position	\$	1,073,447

Natchitoches Parish Tourist & Recreation Commission Statement of Activities December 31, 2021

				Net (Exper	ise)
		Program	Revenues	Revenue a	ınd
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Governme	ntal
<u>Activities</u>	Expenses	<u>Services</u>	and Contributions	<u>Activitie</u>	<u>s</u>
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 648,379	<u>s - </u>	\$ 361,381	\$ (286,	,998)
	General Revenu Hotel/Motel T Other			\$ 519, 92,	,169 ,441
	Total General Revenues			\$ 611,	610
	Change in Net Position			\$ 324,	612
	Net Position-Jar	nuary 1, 2021		748,	,835
	Net Position, De	ecember 31, 2021		<u>\$ 1,073,</u>	<u>.447</u>

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Natchitoches Parish Tourist & Recreation Commission Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund December 31, 2021

	***************************************	vernmental ctivities
ASSETS:	-	
Cash & Cash Equivalents Revenue Receivable	\$	772,213 62,937
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	835,150
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable Payroll Tax Payable	\$	6,550 6,622
Total Liabilities	\$	13,172
FUND BALANCE:		
Unassigned		821,978
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	835,150

Natchitoches Parish Tourist & Recreation Commission Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

Total Fund Balance for the Governmental Fund at December 31, 2021

\$ 821,978

Total Net Position reported for Governmental Activities in Statement of Net Positions are different because:

The following used in Governmental Activities are not current financial resources; and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet-

Capital Assets (Net)

317,527

The following are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet-

Long-Term Debt Compensated Absences (60,000)

(6,058)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities at December 31, 2021

\$ 1,073,447

Natchitoches Parish Tourist & Recreation Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Governmental Fund December 31, 2021

	 vernmental activities
REVENUES:	
Taxes-	
Hotel/Motel	\$ 519,169
Intergovernmental-	
State Funding	359,881
Local Grants	1,500
Miscellaneous	 92,441
Total Revenues	\$ 972,991
EXPENDITURES:	
Current-	
Advertising	\$ 341,293
Personnel Expenses	185,089
Office and Postage	23,096
Insurance	13,943
Vehicle Mainteance	160
Computer Maintenence	3,061
Professional Dues	11,043
Repairs & Maintenance	7,232
Telephone	4,732
Professional Fees	15,000
Storage	2,040
Equipment Rental	5,487
Miscellaneous	47
Debt Service	
Principal	50,000
Interest	3,800
Total Expenditures	\$ 666,023
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 306,968
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	 515,010
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ 821,978

Natchitoches Parish Tourist & Recreation Commission Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities December 31, 2021

- Net change in rung varance-governmental lung	Net change	in fu	ınd ba	lance-government	ta1	fund
--	------------	-------	--------	------------------	-----	------

\$ 306,968

Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and these are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the funds. These timing differences are summarized below:

Depreciation Expense	(34,994)
Long-Term Debt	55,000
Compensated Absences	(2,362)

Change in net position per statement of activities at December 31, 2021

\$ 324,612

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Introduction:

The Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission (Commission), Natchitoches, Louisiana, was created by an ordinance of the Natchitoches Parish Government on July 21, 1976. The purpose of the Commission is to promote tourism in the parish. The Commission is governed by a Board of Commissioners consisting of seven members who are approved by the Parish Government. The Commission is financed mainly by a Hotel/Motel tax levied within the parish.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accounting and reporting policies of the Commission conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. Such accounting and reporting policies also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:517 and to the guides set forth in the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*.

A. Reporting Entity-

Pursuant to Article VI, Sections 19 and 30 of the Constitution of Louisiana, the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission is hereby specifically created as a special district of commissions. Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission shall be a body politic and corporate and a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana.

B. Basis of Presentation-

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the government-type activities on a consolidated basis, and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipient for goods or services offered by the program, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

C. Fund Accounting-

The accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The Commission maintains only one fund. It is categorized as a governmental fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds; each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity.

The major fund of the Commission is described below:

Governmental Fund-

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting-

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Commission as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Commission considers all revenues "available" if collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity-

Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits-

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts and savings accounts of the Commission.

Capital Assets-

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Commission maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of that asset or materially extend the life of that asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Office	20 years
Furniture, computers	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Compensated Absences-

Employees earn leave (vacation) based on the years of service. The maximum number of hours that can be carried forward/paid upon separation is 300 hours.

Equity Classifications-

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net resources with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, management applies unrestricted resources first, unless a determination is made to use restricted resources. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact;
- b. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- c. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- d. Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- e. Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund balance of \$821,978. If applicable, the Commission would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

F. Estimates-

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Budget-

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the Commission adopts a budget for the next fiscal year. The budget is open for public inspection. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

2. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>:

The cash and cash equivalents of the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission are subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Commission will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Commission that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Commission's name.

Bank account balances at December 31, 2021, totaled \$791,164 and were fully secured by FDIC Insurance.

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, is as follows:

Governmental	Balance			Balance
<u>Activities</u>	<u>01-01-21</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>12-31-21</u>
Capital Assets, Depreciated:				
Office - Condo	\$484,991	\$ 0	\$0	\$484,991
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	37,461	0	0	37,461
Vehicle	21,889	0	0	21,889
Renovations	109,569	0	0	109,569
Total Capital Assets Depreciated	\$ <u>653,910</u>	\$0	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>653,910</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Office - Condo	\$206,117	\$ 24,249	\$0	\$230,366
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	32,890	0	0	32,890
Vehicle	9,487	4,379	0	13,866
Renovations	52,895	6,366	$\underline{\mathbf{o}}$	_59,261
Total Depreciation	\$ <u>301,389</u>	\$ <u>34,994</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>336,383</u>
Net Capital Assets	\$ <u>352,521</u>	\$ <u>(34,994</u>)	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>317,527</u>

Depreciation expense of \$34,994 was charged to the Culture & Tourism function.

4. Compensation Paid to Board Members:

The members of the Board of the Commissioners receive no compensation for their services.

5. Compensated Absences:

The following is a summary of changes for compensated absences for the year ended December 31, 2021:

Balance		Balance
<u>01-01-21</u>	<u>Increase</u>	12-31-21
\$3,696	\$2,362	\$ <u>6,058</u>

6. <u>Litigation and Claims</u>:

Management has advised that there is no litigation pending against the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission at December 31, 2021.

7. Post-Employment Benefits:

The Commission does not provide any post-employment benefits; therefore, no disclosure for GASB 45 is required.

8. Retirement:

In January 2010, the Commission's board agreed to begin a SIMPLE IRA Retirement Plan. Full-time staff members (after 90 days of employment) qualify to participate in this program. For those employees participating in the plan, they can contribute either a percentage of their annual compensation or a specific dollar amount; neither method can exceed the maximum contribution amount set by law. The Commission will match their contribution up to 3% of the employee's annual compensation. This program will be subject to review prior to the beginning of each year. Cost to the Commission for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and 2019 were \$1,601, \$1,596 and \$1,564, respectively.

9. Receivables:

The following is a summary of receivables at December 31, 2021:

Class of Receivable

Taxes-

Hotel/Motel Tax

\$62,937

10. Long-Term Debt:

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Commission issued \$500,000 of Certificates of Indebtedness. All Certificates of Indebtedness were purchased by Sabine State Bank and Trust. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1, 2012 through March 2022. Principal payments are due on March 1 for the years 2013 through 2022. The future payments are as follows:

Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2022	\$ <u>60,000</u>	\$ <u>1,350</u>	\$ <u>61,350</u>		

11. Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated events through May 15, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available for issue. No items are reported as subsequent event.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Natchitoches Parish Tourist & Recreation Commission General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule December 31, 2021

	Budget							
								Variance- avorable
		Original		Final		Actual		nfavorable)
REVENUES:				<u> </u>		1100001	101	<u> </u>
Taxes-								
Hotel/Motel	\$	375,000	\$	495,000	\$	519,169	\$	24,169
Intergovernmental-		,				,		ĺ
State Funding		150,000		487,000		359,881		(127,119)
Local Grants		4,000		1,500		1,500		-
Miscellaneous		10,600		9,000		92,441		83,441
Total Revenues	\$	539,600	\$	992,500	\$	972,991	\$	(19,509)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current-								
Advertising	\$	175,000	\$	330,000	\$	341,293	\$	(11,293)
Personnel Expenses		175,000		190,000		185,089		4,911
Office and Postage		10,000		13,000		23,096		(10,096)
Insurance		10,000		9,000		13,943		(4,943)
Vehicle Mainteance		250		500		160		340
Computer Maintenence		2,000		3,000		3,061		(61)
Professional Dues		3,500		10,000		11,043		(1,043)
Repairs & Maintenance		1,000		3,000		7,232		(4,232)
Telephone		5,500		6,000		4,732		1,268
Professional Fees		16,500		14,250		15,000		(750)
Storage		2,050		2,050		2,040		10
Equipment Rental		6,000		6,000		5,487		513
Miscellaneous		10,230		-		47		(47)
Debt Service								,
Principal		55,000		60,000		50,000		10,000
Interest		5,725		4,000		3,800		200
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	477,755	<u>\$</u>	650,800	\$	666,023	<u>\$</u>	(15,223)
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	61,845	\$	341,700	\$	306,968	\$	(34,732)
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	***************************************	515,010		515,010		515,010		-
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$	576,855	\$	856,710	\$_	821,978	<u>\$</u>	(34,732)

Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Agency Head Name: Arlene Gould, Executive Director

<u>Purpose</u>	Amount
Salary	\$61,556
Benefits-Insurance	6,554
Benefits-Retirement	1,604
Benefits-Social Security	3,816
Benefits-Medicare	893
Travel	994
Total	\$ <u>75,417</u>

OTHER REPORTS/SCHEDULES

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

Mark D. Thomas, CPA – A Professional Corporation Roger M. Cunningham, CPA – A Professional Corporation Jessica H. Broadway, CPA – A Professional Corporation Ryan E. Todtenbier, CPA – A Professional Corporation 321 Bienville Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 (318) 352-3652 Fax (318) 352-4447 www.tcbtcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission 780 Front Street, Suite 100 Natchitoches, LA 71457

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, the financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission's (Commission) basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 25:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's
Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's

Natchitoches, Louisiana

May 15, 2022

Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission Schedule of Audit Results Year Ended December 31, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The following summarize the audit results:

- 1. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- 2. The audit disclosed no material weaknesses in internal control.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

II. FINDINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

None identified.

IV. PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None identified.

Certified Public Accountants

Eddie G. Johnson, CPA - A Professional Corporation (1927-1996)

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. The Natchitoches Parish Tourist Commission's (Commission) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Commission has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user for this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. We obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (or noted that the entity does not have any written policies and procedures), as applicable:
 - **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and
 procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections
 for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties,
 reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number
 sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation.)

- *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedule.
- *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. We obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent documents in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - Observed that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the General Fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
 - Obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.
 If the General Fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report,
 observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a
 formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. We obtained a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Management identified the entity's main operating account. We selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all if less than 5). We randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, and obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for the selected accounts, and observed that:
- Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within two months of the related statement closing date (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged);
- Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g. initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
- Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 4. We obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/check/money order (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. We obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site selected. We obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties were properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to
 the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for
 reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. We obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. We observed that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits were made on the same day). We obtained supporting documentation for each of the deposits selected and:

- We observed that receipts ae sequentially pre-numbered.
- We traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
- We traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- We observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- We traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Non-Payroll Disbursements – General (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. We obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of disbursement locations (up to five).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. We obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and we observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management's representation that the population is complete. We randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, and obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - We observed that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - We observed that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 11. We obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, we randomly selected the required amount of cards (up to five) that were used during the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly selected one monthly bank statement), and obtained supporting documentation, and:
 - We observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
 - We observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, we randomly selected the required amount transactions (up to ten) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions. For each transaction, we observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identified precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, we described the nature of the transaction and noted whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.
 - a) Procedure Results Not applicable, the Commission does not have any credit cards.

Travel and Expense Reimbursement

- 14. We obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. We randomly selected five reimbursements, and obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the five reimbursements selected:
 - If reimbursed using a per diem, we observed that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - If reimbursed using actual costs, we observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - We observed that each reimbursement was supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, we observed that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - We observed that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

- 15. We obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials, and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required amount of contracts (up to five) from the listing, excluding our contract, and:
 - We observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - We observed that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), we observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment was approval documented).
 - We randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the selected contracts, obtained the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observed that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. We obtained a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected five employees/officials, obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. We randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the five employees/officials selected under #16 above, we obtained attendance and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - We observed that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).
 - We observed that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - We observed that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - We observed that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found with the personnel file.
- 18. We obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. If applicable, we selected two employees or officials, and obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity policy on termination payments. If applicable, we agreed the hours to the employees or officials' cumulative leave records, and the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and the termination payment to entity policy.

- 19. We obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Ethics

- 20. Using the five randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained ethics compliance documentation from management, and:
 - We observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - We observed that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and
 official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as
 applicable.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Debt Service

- 21. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
- 22. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 23. We performed the following procedures:
 - We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical
 data (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for backing up critical data)
 and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on the physical
 medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), we observed that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its
 backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for
 testing/verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was
 successfully performed within the past 3 months.

- We obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected the required number of computers (at least 5) and observed while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- a) Procedure Results We noted not exceeptions.

Sexual Harassment

- 24. We randomly selected the employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 25. We observed that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedures on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 26. We obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.
 - a) Procedure Results We noted no exceptions.

We were engaged by the Commission to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Thomas, Curringham, Broadway + Soutenbier, CPA's

Thomas, Cunningham, Broadway & Todtenbier, CPA's Natchitoches, Louisiana

May 15, 2022