FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2020

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

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HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Honorable John D. McAdams, III, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order

to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, the schedule of funding progress, the schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and the schedules of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The schedules of compensation are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of compensation are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of compensation are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 14, 2021, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/ Hill, Inzina & Co.

May 14, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

As management of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2020. This discussion and analysis of management is designed to provide an objective and easy-to-read analysis of the Village's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances. It is also intended to provide readers with an analysis of the short-term and long-term activities of the Village based on information presented in the financial report and fiscal policies that have been adopted by the Village. Specifically, this section is designed to assist the readers in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (approved budget), and identify individual issues or concerns of individual funds.

As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this discussion and analysis of management should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The readers of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the footnotes and supplementary information that are provided in addition to this discussion and analysis of management.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements consist of the following components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements.
- 2. Fund financial statements.
- 3. Notes to financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, the Village also includes in a subsequent section of this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

1. Government-wide financial statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed by GASB Statement No. 34 to change the way in which government financial statements are presented. It now provides readers for the first time with a concise "entity-wide" statement of net position and statement of activities, seeking to give the users of the financial statements a broad overview of the Village's financial position and results of operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or weakening. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the Village would extend to other nonfinancial factors in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The statement of activities presents information detailing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of this statement is to show the financial reliance of the Village's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the citizenry of the Village.

The government-wide financial statements report governmental activities of the Village that are principally supported by tax revenues. Governmental activities include general administrative, sanitation, public safety (police), and public works (streets) services.

2. Fund financial statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Village as a whole with major funds being separately reported.

The Village has two types of funds:

- 1. The governmental fund is reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Village's governmental fund. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.
- 2. The proprietary fund is reported in the fund financial statements and generally reports services for which the Village charges customers a fee. The fund essentially encompasses the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the Village. Proprietary fund financial statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail.

As the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. A reconciliation from both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to the government-wide statements is provided to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

3. Notes to financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following provides a summary of the net position (in thousands of dollars) of the Village as of December 31:

		Governmental			Business-Type							
		Act	ivit	<u>ies</u>		Act	ies		Totals			
		<u>2020</u>		2019		<u>2020</u>		2019		<u>2020</u>		2019
Current and other assets	\$	1,060	\$	956	\$	300	\$	286	\$	1,360	\$	1,242
Capital assets		1,293	0	1,354	-	1,180		1,301		2,473	//	2,655
Total assets	\$	2,353	\$	2,310	\$	1,480	\$	1,587	\$	3,833	\$	3,897
Deferred outflows of												
resources	\$	34	\$	37	\$	37	\$	42	\$	71	\$	79
Other liabilities	\$	449	\$	438	\$	621	\$	547	\$	1,070	\$	985
Deferred inflows of												
resources	\$	148	\$	129	\$	1	\$	4	\$	149	\$	133
Net position:					3.0							.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Net investment in												
capital assets	\$	1,293	\$	1,368	\$	1,180	\$	1,401	\$	2,473	\$	2,769
Unrestricted (deficit)		497	5	465	(285)	(185)		212		280
	70.		99				1.6		50.		0)/	,
Total net position	\$	1,790	<u>\$</u>	1,833	<u>\$</u>	895	\$	1,216	\$	2,685	\$	3,049

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Village's financial position. The Village will use the unrestricted net position to meet the ongoing obligations to users of its services and creditors. By far the largest portion of the Village's net position as December 31, 2020 consisted of the investment in capital assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizenry; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The following summarizes the Village's net position changes (in thousands of dollars) between the two years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

		Govern		es		Busine Act		<u>es</u>			otal	_
Revenues:		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2019</u>
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	129	\$	109	\$	317	\$	298	\$	446	\$	407
Operating grants and	Ψ	12)	Ψ	107	Ψ	317	Ψ	270	Ψ	770	Ψ	407
contributions		_		_,		_		_		_		,
Capital grants and		_						-				
contributions		_		_		_		<u> 12</u>		_		<u> 22</u> V
General revenues:												
Taxes		446		403		78				446		403
Intergovernmental		15		31		-		400.44		15		31
Unrestricted		13		51						1.5		31
investment earnings		14		21		3		2		17		23
Special items:		1.1		21		5		_		17		23
Net gain on sale of												
capital assets		_		_		-		10		_		10
Operating transfers								10				10
in (out)		_	(30)				30		_		_
Total revenues and	11	5570		30)	1			30		2020		- SONE - ST
special items	\$	604	\$	534	\$	320	\$	340	\$	924	\$	874
special terms	Ψ	001	Ψ	331	Ψ	320	Ψ	510	Ψ	721	Ψ	0/1
Expenses:												
General government	\$	329	\$	304	\$	0=	\$		\$	329	\$	304
Public safety	-	187	-	187	-	0 =	-	-	-	187	~	187
Public works		4		9		0 =		±=		4		9
Depreciation		74		72		2 -		-		74		72
Water and sewer		_		-		493		478		493		478
Total expenses	\$	594	\$	572	\$	493	\$	478	\$	1,087	\$	1,050
rotur empenses	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	,,,,,	Ψ	1,0	Ψ	1,007	Ψ	1,000
Increase (decrease)												
in net positions	\$	10	\$(38)	\$(173)	\$(138)	\$(163)	\$(176)
•				,			0.30	· ×		. 20	7653	. ,
Net positions - beginning		1,780		1,818		1,068		1,216		2,848		3,034
			(1)			 	74	170			1.9	-
Net positions - ending	\$	1,790	\$	1,780	<u>\$</u>	895	\$	1,078	\$	2,685	\$	2,858

The Village's total revenues and the total cost of all programs and services increased by \$50,000 and \$37,000, respectively. The Village's expenses cover a range of services with the majority related to personnel costs.

Governmental Activities

General revenues are those available for the Village to pay for the governmental activities. For the year ended December 31, 2020, taxes were the largest general revenue source for the Village. Sales taxes were the largest individual tax revenue source.

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry. As a whole, they reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

Business-Type Activities

Charges for services of the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2020 increased \$19,000 from the previous year.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Fund

As of December 31, 2020, the Village's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$909,649, an increase of \$75,712 from \$833,937 as of December 31, 2019. The fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as unassigned as it is available for any purpose.

Budgetary Highlights

The Village made amendments to its General Fund budget for the year ended December 31, 2020. Actual revenues of the General Fund of \$602,363 exceeded budgeted revenues of \$570,000 by \$32,363. Actual expenditures of \$526,651 exceeded budgeted expenditures of \$517,200 by \$9,451 or 1.8%.

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2020, the Village had invested \$2.47 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, streets, and water and sewer systems. Only one piece of equipment was purchased during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Liabilities

Liabilities for both net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are reported in the Village's statement of net position for government wide activities as of December 31, 2020. Additional information about these liabilities are presented in the notes to financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Since March 2020, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus have triggered significant disruptions to businesses. The Village's future cash flows could be affected by the economic slowdown that has resulted from these measures. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic remains unclear as of the date of this report.

Total revenues in the Village's proposed budget for the General Fund for the year ending December 31, 2021 remained the same as the final totals budgeted for the year ended December 31, 2020 while budgeted expenditures were increased by \$51,640. A beginning fund balance of \$846,000 was included in the final 2020 budget while only \$833,937 was actually available.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's financial picture for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Clerk, P.O. Box 238, Mer Rouge, Louisiana 71261-0238.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

ASSETS	vernmental <u>Activities</u>	iness-Type ctivities	Totals
Cash Pooled deposits Certificates of deposit Receivables:	\$ 567,983 58,646 344,135	\$ 44,134 151,374	\$ 612,117 58,646 495,509
Property taxes Accounts Due from other funds Restricted assets:	6,067 - 82,401	18,532 59,853	6,067 18,532 142,254
Cash Certificates of deposit Capital assets:	-	8,227 17,000	8,227 17,000
Land Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total assets	\$ 74,583 1,218,695 2,352,510	\$ 20,110 1,160,019 1,479,249	\$ 94,693 2,378,714 3,831,759
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Resources related to pensions	\$ 33,919	\$ 37,229	\$ 71,148
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Payroll withholdings Due to other funds Payable from restricted assets:	\$ 18,053 5,470 48,305	\$ 101 100,699	\$ 18,053 5,571 149,004
Customers' deposits Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation Total liabilities	\$ 166,251 210,849 448,928	\$ 21,247 195,434 303,114 620,595	\$ 21,247 361,685 513,963 1,069,523

(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) December 31, 2020

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Governmenta <u>Activities</u>		<u>Totals</u>		
Property taxes Resources related to pensions Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION	\$ 77,75 69,94 \$ 147,69	1,108	\$ 77,755 71,049 \$ 148,804		
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position	\$ 1,293,27 496,52 \$ 1,789,80	(285,354)	\$ 2,473,407 211,173 \$ 2,684,580		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues					
					Ope	rating	Cap	ital
			C	harges for	Grar	nts and	Grant	ts and
		Expenses		Services	Contri	<u>butions</u>	Contril	outions
Functions/Programs:								
Governmental activities:								
Current:								
General government	\$	329,075	\$	114,975	\$	1111	\$	=0
Public safety		186,822		14,234		-		-2
Public works		3,591		= 0		7=0		-0
Depreciation		74,194		= 8				-8
Total governmental activities	\$	593,682	\$	129,209	\$	-	\$	= 0
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer		493,151		317,465		-		
	8	.,,,,,,,,,	-	217,100	0	10000	-	
Total government	\$	1,086,833	\$	446,674	\$		\$	-

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Franchise

Sales

Intergovernmental

Unrestricted investment earnings and

miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Changes in net positions

Net positions - beginning

Net positions - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	vernmental ctivities		siness-Type activities		<u>Totals</u>		
\$(((<u>(</u> \$(214,100) 172,588) 3,591) 74,194) 464,473)	\$ \$	- - -	\$((<u>(</u> \$(214,100) 172,588) 3,591) 74,194) 464,473)		
<u>\$(</u>	464,473)	_(_ \$(_	175,686) 175,686)	8			
\$	68,511 20,369 357,311 14,446	\$	- - -	\$	68,511 20,369 357,311 14,446		
<u> </u>	13,489	-	2,806	<u>-</u>	16,295		
\$	474,126	\$	2,806	\$	476,932		
\$	9,653	\$(172,880)	\$(163,227)		
	1,780,152	_	1,067,655	:	2,847,807		
\$	1,789,805	\$	894,775	<u>\$</u>	2,684,580		

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND December 31, 2020

ASSETS

Cash	\$	567,983
Pooled deposits		58,646
Certificates of deposit		344,135
Property taxes receivable		6,067
Due from other funds		82,401
Due from other failed	· ·	02,101
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,059,232
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	18,053
Payroll withholdings and accruals		5,470
Due to other funds		48,305
Total liabilities	\$	71,828
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property taxes		77,755
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned	_	909,649
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
resources, and fund balance	\$	1,059,232

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues:		
Taxes	\$	446,191
Licenses and permits		76,665
Intergovernmental		14,446
Fees, charges, and commissions for services		38,310
Fines and forfeitures		14,234
Interest and miscellaneous	0	12,517
Total revenues	\$	602,363
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	\$	308,649
Public safety		199,640
Public works		3,591
Capital outlay	Vi	14,771
Total expenditures	\$	526,651
Net change in fund balance	\$	75,712
Fund balance - beginning		833,937
Fund balance - ending	\$	909,649

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

Total fund balance - governmental fund balance sheet	\$	909,649
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		1,293,278
Net pension liability does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(202,273)
Contributions to the OPEB obligation are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, these amounts are reported as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the governmental activities.		210,849)
Total net position of governmental activities - government-wide statement of net position	<u>\$</u>	1,789,805

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES December 31, 2020

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	75,712
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statement of activities are different because:		
The governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$74,194) exceeded capital outlays (\$14,771) in the current period.	(59,423)
Proportionate share of non-employer contributions to pension plans do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		972
Governmental funds report current year pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, these contributions are reported as deferred inflows of resources and the proportionate share of the plans' pension expense is reported as such.		27,110
OPEB obligations reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		34,718)
Changes in net position of governmental activities - government-wide statement of activities	\$	9,653

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND December 31, 2020

ASSETS

Special to the state of the sta		
Current assets:	Φ.	44404
Cash	\$	44,134
Certificates of deposit		151,374
Accounts receivable		18,532
Due from other funds		59,853
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		0.227
Cash		8,227
Certificates of deposit		17,000
Capital assets:		20.110
Land		20,110
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	1,160,019
Total assets	\$	1,479,249
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Resources related to pensions	\$	37,229
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Payroll withholdings	\$	101
Due to other funds	4	100,699
Payable from restricted assets:		,
Customers' deposits		21,247
Total current liabilities	\$	122,047
	407 	
Long-term liabilities:		
Net pension	\$	195,434
Net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligation		303,114
Total long-term liabilities	\$	498,548
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Resources related to pensions	\$	1,108
		(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND (Continued) December 31, 2020

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,180,129
Unrestricted (deficit)	 285,354)
Total net position	\$ 894,775

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Operating revenues:		
Water and sewer fees	\$	311,012
Miscellaneous	e	6,453
Total operating revenues	\$	317,465
On anoting asymptotics		
Operating expenses:	Φ.	110.017
Depreciation	\$	110,017
Insurance		59,759
Office		1,600
Other		5,206
Repairs and maintenance		97,850
Retirement		31,085
Salaries		100,933
Supplies		17,336
Taxes - payroll		7,921
Utilities and fuel	n	21,117
Total operating expenses	\$	452,824
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$(</u>	135,359)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest	\$	2,806
Net OPEB adjustment	(40,327)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$(37,521)
Change in net position	\$(172,880)
Net position - beginning		1,067,655
Net position - ending	<u>\$</u>	894,775

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	317,465
Payments to suppliers	(210,207)
Payments to employees	_(_	100,933)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	6,325
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED BY) INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of certificates of deposit	(2,353)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital assets reclassified by prior period adjustment		11,100
Net increase in cash	\$	15,072
Cash - beginning	19	37,289
Cash - ending	\$	52,361
	(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND (Continued) As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$(135,359)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		110,017
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		4,778
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(363)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		5,490
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(11,100)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		17
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		36,322
Increase (decrease) in liabilities payable from restricted assets	(280)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(3,454)
Other	-	257
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	6,325

VILLAGE OF MER ROUGE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), operates under a mayor-board of aldermen form of government in accordance with the provisions of the Lawrason Act. Citizens elect the mayor (at large) and three council members (by districts) who are each compensated. The Village is located in northeast Louisiana, its population is approximately 600, and it employs approximately 10 people. As of December 31, 2020, the Village services approximately 380 utility customers and maintains approximately three miles of streets.

The Village provides general administrative, public safety (police), public works (streets), and utility services.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of these statements, the Village is considered a primary government, as it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statements No. 14 and 39, fiscally independent means that the Village may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. the ability of the municipality to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the municipality.
- 2. Organizations for which the municipality does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the municipality.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the criteria, the Village has determined that Sewer District No. 1 of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana, is a component unit of the reporting entity. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the primary government (the Village) and its component unit. The component unit is reported as part of the municipality and blended with the appropriate municipality funds.

Component units that are legally separate from the municipality, but are so intertwined with the municipality that they are, in substance, the same as the municipality are blended component units. For a component unit to be blended, the organization's board and the municipality must be substantively the same, or the organization must provide services entirely or almost entirely to the municipality.

Considered also in the determination of component units of the reporting entity were Sixth Ward Fire Protection District No. 1 of Morehouse Parish, Louisiana, and Mer Rouge Volunteer Fire Department. It was determined that this governmental and volunteer entity, respectively, are not component units of the Village's reporting entity.

The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Village as a whole. The statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (a) charges for services which include licenses, permits, fees, fines, forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Village's services; (b) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities; and (c) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The financial statements of the Village are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassifications or eliminations of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include services provided to Village departments. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary fund financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and water and sewer fees. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in the proprietary fund financial statement includes revenues and expenses related to primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for the proprietary fund are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues are classified as nonoperating in the financial statement.

Fund Types and Major Funds:

The Village reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - the general operating fund of the Village and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - accounts for operations where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Board of Aldermen adopted annual budgets for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund on December 10, 2019. The annual budgets were prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by the funds. The Village Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated must be approved by the Board of Aldermen. Amendments were made to both budgets on December 8, 2020 and the budgetary comparison schedule, included as supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements, includes the original and final budgeted amounts of the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Certificates of Deposit:

Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposits. Under state law, the Village may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

State law and the Village's investment policy allow the Village to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

Certificates of deposit and pooled deposits of the Village are reported at cost, which approximates market value.

Receivables:

Significant receivables include property taxes and amounts due from customers for utility services. Un-billed utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered from the last date prior to the end of the fiscal year that meters were read to the end of the fiscal year are considered immaterial in amount and are not included in the amounts recorded as due from utility customers.

Uncollectible Allowance:

The statements contain no provision for uncollectible accounts. Village management is of the opinion that such allowance would be immaterial in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Restricted Assets/Liabilities:

Meter deposits collected from utility customers are restricted to payment of amounts owed to the Village and/or refunded to the customer upon the customer no longer utilizing the system.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Interfund Transactions:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements and other miscellaneous receivables/payables outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as due to/from other funds (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) in the fund financial statements.

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity that are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis are reported as transfers between funds of the reporting entity.

Interfund transactions are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements while all are reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets and Depreciation:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and water and sewer system), with useful lives of more than one year are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All other infrastructure assets (e.g., bridges, drainage systems, and similar items) are considered fully depreciated by the Village and are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building improvements	20 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15 years
Streets	40 years
Water and sewer system	20 - 40 years

Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System and the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System (the "Plans"), and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expenditure until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Village's deferred outflows and deferred inflows are resources related to pensions.

Compensated Absences:

Allowable annual vacation and sick leave is prescribed by municipal ordinance, based on length of continuous employment by the Village, accrued on an employment anniversary basis, and accrued to specified maximums.

The Village's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follows:

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employee for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following approaches:

- An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

No liability existed as of December 31, 2020 for accrued compensated absences resulting from unused vacation time at the end of the year and no liability was recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Compensated absences are paid from the fund responsible for the employee's compensation.

Equity Classifications:

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and classified into two components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. Unrestricted consists of all other assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as unassigned fund balance. These statements provide more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the Village's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- 1. Nonspendable amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- 2. Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- 3. Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Village itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint;
- 4. Assigned amounts that the Village intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- 5. Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Revenue Recognition - Property and Sales/Use Taxes:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied by the Village in September or October, are actually billed to the taxpayers in November, and are due and payable on or before December 31 of the same year or the unpaid taxes become delinquent. The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Morehouse Parish. The Village's property tax revenues are recognized as deferred revenue when levied.

Sales/use taxes collected and held by other governments at year end on behalf of the Village and those collected by other governments and remitted to the Village within 60 days after December 31 for preceding months are recognized as revenue. The sales/use taxes are collected by Morehouse Sales and Use Tax Commission and remitted to the Village.

Note 2. Cash and Deposits

The following is a summary of cash and deposits of the Village as of December 31, 2020:

Non-pooled deposits:	
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 619,944
Time deposits	512,509
Petty cash	400
Pooled deposits	 58,646
	\$ 1,191,499

Under state law, the deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held jointly in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank and the Village in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

As of December 31, 2020, the Village had \$1,156,212 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits were secured from risk by \$500,000 of federal deposit insurance and \$656,212 of pledged securities held by the counterparty's trust department or its agent in the Village's name.

There were no repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2020.

Note 3. Property and Sales Taxes

For the year ended December 31, 2020, property taxes of 10.89 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$7,140,056 as follows:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
	<u>Millage</u>	Millage	Date
General corporate purposes	7.00	7.13	Perpetual
Streets	3.66	3.76	2021

The following are the principal property taxpayers for the Village:

	Percentage of				
	Assessed Total Assessed Proper			roperty	
Taxpayer	15	Valuation	Valuation	Tax	Revenue
Kennedy Rice Dryers, LLC	\$	1,219,038	17.1%	\$	13,275
Nutrien Ag Solutions Inc.		574,155	8.0%		6,253
Goldman Equipment LLC		461,340	6.5%		5,024
Greenpoint Ag, LLC		448,284	6.3%		4,882
Mer Rouge State Bank		316,930	4.4%		3,451

Total property taxes levied were \$77,755. As of December 31, 2020, property taxes receivable was \$6,067.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, sales and use taxes of 2% were levied for police protection and any and all other useful corporate purposes. These taxes will expire June 30, 2024.

Note 4. Restricted Assets and Liabilities Payable from Same

Restricted assets of \$25,227 of the Water and Sewer Fund consists of meter deposits collected from utility customers. A related liability of \$21,247 has been recorded for the payment of amounts that will be owed to the Village and/or refunded to customers upon the customers no longer utilizing the system.

Note 5. Interfund Payables

Interfund payables reported in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2020 are out of balance by \$6,750, an amount related to the net pension liability that was recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund's financial statements but only required to be reported in the government-wide financial statements of the General Fund.

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 for the Village is as follows:

Governmental activities:	J	Balance January 1, 2020	<u>Ir</u>	ncreases	c	eclassifi- cations/ ecreases	Balance December 31, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	<u>\$</u>	74,583	<u>\$</u>	=>	<u>\$</u>	\$	74,583
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	417,932	\$	-	\$	- \$	417,932
Equipment and vehicles		488,392		14,771	(25,974)	477,189
Streets and sidewalks	_1	,143,234		=		-	1,143,234
Total capital assets being							
depreciated	<u>\$2</u>	,049,558	\$	14,771	<u>\$(</u>	25,974)\$	52,038,355
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	\$	214,839	\$	11,567	\$	- \$	226,406
Equipment and vehicles		369,457		34,046	(24,243)	379,260
Streets and sidewalks		185,413		28,581		-	213,994
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	769,709	\$	74,194	<u>\$(</u>	24,243)\$	819,660
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	<u>\$1</u>	,279,849	<u>\$(</u>	59,423)	\$(1,731)\$	51,218,695

	Balance		Reclassifi-	Balance
	January		cations/	December
	1, 2020	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	31, 2020
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 20,110	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,110
Construction in progress	11,100	<u>-</u> x	(11,100)
Total business-type assets not	85	8	8	1 #J
being depreciated	\$ 31,210	\$ -	<u>\$(11,100</u>	<u>)\$ 20,110</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:	#2.55 (20)	•	•	#2.55 (20 (
Water and sewer systems	\$3,576,396	\$ -	\$ -	\$3,576,396
Buildings	40,459		=	40,459
Equipment and vehicles	67,500	-2	-	67,500
Total capital assets being			100	
depreciated	\$3,684,355	\$ -	\$ -	\$3,684,355
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water and sewer systems	\$2,343,432	\$ 105,163	¢	\$2,448,595
Buildings	10,754	1,012		11,766
, and the second	60,133	3,842		4000
Equipment and vehicles		-	-00	63,975
Total accumulated depreciation	\$2,414,319	\$ 110,017	3 -	\$2,524,336
Total business-type assets being				
depreciated, net	\$1,270,036	\$ 110,017	S -	\$1,160,019
aspisoiatea, not	ψ <u>1,</u> 2/0,000	Ψ 110,017	= =====================================	\$1,100,017

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities of \$74,194 is reported separately in the statement of activities in that the expense essentially serves all functions.

Note 7. Pension Plans and Other Pension Liabilities

The Village's employees are provided with benefits through the following multipleemployer cost-sharing plans:

- Municipal Employees Retirement System (Plan A) ("MERS") provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns, and cities within the state that do not have their own retirement system and have elected to become members of the system.
- o Municipal Police Employees Retirement System ("MPERS") provides retirement benefits to municipal police officers.

General Information About the Plans:

- o MERS membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership, with exceptions outlined in the Louisiana Revised Statutes. The Village participates in Plan A and provides retirement benefits to any member of Plan A who was hired before January 1, 2013 meeting one of the following criteria:
 - Any age with 25 or more years of creditable service
 - Age 60 with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service
 - Any age with 5 years of creditable service for disability benefits
 - Survivor's benefits require 5 years of creditable service at death of member
 - Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

For members hired after January 1, 2013, benefits are provided to any member of Plan A meeting one of the following criteria:

- Age 67 with 7 or more years of creditable service
- Age 62 with 10 or more years of creditable service
- Age 55 with 30 or more years of creditable service
- Any age with 25 years of service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave, with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly retirement allowance for any member of Plan A consists of an amount equal to 3% of the member's monthly average final compensation times years of creditable service. Survivor, death, and disability benefits are also provided under the plan.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During such period, employer contributions continue but employee contributions cease. Monthly benefits that the member would have received during the DROP period are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation, based on the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. No cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment has been terminated for at least one full year.

The plan receives ad valorem and state revenue sharing funds as employer contributions and those amounts are considered support from nonemployer contributing entities, but are not considered as special funding situations. Nonemployer contributions are recognized as revenues and excluded from pension expense in the government-wide financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the actual employer contribution rate varied between 27.75% and 29.5%, which is calculated on an actuarial basis each year. Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.50% to 10% of their annual covered salary. Contributions to the System also include 1/4 of 1% (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The Village's contributions to the System under Plan A for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018 were \$42,823, \$38,455, and \$35,454 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

- MPERS membership is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the state and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, provided that the officer is not required to pay Social Security, and otherwise meets statutory criteria. For members hired before January 1, 2013, the plan provides retirement benefits to any member who has:
 - 25 years of creditable service, or
 - 20 years of creditable service who has attained age 50, or
 - 12 years of service who has attained age 55, or
 - 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3 1/3 % of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months) times the number of years' service, not to exceed 100% of final salary.

For members hired after January 1, 2013, benefits are based on the Hazardous Duty sub-plan or the Nonhazardous Duty sub-plan. Under the Hazardous Duty sub-plan, a member is eligible for benefits after:

- 25 years of creditable service at any age, or
- 12 years of creditable service at age 55.

Under the Nonhazardous Duty sub-plan, a member is eligible for benefits after:

- 30 years of creditable service at any age, or
- 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or
- 10 years of creditable service at age 60.

Under both sub-plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Benefit rates are 3% and 2 ½%, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months) times the number of years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of final salary.

The plan also provides survivor, death, and disability benefits.

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During such period, both employer and employee contributions cease. Monthly benefits that the member would have received during the DROP period are paid into the DROP fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation, based on the actual rate of return less one-half percentage point on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. No cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment has been terminated for at least one full year.

Contributions by employers are actuarially determined by law, but cannot be less than 9% of compensation excluding overtime, but including state supplemental pay. For the year ended December 31, 2020, employer contributions ranged from 32.5% to 33.75% for employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 and for Hazardous Duty employees hired after January 1, 2013. For Nonhazardous Duty employees hired after January 1, 2013, employer contributions were 32.5%.

The plan also receives insurance premium tax monies appropriated by the state legislature as additional employer contributions and considered support from a nonemployer contributing entity, but not considered a special funding situation.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary. The Village's contributions to the System for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018 were \$8,873, \$0, and \$15,984, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:

As of December 31, 2020, the Village reported a total of \$361,611 for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the plans, as follows:

MERS	\$ 332,202
MPERS	 29,409
	\$ 361,611

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on projections of the Village's long-term share of contributions to the plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Village's proportions of each plan were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
MERS	.08%	.08%
MPERS	.00%	.01%

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense as follows:

MERS	\$ 57,196
MPERS	 23,834)
	\$ 33,362

In addition, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources:	<u>M</u>	ERS	MF	PERS	<u>To</u>	<u>otals</u>
Changes in proportion Changes in assumptions	\$	2,275 5,590	\$	3,335 699	\$	5,610 6,289
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual		154		Ξ		154
earnings on pension plan investments Village's contributions		33,149		3,528		36,677
subsequent to the measurement date	-	22,114		5,679	Ų .	27,793
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	63,282	<u>\$</u>	13,241	\$	76,523
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Changes in proportion Changes in assumptions Differences between expected	\$	-	\$	67,282 726	\$	67,282 726
and actual experience	.	1,883		1,158		3,041
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	1,883	<u>\$</u>	69,166	<u>\$</u>	71,049

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2021	\$(9,157
2022	(15,374
2023	(3,315
2024	5,526
Total	\$(22,320

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liabilities in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	<u>MERS</u>	<u>MPERS</u>
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	6.4% for 1-4 years of	vary from 12.3% for
	service and 4.5%	1-2 years of service to
	above 4 years	4.75% above 2 years
Investment rate of return	6.95%	6.95%
Actuarial cost method	entry age normal	entry age normal
Expected remaining service lives	3 years	4 years

Mortality rates for MERS were based on the PubG - 2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table for active members and PubNS - 2010(B) for disabled retirees. Mortality rate assumptions for MERS were based on experience studies performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Mortality rates for MPERS were based on the Pub-2010 Employee Table for active members, Healthy Annuitant Table for healthy annuitants, and Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for disabled annuitants. Mortality rate assumptions for MPERS were based on experience studies performed on plan data for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019.

The investment rates of return were determined based on expected cash flows which assume that contributions from plan members will be made at current contribution rates and that contributions from the Village will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Louisiana Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (the "System"), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the investment rate of return on plan investments was applied as the discount rate to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Arithmetic Real Rates of Return for Each Major Asset Class:

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the following summarizes real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plans' target asset allocation:

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
MERS:		
Public equity	53%	2.33%
Public fixed income	38%	1.67%
Alternatives	9%	0.40%
Totals	<u>100%</u>	<u>4.4%</u>
MPERS:		
Equity	48.5%	3.08%
Fixed income	33.5%	0.54%
Alternatives	18%	1.02%
Other	_0%	0.0%
Totals	<u>100%</u>	4.64%

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Shares of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Village's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities of the plans, calculated using the discount rates as shown above, as well as what the Village's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease	(Current	1	% Increase
MERS (current rate 6.95%)	\$	432,159	\$	332,202	\$	247,685
MPERS (current rate 6.95%)	-	41,317	-	29,409	-	19,455
Totals	\$	473,476	<u>\$</u>	361,611	\$	267,140

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separate issued financial statements of the plans.

Note 8. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

Plan Description:

The Village provides certain continuing health care insurance benefits for its eligible retired employees. The Village's OPEB plan (the "plan") is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. The authority to establish and /or amend the obligation of the employer, employees, and retirees rests with the Village. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P52 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Reporting for Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria - Defined Benefit.

Contributions and Benefits:

Retirees at age 60 with 20 years of service or 25 years of service without regard to age are eligible to participate in the Village's healthcare plan. Benefits are provided through a Blue Cross Blue Shield medical plan to age 65. A Medicare supplement plan is provided beginning at age 65 through AARP. The Village contributes 100% of the cost of current year premiums for eligible retired employees.

Benefit provisions are established by the Village. Coverage is provided for the life of the retiree.

As of December 31, 2020, six active employees and two retired employees were currently receiving benefit payments.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

Balance - January 1, 2020	\$	438,918
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$	11,964
Interest		18,347
Differences between expected and actual experience	(35,848)
Changes in assumptions		87,381
Benefit payments	_(_	6,799)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	75,045
Net OPEB obligation - December 31, 2020	<u>\$</u>	513,963

As of December 31, 2020, \$210,849 and \$303,114 of the obligation are reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, in the government-wide financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality assumption for the valuation was updated using the RPH-2014 Total table with Projection MP-2020. The annual medical trend rate was lowered from 5.0% to 4.5%. The discount rate was also lowered from 4.10% to 2.12% to conform with the discount selection requirements of GASB 75.

The data used in the roll forward of the December 31, 2018 valuation results remain unchanged from that used in the 2018 GASB 75 actuarial report. The data reflects the plan census as of December 31, 2018.

It is the actuary's understanding that no significant changes were made in the plan eligibility or plan provisions since the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuations.

The Village reported \$6,799 in direct contributions made for retirees for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios:

	Year Ended December 31,						
	202	20	2019		2018		
Service cost	\$ 11	,964 \$	11,964	\$	11,493		
Interest	18	,347	16,942		16,509		
Experience (gain) loss	(35,	,845)	-		-		
Assumption changes	87,	381	= 6.		10 11		
Benefit payments	(6,	799) (6,415)	(5,488)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	438	,918	416,427	3	393,913		
Total OPEB liability - ending of year	513	,963	438,918	4	116,427		
Covered payroll	218	,381	211,432	2	211,432		
Net OPEB liability as percentage of payroll	235.	35%	207.59%	1	96.96%		

As this is the third year of the implementation of GASB 75, only three years are available for the required ten-year schedule.

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability:

		6 Decrease	No	Change	1% Increase	
Healthcare cost trend rates (4.5%)	\$	426,780	\$	513,963	\$	626,506
Discount rate (2.12%)	\$	442,161	\$	513,963	\$	602,684

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions/inputs	\$	76,164	\$(31,246)	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	76,164	<u>\$(</u>	31,246)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2021	\$ 6,615
2022	6,615
2023	6,615
2024	6,615
2025	6,615
Thereafter	11,843
Total	<u>\$ 44,918</u>

Note 9. Contingencies and Risk Management

As of December 31, 2020, there was no pending or threatening litigation involving the Village.

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. There were no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior fiscal years.

The Village occasionally participates in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Village has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of Village management, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Note 11. Subsequent Events

Since March 2020, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus have triggered significant disruptions to businesses. The Village's future cash flows could be affected by the economic slowdown that has resulted from these measures. The Village has determined that the impact of COVID-19 is a non-adjusting subsequent event. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, have not been adjusted to reflect this potential impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic remains unclear at this time.

Subsequent events were evaluated through May 14, 2021, which is the day the financial statements were available to be issued.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual					Final Fa	ance with Budget - vorable avorable)	
Revenues:	0	411 000	0	127.000	Ф	446 101	Ф	0.101
Taxes	\$	411,000	\$	437,000	\$	446,191	\$	9,191
Licenses and permits		96,000		69,000		76,665		7,665
Intergovernmental		20,000		15,000		14,446	(554)
Fees, charges, and				• • • • • •				
commissions for services		22,000		21,000		38,310		17,310
Fines and forfeitures		11,000		14,000		14,234		234
Interest and miscellaneous	-	21,000		14,000	1/2	12,517		1,483)
Total revenues	\$	581,000	\$	570,000	\$	602,363	\$	32,363
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	\$	314,282	\$	307,200	\$	308,649	\$(1,449)
Public safety		178,694		202,000		199,640	F (6)	2,360
Public works		1,000		1,000		3,591	(2,591)
Capital outlay		_,		7,000		14,771	ì	7,771)
Total expenditures	\$	493,976	\$	517,200	\$	526,651	\$(9,451)
Total expenditures	Ψ	773,770	Ψ	317,200	Ψ	320,031	Ψ(7,731)
Net change in fund balance	\$	87,024	\$	52,800	\$	75,712	\$	22,912
Fund balance - beginning	95 	865,180		846,000	_	833,937		12,063)
Fund balance - ending	\$	952,204	\$	898,800	\$	909,649	\$	10,849

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN December 31, 2020

		(b)				((b-a)/c)
	(a)	Actuarial	(b-a)			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded	(a/b)	(c)	Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	<u>Assets</u>	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/20	\$ -	\$ 513,963	\$ 513,963	0%	\$ 218,381	0%
12/31/19	=	438,918	438,918	0%	211,432	0%
12/31/18	=	416,427	416,427	0%	211,432	0%
12/31/17	=	872,339	872,339	0%	206,982	0%
12/31/16	-	872,339	872,339	0%	196,490	0%
12/31/15	tam.	624,563	624,563	0%	189,488	0%
12/31/14	-	624,563	624,563	0%	185,998	0%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

			Percentage of	
Fiscal			Annual	Net
Year Ended	Annual	Amount	OPEB Cost	OPEB
December 31,	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Contributed	Obligation
2020	\$ 36,926	\$ 6,799	18.41%	\$ 513,963
2019	28,906	6,415	22.19%	438,918
2018	28,002	5,488	19.59%	416,427
2017	83,721	5,874	7.02%	321,693
2016	81,237	5,488	6.76%	243,846
2015	64,069	6,124	9.56%	168,097
2014	61,604	5,998	9.74%	110,152

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2015	<u>2014</u>
Proportion of net pension liability	.08%	.08%	.08%	.07%	.07%	.07%	.07%
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$332,202	\$317,791	\$313,843	\$304,959	\$ 281,027	\$ 243,207	\$ 169,324
Covered employees' payroll	\$146,861	\$140,787	\$ 138,380	\$ 131,295	\$ 122,481	\$ 116,201	\$ 110,843
Proportionate share of net pen- sion liability as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	226.20%	225.72%	226.80%	232.27%	229.45%	209.30%	152.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	64.52%	64.68%	66.94%	62.49%	62.11%	66.18%	73.99%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 40,754	\$ 36,604	\$ 34,239	\$ 30,238	\$ 24,503	\$ 23,191	\$ 20,783
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	40,754	36,604	34,239	30,238	24,503	23,191	20,783
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -:	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>
Coveredemployees' payroll	\$146,861	\$140,787	\$138,380	\$131,295	\$122,481	\$116,201	\$110,843
Contribution as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	27.75%	26.00%	24.75%	23.03%	20.01%	19.96%	18.75%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Proportion of net pension liability	.00%	.00%	.02%	.02%	.02%	.02%	.02%
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$29,409	\$79,610	\$ 144,311	\$ 133,968	\$ 163,574	\$ 141,058	\$ 116,688
Covered employees' payroll	\$ 9,970	\$25,373	\$ 47,306	\$ 43,594	\$ 42,888	\$ 42,581	\$ 41,746
Proportionate share of net pen- sion liability as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	294.97%	313.76%	305.06%	307.31%	381.40%	331.27%	279.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	70.94%	71.00%	71.89%	70.08%	66.04%	66.18%	75.10%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31

		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,194 \$	8,183	5 15,491 \$	5 14,545	\$ 14,422	\$ 14,817	\$ 14,921
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution		3,194	8,183	15,491	14,545	14,422	14,817	14,921
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	- \$	<u> - \$</u>	- \$	_	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employees' payroll	\$	9,970 \$	5 25,373 \$	5 47,306 S	5 43,594	\$ 42,888	\$ 42,581	\$ 41,746
Contribution as a percentage of covered employees' payroll	1	32.50%	32.25%	32.75%	33.36%	33.63%	34.80%	35.74%



SCHEDULE OF MAYOR'S AND ALDERMEN'S COMPENSATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The schedule of compensation paid to the mayor and aldermen is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the board members is included in the general government expenditures of the General Fund. The mayor and aldermen receive compensation pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute 404.1.

Name and Title	Compensation	
John D. McAdams, III, Mayor	\$	11,742
Allen Spires, Jr., Mayor Pro-Tem		2,549
Bernie D. Turner, Alderman		1,854
Jeff Dixon, Alderman		206
Richard Blackwell, Alderman		2,060
Total mayor's and aldermen's compensation	\$	18,411

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Agency Head Name: John D. McAdams, III, Mayor

Purpose	Amounts		
Salary	\$	11,742	
Benefits - insurance		403	
Benefits - retirement	5	3,361	
Total compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head	\$	15,506	

HILL, INZINA & COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable John D. McAdams, III, Mayor, and Members of the Board of Aldermen Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 14, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct , misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significance deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-1, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village's Response to Finding

The Village's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Village's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the council members, others within the Village, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

/s/ Hill, Inzina & Co.

May 14, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS WITH MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Village of Mer Rouge, Louisiana (the "Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 14, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2020 resulted in an unmodified opinion.

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Internal Control

	Significant Deficient	ncies	⊠ Yes	□ No	Material Weaknesses	□ Yes	⊠ No
C	ompliance Material to Financi	al State	ements	□ Yes	⊠ No		
	S	Section	II - Fina	ancial St	ratement Findings		
Inadequate Segregation of Duties (initial citing as of the for the two years December 31, 1987)						ended	
	Criteria:	Adeq struct	_	regation	of duties is essential to a proper	internal co	ontrol
	Condition:	The s	_	ion of du	ities is inadequate to provide e	ffective in	iternal
	Cause:	The c	ondition	n is due	to economic limitations.		
	Effect:	Not d	letermin	ied.			
	Recommendation:	No ac	ction is 1	recomme	ended.		

Management's response and planned corrective action:

We concur with the finding but it is not economically feasible for corrective action to be taken.

Section III - Management Letter

None issued.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section II- Financial Statement Findings

2019-1 Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Adequate segregation of duties is essential to a proper internal control structure.

Unresolved - 2020-1.

Section III- Management Letter

None issued.