

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022



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A Professional Accounting Corporation

Independent Auditors' Report

Board Members Orleans Parish School Board New Orleans, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orleans Parish School Board (the School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Total Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the School Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for the Retirement Systems, the Schedule of Employer Contributions to the Retirement Systems, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Major Governmental Funds, and the related notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information and comparing the information for consistency with management about the methods of preparing the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, including the Combining and Individual Non-Major Fund Financial Statements, the Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to the Superintendent, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, accompanying supplementary information and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2022, on our consideration of the Orleans Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Orleans Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Orleans Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Postlethinite & Nesterille

Baton Rouge, Louisiana December 30, 2022 **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART I)**

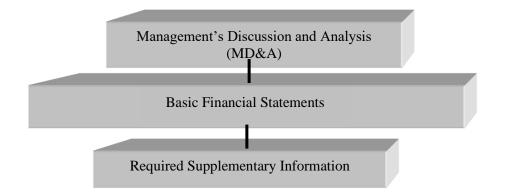
The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Orleans Parish School Board's financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Orleans Parish School Board's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with the prior year's information (where available).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position for governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, has been restated for previously reported capital assets placed in service in prior years that were not accurately depreciated. Governmental activities net position was decreased by \$23.9 million. See additional discussion regarding the prior period restatement in Note 17 to the financial statements.
- As of June 30, 2022, governmental activities net position was \$1.65 billion, which increased by \$93.5 million (6.0%). Business-type activities net position was \$112.3 million, which decreased by \$9.1 million (7.5%).
- As of June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board reported a consolidated net position of \$1.76 billion, which is an increase of \$84.3 million (5.0%) from the restated June 30, 2021, balance of \$1.68 billion.
- As of June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board reported a General Fund, fund balance of \$82.9 million. This represents an increase of \$31.0 million (59.7%) from the June 30, 2021, balance of \$51.9 million.
- Ad valorem tax revenues totaled \$186.5 million, which represents a decrease of \$2.1 million (-1.1%) from the prior year.
- Sales tax revenues totaled \$163.4 million, an increase of \$40.3 million (32.7%) as business conditions improved following the loosening of COVID-19 restrictions.
- Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding from the state of Louisiana, an unrestricted block grant determined by a complex four-tiered formula, totaled \$205.6 million, an increase of \$4.3 million (2.1%) from the prior year.
- As of June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board reported total long-term debt of \$66.7 million, comprised of (1) other postemployment benefit obligations totaling \$6.4 million; (2) net pension liability of \$19.8 million; (3) compensated absences of \$1.0 million; and (4) claims payable totaling \$39.5 million.
- As of June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board had net capital assets (book value less accumulated depreciation) of \$1.53 billion.
- Expenditures for capital assets totaled \$20.8 million in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. A total of \$60.0 million was recognized as donated assets from the Recovery School District for ongoing construction projects and from unwinding a tax credit entity.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for special purpose governments engaged in governmental activities established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section 2200.102.



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

These financial statements consist of four sections: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements, including the notes to the financial statements, (3) required supplementary information, and (4) an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Orleans Parish School Board's finances in a manner similar to private-sector for-profit businesses.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Orleans Parish School Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Orleans Parish School Board is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods. (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements present activities of the Orleans Parish School Board that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) as well as business-type activities, which are business-like in nature and primarily supported by user fees and charges for services. The governmental activities of the Orleans Parish School Board include services for students with special needs, district-wide enrollment, charter school portfolio innovation and accountability, and school support, in addition to various ancillary executive and administrative services. The Orleans Parish School Board's business-type activities include leasing office space and tax credit financing activities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over the resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Orleans Parish School Board, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Orleans Parish School Board can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources available* at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial statements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Orleans Parish School Board's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Orleans Parish School Board maintains dozens of individual governmental funds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fund financial statements (continued)

Governmental funds (continued)

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the general fund and two other major funds.

The remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the label of Nonmajor Governmental funds, which contains all nonmajor funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The Orleans Parish School Board adopts annual appropriated budgets for the general fund and all special revenue funds. Annual operating budgets are not adopted for capital projects funds or debt service funds. As such, a budget to actual comparison schedule was not prepared for the capital projects and debt service funds.

Proprietary funds - Services for which the Orleans Parish School Board charges a fee are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financial information.

The Orleans Parish School Board uses internal service funds to report its fully insured employee and retiree health care activities and workers' compensation and uses enterprise funds to report its business-type activities.

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of outside parties; the Orleans Parish School Board has one fiduciary fund, a custodial fund.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS: STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Government	tal Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Totals			
	2022	2021 Restated	2022		2021		2022	2021 Restated		
Cash, investments, and other assets	\$ 237,520,921	\$ 166,576,122	\$	110,959,584	\$	115,899,872	\$ 348,480,505	\$ 282,475,994		
Capital assets	1,525,147,959	1,486,887,798		6,058,821		6,222,749	1,531,206,780	1,493,110,547		
Total assets	1,762,668,880	1,653,463,920		117,018,405		122,122,621	1,879,687,285	1,775,586,541		
Deferred Outflows of resources	12,273,496	12,820,423		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	12,273,496	12,820,423		
Other liabilities	35,394,452	10,610,568		4,726,734		677,666	40,121,186	11,288,234		
Long-term liabilities	66,653,872	82,648,076		36,572		47,786	66,690,444	82,695,862		
Total liabilities	102,048,324	93,258,644		4,763,306		725,452	106,811,630	93,984,096		
Deferred Inflows of resources	25,216,788	18,818,240		-		-	25,216,788	18,818,240		
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets	1,525,147,959	1,486,887,798		6,058,821		6,222,749	1,531,206,780	1,493,110,547		
Restricted	82,657,604	93,590,603		108,475,530		116,591,868	191,133,134	210,182,471		
Unrestricted	39,871,701	(26,270,942)		(2,279,252)		(1,417,448)	37,592,449	(27,688,390)		
Total net position	\$ 1,647,677,264	\$ 1,554,207,459	\$	112,255,099	\$	121,397,169	\$1,759,932,363	\$1,675,604,628		

The beginning net position of the Orleans Parish School Board's governmental activities has been adjusted to reflect additional accumulated depreciation on capital assets, and related change in net investment in capital assets, placed in service in previous years not previously recorded. See Note 17 for additional information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS: STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
		2021				2021		
	2022	Restated	2022	2021	2022	Restated		
Revenues:								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 10,331,651	\$ 17,086,320	\$ 2,180,764	\$ 1,689,469	\$ 12,512,415	\$ 18,775,789		
Operating grants and contributions	24,856,105	21,629,597	-	-	24,856,105	21,629,597		
Capital grants and contributions	8,881,171	4,641,168	-	-	8,881,171	4,641,168		
General Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	186,540,616	188,665,429	-	-	186,540,616	188,665,429		
Sales taxes	163,353,311	123,061,042	-	-	163,353,311	123,061,042		
State revenue sharing program	2,642,275	2,643,438	-	-	2,642,275	2,643,438		
Minimum Foundation Program	205,557,017	201,345,891	-	-	205,557,017	201,345,891		
Interest and Investment Earnings	(989,970)	1,836,694	2,163,419	2,239,491	1,173,449	4,076,185		
Unallocated grants and contributions	3,567,339	16,256,009	-	-	3,567,339	16,256,009		
Other general revenues	74,941,809	61,004,875	-	-	74,941,809	61,004,875		
Total revenues	679,681,324	638,170,463	4,344,183	3,928,960	684,025,507	642,099,423		
Functions/Program Expenses:								
Instruction								
Regular programs	1,212,692	5,992,115	-	-	1,212,692	5,992,115		
Special education	3,934,029	2,416,751	-	-	3,934,029	2,416,751		
Other instructional	5,026,479	2,601,633	-	-	5,026,479	2,601,633		
Special programs	4,709,482	-			4,709,482	-		
Support services								
Student services	5,895,531	6,614,899	-	-	5,895,531	6,614,899		
Instructional staff support	2,351,024	2,282,571	-	-	2,351,024	2,282,571		
General administration	13,590,800	21,571,590	-	-	13,590,800	21,571,590		
School administration	1,304,794	3,274,962	-	-	1,304,794	3,274,962		
Business services	3,596,482	3,509,967	-	-	3,596,482	3,509,967		
Plant services	17,453,167	13,220,278	-	-	17,453,167	13,220,278		
Student transportation services	10,350	960	-	-	10,350	960		
Central services	3,527,684	2,780,307	-	-	3,527,684	2,780,307		
Food services	2,058,460	3,250,969	-	-	2,058,460	3,250,969		
Community service programs	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	29,365	-	-	-	29,365		
Appropriations - Charter Schools	521,540,545	520,510,526	-	-	521,540,545	520,510,526		
Enterprise operations	-	-	13,486,253	11,885,315	13,486,253	11,885,315		
Total expenses	586,211,519	588,056,893	13,486,253	11,885,315	599,697,772	599,942,208		
Increase (decrease) in net position	93,469,805	50,113,570	(9,142,070)	(7,956,355)	84,327,735	42,157,215		
Net Position - beginning	1,554,207,459	1,504,093,889	121,397,169	129,353,524	1,675,604,628	1,633,447,413		
Net Position - ending	\$ 1,647,677,264	\$ 1,554,207,459	\$ 112,255,099	\$ 121,397,169	\$ 1,759,932,363	\$ 1,675,604,628		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS: STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (continued)

Ad valorem tax revenues totaled \$186.5 million, which represents a decrease of \$2.1 million (-1.1%) from the prior year. Sales tax revenues totaled \$163.4 million, an increase of \$40.3 million (32.7%) as business conditions improved following the loosening of COVID-19 restrictions. Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding from the state of Louisiana, an unrestricted block grant determined by a complex four-tiered formula, totaled \$205.6 million, an increase of \$4.3 million (2.1%) from the prior year. General administrative expenses decreased by \$8.0 million to \$13.6 million principally due to changes in estimates of future claims expense.

Appropriations to charter schools increased slightly to \$521.5 million in 2022 from \$520.5 million in 2021, a change of \$1.0 million (0.2%). Changes in sales tax revenue and MFP funding drive the changes in appropriations to charter schools. Further, current year appropriations to charter schools are based on the preceding year's revenues. The slight increase in appropriations to charter schools is consistent with the slight increase in appropriations to charter schools as a percentage of sales tax revenue and MFP funding to 161% in 2022 from 152% in 2021.

Expenditures for capital assets totaled \$21.1 million in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. A total of \$60.0 million was recognized as donated assets from the Recovery School District for ongoing construction projects.

ANALYSIS OF BUDGET VARIATIONS - GENERAL FUND

In the general fund, actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$34.1 million (166.4%) and actual expenditures approximated budgeted expenditures, exclusive of operating transfers in and out, as shown in the following schedule:

General Fund Budgetary Comparison										
	Original Final					Actual	Variance			
<u>Revenues</u>										
Local sources:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,197,671	\$	1,197,671	\$	1,961,955	\$	764,284		
Sales and use taxes		941,027		941,027		29,159,992		28,218,965		
Earnings on investments		300,000		300,000		(990,804)		(1,290,804)		
Other		13,207,547		13,207,547		18,084,101		4,876,554		
State sources:										
Equalization - Minimum Foundation		1,425,799		1,425,799		3,330,898		1,905,099		
Other		3,430,000		3,430,000		3,063,235		(366,765)		
Total Revenues		20,502,044		20,502,044		54,609,377		34,107,333		
Expenditures Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular programs		350,000		350,000		572,980		(222,980)		
Special education		1,719,850		1,719,850		3,279,148		(1,559,298)		
Other Instructional programs		4,800,000		4,800,000		4,257,121		542,879		
Support: services:										
Student services		7,285,584		7,285,584		4,138,609		3,146,975		
Instructional staff support		1,223,920		1,223,920		1,150,183		73,737		
General administration		4,356,189		4,356,189		3,720,596		635,593		
School administration		21,500		21,500		1,041		20,459		
Business services		2,804,678		2,804,678		3,887,737		(1,083,059)		
Plant services		4,005,637		4,005,637		3,027,356		978,281		
Central services		2,586,668		2,586,668		5,055,877		(2,469,209)		
Appropriations - Charter Schools and OJJ:										
Capital Outlay:										
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		4,041		(4,041)		
Other		-		-		42,758		(42,758)		
Total Expenditures		29,154,026		29,154,026		29,137,447		16,579		
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		(8,651,982)		(8,651,982)		25,471,930		34,123,912		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		8,651,982		8,651,982		5,600,309		(3,051,673)		
Transfers out		-		-		(85,856)		(85,856)		
Total other financing						((
sources (uses)		8,651,982		8,651,982		5,514,453		(3,137,529)		
Net change in fund balance		_				30,986,383		30,986,383		
Fund balance - beginning		39,891,365		39,891,365		51,892,080		12,000,715		
Fund balance - ending	\$	39,891,365	\$	39,891,365	\$	82,878,463	\$	42,987,098		
	Ψ	57,071,505	Ψ	57,071,505	Ψ	52,070,105	Ψ	12,207,020		

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022 the Orleans Parish School Board had \$1.53 billion (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase (including additions and depreciation) of \$38.1 million over last year, primarily for construction in progress related to buildings.

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021 Restated	2022	2021	2022	2021 Restated		
Land	\$ 39,837,373	\$ 39,837,373	\$ 1,440,992	\$ 1,440,992	\$ 41,278,365	\$ 41,278,365		
Construction in progress	136,542,007	59,603,144	-	-	136,542,007	59,603,144		
Buildings and improvements	1,681,282,550	1,677,433,184	6,377,352	6,377,352	1,687,659,902	1,683,810,536		
Furniture and equipment	13,450,475	13,450,475	-	-	13,450,475	13,450,475		
Accumulated depreciation	(345,964,446)	(303,436,378)	(1,759,523)	(1,595,595)	(347,723,969)	(305,031,973)		
Totals	\$ 1,525,147,959	\$ 1,486,887,798	\$ 6,058,821	\$ 6,222,749	\$ 1,531,206,780	\$ 1,493,110,547		

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board had the following projects either in progress or completed during the year:

<u>Facility</u>	Description of Project	Project Amount
Marquis De Lafayette ES	Facility Renovations	\$21,160,934
Martin Behrman ES	Facility Renovations	30,098,712
New Cohen HS	Facility Renovations	24,684,312
Kerelec CTE	Facility Renovations	30,629,674
Rosenwald Collegiate HS	Facility Renovations	13,951,948
Fredrick Douglass HS	Water Intrusion and Auditorium Renovation	5,101,124
Warren Easton HS	Roof Repair and ADA Improvements	1,976,202
Sylvania Williams HS	Classroom Repairs	1,007,790
Ben Franklin HS	Roof repair	493,360
Eleanor McMain HS	Auditorium Renovations	3,881,178

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Orleans Parish School Board had the following projects either in progress or completed during the year:

<u>Facility</u>	Description of Project	Project Amount
Edna Karr HS	Facility Renovations	\$53,343,363
New Orleans Science and Math HS	Facility Renovations	32,621,842
Thurgood Marshall HS	Facility Renovations	11,359,069
Eleanor McMain HS	Building Repairs	7,596,089
Edward Hynes ES	Facility Renovations	4,797,461
Samuel Green ES	Facility Renovations	1,612,053
Moton ES	Facility Renovations	1,429,948
Audubon Charter ES	Facility Renovations	1,346,088
Samuel Green ES	Facility Renovations	563,246
Marquis De Lafayette ES	Facility Renovations	19,429,531
Martin Behrman ES	Facility Renovations	10,111,891
Kerelec CTE	Facility Renovations	9,411,507
New Cohen HS	Facility Renovations	7,737,609
Rosenwald Collegiate HS	Refurbishment and Major Repairs	3,291,242
Fredrick Douglass HS	Refurbishment and Major Repairs	1,396,923
Warren Easton HS	Refurbishment and Major Repairs	1,298,450
Sylvanie Williams HS	Refurbishment and Major Repairs	967,439

Long-term Debt

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, was issued in June 2012 and relates to how pension costs and obligations are measured and reported in audited external financial reports. Participants in multiple-employer cost-sharing defined-benefit pension plans, such as the Orleans Parish School Board, are required to record their proportionate share of the total unfunded accrued liability of each pension in which their employees participate on their government-wide financial statements, which totaled approximately \$19.8 million as of June 30, 2022. More detailed defined benefit pension plan information is available in Note 10.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, was issued in June 2015 and requires governments to recognize a net other postemployment benefits liability that is actuarially determined using prescribed methods and based on plan assumptions. This liability totaled approximately \$6.4 million as of June 30, 2022. More detailed other postemployment benefit information is available in Note 11.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The economic viability of the Orleans Parish School Board is tied in large measure to the state funding formula (Minimum Foundation Program) and the sales and property tax base. The Orleans Parish School Board considered the following factors and indicators when setting their 2022-2023 general fund budget:

- MFP revenues from the state are expected to decrease by \$5.2 million due to a decrease in enrollment.
- Sales tax revenues are budgeted to increase by \$18.4 million from 2021-2022 as business conditions, including tourism, continue to improve due to the loosening of COVID-19 restrictions.
- Ad valorem revenues are budgeted to remain relatively flat due to minimal changes in the taxable assessed value of property as well as a slowdown in the local housing market.
- ESSER Funds and ARP Funds are projected at \$26.6 million based on increased allocations from the Louisiana Department of Education from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, also known as the CARES Act, the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER Fund).

CONTACTING THE ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Orleans Parish School Board's finances for those with an interest in the government's financial position and operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to

Mr. Stuart M. Gay Chief Financial Officer Orleans Parish School Board 2401 Westbend Parkway, Suite 5055 New Orleans, Louisiana 70114 Phone: (504) 359-6984 Email: <u>sgay@nolapublicschools.com</u>

Both audit reports and budgets from the 2014-2015 fiscal year until present are available in the District Financials section of the website, nolapublicschools.com.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Statement A

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,036,540	\$ 20,156,851	\$ 26,193,391
Equity in pooled assets	166,345,118	-	166,345,118
Receivables	60,735,953	820,863	61,556,816
Inventories	49,754	-	49,754
Prepaid items	134,513	-	134,513
Internal balances	4,219,043	-	4,219,043
Loans receivable	-	89,981,870	89,981,870
Capital Assets			-
Land	39,837,373	1,440,992	41,278,365
Construction in progress	136,542,007	-	136,542,007
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,348,768,579	4,617,829	1,353,386,408
TOTAL ASSETS	1,762,668,880	117,018,405	1,879,687,285
DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pension contributions	3,852,571	-	3,852,571
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	6,183,137	-	6,183,137
Deferred amounts related to total other post-employment benefit liability	2,237,788		2,237,788
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	12,273,496		12,273,496
LIABILITIES			
Accounts, salaries and other payables	33,842,282	507,691	34,349,973
Retainage payable	1,430,783	-	1,430,783
Unearned revenues	121,387	-	121,387
Internal balances	-	4,219,043	4,219,043
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences, and claims liabilities	1,590,056	36,572	1,626,628
Total other post-employment benefit liability	555,748	-	555,748
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences, and claims liabilities	38,867,799	-	38,867,799
Net pension liability	19,830,885	-	19,830,885
Total other post-employment benefit liability	5,809,384		5,809,384
TOTAL LIABILITIES	102,048,324	4,763,306	106,811,630
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	23,880,380	-	23,880,380
Deferred amounts related to total other post-employment benefit liability	1,336,408		1,336,408
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	25,216,788		25,216,788
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,525,147,959	6,058,821	1,531,206,780
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	71,283,179	108,475,530	179,758,709
Grant and donor	11,374,425	-	11,374,425
Unrestricted (deficit)	39,871,701	(2,279,252)	37,592,449
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,647,677,264	\$ 112,255,099	\$ 1,759,932,363

<u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Statement B

			Program Rev			Net (Expense) Revenue and					
		Operating Capital						Changes in	Net Position		
		Charges for	Grants and		Grants and		Governmenta		Business-ty	pe	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contribut	ions	Con	tributions	Ac	tivities	Activities		Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:											
Instruction:											
Regular programs	\$ 1,212,692	\$ -	\$	611	\$	_	\$ (1,212,081)	\$		\$ (1,212,081)
Special education	3,934,029	φ -		3,639	φ		• (3,240,390)	\$		(3,240,390)
Other instructional programs	5,026,479		075	-			`	5,026,479)			(5,026,479)
Special programs	4,709,482	_		_		_		4,709,482)			(4,709,482)
Support Services:	4,709,402	_		-		_	C	+,707,+02)			(4,705,402)
Student services	5,895,531	_	1,981	100		_	(3,914,032)			(3,914,032)
Instructional staff services	2,351,024			3,624		-		2,152,400)			(2,152,400)
General administration services	13,590,800	-	190	5,024		-		3,590,800)			(13,590,800)
School administration services	1,304,794	-		-		-		1,304,794)			(1,304,794)
Business services	3,596,482	-		-		-	`	/		•	,
Plant services	, ,	-		-		- 8,881,171		3,596,482)			(3,596,482)
Student transportation services	17,453,167	-		-		0,001,171	(8,571,996)		•	(8,571,996)
1	10,350	-		-		-		(10,350)		•	(10,350)
Central services	3,527,684	-	5 470	-		-		3,527,684)		-	(3,527,684)
Food Service	2,058,460	38,344	5,478	5,204		-		3,458,088		-	3,458,088
Appropriations - Charter Schools:	10 40 4 1 50						(1				(10,404,150)
Type II	12,434,153	10 202 207	16 503	-		-		2,434,153)		•	(12,434,153)
Type III	509,106,392	10,293,307	16,503			-		2,309,557)			(482,309,557)
Total Governmental Activities	586,211,519	10,331,651	24,856	5,105		8,881,171	(54	2,142,592)		-	(542,142,592)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:											
Enterprise operations	13,486,253	2,180,764		-		-		-	(11,305,4	89)	(11,305,489)
Total Business-type Activities	13,486,253	2,180,764		-		-		-	(11,305,4	<u> </u>	(11,305,489)
Total Primary Government	\$ 599,697,772	\$ 12,512,415	\$ 24,856	5,105	\$	8,881,171	(54	2,142,592)	(11,305,4	<u> </u>	(553,448,081)
	General revenues: Taxes:										
							10	6,540,616			196 540 616
	Property taxes									•	186,540,616
	Sales taxes							3,353,311		-	163,353,311
	State revenue sh		1					2,642,275		•	2,642,275
		butions not restricted	a to specific pi	rograms	s:		20	5 557 017			205 557 017
		undation Program					20	5,557,017	0.1/0		205,557,017
	Interest and inves	e						(989,970)	2,163,4	19	1,173,449
	-	is and contributions						3,567,339		-	3,567,339
	Capital asset cont	ributions and tax cre	edits				6	0,011,077			60,011,077
	Miscellaneous						1	4,930,732		<u> </u>	14,930,732
	Total General re	revenues						5,612,397	2,163,4	19	637,775,816
	Change in net p	osition					9	3,469,805	(9,142,0	070)	84,327,735
	Net position - begi						1.55	4,207,459	121,397,1	69	1,675,604,628
	Jerry Street Segr							,,			-
	Net position - endi								\$ 112,255,0		\$1,759,932,363

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

Statement C

			SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS			
			PAS	S-THROUGH	F	ACILITIES	N	ON-MAJOR	
	(GENERAL		FUND	PRE	ESERVATION	GOV	ERNMENTAL	 TOTAL
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,280	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,517,726	\$ 2,569,006
Equity in pooled assets		38,962,999		1,493,546		89,820,818		33,418,170	163,695,533
Receivables		38,386,459		4,325,106		34,950		17,989,438	60,735,953
Interfund receivables		18,324,036		11,733,719		2,249,229		744,495	33,051,479
Inventories		-		-		-		49,754	49,754
Prepaid items		83,513		-		-		51,000	 134,513
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	95,808,287	\$	17,552,371	\$	92,104,997	\$	54,770,583	\$ 260,236,238
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts and other payables	\$	5,558,617	\$	17,552,371	\$	5,107,511	\$	5,158,493	\$ 33,376,992
Salaries and benefits payable	•	1,815,583	•	-	•	-		-	1,815,583
Interfund payables		5,555,624		-		-		19,898,642	25,454,266
Unearned revenues								121,387	 121,387
TOTAL LIABILITIES		12,929,824		17,552,371		5,107,511		25,178,522	 60,768,228
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		83,513		-		-		100,754	184,267
Restricted		29,131,710		-		86,997,486		16,556,485	132,685,681
Committed		4,908,373		-		-		12,934,822	17,843,195
Unassigned		48,754,867		-		-		-	 48,754,867
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		82,878,463				86,997,486		29,592,061	 199,468,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	95,808,287	\$	17,552,371	\$	92,104,997	\$	54,770,583	\$ 260,236,238
	\$	95,808,287	\$	17,552,371	\$	92,104,997	\$	54,770,583	\$ 260,236,2

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

<u>JUNE 50, 2022</u>		Statement D
Total Fund Balances at June 30, 2022 - Governmental Funds		\$ 199,468,010
Governmental capital assets at June 30, 2022 Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022	1,871,112,405 (345,964,446)	1,525,147,959
Consolidation of internal service funds		1,513,358
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflow of resources - deferred pension contributions Deferred outflow of resources - related to net pension liability Deferred outflow of resources - total other post-employment benefit liability	3,852,571 6,183,137 2,237,788	12,273,496
Deferred inflow of resources - related to net pension liability Deferred inflow of resources - total other post-employment benefit liability	(23,880,380) (1,336,408)	(25,216,788)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		
Balance at June 30, 2022 are: Net pension liability (GASB 68) Total other post-employment benefits liability (GASB 75) Other claims and judgments payable Compensated absences payable	(19,830,885) (6,365,132) (38,362,223) (950,531)	(65,508,771)
Net position at June 30, 2022 - Governmental Activities		\$ 1,647,677,264

<u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

Statement E

		GENERAL		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SS-THROUGH FUND	F	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS ACILITIES SERVATION		ON-MAJOR ERNMENTAL	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>									
Local sources:									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,961,955	\$	164,118,633	\$	20,460,028	\$	-	\$ 186,540,616
Sales and use taxes	•	29,159,992		115,715,955	•	13,359,364	·	5,118,000	163,353,311
Earnings on investments		(990,804)		-		-		834	(989,970)
Food Services		(550,001)						1,885	1,885
		-		-		-		,	,
Other		18,084,101		-		315,201		361,978	18,761,280
State sources:									
Equalization-Minimum Foundation		3,330,898		202,186,861		-		39,258	205,557,017
Other		3,063,235		-		-		811,014	3,874,249
Federal sources		-		-		-		32,926,262	 32,926,262
TOTAL REVENUES		54,609,377		482,021,449		34,134,593		39,259,231	 610,024,650
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular programs		572,980		-		-		745,128	1,318,108
Special education		3,279,148		-		-		899,554	4,178,702
Other Instructional programs		4,257,121		-		-		769,358	5,026,479
Special programs		-		-		-		4,709,624	4,709,624
Support services:									
Student services		4,138,609		-		-		3,657,517	7,796,126
Instructional staff support		1,150,183		-		-		1,283,445	2,433,628
General administration		3,720,596		10,268,611		1,205,679		5,425	15,200,311
School administration		1,041		-		-		1,303,753	1,304,794
Business services		3,887,737		-		-		26,497	3,914,234
Plant services		3,027,356		-		14,893,198		133,755	18,054,309
Student transportation services		-		-		-		10,350	10,350
Central services		5,055,877		-		-		160,914	5,216,791
Food services		-		-		-		4,142,370	4,142,370
Appropriations - Charter Schools and OJJ:								, ,	, ,
Type II Charter Schools and OJJ		-		12,434,153		-		-	12,434,153
Type III Charter Schools		-		441,653,860		-		6,828,151	448,482,011
Capital Outlay:				,,				0,0_0,-0	,,
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,041		-		6,936,524		13,836,587	20,777,152
Other		42,758		17,505,266		548,732		-	18,096,756
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		29,137,447		481,861,890		23,584,133		38,512,428	 573,095,898
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	25,471,930	\$	159,559	\$	10,550,460	\$	746.803	\$ 36,928,752
		-,	+	,	+	.,		,	 (continued)

<u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

Statement E

			F	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	F	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS				
			PAS	S-THROUGH		ACILITIES		ON-MAJOR		momit
	(GENERAL		FUND	PRE	ESERVATION	GOV	ERNMENTAL		TOTAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	5 (00 200	\$		\$	15 016	\$	144 544	\$	5 750 860
Transfers out	Ф	5,600,309 (85,856)	Ф	(159,559)	Ф	15,016 (2,065,665)	Ф	144,544 (3,534,645)	Ф	5,759,869 (5,845,725)
Insurance recoveries		(85,850)		(159,559)		9,645,597		(3,334,043)		9,645,597
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
SOURCES (USES)		5,514,453		(159,559)		7,594,948		(3,390,101)		9,559,741
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		30,986,383		-		18,145,408		(2,643,298)		46,488,493
FIND DALANCES DECINING		51 002 000				(0.052.070		22 225 250		152 070 517
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		51,892,080		-		68,852,078		32,235,359		152,979,517
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	82,878,463	\$		\$	86,997,486	\$	29,592,061	\$	199,468,010
										(concluded)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Statement F
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 46,488,493
Capital Assets:		
Capital outlay and other expenditures capitalized	\$ 20,777,152	
Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2021	 (42,528,068)	(21,750,916)
Acquisition value of donated capital assets		60,011,077
Loss on disposition of capital assets		-
Change in net position of internal service funds		(233,424)
Long Term Liabilities:		
Change in compensated absences payable	529,542	
Change in other estimated claims and judgments payable	(28,382)	
Change in total OPEB liability and associated deferrals	276,964	
Change in net pension liability and associated deferrals	 8,176,451	 8,954,575
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 93,469,805

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Statement G

		BUS								
				ERPRISE FUNDS			GOVERNMENTAL			
	M	AJOR FUND	Ν	NON-MAJOR			ACTIVITIES			
	ORLEANS SCHOOLS			SINESS - TYPE			Π	NTERNAL		
]	FACILITY	А	CTIVITIES -				SERVICE		
	FO	UNDATION		TIMBERS		TOTALS		FUNDS		
ASSETS										
Current:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,156,851	\$	-	\$	20,156,851	\$	3,467,534		
Equity in pooled assets		-		-		-		2,649,585		
Receivables		686,746		134,117		820,863		-		
Notes receivable		1,892,616		-		1,892,616		-		
Total current assets		22,736,213		134,117		22,870,330		6,117,119		
Noncurrent:										
Notes receviable		88,089,254		-		88,089,254		-		
Capital Assets										
Land		-		1,440,992		1,440,992		-		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-		4,617,829		4,617,829		-		
Total noncurrent assets		88,089,254		6,058,821		94,148,075		-		
TOTAL ASSETS		110,825,467		6,192,938		117,018,405		6,117,119		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts and other payables		-		507,691		507,691		80,490		
Salaries and benefits payable		-		36,572		36,572		-		
Interfund payables		2,349,937		1,869,106		4,219,043		3,378,170		
Claims payable		-		-		-		1,143,101		
Total current liabilities		2,349,937		2,413,369		4,763,306		4,601,761		
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Claims payable		-		-		-		2,000		
Total current liabilities		-		-		-		2,000		
		2 2 4 0 0 2 7		2 412 260		4 7 (2 20)		4 (02 7(1		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,349,937		2,413,369		4,763,306		4,603,761		
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		_		6,058,821		6,058,821		_		
Restricted		- 108,475,530		0,000,021		108,475,530		-		
Unrestricted (deficit)		100, 77, 5, 550		(2,279,252)		(2,279,252)		1,513,358		
omesured (dener)	\$	108,475,530	\$	3,779,569	\$	112,255,099	\$	1,513,358		
	φ	100,475,550	φ	5,119,509	φ	112,233,099	¢	1,515,556		

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Statement H

		BUS						
				GOVERNMENT				
		AJOR FUND		CTIVITIES				
				INESS - TYPE				TERNAL
		FACILITY		CTIVITIES -		TOTAL		SERVICE
	FC	UNDATION		TIMBERS		TOTALS		FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES								
Reimbursements	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	94,154
Rental		-		962,483		962,483		-
Other revenues		1,218,203		78		1,218,281		325
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		1,218,203		962,561		2,180,764		94,479
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and benefits		-		1,190,447		1,190,447		-
Contractual services		2,500		314,140		316,640		-
Depreciation		_,= •		163,928		163,928		-
Materials and supplies		-		35,976		35,976		-
Repairs and maintenance		11,357,661	283,802		11,641,463			-
Administrative expenses		-	-			-		62,378
Premium payments		-	-			-		230,096
Benefit payments/claims expense		-		-		-		121,285
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		11,360,161		1,988,293		13,348,454		413,759
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(10,141,958)		(1,025,732)		(11,167,690)		(319,280)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest income		2,163,419		-		2,163,419		-
Appropriations - Type III Charter Schools		(137,799)		-		(137,799)		-
Transfers In				-				85,856
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,025,620				2,025,620		85,856
Change in net position		(8,116,338)		(1,025,732)		(9,142,070)		(233,424)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		116,591,868		4,805,301		121,397,169		1,746,782
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	108,475,530	\$	3,779,569	\$	112,255,099	\$	1,513,358

PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Statement I

	M	AJOR FUND		RPRISE FUNDS ON-MAJOR			ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES
	ORLE	EANS SCHOOLS FACILITY	BUS AG	INESS - TYPE CTIVITIES -	TOTALO	Π	NTERNAL SERVICE
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	FC	DUNDATION		TIMBERS	 TOTALS		FUNDS
Receipts from interfund charges for premiums Other receipts Payments for benefits	\$	- 2,202,666	\$	815,137 837,176	\$ 815,137 3,039,842	\$	377,710 126,668 (1,194,569)
Payments to employees for salaries and related benefits Payments to suppliers and service providers		(11,713,402)		(669,039) (983,274)	 (669,039) (12,696,676)		(1,194,309) (549)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(9,510,736)			 (9,510,736)		(690,740)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Appropriations to Type III Charter Schools Transfers in		(137,799)		-	(137,799)		- 85,856
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(137,799)			 (137,799)		85,856
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash receipts from loans Interest income		1,257,950 2,163,419		-	 1,257,950 2,163,419		-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		3,421,369		-	 3,421,369		
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(6,227,166)		-	(6,227,166)		(604,884)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		26,384,017		-	 26,384,017		6,722,003
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	20,156,851	\$		\$ 20,156,851	\$	6,117,119
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities							
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$	(10,141,958)	\$	(1,025,732)	\$ (11,167,690)	\$	(319,280)
Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities:		-		163,928	163,928		-
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		984,463		(125,385)	859,078		32,189 300,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in interfund payable Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(353,241)		183,266 (11,214) 815,137	 (169,975) (11,214) 815,137		61,875 15,835 (687,205) (94,154)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(9,510,736)	\$		\$ (9,510,736)	\$	(690,740)
							_

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Statement J

	STODIAL FUND
ASSETS Equity in pooled assets Investments	\$ 451,191 354,343
TOTAL ASSETS	 805,534
LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES	
NET POSITION (RESTRICTED)	\$ 805,534

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Statement K

	CUSTODIAL FUND				
ADDITIONS:					
Investment income (loss):					
Earnings (loss) on investments	\$	95,101			
Net investment income		95,101			
Total additions		95,101			
DEDUCTIONS: Total deductions		-			
NET INCREASE IN NET POSITION		95,101			
NET POSITION - RESTRICTED					
Beginning of year		710,433			
End of year	\$	805,534			

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Orleans Parish School Board conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Orleans Parish School Board is a corporate body created under Louisiana Revised Statutes 17:51 and 17:121. A board consisting of seven members (the Board) elected from legally established districts is charged with the management and operation of the school system.

In 2021-2022, the Orleans Parish School Board independently chartered 24 schools and chartered 51 schools to 13 different charter management operators. In addition, 6 schools located in Orleans Parish were chartered by the state Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) and 1 school was authorized by the Louisiana Legislature. The Orleans Parish School Board also, under the terms of a management agreement with Breakfree Education, provides funding for the operations of Travis Hill Schools. Travis Hill Schools provides educational programming to pre- and post-adjudicated youth and young adults housed inside the Juvenile Justice Intervention Center operated by the City of New Orleans and Orleans Justice Center operated by the Orleans Parish School term begins in August and runs through May. The Orleans Parish School Board has approximately 294 employees.

Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under the provisions, the Orleans Parish School Board is considered a *primary government*, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Fiscally independent means that the Orleans Parish School Board may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

The Orleans Parish School Board has one component unit blended with the primary government due to the closeness of their relationship with the primary government. This component unit is the Orleans Schools Facilities Foundation, a non-profit organization reported as an enterprise fund. Separate financial statements for the Orleans Schools Facilities Foundation are not issued.

There are no other primary governments with which the Orleans Parish School Board has a significant relationship. The Orleans Parish School Board is not a component unit of any other entity.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The financial transactions of the Orleans Parish School Board are recorded in individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, outflows of resources, liabilities, inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three broad categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, as discussed below.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of the current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations. The following are the Orleans Parish School Board's primary governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

In addition to the general fund, the Orleans Parish School Board reports two other major funds, all of which are governmental funds:

Pass-Through Fund, a special revenue fund established to account for the collection of Minimum Foundation Program unrestricted grant funds from the State, ad valorem taxes, and sales taxes, which are then distributed to charter schools based on the district level funding allocation.

Facilities Preservation Fund, a capital projects fund established pursuant to Act 543 of the 2014 Regular Legislative Session (LSA-RS 17:100.11) to provide for the allocation of certain ad valorem and sales tax revenues to fund the replacement, repair, and improvement of existing school facilities.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Proprietary Fund Types:

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that receive significant support from fees and charges and can be classified into two fund types: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated similarly to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Enterprise funds are presented in the business-type activities column in government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements as business-type activities. The Orleans Parish School Board uses the following two enterprise funds:

Orleans Schools Facilities Foundation, an enterprise fund, is considered a major fund, established to account for the activity of the Orleans Schools Facilities Foundation, a public benefit corporation of the Orleans Parish School Board organized under the provisions of LSA-RS 17:100.10 and whose purpose is to assist in facilitating tax credit financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings as described in Note 5.

Timbers (non-major), an enterprise fund established to account for the rental receipts and operating costs of two buildings.

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Employee Health Insurance and Retiree Health Insurance funds are used to account for the self-insured medical benefits offered to employees and their dependents, and retirees and their dependents, respectively. The Workers' Compensation Insurance fund is used to account for self-insured workers' compensation activity through June 30, 2006, after which the Orleans Parish School Board became fully insured.

Financial statements of internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented at the government-wide level. To the extent possible, the cost of these services is reflected in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues consist primarily of rental income, insurance premiums, and income related to facilitating tax credit financing. Operating expenses result from the cost of maintaining the buildings generating rental income, including depreciation of capital assets, medical and workers' compensation claims, and direct costs associated with facilitating tax credit financing. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics or in a custodial capacity for the benefit of others and which therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

The Orleans Parish School Board reports one custodial fund which is used to account for assets held for a private not-for-profit organization.

In accordance with *the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Section 2200.110b, government-wide financial reporting excludes fiduciary funds, which are presented separately in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation

The Orleans Parish School Board's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements on all of the non-fiduciary fund activities and fund financial statements (individual major and combined nonmajor funds). Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and promulgated by the GASB *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to *what* items should be reported as elements of financial statements and basis of accounting refers to *when* those elements are recognized in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Orleans Parish School Board.

The government-wide financial statements were prepared using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Codification Section N50, *Non-exchange Transactions*.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself (sale of meals to students and faculty) or from sources outside of the Orleans Parish School Board's tax base directly related to the program (operating grants and contributions); program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses and Elimination of Internal Activity

All direct expenses are reported by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable by function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense which can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Amounts reported in the funds as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatments applied to a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a *current financial resources measurement focus*. With the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Governmental funds are accounted for on the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become measurable and available to pay current liabilities. Such revenue items are ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal entitlements. Ad valorem taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the tax levy if collected soon enough to meet the availability criteria. Sales and use taxes are considered measurable when the underlying transaction occurs and are considered "available" when expected to be collected within the next two months. Special assessments are recognized as revenues only to the extent that individual installments are considered current assets in the governmental fund types. Revenue from state and federal grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources can be used.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Costs of accumulated unpaid sick leave, and other employee benefit amounts are reported in the period due and payable rather than the period earned by employees and general long-term obligation principal and interest payments are recognized only when due.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type rental activity and facilitating tax credit financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings. Rental receipts and the sale of tax credits are accounted for as operating revenues, and facility operation and maintenance and leverage lender transactions are accounted for as operating expenses.

Internal service funds are used to account for self-insured activity. Premium revenues, claims expense, and administrative costs customarily associated with self-insurance programs are accounted for as operating revenues and expenses.

The proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus (accrual basis).

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

E. <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Orleans Parish School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

The general fund and the special revenue funds are the only funds with legally adopted budgets. The general fund and the special revenue funds budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and are adopted on an annual basis.

Annually the Superintendent submits to the Orleans Parish School Board a proposed annual appropriated budget for the general fund and special revenue funds for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are advertised and conducted to obtain taxpayer comments and proposed budgets are published in the Orleans Parish School Board's official journal and on their web site. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Orleans Parish School Board and is submitted to the Louisiana Department of Education for approval. The Orleans Parish School Board approves budgets at the fund level, the legal level of budgetary control, and the Superintendent is authorized to move budgeted items within functional categories. The Annual Operating Budget and Budget Planning and Preparation policies provide guidelines for setting, adopting, and amending budgets.

Expenditures for special revenue funds' budgets, except for the Child Nutrition Program, may not exceed budgeted amounts by more than five percent unless a budget revision is approved by the Louisiana Department of Education. For the Child Nutrition Program, budget amendments follow the same requirements as the general fund.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

E. <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u> (continued)

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through bond indenture provisions.

The capital projects funds' budgets are adopted on a project basis using architectural and engineering estimates, since such projects may be started and completed at any time during the year or may extend beyond one fiscal year. All projects remain programmed and funded until completed or until the Orleans Parish School Board decides to eliminate the project. By statute the Orleans Parish School Board is not required to adopt a budget for its capital projects funds; therefore, these funds utilize project budgets rather than annual budgets and accountability is controlled over the life of the project. The Orleans Parish School Board approves construction projects.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations at year end that have been approved by the Orleans Parish School Board are generally expended during the next fiscal year's operation, assuming that the underlying liability is ultimately incurred. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services and are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Orleans Parish School Board. Legally, the Orleans Parish School Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses cannot exceed total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance. State statutes require the Orleans Parish School Board to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more, or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more.

All budget amounts presented in the budgetary comparison schedules have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year. All budget revisions are approved by the seven-member Orleans Parish School Board.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Under state law, the Orleans Parish School Board may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the state of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States of America. The Orleans Parish School Board may invest in United States bonds, notes, bills, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. The Orleans Parish School Board has adopted a comprehensive Investments policy.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash on deposit, certificates of deposit, money market accounts and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date of acquisition. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, the resulting bank balances of these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The estimated fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

The Orleans Parish School Board's *Investments* policy permits consolidating cash and reserve balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings and to increase efficiencies with regard to investment pricing and administration. Investment income is allocated to the various funds based on invested balances of the participating funds during the year.

G. Investments

The Orleans Parish School Board may also invest in United States government securities, debentures, and other allowable obligations issued or backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America and securities, debentures, or other allowable obligations issued by the state of Louisiana, any of its political subdivisions, and any domestic United States corporation (see Note 3). Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value was determined using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs) or quoted prices for identical or similar securities in active markets, or matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices (Level 2 inputs). Investment income includes interest earned, realized gains and losses, and unrealized gains and losses (changes in fair value).

H. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory of the Child Nutrition special revenue fund consists of food purchased by the Orleans Parish School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Education. The commodities are recorded as revenues in the period when all eligibility requirements are met (typically when received). All inventory items purchased are valued at cost (first-in, first-out) and donated commodities are valued at the market value at the date of donation based on market values provided by the United States Department of Agriculture. The costs of both inventory items and prepaid items (insurance and expenditures) are accounted for using the consumption method and are recognized as expenditures when used.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The system for the accumulation of capital asset cost data does not provide the means for determining the percentage of assets valued at actual and those valued at estimated cost. The Orleans Parish School Board's management accounting policy determines the threshold level of the amount of assets to capitalize to be \$5,000 per unit for equipment and \$50,000 for buildings and improvements.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements and are not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed by the Orleans Parish School Board, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives are approximately 20 to 40 years for buildings, 25 years for building improvements, 10 to 20 years for other improvements, 3 to 10 years for furniture and equipment, 5 to 8 years for transportation equipment, and 5 to 20 years for all other equipment.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

I. Capital Assets (continued)

The Orleans Parish School Board does not possess material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks and parking lots.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either Interfund Receivables or Payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

K. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Orleans Parish School Board's deferred outflows of resources are related to its pension liability (see Note 10) and other postemployment benefits (see Note 11).

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The Orleans Parish School Board's deferred inflows of resources are related to its pension liability (see Note 10) and other postemployment benefits (see Note 11).

L. <u>Unearned Revenues</u>

The Orleans Parish School Board reports unearned revenues when resources are received by the Orleans Parish School Board before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Orleans Parish School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported separately from the applicable bond premium or discount (see Note 8). Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period in which they occurred.

In the fund financial statements bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

N. Compensated Absences

Under Orleans Parish School Board policy, each employee is entitled to ten days of sick leave per year. Sick leave may be accumulated without limit; however, employees or their heirs are only reimbursed for accumulated sick leave up to twenty-five days upon death or retirement at the employee's current rate of pay. The accrual computation for earned sick leave is calculated on a twenty-five-day maximum per employee. Sick leave is not payable upon discharge or termination and no allowance is made for the immaterial amounts of sick leave forfeited when employees resign or retire. Upon retirement, accumulated sick leave in excess of reimbursement may be used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

Full-time employees who work year-round are granted vacation in varying amounts depending on length of service up to a maximum of twenty-two days per year as established by Orleans Parish School Board policy. Such leave is credited on a pro rata basis at the end of each payroll reporting period and accumulates until six months after the fiscal year ends or is forfeited. Any unused leave may be paid to the employee at termination.

Sabbatical leave may be granted for medical or professional purposes. Any employee with a teaching certificate is entitled, subject to approval by the Orleans Parish School Board, to one semester of sabbatical leave after three years of continuous services, or two semesters of sabbatical leave after six or more years of continuous service. Sabbatical leave is paid at 65% of salary. Sabbatical leave is accrued upon Orleans Parish School Board approval.

In governmental fund types, sick and vacation leave that has been claimed by employees as of the end of the fiscal year is recorded as an expenditure in the year claimed. Vacation and sick leave accrued and compensatory time earned but not paid as of the end of the fiscal year is valued using employees' current rates of pay (see Note 8). Accrued vacation and sick leave and unpaid compensatory time will be paid from future years' resources.

O. Pension Plans

The Orleans Parish School Board is a participating employer in three cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans as described in Note 10. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to and deductions from each plan's fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each of the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within each plan.

P. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

The Orleans Parish School Board provides certain continuing healthcare and life insurance benefits for its retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan as described in Note 11. For purposes of measuring the other postemployment benefits liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan, and plan expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, and additions to and deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. The postemployment benefits plan had no assets as of June 30, 2022.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

Q. Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide Statement of Net Position, net position is classified and displayed in three components focused on the accessibility of the underlying assets:

- Net investment in capital assets, calculated as capital assets net of accumulated depreciation plus capitalrelated deferred outflows of resources less capital-related borrowings and deferred inflows of resources;
- Restricted, either externally imposed by creditors such as debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or
- Unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Orleans Parish School Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

R. Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements

Accounting standards require governmental fund balances to be reported in as many as five classifications as listed below:

<u>Nonspendable</u> represents amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> represents balances where constraints have been established by parties outside the Orleans Parish School Board or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> represents balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the adoption of a resolution by the Orleans Parish School Board, which is the Orleans Parish School Board's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned</u> represents balances that are constrained by the Orleans Parish School Board's intent to be used for specific purposes but are not restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> represents balances that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The Orleans Parish School Board establishes, modifies, or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the Orleans Parish School Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for the specific purpose.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

R. Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements (continued)

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the Orleans Parish School Board reduces restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available, the Orleans Parish School Board reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

S. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Orleans Parish School Board has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt (see Notes 12 and 13).

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

T. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures and contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates are used primarily when accounting for the fair value of investments, depreciation, claims payable, net pension liability, and the other postemployment benefits liability.

U. Accounting Standard Adopted

GASB Statement 87, Leases. This standard will require all leases to be reported on the statement of net position under a single accounting model for both lessors and lessees. The statement will require the recognition of lease assets or liabilities for leases previously reported as operating leases. Both operating and capital leases will be reported under this single accounting method and reported by lessees as an intangible right to use asset and by lessors as a receivable with both reporting a deferred inflow of resources. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and the School Board adopted the requirements of this standard, as applicable, in its June 30, 2022, financial statements. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the School Board's financial statements.

V. Current Accounting Standards Scheduled to be Implemented

The following accounting standard issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is scheduled to be implemented in the future that may affect the School Board's financial report:

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not determined the effects that the new GASB Statement may have on future financial statements.

2. AD VALOREM AND SALES TAXES

Ad Valorem Taxes

All taxable property in Louisiana is required by law to be assessed annually at a percentage of its fair market value by the parish Assessor. Values are established by the elected Assessor each year based on 10% of the assessed market value of residential property and commercial land and on 15% of the assessed market value of commercial buildings, public utilities, and personal property. The correctness of assessments by the Assessor is subject to review and certification of the Louisiana Tax Commission. The Assessor is required to reappraise all property subject to taxation at intervals of not more than four years; all property subject to taxation was reappraised in 2020. The following is a summary of levied ad valorem taxes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

		Levied	
Parish-wide taxes:		Millage	Expires Dec. 31
Constitutional		27.65	N/A
Dedicated:			
Purpose A	School books, materials and supplies	1.55	2028
Purpose B	Early childhood, discipline and dropout programs	1.55	2028
Purpose C	Employee salaries, benefits and incentives	7.27	2028
Purpose D	Air conditioning, asbestos removal and facilities	2.32	2028
Capital repairs		4.97	2024
Total millage		45.31	

The City of New Orleans, as provided by state law, is the official tax collector of general property taxes levied by the Orleans Parish School Board.

Taxes are due and payable by January 31 of the assessment year and the lien date is February 1.

State law requires the City of New Orleans to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent on February 1. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of one percent per month until taxes are paid. A list of property on which taxes have not been paid is published in the official journal of the City of New Orleans. If taxes are not paid within the period stipulated in the public notice, the property is sold for taxes due at a tax sale held by the City of New Orleans. The tax sale is usually held prior to the end of the Orleans Parish School Board's fiscal year.

All property taxes are recorded in the governmental funds on the basis explained in Note 1D. Revenues in such funds are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Property taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the tax levy. Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period. The remaining property tax receivables are considered available because they are substantially collected within sixty days subsequent to year end.

Since ad valorem taxes receivable are secured by property, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

2. AD VALOREM AND SALES TAXES (continued)

Sales and Use Tax

The voters of Orleans Parish authorized the Orleans Parish School Board to levy and collect one and one-half percent sales and use tax. A one percent tax approved in 1966 is to be used for the payment of salaries of teachers or for the general operations of the Orleans Parish School Board. The additional one-half percent tax approved in 1980 is to be used for the payment of salaries of teachers and other educational employees of the Orleans Parish School Board, the expenses of maintaining and operating schools, and for providing funds to pay for capital improvements.

Sales taxes are assessed and due on the first day of the month subsequent to the month of sale of any retail sales of goods used or consumed within Orleans Parish, including leases and rentals of tangible property. Sales taxes which remain uncollected on the twenty-first day of the month due are classified as delinquent. Sales taxes are collected by the City of New Orleans and the State of Louisiana and are remitted monthly to the Orleans Parish School Board. The Orleans Parish School Board records these taxes in the period that the underlying transaction occurred, including the City's collection fees.

3. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

A. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Orleans Parish School Board pools its undesignated internal cash and investments and reports the combined amount as a single line item across the funds as Equity in Pooled Assets; overdrawn amounts are listed as a liability. The following table list the components of pooled assets and cash and investments not included in pooled cash:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Fiduciary Activities	Total	
Cash:					
Included in pooled assets	17,991,927	\$ -	\$ 451,191	\$ 18,443,118	
Other cash	6,036,540	20,156,851		26,193,391	
Total Cash	24,028,467	20,156,851	451,191	44,636,509	
Investments at fair value					
Included in pooled assets	148,353,191	-	-	148,353,191	
Other investments			354,343	354,343	
Total Investments	148,353,191	-	354,343	148,707,534	
Total	172,381,658	20,156,851	805,534	193,344,043	
Pooled assets total	\$ 166,345,118	\$ -	\$ 451,191	\$ 166,796,309	

3. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Orleans Parish School Board's deposits may not be returned to them. To mitigate this risk, state law requires deposits to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent financial institution. In addition, the *Investments* policy requires that all securities owned by the Orleans Parish School Board be held by a third-party custodian approved by the investment officer and evidenced by monthly statements and trade confirmations. As of June 30, 2022 none of the Orleans Parish School Board's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Securities that may be pledged as collateral consist of obligations of the United States government and its agencies, obligations of the state of Louisiana and its municipalities, and school districts.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board had the following investments and maturities:

Type of Debt Investment	F	air Value	N	o maturity	turing in Less Fhan 1 Year	Ma	turing in 1 to 5 Years	uring in 6 to 10 Years	Ma	aturing in 6 to 10 Years	Credit Rating*
Governmental Activities											
Investments at fair value											
Money market	\$	219,330	\$	219,330	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	Aaa
U.S. treasury notes		19,371,458		-	537,004		18,834,454	-		-	Not required
U.S. agency securities		11,601,846		-	4,385,193		6,580,439	182,651		453,563	Aaa
U.S. corporate bonds		5,461,754		-	1,573,693		3,888,061	-		-	Aaa - A2, AA - A-, AA-
U.S. corporate stocks		284,438		284,438	-		-	-		-	N/A
Municipal bonds		2,363,484		-	 563,335		1,800,149	 -		-	Aa1 - A1, none, AA+ - A-
Subtotal		39,302,310		503,768	 7,059,225		31,103,103	 182,651		453,563	
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)											
Louisiana Asset Management Pool		109,050,881		-	 109,050,881		-	 -		-	
Total Governmental activities		148,353,191		503,768	116,110,106		31,103,103	182,651		453,563	
Total Fiduciary activities - U.S.											
corporate stocks at fair value		354,343		354,343	 -		-	 -		-	N/A
Total investments	\$	148,707,534	\$	858,111	\$ 116,110,106	\$	31,103,103	\$ 182,651	\$	453,563	

* Credit ratings obtained from Moody's, S&P Global and/or Fitch Ratings.

The Orleans Parish School Board categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Level 1 Investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Investments with inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly. The Orleans Parish School Board's Level 2 investments are valued using quoted prices for identical or similar securities in active markets or matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark prices.

3. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. Investments (continued)

Level 3 Investments classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs for an asset and may require a degree of professional judgment. The Orleans Parish School Board has no investments reported as Level 3.

A summary of the Orleans Parish School Board's investments, along with the fair value hierarchy levels of each type of investment is as follows:

Type of Debt Investment		Fair Value	Le	vel 1 Inputs	Le	evel 2 Inputs
Investments at fair value						
Money market	\$	219,330	\$	219,330	\$	-
U.S. treasury notes		19,371,458		19,371,458		-
U.S. agency securities		11,601,846		-		11,601,846
U.S. corporate bonds		5,461,754		-		5,461,754
U.S. stocks		638,781		638,781		-
Municipal bonds		2,363,484		-		2,363,484
Subtotal		39,656,653		20,229,569		19,427,084
Investments measured at the net asset						
value (NAV)						
Louisiana Asset Management Pool		109,050,881				
Total investments	\$	148,707,534				

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The Orleans Parish School Board's *Investments* policy provides for a maximum maturity of five years and the portfolio's weighted average effective duration shall not exceed three years. At June 30, 2022, the average maturity for investments was 2.49 years.

<u>Credit Risk:</u> Under LSA-RS 33:2955 local governments in Louisiana may invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, certificate of deposits, Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), and other investments as provided in the statute. The Orleans Parish School Board's *Investments* policy does not further limit its investment choices.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk:</u> At June 30, 2022 the amount invested in the local government investment pool exceeded the maximum amount in the Orleans Parish School Board's *Investments* policy by approximately 49% as shown on the following table:

3. <u>EQUITY IN POOLED CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS</u> (continued)

C. Investments (continued)

		Allocation	Permitted by
Security	Amount	percentage	policy
Money market	\$ 219,330	0.15%	25.00%
U.S. treasury notes	19,371,458	13.03%	100.00%
U.S. agency securities	11,601,846	7.80%	25.00%
U.S. corporate bonds	5,461,754	3.67%	50.00%
U.S. stocks	638,781	0.43%	50.00%
Municipal bonds	2,363,484	1.59%	25.00%
Louisiana Asset Management Pool	109,050,881	73.33%	25.00%
-	\$ 148,707,534	100.00%	-

Local Government Investment Pool: At June 30, 2022 over \$109 million is invested in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a local government investment pool administered by LAMP, Inc. a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio, reported at fair value, includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LSA-RS 33:2955. The following facts are relevant for LAMP:

Credit Risk: LAMP is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5% disclosure requirement.

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate disclosure using the weighted average maturity method. The weighted average maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than ninety days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for United States government floating/variable rate investments. The weighted average maturity for LAMP's total investments is 56 days as of June 30, 2022.

Foreign Currency Risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company.

3. EQUITY IN POOLED CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. Investments (continued)

An annual audit of LAMP is conducted by an independent certified public accountant. The Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana has full access to the records of LAMP.

LAMP issues financial reports which can be obtained at www.lamppool.com.

4. **<u>RECEIVABLES</u>**

Short-term accounts receivable of the primary government as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Governmental		Bu	siness-type		
		Activities	A	Activities		Total
Property Taxes	\$	4,141,325	\$	-	\$	4,141,325
Sales Tax		29,124,154		-		29,124,154
State Grants		1,401,731		-		1,401,731
Federal Grants		17,929,525		-		17,929,525
Due from Charters Schools		7,358,203		86,178		7,444,381
Other		781,015		734,685		1,515,700
Total	\$	60,735,953	\$	820,863	\$	61,556,816

All receivables are expected to be collected within one year of the end of the fiscal period. The federal grant receivables represent claims for reimbursement of allowable federal program costs and are subject to review and approval of the granting agencies. These claims could be denied or reduced; however, management believes all claims are collectible.

5. LOANS RECEIVABLE AND TAX CREDIT TRANSACTIONS

The Orleans Parish School Board and Orleans Schools Facilities Foundation (OSFF) have entered into various tax credit transactions to provide financing for the construction and development of charter schools located in New Orleans. OSFF is a public benefit corporation wholly owned by the Orleans Parish School Board which serves as a leverage lender and is a blended component unit of the Orleans Parish School Board. As of June 30, 2022, loans receivable totaled \$89,981,870 with maturities between 2040 and 2052 and interest rates between 1.43% and 2.61%. The individual loans are as follows:

5. LOANS RECEIVABLE AND TAX CREDIT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

						Principal
		Original Loan			Range of Principal	Outstanding at
School Facility	Month, Year	Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity	Installments	June 30, 2022
Avery Alexander	May 2015	\$ 6,296,500	1.429250%	06/10/2040	\$0 - \$111,280	\$ 6,296,500
Sophie B. Wright High	April 2016	28,952,908	2.230000%	04/27/2046	\$0 - \$110,387	24,646,889
Booker T. Washington High	June 2017	13,868,212	1.430830%	06/13/2047	\$0 - \$695,621	13,868,212
Harriet Tubman	December 2017	17,603,367	2.610000%	12/27/2052	\$0 - \$69,447	16,572,740
John McDonogh	December 2017	30,009,029	2.610000%	12/27/2052	\$0 - \$122,896	28,597,529
		\$ 96,730,016	_			\$ 89,981,870

The loans are due as follows:

Year Ending		Principal	Interest		
June 30,]	Payments		Payments	Total
2023	\$	1,892,616	\$	2,348,321	\$ 4,240,937
2024		1,794,178		2,083,574	3,877,752
2025		2,090,927		2,039,307	4,130,234
2026		2,466,456		1,990,771	4,457,227
2027		2,525,569		1,936,327	4,461,896
2028-2032		14,569,989		8,767,475	23,337,464
2033-2037		16,887,007		6,976,742	23,863,749
2038-2042		18,139,688		4,948,476	23,088,164
2043-2047		17,425,586		2,789,535	20,215,121
2048-2052		11,042,727		969,196	12,011,923
2053		1,147,127		9,683	1,156,810
	\$	89,981,870	\$	34,859,407	\$ 124,841,277

The following is a summary of the individual tax credit transactions, and related loans receivable, as of June 30, 2022.

Avery Alexander School

In May 2015, the Orleans Parish School Board and the Recovery School District signed a cooperative endeavor agreement (CEA) to approve the transfer of land located at 5800 St. Roch Avenue to the OSFF. The land transfer occurred pursuant to a 99-year master lease to facilitate the construction of the Pierre Capdau Charter School at Avery Alexander School (Alexander School) in a New Market Tax Credit (NMTC) leveraged financing transaction. Rent under this lease is \$1 per year of the term. The CEA required OSFF to then transfer the land to the Alexander School Facility, LLC, serving as a Qualified Active Low Income Community Business (Alexander QALICB) in the NMTC leveraged financing transaction. OSFF transferred the land pursuant to a 65-year sublease.

5. LOANS RECEIVABLE AND TAX CREDIT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Avery Alexander School (continued)

The CEA required the Orleans Parish School Board to provide sufficient funds to OSFF, by either loan or grant, as necessary, to complete construction of the Alexander School. Pursuant to this requirement, the Orleans Parish School Board granted \$6,296,500 to OSFF (Leveraged Loan) which was loaned by OSFF to COCRF Investor 41, LLC. Alexander School Facility, LLC completed the construction of the Alexander School with debt and equity financing.

The Leveraged Loan by OSFF to COCRF Investor 41, LLC closed in the form of a note accruing interest at 1.43% and maturing on June 10, 2040. Interest only payments are made quarterly for the first seven years of the note, with principal and interest payments due quarterly thereafter. At maturity, outstanding principal, accrued interest, and any and all unpaid fees and other charges are due. Interest earned for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$89,993. The Leveraged Loan is collateralized by a first lien security interest in subsidiary community development entities (Sub-CDEs) whose assets consist of leasehold mortgage loans (QALICIs) to Alexander QALICB financed by COCRF Investor 41, LLC with proceeds of NMTC equity and the Leveraged Loan.

Sophie B. Wright High School

In April 2016, the Orleans Parish School Board and the Recovery School District signed a cooperative endeavor agreement (CEA) to approve the transfer of land and sale of building improvements, located at 1426 Napoleon Avenue, to OSFF. The sale of the building improvements and the property transfer occurred pursuant to a 99-year master lease to facilitate the completion of the historic rehabilitation and renovation of the Sophie B. Wright High School in a Federal Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit (FHTC) and state historic tax credit leveraged financing transaction. Rent under this lease is \$1 per year of the term. The CEA required OSFF to then transfer the land and building improvements to the SBW School Facility, LLC through the execution of a 65-year ground lease, and the sale of the building improvements to SBW School Facility, LLC, with SBW School Facility, LLC obtaining debt and equity financing to complete the construction of the Sophie B. Wright High School.

The CEA required the Orleans Parish School Board to provide sufficient funds to OSFF, either by loan or grant, as necessary, to finance the purchase of the building improvements, costs for historic rehabilitation and renovation of the Sophie B. Wright High School, and fees and expenses in connection with the project. Pursuant to this requirement, the Orleans Parish School Board advanced \$28,952,908 to OSFF (Leveraged Loan) which was loaned by OSFF to SBW School Facility, LLC. In addition, under the charter lease subsidy agreement entered into as of April 28, 2016, OSFF is to provide a subsidy to the charter school operator, Institute for Academic Excellence, to enable the operator to fulfill its lease payment obligation to SBW School Facility, LLC. For the year ended June 30, 2022, a total of \$1,201,437 was paid as a subsidy.

The Leveraged Loan closed in the form of a note accruing interest at 2.23% and maturing on April 27, 2046. Interest only payments were paid monthly through May 5, 2016, with principal and interest payments due monthly for thereafter. At maturity, outstanding principal, accrued interest, and any and all unpaid fees and other charges are due. Interest earned for the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$556,084. The Leveraged Loan is collateralized by a first lien security interest in SBW School Facility, LLC whose assets consist of leasehold mortgage loans with proceeds from federal and state historic tax credit equity and the Leveraged Loan.

5. LOANS RECEIVABLE AND TAX CREDIT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Booker T. Washington High School

In June 2017, the Orleans Parish School Board and the Recovery School District signed a cooperative endeavor agreement (CEA) to approve the transfer of the of Booker T. Washington High School property, located at 1201 South Roman Street, to OSFF. The property transfer occurred pursuant to a 99-year master lease to facilitate the construction of Booker T. Washington High School on the property in a New Market Tax Credit (NMTC) leveraged financing transaction. Rent under this lease is \$1 per year of the term. The CEA required OSFF to then transfer the Booker T. Washington High School to the Booker T. Washington School Facility, LLC, serving as a Qualified Active Low Income Community Business (Washington QALICB) in the NMTC leveraged financing transaction. OSFF transferred the Booker T. Washington High School property to the Washington QALICB pursuant to a 65-year sub-lease.

The CEA required the Orleans Parish School Board to provide sufficient funds to OSFF, by either loan or grant, as necessary, to complete the construction of Booker T. Washington High School. Pursuant to this requirement, the Orleans Parish School Board advanced \$13,868,212 to OSFF (Leveraged Loan), which OSFF then loaned to COCRF Investor 82, LLC, to be used solely and exclusively to pay for construction costs of the Booker T. Washington High School. Washington High School. Washington High School Washington QALICB completed the construction of the Booker T. Washington High School with debt and equity financing.

In addition, under the charter lease subsidy agreement entered into as of June 13, 2017, OSFF is to provide a subsidy to the charter school operator, KIPP New Orleans, Inc., to enable the operator to fulfill its lease payment obligation. For the year ended June 30, 2022, a total of \$137,799 was paid as a subsidy.

The Leveraged Loan by OSFF to COCRF Investor 82, LLC closed in the form of a note accruing interest at 1.43% and maturing on June 13, 2047. Interest only payments are due annually on December 10 for the first seven years of the note, with principal and interest payments due annually thereafter. At maturity, outstanding principal, accrued interest, and any and all unpaid fees and other charges are due. Interest earned for the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$198,430. The Leveraged Loan is collateralized by a first lien security interest in all of COCRF Investor 82, LLC's rights, title, and interest in its 100% membership interest in subsidiary community development entities (Sub-CDEs) whose assets consist of leasehold mortgage loans (QALICIs) to Washington QALICB financed by COCRF Investor 82, LLC, with proceeds of NMTC equity and the Leveraged Loan.

Harriet Tubman School

In December 2017, the Orleans Parish School Board and the Recovery School District signed a cooperative endeavor agreement (CEA) to approve the transfer of land and sale of building improvements, located at 213 General Meyer, to OSFF. The sale of the building improvements and the property transfer occurred pursuant to a 99-year master lease to facilitate the design, construction, and rehabilitation of the Harriet Tubman School Facility, in a Federal Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit (FHTC) and state historic tax credit leveraged financing transaction. Rent under this lease totaled \$84,100. The CEA required OSFF to then transfer the land and building improvements to the Tubman School Facilities, LLC through the execution of a 65-year ground lease, with Tubman School Facilities, LLC obtaining debt financing to complete the design, construction, and rehabilitation of the Harriet Tubman School Facility.

5. LOANS RECEIVABLE AND TAX CREDIT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Harriet Tubman School (continued)

The CEA required the Orleans Parish School Board to provide sufficient funds to OSFF, either by loan or grant, as necessary, to finance all or a portion of the purchase price and the costs of construction. Pursuant to this requirement, the Orleans Parish School Board advanced \$17,603,367 to OSFF (Leveraged Loan) which was loaned by OSFF to Tubman School Facilities, LLC. In addition, under the charter lease subsidy agreement, OSFF is to provide a subsidy to the Tubman School Facilities, LLC to enable them to fulfill its lease payment obligation. For the year ended June 30, 2022, a total of \$524,319 was paid as a subsidy.

The Leveraged Loan closed in the form of a note accruing interest at 2.61% and maturing on December 27, 2052. Interest only payments were paid monthly from May 1, 2018, through July 1, 2018, with principal and interest payments due monthly thereafter. At maturity, outstanding principal, accrued interest, and any and all unpaid fees and other charges are due. Interest earned for the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$484,352. The Leveraged Loan is collateralized by a first lien security interest in Tubman School Facilities, LLC, whose assets consist of leasehold mortgage loans with proceeds from federal and state historic tax credit equity and the Leveraged Loan.

John McDonogh School

In December 2017, the Orleans Parish School Board and the Recovery School District signed a cooperative endeavor agreement (CEA) to approve the transfer of the John McDonogh school property, located at 2426 Esplanade Avenue, to OSFF. The property transfer occurred pursuant to a 99-year master lease to facilitate the design, construction, and completion of the historic rehabilitation and renovation of the John McDonogh School in a Federal Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit (FHTC) and state historic tax credit leveraged financing transaction. Rent under this lease totaled \$1,256,700. The CEA required OSFF to then transfer John McDonogh School to the John MC School Facility, LLC, through the execution of a 65-year ground lease, with John MC School Facility, LLC obtaining debt and equity financing to complete the construction and historic rehabilitation and renovation of John McDonogh School.

The CEA required the Orleans Parish School Board to provide sufficient funds to OSFF, either by loan or grant, as necessary, to fund the construction and development of the John McDonogh School Facility. Pursuant to this requirement, the Orleans Parish School Board advanced \$30,009,029 to OSFF (Leveraged Loan), which was loaned by OSFF to John MC School Facility, LLC. In addition, under the charter lease subsidy agreement, OSFF is to provide a subsidy to the owner to enable them to fulfill its lease payment obligation. For the year ended June 30, 2022, a total of \$810,726 was paid as a subsidy.

The Leveraged Loan by OSFF to John MC School Facility, LLC closed in the form of a note accruing interest at 2.61% and maturing on December 27, 2052. Interest only payments were paid monthly from May 1, 2018, through August 1, 2018, with principal and interest payments due monthly thereafter. At maturity, outstanding principal, accrued interest, and any and all unpaid fees and other charges are due. Interest earned for the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$834,561. The Leveraged Loan is collateralized by a first lien security interest in John MC School Facility, LLC, whose assets consist of leasehold mortgage loans with proceeds from federal and state historic tax credit equity and the Leveraged Loan.

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	J	une 30, 2021,					
Governmental Activities		Restated	 Additions	 Deletions	 Transfers	J	une 30, 2022
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Land	\$	39,837,373	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	39,837,373
Construction in Progress		59,603,144	 80,788,229	 -	 (3,849,366)		136,542,007
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets		99,440,517	 80,788,229	 -	 (3,849,366)		176,379,380
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Buildings & Improvements		1,677,433,184	-	-	3,849,366		1,681,282,550
Machinery & Equipment		13,450,475	 -	 -	 -		13,450,475
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		1,690,883,659	 -	 -	 3,849,366		1,694,733,025
Totals at Cost		1,790,324,176	 80,788,229	 -	 -		1,871,112,405
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings & Improvements		290,327,675	42,125,867	-	-		332,453,542
Machinery & Equipment		13,108,703	 402,201	 -	 -		13,510,904
Total Accumulated Depreciation		303,436,378	 42,528,068	 -	 -		345,964,446
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		1,387,447,281	 (42,528,068)	 -	 3,849,366		1,348,768,579
Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,486,887,798	\$ 38,260,161	\$ 	\$ -	\$	1,525,147,959
Business-type Activities	J	une 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Jı	une 30, 2022
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:			 	 	 		, <u> </u>
Land	\$	1,440,992	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,440,992
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets		1,440,992	 -	 -	 -		1,440,992
Depreciable Capital Assets:							<u> </u>
Buildings & Improvements		6,377,352	-	-	-		6,377,352
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		6,377,352	-	 -	-		6,377,352
Totals at Cost		7,818,344	-	 -	-		7,818,344
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings & Improvements		1,595,595	163,928	-	-		1,759,523
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,595,595	163,928	 -			1,759,523
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		4,781,757	 (163,928)	 -	 		4,617,829
Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,222,749	\$ (163,928)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6,058,821

Depreciation expense of \$42,528,068 for the year ended June 30, 2022, was charged to the following governmental functions:

Appropriations Charter Schools - Type III	42,528,068
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 42,528,068

7. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

In the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, the Orleans Parish School Board entered into the following short-term borrowing transaction:

	\$1	00 Million	
	Ν	laximum	 Total
Amount borrowed	\$	65,000,000	\$ 65,000,000
Date Issued	9	/29/2021	
Original Maturity Date	6	/30/2022	
Date Repaid	6	/22/2022	
	Fixe	ed Rate Per	
Interest Rate	Annu	m (0.48%) *	
Interest Amount	\$	234,867	234,867
Closing Costs	\$	80,000	80,000
			\$ 314,867

* Equivalent to prevailing one year Treasury.

The Orleans Parish School Board typically issues Revenue Anticipation Notes in the fall to provide stabilized cash flows to charter schools before receiving most of their ad valorem revenues in February or March (property taxes are due to the tax collector on January 31). Interest expense of \$234,867 related to this note is included in Business services expense on the Statement of Activities.

Changes in short-term borrowings during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Beginning balance, July 1, 2021	\$ -
Increases	65,000,000
Decreases	 (65,000,000)
Ending balance, June 30, 2022	\$ -

8. GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, all of which are associated with governmental activities:

	Balance June 30, 2021		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2022		 nounts Due
Governmental activities:									
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	1,480,073	\$	691,817	\$	1,221,359	\$	950,531	\$ 446,955
Claims and judgments		39,573,096		461,236		527,008		39,507,324	 1,143,101
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	41,053,169	\$	1,153,053	\$	1,748,367	\$	40,457,855	\$ 1,590,056
Business-type activities: Accrued Compensated Absences		47,786		25,487		36,701		36,572	36,572
ľ	\$	47,786	\$	25,487	\$	36,701	\$	36,572	\$ 36,572

Compensated absences is for the maximum 25 days' sick leave payable upon the retirement of an employee or an employee entering the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), or, upon the employee's death prior to retirement, payable to his/her heirs or assigns per policy GBRIB, *Sick Leave*.

Claims and judgments consist of legal liabilities as discussed below, retiree and health claims and workmen's compensation claims for the portion for which the School Board is self-insured as discussed in Note 9 - Risk Management.

Legal claims payable consists of 154 unpaid but settled claims totaling \$33,341,617 which includes \$6,423,938 of accrued interest, and 29 active matters with an estimated liability of \$5,020,606. Management and legal counsel for the Orleans Parish School Board believe that the potential claims against the Orleans Parish School Board not covered by insurance are covered by the recorded liability.

Long-term liabilities are liquidated from the following funds:

Long-term Obligation	Liquidating Fund
Compensated absences	General fund
Other claims and judgments	General fund

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562 the Orleans Parish School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt secured by property taxes in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property. The statutory limit and the remaining debt margin are \$1,485,723,932. In addition, the Orleans Parish School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt secured by sales and use taxes in excess of 75% of the avails as prescribed by Louisiana Revised Statute 47:338.48 through 338.78.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Orleans Parish School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board purchased commercial insurance to cover its risk of loss and workers' compensation claims arising from employment-related injuries prior to July 1, 2006. No significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year occurred and no claims exceeded the Orleans Parish School Board's insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

Employee and Retiree Health Insurance

Prior to September 1, 2020, the Orleans Parish School Board maintained a self-insured health insurance plan for employees and retirees, accounted for in the internal service funds, which included the purchase of insurance for health claims in excess of \$200,000 per occurrence. As of June 30, 2021, there were no outstanding employee health related claims. As of June 30. 2022, there is approximately \$2,000 of incurred by not reported retiree health related claims.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

Prior to July 1, 2006, the Orleans Parish School Board maintained a self-insured workers' compensation plan, accounted for in an internal service fund, which included the purchase of insurance for claims from employment related injuries prior to July 1, 2006, in excess of \$500,000 per occurrence. The workers' compensation limit for each accident is the statutory amount. On June 30, 2022 there were 16 active claims.

Self-insured litigated claims are not reported in internal service funds, but the revenues and expenses for nonlitigated claims are recorded in the general fund. The estimate for litigated claim liabilities is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

A reconciliation of unpaid claims liability, including the litigated claims reserve, as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Workers'							
	Retir	ee Health	Co	mpensation		Litigated		
	Insurance Fund		Fund		Claims			Total
Unpaid Claims as previously reported June 30, 2021	\$	2,000	\$	1,237,255	\$	38,333,841	\$	39,573,096
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates		8,969		17,490		434,777		461,236
Claims paid		(8,969)		(111,644)		(406,395)		(527,008)
Unpaid claims as of June 30, 2022	\$	2,000	\$	1,143,101	\$	38,362,223	\$	39,507,324

The above unpaid claims as of June 30, 2022, include amounts for claims incurred but not yet reported, as determined from actual claims paid subsequent to year end as well as an estimate based upon historical lag trends.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Orleans Parish School Board is a participating employer in three cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. These plans are administered by three public employee retirement systems: Teachers' retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS), and the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of these plans to the state legislature. Each system is administered by a separate board of trustees and all systems are component units of the state of Louisiana.

Each of the systems issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by contacting each system:

TRSL: 8401 United Plaza Blvd. P. O. Box 94123 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123 (225) 925-6446 www.trsl.org LSERS: 8660 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804 (225) 925-6484 www.lsers.net LASERS 8401 United Plaza Blvd. P. O. Box 44213 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4213 (225) 925-0185 www.lasersonline.org

Plan Descriptions:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)

The Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to employees who meet the legal definition of a "teacher" as provided for in LSA-RS 11:701. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the calculation of retirement benefits are provided for in LSA-RS 11:761.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)

The Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to school employees as defined in LSA-RS 11:1002. Eligibility for retirement benefits and the calculation of retirement benefits are provided for in LSA-RS 11:1141.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

The Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan to provide retirement, disability, and survivor's benefits to eligible state employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LSA-RS 11:411-414. The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to receive retirement benefits are established by LSA-RS 11:441 and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

A brief summary of eligibility and benefits of the plans are provided in the following table:

	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS
Final average salary	Highest 36 or 60 months ¹	Highest 36 or 60 months ¹	Highest 36 or 60 months ¹
Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefits	30 years any age ⁵ 25 years age 55 20 years any age ² 5 years age 60 ⁷	30 years any age 25 years age 55 20 years any age ² 5-10 years age 60 ^{6, 7}	30 years any age 25 years age 55 20 years any age ² 5-10 years age 60 ^{6, 7}
Benefit percent per years of service	2% to $3.0\%^4$	2.5% to 3.33% ⁴	2.5% to 3.5% ³

¹ Employees hired after a certain date use the revised benefit calculation based on the highest 60 months of service

² With actuarial reduced benefits

 3 Members in regular plan 2.5%, hazardous duty plan 3.33%, and judges 3.5%

⁴ Benefit percent varies depending on when hired

 5 For school food service workers, hired on or before 6/30/15, 30 years at age 55

⁶ Five to ten years of creditable service at age 60 depending upon the plan or when hired

⁷ Hired on or after 7/1/15, age eligibility is 5 years at age 62

Cost of Living Adjustments

The pension plans in which the Orleans Parish School Board participates have the authority to grant cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) on an ad hoc basis. COLAs may be granted to these systems (TRSL, LSERS, and LASERS) if approved with a two-thirds vote of both houses of the state legislature, provided the plan meets certain statutory criteria related to funding status and interest earnings.

Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC). TRSL also receives a percentage of ad valorem taxes collected by parishes. The parish is not a participating employer in the pension system and is considered to be a non-employer contributing entity.

Contributions to the plans are required and determined by state statute (which may be amended) and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The contribution rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2022 for the Orleans Parish School Board and covered employees were as follows:

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Contributions (continued)

	School System	Employees
Teachers' Retirement System:		
Regular Plan	25.20%	8.00%
School Employees' Retirement System	28.70%	7.50% - 8.00%
State Employees' Retirement System	39.50%	7.50% - 8.00%

The contributions made by the Orleans Parish School Board to each of the retirement systems for the past three fiscal years, which equaled the required contributions for each of these years, were as follows:

	 2022	 2021	 2020
Teachers' Retirement System:			
Regular Plan	\$ 3,521,321	\$ 4,729,010	\$ 3,926,649
School Employees' Retirement System	49,828	38,447	12,255
State Employees' Retirement System	154,495	218,516	212,065

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The following schedule lists the Orleans Parish School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability allocated by each of the pension plans based on the June 30, 2021, measurement date. The Orleans Parish School Board uses this measurement to record its net pension liability and associated amounts as of June 30, 2022, in accordance with GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The schedule also includes the proportionate share allocation rate used at June 30, 2021 along with the change compared to the June 30, 2020 rate. The Orleans Parish School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Orleans Parish School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

	at J	ension Liability une 30, 2022 sured as of June		Increase (Decrease) to
		30, 2021)	Rate at June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020 Rate
Teachers' Retirement System School Employees' Retirement System State Employees' Retirement System	\$	18,157,055 230,082 1,443,748	0.34010% 0.04841% 0.02623%	0.03508% 0.03820% 0.00401%
	\$	19,830,885		

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The following schedule lists each pension plan's proportionate share of recognized pension expense for the Orleans Parish School Board for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	To	tal expenses
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	(4,484,504)
School Employees' Retirement System		64,363
State Employees' Retirement System		95,750
	\$	(4,324,391)

On June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each pension plan from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows:	 TRSL	 LSERS]	LASERS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 92,736	\$ 4,977	\$	1,426	\$ 99,139
Changes of assumptions	1,767,452	7,581		35,363	1,810,396
Changes in proportion	3,518,392	177,240		142,826	3,838,458
Differences between contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions	434,072	1,072		-	435,144
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,684,738	38,966		128,867	3,852,571
Total	\$ 9,497,390	\$ 229,836	\$	308,482	\$ 10,035,708

Deferred Inflows:	TRSL		LSERS		LASERS		 Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	(274,545)	\$	(3,343)	\$	-	\$ (277,888)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension							
plan investments		(12,256,537)		(87,537)		(336,687)	(12,680,761)
Changes in proportion		(10,874,178)		(8,602)		-	(10,882,780)
Differences between contributions and proportionate share of							
contributions		(33,278)		(3,027)		(2,646)	 (38,951)
Total	\$	(23,438,538)	\$	(102,509)	\$	(339,333)	\$ (23,880,380)

The Orleans Parish School Board reported a total of \$3,852,571 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2021, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	 TRSL	 LSERS	 LASERS	Total
2023	\$ (5,092,616)	\$ 67,360	\$ 118,541	\$ (4,906,715)
2024	(5,763,444)	76,730	(51,882)	(5,738,596)
2025	(3,846,044)	(21,094)	(76,492)	(3,943,630)
2026	 (2,923,782)	(34,635)	 (149,885)	(3,108,302)
	\$ (17,625,886)	\$ 88,361	\$ (159,718)	\$ (17,697,243)

Actuarial Assumptions

The following schedule summarizes the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability for each pension plan as of June 30, 2022:

	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Expected Remaining					
Service Lives	5 years	3 years	2 years		
Investment Rate of Return	7.40% net of investment expenses (decreased from 7.45% in 2020)	6.90% per annum (decreased from 7.00% in 2020)	7.40% net of investment expenses (2020)	decreased from	n 7.55% in
Inflation Rate	2.3% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.30% per annum		
Mortality	Active Members - RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females. Non- Disabled retiree/inactive members - RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females. Disability retiree mortality - RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females.	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Tables, RP-2014 Sex Distnict Employee Table, RP-2014 Sex Distinct Mortality Table.	Non-disabled members - Mortality r Blue Collar (males/females) and Wh Annuitant Tables projected on a ful Mortality Improvement Scale MP-20 Disabled members - Mortality rates Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, w mortality improvement.	ite Collar (fem lly generationa D18. based on the I ith no projectio	ales) Healthy 11 basis by RP-2000 on for
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a 5-year (July 1, 2012-June 30, 2017)		Termination, disability, and retire projected based on a five-year		
Remember	experience study of the System's members.		study of the System's members.	(201+2010) CA	penenee
Salary Increases	3.1% - 4.6% varies depending on duration of service	Salary increases were projected based on the 2013-2017 experience study 3.25%	Salary increases were projected bas experience study of the System's ma ranges for specific types of member	embers. The s	
			Member Type	Lower Range	Upper Range
			Regular	3.0%	12.8%
			Judges	2.6%	5.1%
			Corrections	3.6%	13.8%
			Hazardous Duty	3.6%	13.8%
			Wildlife	3.6%	13.8%
Cost of Living Adjustments	None	Cost-of-living raises may be granted from the Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offset the increase in the actuarial liability and the plan	The present value of future retireme benefits currently being paid by the previously granted cost of living inc	System and in	ncludes

benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The projected benefit payments do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

ACT 399 of 2014.

has met the criteria and eligibility requirements outline by

10. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS** (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The following schedule list the methods used by each of the retirement systems in determining the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments:

TRSL	LSERS	LASERS
The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-	The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a	The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-
block method in which best-estimate ranges of	triangulation method which integrated the CAPM	block method in which best-estimates ranges of
expected future real rates of return (expected returns,	pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve	expected future real rates of return (expected returns,
net of pension plan investment expenses and	approach (bottom-up) and an equity building-block	net of pension plan investment expense and
inflation) are developed for each major asset class.	model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are	inflation) are developed for each major asset class.
These ranges are combined to produce the long term	projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium,	These ranges are combined to produce the long-term
expected rate of return by weighting the expected	in which best-estimates of expected future real rates	expected rate of return by weighting the expected
future real rates of return by the target asset	of return (expected returns, net of pension plan	future real rates of return by the target asset
allocation percentage and by adding expected	investment expense and inflation) are developed for	allocation percentage and by adding expected
inflation of 2.3% and an adjustment for the effect of	each major asset class. These rates are combined to	inflation of 2.30% and an adjustment for the effect of
rebalancing/ diversification. The resulting expected	produce the longterm expected rate of return by	rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected
long-term rate of return was 7.87% for 2021.	weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.	long-term rate of return is 7.61% for 2021.

The following table provides a summary of the best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in each of the retirement systems' target asset allocations as of June 30, 2021:

	Ta	arget Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS	TRSL	LSERS	LASERS	
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-0.29%	
Domestic equity	27.00%	-	31.00%	4.60%	-	4.09%	
International equity	19.00%	-	23.00%	5.54%	-	5.12%	
Equity	-	39.00%	-	-	2.84%	-	
Domestic fixed income	13.00%	-	3.00%	0.69%	-	0.49%	
International fixed income	5.50%	-	17.00%	1.50%	-	3.94%	
Fixed income	-	26.00%	-	-	0.76%	-	
Risk Parity	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Alternatives	-	23.00%	26.00%	-	1.87%	6.93%	
Alternative - private equity	25.50%	-	-	8.62%	-	-	
Alternative - other equity	10.00%	-	-	4.45%	-	-	
Real estate	-	12.00%	-	-	0.60%	-	
Real assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%				

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for TRSL, LSERS and LASERS was 7.40%, 6.90% and 7.40%, respectively for the year ended June 30, 2021. The discount rates for TRSL, LSERS and LASERS decreased by 0.05%, 0.10%, and 0.15% since the prior measurement date, respectively.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Orleans Parish School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each retirement system as well as what the Orleans Parish School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the retirement systems:

			Cu	rent Discount			
	1.	1.0% Decrease		Rate	1.0% Increase		
TRSL							
Rates		6.400%		7.400%		8.400%	
Share of NPL	\$	30,048,085	\$	18,157,055	\$	8,155,448	
LSERS							
Rates		5.900%		6.900%		7.900%	
Share of NPL	\$	354,338	\$	230,082	\$	123,870	
LASERS							
Rates		6.400%		7.400%		8.400%	
Share of NPL	\$	1,956,169	\$	1,443,748	\$	1,007,742	

The Orleans Parish School Board recorded accrued liabilities to each of the retirement systems for the year ended June 30, 2022, mainly due to the accrual for payroll at the end of each of the fiscal years. The amounts due are included in liabilities under the amounts reported as accounts payable and payroll deductions and withholdings payable. The balance due to each of the retirement systems on June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Jun	June 30, 2022			
TRSL	\$	502,702			
LSERS		5,879			
LASERS		14,065			
	\$	522,646			

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information About the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Plan Description. The Orleans Parish School Board provides certain continuing medical insurance for its retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan administered by the Orleans Parish School Board. The authority to establish or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the Orleans Parish School Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). No separate report is issued on the postemployment benefit plan.

Benefits Provided. The Orleans Parish School Board offers two postemployment benefits plans depending on the retiree's Medicare eligibility status: (1) Non-Medicare eligible retirees receive healthcare coverage (medical and prescription drugs) through a fully-insured medical plan (that became fully insured effective September 1, 2020) and pay a portion of the premium cost; (2) The Orleans Parish School Board pays 100% of the cost for Medicare eligible retirees to participate in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan provided by Humana.

Eligibility Criteria. To be eligible for retiree medical benefits in either plan, a retired employee must have met the requirements for retirement eligibility through the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana as shown in the following table:

Employee Hire Date	Age and Years of Service	Years of Service at Any Age
Before July 1, 1999	Age 60 with 5 years of service, or	20 years of service at any age
On or after July 1, 1999 and before July 1,	Age 60 with 5 years of service; or Age 55	30 years of service at any age, or 20 years of
2011	with 25 years of service; or	service *
On or after July 1, 2011 and before July 1,	Age 60 with 5 years of contrine on	20 years of comics of any are *
2015	Age 60 with 5 years of service, or	20 years of service at any age *
On or after July 1, 2015	Age 62 with 5 years of service, or	20 years of service at any age *

* actuarially reduced benefit

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

General Information About the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (continued)

Contribution Rates for Eligible Retirees. Employees do not contribute to their postemployment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The full monthly retiree rates and employer contributions as of September 1, 2022, the start of the plan year, are as follows:

Rate Tier	PPO \$750	PPO \$2,000	HDHP
Retiree Only	\$1,035.93	\$772.48	\$674.95
Retiree + Spouse	\$2,071.86	\$1,544.96	\$1,349.89
Retiree + Child(ren)	\$1,916.48	\$1,429.09	\$1,248.65
Retiree + Family	\$2,952.41	\$2,201.57	\$1,923.60

Additionally, non-Medicare eligible post-65 retirees receive a \$200 monthly subsidy to further offset the cost of premiums.

For Medicare-eligible retirees in the fully insured Medicare Advantage plan, the Orleans Parish School Board pays 100% of the premium cost. Monthly employer cost per retiree for the period of July 1 through December 31, 2021, is \$40.23, and from January 1 through June 30, 2022, is \$43.25. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board paid a total of \$8,969 for other postemployment benefits as they came due for Medicare-eligible retirees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2022, 364 active and retired employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	78
Inactive employees entitled to but not currently receiving benefits	35
Active employees	251
Total	364

Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

The Orleans Parish School Board's total other postemployment benefits liability of \$6,365,132 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total other postemployment benefits liability as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.0% per annum
Discount rate	3.54%, changed from 2.16% for 2021
Discount rate index	Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Index
Mortality rates	Pub-2010 generational table scaled using MP-2019
Healthcare cost trend rates	The Current Trend rate includes the following:
	Pre-Medicare Medical and Rx Benefits 7.00% and 4.00% Ultimate
	Post-Medicare 6.00% and 4.00% Ultimate
	Stop Loss Fees 7.00% Select and 4.00% Ultimate
	Administrative fees 4.00% Select and 4.00% Ultimate
	Select trend rates are reduced 0.25% each year until reaching the ultimate trend rate
Experience study and claims costs	Expected retiree claim costs were developed using 24 months of historical claim experience through August 2020.
Participation	The participation percentage is the assumed rate of future eligible retirees who elect to continue health coverage at retirement. It is assumed that 25% of all pre-65 employees and their dependents who are eligible for early retiree benefits will participate in the retiree medical plan, with 70% remaining on the plan post-65. This assumes that a one-time irrevocable election to participate is made at retirement.
Marriage	The assumed number of eligible dependents is based on the current proportions of single and family contracts in the census provided.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability (continued)

Changes in Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 5,746,197
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	36,798
Interest	119,196
Differences in expected and actual experience	1,681,770
Changes in assumptions	(689,545)
Benefit payments	 (529,284)
Net changes	 618,935
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 6,365,132

The amount due within one year for the total other postemployment benefits liability is estimated to be \$555,748 and is based on the annual benefit payments.

Sensitivity to the Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the Orleans Parish School Board's total other postemployment benefits liability using the current discount rate as well as what the Orleans Parish School Board's total other postemployment benefits liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate used:

	1.0)% Decrease	Current Discount (3.54%)		1.0% Increase		
		(2.54%)			(4.54%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	6,911,000	\$	6,365,132	\$	5,891,000	

Sensitivity of the Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate. The following table presents the Orleans Parish School Board's total other postemployment benefits liability using the current healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the Orleans Parish School Board's total other postemployment benefits liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate used:

	Current Trend					
			(Se	ee actuarial		
	1.0	% Decrease	as	sumptions)	1.0	% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,824,000	\$	6,365,132	\$	6,981,000

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board recognized other postemployment benefits expense of \$252,321 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences bewteen expected and actual experience	\$	1,517,823	\$	(628,401)
Changes in assumptions		719,965		(708,007)
Total	\$	2,237,788	\$	(1,336,408)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the other postemployment benefits liability will be recognized in other postemployment benefits expense as follows:

Year ending	
June 30:	
2023	\$ 96,327
2024	96,327
2025	96,327
2026	96,327
2027	97,315
2028 - 2032	 418,757
	\$ 901,380

12. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The Orleans Parish School Board pools its internal cash and investments in order to maximize investment opportunities and reports the combined amount as a single line item, Equity in Pooled Cash, across all funds. Pooled cash and investments function as both Due to and from Other Funds and as a line of credit for individual funds, which are permitted to overdraw their equity in the pool; overdrawn amounts are listed as a liability. Pooled cash and investments in each fund as of June 30, 2022, are shown in the following table:

	Receivable Fund		Payable Fund	
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$	18,324,036		5,555,624
Pass-through Fund		11,733,719		-
Facilites Preservation		2,249,229		-
Nonmajor Governmental		744,495		19,898,642
Business-type activities:				
Enterprise Funds		-		4,219,043
Internal Service Funds		-		3,378,170
Total	\$	33,051,479	\$	33,051,479

13. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Т	Transfer In		Transfer Out		
Governmental activities:						
General Fund	\$	5,600,309		85,856		
Pass-through Fund		-		159,559		
Facilites Preservation		15,016		2,065,665		
Nonmajor Governmental		144,544		3,534,645		
Business-type activities:						
Internal Service Funds		85,856		-		
Total	\$	5,845,725	\$	5,845,725		

The purpose of interfund transfers generally are (1) to transfer indirect costs to the general fund from the special revenue funds, and (2) to transfer supplemental local funds for program operations from the general fund to other programs.

14. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims

The Orleans Parish School Board is a defendant in several workers' compensation, personal injury, personnel action, and contractual lawsuits. Provisions for losses for these lawsuits are recorded in the financial statements as long-term obligations. Management and legal counsel for the Orleans Parish School Board believe that the potential claims against the Orleans Parish School Board not covered by insurance are covered by the recorded liability, which totaled \$38,362,223 at June 30, 2022.

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the Orleans Parish School Board receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants.

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

On August 18, 2010, the Orleans Parish School Board was awarded \$426 million from FEMA to repair and replace damaged school facilities and contents as a result of Hurricane Katrina, which occurred on August 29, 2005.

In addition to addressing damages to facilities and contents, this award has also supported and will continue to support temporary leased facilities, temporary modular school campuses, temporary busing costs, and other expenses that are necessary due to the impact of Hurricane Katrina.

The majority of the FEMA funding awarded to the Orleans Parish School Board and the Recovery School District has been structured into Alternative Projects under FEMA's Public Assistance program, which allows applicants to designate alternative ways to utilize FEMA funding to support the best interests of the community. This alternate funding vehicle provided maximum flexibility to facilitate the implementation of the School Facilities Master Plan for Orleans Parish. The Orleans Parish School Board has been issued 998 project worksheets which authorized or obligated \$373.7 million. As of June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board has received reimbursements of \$358.3 million. The Orleans Parish School Board plans on using the majority of the remaining authorized monies to fund Phase Three of the Master Plan.

Construction Contracts

On June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board had ongoing construction projects for major school renovations at year end. The Orleans Parish School Board has purchase orders and commitments of \$9.1 million related to these projects. These commitments will be paid out of the various capital projects funds.

15. LEASES - LESSOR

The Orleans Parish School Board owns two buildings, located at 2401 Westbend Parkway and 2405 Jackson Avenue in New Orleans, portions of which are leased to tenants and the portion it occupies it charges itself internally; this rental activity is accounted for in the Timbers enterprise fund. For the year ended June 30, 2022, lease revenues totaled \$962,484. Original leases are generally for a three-year term with options to renew for an additional one-year period. Additional charges and increases to base rent are determined at the end of the calendar year when the costs (real estate taxes and operating costs) of the School Board exceed rent charged. All current leases are on a one-year term with no renewal or termination options available. Leases are renegotiated each year.

16. TAX REVENUES ABATED

State Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Program

The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program (Louisiana Constitution Article 7, Section 21) is a state incentive program dating back to the 1930s which abates local ad valorem taxes on a manufacturer's new investment and annual capitalized additions related to the manufacturing site. The Louisiana Department of Economic Development administers the incentive program. Until July 2016, 100% of qualified property was exempted for five years and could be renewed for 100% exemption for the next five years. The exemption of these local ad valorem taxes was granted by the state Board of Commerce and Industry.

In June 2016, the incentive program was changed to (1) allow a maximum exemption of 100% for the first five years, which could be renewed at 80% for the next three years, and (2) provide for input from and establish a procedure for local taxing bodies to approve or disapprove applications for exemption before being approved by the state Board of Commerce and Industry.

In June 2018, the incentive program was further changed to allow a maximum exemption of 80% for an initial term of five years and the option to renew at 80% for an additional five years.

On July 19, 2018, the Orleans Parish School Board adopted Resolution 09-18, which was amended on September 20, 2018, requiring that all four of the following criteria be met for the Orleans Parish School Board to approve any application for the Industrial Tax Exemption Program:

- 1. The business is located in a distressed region (specifically defined); and
- 2. The jobs created as a result of the capital project must meet the job and payroll requirements for eligibility for the Louisiana Quality Jobs Rebate program; and
- 3. At least 35% of the new hires will reside in Orleans parish; and
- 4. Construction on the capital project for which a tax exemption is being sought has not commenced prior to gaining approval from the Orleans Parish School Board.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board had no ad valorem tax revenues abated by the State of Louisiana through the Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption program.

City of New Orleans Restoration Tax Abatement Program

The City of New Orleans maintains a Restoration Tax Abatement program that provides commercial property owners who expand, restore, improve, or develop an existing structure in a downtown development district, economic development district, or historic district the right to pay ad valorem taxes based on the assessed valuation of the property for the prior year to the commencement of the project for five years after completion of the work.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, \$109,122 in Orleans Parish School Board ad valorem tax revenues were abated by the New Orleans City Council through the Restoration Tax Abatement program on 2 active contracts.

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> <u>NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>JUNE 30, 2022</u>

17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The Orleans Parish School Board noted that certain assets placed in service in prior years were not appropriately calculating the accumulated depreciation based on the date placed in service due to inaccurate input of data.

The Orleans Parish School Board reported a prior period adjustment in governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net Position, June 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 1,578,067,312
Restatement of accumulated depreciation	 (23,859,853)
Net Position, June 30, 2022, as restated	\$ 1,554,207,459

18. HURRICANE IDA

On August 29, 2021, the Orleans Parish School Board and its facilities were impacted by Hurricane Ida. Management estimates damages to be approximately \$15 million. In August 2021, the Board appropriated an amount not to exceed \$15 million to procure a contractor to make these repairs. The Board originally approved Guarantee Restoration on June 10, 2021, RFP No. 21-0028 for Disaster Recovery Services. The first amendment was Board approved on September 23, 2021, to increase the contract from \$500,000 to \$15,000,000 and to date has paid \$12,211,098 on damages. The effective lease agreements with the charter operators establishes that they are responsible for the deductible for each school they operate, and the School Board is only responsible for vacant properties and its main offices which limits its financial exposure. Schools can utilize the Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) to fund the amount of the deductible in the event the School Facility Account (SFA) does not have adequate funding. Permanent repairs have been budgeted in the FY23 capital budget at \$12.5 million and will be funded through multiple sources including insurance reimbursements, SFA, RLF and the School Facilities Preservation Program (SFPP).

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 3, 2022, the Orleans Parish School Board approved the issuance of Revenue Anticipation Notes not to exceed \$75,000,000 which are necessary to provided stabilized cash flows to charter schools and will be repaid from ad valorem tax proceeds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART II)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Financial statement reporting date Measurement date			6/30/2021 6/30/2021		6/30/2020 6/30/2020		6/30/2019 6/30/2019		6/30/2018 6/30/2018	
Service cost		36,798		36,038	\$	31,740	\$	27,833	\$	26,796
Interest		119,196		128,377		212,890		234,061		246,463
Difference between actual and expected experience		1,681,770		-		(845,093)		-		-
Change in assumptions		(689,545)		27,591		768,976		209,614		(172,352)
Benefit payments		(529,284)		(437,338)		(455,628)		(426,237)		(418,798)
Net change in total OPEB liability		618,935		(245,332)		(287,115)		45,271		(317,891)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,746,197		5,991,529		6,278,644		6,233,373		6,551,264
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	6,365,132	\$	5,746,197	\$	5,991,529	\$	6,278,644	\$	6,233,373
Covered employee payroll	\$	15,769,262	\$	16,594,000	\$	16,110,326	\$	21,296,000	\$	20,576,287
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		40.36%		34.63%		37.19%		29.48%		30.29%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB 75 for this OPEB plan.

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (*)

							Employer's	
							Proportionate	
			I	Employer's			Share of the Net	Plan Fiduciary Net
		Employer's	Pı	oportionate			Pension Liability	Position as a
		Proportion of the	Sha	are of the Net			(Asset) as a	Percentage of the
Pension		Net Pension	Pen	sion Liability			Percentage of its	Total Pension
Plan	Year	Liability (Asset)		(Asset)	Co	vered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
Teachers F	Retirement	System of Louisiana						
	2022	0.3401%	\$	18,157,055	\$	17,553,155	103.4404%	71.80%
	2021	0.3050%		33,929,225		15,042,907	225.5497%	65.61%
	2020	0.4094%		40,632,807		20,230,440	200.8498%	68.57%
	2019	0.5245%		51,550,913		23,859,715	216.0584%	68.17%
	2018	0.4885%		50,084,418		28,475,489	175.8861%	65.55%
	2017	0.5741%		67,384,976		28,825,542	233.7683%	59.90%
	2016	0.6096%		65,549,001		27,306,350	240.0504%	62.50%
	2015	0.5878%		60,078,728		26,191,785	229.3800%	63.70%
Louisiana	School Em	ployees Retirement S	Systen	1				
	2022	0.0484%	\$	230,082	\$	133,961	171.7530%	72.80%
	2021	0.0102%		82,073		41,682	196.9027%	69.67%
	2020	0.0141%		98,457		40,171	245.0947%	73.49%
	2019	0.0276%		184,152		33,148	555.5448%	74.44%
	2018**	0.0624%		399,487		130,747	305.5420%	75.03%
Louisiana	State Emp	loyees Retirement Sy	stem					
	2022	0.0262%	\$	1,443,748	\$	544,927	264.9434%	74.14%
	2021	0.0222%		1,837,412		522,650	351.5569%	58.00%
	2020	0.0268%		1,938,666		936,072	207.1065%	62.90%
	2019	0.0079%		540,002		256,510	210.5189%	64.30%
	2018	0.1757%		1,236,441		371,665	332.6762%	62.54%
	2017	0.1772%		1,391,786		385,050	361.4559%	57.70%
	2016	0.1355%		921,809		321,035	287.1366%	62.70%
	2015	0.1314%		821,567		265,843	309.0422%	65.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(*) The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

(**) The School Board did not start to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability due to immateriality until 2017.

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Plan:	Year]	ontractually Required ontribution ¹	C	ntributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution ²	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Co	vered Payroll ³	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Teachers	Retiremen	it Syste	em of Louisian	a					
	2022	\$	3,521,321	\$	3,521,321	-	\$	14,087,990	24.9952%
	2021		4,729,010		4,729,010	-		17,553,155	26.9411%
	2020		3,926,649		3,926,649	-		15,042,907	26.1030%
	2019		5,405,827		5,405,827	-		20,230,440	26.7213%
	2018		6,345,018		6,345,018	-		23,859,715	26.5930%
	2017		7,345,329		7,345,329	-		28,475,489	25.7953%
	2016		7,655,504		7,655,504	-		28,825,542	26.5581%
	2015		7,683,825		7,683,825	-		27,306,350	28.1393%
Louisiana	School Ei	nploye	es Retirement	Syste	m				
	2022	\$	49,828	\$	49,828	-	\$	135,770	36.7003%
	2021		38,447		38,447	-		133,961	28.7001%
	2020		12,255		12,255	-		41,682	29.4012%
	2019		11,248		11,248	-		40,171	28.0003%
	2018		9,148		9,148	-		33,148	27.5974%
	2017*		35,769		35,769	-		130,747	27.3574%
Louisiana	State Em	ployees	s Retirement S	ystem					
	2022	\$	154,495	\$	154,495	-	\$	329,590	46.8749%
	2021		218,516		218,516	-		544,927	40.1001%
	2020		212,065		212,065	-		522,650	40.5750%
	2019		354,771		354,771	-		936,072	37.9000%
	2018		102,989		102,989	-		256,510	40.1501%
	2017		133,222		133,222	-		371,665	35.8446%
	2016		143,239		143,239	-		385,050	37.2001%
	2015		118,394		118,394	-		321,035	36.8788%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(*)The School Board did not start to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability due to immateriality until 2017.

For reference only:

¹ Employer contribution rate multiplied by employer's covered payroll

² Actual employer contributions remitted to Retirement Systems

³ Covered payroll amount for each of the fiscal year ended June 30

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DESCRIPTIONS</u> MAJOR FUNDS WITH A LEGALLY ADOPTED ANNUAL BUDGET

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> The general fund, the main operating fund, is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>REVENUE PASS-THROUGH FUND</u> The Revenue Pass-Through Fund is a special revenue fund established to account for the collection of Minimum Foundation Program unrestricted grant funds from the state, ad valorem taxes, and sales taxes, which are then distributed to charter schools per LSA-RS 17:3995.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Exhibit 1.1

	BUDGETED	AMC	MINTS		FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE	
REVENUES	 DUDGETED ORIGINAL	ANIC	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
Local sources:	 			 			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,197,671	\$	1,197,671	\$ 1,961,955	\$	764,284	
Sales and use taxes	941,027		941,027	29,159,992		28,218,965	
Earnings on investments	300,000		300,000	(990,804)		(1,290,804)	
Other	13,207,547		13,207,547	18,084,101		4,876,554	
State sources:	, ,		, ,	, ,		, ,	
Equalization - Minimum Foundation	1,425,799		1,425,799	3,330,898		1,905,099	
Other	3,430,000		3,430,000	3,063,235		(366,765)	
TOTAL REVENUES	 20,502,044		20,502,044	54,609,377		34,107,333	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular programs	350,000		350,000	572,980		(222,980)	
Special education	1,719,850		1,719,850	3,279,148		(1,559,298)	
Other instructional programs	4,800,000		4,800,000	4,257,121		542,879	
Support: services:							
Student services	7,285,584		7,285,584	4,138,609		3,146,975	
Instructional staff support	1,223,920		1,223,920	1,150,183		73,737	
General administration	4,356,189		4,356,189	3,720,596		635,593	
School administration	21,500		21,500	1,041		20,459	
Business services	2,804,678		2,804,678	3,887,737		(1,083,059)	
Plant services	4,005,637		4,005,637	3,027,356		978,281	
Central services	2,586,668		2,586,668	5,055,877		(2,469,209)	
Capital Outlay:							
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		-	4,041		(4,041)	
Other	 -		-	 42,758		(42,758)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 29,154,026		29,154,026	 29,137,447		16,579	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (8,651,982)	\$	(8,651,982)	\$ 25,471,930	\$	34,123,912	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$ 8,651,982	\$	8,651,982	\$ 5,600,309	\$	(3,051,673)	
Transfers out	-		-	(85,856)		(85,856)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)	 8,651,982		8,651,982	 5,514,453		(3,137,529)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-	30,986,383		30,986,383	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 39,891,365		39,891,365	 51,892,080		12,000,715	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 39,891,365	\$	39,891,365	\$ 82,878,463	\$	42,987,098	

PASS-THROUGH FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Exhibit 1.2

		BUDGETED) AM(DUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
<u>REVENUES</u>	(ORIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL	(N	EGATIVE)	
Local sources:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	155,881,239	\$	155,881,239	\$ 164,118,633	\$	8,237,394	
Sales and use taxes		88,615,232		88,615,232	115,715,955		27,100,723	
State sources:								
Equalization - Minimum Foundation		214,950,104		214,950,104	 202,186,861		(12,763,243)	
TOTAL REVENUES		459,446,575		459,446,575	 482,021,449		22,574,874	
EXPENDITURES Current: Support: services:								
General administration Appropriations - Charter Schools and OJJ:		8,597,173		8,597,173	10,268,611		(1,671,438)	
Type II Charter Schools and OJJ		10,884,813		10,884,813	12,434,153		(1,549,340)	
Type III Charter Schools		439,964,589		439,964,589	441,653,860		(1,689,271)	
Other		-		-	17,505,266		(17,505,266)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		459,446,575		459,446,575	 481,861,890		(22,415,315)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					 159,559		159,559	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		-		-	 (159,559)		(159,559)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		-	 (159,559)		(159,559)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-	-		-	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		-		-	 		-	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 	\$		

A. CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO HEALTH PLAN

Benefit Changes -

Measurement date

There were no changes to the benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability for measurement dates 6/30/2022, 6/30/2021, 6/30/2020 and 6/30/2019

Changes of Assumptions -

The changes in assumptions balance were a result of changes of the following:

Discount rate assumption

Measurement Date	Rate	Change
6/30/2022	3.54%	1.38%
6/30/2021	2.16%	-0.05%
6/30/2020	2.21%	-1.29%
6/30/2019	3.50%	-0.37%
6/30/2018	3.87%	

Salary rate assumption

Measurement Date	Rate	Change
6/30/2022	3.00%	-0.50%
6/30/2021	3.50%	-
6/30/2020	3.50%	-
6/30/2019	3.50%	-

Mortality

_

_

Measurement Date Table Used:

6/30/2022	Pub-2010 headcount weighted base mortality table, projected generationally using Scale
	MP-2021, applied on a gender-specific and job class basis (teacher, safety, or general,
	as applicable).
6/30/2021	Pub-2010 generational table scaled using MP-2019 and applied on a gender-specific
	basis.
6/30/2020	Pub-2010 generational table scaled using MP-2019 and applied on a gender-specific
	basis.
6/30/2019	MP-2019 and applied on a gender-specific basis.

Healthcare cost trend rates

Measurement Date Rates Used:

	Rates Osed.
6/30/2022	7.0%/6.5% for pre-Medicare Medical and Rx Benefits/Medicare claims based on the
	current HCA Consulting trend study reduced 0.25% each year until reaching the
	ultimate rate of 4.0%.
6/30/2021	No change
6/30/2020	No change
6/30/2019	6.0%/5.0% for pre-Medicare Medical and Rx Benefits/Medicare claims based on the current HCA Consulting trend study reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of $4.5%$.

B. <u>CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION</u> <u>PLANS</u>

Changes of Benefit Terms include:

Following is a listing of changes in benefit terms, as applicable, for the three pension plans for the years presented.

Teachers Retirement System of Louisiana and Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (TRSL)

2017 – A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session

2016 – Members employed on or after July 1, 2015 – can retire at age 62 with a 2.5% benefit factor with at least 5 years of service credit or at any age after 20 years or service credit (actuarially reduced)

2015 – A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 204 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session

Louisiana School Employees Retirement System (LSERS)

2021 – Act 37 authorizes a minimum benefit increase beginning July 1, 2021 funded from the system's experience account to certain retirees and survivors of the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System.

2016 – Act 93 of the 2016 provides for an up to 2.0% COLA on the first \$60,000 of a recipient's benefit for eligible members effective 7/1/16.

Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

2017 – A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2016, provided by Acts 93 and 512 of the 2016 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session

2015 – Improved benefits for certain members employed by the Office of Adult and Parole within the Department of Public Safety and Corrections per Act 852 of 2014

2015 – A 1.5% COLA, effective July 1, 2014, provided by Act 204 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session

2015 – Added benefits for members of the Harbor Police Retirement System which was merged with LASERS effective July 1, 2015

B. <u>CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO DEFINED PENSION PLANS</u> (continued)

Changes of Assumptions

The following changes were made to the pension plans identified in the tables below:

	Discount rate:		Inflation rate:		Salary increases:
Year (*)	Rate	Change	Rate	Change	Range
TRSL					
2021	7.400%	-0.050%	2.300%	-0.200%	No change
2020	7.450%	-0.100%	2.500%	0.000%	3.10 to 4.60% for various member types
2019	7.550%	-0.100%	2.500%	0.000%	No change
2018	7.650%	-0.050%	2.500%	0.000%	3.30 to 4.80% for various member types
2017	7.700%	-0.050%	2.500%	0.000%	No change
2016	7.750%	0.000%	2.500%	0.000%	3.50 to 10.0% for various member types
2015	7.750%		2.500%		
LSERS					
2021	6.900%	-0.100%	2.500%	0.000%	No change
2020	7.000%	0.000%	2.500%	0.000%	No change
2019	7.000%	-0.062%	2.500%	0.000%	No change
2018	7.063%	-0.063%	2.500%	-0.125%	3.25%
2017	7.125%	0.000%	2.625%	0.000%	3.075% to 5.375%
2016	7.125%	0.125%	2.625%	-0.125%	3.200% to 5.500%
2015	7.000%		2.750%		
LASERS					
2021	7.400%	-0.150%	2.300%	0.000%	No change
2020	7.550%	-0.050%	2.300%	-0.200%	2.60% to 13.80% for various member types
2019	7.600%	-0.050%	2.500%	-0.250%	2.80% to 14.00% for various member types
2018	7.650%	-0.050%	2.750%	0.000%	No change
2017	7.700%	-0.050%	2.750%	-0.250%	2.80% to 14.30% for various member types
2016	7.750%	0.000%	3.000%	0.000%	3.00% to 14.50% for various member types
2015	7.750%		3.000%		

(*) The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

B. <u>CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS RELATED TO DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION</u> <u>PLANS</u> (continued)

Mortality Table

TRSL

- 2021 No change
- 2020 No change
- 2019 No change
- 2018 Active members RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females. Non-Disabled retiree/inactive members – RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females.

Disability retiree mortality – RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females. These base tables are adjusted from 2014 to 2018 using the MP-2017 generational improvement table, with continued future mortality improvement projected using the MP-2017 generational mortality improvement tables.

2017 – Mortality rates were projected based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with projection to 2025 using Scale AA.

LSERS

- 2021 No change
- 2020 No change
- 2019 No change
- 2018 RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Sex Distinct Employee, Sex Distinct Disabled Tables
- 2017 RP-2000 Sex Distinct Mortality and Disabled Lives Mortality Tables

LASERS

- 2021 No change
- 2020 Non-disabled members Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar (males / females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant Tables projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement scale MP-2018.
 Disabled members - Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.
- 2019 Non-disabled members Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected using the MP-2018 Mortality Improvement Scale, applied on a fully generational basis.
 Disabled members Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.
- 2018 No change
- 2017 Non-disabled members Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with mortality improvement projected to 2015.

Disabled members – Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with no projection for mortality improvement.

C. General Budget Policies

The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules.

State statute requires budgets be adopted for the general fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September 15, the Superintendent submits to the School Board proposed annual budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds' budgets. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the School Board's approval, to obtain citizens comments. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered significant by the School Board. All budget revisions are approved by the School Board.

The budgets are prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The level of budgetary control is established by function within each fund.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - BY FUND TYPE JUNE 30, 2022

		SPECIAL REVENUE		CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	495,216	\$	2,022,510	\$	2,517,726	
Equity in pooled assets	ψ	17,662,369	Ψ	15,755,801	φ	33,418,170	
Receivables		12,311,614		5,677,824		17,989,438	
Interfund receivables		744,495		-		744,495	
Inventories		49,754		-		49,754	
Prepaid items				51,000		51,000	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	31,263,448	\$	23,507,135	\$	54,770,583	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts and other payables		2,153,501		3,004,992		5,158,493	
Interfund payables		13,784,898		6,113,744		19,898,642	
Unearned revenues		121,387				121,387	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16,059,786		9,118,736		25,178,522	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		49,754		51,000		100,754	
Restricted		15,153,908		1,402,577		16,556,485	
Committed		-		12,934,822		12,934,822	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		15,203,662		14,388,399		29,592,061	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	¢	21 2(2 449	¢	22 507 125	¢	54 770 592	
FUND BALANCES	\$	31,263,448	\$	23,507,135	\$	54,770,583	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES</u> <u>AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY FUND TYPE</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>		 	
Local sources:			
Sales and use taxes	\$ 5,118,000	\$ -	\$ 5,118,000
Earnings on investments	-	834	834
Food Services	1,885	-	1,885
Other	105,377	256,601	361,978
State sources:			
Equalization-Minimum Foundation	39,258	-	39,258
Other	811,014	-	811,014
Federal sources	24,044,480	8,881,782	32,926,262
TOTAL REVENUES	 30,120,014	 9,139,217	 39,259,231
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular programs	-	745,128	745,128
Special education	899,554	-	899,554
Other instructional programs	769,358	-	769,358
Special programs	4,709,624	-	4,709,624
Support services:			
Student services	3,657,517	-	3,657,517
Instructional staff support	1,283,445	-	1,283,445
General administration	-	5,425	5,425
School administration	1,303,753	-	1,303,753
Business services	26,497	-	26,497
Plant services	7,823	125,932	133,755
Student transportation services	10,350	-	10,350
Central services	160,914	-	160,914
Food services	4,142,370	-	4,142,370
Appropriations - Charter Schools and OJJ:			
Type III Charter Schools	6,828,151	-	6,828,151
Capital Outlay:			
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	13,836,587	13,836,587
Other	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 23,799,356	 14,713,072	 38,512,428
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 6,320,658	\$ (5,573,855)	\$ 746,803
			(continued)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES</u> <u>AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY FUND TYPE</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

	SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	 TOTAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ (2,595,275)	\$ 144,544 (939,370) (794,826)	\$ 144,544 (3,534,645) (3,390,101)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,725,383	(6,368,681)	(2,643,298)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 11,478,279	 20,757,080	 32,235,359
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 15,203,662	\$ 14,388,399	\$ 29,592,061 (concluded)

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

EVERY STUDENT SUCCEEDS ACT (ESSA) To provide opportunities for eligible children served to acquire the knowledge and skills to meet the challenging State performance standards.

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL ELEMENTARY RELIEF (ESSER) To account for the federal grants received for ESSER by the School Board under the provisions of the three federal acts (CARES, CRRSA and ARP) through the Louisiana Department of Education to fund costs associated with the COVID-19 pandemic.

<u>GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY EDUCATION RELIEF FUND (GEERF)</u> To account for the federal grants received for GEERF by the School Board under the provisions of the three federal acts (CARES, CRRSA and ARP) through the Louisiana Department of Education to fund costs associated with the COVID-19 pandemic.

INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT (IDEA) To seek out and identify every child within the jurisdiction of the School Board who is suspected of being an exceptional child and in need of special education and related services; and to provide individualized education programs for those in need of specially designed instruction.

<u>SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE</u> To assist through grants and food donations in providing a nutritious breakfast and lunch service for school students and to encourage the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

<u>MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL FUNDS</u> To account for various smaller federal grants for which expenditures are legally restricted to specific purposes.

<u>MISCELLANEOUS STATE AND LOCAL GRANT FUNDS</u> To account for various smaller state and local grants for which the expenditures are legally restricted or committed to specified purposes.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

		ESSA		ESSER	 GEERF		IDEA		SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE		CELLANEOUS FEDERAL	S	CELLANEOUS FATE AND CAL GRANTS		TOTAL
ASSETS	¢		¢		\$	¢		¢	405 216	¢		¢		¢	405.016
Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled assets	\$	-	\$	2,197,155	\$ - 9,914	\$	-	\$	495,216 3,985,978	\$	-	\$	- 10,772,757	\$	495,216 17,662,369
Receivables		4,760,223		3,597,614	9,914		3,068,297		419,734		696,565 232,658		233,088		12,311,614
Interfund receivables		564,073		5,597,014	-		5,008,297		-19,734		100,422		80,000		744,495
Inventories		-		-	-		-		49,754		-		-		49,754
									- ,						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,324,296	\$	5,794,769	\$ 9,914	\$	3,068,297	\$	4,950,682	\$	1,029,645	\$	11,085,845	\$	31,263,448
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Interfund payables Unearned revenues	\$	535,045 4,789,251 -	\$	488,524 5,306,245 -	\$ 9,914	\$	22,516 3,045,781	\$	584,547 - -	\$	60,743 270,534	\$	462,126 363,173 121,387	\$	2,153,501 13,784,898 121,387
TOTAL LIABILITIES	. <u> </u>	5,324,296		5,794,769	 9,914		3,068,297		584,547		331,277		946,686		16,059,786
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted		-		-	 -		-		49,754 4,316,381		698,368		10,139,159		49,754 15,153,908
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-			 				4,366,135		698,368		10,139,159		15,203,662
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,324,296	\$	5,794,769	\$ 9,914	\$	3,068,297	\$	4,950,682	\$	1,029,645	\$	11,085,845	\$	31,263,448

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	ESSA	ESSER	GEERF	IDEA		SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE		ELLANEOUS FEDERAL	ST	CELLANEOUS FATE AND CAL GRANTS	TOTAL
REVENUES												
Local sources:												
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,118,000	\$ 5,118,000
Food Services		-	-	-	-		1,885		-		-	1,885
Other		-	-	-	45		38,344		66,988		-	105,377
State sources:												
Equalization-Minimum Foundation		-	-	-	-		-		-		39,258	39,258
Other		-	-	-	-		-		-		811,014	811,014
Federal sources		7,358,036	7,795,838	-	3,139,238		5,478,204		180,241		92,923	24,044,480
TOTAL REVENUES		7,358,036	 7,795,838	 -	 3,139,283		5,518,433		247,229		6,061,195	 30,120,014
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Instruction:												
Special education		250	183,709	-	693,639		-		-		21,956	899,554
Other Instructional programs		19,358	_	-	_		-		-		750,000	769,358
Special programs		4,023,935	685,689	-	-		-		-		-	4,709,624
Support services:		, ,	,									, ,
Student services		97,382	1,516,213	-	1,968,284		-		75,638		-	3,657,517
Instructional staff support		397,079	-	-	198,624		-		-		687,742	1,283,445
School administration		-	-	-			-		-		1,303,753	1,303,753
Business services		3,353	21,552	-	-		-		-		1,592	26,497
Plant services		4,958		-	2,865		-		-		-,	7,823
Student transportation services		-	-	-	10,350		_		_		_	10,350
Central services		-	11,456	-	-		_		_		149,458	160,914
Food services		-		-	-		4,142,370		_		-	4,142,370
Appropriations - Charter Schools and OJJ:							.,,- / 0					.,=,- / 0
Type III Charter Schools		2,243,908	3,923,952	-	14,340		-		86,904		559,047	6,828,151
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		6,790,223	 6,342,571	 -	 2,888,102		4,142,370	·	162,542		3,473,548	 23,799,356
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			 			-						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	567,813	\$ 1,453,267	\$ -	\$ 251,181	\$	1,376,063	\$	84,687	\$	2,587,647	\$ 6,320,658
												(continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ESSA	ESSER		GEERF	IDEA	SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE	CELLANEOUS FEDERAL	S	CELLANEOUS TATE AND CAL GRANTS	TOTAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	\$ (567,813)	\$ (1,453,267)	\$		\$ (251,181)	\$ 	\$ (84,687)	\$	(238,327)	\$ (2,595,275)
SOURCES (USES)	 (567,813)	 (1,453,267)			 (251,181)	 	 (84,687)		(238,327)	 (2,595,275)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-		-	-	1,376,063	-		2,349,320	3,725,383
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 	 	. <u> </u>	-	 	 2,990,072	 698,368		7,789,839	 11,478,279
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ <u> </u>	\$ 4,366,135	\$ 698,368	\$	10,139,159	\$ 15,203,662 (concluded)

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

The capital project funds account for the receipts and disbursement of proceeds of bond issues and other committed revenues used for acquisition and improvement of major capital facilities. These funds reflect the activity of administrative districts created by the School Board.

HURRICANE KATRINA RESTORATION A capital projects fund established to account for the construction and renovation of school facilities funded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

HARRAH'S CASINO A capital project fund established to account for the receipt and disbursements for construction or renovation costs of schools to be paid from assistance received from Harrah's Casino.

<u>G.O. BOND</u> A capital project fund established to account for the receipt and disbursements for construction or renovation costs of schools to be paid from the general obligation bonds issued by the School Board.

<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS – OTHER</u> A capital project fund established to account for the receipt and disbursements for construction or renovation costs of schools not accounted for in any other capital project fund.

MASTER PLAN A capital projects fund initially established to account for the receipts and disbursements for the rebuilding of schools after Hurricane Katrina funded by insurance proceeds.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	ŀ	JRRICANE KATRINA STORATION	 RRRAH'S CASINO	G	.O. BOND	OTHER	1	MASTER PLAN	TOTAL
ASSETS	1121					 omen		1 20 20 3	 101112
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,022,510	\$ 2,022,510
Equity in pooled assets		219,987	-		1,407,979	14,127,835		-	15,755,801
Receivables		5,677,824	-		-	-		-	5,677,824
Prepaid items			 -		-	 51,000		-	 51,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,897,811	\$ -	\$	1,407,979	\$ 14,178,835	\$	2,022,510	\$ 23,507,135
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts and other payables	\$	1,442,622	\$ -	\$	6,475	\$ 1,193,013	\$	362,882	\$ 3,004,992
Interfund payables		4,455,189	 -		-	 -		1,658,555	 6,113,744
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,897,811	 		6,475	 1,193,013		2,021,437	 9,118,736
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		-	-		-	51,000		-	51,000
Restricted		-	-		1,401,504	-		1,073	1,402,577
Committed		-	 		-	 12,934,822		-	 12,934,822
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-	 -		1,401,504	 12,985,822		1,073	 14,388,399
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND									
FUND BALANCES	\$	5,897,811	\$ -	\$	1,407,979	\$ 14,178,835	\$	2,022,510	\$ 23,507,135

<u>NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

	KA	RICANE TRINA	HARRRA							STER		
	REST	DRATION	CASIN	0	G.	.O. BOND	01	THER	PI	LAN		TOTAL
REVENUES												
Local sources:	÷		<u>.</u>		.		<u>_</u>		÷		<u>_</u>	
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	834	\$	834
Other		-		-		-		256,601		-		256,601
Federal sources:		,881,782		-		-		-		-		8,881,782
TOTAL REVENUES	8	,881,782		-		-		256,601		834		9,139,217
EXPENDITURES Current:												
Instruction:												
Regular programs		611		-		-		744,517		-		745,128
Support services:												
General administration		-		-		-		5,425		-		5,425
Plant services		30,107	54	,009		1,349		40,467		-		125,932
Capital Outlay:												
Facilities acquisition and construction	8	,851,064		,680		14,950	4	,950,893		-		13,836,587
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8	,881,782	73	,689		16,299	5	,741,302		-		14,713,072
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER												
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	(73	,689)		(16,299)	(5	,484,701)		834		(5,573,855)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		_		_		_		144,544		_		144,544
Transfers out		_	(939	,370)		_				_		(939,370)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			()))	,570)								() 57,570)
SOURCES (USES)		_	(939	,370)		-		144,544		-		(794,826)
				,0 / 0)				1,0				(1) 1,020)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(1,013	,059)		(16,299)	(5	,340,157)		834		(6,368,681)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		-	1,013	,059		1,417,803	18	,325,979		239		20,757,080
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,401,504	\$ 12	,985,822	\$	1,073	\$	14,388,399

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> COMBINING INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

The Internal Service Funds account for the receipts and disbursements including reimbursements, administrative expenses, premium payments and claims expenses for the School Board's insurance programs (formerly self-insured programs).

The Board maintains the following internal service funds related to the insurance programs:

EMPLOYEE'S HEALTH/LIFE

RETIREE'S HEALTH/LIFE

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

In addition, the School Board maintains the following internal service fund related to discounts received to help eligible schools to obtain affordable telecommunication and internet access:

ERATE

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	EMPLOYEE'S HEALTH/LIFE		RETIREE'S HEALTH/LIFE		WORKERS' COMPENSATION		TOTAL
Current:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	3,393,472	\$	74,062	\$	3,467,534
Equity in pooled assets	5,313		-		2,644,272		2,649,585
TOTAL ASSETS	 5,313		3,393,472		2,718,334		6,117,119
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts and other payables	2,780		15,835		61,875		80,490
Interfund payables	2,533		3,375,637		-		3,378,170
Claims payable	-		-		1,143,101		1,143,101
Total current liabilities	 5,313		3,391,472		1,204,976		4,601,761
Noncurrent:							
Claims payable	-		2,000		-		2,000
Total current liabilities	-		2,000		-		2,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 5,313		3,393,472		1,204,976		4,603,761
NET POSITION (UNRESTRICTED)	\$ _	\$	-	\$	1,513,358	\$	1,513,358

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	OYEE'S TH/LIFE	TIREE'S .TH/LIFE	ORKERS' PENSATION	 TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES				
Reimbursements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,154	\$ 94,154
Other revenues	 325	 -	 -	 325
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	325	 -	94,154	 94,479
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administrative expenses	503	-	61,875	62,378
Premium payments	46	-	230,050	230,096
Benefit payments / claims expense	 -	 8,969	 112,316	 121,285
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 549	 8,969	 404,241	 413,759
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(224)	(8,969)	(310,087)	(319,280)
<u>TRANSFERS IN (OUT)</u>				
Transfers in	 224	 8,969	 76,663	 85,856
TOTAL TRANSFERS	 224	 8,969	 76,663	 85,856
Changes in net position	 	 -	 (233,424)	 (233,424)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	-	 -	 1,746,782	 1,746,782
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,513,358	\$ 1,513,358

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		PLOYEE'S LTH/LIFE		ETIREE'S ALTH/LIFE		'ORKERS' PENSATION		ERATE		TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					00111	<u>I Bridstilleri</u>		Liuii		TOTILE
Receipts from interfund charges for premiums	\$	300,000	\$	15,835	\$	61,875	\$	-	\$	377,710
Other receipts		325		-		94,154		32,189		126,668
Payments for benefits		(533,526)		(130,459)		(498,395)		(32,189)		(1,194,569)
Payments to employees for salaries and related benefits		(549)								(549)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(233,750)		(114,624)		(342,366)		-		(690,740)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Transfers in		224		8,969		76,663		-		85,856
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		224		8,969		76,663				05 056
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		224		8,969		/0,003				85,856
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(233,526)		(105,655)		(265,703)		-		(604,884)
		()		(100,000)		(,)				(000,000)
Cash at beginning of year		238,839		3,499,127		2,984,037		-		6,722,003
Cash at end of year	\$	5,313	\$	3,393,472	\$	2,718,334	\$	-	\$	6,117,119
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash										
provided by (used in) operating activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(224)	\$	(8,969)	\$	(310,087)	\$	_	\$	(319,280)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	φ	(224)	Ψ	(0,505)	ψ	(510,007)	φ		Ψ	(31),200)
(Increase) decrease in receivables		-		-		-		32,189		32,189
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		300,000		-		-		-		300,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		-		-		61,875		-		61,875
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		-		15,835		-		-		15,835
Increase (decrease) in interfund payable		(533,526)		(121,490)		-		(32,189)		(687,205)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-		-		(94,154)				(94,154)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(233,750)	\$	(114,624)	\$	(342,366)	\$	-	\$	(690,740)

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Board Member	District Number	Salary
John A. Brown, Sr.	1	\$ 6,800
Leila Eames	1	2,400
Ethan Ashley	2	10,800 (1)
Olin Parker	3	10,800 (2)
Jancarlo "J.C." Romero	4	9,600
Katherine Baudouin	5	9,600
Carlo L. Zervigon	6	9,600
Nolan Marshall, Jr.	7	9,600
		\$ 69,200

(1) President term ended December 31, 2021

(2) President term started January 1, 2022

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS</u> <u>TO THE SUPERINTENDENT</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

Dr. Henderson Lewis, Jr.	
Purpose	 Amount
Salary	\$ 318,383
Benefits-Health Insurance	19,849
Benefits - Retirement	103,193
Payroll taxes and unemployment expenses	7,800
Travel	8,730
Other-Professional Dues	 760
Total	\$ 458,715

OTHER REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS AND BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE



A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Orleans Parish School Board New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orleans Parish School Board (the School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-001 and 2022-002 to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Orleans Parish School Board's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School Board's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School Board's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Postlethinite & Nesterille

Baton Rouge, Louisiana December 30, 2022



A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Orleans Parish School Board New Orleans, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Orleans Parish School Board's (the School Board) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School Board's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School Board.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School Board's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School Board's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School Board's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School Board's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance in internal control over explanation over compliance may exist that were not identified.



Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Postlethinite & Mesterille

Baton Rouge, Louisiana December 30, 2022

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Name	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor No.	Ex	OPSB penditures	Charter Pass-Through Expenditures
United States Department of Homeland Security (FEMA) Passed through the Louisiana Department of Education FEMA Disaster Relief Program	97.036	N/A	\$	8,881,782	2
5	97.030	IV/A	.p		φ -
Total United States Department of Homeland Security				8,881,782	
United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Passed through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):					
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance:	10.555	N/A		393,374	-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A		908,872	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A		2,739,063	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A		101,061	-
Child Nutrition Cluster Total				4,142,370	-
Total United States Department of Agriculture				4,142,370	
United States Department of Education (ED) Passed through Louisiana Department of Education Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) Title I	84.010A	28-17-T1-36		6,984,075	2,362,065
Direct Student Services	84.010A	28-15-BJ-36		82,254	71,524
Subtotal				7,066,329	2,433,589
Title II	84.367A	28-17-50-36		122,777	11,216
Title III	84.365A	28-17-60-36		54,191	15,266
Title IV	84.186A	28-17-70-36		196,993	9,568
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)					
IDEA Part B	84.027A	28-17-B1-36		3,047,265	14,340
High Cost Services	84.027A	28-21-RK-36		21,956	-
IDEA Preschool Special Education Cluster Total	84.173A	28-17-P1-36		92,018 3,161,239	- 14,340
-r				-,,,	,
McKinney-Vento Homeless	84.196A	28-17-H1-36		128,680	10,332
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER Fund) - Formula	84.425D	28-20-ESRF-36		1,197,818	523,894
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER Fund) - Incentive	84.425D	28-20-ESRI-36		84,568	48,639
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III (ESSER Fund III) - Formula COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425U	28-20-ESRI-36		4,927,889	2,750,762
Fund III (ESSER Fund III) - Incentive	84.425U	28-20-ESRI-36		1,585,563	1,301,771
Subtotal				7,795,838	4,625,066
Total United States Department of Education				18,526,047	7,119,377
Total Federal Awards Expenditures			\$	31,550,199	\$ 7,119,377

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards.

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> <u>NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) includes the federal grant activity of the Orleans Parish School Board (the School Board) and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B – NON-CASH ASSISTANCE - FOOD COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Board received \$393,374 in commodities.

NOTE C – DE MINIMUS COST RATE

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Board did not elect to use the 10% de minimus cost rate as covered in §200.414 of the Uniform Guidance. Instead, the School Board has an indirect cost rate that is provided by the Louisiana Department of Education.

NOTE D – RECONCILIATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Federal Expenditures reported on the SEFA of \$31,550,199 are broken out as seen below:

Major Governmental Funds: No federal funds received from Major Governmental Funds

Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)	\$ 7,358,036
(ESSER)	7,795,838
IDEA	3,139,238
School Food Service	5,478,204
Other Federal Funds	180,241
State & Local Grants	92,923
Hurricane Katrina Restoration	8,881,782
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	32,926,262
Total Federal Restricted Grants-in-Aid per Financial Statements	32,926,262
Less: Receipt of Child Nutrition excess revenues	(1,376,063)
Total Federal Expenditures	\$ 31,550,199

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS <u>YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? • X yes no Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are • not considered to be material weaknesses? ____ yes <u>X</u> none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X no yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? _____yes X___no • Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? X none reported yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2, Part 200 of the Uniform Guidance? X no yes Identification of major programs: CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Cluster 97.036 Disaster Grant – Public Assistance (FEMA) 84.425D & 84.425U **Education Stabilization Fund Cluster** 84.010A Title 1 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: <u>\$947,594</u> Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? ____ yes X no

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS <u>YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2022-001: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting of Receivables

- Criteria: The definition of internal control over financial reporting includes ensuring that policies and procedures exist that pertain to an entity's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statements, which for the School Board, is that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
 Condition: As part of the audit process, we have assisted management in drafting the financial statements and related notes for the year-end audit procedures. Because our involvement is so key to that
- As part of the audit process, we have assisted management in dratting the financial statements and related notes for the year-end audit procedures. Because our involvement is so key to that process, that is an indication that the internal control over the preparation of year-end GAAP financial statements by the School Board is not sufficient. During our audit, we noted that grants receivable and related revenue accounts required adjustment to properly reflect account balances at the end of the fiscal year. **This is a partial repeat finding from the prior fiscal year (2021-001).**
- *Cause*: Certain balance sheet accounts were not properly reconciled to subsidiary ledgers to ensure completeness and accuracy of month-end and year-end balances.
- *Effect:* The School District has a material weakness in their internal control over financial reporting.
- *Recommendation*: We recommend that management designate appropriate personnel to maintain the books and records of the School Board in accordance with GAAP. This would involve monthly reconciliations of accounts and providing interim reports to management and the Board throughout the year. In addition, the School Board needs to ensure that proper procedures are established to improve the communications between departments to ensure accuracy and completeness of accounting records.

View of Responsible Official:

A monthly grant receivable close process has been created to designate necessary accounting functions to staff members. This process is in coordination with accounting staff as well as grants management staff to ensure the timeliest information is included. Communications with schools for external claims receivable has been improved and additional improvements are underway with additional staff specifically assigned to selected grants. The changes allow MUNIS based tracking of receivables and payables while grants are in the process cycle.

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS <u>YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022</u>

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

2022-002: Pooled Cash Fund Reconciliation

Criteria:	A good system of internal controls over cash includes monthly reconciliations. To simplify and minimize the number of cash accounts and maximize the control and utilization of the liquid assets of the School Board a centralized pooled cash system is maintained except in instances where required by debt agreements or other regulations. A separate fund is created to reconcile individual fund level cash balances to the total pooled accounts.
Condition:	The pooled cash fund was not reconciled to individual fund amounts throughout the year. We noted that the School Board is not reconciling transactions with the Pooled Cash Fund to ensure allocations between funds are properly recorded and balanced. This a partially repeat finding from the prior fiscal year (2021-005).
Cause:	Transactions were recorded without reviewing the impact to the Pooled Cash Fund.
Effect:	Inaccurate balances are presented and may be relied upon without understanding the impact to individual funds.
Recommendation.	: We recommend that each month the Pooled Cash Fund be reconciled in total to all other funds that participate in the pooling of these assets.

View of Responsible Official:

Monthly close accounting procedures have been created to include the reconciliation of bank accounts as well as the comparison to the fund level financial statements. The reconciliation process will include transactions with the Pooled Cash Fund to track the allocations between funds. Ongoing cash account reconciliations will be performed by the Sr. Accountant as well as the Comptroller and reviewed monthly to ensure each fund participating in the Pooled Cash Fund is included.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None identified

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> SUMMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS <u>YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021</u>

A. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2021-001: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting of Receivables and Payables

Condition: As part of the audit process, we assisted management in drafting the financial statements and related notes for the year-end audit procedures. Because our involvement is so key to that process, that is an indication that the internal control over the preparation of year-end GAAP financial statements by the School Board is not sufficient. During our audit, we noted that many accounts required adjustment for them to properly reflect account balances at both the beginning and ending of the current fiscal year. These included grants receivable and the related revenues and payables to charter schools and vendor payables. **This a repeat finding from the prior fiscal year.**

Current Year Status: Partially resolved – See Finding 2022-001

2021-002: Accrued Expenditures and Accounting Estimates

Condition: Based on testing performed at fiscal year-end, the School Board over accrued expenses by more than \$1,000,000 in the Child Nutrition Fund.

Current Year Status: Resolved

2021-003: Violation of Local Government Budget Act

Condition: Expenditures of the School Board's General Fund, the Pass-through Fund and several non-major special revenue funds exceeded the budgeted amounts by more than 5%. **This is a repeat finding from the prior year.**

Current Year Status: Resolved

2021-004: Information Technology and Use of Accounting Systems

Condition: A complete listing of all accounting systems utilized is not maintained by IT personnel. Year-end close out procedures were not properly performed in the accounting system and resulted in duplication of accounts payable transactions impacting the expenditures reported and the operating cash account reconciliation.

Current Year Status: Resolved

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u> SUMMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS <u>YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021</u>

B. FINDINGS and QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

2021-005: Bank Account Reconciliations and Pooled Cash Fund Reconciliation

Condition: A cash account was not reconciled to the general ledger and the pooled cash fund was not reconciled to individual fund amounts throughout the year. Audit procedures revealed a negative cash balance of \$4.6 million associated with the revenue anticipation note (RAN) bank account. The note was required to be repaid by ad valorem collections. Once the note was paid any other collections were now part of operating deposits. Finance personnel were aware that the deposits were not going to the correct account and made a reclassification entry to move these resources. However, an entry to record the ad valorem collections deposited into this account and the associated revenue was not made resulting in the negative cash balance. We also noted that the School Board is not reconciling the transactions with the Pooled Cash Fund to ensure allocations between funds are properly recorded and balanced.

Current Year Status: Partially resolved – See Finding 2022-002

2021-006: Preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Questioned Costs: N/A

Condition: The SEFA prepared by the School Board's personnel did not properly report the correct amount of the federal awards expended for the Federal programs administered by the School Board. The amount of expenditures reported included the grant award amounts and not the federal expenditure amounts of these programs. **This is a repeat finding from the prior year.**

Current Year Status: Resolved



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December 30, 2022

Tiffani M. Dorsa, CPA Audit Director Postlethwaite & Netterville 8550 United Plaza Blvd., Suite 1001 Baton Rouge, LA 70809

Dear Tiffani,

Please see below the corrective action plan per the requirements of §200.516 for the audit findings related to the Orleans Parish School Board's FY2022 annual audit.

Finding	Corrective Action Plan	Contact Person(s)	Anticipated Completion Date
2022-001: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting of Receivables	 A monthly grant receivable close process has been created in order to designate necessary accounting functions to staff members. This process is in coordination with accounting staff as well as grants management staff to ensure the most timely information is included. Communications with schools for external claims receivable has been improved and additional improvements are underway with additional staff specifically assigned to selected grants. The changes allow MUNIS based tracking of receivables and payables while grants are in the process cycle. 	Stuart Gay, CFO Nyesha Veal, Comptroller Endia Bush, Sr. Accountant Martha Sharp, Grants Analyst Litouri Smith, ED of Grants Management	June 30, 2023
2022-002: Bank Account Reconciliations and	• Monthly close accounting procedures have been created to include the reconciliation of bank accounts as well as the	Stuart Gay, CFO	June 30, 2023

Pooled Cash Fund Reconciliation	 comparison to the fund level statements. The reconciliation process will include transactions with the Pooled Cash Fund to track the allocations between funds. Ongoing cash account reconciliations will be performed by the Sr. Accountant as well as the Comptroller and reviewed monthly to ensure each fund participating in the Pooled Cash Fund is included. 	Nyesha Veal, Comptroller Jennifer Celestain, Sr. Accountant Dejon Stewart, St. Accountant
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We appreciate the thoroughness of this audit and the recommendations for improving the accounting and operational functions of the District as we move forward. Should you have any questions or require any additional information please do not hesitate to contact me directly.

Sincerely,

-DocuSigned by: Stuart Gay

Stuart M. Gay Chief Financial Officer

cc: Olin Parker, OPSB President Dr. Avis Williams, OPSB Superintendent

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD <u>NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA</u>

STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Orleans Parish School Board and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated in Schedule A on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. The Orleans Parish School Board (the School Board) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The School Board has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures we performed, and the associated findings are summarized in the attached Schedule A, which is an integral part of this report.

We were engaged by the School Board to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Postlethraite & Nesterille

Baton Rouge, Louisiana December 30, 2022

Schedule A

The procedures performed and the results thereof are set forth below. The procedure is stated first, followed by the results of the procedure presented in italics. If the item being subjected to the procedures is positively identified or present, then the results will read "no exception noted" or for step 25 "we performed the procedure and discussed the results with management". If not, then a description of the exception ensues.

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

No exceptions noted.

b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

No exceptions noted.

c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

No exceptions noted.

d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

No exceptions noted.

e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

No exceptions noted.

f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

No exceptions noted.

g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)

Schedule A

Written Policies and Procedures (continued)

h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

No exceptions noted.

Ethics, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121,
 (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

The entity has written policies for ethics; however, the policies do not contain attributes (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations or (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

The entity has written policies for debt service; however, the policies do not contain attribute (3) debt reserve requirements.

k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/ Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

No exceptions noted.

1) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

No exceptions noted.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

Schedule A

Board or Finance Committee (continued)

b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*

No exceptions noted.

c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

General Fund had a positive ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report. No exceptions noted.

Bank Reconciliations

3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:

A listing of bank accounts was provided and included a total of 16 bank accounts. Management identified the main operating account. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we selected the operating account and 4 other accounts and obtained the bank reconciliations for the month ending April 30, 2022, resulting in 5 bank reconciliations obtained and subjected to the below procedures.

a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

No exceptions noted.

b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

Schedule A

Bank Reconciliations (continued)

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

No exceptions noted.

Collections

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

A listing of deposit sites was provided and included a total of 13 deposit sites. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 deposit sites and performed the procedures below.

5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

A listing of collection locations for each deposit site selected in procedure #4 was provided and included a total of 13 collection locations. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From each of the listings provided, we randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site. Review of the Entity's written policies and procedures or inquiry with employee(s) regarding job duties was performed in order to perform the procedures below.

a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

No exceptions noted.

b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

For all locations selected for our procedures, the employee responsible for collecting cash also prepares/makes the bank deposit as well as reconciles collection documentation.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

Schedule A

Collections (continued)

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions noted.

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

Entity personnel with access to cash are not bonded and/or covered under the entity's insurance policy.

7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected in procedure #3. We obtained supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and performed the procedures below.

a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exceptions noted.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No exceptions noted.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

No exceptions noted.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger. *No exceptions noted.*

Schedule A

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

The listing of locations that processed payments for the fiscal period was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we selected 5 locations and performed the procedures below.

9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with nonpayroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:

The listing of employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions for each payment processing location selected in procedure #8 was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

Review of the Entity's written policies and procedures or inquiry with employee(s) regarding job duties was performed in order to perform the procedures below.

a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

No exceptions noted.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

No exceptions noted.

c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

No exceptions noted.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

For each location selected for testing, the employee mailing checks is also responsible for processing payment.

Schedule A

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases) (continued)

10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:

A listing of non-payroll disbursements for each payment processing location selected in procedures #8 was provided related to the reporting period. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From each of the listings provided, we randomly selected 5 disbursements and performed the procedures below.

a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice, and that supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

For all disbursements selected for procedures, the employee mailing checks is also responsible for processing payment.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

A listing of cards was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 cards used in the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement for each of the 5 cards selected and performed the procedures noted below.

a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]

For 1 of the 5 credit cards selected for our procedures, the monthly statement was not reviewed and approved in writing (or electronically) by someone other than the authorized card holder.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards (continued)

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No exceptions noted.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

We randomly selected 10 transactions for 3 of the 5 cards selected in procedures #12 (1 card with no transactions, 1 fuel card) and performed the specified procedures. No exceptions noted.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

The listing of travel and travel-related expense reimbursements was provided for the fiscal period. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 reimbursements and performed the procedures below.

a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (<u>www.gsa.gov</u>).

Of the 5 reimbursements selected for our procedures, 3 used a per diem. No exceptions noted.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

No exceptions noted.

c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

Schedule A

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions) (continued)

d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions noted.

Contracts

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

An active vendor list for the fiscal period was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 contracts and performed the following procedures.

a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

Of the 5 contracts selected for testing, 2 were subject to Louisiana Public Bid Law. No exceptions noted.

b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

No exceptions noted.

c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).

No exceptions noted.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

We randomly selected 1 payment for the 5 contracts selected in procedure #15 and performed the specified procedures. No exceptions noted.

Schedule A

Payroll and Personnel

16. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

A listing of employees employed during the fiscal year was provided. No exceptions were noted as a result of performing this procedure.

From the listing provided, we randomly selected 5 employees and performed the specified procedures. *No exceptions noted.*

17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:

We randomly selected 1 pay period during the fiscal period and performed the procedures below for the 5 employees selected in procedure #16.

a) Observe all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

No exceptions noted.

c) Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.

No exceptions noted.

d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No exceptions noted.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

Schedule A

Payroll and Personnel (continued)

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

No exceptions noted.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

No exceptions noted.

b) Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

Debt Service

21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.

No exceptions noted.

22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Entity had no outstanding bonds/notes as of the fiscal period end.

Schedule A

Fraud Notice

23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

Management represented that there were no misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period.

24. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions noted.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

Schedule A

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

No exceptions noted.

27. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions noted.

- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

No exceptions noted.

b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

No exceptions noted.

c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

No exceptions noted.

d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

No exceptions noted.

e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule B

The Orleans Parish School Board (School Board) provided a response and corrective action plan for the exceptions noted in Schedule A and are set forth below.

Written Policies & Procedures

- i) Ethics: The District will review the current policy and draft modifications to include missing attributes. It is not clear from the Agreed Upon Procedure what an acceptable "system" is so one will be researched and presented for inclusion. Finance will work with Human Resources to include changes to the OPSB's ethics policy in either all staff communications or some other form of organization wide notification.
- j) Debt Service The OPSB has a Debt Limitation Policy (DEA) that states that "The School Board may incur debt and issue bonds for the purposes of acquiring and/or improving lands, purchasing, erecting and/or improving school buildings, and/or for other purposes allowed by state law which, including the existing bonded debt of the School Board for all bonded purposes, may not exceed thirty-five per centum (35%) of the assessed valuation of all property as ascertained by the last assessment for the parish." The Finance department will review debt service requirement language from other school districts to update the current policy as needed.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 5.b) NOLAPS Finance department and Operations department will work through amending the current practice of cash collections for school food service in order to eliminate cash collections thereby stopping the employee responsible for collecting cash from making bank deposits. The process change will be reinforced in the interim with a meeting with School Food Service management to ensure the current practice is stopped.
- 6) NOLAPS employees are covered under the current insurance policies for crime insurance but are not bonded. Confirmation of the coverage in place will be reviewed with the Executive Director of Risk Management in order to ensure proper coverage in accordance with State AUPs.

ORLEANS PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule B

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 9.d) NOLAPS management will review the current process for mailing checks. MUNIS provides approval processing through the system so the signatures are generated automatically on approved payments moving through the system. A check can't be sent that is not approved by the Comptroller and CFO as well as approved by the CFO for Chase batch processing so little fraud exposure is possible by mailing checks. The payment process is a multi-step process involving adequate checks and balances. If an additional unrelated staff member is needed to mail checks then one will be selected and added to the current process.
- 10.b) NOLAPS management will review the current process for mailing checks. MUNIS
 provides approval processing through the system so the signatures are generated
 automatically on approved payments moving through the system. A check can't be sent
 that is not approved by the Comptroller and CFO as well as approved by the CFO for Chase
 batch processing so little fraud exposure is possible by mailing checks. The payment
 process is a multi-step process involving adequate checks and balances. If an additional
 unrelated staff member is needed to mail checks then one will be selected and added to the
 current process.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

• 12.a) Every credit card monthly statement is the responsibility of the cardholder. That responsibility includes reviewing each transaction, collecting applicable and approved supporting documentation for the purchases and submitting the packet for review by the Sr. Accountant for payment. Each monthly statement is also reviewed by the CFO or in the case of the CFO's credit card the packet is reviewed by the Comptroller. The secondary reviewer is responsible for checking the statement and the documentation, signing off on the statement and providing it to the Sr. Accountant. The statement selected for audit should be an anomaly that will be reviewed by management to ensure the current procedure is adequate and if not modifications to ensure oversight will be implemented.



A Professional Accounting Corporation

LETTER TO MANAGEMENT

Management of the Orleans Parish School Board New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the Orleans Parish School Board for the year ended June 30, 2022, have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2022. Professional standards suggest that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orleans Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Orleans Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Orleans Parish School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Orleans Parish School Board's internal control.

No matter how good a system, there are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of internal controls. In the performance of most control procedures, errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, or other personal factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion. Similarly, control procedures can be circumvented intentionally by management either with respect to the execution and recording of transactions or with respect to the estimates and judgments required in the preparation of financial statements. Further, projection of any evaluation of internal accounting control to future periods is subject to the risk that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate. We say this simply to suggest that any system needs to be constantly reviewed and improved where necessary.

Also, in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we considered compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.

However, during the course of our audit, we became aware of certain matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls or operating efficiencies or instances of immaterial non-compliance. Our comments and suggestions regarding those matters are set forth below. This letter does not affect our reports dated December 30, 2022, on the financial statements of the School Board or the School Board's internal control over financial reporting.



ML 2022-001 Federal Procurement Policies

- **Condition:** Under Title 2, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit requirements for Federal awards (Uniform Guidance), all non-Federal entities must follow the procurement standards in sections 200.318 through 200.327. Section 200.318 includes general procurement standards including documented procurement procedures, consistent with State and local laws and regulations and the procurement standards identified in 200.317 through 200.327. While reviewing the procurement policy of the School Board we noted it lacked references to federal procurement regulations or written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the performance of its employees engaged in the selection, award, and administration of contracts. Established procedures do not specifically address consideration of acquisitions of unnecessary duplicative items. **This was a repeated comment from the prior fiscal year.**
- **Recommendation:** We recommend the School Board complete its review its existing procurement policy and ensure it includes all necessary language to comply with federal regulations.

Management Response:

NOLAPS management was delayed in bringing policy revisions to the OPSB for Federal Procurement, however, as of November 2022 the updated required policies under Title 2, Part 200 have been adopted by the OPSB.

ML 2022-002 Information System Control Environment

- **Condition:** The controls related to the information system environment should be improved to ensure that information is secure, access to information is limited to personnel with a need for access, and that system changes are appropriate. Management did not complete formal user access reviews for in-scope systems and applications and a terminated user was still active on the active user listing. A portion of this comment (formal user access reviews) was repeated from the prior fiscal year.
- **Recommendations:** The School Board should consider implementing periodic formal user access review process for in-scope systems and applications. The process should be completed by employee(s) that are not user administrator(s) of the system under review, on at least an annual basis. In addition, the School Board should consider documenting any identified issues and evidence of remediation, as necessary. In addition, all terminated users should be removed from the active user directory in a timely manner.

Management Response:

The Operations department will complete formal user access reviews for in-scope systems and applications annually by June of each year in order ensure terminated users are inactive in the user listing. Human Resources and Operations will coordinate on change to employment status and/or position changes to properly communicate modifications to systems needs of employees.



ML 2022-003 Ensuring the Accuracy of Data Input in the Accounting Software over Property, Plant and Equipment

- **Condition:** As the School District has begun to more fully utilize its accounting system to record capitalization and depreciation of its fixed assets, controls should be enhanced to include an internal review of the input of costs, useful lives, and type of asset and performance of a recalculation of a sample of the outputs based on the date entered (placed in service) for accuracy. We noted that certain assets placed in service in prior years was not appropriately calculating the accumulated depreciation based on the date placed in service and resulted in a prior period restatement.
- **Recommendations:** The School Board should consider enhancing its internal controls over data input into its accounting software for fixed assets to include a review of a sample of outputs to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the data entered as noted above.

Management Response:

The Finance department has increased dedicated staffing in the form of a Property Accountant as well as enhanced procedures related to the treatment of capital tracking of OPSB assets. This includes year end works in progress (WIP) accounting that involves communication with the Operations department and expanded utilization of MUNIS to improve financial reporting of PP&E.

ML 2022-004 Review of Policies and Procedures over Ethics

- **Condition:** The Legislative Auditor has prescribed statewide agreed-upon procedures which include procedures to obtain and inspect the School District's written policies and procedures and observe they address specific items within these areas. Upon review of the School District's policies and procedures over ethics, we noted the policies did not address whether there is a system to monitor ethics violations and a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of changes to the School District's ethics policy.
- **Recommendations:** The School Board should review its current ethics policy and consider the inclusion of the items suggested by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

Management Response:

NOLAPS management was delayed in bringing policy revisions to the Ethics sections of policies and procedures, however, as of November 2022 the updated required policies have been adopted by the OPSB.



ML 2022-005 Enhancing Internal Control Over Cash Collections at School Locations

- **Condition:** Proper segregation of duties would require each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit. We noted during our review of procedures at school lunch locations, that the individual that is responsible for collecting cash is also responsible for preparing and making the bank deposits, as well as, reconciling the collections to the bank deposits. While the receipt of cash is not significant to the operations of the School District, there is an opportunity for misappropriation.
- **Recommendations:** The School Board should review its current procedures and ensure that proper segregation of duties over handling and depositing cash exists with collections of cash.

Management Response:

The Operations department and Finance department are working on revised operating agreement with schools whereby cash is no longer collected at the school site. There is very little collected in cash and removing this would eliminate the need for staff functions in this process.

ML 2022-006	Investment Compliance – Maturities and Policy Limits
Condition:	The School District's current investment policy limits 25% of its total portfolio in pooled investment accounts. At June 30, 2022, the School District had 73.5% of its allocated investments in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). This is a violation of its current established policy.
Recommendations:	The School Board should ensure future compliance with the established policy or review the policy to determine whether it is meeting the needs of the School

District and if changes are needed.

Management Response:

NOLAPS will bring a policy revision to the OPSB in order raise the amount of investments in Local Government Investment Pools (LGIPs) to 100%. The Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) allows for 24-hour liquidity as well as competitive rates given the current market conditions so allocating investments into this source is of a fiduciary benefit to the OPSB. Additionally, the 73.5% of allocated investments in LAMP as of June 30, 2022, was related to the payback timing of the Revenue Anticipation Note (RAN) and cash assets had to be available to repayment but should earn available interest while waiting for aforementioned repayment.



ML 2022-007 Financial Audits of Sub-recipients of Federal Awards Condition: The School District obtains audit reports for sub-recipients of federal awards which are passed through by the School District. The collection and review of these documents are done by the Finance Department. However, these reports are not being reviewed by Federal program personnel as part of their monitoring processes. We recommend these reports be shared with Federal program personnel annually for their review and follow-up on identified findings which may be reported in the sub-recipient's report over compliance and internal control over its major Federal programs. In the current fiscal year, there were no findings which would require follow-up procedures by Federal program personnel. Recommendations: The School Board should work with Federal program personnel to determine what

Recommendations: The School Board should work with Federal program personnel to determine what procedures should be in place to ensure reports are being obtained and provided on an annual basis and whether follow-up with sub-recipients are needed and occurring. In addition, a audit trail documenting these procedures should exist and made available during the annual audit over compliance with Federal programs.

Management Response:

The reorganization of the Finance department included additional processes that would occur with the Federal Programs team within the Finance department. There is no separate office for Federal Programs and as such the communication of critical information should flow freely between staff. This has been addressed and has been implemented with the new ED of Grants Management and the Comptroller and will continue to improve with procedures that have more ongoing reconciliations and internal audit functions.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various governmental unit personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management, and others within, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Postlethinite & Mesterille

Baton Rouge, Louisiana December 30, 2022

Status of Prior Year Management Letter Comments

ML 2021-001 Federal Procurement Policies

- **Condition:** Under Title 2, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit requirements for Federal awards (Uniform Guidance), all non-Federal entities must follow the procurement standards in sections 200.318 through 200.327. Section 200.318 includes general procurement standards including documented procurement procedures, consistent with State and local laws and regulations and the procurement standards identified in 200.317 through 200.327. While reviewing the procurement policy of the School Board we noted it lacked references to federal procurement regulations or written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the performance of its employees engaged in the selection, award, and administration of contracts. Established procedures do not specifically address consideration of acquisitions of unnecessary duplicative items. Our audit procedures did not reveal any violations of procurement standards in our testing of the Child Nutrition Cluster.
- **Recommendation:** We recommend the School Board review its existing procurement policy and ensure it includes all necessary language to comply with federal regulations.

Management Response:

The procurement procedure manual is in the process of a complete revision in collaboration with finance staff and legal staff to ensure compliance with current and updates federal regulations. The updated procedure manual will be reviewed with all departments and training will be provided to staff to ensure compliance with the updated procedures and standards.

Follow Up on Management Response: *The procurement procedure manual was not completed and therefore this is a repeated comment in the current year. See ML 2022-001.*

<u>ML 2021-002</u>	Investment Compliance
Condition:	Per Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955 the School Board's fixed income investments must meet certain conditions including that the investment must have a long-term rating of Aa3 or higher by Moody's Investors Service, a long-term rating of AA- or higher by Standard & Poor's, or a long-term rating of AA- or higher by Fitch Ratings, Inc. In addition, the indebtedness has a final maturity, mandatory tender, or a continuing optional tender of no more than five years.
	Out of a sample of 21 corporate bonds selected for testing, six were considered "upper medium grade" just under the higher-grade ratings of these rating agencies. Out of a sample of 49 government securities, two had maturities greater than five years.
Recommendation:	We recommend the School Board review these investments for compliance with the above requirement at least quarterly to ensure compliance with state law.

ML 2021-002 Investment Compliance (continued)

Management Response:

The investment statement was reviewed with PFM, the District's municipal advisors, and though the June 30, 202, statement only includes ratings by Moody's and Standard and Poors, the Fitch Rating for the investments noted was AA- or greater. Beginning in the 2022 fiscal year, the quarterly statement includes all three ratings agencies and will more accurately reflect compliance with this standard. The two government securities noted have a maturity stated on the description of greater than five years, however, the actual maturity is within the maturity window of five years as these are mortgage-backed securities (MBS) and are refinanced or sold prior to their face maturity designation.

Follow Up on Management Response: This matter was resolved in the current year based on testing performed.

ML 2021-003 Information System Control Environment

- **Condition:** The controls related to the information system environment should be improved to ensure that information is secure, access to information is limited to personnel with a need for access, and that system changes are appropriate. Formal disaster recovery testing was not completed during the fiscal year, and management did not complete formal user access reviews for in-scope systems and applications. These matters were repeated from the prior fiscal year.
- **Recommendations:** The School Board should consider implementing periodic formal user access review process for in-scope systems and applications. The process should be completed by employee(s) that are not user administrator(s) of the system under review, on at least an annual basis. In addition, the School Board should consider documenting any identified issues and evidence of remediation, as necessary. The School Board should consider completing formal testing of disaster recovery strategies at least on an annual basis and designing testing strategies based on the documented disaster recovery plan. At a minimum, testing should include hosted critical systems infrastructure and connections to third party hosted applications. The School Board may be able to participate during third party disaster recovery tests to ensure their systems can be accessed in the event of a disaster. In all instances, the School Board should document any systems or personnel disaster testing in a memo that is presented to management and oversight committees. If it is determined that technical testing is not necessary, the School Board should consider performing tabletop exercises to discuss how they would respond to various disaster scenarios.

<u>ML 2021-003</u> <u>Information System Control Environment</u> (continued)

Management Response:

The Operations department will review all existing procedures for disaster recovery and is currently in the process of procuring a new disaster recovery vendor through a formal RFP process based on lessons learned after Hurricane Ida. Additionally, after action meetings were conducted internally to review response tasks and within those meetings various disaster scenarios were discussed to determine appropriate response needs and current gaps.

Follow Up on Management Response: This matter was partially resolved in the current year based on testing performed. However, Management did not complete formal user access reviews for in-scope systems and applications. See ML 2022-02.