VERMILION PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Abbeville, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)	
Statement of net position	6
Statement of activities	7
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)	
Balance sheet - governmental fund	9
Reconciliation of the governmental fund balance sheet	
to the statement of net position	10
Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances -	
governmental fund	11
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental fund to the statement of activities	12
Statement of fiduciary net position	12
Statement of changes in fiduciary net position	14
Notes to basic financial statements	15-38
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary comparison schedule:	
General Fund	40
Schedule of changes in the Clerk's total OPEB liability and related ratios	41
Schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability	42
Schedule of pension contributions	43
OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of justice system funding - collecting/disbursing entity	45-46
COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of	
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	48-49
Schedule of findings and responses	50-51
Summary schedule of prior year audit findings	52
Summary schedule of management's corrective action plan	53



1231 East Laurel Avenue Eunice, LA 70535 P 337-457-4146
F 337-457-5060

DSFCPAS.COM

OTHER LOCATIONS: Lafayette Morgan City Abbeville

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Diane Meaux Broussard Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court Abbeville, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the Vermilion Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of funding progress for the budgetary comparison schedule, the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability, and the schedule of contributions on pages 40 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The combining statements of fiduciary fund assets and liabilities, and changes therein, and the schedule of justice system funding – collecting/disbursing entity are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2024, on our consideration of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Darnall, Síkes & Frederick

A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 18, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,111 27,970		
Accounts receivable	37,879		
Prepaid expenditures	25,041		
Capital assets, net of depreciation Total assets	<u> </u>		
Total assets	524,072		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	288,365		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	641,699		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	930,064		
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	110,195		
Due to other governments Other accrued liabilities	79,677 7,928		
Long term liabilities:	7,920		
Compensated absences	40,739		
OPEB obligations	2,006,680		
Net pension liability	2,292,258		
Total liabilities	4,537,477		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	803,868		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	10,953		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	814,821		
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	39,212		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,136,574)		
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (4,097,362)</u>		

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets			
		Charges for	e		Total Governmental
Activities	Expenses	Services	and Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 2,600,401	\$ 2,016,473	\$ 41,480	\$ -	\$ (542,448)
Total primary government	\$ 2,600,401	\$ 2,016,473	\$ 41,480	<u> </u>	(542,448)
		General reve	enues:		
		Interest in	come		5,161
		Appropria	tion from Clerk's St	29,550	
		Appropria	tion from Vermilior	y 49,000	
		Non-empl	oyer pension contri	134,848	
		-	neral revenues	218,559	
		Change in n	et assets		(323,889)
		Net position	(deficit) - beginning	g of year	(3,773,473)
		Net position	(deficit) - end of ye	ear	<u>\$(4,097,362)</u>

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund June 30, 2024

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Prepaid expenditures Due from other governments Total assets	\$ 97,111 37,879 25,041 <u>125,629</u> \$ 285,660
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to Other Governments Other accrued liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 110,195 79,677 <u>7,928</u> 197,800
Fund balances:	
Nonspendable Prepaid expenditures Unassigned Total fund balances	25,041 62,819 87,860
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 285,660

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total fund balances for the governmental fund at June 30, 2024		\$	87,860
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2024	\$ 912,234		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(873,022)		39,212
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2024 -			
Compensated absences	(40,739)		
Net pension liability	(2,292,258)		
OPEB obligation	(2,006,680)	(4	,339,677)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2024:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	641,699		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	288,365		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(803,868)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(10,953)		115,243
Total net position (deficit) of governmental activities at June 30, 2024		<u>\$(4</u>	<u>1,097,362</u>)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund
Revenues:	
Licenses and permits	\$ 39,054
Fees, charges and commissions -	
Court costs, fees and charges	436,168
Fees for recording legal documents	1,520,119
Fees for certified copies	14,925
Intergovernmental	90,480
Miscellaneous	40,919
Total revenues	2,141,664
Expenditures:	
Current -	
General government -	
Salaries	1,118,399
Employee benefits	725,730
Insurance	11,717
Operation and maintenance	228,192
Vehicle	25,075
Professional services	119,476
Miscellaneous	125,987
Police jury expenditures	43,723
Capital outlay	1,399
Total expenditures	2,399,698
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
and other financial sources	
over expenditures	(258,034)
Fund balances, beginning of year	345,894
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 87,860</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total net change in fund balances per Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ (258,034)
Capital outlay costs which are reported as expenditures in the Statement	
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances	1,399
Drecrease in liability for compensated absences	(79)
Depreciation expense is not recognized as an expenditure in the	
governmental fund	(24,781)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therfore are not reported as expenditures of governmental funds:	
Change in OPEB expense and related deferrals	(477,448)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources in governmental funds:	
Non employer pension contributions	134,848
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	245,496
Amortization of excess contributions during the measurement period	557
Cost of benefits net of employee contributions	54,153
Total change in net position per Statement of Activities	\$ (323,889)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2024

Custodial Funds

\$3,622,564

ASSETS

Cash

NET POSITION

Fiduciary net position - held for others

\$3,622,564

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2024

Additions:	
Suits and successions	\$ 656,267
Judgements	15,832
Interest	1,076
Total additions	673,175
Reductions:	
Refunds to litigants	828,881
Sheriff fees	90,497
Other	96,267
Total reductions	1,015,645
Net change in fiduciary net position	(342,469)
i co change in handling net position	(0.12,100)
Net position - beginning	3,965,033
Net position - ending	<u>\$3,622,564</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, a Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts; and has other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk of Court is elected for a four-year term.

Financial Reporting Entity

As the governing authority of the Parish, for reporting purposes, the Vermilion Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Vermilion Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (Police Jury), organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Vermilion Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. The criteria includes:

Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and

The ability of the Police Jury to impose its will on that organization and/or

The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Police Jury.

Organizations for which the Police Jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Police Jury.

Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Because the Policy Jury provides the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk) with office space, operational expenditures and certain capital purchases, the Clerk was determined to be a component unit of the Vermilion Parish Policy Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Clerk and do not present information on the Police Jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Clerk have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Clerk as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Clerk. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the Clerk's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of services offered by the Clerk, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The Clerk uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management be segregating transactions related to certain Clerk functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the Clerk are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for Clerk operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund is at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds. The General Fund of the Clerk is considered to be a major fund. The funds of the Clerk are described as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental Fund -

General Fund – This fund is the primary operating fund of the Clerk and it accounts for the operations of the Clerk's office. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to the Clerk's policy.

Fiduciary Funds –

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of other funds within the Clerk of Court. The funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk are the custodial funds. The custodial funds are as follows:

- Advance Deposit Fund The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, is used to account for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.
- Registry of the Court Fund The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded with the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. The government-wide financial statements utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Clerk.

The clerk has established the policy of including all short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities of 90 or fewer days in cash and cash equivalents. Under state law, the clerk may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

The clerk considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments

Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:2955 and the clerk's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 or fewer days, they are classified as cash equivalents.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Office equipment	5-10
Computer and microfilm equipment	5-10

Compensated absences

Employees of the Clerk of Court's office earn 5 to 20 days of leave each year depending on length of service. Such leave is to be used for vacation, sickness, or emergencies. Employees are allowed to carryover a maximum of 15 days of unused leave to the following year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position in the Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the Net Position amounts are classified and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets This component consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.
- Restricted net position This component consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Clerk's policy to use restricted resources first to finance its activities.

Fund Equity – Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* provides clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Management has classified prepaid expenditures as being nonspendable as this item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources are either:
 - Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
 - Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court, which is the entity's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Clerk removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Clerk did not have any committed resources as of year end.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent should be expressed by the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court. The Clerk did not have any assigned resources as of year end.
- Unassigned: This classification is the residual fund balance of the General Fund. It also represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court will generally use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. However, the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of the other classified funds.

Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses

Operating revenues and expenses are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Revenues and fees, charges and commissions for services are recorded when the Clerk is entitled to the funds.

Interest on interest-bearing deposits is recorded or accrued as revenue when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function and in the funds financial statements, expenditures are classified by type.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary and Budgetary Accounting

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Clerk of Court.

The following procedures apply to establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Clerk of Court for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Bad Debts

All receivables are reported at their gross value and where appropriate are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases

The Clerk of Court applies Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

The application of GASB Statement No. 87 did not result in the recognition of right-of-use assets or operating lease liabilities due to the absence of lease contracts of material significance with the Clerk of Court.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Under state law, the Clerk may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Clerk may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2024, the Clerk of Court has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$3,719,675 as follows:

	 rnmental d Type	Fiduc Fund		Total		
Cash and demand deposits Money market and savings accounts	\$ 96,192	\$	-	\$	96,192	
	 919	3,62	<u>2,564</u>	3	,623,483	
	\$ 97,111	\$ 3,62	2,564	<u>\$</u> 3	,719,675	

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 2 CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS (Continued)

The following is a summary of deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2024, and the related federal insurance and pledged securities:

Bank balances	\$ 4,906,981
Federal insurance	1,060,911
Pledged securities (Category 3)	5,450,483
Excess of pledged securities and federal insurance	\$ 1,604,413

Pledged securities in Category 3 include uninsured or unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk of Court's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk of Court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023 Addit		ditions	Delet	tions	Balance June 30, 2024		
Governmental activities: Computer equipment Office equipment Microfilm equipment Total	\$	586,071 228,299 96,465 910,835	\$	- 1,399 - 1,399	\$	- - -	\$	586,071 229,698 96,465 912,234
Less: accumulated depreciation	on							
Computer equipment		565,717		20,354		-		586,071
Office equipment		186,059		4,427		-		190,486
Microfilm equipment Total		<u>96,465</u> 848,241		- 24,781		<u> </u>		96,465 873,022
Net capital assets	\$	62,594	\$	(23,382)	\$	_	\$	39,212

Depreciation expense of \$23,382 was charged to the general government function.

VERMILION PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Abbeville, Louisiana

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 4 CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Balances at June 30, 2023		Additions		Reductions		Balances at June 30, 2024	
Compensated absences Other postemployment	\$	40,660	\$	40,739	\$	40,660	\$	40,739
benefits		1,753,065		253,615		-	2	2,006,680
Net pension liability		2,555,852				263,594	2	2,292,258
Total	<u>\$</u> 4	4,585,99 <u>3</u>	\$	294,354	\$	304,254	\$ 4	4 <u>,576,093</u>

NOTE 5 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Certain employees of Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court participate in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

[The reminder of this page is intentionally left blank]

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

Substantially all employees of the Clerk of Court, except part-time and temporary employees, are members of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (Fund), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

The Fund was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. title 11:1501 for eligible employees of the clerk of the supreme court, each of the district courts, each of the courts of appeal, each of the city and traffic courts in cities having a population in excess of four hundred thousand at the time of entrance into the Fund, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Association, the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Fund, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Retirement Benefits

The Fund issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 11745 Bricksome Avenue, Suite B1, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816, or by calling (225) 293-1162.

A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining twelve or more years of credited service, attaining the age of fifty-five years or more and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, equal 3 percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed one hundred percent of the monthly average final compensation. Monthly average final compensation is based on the highest compensated thirty-six consecutive months, with a limit of increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For those members hired on or after July 1, 2006, compensation is based on the highest consecutive months with a limit of 10% increase in each of the last six years of measurement. Act 273 of the 2010 regular session applied the sixty consecutive months to all members. This Act has a transition period for those members who retire on or after January 1, 2011 and before December 31, 2012.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Additionally, Act 273 of the 2010 regular session increased a member's retirement to age 60 with an accrual rate of 3% for all members hired on or after January 1, 2011.

A member leaving covered employment before attaining early retirement age but after completing twelve years' credited service becomes eligible for a deferred allowance provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions

Disability Benefits

Effective through June 30, 2008, a member who has been officially certified as totally and permanently disabled by the State Medical Disability Board shall be paid disability retirement benefits determined and computed as follows:

- a. A member who is totally and permanently disabled solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties shall be paid monthly benefits equal to the greater of on-half of his monthly average final compensation or, at the option of the disability retiree, two and one-half percent of his monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of his years of credited service; however, such monthly benefit shall not exceed twenty-five dollars for each year of his credited service or two-thirds of his monthly average final compensation, whichever is less.
- b. A member who has ten or more years of credited service and who is totally and permanently disabled due to any cause not the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties shall be paid monthly benefits equal to three percent of his monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of his years of credited service; however, such monthly benefit shall not exceed thirty-five dollars for each year of his credited service or eighty percent of his monthly average final compensation, whichever is less.

The following is effective for any disability retiree whose application for disability retirement is approved on or after July 1, 2008. The provisions related to the calculation of benefits will apply to any disability retiree whose application for disability retirement was approved before July 1, 2008, for benefits due and payable on or after January 1, 2008.

A member is eligible to receive disability retirement benefits from the Fund if he or she is certified to be totally and permanently disabled pursuant to R.S. 11:218 and one of the following applies:

- a. The member's disability was caused solely as a result of injuries sustained in the performance of their official duties.
- b. The member has at least ten years of service credit.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

A member who has been certified as totally and permanently disabled will be paid monthly disability retirement benefits equal to the greater of:

- a. Forty percent of their monthly average final compensation.
- b. Seventy-five percent of their monthly regular retirement benefit computed pursuant to R.S. 11:1521(c).

A member leaving covered employment before attaining early retirement age but after completing twelve years' credited service becomes eligible for a deferred allowance provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions.

Survivor Benefits

If a member who has less than five years of credited service dies, his accumulated contributions are paid to his designated beneficiary. If the member has five or more years of credited service, then automatic Option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with option factors used as if the member had continued in service to earlies normal retirement age. Benefit payments are to commence on the date a member would have first become eligible for normal retirement assuming continued service until that time.

In lieu of a deferred survivor benefit, the surviving spouse may elect benefits payable immediately with benefits reduced ¼ of 1% of each month by which payments commence in advance of member's earlies normal retirement age. If a member has not surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children shall be paid ½ of the member's accrued retirement benefit equal shares. Upon the death of any former member with 12 or more years of service, automatic Option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse with payments to commence on the member's retirement eligibility date. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of the Fund who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to thirty-six months and defer the receipt of benefits. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, active membership in the Fund terminates and the participant's contributions cease; however, employer contributions continue. Compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan account.

Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the Fund. If employment is not terminated at the end of the participation period, payments in to the account cease and the member resumes active contributing membership in the Fund. Upon termination, the member receives a lump sum payment from the DROP fund equal to the payments made to that fund on his behalf, or a true annuity based on his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). The monthly benefit payments that were being paid into the DROP fund are paid to the retiree and an additional benefit based on his additional service rendered since termination of DROP participation is calculated using the normal method of benefit computation.

The average compensation used to calculate the additional benefit is that used to calculate the original benefit unless his period of additional service is at least thirty-six months. In no event can the entire monthly benefit amount paid to the retiree exceed 100% of the average compensation used to compute the additional benefit. If a participant dies during the period of participation in the program, a lump sum payment equal to his account balance is paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate.

Cost of Living Adjustments

The Board of Trustees is authorized to provide a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one full calendar year. The increase cannot exceed the lesser of 2.5% of the retiree's benefit or an increase of forty dollars per month. The Louisiana statutes allow the Board to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries over age 65 equal to 2% of the benefit paid on October 1, 1977 or the member's retirement date if later

In lieu of granting a cost of living increase as described above, Louisiana statutes allow the board to grant a cost of living increase where the benefits shall be calculated using the number of years of service at retirement or at death plus the number of years since retirement or death multiplied buy by the cost of living amount which cannot exceed \$1. In order to grant any cost of living increase, the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the pension benefit obligation must equal or exceed a statutory target ratio.

Employer Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2024, the actual employer contributions rate was 23.0%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

Schedule of Employer Allocations

The schedule of employer allocations reports the required projected employer contributions in addition to the employer allocation percentage. The required employer contributions are used to determine the proportionate relationship of each employer to all employers of Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund. The employer's proportion was determined on a basis that is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan are determined. The allocation percentages were used in calculating each employer's proportionate share of the pension amounts.

The allocation method used in determining each employer's proportion was based on each employer's contribution to the Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the total of all employers' contributions received by the Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer

The schedule of pension amounts by employer displays each employer's allocation of the net pension liability. The schedule of pension amounts by employer was prepared using the allocations included in the schedule of employer allocation

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the Clerk reported a liability of \$2,292,258 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerk's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerk's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Clerk's proportion was 1.065549%, which was an increase of 0.011052% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Clerk recognized pension expense of \$511,092. The Clerk recognized revenue of \$134,848 as its proportionate share of non-employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	10,953
Change in assumptions		114,273		-
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate share of contributions		26,255		-
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		255,675		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		245,496		-
	\$	641,699	\$	10,953

Deferred outflows of resources of \$245,496 related to pensions resulting from the Clerk's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2024	\$ 178,309
2025	22,926
2026	215,364
2027	 (31,349)
	\$ 385,250

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

Valuation date	June 30, 2023		
Salary increases (merit only)	1-5 years of service - 6.2%		
	5 years of service - 5.0%		
Investment rate of return	6.55%		
Mortality rates	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans multiplied by 120%. Mortality Table with full generational projection using the appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale		
Expected remaining service lives	5 years		
Cost of living adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and Included previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases no year authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantially automatic		

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with three other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2009. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables.

The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating generational mortality tables used.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.55%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 5.55% or one percentage point higher 7.55% Than the current rate.

	Current				
	1%	Discount	1% Increase 7.55%		
	Decrease	Rate			
	5.55%	6.55%			
Net Pension Liabilities	<u>\$ 3,421,572</u>	<u>\$ 2,292,258</u>	<u>\$ 1,340,332</u>		

Change in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2024 were recognized in the current reporting period as pension expense except as follows:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience – Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension liability were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. The difference between expected and actual experience resulted in a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$10,953 for the plan year ended June 30, 2023.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earning – Differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed five year period. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$255,675 for the plan year ended June 30, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs – Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan. Changes of assumptions or other inputs resulted in a deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$114,273 for the plan year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 6 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Change in Proportion – Changes in the employer's proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources since the prior measurement date were recognized in employer's pension expense (benefit) using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Changes in proportion resulted in a net deferred outflow of resources in the amount of \$26,255 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Contributions-Proportionate Share

Differences between contributions remitted to the Fund and the employer's proportionate share are recognized in pension expense (benefit) using the straight line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan. The resulting deferred inflow/outflow and amortization is not reflected in the schedule of employer amounts due to differences that could arise between contributions reported by the Fund and contributions reported by the participating employer.

NOTE 7 CHANGES IN BALANCES - AGENCY FUNDS

	Advanced Deposit Fund		Registry of Court Fund		Totals	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,750,804 \$	2,214,229	\$	3,965,033	
Additions		656,267	16,908		673,175	
Reductions		(980,645)	(35,000)		(1,015,645)	
Balance, end of year	\$	1,426,427 \$	2,196,137	\$	3,622,564	

NOTE 8 EXPENDITURES PAID BY THE VERMILION PARISH POLICE JURY

Certain operating expenditures of the Clerk's office are paid by the Vermilion Parish Police Jury and are included in the accompanying financial statements. These expenditures are summarized as follows:

Equipment maintenance and software \$43,723

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 9 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description – The Clerk's defined benefit postemployment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full-time employees of the Clerk. The Clerk's OPEB is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. Benefits are provided through the Louisiana Clerk of Court Insurance Trust ("LCCIT"), a multiple-employer healthcare plan administered by the Louisiana Revised Statute §13:783 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The premium rates are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees, with the Clerk determining the contribution requirements of the retirees.

Benefits provides: The Clerk provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for retirees and their departments. The benefit terms provide for payment of 65% of retiree and dependent pre-Medicare health, Medicare Supplement, vision, dental and life insurance premiums.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At January 1, 2024, date of the actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits payments	22
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payment	s 0
Active employees	24
Total	46

Total OPEB Liability

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$2,006,681 was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation: Salary Increases, including inflation: Discount Rate:	2.40% 3.25% 3.97%
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	
	6.75% for 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.75% for 2032 and later years.
Medical:	4.25% for 2024, decreasing 0.25% to an ultimate rate of 3.0% for 2030 and later years. Includes 2% per year for aging.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 9 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Medicare Supplement:	
Dental:	3.0% annual trend
Vision:	2.5% annual trend

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs:

Medical:	35% for retirees and 35% for dependents.
Medicare Supplement:	35% for retirees and 35% for dependents.
Dental:	35% for retirees and 35% for dependents.
Vision:	35% for retirees and 35% for dependents.
Basic Life Insurance:	35%

The discount rate was based on the 6/30/2024 Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for retired employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Annuitant mortality table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on those used in the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund valuation and actuarial experience.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at 6/30/2023 Changes for the year:	\$ 1,753,063
Service cost	46,316
Interest	67,828
Differences between expected and actual experience	267,228
Changes in assumptions/Inputs	(43,397)
Benefit payments	(84,358)
Net changes	253,617
Balance at 6/30/2024	\$ 2,006,680

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 9 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower 2.97 percent or 1-percent-point higher 4.97 percent than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.97%	3.897%	4.97%
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$ 2,306,051</u>	<u>\$ 2,006,680</u>	<u>\$ 1,762,268</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1% Decrease		1% Decrease Trend Rate			1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$</u>	1,865,261	\$	2,006,680	\$	2,180,413		

OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Clerk recognized an OPEB expense of \$(4,464). At June 30, 2024, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred	D	eferred
	Outflows of Resources]	Inflows
			of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	235,929	\$	80,124
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		52,436		723,744
Total	\$	288,365	\$	803,868

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2025	(124,815)
2026	(124,815)
2027	(124,815)
2028	(124,815)
2029	(48,221)
Thereafter	31,976
	<u>\$(515,505)</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Clerk is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto liability, professional liability, and workers compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year.

NOTE 11 COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO CLERK OF COURT

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments made to Clerk of Court Diane Meaux Broussard for the year ended June 30, 2024 follows:

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 167,939
Benefits - insurance	16,918
Benefits - retirement	51,221
Benefits - deferred comp.	7,200
Auto allowance	25,075
Conference travel and other expenses	3,150
Total	<u>\$ 271,503</u>

NOTE 14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 21, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no events that required disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)			
Revenues:								-
Licenses and permits	\$	45,200	\$	45,200	\$	39,054	\$	(6,146)
Fees, charges and commissions -								
Court costs, fees and charges		431,800		31,800		436,168		4,368
Fees for recording legal documents		1,654,000	1,6	54,000	1	,520,119		(133,881)
Fees for certified copies		16,000		16,000		14,925		(1,075)
Intergovernmental		89,000		89,000		90,480		1,480
Miscellaneous		27,000		27,000		40,919		13,919
Total revenues		2,263,000	2,2	263,000	2	,141,664		(121,336)
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General government -								
Salaries		1,190,000	1,1	90,000	1	,118,399		71,601
Employee benefits		760,000	7	60,000		725,730		34,270
Insurance		15,500		15,500		11,717		3,783
Operation and maintenance		291,000	2	.91,000		228,192		62,808
Vehicle		25,000		25,000		25,075		(75)
Professional services		61,000		61,000		119,476		(58,476)
Miscellaneous		101,500	1	01,500		125,987		(24,487)
Police jury expenditures		49,000		49,000		43,723		5,277
Capital outlay		2,000		2,000		1,399		601
Total expenditures		2,495,000	2,4	95,000	2	,399,698		95,302
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(232,000)	(2	.32,000)	((258,034)		(26,034)
Fund balance, beginning of year		345,894	3	45,894		345,894		
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	113,894	<u>\$ 1</u>	13,894	<u>\$</u>	87,860	<u>\$</u>	(26,034)

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 53,839	53,293	52,476	65,507	46,736	44,859	46,316
Interest	101,544	89,026	92,096	54,147	44,882	70,031	67,828
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(15,141)	(221,483)	(180,278)	1,612	754	7,840	267,228
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-	271,700	(628,861)	104,871	(446,334)	(179,332)	(43,397)
Benefit payments	(96,605)	(104,378)	(82,923)	(78,584)	(81,104)	(86,668)	(84,358)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$ 43,637	\$ 88,158	\$ (747,490)	\$ 147,553	\$ (435,066)	\$ (143,270)	\$ 253,617
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	\$ 2,799,543	\$ 2,843,180	\$ 2,931,338	\$ 2,183,848	\$ 2,331,401	\$ 1,896,333	\$ 1,753,063
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 2,843,180	\$ 2,931,338	\$ 2,183,848	\$ 2,331,401	\$ 1,896,335	\$ 1,753,063	\$ 2,006,680
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 886,262	\$ 912,850	\$ 939,824	\$ 968,019	\$ 997,060	\$ 1,046,913	\$ 1,078,320
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	320.81%	321.12%	232.37%	240.84%	190.19%	167.45%	186.09%
Notes to Schedule:							
Changes of Benefit Terms:	None						
Changes of Assumptions:		e each period.	-	et the effects of the discount re			
	2018	3.62%					
	2019	3.13%					
	2020	2.45%					
	2021	1.92%					
	2022	3.69%					
	2023	3.86%					
	2024	3.97%					
	Mortallity Rate	es					
	2018	RPH 2014 En Generational v	ployee and Hea vith MP-2019	lthy Annuity,			
	2019		Employee and	Healthy Annuity	Ι,		
	2020	PubG.H-2010	Employee and	Healthy Annuity	Ι,		
	2021			Healthy Annuity	Ι,		

- Generational with MP-2020
- 2022-2024 PubG.H-2010 Employee and Healthy Annuity,

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2024

			(a)		(b)	(a/b)	
						Share of the net	Plan fiduciary net
	Proportion	Pr	oportionate			pension liablility	position as a
Year	of the net	sha	re of the net	(Covered	as a percentage	percentage of the
Ended	pension		pension	e	mployee	of its covered	total pension
June 30	liability		liability		payroll	employee payroll	liability
2015	1.093779%	\$	1,475,357	\$	1,004,522	146.87%	79.37%
2016	1.109114%	\$	1,663,706	\$	990,911	167.90%	78.13%
2017	1.085040%	\$	2,007,296	\$	908,911	220.85%	74.17%
2018	1.007500%	\$	1,524,293	\$	886,262	171.99%	79.69%
2019	0.968869%	\$	1,611,520	\$	965,542	166.90%	79.07%
2020	0.993015%	\$	1,803,307	\$	1,015,195	177.63%	77.93%
2021	1.023845%	\$	2,463,233	\$	1,129,819	218.02%	72.09%
2022	1.117505%	\$	1,486,548	\$	1,079,564	137.70%	85.40%
2023	1.054497%	\$	2,555,852	\$	1,132,392	225.70%	74.09%
2024	1.065549%	\$	2,292,258	\$	1,067,373	214.76%	77.56%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Pension Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2024

				(a) ntributions elative to				(b)	(a/b) Contributions as a percentage of
Year	Co	ntractually	cor	ntractually	Contr	ibution		Covered	covered
Ended	r	equired	r	equired	defic	iency	e	employee	employee
June 30	co	ntribution	co	ntribution	(exc	ess)		payroll	payroll
2015	\$	190,859	\$	190,859	\$	-	\$	1,004,522	19.00%
2016	\$	188,273	\$	188,273	\$	-	\$	990,911	19.00%
2017	\$	172,693	\$	172,693	\$	-	\$	908,911	19.00%
2018	\$	168,390	\$	168,390	\$	-	\$	886,262	19.00%
2019	\$	183,453	\$	183,453	\$	-	\$	965,542	19.00%
2020	\$	192,887	\$	192,887	\$	-	\$	1,015,195	19.00%
2021	\$	237,262	\$	237,262	\$	-	\$	1,129,819	21.00%
2022	\$	240,203	\$	240,203	\$	-	\$	1,079,564	22.25%
2023	\$	251,957	\$	251,957	\$	-	\$	1,132,392	22.25%
2024	\$	245,496	\$	245,496	\$	-	\$	1,067,373	23.00%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

VERMILION PARISH CLERK OF COURT Schedule of Justice System Funding Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Session Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended June 30, 2024

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2023	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2024
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	1,916,703	1,981,932
Add: Collections		
Civil Fees	462,466	584,687
Bond Fees	10,000	47,500
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	19,558	18,349
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances	3,132	545
Subtotal Collections	495,156	651,081
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:		
Secretary of State Service Fees	2,600	3,500
LA State Treasurey-Battered Women's Fund	470	780
Louisiana Supreme Court-Judicial College Fund	274	390
15th JDC Court Administrator-Judicial Expense Fund	7,823	11,212
Third Circuit Court of Appeals-Appeals Fees	1,352	680
LA Clerks of Court Association-Clerk's Supplemental Comp Fund	15,923	18,832
Louisiana State Treasurer-Judge's Supplemental Comp Fund	15,156	21,883
Vermilion Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	21,036	30,949
Acadia Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	946	1,202
Avoyelles Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	90	-
Beauregard Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	-	126
Caddo Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	35	70
Calcasieu Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	720	726
Cameron Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	239	244
East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	5,376	5,803
Iberia Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	970	2,472
Jefferson Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	400	300
Jefferson Davis Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	296	159
Lafayette Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	6,951	8,326
Orleans Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	210	450
Rapides Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	-	33
St. Landry Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	211	236
St. Martin Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	211	317
St. Mary Parish Sheriff-Service Fees	258	344

(continued)

VERMILION PARISH CLERK OF COURT Schedule of Justice System Funding Collecting/Disbursing Entity (continued) As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Session Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended June 30, 2024

St. Tammany Parish Sheriff-Service Fees Terrebonne Parish Sheriff-Service Fees Morehouse Parish Sheriff-Service Fees Iberville Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Lafourche Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Vernon Parish Sheriff - Service Fees West Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Service Fees ALLEN PARISH SHERIFF	119 196 57 - 49 46 45 112	116 197 60 57 163 36 65 46
Morehouse Parish Sheriff-Service Fees Iberville Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Lafourche Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Vernon Parish Sheriff - Service Fees West Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Service Fees	57 - 49 46 45 112	60 57 163 36 65 46
Iberville Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Lafourche Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Vernon Parish Sheriff - Service Fees West Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Service Fees	- 49 46 45 112	163 36 65 46
Lafourche Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Vernon Parish Sheriff - Service Fees West Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Service Fees	46 45 112	163 36 65 46
Pointe Coupee Parish Sheriff - Service Fees Vernon Parish Sheriff - Service Fees West Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Service Fees	46 45 112	65 46
Vernon Parish Sheriff - Service Fees West Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Service Fees	46 45 112	46
West Feliciana Parish Sheriff - Service Fees	45 112	
	112	
ASCENSION PARISH SHERIFF		59
EAST FELICIANA PARISH SHERIFF	15	
EVANGELINE PARISH SHERIFF	101	65
BOSSIER PARISH SHERIFF		70
CONCORDIA PARISH SHERIFF		317
MADISON PARISH SHERIFF		40
SABINE PARISH SHERIFF		50
ST CHARLES PARISH SHERIFF		37
TANGIPAHOA PARISH SHERIFF		53
OUACHITA PARISH SHERIFF	72	36
Vermilion Parish Police Jury - Jury Fees	-	4,011
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Percentage of Collection	247,905	362,541
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		
Civil Fee Refunds	87,193	46,868
Bank fees	599	578
Attorney Fees	11,872	13,020
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	429,927	537,519
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	1,981,932	2,095,494

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

COMPLIANCE

AND

INTERNAL CONTROL

47



1231 East Laurel Avenue Eunice, LA 70535 337-457-4146
337-457-5060

DSFCPAS.COM

отне<mark>к Locations:</mark> Lafayette Morgan City Abbeville

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Diane Meaux Broussard Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court Abbeville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and major fund of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the Vermilion Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2024-01 and 2024-02 that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's Response to Findings

The Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Darnall, Síkes & Frederick

A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 18, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2024

Part I: Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auditor's Report – Financial Statements

An unmodified opinion has been issued on Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Internal Control Deficiencies - Financial Reporting

Material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements and are reported as findings 2024-01 and 2024-02 in Part II.

Material Noncompliance - Financial Reporting

No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.

FEDERAL AWARDS

This section is not applicable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Part II: Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with Government Auditing Standard

2024-01 Reconciliation of Accounts Receivable Subsidiary to the General Ledger

Condition – Our audit procedures relating to accounts receivable revealed an absence of procedures to timely reconcile the accounts receivable subsidiary to the general ledger.

Criteria – Accounts receivable should be reconciled at least monthly to ensure accurate accounting records.

Cause – The factors that contributed to this issue include lack of accounting experience, technical issues with accounting software, and insufficient monitoring of the reconciliation function.

Effect – The failure to reconcile the accounts receivable subsidiary to the general ledger results in inaccurate reporting of financial information and inefficiencies in the audit process.

Recommendation – Management should require that accounting staff perform a monthly reconciliation of the accounts receivable subsidiary to the general ledger.

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2024

Part II: Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (continued)

2024-02 Miscodings

Condition – Transactions and entries recorded and affecting the amounts reported as revenues and expenditures were miscoded and inconsistently recorded as to account and fund.

Criteria – To ensure accurate and timely financial reporting, all transactions and adjustments should be properly coded as to account, fund, and period.

Cause – The audit revealed miscodings and postings affecting various accounts and funds. Incomplete closing procedures in one fund resulted in an untimely submitted working trial balance.

Effect –Inconsistent and erroneous coding could result in misstatement of financial statements, compromised budgeting decisions, and audit inefficiencies.

Recommendation – Diligent and timely monitoring should be performed to ensure that all transactions are captured and properly coded to the respective accounts, funds and period.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – This information is in the separate Summary Schedule of Management's Corrective Action Plan on page 53.

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Programs

At June 30, 2024, the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court did not meet the requirements to have a single audit in accordance with *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*; therefore this section is not applicable.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2024

2023-01 Reconciliation of Accounts Receivable Subsidiary to the General Ledger

- <u>Finding</u>: Absence of procedures to timely reconcile the accounts receivable subsidiary to the general ledger.
- <u>Status</u>: This issue is unresolved.

2023-02 Miscodings

- <u>Finding</u>: Failure to accurately and timely code and record transactions and adjustments to the general ledger.
- Status: This issue is unresolved.

Summary Schedule of Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following is management's corrective action plan in response to each of the current year findings:

2024-01 Reconciliation of Accounts Receivable Subsidiary to the General Ledger

The Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court will assign personnel to reconcile the accounts receivable subsidiary to the general ledger on a monthly basis.

2024-02 Miscodings

The Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court will improve review procedures in order to timely monitor all transactions and ensure that they are properly captured and coded to the respective accounts and funds providing for timely submission of working trial balances to facilitate efficient audit progress.



1231 East Laurel Avenue Eunice, LA 70535 **P** 337-457-4146 **F** 337-457-5060

DSFCPAS.COM

отнея LOCATIONS: Lafayette Morgan City Abbeville

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Governing Board of Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court (the entity) and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. The entity's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The entity has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
 - i. *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

No exceptions noted.

ii. **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated, (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list, (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders, (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law, and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

No exceptions noted.

iii. *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

No exceptions noted.

iv. **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

No exceptions noted.

v. *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee rates of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

No exceptions noted.

vi. *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

No exceptions noted.

vii. *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

No exceptions noted.

viii. *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, purchase cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above with the exception of (3) documentation requirements and (4) required approvers of statements.

ix. *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do address the functions noted above with the exception of (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.

x. *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

The entity does not have any debt service.

xi. Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Written policies and procedures were obtained and do not address the functions noted above.

xii. *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting. No exceptions noted.

2) Board or Finance Committee

This section is not applicable. The entity is governed by a single elected official.

- A. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and
 - i. Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - ii. For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual comparisons, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the not-for-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.*
 - iii. For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - iv. Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - i. Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

No exceptions noted.

ii. Bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management or a board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged); and Observed that bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation, however there was no evidence that it was reviewed within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared.

iii. Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date were noted and did not include documentation that management has researched those reconciling items.

4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

A. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period, and management provided representation that the listing is complete. Selected all deposit sites as there were less than 5.

- B. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (e.g., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if there are no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that
 - i. Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers;

No exceptions noted.

ii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit;

No exceptions noted.

iii. Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not also responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit; and

No exceptions noted.

iv. The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions, is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

No exceptions noted.

C. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

No exceptions noted.

- D. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternatively, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and
 - i. Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

No exceptions noted.

ii. Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

No exceptions noted.

iii. Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

No exceptions noted.

iv. Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

No exceptions noted.

v. Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

No exceptions noted.

5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

A. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period, and management provided representation that the listing is complete. Selected all locations that process payments as there were less than 5.

- B. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that
 - i. At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase;

No exceptions noted.

- At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors; <u>No exceptions noted.</u>
- iii. The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files;

No exceptions noted.

iv. Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments; and

No exceptions noted.

v. Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

No exceptions noted.

- C. For each location selected under procedure #5A above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and
 - i. Observe whether the disbursement, whether by paper or electronic means, matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity, and

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under procedure #5B above, as applicable.

No exceptions noted.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. *Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.*

No exceptions noted.

6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/Purchase Cards (Cards)

A. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and purchase cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Obtained from management a listing of all active cards for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards, and management provided representation that the listing is complete.

B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and

i. Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved) by someone other than the authorized card holder (those instances requiring such approval that may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials, such as the mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality, should not be reported); and

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

No exceptions noted.

C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under procedure #7B above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (e.g., each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

No exceptions noted.

7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected
 - i. If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov);

No exceptions noted.

ii. If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased;

There were no reimbursements using actual costs.

 Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

No exceptions noted.

iv. Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

No exceptions noted.

8) Contracts

- A. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternatively, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and
 - i. Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law;

No contracts tested were required to be bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law.

ii. Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter);

No exceptions noted.

iii. If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, the documented approval); and

There were no amendments to the contracts tested.

iv. Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

No exceptions noted.

9) Payroll and Personnel

A. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period, and management provided representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 employees, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in personnel files.

- B. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under procedure #9A above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and
 - i. Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory);

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials;

No exceptions noted.

iii. Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records; and

No exceptions noted.

iv. Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agrees to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

No exceptions noted.

C. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.

No exceptions noted.

D. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Management provided representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
 - i. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and

No exceptions noted.

ii. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

There were no changed to the entity's ethics policy.

B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

No exceptions noted.

11) Debt Service

This section is not applicable. Management asserted that the entity did not have any bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period or outstanding at the end of the fiscal period.

- A. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution.
- B. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

12) Fraud Notice

A. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Management asserted that there were no misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period.

B. Observe that the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

No exceptions noted.

13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- A. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - i. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe evidence that such backup (a) occurred within the past week, (b) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (c) was encrypted.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

ii. Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if there is no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

iii. Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in Payroll and Personnel procedure #9C. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

C. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:

We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- 1. Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
- 2. Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment.

14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

No exceptions noted.

B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

No exceptions noted.

C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

No exceptions noted for any of the functions below.

- i. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
- ii. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
- iii. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
- iv. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
- v. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

We were engaged by the entity to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression

of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the entity and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Darnall, Síkes & Frederick

A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants Eunice, Louisiana December 18, 2024

December 11, 2024

Darnell, Sikes & Frederick A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants Eunice, Louisiana

The following is management's response to the 2024 Statewide AUP report submitted for the Vermilion Parish Clerk of Court

Written Policies and Procedures

1Aviii) The Credit Cards section does not include the following:

- documentation requirements
- required approvers of statements
- 1Aix) The Ethics section does not include the following:
 - actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place
 - a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy
- 1Axi) The Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity section does not include the following:
 - identification of critical data and frequency of data backups
 - storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network
 - periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored
 - use of antivirus software on all systems
 - timely application of all available system and software patches/updates
 - identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event

Response: Policies and procedures will be updated to include the required language.

Bank Reconciliations

3Aii) Observed that bank reconciliations include written evidence that a member of management who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation, however there was no evidence that it was reviewed within 1 month of the date the reconciliation was prepared.

<u>Response:</u> Bank reconciliations will be reviewed within 1 month of the date of reconciliation and will include the date it was reviewed by management.

3Aiii) Reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date were noted and did not include documentation that management has researched those reconciling items.

<u>Response</u>: Documentation will be maintained to show that reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date have been researched by management.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

13C) Observed that 4 of 5 employees with access to the entity's information technology assets did not complete cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267 within 30 days of initial service or employment.

<u>Response:</u> Employees with access to the entity's information technology assets will complete cybersecurity training as required by R.S. 42:1267 within 30 days of initial service or employment.