

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the City of Ruston, Louisiana

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Mayor Ronny Walker

Prepared by the Finance Department
Julie Speir
Finance Director

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Mayor Ronny Walker



Board of Aldermen Carolyn Cage · District 1 Angela Mayfield · District 2 Melanie Lewis · District 3 Jim Pearce · District 4 Bruce Siegmund · District 5

March 31, 2022

Mayor Ronny Walker Members of the City Council City of Ruston, Louisiana

Mayor and Members of the City Council:

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2021. The financial statements were prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. I believe this report presents comprehensive information about the City of Ruston's (the City) financial and operating activities during fiscal year 2021 that is useful to taxpayers, citizens, and other interested persons.

This report was prepared by the Finance Department and consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established an internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

In accordance with the Lawrason Act, the City Council is required to provide for an annual independent audit of the accounts and financial transactions of the City by a firm of independent certified public accountants duly licensed to practice in the State of Louisiana. The accounting firm of Heard, McElroy and Vestal, LLC was selected by the City to conduct its annual audit. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of Ruston

The City was incorporated in 1898. It is located in North Central Louisiana at the cross roads of U.S. Highway 167, Interstate 20 and U.S. Highway 80, approximately thirty-five miles south of Arkansas. Ruston is the seat of Lincoln Parish. The current area of the City is approximately 18 square miles.

The City of Ruston has been organized under a Mayor – Board of Aldermen form of government. There is a five-member board, with each member selected for a four-year term from separate districts of the City. The Mayor is elected at-large for a four-year term, is not a member of the Council, but has veto power over Council action.

The City provides a wide range of services including public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, electric, telecommunications, water, and sewer services, airports, ambulance, recreational activities, general administration functions, and others.

These financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Included as discretely presented component units is the financial data for the Ruston City Judge and the Ruston City Marshal. They are reported separately within the City's financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Budgetary Control

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The Treasurer's Office compiles for the Mayor estimates of revenues and requests for appropriations of the annual budget. Before August 31, the Mayor's budget is submitted to the Council for possible revision and adoption. The Council conducts a public hearing on the budget, which must be adopted by September 30 to become effective October 1. State law provides that in no event shall the total appropriations exceed total anticipated revenues taking into account the estimated surplus or deficit at the end of the current fiscal year. Budgets may be amended during the year with Council approval.

Legal budgetary control for operating budgets is exercised at the department/object class, with the exception of salaries, regular and overtime, which are at the line item level. Formal budgetary integration and encumbrance accounting are employed as management control devices during the year. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Local economy

The City is a dynamic, growing area with a proud past and a future filled with the promise of continued growth. The City of Ruston and Lincoln Parish have experienced steady population growth from 1970 to 2021 with approximately 22,000 City residents and 48,400 parish residents. The past several years have been a period of extraordinary population growth, as evidenced by the sharp increase in new home construction.

The Tax Increment District continues to provide an economic growth base for the City and parish. Even in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic, sales tax revenue of the City has continued to increase.

The Ruston Sports Complex is a state-of-the-art complex residing on a 185 acre site. The Complex provides quality recreation and sports opportunities for residents of Ruston as well as visitors to the City. The family-oriented sports destination is equipped with baseball, softball, tennis, football and soccer fields as well as basketball, volleyball, and pickle ball courts and walking/biking trails, playgrounds, and a stocked pond. The outdoor facility opened for business in the Summer of 2019. The indoor facility became fully operational in January 2022.

Louisiana Tech University is a mainstay in the local economy both as a major employer of the area and as a strong partner in the development efforts of the community. With our relationship with Louisiana Tech, Ruston is positioned to be a key player in the technology sector development along the I-20 corridor in the near future. The City of Ruston provides many amenities while keeping a small town feel, attractive to many executives and families relocating to the area for technology employment.

The people of the City of Ruston and the administration of the City are continuing to work through the COVID-19 phases and will do what is necessary. The administration is proud of the way our City is growing and working through the COVID pandemic, and that so many families consider Ruston a great place to live, work and raise a family.

Long-term financial planning

Recently, sales taxes revenues have maintained the same level as the previous year. In the General Fund, sales taxes represent 39% of the revenues and transfers in. Because of the increasing trends in retirement costs and health insurance, difficulty to balance the budget will exist now and in the future.

Cash management policies and practices

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposit, or obligations of the U.S. Treasury. The maturities of the investments range from 90 days to two years.

The City's investment policy is to exercise judgment and care in the management of City investments. Investments are selected as investments, not for speculation, considering the probable safety of the capital, as well as the probable income to be derived. Accordingly, deposits are either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. All of the investments held by the City are classified in the category of lowest risk. State statutes require that all public funds should be insured or collateralized. The City's policy is not to have uninsured/uncollateralized funds which it controls.

Risk management

The City partially retains the risk for property, liability, workers compensation, and general health insurance. As part of this comprehensive plan, resources are being accumulated in the respective funds to meet potential losses.

In addition, various risk control techniques including an employee safety program, drug free workplace program with mandatory drug screening for new employees as well as random drug screening for current employees, and pre-employment physicals have been implemented to minimize accident-related losses. The City has third-party coverages subject to self-insured retentions which are more fully described in the notes to the financial statements.

Pension and other postemployment benefits

Substantially all employees of the City of Ruston are members of one of the following statewide retirement systems: Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS), Statewide Firefighter's Retirement System (SFRS), or Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS). These systems are multiple employer (cost-sharing), public employee retirement systems (PERS), controlled and administered by separate State appointed board of trustees. Additional information on the City's pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

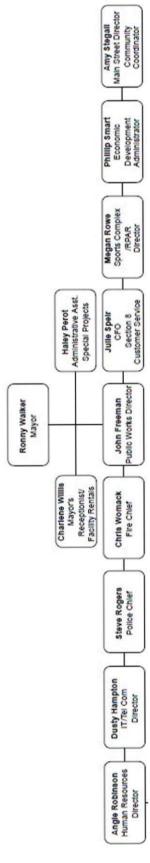
The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support of excellence in financial reporting and fiscal integrity.

Sincerely,

Julie Speir

Finance Director

CITY OF RUSTON ORGANIZATION CHART



ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Ronny Walker

City Council

Carolyn Cage	Ward 1
Angela Mayfield	Ward 2
Melanie Lewis	Ward 3
Jim Pearce	Ward 4
Bruce Siegmund	Ward 5

FINANCIAL SECTION



REGIONS TOWER 333 TEXAS STREET. SUITE 1525 I SHREVEPORT. LOUISIANA 71101 318.429.1525 (P) I 318.429.2124 (F)

March 31, 2022

Honorable Mayor Ronny Walker and Members of the City Council City of Ruston Ruston, Louisiana

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ruston, Louisiana (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Ruston City Judge's Office (Judge) and the Ruston City Marshal's Office (Marshal), which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for the Judge and the Marshal, is based on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ruston, Louisiana as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer's pension contributions, and budgetary comparison information listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining fund financial statements, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments, and judicial funding schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments, and judicial funding schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HEARD, MELROY & VESTAL, L.L.C.

Shreveport, Louisiana

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

We offer readers of the City of Ruston's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Ruston for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year ended September 30, 2021, include the following:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2021, by \$177 million (net position).
- The City's total net position increased \$12.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2021. Net position of governmental activities had a net decrease from prior year of \$39 million while the net position of business-type activities increased \$51.5 million. The change in both types is primarily related to a transfer of capital assets between the two of \$50.6 million.
- Total net position of governmental activities is \$65.4 million and includes unrestricted net position of (\$33.5) million which is primarily a result of GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions that requires recognizing the actuarial determined pension liability of \$16.9 million. Another liability as required to be reported by GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) totals \$14.2 million.
- As of September 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27.6 million, a decrease of \$3.3 million from the prior year. Of this amount (\$227,517) was unassigned; \$2.5 million was assigned for subsequent years' expenditures; \$25.2 million was restricted. This restricted amount includes \$6 million restricted to fund ongoing construction projects, \$10.6 million restricted by sales tax ordinances, \$6.3 million for debt covenants, \$1.0 million restricted for Section 8 housing, \$1.3 million restricted by ordinance for use by RPAR; \$77,312 assigned for inventories and prepaid items.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$8.9 million, or 37.6% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Ruston's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Ruston's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources which results in net

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The statement of net position and the statement of activities distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services (governmental activities) and other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The City's governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include electric, water, and sewer systems, sports complex, telecommunication, airport and ambulance operations.

Not only do the government-wide financial statements include the City itself which is the primary government, but also its component units, Ruston City Judge and Ruston City Marshal. Although these component units are legally separate, their operational or financial relationship with the City makes the City financially accountable for them. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Ruston, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City of Ruston's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

The City maintains 15 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, 1968 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, 1990 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, 1990 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, 2016 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, Ruston EDD#1 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, I-20 Tax Increment District Fund, Moving Ruston Forward (MRF) Capital Project Fund, and Sports Complex Phase II, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other 5 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided elsewhere in this report to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary funds - The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, and sewer systems, sports complex, telecommunication, airport, and ambulance services. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its workmen's compensation, health insurance, purchasing/warehouse, and general & auto liability services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, water, and sewer systems, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Ruston. Data from the other proprietary funds are also presented although they are not considered major funds.

The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's compliance with budgets for its major funds.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds, and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and budgetary comparisons.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of Government-Wide Activities

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Ruston, assets exceeded liabilities by \$177.1 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City of Ruston's net position, totaling approximately \$185.1 million, reflects its net investment in capital assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Ruston's Net Position September 30, 2021 and 2020

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		To	tal	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current & other assets	\$37,414,788	\$39,189,765	\$9,194,792	\$9,296,034	\$46,609,580	\$48,485,800	
Capital assets	152,385,638	192,958,379	121,487,825	68,410,182_	273,873,463	261,368,561	
Total assets	189,800,426	232,148,144	130,682,617	77,706,216	320,483,043	309,854,361	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,625,309	5,775,265			2,625,309	5,775,265	
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources	192,425,735	237,923,409	130,682,617	77,706,216	323,108,352	315, 62 9,626	
Current & other liabilities	14,935,172	6,877,101	8,149,891	4,434,703	23,085,063	11,311,805	
Long-term liabilities	103,896,520	124,919,328	10,820,386	13,082,162_	114,716,906	138,001,490	
Total liabilities	118,831,692	131,796,429	18,970,277	17,516,865	137,801,969	149,313,295	
Deferred inflows of resources	8,215,862	1,719,309			8,215,862	1,719,309	
Total liabilities & deferred inflows of resources	127,047,554	133,515,738	18,970,277	17,516,865	146,017,831	151,032,604	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	75,235,638	112,443,379	109,828,327	56,177,301	185,063,965	168,620,680	
Restricted	23,729,152	23,225,097	-	-	23,729,152	23,225,097	
Unrestricted	(33,586,609)	(31,260,804)	1,884,012	4,012,050	(31,702,597)	(27,248,754)	
Total net position	\$65,378,181	\$104,407,671	\$111,712,340	\$60,189,350	\$177,090,521	\$164,597,022	

13% of total net position represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Accounts reserved by external restrictions account for the total of restricted net position. At the end of the current fiscal year, with the exception of the deficit in the unrestricted net position of the governmental-type activities, the City of Ruston is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

activities. The City of Ruston's net position increased by \$12.5 million during the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

City of Ruston's Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

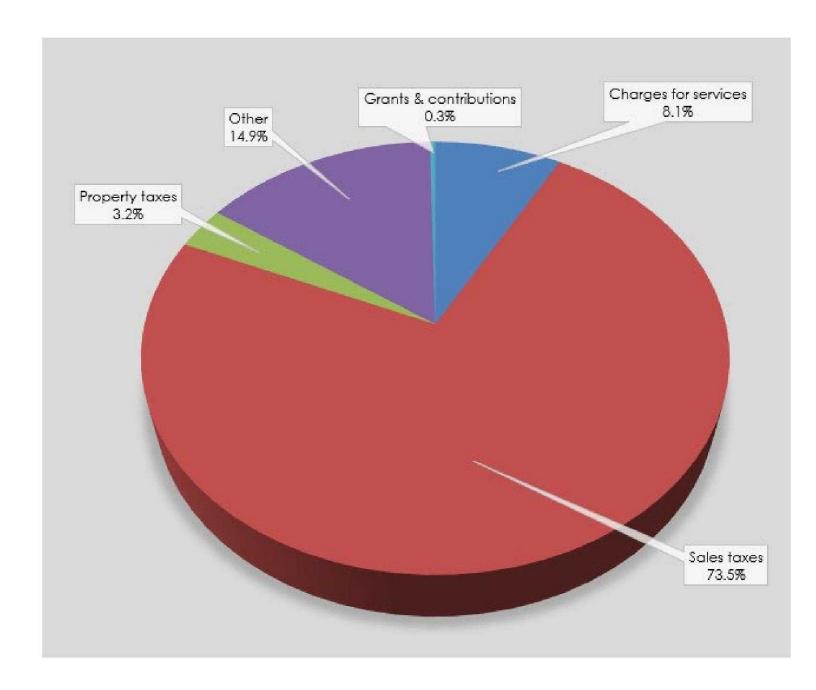
		nmental vities	Busines: Activ	* •	Tot	tal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Dragram rayani asi						
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants &	\$2,878,373	\$6,003,873	\$28,876,913	\$29,749,678	\$31,755,286	\$35,753,551
contributions Capital grants &	118,462	1,434,492	-	-	118,462	1,434,492
contributions	-	2,769,490	2,651,873	375,772	2,651,873	3,145,262
General revenues:						
Property tax	1,132,461	1,097,265	-	-	1,132,461	1,097,265
Sales tax	26,116,717	22,300,740	-	-	26,116,717	22,300,740
Other tax	902,966	862,617	-	-	902,966	862,617
Other	4,393,982	3,027,803	184,533	(9,742)	4,578,515	3,018,061
Total revenues	35,542,961	37,496,281	31,713,319	\$30,115,708	67,256,235	67,611,988
Expenses:				***************************************		
General General						
government	5,210,954	(1,779,845)	_	-	5,210,954	(1,779,845)
Public safety	9,114,605	10,220,723	-	-	9,114,605	10,220,723
Public works	8,884,976	6,811,522	_	_	8,884,976	6,811,522
Cultural &	-,,	-,,			_,	
recreation	1,768,697	1,019,810	_	-	1,768,697	1,019,810
Ruston City Judge &	, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,
Ruston City Marshal	560,590	673,969	-	-	560,590	673,969
Interest on debt	3,042,700	2,885,721	-	-	3,042,700	2,885,721
Electric	, , , <u>-</u>	, ,	17,451,990	20,887,723	17,451,990	20,887,723
Water	_	_	1,874,038	1,970,870	1,874,038	1,970,870
Sewer	_	_	3,608,243	3,501,498	3,608,243	3,501,498
Sports Complex	_	_	1,121,136	523,639	1,121,136	523,639
Telecommunication	_	_	554,400	740,655	554,400	740,655
Airport	-	_	271,411	282,096	271,411	282,096
Ambulance service	_	_	1,299,041	716,679	1,299,041	716,679
Total expenses	28,582,521	19,831,900	26,180,259	28,623,160	54,762,780	48,455,060
-					<u> </u>	
Excess before transfers	6,960,440	17,664,381	5,533,060	1,492,548	12,493,500	19,156,927
ilarpier					12,470,000	17,130,727
Transfers	4,591,350	4,192,455	(4,591,350)	(4,192,455)	_	
Change in net						
position	11,551,790	21,856,835	941,710	(2,699,907)	12,493,500	19,156,927
Net position beginning of year	104,407,671	82,550,836	60,189,350	62,889,258	164,597,021	145,440,094
Prior period adjustment	(50,581,280)	_	50,581,280	-	-	_
·						
Net position beginning of year as restated	53,826,391	82,550,836	110,770,630	62,889,258	164,597,021	145,440,094
Net position end of year	\$65,378,181_	\$104,407,671	\$111,712,340_	\$60,189,350	\$177,090,521	\$164,597,021

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the City's governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2021, were \$35 million compared to \$37 million in 2020. Program revenues for governmental activities decreased by \$7 million in 2021 while general revenue increased by \$5 million. The decrease in program revenues primarily relates to \$4.2 million of grant revenue received in 2020.

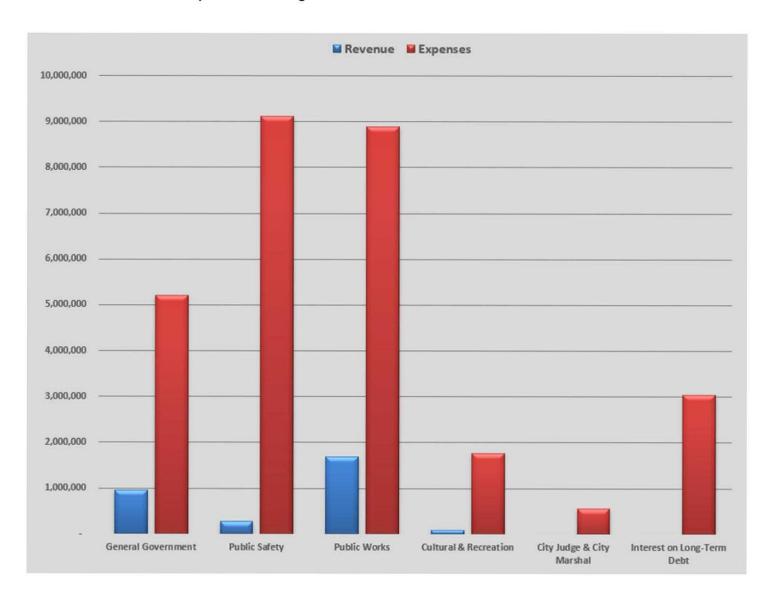
Revenue by Source – Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$28.6 million, an increase of approximately \$8.75 million from 2020. This increase is predominantly due to increases in costs related to the effects of COVID-19 as well as a return to spending levels prior to the pandemic. The City's largest programs are general government, public safety, and public works. The graph below shows expenses and program revenues generated by governmental activities:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

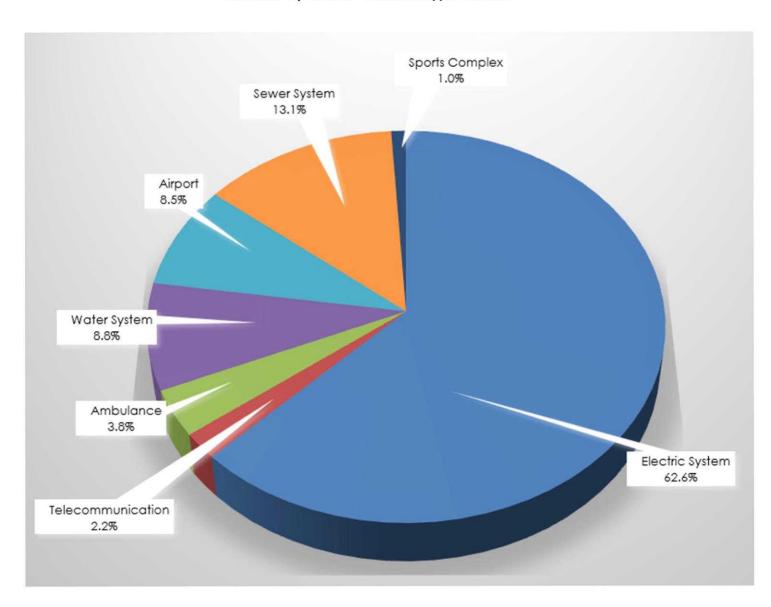


Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities

Total revenues for the City's business-type activities were \$31.7 million in 2021, an increase of \$1.6 million. This increase was primarily due to \$2.7 million in Airport grants received in 2021.

Revenue by Source - Business-Type Activities

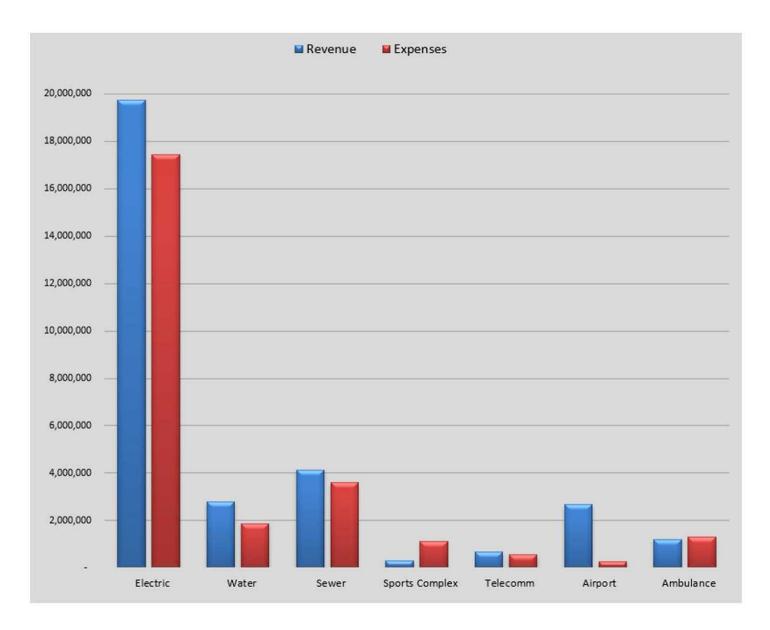


Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-Type Activities

The costs of these activities were \$26.1 million, a decrease of \$2.4 million from 2020. This decrease is primarily related to decreases in spending related to the COVID-19 pandemic as well as the effects of renegotiated energy costs contracts.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-Type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of the City of Ruston's Funds

Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Ruston uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City of Ruston. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8.9 million, the total of which was available for spending at the City Council's discretion. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$3.75 million.
- The 1968 Sales Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$388,490 all of which was restricted for its specified purposes. Fund balance increased \$29,815 as a result of a timing difference in the distribution of prior year sales tax collections.
- The 1985 Sales Tax Fund had an unassigned total fund balance of (\$21,977). Fund balance increased \$45,584 as a result of a timing difference in the distribution of prior year sales tax collections.
- The 1990 Sales Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$884,588 all of which was restricted for its specified purpose. Fund balance increased \$30,027 as a result of a timing difference in the distribution of prior year sales tax collections.
- The 2016 Sales Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$5.4 million all of which was restricted for its specified purpose. Fund balance increased \$2.6 million as a result of increased cash positions for future debt service funding.
- The Ruston EDD#1 Sales Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$4.0 million all of which was restricted for its specific purpose. Fund balance increased \$1.4 million as a result of a timing difference in the distribution of prior year sales tax collections
- Cooktown EDD Sales Tax Fund had a total fund balance of \$1,073 all of which was
 restricted for its specific purpose. Fund balance decreased \$18,475 as a result of
 the net effect of a timing difference in the distribution of prior year sales tax
 collections and payments to the Developer.
- The I-20 Fund had an unassigned total fund balance of (\$1.5) million. Fund balance decreased \$2.8 million as a result of spending towards I-20 Service Road construction projects.
- The Moving Ruston Forward Fund had an unassigned total fund balance of (\$7.5) million. Fund balance decreased \$164,528 as a result of spending towards the Sports Complex.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

• The Sports Complex Phase II had a total fund balance of \$6.1 million all of which is restricted for its specific purpose. Fund balance decreased \$10.2 million as a result of spending towards Sports Complex Phase II construction.

Proprietary funds

The City of Ruston's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

- The unrestricted net position of the Electric System at September 30, 2021, was (\$6.9) million. Total net position for the Electric System decreased \$7.3 million primarily as a result of transfers out to other funds.
- The unrestricted net position for the Water System at September 30, 2021, was \$7.1 million. Total net position for the Water System increased \$1.85 million.
- The unrestricted net position for the Sewer System at September 30, 2021, was \$6.3 million. Total net position for the Sewer System increased \$3.4 million.
- The unrestricted net position for the Sports Complex at September 30, 2021, was \$62,861. Total net position for the Sports Complex increased \$51.4 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget policy of the City of Ruston complies with state law, as amended, and as set forth in Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 39, Chapter 9, Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (LSA-R.S. 39:1301 et seq.).

The original budget for the General Fund of the City of Ruston was adopted on September 14, 2020. During the year, the City Council revised the City's budget one time. The major differences between the original budget and the final budget were primarily adjustments related to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Budget amendments were made to take into consideration the effects of increased costs of materials and supplies across all funds.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of Ruston's gross investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2021, was \$273.9 million, net of depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, streets, drainage, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress. The following table shows the value at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

City of Ruston's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business Activi	, ·	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Land & land improvements	\$17,991,660	\$17,822,367	\$12,360,265	\$1,863,270	\$30,351,925	\$19,685,637	
Buildings & structures	8,465,406	8,027,202	17,965,629	5,205,541	26,431,035	13,232,743	
Improvements other than buildings	36,796,678	28,305,985	59,317,235	39,222,664	96,113,913	67,528,649	
Equipment	3,279,199	4,294,636	19,142,994	15,076,342	22,422,193	19,370,978	
Infrastructure	12,504,356	12,975,569	-	-	12,504,356	12,975,569	
Construction in progress	73,348,338	121,532,619	12,701,700	7,042,363	86,050,038	128,574,982	
Total capital assets	\$152,385,638	\$192,958,379	\$121,487,825	\$68,410,182	<u>\$273,873,463</u>	\$261,368,561	

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Ruston had total debt outstanding of \$89.1 million. The following table summarizes bonds outstanding at September 30, 2021 and 2020:

City of Ruston's Outstanding Debt

	Governi Activ		Busines Activ	<i>,</i> .	Total		
	2021	2020 2021 2020		2020 2021 2020		2020	
Revenue bonds	\$77,150,000	\$80,515,000	-	-	\$77,150,000	\$80,515,000	
Refunding sewer bonds	-	-	\$5,995,000	\$7,195,000	5,995,000	7,195,000	
Revolving loans	_		5,944,497	<u>5,312,880</u>	5,944,497	5,312,880	
Total outstanding debt	\$77,150,000	\$80,515,000	\$11,939,497	\$12,507,880	\$89,089,497	\$93,022,880	

For additional information regarding capital assets and long-term debt, see Notes 5 and 7, respectively, in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors were considered when the budget for fiscal year 2022 was presented to the City Council:

The plan is designed to continue supporting the following broadly stated objectives: (1) to improve current level of services to our citizens; (2) to continue improving City facilities and infrastructure; (3) to provide continuous support of residential expansion and economic development; and (4) to maintain and improve the quality of life for our citizens.

For the fiscal year 2022, the City has budgeted a 2.5 – 14.00% increase in sales tax dollars compared to 2021.

Total expenditures were budgeted to be up \$34.7 million from prior year primarily due several large capital projects occurring in fiscal year 2022. Health insurance costs increased slightly from 2021. Property tax continues to increase despite the City not rolling forward its millage rates in 2020 due to new construction added to the tax roll each year

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

during this period of extraordinary growth. The next property reassessment year will be 2024.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Ruston's finances for all those with an interest in the City of Ruston's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Julie Speir, City of Ruston Treasurer's Office, 401 North Trenton Street, Ruston, LA 71270 or by calling (318) 251-8651.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,239,752	\$ 3,877,706	\$ 25,117,458	\$ 2,089,691
Investments	9,562,485	832,228	10,394,713	-
Receivables, net	3,478,435	1,684,573	5,163,008	-
Unbilled revenues	57,306	1,171,571	1,228,877	-
Due from other governments	-	5,000	5,000	11,194
Internal balances, net	2,994,497	-	2,994,497	-
Inventories	76,614	1,623,714	1,700,329	-
Prepaid items	5,698	-	5,698	14,955
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	91,339,998	25,061,964	116,401,962	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	61,045,640	96,425,861	157,471,501	437,887
Total assets	189,800,426	130,682,617	320,483,043	2,553,727
Deferred outflow of resources	2,625,309	-	2,625,309	44,146
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,622,158	1,978,868	3,601,026	5,713
Accrued liabilities	1,903,144	51,366	1,954,510	2,803
Internal balances, net	-	2,994,498	2,994,498	-
Claims	506,855	-	506,855	-
Deposits	70,630	1,304,718	1,375,348	-
Accrued interest payable	603,858	51,879	655,737	-
Unearned revenue (ARPA)	4,041,377	19,206	4,060,583	-
Non-current liabilities:				
Due within one year	6,187,151	1,768,561	7,955,712	-
Due in more than one year	72,831,453	10,801,181	83,632,634	-
Net pension liability	16,911,830	-	16,911,830	231,607
Post employment benefit obligation	14,153,237	-	14,153,237	-
Total liabilities	118,831,692	18,970,277	137,801,969	240,123
Deferred inflow of resources	8,215,862	-	8,215,862	61,736
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	75,235,638	109,828,327	185,063,965	437,887
Restricted for:				9,134
Sales Tax Funds	10,659,898	-	10,659,898	-
I-20 TID Fund	4,782,882	-	4,782,882	-
Sports Complex Phase II	6,130,836	-	6,130,836	-
Ruston Parks and Recreation Fund	1,314,562	-	1,314,562	-
Section 8 Housing Voucher Fund	840,973	=	840,973	=
Unrestricted	(33,586,609)	1,884,012	(31,702,596)	1,848,993
Total net position	\$ 65,378,181	\$ 111,712,340	\$ 177,090,521	\$ 2,296,014

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Program Revenues			es	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Ch				ges in Net Po	sition
		Operating		Capital	Primary Government						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	8500	rants and ntributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		iness-type activities	22	Total	Component Units
Primary Government:	·		1	- T					-		(0
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 5,210,954	\$ 833,886	\$	115,462	\$ -	\$ (4,261,606)	\$	≅	\$	(4,261,606)	\$ -
Public safety	9,114,605	266,340		3,000	当	(8,845,265)		皇		(8,845,265)	至
Public works	8,884,976	1,681,636		=	÷	(7,203,340)		=		(7,203,340)	=
Cultural and recreation	1,768,697	96,511		25	至	(1,672,186)		2		(1,672,186)	2
City Judge and City Marshal	560,590	59		=	=	(560,590)		=		(560,590)	=
Interest on long-term debt	3,042,700	- 28			<u> </u>	(3,042,700)		2		(3,042,700)	2
Total governmental activities	28,582,521	2,878,373	- At-	118,462	7	(25,585,686)	S (2	=	(2	25,585,686)	=
Business-type activities:	<u> </u>				*			-			
Electric System	17,451,990	19,730,484		=	5	5		2,278,494		2,278,494	=
Water System	1,874,038	2,777,718		4	프	¥		903,680		903,680	<u> </u>
Sewer System	3,608,243	4,145,116		≅	51	ā		536,873		536,873	3
Sports Complex	1,121,136	306,978		=	=	÷		(814,158)		(814,158)	×
Telecommunications	554,400	679,058		₽	₽	₩.		124,658		124,658	=
Airport	271,411	25,788		=	2,651,873	=		2,406,250		2,406,250	=
Ambulance	1,299,041	1,211,771		9	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		(87,270)		(87,270)	2
Total business-type activities	26,180,259	28,876,913	-		2,651,873			5,348,527	20	5,348,527	
Total primary government	54,762,780	31,755,286		118,462	2,651,873	(25,585,686)	1 1	5,348,527	(:	20,237,159)	
Component units:						-			-	-11	%
Ruston City Judge	746,456	264,323		529,359	5						47,226
Ruston City Marshal	1,765,817	1,343,413		386,950	9						(35,454)
Total component units	\$ 2,512,273	\$ 1,607,736	-\$	916,309	\$ -						11,772
	-										
	General revenue	s:									
	Taxes:										
	Property taxe	S				1,132,461		=		1,132,461	=
	Particular and a service of	general purpose				16,734,145		=		16,734,145	=
	Sales taxes - r	ecreation facilitie	es and	programs		397,955		2		397,955	2
	Sales taxes - s	treet and draina	ge fac	ilities		600,000		=		600,000	=
	Sales taxes - f	ire protection				2,040,026		2		2,040,026	=
	Sales taxes - p	oolice protection				2,040,026		=		2,040,026	=
	Sales taxes - c	drug prevention p	prograi	ms		50,000		查		50,000	설
	Sales taxes - c	debt service				4,254,565		=		4,254,565	=
	Insurance tax	es				451,308		2		451,308	2
	Alcoholic bev	rerage taxes				26,421		=		26,421	=
	Franchise tax	es				425,237		=		425,237	=
	Intergovernme	ntal				3,163,627		=		3,163,627	=
	Investment ear	nings				157,467		58,377		215,844	1,970
	Rent					3,075		87,460		90,535	2
	Miscellaneous					289		38,696		38,985	4,765
	Proceeds from so	ale of land				1,069,524		2		1,069,524	2
	Transfers					4,591,350		(4,591,350)		i=:	
	Total genera	al revenues and t	ransfe	rs		37,137,476	A F	(4,406,817)	\$	32,730,659	6,735
		net position				11,551,790		941,710		12,493,500	18,507
	Net position - be					104,407,671		60,189,350		64,597,021	2,277,507
	Prior period adju	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR				(50,581,280)		50,581,280		0.7	
	Net position - end					\$ 65,378,181		11,712,340	\$ 1.	77,090,521	\$ 2,296,014
	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100			10							Service Committee of the Service of

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General	1968 Sales Tax		(a) 145-50 (b) 141		1985 1990 ales Tax Sales Tax		2016 Sales Tax	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,236,648	\$	18,206	\$	1929	\$	28	\$	5,099,971
Investments	685,291		ile:				=0		-
Receivables, net	283,245		363,839		545,758		363,838		545,757
Unbilled revenues	57,306				:5:		50		501100000000000000000000000000000000000
Due from landlords (HAP)	i e		(iee		1 - 2		-0		-
Due from other funds	10,309,235		567,789		22		520,750		1,469,863
Inventories, at cost	76,614		85				Sa		=
Prepaid items	698		(44)		(4)		=		a
Total assets	\$ 21,649,037	\$	949,834	\$	545,758	\$	884,588	\$	7,115,592
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 220,182	\$	82	\$	10	\$	21	\$	2
Accrued liabilities	794,915		80		:=		5 2		542,332
Due to other funds	5,111,922		561,344		567,735		-0		1,219,268
Unearned revenue (ARPA)	4,041,377		52		129		28		E177
Deposits and deferred charges	70,630		e=		æ _		=0_		E.,
Total liabilities	10,239,025		561,344		567,735	89	==	ş .	1,761,600
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:									
Inventories	76,614		875						=
Prepaid items	698		(144)		140		-		-
Spendable:									
Restricted	1.0		388,490				884,588		5,353,991
Assigned	2,468,783		2500 2540		-		=8		=
Unassigned	8,863,917		3.5		(21,977)		50		ā.,
Total fund balances	11,410,012		388,490		(21,977)		884,588	_	5,353,991
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 21,649,037	\$	949,834	\$	545,758	\$	884,588	\$	7,115,592

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Ruston EDD#1 Sales Tax		Cooktown EDD Sales Tax		I-20 TID		Moving Ruston Forward		Sports Complex Phase II		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	2,948,934 191,946 - 1,060,384 - 4,201,264	\$	37,999 - 8,754 - - - - - 46,753	\$	1,044,035	\$	1,266 - - - 136,460 - - 137,725	\$	1,293,203 2,945,882 - - 4,085,092 - - 8,324,176	\$	828,221 5,219,725 1,154,728 - 17,294 1,734,210 - 8,954,179	\$	20,464,452 8,850,897 3,457,865 57,306 17,295 20,927,813 76,614 698 53,852,941
\$	169,508	\$	23,248 22,432	\$	121,908 - 2,448,308 - - 2,570,216	\$	7,681,001 - - - - - - -	\$	1,153,604 559,885 479,851 - - 2,193,340	\$	102,171 4,132 383,276 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	1,621,115 1,901,264 18,644,645 4,041,377 70,630 26,279,031
V	4,031,755 - 4,031,755		1,073 - - 1,073		(1,526,181) (1,526,181)		(7,543,276) (7,543,276)	-	6,130,836 - - - 6,130,836	-	8,464,599 - - 8,464,599	32 <u></u>	76,614 698 25,255,331 2,468,783 (227,517) 27,573,909
\$	4,201,264	\$	46,753	\$	1,044,035	\$	137,725	\$	8,324,176	\$	8,954,179	\$	53,852,940

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 27,573,909
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Governmental capital assets \$ 193,90 Accumulated depreciation (41,51)	02,967 7,329) 152,385,638
Net pension liability in MPRS, MERS and SFRS	(16,911,830)
Unfunded post employment benefit obligations are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	(14,153,237)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.	
	25,309 <u>5,862)</u> (5,590,553)
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds, notes and loans payable (77,15	03,858) 50,000) 58,602) (79,622,460)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. Capital assets and compensated absences are excluded from this number as they have already	
been taken into consideration in line items above.	1,696,713
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 65,378,181

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund	1968 Sales Tax	1985 Sales Tax	1990 Sales Tax	2016 Sales Tax
REVENUES	1.	9 18			*
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 1,132,461	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales	2	3,821,165	5,731,748	3,821,165	5,731,748
Licenses and permits	1,225,219		=	170	-
Intergovernmental	2,424,740	-	=	-	-
Charges for services	1,685,485	(E)	泉	(53)	(B)
Fines and forfeitures	278,352	=	Ħ	130	
Investment earnings	12,333	9	<u>=</u>		1,554
Rent	≅	(E)	70	53	(3)
Miscellaneous	196,224	=	=	-1	150
Grants	48,572	=	=	120	148
Total revenues	7,003,387	3,821,174	5,731,748	3,821,165	5,733,302
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	5,166,132	1,307	1,086	1,086	650
Public safety	8,847,269	(2)	=	120	120
Public works	6,702,879	170	=		(T)
Culture and recreation	¥	-	=	-	-
City Court and Marshal	605,442	(2)	=		(2)
Debt service:					
Principal	Ε	=	=		1,465,000
Interest and other charges	2	(2)	2		1,656,300
Capital outlay		. =,	= ,	. =	
Total expenditures	21,321,722	1,307	1,086	1,086	3,121,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			(2	A state of the sta
over (under) expenditures	(14,318,335)	3,819,867	5,730,662	3,820,079	2,611,352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond proceeds	=	100	=	Til.	170
Proceeds from sale of land	1,069,524	-	=	-	(
Transfers in	19,282,093	(2)	=	120	120
Transfers (out)	(2,278,504)	(3,790,052)	(5,685,078)	(3,790,052)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,073,113	(3,790,052)	(5,685,078)	(3,790,052)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net change in fund balances	3,754,778	29,815	45,584	30,027	2,611,352
Fund balances - beginning	7,655,234	358,675	(67,561)	854,561	2,742,639
Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,410,012	\$ 388,490	\$ (21,977)	\$ 884,588	\$ 5,353,991

Ruston EDD#1 Sales Tax	Cooktown EDD Sales Tax) -20 TID	Moving Ruston Forward	Sports Complex Phase II	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,132,461
2,029,565	96,596	150	16 5 0	375	4,884,730	26,116,717
12	1 2	· ·	5 (15	1 000 404	1,225,219
-	H=		12	-	1,038,434 96,511	3,463,174 1,781,996
13	#T) in	357	35	70,311	278,352
880	16	1,486	33	11,121	1,265	28,697
-	10	1,400	-	11,121	3,075	3,075
188	920 1=	7 AD7	M27	2000 	289	196,513
100 miles	12 12		69,890	192	207	118,462
2,030,445	96,612	1,486	69,923	11,121	6,024,304	34,344,666
430	115,087	1,500			1,106,964	6,394,242
430	113,067	1,300	157	100	1,100,764	8,847,269
_	-	_	-	-	-	6,702,879
					918,476	918,476
123		-		12	710,470	605,442
-	=	;	-	(E)	1,900,000	3,365,000
615,000	**************************************		250	-	790,550	3,062,100
<u>- (15,420</u>	115.007	2,871,075	146,981	10,225,999	4.715.000	13,244,055
615,430	115,087	te t	147,231	10,225,999	4,715,990	43,139,463
1,415,015	(18,475	(2,871,089)	(77,308)	(10,214,878)	1,308,314	(8,794,797)
170		-		9=		
(w)	-		100	(w)		1,069,524
12	-	45,052		82	749,758	20,076,903
			(87,220)	35	(27,147)	(15,658,053)
1,415,015	(18,475	45,052 (2,826,037)	(87,220)	(10,214,878)	722,611	5,488,374 (3,306,423)
2,616,740	19,548		(7,378,748)	16,345,714	6,433,674	30,880,331
\$ 4,031,755	\$ 1,073	72 W or 2000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	\$ (7,543,276)	\$ 6,130,836	\$ 8,464,599	\$ 27,573,909

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (3,306,423)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	\$ 12,090,774	10.014.405
Depreciation expense	(2,076,349)	10,014,425
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, write offs, and donations) is to decrease net position.		
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The detail of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:		
Principal payments	3,365,000	3,365,000
The changes in other long-term assets and liabilities are reported in the statement of activities, but do not affect current financial resources of governmental funds. The changes are as follows:		
Net pension liability	2,684,968	
Net post employment benefit liability	(1,150,101)	1,534,867
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Decrease in compensated absences	287,599	
Decrease in accrued interest	19,401	307,000
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(363,079)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 11,551,790
± 1 ×		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities

Governmental

	Enterprise Funds						Activities						
	Major Funds Nonmajor Funds												
	Electric System	Water System		Sewer System	Sports Complex	Telecom	Airport	Aı	mbulance		Total	Inte	ernal Service Funds
ASSETS													
Current assets:													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 978,837	\$ 17,982	\$	162,092	\$ 1,058,925	\$ 22,032	\$ 180,053	\$	779,688	\$	3,199,610	\$	775,300
Investments	303,372	270,224		=	=	=	=		=		573,596		711,588
Receivables, net	1,029,837	124,600		174,504	=	70,406	48,220		237,006		1,684,573		3,275
Unbilled revenue	890,863	110,818		169,890	=	=	=		=		1,171,571		=
Due from other funds	8,658,160	9,073,728		8,868,150	35,458	118,039	126,824		729,144		27,609,504		1,275,572
Due from other governments	-	-		-	-	-	-		5,000		5,000		-
Inventories	1,283,459	197,356		30,570	-	112,330	-		-		1,623,714		-
Prepaid items											-		5,000
Total current assets	13,144,528	9,794,708		9,405,206	1,094,383	322,807	355,097		1,750,839		35,867,568		2,770,734
Noncurrent assets:													
Restricted:													
Cash and cash equivalents	65,588	129,088		483,420	-	-	-		-		678,096		-
Investments	32,790	110,341		115,500	=	=	=		-		258,632		=
Capital assets:													
Land	627,501	75,070		209,801	10,505,995	_	941,898		-		12,360,265		-
Construction in progress	106,511	18,045		5,580,462	=	515,143	6,481,539		-		12,701,700		=
Buildings	7,320,340	133,783		1,271,653	11,916,843	· -	1,096,051		-		21,738,669		8,580
Land improvements	-	-		-	16,454,744	-	-		-		16,454,744		-
Improvements other than buildings	-	-		-	-	-	9,338,843		-		9,338,843		-
Equipment	21,204,097	839,988		29,949,989	11,851,075	3,434,147	231,239		1,667,797		69,178,333		80,806
Distribution and collection systems	48,087,444	17,543,771		19,583,593	=	=	=		=		85,214,808		=
Less accumulated depreciation	(52,826,244)	(12,581,367)		(30,720,466)	(300,639)	(885,399)	(6,925,096)		(1,260,327)		(105,499,536)		(86,937)
Total capital assets (net of						<u> </u>							
accumulated depreciation)	24,519,649	6,029,290		25,875,031	50,428,019	3,063,891	11,164,474		407,470		121,487,825		2,450
Total noncurrent assets	24,618,027	6,268,719		26,473,951	50,428,019	3,063,891	11,164,474		407,470		122,424,553		2,450
Total assets	\$ 37,762,554	\$ 16,063,428	\$	35,879,157	\$ 51,522,402	\$ 3,386,698	\$ 11,519,572	\$	2,158,309	\$	158,292,121	\$	2,773,185

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities

Governmental

	Enterprise Funds							Activities	
	Major Funds Nonmajor Funds								
	Electric System	Water System	Sewer System	Sports Complex	Telecom	Airport	Ambulance	Total	Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES Current liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 1,123,932	\$ 38,632	\$ 295,713	\$ 47,131	\$ 19,628	\$ 448,815	\$ 5,017	\$ 1,978,868	\$ 1,043
Accrued liabilities	25,219	5,665	9,357	1,811	682	-	8,633	51,366	1,880
Due to other funds	17,288,858	2,874,143	2,978,611	979,189	3,225,141	2,336,792	921,268	30,604,002	564,242
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	506,855
Compensated absences	79,841	4,160	32,065	848	52		40,595	157,561	- 1.074.001
Total current liabilities	18,517,851	2,922,600	3,315,746	1,028,979	3,245,503	2,785,607	975,512	32,791,798	1,074,021
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:									
Customer deposits	1,300,113	-	655	=	-	3,950	-	1,304,718	-
Bonds payable	-	-	1,210,000	=	-	-	-	1,210,000	-
DEQ Clean Drinking Water Revolving loan	-	-	280,000	=	-	-	-	280,000	-
DHH Revolving Ioan		121,000	-	=	-	-	-	121,000	-
Accrued interest	51,879							51,879	
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	1,351,992	121,000	1,490,655	-	-	3,950	_	2,967,597	-
							-		
Noncurrent liabilities:	000 500	10.401	0/107	0.540	15/		404 700	470 400	1,4001
Compensated absences	239,523	12,481	96,197	2,543	156	=	121,783	472,683	14,081
Unearned revenue (ARPA)	-	-	4.705.000	=	=	-	19,206	19,206	-
Bonds payable	-	1 070 000	4,785,000	=	=	-	=	4,785,000	-
DHH Revolving Loan fund	-	1,079,000	- 4 4 4 4 4 0 7	=	=	-	=	1,079,000	-
DEQ Clean Drinking Water Revolving Ioan Total noncurrent liabilities	020 502	1.001.400	4,464,497	0.542	15/		140,000	4,464,497	14.001
lotal noncurrent liabilities	239,523	1,091,480	9,345,694	2,543	156		140,989	10,820,386	14,081
Total liabilities	20,109,366	4,135,080	14,152,095	1,031,523	3,245,659	2,789,557	1,116,501	46,579,781	1,088,101
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	24,519,649	4,829,290	15,415,534	50,428,019	3,063,891	11,164,474	407,470	109,828,327	2,450
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,866,461)	7,099,058	6,311,528	62,861	(2,922,852)	(2,434,460)	634,337	1,884,012	1,682,633
Total net position	\$ 17,653,188	\$ 11,928,348	\$ 21,727,062	\$ 50,490,879	\$ 141,039	\$ 8,730,015	\$ 1,041,808	\$ 111,712,340	\$ 1,685,084

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities Governmental **Enterprise Funds** Activities **Major Funds Nonmajor Funds** Electric Water Sewer Sports Internal Service Complex System System System Telecom Airport **Ambulance** Total Funds **OPERATING REVENUES** \$ 19,730,484 \$ 1,211,771 Charges for services \$ 2,777,718 \$ 4,145,116 306,978 \$ 679,058 25,788 \$ 28,876,913 \$ 5.238.731 227,744 Charges to other funds Rent income 87,460 87,460 Miscellaneous 32,548 (600)4,332 2,416 38,696 284,051 Total operating revenues 19,763,032 2,777,118 4,149,448 306,978 679,058 113,248 1,214,187 29,003,069 5,750,526 **OPERATING EXPENSES** Personnel services 3,201,090 535.586 915,009 207,291 52.876 1.027.170 5.939.022 146,815 2.824.983 793,791 540,829 321,087 98.621 67,998 5,554,586 32.362 Operating services 907.277 Materials and supplies 10,052,791 73,644 74,586 75,477 (62)2,461 113,362 10,392,259 10,163 1,092 48,856 1,051 Travel and other 8,469 840 3,675 62,932 Depreciation 1,354,749 408,052 1,502,835 296,447 180,499 170,329 41,655 3,954,566 5,885 Claims 4,238,626 Insurance premiums 1,979,973 Total operating expenses 17,442,081 1,811,913 3,403,382 1,121,136 554,400 271,411 1,299,041 25,903,364 6,414,875 965,205 Operating income (loss) 2,320,951 746,066 (814,158) 124,658 (158, 163)(84,854)3,099,705 (664,349)**NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)** 376 54,648 2,911 9 23 340 58.377 128,770 Investment earnings 70 Capital grants 2,651,873 2,651,873 (9,909)(120,714)(172,364)(41,741)Interest expense (20,384)Amortization (84, 147)(104,531)23 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (9,533)(7,477)(201,950)9 2,651,943 340 2,433,355 128,770 2,311,418 957,728 (814,149) 124,681 2,493,779 (84,514)Income (loss) before transfers 544,116 5,533,060 (535,579)1,520,000 3,153,000 1,610,138 225,000 6,512,333 172,500 Transfers in 4,195 Transfers (out) (9,597,551)(626, 132)(345,000)(60,000)(475,000) (11,103,683)3,352,116 795,989 (559,514) (7,286,133)1,851,596 289,681 2,497,974 941,710 (363,079) Change in net position Total net position (deficit) - beginning 10,076,752 18,374,946 (148,642) 6,232,041 1,601,322 as previously reported 24,939,321 (886,390)60,189,350 2,048,163 Prior period adjustment (Note 12) 50,581,280 50,581,280 Total net position - beginning 24,939,321 10,076,752 18,374,946 49,694,890 (148,642) 6,232,041 1,601,322 110,770,630 2.048,163

\$ 141,039

\$8,730,015

\$ 1,041,808

\$111,712,340

1,685,084

Total net position (deficit) - ending

\$ 17,653,188

\$11,928,348

\$ 21,727,062

\$50,490,879

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities Governmental Enterprise Funds Activities **Major Funds Nonmajor Funds** Electric Water Sewer Sports Internal Service System System System Complex Telecom Airport Ambulance Total Funds **CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:** Receipts from operations 27,340,121 722,437 706,978 399,349 \$ 700,201 1,738,040 \$ 1,807,250 33,414,376 6,139,743 (386,724) Payments to suppliers (13,809,182) (941,204)(910,953) (645,312) (313, 135)(252,078)(17,258,587) (2,200,305)Payments to employees (3,261,905) (547, 549)(943,249) (209, 175)(52,286)(942,380)(5,956,544) (150,240)(4,435,982) Claim payments 32,548 4.332 Other receipts 2,416 39,296 (455,138) 10,238,541 10,301,582 (766,316)(1,142,892) 261,191 1,424,905 615,208 (646,784) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in 1,520,000 3,153,000 1,610,138 225,000 4,195 6,512,333 172,500 (9,597,551) (475,000) Transfers (out) (626, 132)(345,000) (60,000)(11,103,683) Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities (9,597,551) 893,868 2,808,000 1,610,138 165,000 4,195 (475,000)(4,591,350) 172,500 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets (630,494)(18,045)(1,145,367)(50,685,810) (456,110)(4,086,041) (10,343)(57,032,210)Transfer of capital asset 50,581,280 50,581,280 2,651,873 2,671,079 Capital grants 19,206 Debt proceeds 987,617 987,617 Principal paid on debt (118,000)(1,438,000)(1,556,000) Interest paid on debt (9,909)(41,741) (120,714)(172,364)Net cash provided (used) bycapital and related 8,863 (4,520,598) financing activities (640,403) (177,786)(1,716,464) (104,530)(456,110) (1,434,168) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments 1,146 1,146 Purchase of investments (7,330)(2,225)(9,555)(1,069)Interest and dividends received 376 54,648 2,911 23 70 340 58,377 128,770 Net cash provided by investing activities 1,522 47,318 9 23 70 340 49,968 127,701 686 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 65,150 (2,916)(50,670)1,050,479 (29,896)(4,998)149,411 1,176,561 (346,582)979,275 149,986 696,182 51,928 185,051 630,277 2,701,145 1,121,881 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 8,446 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year 1,044,425 147,070 645,512 1,058,925 22,032 180,053 779,688 3,877,706 775,300 Noncash item:

Amortization

84,147

104,531

20,384

				Business-Type Enterprise					Governmental Activities
		Major I	Funds			Nonmajor Funds			
	Electric System	Water System	Sewer System	Sports Complex	Telecom	Airport	Ambulance	Total	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,320,951	\$ 965,205	\$ 746,066	\$ (814,158)	\$ 124,658	\$ (158,163)	\$ (84,854)	\$ 3,099,705	\$ (664,349)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities									
Depreciation	1,354,749	408,052	1,502,835	296,447	180,499	170,329	41,655	3,954,566	5,885
(Increase) decrease in assets:									
Receivables	(130,863)	23,592	11,470	3,237	20,375	(9,752)	(142,036)	(223,976)	-
Due from other funds / governments	1,047,365	(2,734,577)	(3,905,133)	-	(14,840)	117,645	(177,570)	(5,667,110)	118,089
Inventories	(111,704)	(34,856)	(868)	-	4,218	-	-	(143,210)	48,947
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	(011.00.0	(00.070)	75.450	(07.01.0)	//0.0171	(010.050)	(01.0(0)	(1.105.(00)	(10.101)
Accounts payable	(811,236)	(38,073)	75,453	(27,914)	(69,917)	(212,053)	(21,862)	(1,105,602)	(40,601)
Accrued liabilities	(49,932)	(7,957)	(10,617)	(3,167)	682	1.517.000	(2,494)	(73,485)	(1,741)
Due to other funds	6,559,274	656,304	457,177	89,134	15,608	1,517,899	915,085	10,210,481	134,973
Customers' deposits	133,861	-	(1,650)	-	-	(1,000)	-	131,211	(246,303)
Claims and judgments	(10.003)	(4.007)	(17 (05)	1 202	(00)	-	07.004	- 	, , ,
Compensated absences	(10,883)	(4,006)	(17,625)	1,283	(92)		87,284	55,961	(1,684)
Total adjustments	7,980,631	(1,731,521)	(1,888,958)	359,020	136,533	1,583,068	700,062	7,138,836	17,565
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 10,301,582	\$ (766,316)	\$ (1,142,892)	\$ (455,138)	\$ 261,191	\$ 1,424,905	\$ 615,208	\$ 10,238,541	\$ (646,784)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Ruston City Judge	Ruston City Marshal	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,871,371	\$ 218,320	\$ 2,089,691	
Prepaid items	1,305	13,650	14,955	
Due from governmental units	11,194	-	11,194	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	373,982	63,905	437,887	
Total assets	2,257,852	295,875	2,553,727	
Deferred outflow of resources	44,146	-	44,146	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	3,241	2,472	5,713	
Accrued liabilities	2,803	-	2,803	
Non-current liabilities:				
Net pension liability	231,607	-	231,607	
Total liabilities	237,651	2,472	240,123	
Deferred inflow of resources	61,736	-	61,736	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	373,982	63,905	437,887	
Restricted	-	9,134	9,134	
Unrestricted	1,628,629	220,364	1,848,993	
Total net position	\$ 2,002,611	\$ 293,403	\$ 2,296,014	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

COMPONENT UNITS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net (Expenses) Revenues and **Changes in Net Position Program Revenues** Charges for **Ruston City Ruston City** On-Behalf Marshal **Expenses** Services **Revenues** Judge Total City Judge: Judicial 746,456 264,323 \$ 529,359 \$ 47,226 \$ \$ 47,226 City Marshal: Judicial 1,765,817 1,343,413 386,950 (35,454)(35,454) 2,512,273 916,309 47,226 (35,454)1,607,736 11,772 General revenues: 1,970 Interest earnings 1,776 194 Miscellaneous 4,765 4,765 Total general revenues 1,776 4,959 6,735 Change in net position 49,002 (30,495)18,507 Net position - beginning 1,953,609 323,898 2,277,507 Net position - ending 2,002,611 293,403 2,296,014

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Ruston, Louisiana, (the "City") was incorporated in 1898, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The City operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, public works, parks and recreation, utility services, and general administrative services. In addition, the City exercises sufficient control over other governmental agencies and authorities that are included as part of the City's reporting entity.

The basic criterion for determining whether another governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity.

The financial statements present the City of Ruston (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit's column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Ruston City Judge

The Ruston City Judge was created by special legislative act. Its jurisdiction includes the incorporated area of the City. The City Judge is elected and cannot be removed by City officials. The Ruston City Judge is fiscally dependent on the City. The City has the ability to modify or approve its budget which comes from the General Fund. There are certain funds collected by the Ruston City Judge, pursuant to state statute, which are under the control of the Court. The Ruston City Judge serves the citizenry of the City. The financial statements of the Ruston City Judge included in the accompanying financial statements are as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Ruston City Marshal

The Ruston City Marshal is an elected official. The Ruston City Marshal is fiscally dependent on the City. The City has the ability to modify or approve the budget which comes from the General Fund. Certain funds are collected such as court costs, pursuant to state statute, which are under the control of the Ruston City Marshal. The Ruston City Marshal serves the citizenry of the Parish. The financial statements of the Ruston City Marshal included in the accompanying financial statements are as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Complete financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained at the following addresses:

Ruston City Judge Ruston City Marshal
P.O. Box 1821 P. O. Box 1582
Ruston, Louisiana 71273-1821 Ruston, Louisiana 71273-1582

Other Related Organizations

Ruston Housing Authority

The Ruston Housing Authority was created by state statutes and is legally separate from the City. The Mayor appoints the commissioners; however, the City cannot impose its will on the Ruston Housing Authority since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the commissioners. The Ruston Housing Authority is fiscally independent and no financial benefit or burden relationship exists with the City. Therefore, it is not included in the City's financial statements.

Lincoln Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission

The Lincoln Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission is an independent agency that collects sales taxes. It is legally separate from the City. The Lincoln Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission is a jointly-governed organization. The City does not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility for its operations. It is not included in the City's financial statements.

Union Lincoln Regional Water Supply Initiative

The Union Lincoln Regional Water Supply Initiative is an independent agency that develops and utilizes any and all alternate water sources within Lincoln and Union parishes to reduce the consumption of water from the Sparta Aquifer. The Union Lincoln Regional Water Supply Initiative is a joint venture. The City does retain an ongoing financial responsibility for its operations. It is not included in the City's financial statements.

Complete financial statements of the individual other related organizations may be obtained at the following addresses:

Ruston Housing Authority Lincoln Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission

1615 North Farmerville P.O. Box 863

Ruston, Louisiana 71270 Ruston, Louisiana 71273-0863

Union Lincoln Regional Water Supply Initiative 407 S. Main Street Farmerville, Louisiana 71241

Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Ruston, Louisiana, conform to U. S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The accounting policies of the discretely presented component units are consistent with those of the City. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

a. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (GWFS) (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Depreciation expense is identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt of governmental activities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities. Interest on long-term debt of business-type activities is recorded as direct expenses. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements (FFS) are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the FFS with nonmajor governmental, nonmajor enterprise and internal service funds being reported on an aggregated basis.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for franchise tax revenues which are considered available if collected within 90 days and grant revenue if collected within one year. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which final approval is received from the Louisiana Tax Commission, at which time a valid claim exists, to the extent considered available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Ad Valorem taxes are considered "measurable" at the time of levy whereas such items as beer taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting agencies and are recognized as revenue at that time. Substantially all other non-intergovernmental revenues are susceptible to accrual and are recognized when earned or the underlying transaction occurs. Sales taxes are accrued in the individual funds to which they pertain. For intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. In reimbursement type programs, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In other programs in which monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, the resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met and all other eligibility requirements are met.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net position, revenues expenditures/expenses and other changes in fund balance/net position. The various funds are summarized by type in the financial statements. The following funds are used by the City:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The City reports the following major aovernmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

1968 Sales Tax Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the City's sales and use tax. A one-half cent sales tax is dedicated to general operating expenses, general capital assets, and waterworks extensions and improvements.

1985 Sales Tax Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the City's sales and use tax. A three-fourths cent sales tax is dedicated to the recreation department, streets and drainage, fire protection and police protection.

1990 Sales Tax Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the City's sales and use tax. A one-half cent sales tax is dedicated for police and fire departments and drug prevention.

2016 Sales Tax Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for the receipt and use of proceeds of the City's sales and use tax. A three-fourths cent sales tax is dedicated for the debt service payments related to the 2016 Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds. This sales tax expires June 30, 2036

Ruston EDD #1 Sales Tax Fund – This special revenue fund accounts for the receipt of the City's restaurant and hotel sales tax in the economic development district created to fund Sports Complex Phase II capital projects. This sales tax expires December 31, 2028.

Cooktown EDD Sales Tax – This special revenue fund accounts for the receipt of the City's sales tax collected in the economic development district created to fund the development of the Cooktown shopping center. This sales tax expires March 31, 2039.

I-20 Tax Increment District Sales Tax Fund – This capital projects fund accounts for infrastructure improvements along the I-20 Service Road that are funded from the issuance of sales tax increment bonds.

Moving Ruston Forward Capital Projects Fund – This capital projects fund accounts for numerous capital projects that are funded from the issuance of the 2016 Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds.

Sports Complex Phase II Capital Projects Fund – This capital projects fund accounts for projects that will complete the Sports Complex facility.

Additionally, the City reports nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate. These funds are within the following governmental fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds – The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The debt service funds receive a portion of all ad valorem and sales taxes paid to the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Capital Project Funds – Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds.)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the City's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a capital maintenance focus; that is, the measurement focus is upon determination of the change in net position. The City reports the following proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds are used to account for activities in which established fees and charges are designed to recover its costs, including capital costs such as depreciation and debt service.

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department of the City to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains four internal service funds for workmen's compensation, health insurance coverage, purchasing/warehouse, and general/auto liability insurance.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric System Fund – Operated as a self-sustaining utility of the City and is responsible for providing the residents of the City of Ruston, Louisiana, with electricity.

Water System Fund – Operated as a self-sustaining utility of the City and is responsible for providing the residents of the City of Ruston, Louisiana with water.

Sewer System Fund – Operated as a self-sustaining utility of the City and is responsible for providing the residents of the City of Ruston, Louisiana with sewer treatment.

Sports Complex Fund – Operated as a self-sustaining recreation facility of the City and is responsible for providing the residents of the City of Ruston, Louisiana with recreational programming.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its government-wide and business-type activities and its enterprise funds as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the GWFS. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's electric, water, and sewerage function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Transactions that would be

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

treated as revenues, expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City as they are exchange transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The reserve method is used to account for bad debt expenses on enterprise fund receivables. Unbilled service receivables of the General Fund, Electric Fund, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund are determined based on October and November billings for electric, water, sewer and refuse services. A percentage is calculated based on the read dates for each cycle and then applied to the total billings.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the GWFS and the proprietary funds. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City maintains a threshold level for capitalization of capital assets except land and construction in progress. All land and construction in progress are capitalized regardless of the amount. All other capital assets are capitalized utilizing a threshold of \$5,000. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Capital assets have not been assigned a salvage value because management feels that the salvage value is immaterial. Straight-line depreciation is calculated based on the following estimated useful lives:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Years
Buildings	10 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 50
Infrastructure	20 - 75
Distribution and collection systems	10 - 50
Equipment	3 - 20

d. Long-Term Liabilities

In the GWFS, and proprietary funds in the FFS, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary funds statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized or accreted over the term of the related debt. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the FFS, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

e. Investments

For all funds, investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. The investments at September 30, 2021 were primarily Certificates of Deposit, U.S. government and U.S. government agency securities (see note 2 for the City's investment policy).

f. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items consist of items such as prepaid insurance and other prepaid expenditures. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time such items are purchased in both GWFS and FFS. The reserve for prepaid items in governmental funds is equal to the total of prepaid items to indicate a portion of the fund balance is not available for future expenditure.

g. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out.) The cost is recorded as an asset at the time individual inventory items are purchased and charged as an expenditure when used in both GWFS and FFS. Inventories in the General Fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories in the enterprise funds consist of repair materials and spare parts.

h. Refundable Deposits

The Electric System Fund requires deposits for certain customers. These monies are restricted and are reported as assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

i. Vacation and Sick Leave

City employees are granted paid time off (PTO) time in varying amounts based on years of service. Only 40 hours of unused time is allowed to roll forward into a new accrual period. Prior to fiscal year 2018, vacation and sick leave were accrued separately, in varying amounts based on years of service. Many employees have vacation and sick balances that will be paid out upon termination of employment according to the former policy. Employees are paid for unused sick leave up to a maximum of six months upon retirement. Unpaid PTO time and vacation time for all employees, and sick leave for those employees eligible for retirement benefits has been accrued. All other sick leave is recorded as an expenditure when paid. The estimated liability for unused vacation for governmental funds is recorded in the GWFS. Vacation leave of governmental funds is recorded as an expenditure when paid. Accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as it is earned by the employees.

j. Pension Plans

The State of Louisiana has three pension plans which cover substantially all employees of the City who meet certain length of service requirements (see Note 8 for the details of these plans).

k. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

1. Classifications of Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes standards for five fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the aldermen - the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City aldermen remove the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City aldermen and management have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed.

m. Interfund Receivables and Payables

All outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds in the fund financial statements. There is no activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the GWFS as internal balances.

n. Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad Valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property when the assessment is approved by the Louisiana Tax Commission. Taxes levied are based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous December 31. Taxes are normally levied in November of each year and are due on or before December 31. A revaluation of all real property must be made every four years. The last revaluation date was January 1, 2020.

o. Grants from Other Governmental Agencies

Federal and state governmental agencies represent an important source of supplementary funding to finance housing, employment and construction programs, and other activities beneficial to the community. These funds, primarily in the form of grants, are recorded in the General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and enterprise funds. The grants normally specify the purpose for which the funds may be used and are subject to audit by the granting agency or its representative.

p. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid debt instruments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

q. Self-Insurance Claims

The City is self-insured for workmen's compensation coverage and medical insurance for employees. Self-insured claims are recorded in the City's internal service funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10.

Incurred but not reported claims are recorded as liabilities in the Insurance Fund. An estimate for these claims is provided by a third-party administrator based on historical experience.

r. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2021 for the City are summarized as follows:

Carrying Amount	<u>Bank Balance</u>
\$25,117,458	\$25,769,091

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable by both parties.

Of the \$25,769,091 bank balance held in the name of the City at September 30, 2021, \$5,238,258 was insured by FDIC insurance and \$22,690,012 was covered by letters of credit purchased by the banks in the name of the City.

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at September 30, 2021. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Cate	jory			
	1		2	3		Carrying Amount & Fair Value
U.S. government and U.S. government agency securities	\$10,091,341	\$	-	\$	_	\$10,091,341
Louisiana Asset Management Pool						303,372
Total investments						10,394,713
Total cash and cash equivalents						25,117,458
Total cash, cash equivalents & invested cash and investments	stments, including	9				\$35,512,171

Investments in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool are not categorized as they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Louisiana Asset Management Pool ("LAMP"), a local government investment pool, is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. While LAMP is not required to be a registered investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, its investment policies are similar to those established by Rule 2-a7, which governs registered money market funds. LAMP's portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest. The dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The fair value of investments is determined on a weekly basis to monitor any variances between amortized cost and market value. For purposes of determining participants' shares, investments are valued at amortized cost. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP issues a publicly available financial report which may be obtained by writing the Board of Directors, 228 St. Charles Avenue, New Orleans, Louisiana 70130, or by calling (504) 525-5161.

Discretely Presented Component Units – Deposits

All deposits of the component units are held by area financial institutions. At the respective year ends, all deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held in the component unit's name by its agent (the trust department of a bank other than the pledging bank.) The cash and equivalent securities have a fair value of \$2,089,691 at September 30, 2021.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes

The City levies taxes on real and business personal property located within its boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the City on property values assessed by the Lincoln Parish Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission. Total assessed value was \$217,916,714 in 2021. The distribution of the City's levy (tax rate per \$1,000 assessed value) was as follows for 2021:

General Alimony	5.19
Recreation Purposes	2.89
Total	8.08

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

4. Receivables

Receivables as of September 30, 2021, for the City's individual major, nonmajor and internal service funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are outlined below:

						Allowance for	2121 121
						Uncollectible	Net
	<u>Customers</u>	Ta	xes	O l	her	Accounts	Receivable
Governmental activities:							
General	\$215,531	\$	6 5	\$36	66,865	(\$299,151)	\$283,245
1968 Sales Tax		30	53,839		(4)	2 1	363,839
1985 Sales Tax	=:	54	45,758		=	=:	545,758
1990 Sales Tax	=0	36	53,838			=	363,838
2016 Sales Tax	==0	54	45,757		1773	525	545,757
Ruston EDD #1	- :	19	91,946		(-)		191,946
Cooktown EDD	<u>\$24</u> 60		8,754	4 /		2 9	8,754
Nonmajor funds	H	1,1,	50,862	2	21,161	8	1,172,023
Internal Service funds			:=		3,275	===	3,275
Total governmental activities	\$215,531	\$3,17	70,754	\$37	74,006	(\$299,151)	\$3,478,435
Business-type activities:							
Electric System	\$3,153,445	\$	10 —	\$	(-)((\$2,123,608)	\$1,029,837
Water System	469,765		0. 50			(345,165)	124,600
Sewer System	815,902) -		(=)	(641,398)	174,504
Nonmajor funds	419,086		85		=	(63,454)	355,632
Total business-type activities	\$4,858,198	\$	N=	\$	14 k	(\$3,173,625)	\$1,684,573

5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Governmental activities	Balance September 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:		(1)	-	
Land	\$ 17,822,367	\$ 1,468,161	\$ (1,298,868)	\$ 17,991,660
Construction in progress	121,532,619	13,918,345	(62,102,626)	73,348,338
Total capital assets not being depreciated	139,354,986	15,386,506	(63,401,494)	91,339,998
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	13,147,865	1,100,327	(381,394)	13,866,797
Improvements other than buildings	36,221,157	10,467,959	(1,053,388)	45,635,728
Equipment	20,393,504	483,654	(1,092,677)	19,784,481
Infrastructure	23,275,962	# <u>=</u>		23,275,962
Total capital assets being depreciated	93,038,488	12,051,939	(2,527,459)	102,562,969
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(5,120,663)	(280,728)	2	(5,401,391)
Improvements other than buildings	(7,915,172)	(923,878)	-	(8,839,050)
Equipment	(16,098,868)	(406,414)	-	(16,505,282)
Infrastructure	(10,300,393)	(471,213)	- I	(10,771,606)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,435,096)	(2,082,233)		(41,517,329)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	53,603,393	9,969,706	(2,527,459)	61,045,640
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 192,958,379	\$ 25,356,212	\$ (65,928,953)	\$152,385,638

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Internal service funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, their capital assets are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

Governmental activities construction in progress includes of \$29,000,000 for I-20 infrastructure projects; \$14,000,000 for the Sports Complex Phase II projects; \$23,000,000 for street and bridge projects; and \$7,000,000 for water system improvements.

Business activities - Electric System	September 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 627,501	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 627,501
Construction in progress	7-	106,511	£	106,511
Total capital assets not being depreciated	627,501	106,511	3=	734,012
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,320,340	=	15	7,320,340
Equipment	21,206,197	=	(2,100)	21,204,097
System Improvements	47,563,461	523,983	R=	48,087,444
Total capital assets being depreciated	76,089,998	523,983	(2,100)	76,611,881
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(2,928,907)	(129,448)	li a	(3,058,355)
Equipment	(26,804,533)	(374,958)	g=	(27,179,491)
System Improvements	(21,740,155)	(850,344)	2,100	(22,588,398)
Total accumulated depreciation	(51,473,595)	(1,354,749)	2,100	(52,826,244)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	24,616,403	(830,766)	12	23,785,637
Electric System capital assets, net	\$ 25,243,904	\$ (724,255)	\$ -	\$ 24,519,649

Business activities - Water System	Balance September 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:	N			73
Land	\$ 75,070	\$ -	\$	\$ 75,070
Construction in progress	<u></u>	18,045	OT .	18,045
Total capital assets not being depreciated	75,070	18,045		93,115
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	139,934	=0	(6,152)	133,783
Equipment	839,988	₩		839,988
System Improvements	17,537,619	6,152	12	17,543,771
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,517,541	6,152	(6,152)	18,517,541
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(147,677)	(2,948)	:=	(150,627)
System Improvements	(11,079,781)	(386,594)	2=	(11,466,375)
Equipment	(945,855)	(18,510)	5=	(964,365)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,173,313)	(408,052)	- 55	(12,581,367)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,344,228	(401,901)	(6,152)	5,936,174
Water System capital assets, net	\$ 6,419,298	\$ (383,856)	\$ (6,152)	\$ 6,029,290

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business activities - Sewer System	Balance September 30, 2020	Additions	Relirements	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:			(0.000)	
Land	\$ 218,801	\$	\$ (9,000)	\$ 209,801
Construction in progress	4,435,095	1,145,367	-	5,580,462
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,653,896	1,145,367	(9,000)	5,790,263
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	151,353	1,120,300	-	1,271,653
Equipment	31,061,288	9,000	(1,120,300)	29,949,989
System Improvements	19,583,593	=3	320	19,583,593
Total capital assets being depreciated	50,796,234	1,129,300	(1,120,300)	50,805,234
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(103,084)	(37,616)		(140,700)
System Improvements	(16,616,163)	(579,289)	=	(17, 195, 452)
Equipment	(12,498,383)	(885,930)	-	(13,384,313)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,217,630)	(1,502,835)	2	(30,720,465)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	21,578,604	(373,535)	(1,120,300)	20,084,769
Sewer System capital assets, net	\$ 26,232,500	\$ 771,832	\$ (1,129,300)	\$ 25,875,031

Sewer System construction in progress consisted primarily of a North Plant sewer main improvement project.

Business activities - Sports Complex	Sept	alance ember 30, 2020	Additions	Refire	ements	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	-	\$ 10,505,995 50,668,500	\$,668,500)	\$	10,505,995
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8		61,174,495	(50)	,668,500)	-	10,505,995
Capital assets being depreciated: Building Improvements	\$	11,150	\$ 11,905,693 16,454,744	\$	-	\$	11,916,843 16,454,744
Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	8	31,697 42,847	11,819,378 40,179,815	15	150 154	1	11,851,075 40,222,662
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements Equipment		(1,022)	(87,829) (121,274) (87,344)		<u>.</u>		(88,851) (121,274) (90,514)
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,192)	(296,447)	9.	(=	-	(300,639)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	&	38,655	39,883,368	8	(-)	lie -	39,922,023
Sports Complex capital assets, net	\$	38,655	\$101,057,864	\$ (50)	,668,500)	\$	50,428,019

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Business activities - Telecommunications	Balance otember 30, 2020	A	dditions	Refire	ments_	Balance Itember 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 211,770	\$	303,373	\$	-	\$ 515,143
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment	3,281,410		152,737		-	3,434,147
Less accumulated depreciation: Equipment	(704,900)		(180,499)	en-	-	 (885,399)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,576,510		(27,761)		-	2,548,748
Telecommunications capital assets, net	\$ 2,788,280	\$	275,611	\$	-	\$ 3,063,891

Telecommunications construction in progress consisted of work related to the installation and upgrade of fiber throughout the City.

Business activities - Airport		Balance tember 30, 2020		Additions	Re	tirements	Se	Balance otember 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:			N.			The second secon		
Land	\$	941,898	\$	-	\$	150	\$	941,898
Construction in progress		2,395,498	-	4,086,041	2	=	2	6,481,539
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1	3,337,396	-	4,086,041	*			7,423,437
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		1,094,626		15,592		(14, 166)		1,096,051
Runways, aprons, and taxiways		9,354,435		-		(15,592)		9,338,843
Equipment		231,239		<u>=</u> 0		-		231,239
Total capital assets being depreciated	1 1.	10,680,300		15,592		(29,758)		10,666,134
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		(331,172)		(17,503)		14,166		(334,509)
Runways, aprons, and taxiways		(315,965)		(3,693)		-		(319,658)
Equipment		(6,121,797)		(149, 134)				(6,270,931)
Total accumulated depreciation	8	(6,768,934)		(170,329)		14,166		(6,925,096)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		3,911,366		(154,738)		(15,592)		3,741,038
Airport capital assets, net	\$	7,248,762	\$	3,931,303	\$	(15,592)	\$	11,164,474

Airport construction in progress consisted primarily of \$4,000,000 for the runway and taxi extension project and \$2,300,000 for the Highway 146 relocation project.

Business activities - Ambulance	Balance September 30, 2020		Additions		Retirements		September 30, 2021	
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment	\$	1,657,454	\$	10,343	\$	-	\$	1,667,797
Less accumulated depreciation:		(1,218,672)		(41,655)		=0		(1,260,327)
Ambulance capital assets, net	\$	438,782	\$	(31,312)	\$	-	\$	407,470

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total Business-type activities capital assets	Balance September 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,863,270 7,042,363 8,905,633	\$ 10,505,995 56,327,837 66,833,832	\$ (9,000) (50,668,500) (50,677,500)	\$ 12,360,265 12,701,700 25,061,965
Capital assets being depreciated:				20,001,700
Buildings	8,717,403	13,041,584	(20,318)	21,738,669
Land Improvements	-	16,454,744	-	16,454,744
Runways, aprons, and taxiways	9,354,435	-	(15,592)	9,338,843
Equipment	58,309,274	11,991,459	(1,122,400)	69,178,333
Improvements	84,684,673	530,135	=	85,214,806
Total capital assets being depreciated	161,065,785	42,017,922	(1,158,309)	201,925,396
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(3,511,862)	(275,343)	14,166	(3,773,040)
Runways, aprons, and taxiways	(315,965)	(3,693)	<u> </u>	(319,658)
Equipment	(48,297,310)	(1,738,029)		(50,035,339)
Improvements	(49,436,099)	(1,937,501)	2,100	(51,371,500)
Total accumulated depreciation	(101,561,236)	(3,954,566)	16,266	(105,499,536)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	59,504,549	38,063,355	(1,142,043)	96,425,860
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 68,410,182	\$104,897,187	\$ (51,819,544)	\$ 121,487,825

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 241,981
Public safety	418,545
Public works	1,294,044
Recreation	127,664
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$2,082,233
Business-type activities:	
Electric System	\$1,354,749
Water System	408,052
Sewer System	1,502,835
Sports Complex	296,447
Telecommunications	180,499
Airport	170,329
Ambulance	41,655
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$3,954,566

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

6. Sales Tax

The various Sales Tax Funds account for the collection and distribution of City sales and use tax to other funds of the City. Sales tax rates for each fund are as follows:

Fund	Rate
1968 Sales Tax	One-half cent
1985 Sales Tax	Three-quarter cent
1990 Sales Tax	One-half cent
2016 Sales Tax	Three-quarter cent
Ruston EDD#1	One and three-quarter cent
Cooktown FDD	One-half cent

For financial reporting purposes, sales taxes are recorded as revenue in the individual funds which collect the sales tax and are recorded as transfers to and from the operations or projects for which the taxes were levied and as approved for expenditure by ordinance of the Council.

The 1968 Sales Tax is used initially to pay operating expenses incurred in the administration and collection of sales taxes. Certain contributions may be made from these funds. After these payments, the remaining amount is payable to the General Fund.

The 1985 Sales Tax is used initially to pay operating expenses incurred in the administration and collection of sales taxes. Payments are made on a monthly basis to the Ruston Parks and Recreation Fund of up to seven percent of the annual net proceeds for construction, acquiring, improving and/or operating recreation facilities and programs. After these payments, the remaining amount is payable to the General Fund for public works, fire protection, and police protection.

The 1990 Sales Tax is used initially to pay operating expenses incurred in the administration and collection of sales taxes. After these payments, the remaining amount is payable to the General Fund for fire protection and police protection.

The 2016 Sales Tax is used initially to pay operating expenses incurred in the administration and collection of sales taxes. After these payments, the remaining amount is dedicated and used to construct, improve, maintain, and/or repair public streets, related drainage, and facilities for the provision of water and sewer services; for economic development; and to acquire, construct, maintain, operate and/or equip a multi-sports recreation complex, an animal shelter and related property, facilities and utilities.

The Ruston EDD#1 Sales Tax collected in the Ruston Economic Development District #1 is used to retire the debt issuance that will fund the Sports Complex Phase II Capital Projects as well as other economic development projects.

The Cooktown EDD Sales Tax collected in the Cooktown Economic Development District is used to fund the costs of development of the Cooktown Shopping Center.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

7. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 80,515,000	\$ -	(\$ 3,365,000)	\$ 77,150,000	\$5,720,000
Compensated absences	2,157,885	-	(289,283)	1,868,602	467,151
Net pension liability	29,243,307	-	(12,331,477)	16,911,830	-
Post-employment benefit obligation	13,003,136	1,310,667	(160,566)	14,153,237	
Total governmental activities	\$ 124,919,382	\$ 1,310,667	(\$ 16,146,326)	\$ 110,083,669	\$6,187,151
rotat governmentar activities	Ψ 12 1,717,002	<u> </u>		Ψ110,000,007	<u> </u>
Business-type activities:					
Electric System					
Compensated absences	\$ 330,247	\$ -	(\$ 10,883)	\$ 319,364	\$ 79,841
Water System					
DHH revolving loan	\$ 1,318,000	\$ -	(\$ 118,000)	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 121,000
Compensated absences	20,647		(4,006)	16,641	4,160
Total Water System	\$ 1,338,647		(\$ 122,006)	\$ 1,216,641	\$ 125,160
Sewer System					
Refunding sewer bonds	\$ 7,195,000	\$ -	(\$ 1,200,000)	\$ 5,995,000	\$1,210,000
DEQ revolving loan	3,994,880	987,617	(238,000)	4,744,497	280,000
Compensated absences	145,887		(17,625)	128,262	32,065
Total Sewer System	\$ 11,335,767	\$ 987,617	(\$ 1,455,625)	\$ 10,867,758	<u>\$1,522,065</u>
Sports Complex					
Compensated absences	\$ 2,108	\$ 1,283	\$ -	\$ 3,391	\$ 848
	Ψ 2,100	1,200	Ψ	Ψ 0,071	Ψ 0.0
Telecommunications					
Compensated absences	\$ 300		(\$ 92)	\$ 208	<u>\$ 52</u>
Ambulance					
	¢ 75.004	¢ 07.004	c	¢ 170.270	\$ 40,595
Compensated absences	\$ 75,094	\$ 87,284		\$ 162,378	\$ 40,595
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 574,282	\$ 88,567	(\$ 32,606)	\$ 630,244	\$ 157,561
DHH revolving loan	1,318,000	-	(118,000)	1,200,000	121,000
Refunding sewer bonds	7,195,000	-	(1,200,000)	5,995,000	1,210,000
DEQ revolving loan	3,994,880	987,617	(238,000)	4,744,497	280,000
Total business-type activities	\$ 13,082,162	\$ 1,076,184	(\$ 1,588,606)	\$ 12,569,741	<u>\$1,768,561</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. For the governmental activities, the balance of compensated absences is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Bonds payable at September 30, 2021, were comprised of the following issuances:

Governmental activities:

<u>Tax Increment Revenue Bonds</u> - \$34,000,000 – 2017 Sales Tax Increment Revenue Bonds dated April 20, 2017, interest at 3.0% payable in annual installments of \$1,845,000 to \$2,205,000 through September 1, 2033.	\$24,610,000
<u>Sales & Use Tax Revenue Bonds</u> - \$38,995,000 – 2016 Sales & Use Tax Revenue Bonds dated September13, 2016, interest at 2.00% - 5.00% payable in annual installments of \$1,510,000 to \$2,985,000 through June 1, 2036.	\$32,540,000
<u>Sales & Use Tax Revenue Bonds</u> - \$20,000,000 – 2019 Sales & Use Tax Revenue Bonds dated April 1 2019, interest 3.075% payable in annual installments of \$2,250,000 to \$2,770,000 through December 1, 2028.	\$20,000,000
Business-type activities:	
<u>DHH Revolving Loan</u> - \$2,334,000 2009 Water Revenue Bonds dated October 29, 2009, interest at 3.45%, due in annual installments of \$121,000 to \$146,000 through October 1, 2030.	\$1,200,000
Refunding Bonds - \$7,470,000 2020 Utility Refunding Bonds dated August 19, 2020, interest at 1.39%, due in annual installments of \$1,083,000 to \$1,210,000 through October 1, 2026.	\$5,995,000
<u>DEQ Clean Drinking Water Revolving Loan</u> - \$6,000,000 2018 Utility Revenue Bonds dated October 18, 2018, interest at 0.95%, due in annual installments of \$280,000 to \$325,000 through October 1, 2039.	\$4,744,497
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The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2021, including interest requirements were as follows:

Year(s) ending	Governme	vernmental Activities Business-type Ac		e Activities	
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 5,720,000	\$ 2,945,706	\$ 1,611,000	\$135,675	\$ 10,412,381
2023	5,915,000	2,741,296	1,589,000	114,464	10,359,760
2024	6,120,000	2,529,338	1,617,000	93,527	10,359,864
2025	6,345,000	2,309,523	1,600,000	72,217	10,326,739
2026-2030	30,905,000	8,035,350	3,581,112	139,853	42,661,315
2031-2035	19,160,000	3,126,550	1,550,000	34,211	23,870,761
2036-2040	2,985,000	149,250	391,385	3,820	3,529,455
	\$77,150,000	\$21,837,013	\$11,939,497	\$593,767	\$111,520,276

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. Management believes that the City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The amount of long-term debt that can be incurred by the City is limited by state statute. State law allows a maximum of 10% of the assessed valuation of bonded debt for any one purpose or 35% of the total assessed value for general purposes. The City assessed property value at December 31, 2021, was \$217,916,714. The maximum debt allowable for any one purpose and total general obligation debt allowable by state law as of December 31, 2021, is \$21,791,671 and \$76,270,850, respectively. The City currently has no general bonded debt outstanding.

8. Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Benefit Plans – Public Employee Retirement Systems

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – Substantially all full-time employees, except police and firemen of the City of Ruston, are covered under the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, (the "System") a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system, controlled and administered by the Board of Trustees of the System. The System is mandatory for all employees who are employed on a permanent basis working at least 35 hours per week. Benefits are established by State statutes. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing the Board of Trustees, 7937 Office Park Boulevard., Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (800) 820-1137.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – State statute requires covered employees to contribute 10.00% of their annual compensation. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The current actuarially determined rate is 29.5% of annual compensation. The City's contributions to the System for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019 were \$2,163,254, \$1,929,397, and \$1,851,265, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$10,172,124 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the MERS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the MERS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 3.6571%, which was a decrease of 0.0988% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized net pension expense of \$1,164,891 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$69,764.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,666	\$ 116,320
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	371,729	-
plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer	-	2,866,010
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	363,647
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	548,446	
Total	\$923,841	\$3,345,977

The City reported a total of \$548,446 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2021, which will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year	MERS
2022	\$ 612,236
2023	649,313
2024	738,879
2025	970,151
Total	\$2,970,579

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Expected Remaining Service

Lives 3 years

Investment Rate of Return 6.85%, net of investment expense, including

inflation

Inflation Rate 2.5%

Projected Salary Increases 1 to 4 years of service - 6.4% (2.5% inflation, 3.9% merit)

More than 4 years of service - 4.5% (2.5% inflation, 2.0%

merit)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Mortality	Pub G-2010(B) - Employee Table for active members
	Pub NS-2010(B) - Disabled Retiree Table for disabled annuitants
	Pub G-2010(B) - Healthy Retiree Table for healthy annuitants
	Each set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using their respective male and female MP 2018 scales
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the City's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the Retirement Systems:

		Current	
	1.0%	Discount	1.0%
MERS	Decrease	Rate	<u>Increase</u>
Rates	5.85%	6.85%	7.85%
COR Share - NPL	\$15,065,435	\$10,172,124	\$6,039,045

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Statewide Firefighter's Retirement System (SFRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Ruston contributes to the Statewide Firefighter's Retirement System of Louisiana, a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Firefighter's Retirement System. SFRS covers firefighters employed by any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2251 through 2269 effective January 1, 1980. Benefits are established by State statutes. The SFRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing the Board of Trustees, Firefighters' Retirement System, 3100 Brentwood Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809 or by calling (225) 925-4060.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - State statute requires covered employees to contribute 10% of their annual compensation. For the year ended September 30, 2021, The City is required to contribute 32.25% of annual compensation excluding overtime but including State supplemental pay. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City's contributions to SFRS for the year ended September 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019 was \$811,583, \$653,547, and \$626,153, respectively, equal to the required contribution for the year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$3,419,916 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the FRS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.9650%, which was a decrease of 0.0419% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$336,895 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$25,076.

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 48,805	\$ 307,116
Changes of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on	741,071	-
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer	-	2,075,405
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement	183,693	271,759
date	217,029	_
Total	\$1,190,598	\$2,654,280

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The City reported a total of \$217,029 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2021, which will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year	SFRS
2022	\$ 330,180
2023	357,643
2024	462,695
2025	588,863
2026	(45,707)
2027	(12,963)
Total	\$1,680,711

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of September 30, 2021, is as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Expected Remaining Service Lives 7 years

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, net of investment expense,

including inflation

Projected Salary Increases 5.20% – 14.10% per year based on years of

service

Mortality Pub-2010 Employee Table for active

members

Pub-2010 Disabled Lives Mortality Table for

disabled annuitants

Pub-2010 Healthy Annuitant Table for healthy

annuitants

Cost of Living Adjustments

Only those previously granted

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the City's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the Retirement Systems:

		Current	
	1.0%	Discount	1.0%
SFRS	<u>Decrease</u>	Rate	Increase
Rates	5.9%	6.9%	7.9%
COR Share – NPL	\$6,560,858	\$3,419,916	\$800,405

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City of Ruston contributes to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System. MPERS covers any full-time police officer, empowered to make arrests, employed by any municipality of the State and engaged in law enforcement, earning at least \$375 per month excluding state supplemental pay, or an elected Chief of Police whose salary is at least \$100 per month, and any employee of this system may participate in the MPERS. Benefits are established by State statutes. The MPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing the Board of Trustees of the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System, 7722 Office Park Boulevard., Suite 200, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809 or by calling (800) 443-4248.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – State statute requires plan members to contribute 10% of their annual compensation. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City was required to contribute 33.75% of annual compensation excluding overtime but including State supplemental pay. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City's contributions to MPERS for the years ended September 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019 were \$627,231, \$649,767, and \$695,315, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$3,319,790 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the MPERS plan. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the MPERS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.6228%, which was a decrease of 0.0288% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$182,216 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$109,217.

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 102,239
Changes of assumptions	367,649	94,700
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,550,080
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	468,586
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	143,221	
Total	\$510,870	\$2,215,605

The City reported a total of \$143,221 as deferred outflow of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement period of June 30, 2021, which will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year	MPERS				
2022	\$ 507,156				
2023	449,645				
2024	357,115				
2025	534,040				
Total	\$1,847,956				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of September 30, 2021, is as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Expected Remaining Service Lives 4 years

Investment Rate of Return 6.750%, net of investment expense

Inflation Rate 2.50%

Projected Salary Increases 4.70% - 12.30% based on years of service

Mortality Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality

Table for active members

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality

Table for disabled annuitants

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality

Table for healthy annuitants

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.750%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) using the discount rate of each Retirement System as well as what the City's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate used by each of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Retirement Systems:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1.0%
MPERS	Decrease	Rate	Increase
Rates	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
COR Share - NPL	\$5,785,869	\$3,319,790	\$1,261,446

9. Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

a. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS												
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	General Fund	Sales Tax Funds	I-20 TID Fund	Moving Ruston Forward	Sports Complex Phase II	Nonmajor Gov Funds	Electric System	Water System	Sewer System	Sports Complex	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 334,956	\$1,152,137	\$ 813,626	\$ 179,851	\$ 21,574	\$ -	\$2,661,043	\$2,356,305	\$832,284	\$1,939,593	\$ 17,866	\$10,309,235
Sales Tax Funds	(64)	2,171,355	2	1,447,432	- 0	-	12	6至8	100	12	1027		3,618,786
I-20 TID Fund	204,758	220	2	817,380	120	4,424	12	(4±1)	(4)	-	17,469	N2	1,044,031
Moving Ruston Forward	12,170	72	2	(20)		124,290	E	120	121	2	1821	200	136,460
Sports Complex Phase II	979	3.70		4,085,092		57/	e	100			1.71	070	4,085,092
Nonmajor Gov Funds	1,141,711	33,977	7		-	6,490	171,745	5,287	375,000	-	1,874	070	1,734,210
Electric System	2,796,521		389,223	480,130	300,000	149,763	9	(2)	971	135,346	3,869,359	537,820	8,658,160
Water System	15,196	151	2,003	1,835	100	(5)	9,054,694	(5)	(7)	10	1070	100	9,073,728
Sewer System	4,418	5.0	781,062	506	-	100	8,062,419	19,745	1.0		(te.)	5.00	8,868,150
Sports Complex	288		-	(*)		19,000		16,170	() = ()		•	61 -1 1	35,458
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	12,115	(8)	123,883	35,000	-	12,029		128,441	175,000		487,539	7 -	974,008
Internal Service Funds	924,746		-	183	-	45,707		43,458	72,306	11,560	169,240	8,556	1,275,572
	\$5,111,922	\$2,540,287	\$2,448,308	\$7,681,001	\$ 479,851	\$ 383,276	\$17,288,858	\$2,874,143	\$2,978,611	\$979,189	\$6,483,201	\$ 564,242	\$49,812,891

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

b. Interfund Transfers

Transfers for the year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows:

TRANSFERS OUT

TRANSFERS IN	General Fund			Moving Ruston Forward		onmajor ov Funds	Electric System	Water System		Sewer System		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 12,867,227	\$		\$	27,147	\$ 4,980,583	\$	622,136	\$	345,000	\$	440,000	\$ 19,282,093
1-20 TID	3,504	=		- 1		100	41,548		5		5		-	45,052
Nonmajor Governmental	40,000	397,955				140	250,463		1,340		2		60,000	749,758
Water System	310,000			(0)		(*)	1,195,000		=		-		15,000	1,520,000
Sewer System	753,000	12		-		127	2,385,000		<u>u</u>		S		15,000	3,153,000
Sports Complex	1,157,000	-		87,220		1+0	358,472		2,446		-		5,000	1,610,138
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	170	la la		83		150	228,985		210		5		15	229,195
Internal Service Funds	15,000	. B.		44		121	157,500		=		2		16	172,500
Total transfers	\$ 2,278,504	\$ 13,265,182	\$	87,220	\$	27,147	\$9,597,551	\$	626,132	\$	345,000	\$	535,000	\$26,761,736

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, (3) use unrestricted revenue collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (4) pay the General Fund in lieu of property and sales taxes and services performed by other departments.

c. On Behalf Payments

The City makes certain payments on behalf of the Ruston City Judge and the Ruston City Marshal as part of normal operations and considered in the annual budget process. The on behalf of payments are shown in detail below:

Payee	Amount
Salaries and Employee Benefits	
Ruston City Judge	\$461,601
Ruston City Marshal	276,391
Total On Behalf Payments	\$737,992

10. Federal and State Financial Assistance

Federal and State governmental units represent an important source of supplementary funding to finance housing, employment, construction programs, and other activities beneficial to the community. These funds, primarily in the form of grants, are recorded in the General, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds. A grant receivable is recorded when the City has a right to reimbursement under the related grant. The grants normally specify the purpose for which the funds may be used and are audited annually under the single audit as mandated by the Single Audit Act of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 200, Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

11. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

General Information about the OPEB Plan

<u>Plan description</u> – The City of Ruston (the City) provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The City of Ruston's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – Medical benefits are provided through a self-insured medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. The employees are covered by one of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

three retirement systems: first, the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 25 years of service at any age; or, age 60 and 10 years of service; second, the Municipal Police Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 25 years of service at any age; age 50 and 20 years of service; or, age 55 and 12 years of service; and, third, the Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 25 years of service at any age; age 50 and 20 years of service; or, age 55 and 12 years of service.

Life insurance coverage in varying amounts is provided to retirees based on a blended rate (for all retired combined). Retiree insurance coverage amounts are \$20,000, reduced to \$10,000 at age 70 and to \$1,000 at age 75.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u> – At September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	65
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	
payments	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	245
Total	310

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$14,153,237 was measured as of September 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs</u> – The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Rate 2.5%

Salary Increases 4.0%, including inflation

Prior Discount Rate 2.21%

Discount Rate 2.15%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 5.5% annually for 10 years, 4.5% thereafter

Mortality SOA RP-2000 Table

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of September 30, 2021, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from October 1, 2009 to September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at September 30, 2020	\$13,003,136
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	301,702
Interest	285,595
Difference between expected and actual experience	417,717
Change in assumptions	305,653
Benefit payments and net transfers	(160,566)
Net changes	1,150,101
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$14,153,237

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate</u> – – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.15%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0%	Discount	1.0%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
Rates	1.15%	2.15%	3.15%	
Total OPEB liability	\$17,104,941	\$14,153,237	\$11,874,902	

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	1.0%	Healthcare	1.0%
	Decrease	Cost Trend	<u>Increase</u>
Rates	4.5%	5.5%	6.5%
Total OPEB liability	\$12,161,493	\$14,153,237	\$16,757,085

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to <u>OPEB</u> – For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of (\$590,491). At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 575,815	(\$3,133,547)
Changes in assumptions	4,064,014	(4,806,246)
Total	\$4,639,829	(\$7,939,793)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending September 30:	
2022	(\$1,167,788)
2023	(1,167,788)
2024	(1,167,788)
2025	(1,167,788)
2026	326,799
Thereafter	1,028,397

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Total OPEB Liability	2019	2020	2021
Service cost	\$ 221,500	\$ 220,421	\$ 301,702
Interest	665,023	590,701	285,595
Changes of benefit terms	-	•	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	332,256	(4,408,039)	417,717
Changes of assumptions	5,251,800	(5,523,531)	305,653
Benefit payments	(180,342	(166,476)	(160,566)
Net change in total OPEB liability	6,290,237	(9,286,924)	1,150,101
Total OPEB liability - beginning	15,999,823	22,290,060	13,003,136
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 22,290,060	\$ 13,003,136	\$ 14,153,237
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,150,370	\$ 10,817,631	\$ 11,250,336
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of			
covered-employee payroll	199.909	120.20%	125.80%
Notes to Schedule:			
Benefit Change:	None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions:			
Discount Rate:	2.66%	2.21%	2.15%
Mortality:	RP-2000	RP-2000	RP-2000
Trend:	5.5%	Variable	Variable

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

12. Adjustments to Net Position

During fiscal year 2021, certain accounting adjustments were made that required the restatement of net position of the Sports Complex Fund. The restatement is presented below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net Position for Current Year

Net Position, October 1, 2020 Current Year Restatement Net Position, October 1, 2020 as Restated

Sports Complex (Enterprise Fund)

(\$ 886,390) 50,581,280 \$49,694,890

The restatement of \$50,581,280 in General Fixed Asset Account Group is to properly reflect assets constructed within General Government but transferred to Sports Complex Fund upon completion.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

a. Construction Projects

There are certain construction projects in progress at September 30, 2021. The City issued \$34,000,000 of Sales Tax Increment Revenue Bonds in 2017 for the purpose of providing engineering and construction expenditures related to I-20 Service Road projects. The City also issued \$38,995,000 of Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds in 2016 for the purpose of providing infrastructure improvements City wide. In 2019, the City issued \$20,000,000 in Sales Tax Revenue Bonds to fund the construction of Sports Complex Phase II capital projects. From these debt issuances, current year revenue and fund balances, the City has spent \$28,954,658 for I-20 Infrastructure projects; \$14,406,863 for Sports Complex projects; \$10,866,769 for streets and bridge projects; and \$6,967,762 for water system improvements included in construction in progress.

b. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains commercial insurance for risks related to (1) Public Official Errors and Omissions Liability, (2) General Liability, (3) Business Auto Liability, (4) Law Enforcement Professional Liability, and (5) Fire and Extended coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage in the current year. The General Liability and Business Auto Liability are subject to a \$1,000,000 per occurrence limit. The Public Official Errors and Omissions Liability and Law Enforcement Professional Liability are subject to a \$1,000,000 per occurrence limit with a \$100,000 deductible. The City maintained property insurance during the year on approximately \$54 million in City property, subject to a \$100,000 per occurrence retention for property claims. The property insurance is with Atlantic Specialty Insurance Company.

c. Worker's Compensation

The City established a limited risk management program for worker's compensation in 1988. Premiums are paid into the Workmen's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund by other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$175,000. Reported and an estimate of incurred, but not reported claims of \$145,939 have been accrued as a liability based upon the service company's loss reserve report. Interfund premiums are based upon the approximate premium. Payments to the worker's compensation fund are accounted for as an expenditure/expense of the paying fund. The Workmen's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund has a net position of \$678,268 at

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

September 30, 2021. There was no increase in insurance coverage from the prior year. No claims exceeded the City's insurance coverage for each of the past five fiscal years.

d. General Self-Insurance

The City established a limited risk management program for employee medical coverage in 1988. Amounts paid into the General Self-Insurance Fund stem from employee contributions, payments by retired employees, and payments by other funds, and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. During the year ended September 30, 2021, a total of \$4,997,020 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The insurance fund has a net position of \$960,140 at September 30, 2021. An excess coverage co-insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$75,000 per calendar year. Incurred but not reported claims of \$260,916 have been accrued as a liability based upon information provided by the claims' administrators. Interfund payments are based on total operating expenses minus employee contributions and payments by retired employees. Payments to the Health Insurance Fund are accounted for as an expenditure/expense of the paying fund. There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. No claims exceeded the City's insurance coverage for each of the past four fiscal years.

A reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the self-insurance funds is as follows:

	Accrued Claims October 1	Claims Incurred	Claims Paid	Accrued Claims September 30
Worker's Compensation				
2021	\$146,283	\$ 407,018	(\$ 407,362)	\$145,939
2020	160,136	92,777	(106,630)	146,283
Health Insurance				
2021	506,875	2,170,859	(2,938,650)	260,916
2020	266,921	2,819,635	(2,579,681)	506,875

e. Litigation

The City is defendant in several lawsuits in which the outcome is uncertain at the present time. In the opinion of the City Attorney, the City's ultimate exposure will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City. The City believes that adequate provision has been made for any amounts not covered by insurance should the Court find in favor of the plaintiffs.

f. Grant Disallowances

The City participates in federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits under the Single Audit Act. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. City management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

g. Revenues from the State of Louisiana

The General Fund receives various revenues from the State of Louisiana. The continuation of these revenues at these amounts is contingent on a variety of factors at the state level.

h. COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic had financial impacts on fiscal year 2021 and the economic impacts will potentially continue for several more fiscal years. Many of these policies have impacted the City's revenue sources such as sales tax and revenue. For additional information on the COVID-19 impacts, refer to the MD&A. The recovery of the local economy and the return of City revenues to pre-COVID levels will depend on many factors that are still unknown.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was signed into law on March 11, 2021 providing additional financial relief to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. During the fiscal year, the City received \$4,041,377 of ARPA funds reflected as General Fund Deferred Revenue on the Balance Sheet. These funds may be used to cover qualifying costs obligated between March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2024 and expended by December 31, 2026.

14. Leases

The City has commitments under several operating lease agreements for equipment.

On June 21, 2017, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from Southland Paclease for the sum of \$4,143 payable monthly on the 21st day of each month for 60 consecutive months. The lease term commenced on June 21, 2017, and will end on July 21, 2022. Annual lease payments totaled \$49,711 for the current fiscal year.

On January 9, 2018, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$6,648 payable monthly on the 26th day of each month for 36 consecutive months with a 37th final payment of \$203,392. The lease term commenced on January 26, 2018, and ended on April 23, 2021. Annual lease payments totaled \$39,887 for the current fiscal year.

On January 12, 2018, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from Southland Paclease for the sum of \$4,241 payable monthly on the 12th day of each month for 60 consecutive months. The lease term commenced on January 12, 2018, and will end on February 12, 2023. Annual lease payments totaled \$50,891 for the current fiscal year.

On February 13, 2019, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$11,215 payable monthly on the 27th day of each month for 36 consecutive months with a 37th final payment of \$340,560. The lease term commenced on February 27, 2019, and will end on March 27, 2022. Annual lease payments total \$134,580 for the current fiscal year.

On February 28, 2019, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$4,967 payable monthly on the 5th day of each month for 48 consecutive months with a 49th final payment of \$70,000. The lease term commenced on

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

April 5, 2019, and will end on May 5, 2023. Annual lease payments total \$59,607 for the current fiscal year.

On April 26, 2019, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$8,792 payable monthly on the 21st day of each month for 36 consecutive months with a 37th final payment of \$267,020. The lease term commenced on March 21, 2019, and will end on April 21, 2022. Annual lease payments total \$105,500 for the current fiscal year.

On August 5, 2020, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from Jim Taylor Ford for the sum of \$250 payable monthly on the 5th day of each month for 12 consecutive months. The lease term commenced on August 5, 2020, and ended on August 5, 2021. Annual lease payments totaled \$3,000 for the current fiscal year. This lease was renewed under the same terms on September 23, 2021 and will now expire September 22, 2022.

On February 19, 2020, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$2,849 payable monthly on the 26th day of each month for 48 consecutive months with a 49th final payment of \$34,875. The lease term commenced on February 20, 2020, and will end on March 20, 2024. Annual lease payments totaled \$28,486 for the current fiscal year.

On February 1, 2021, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$8,286 payable monthly on the 29th day of each month for 36 consecutive months with a 37th final payment of \$319,954. The lease term commenced on February 1, 2021 and will end on May 29, 2024. Annual lease payments totaled \$41,430 for the current fiscal year.

On October 1, 2020 the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$2,896 payable monthly on the 23rd day of each month for 48 consecutive months with a 49th final payment of \$35,250. The lease term commenced on September 23, 2020 and will end on October 23, 2024. Annual lease payments totaled \$34,746 for the current fiscal year.

On September 3, 2020, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$2,062 payable monthly on the 3^{rd} day of each month for 36 consecutive months with a 37^{th} final payment of \$62,535. The lease term commenced on September 3, 2020 and will end on October 3, 2023. Annual lease payments totaled \$24,738 for the current fiscal year.

On July 21, 2021, the City of Ruston agreed to lease equipment from BancorpSouth Equipment Finance for the sum of \$5,433 payable monthly on the 21st day of each month for 36 consecutive months with a 37th final payment of \$130,000. The lease term commenced on July 21, 2021 and will end on August 21, 2024. Annual lease payments totaled \$21,733 for the current fiscal year.

The City also has an open-end lease with Enterprise FM Trust for passenger vehicles for various departments for the sum of \$25,513 payable monthly on the 20th day of each month for terms varying from 48 to 60 consecutive months. The lease terms commenced on March 13, 2020 and will end on February 13, 2025. Annual lease payments totaled \$306,450.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Future minimum lease payments to be paid are:

Year ending	
September 30,	
2022	\$1,455,796
2023	675,446
2024	890,674
2025	142,455
Total	\$3,164,371

14. Compensation Paid to Members of the Board of Aldermen

In accordance with the requirements of the Office of the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, the following schedule reflects compensation paid to members of the Board of Aldermen, City of Ruston for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

Carolyn E. Cage	\$12,463
Jedd B. Lewis	10,155
Melanie Lewis	2,308
Angela R. Mayfield	12,463
Jim C. Pearce	12,463
Bruce E. Siegmund	12,463

15. Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated events subsequent to September 30, 2021 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through March 31, 2022. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no subsequent events occurred that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(unaudited)

	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
		5F			
REVENUES	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,132,461	¢ 20.4/1	
Taxes Licenses and permits	1,472,000	\$ 1,100,000 1,472,000	\$ 1,132,461 1,225,219	\$ 32,461 (246,781)	
Intergovernmental	5,770,527	2,770,527	2,424,740	(345,787)	
Charges for services	2,990,000	2,990,000	1,685,485	(1,304,515)	
Fines and forfeitures	350,000	350,000	278,352	(71,648)	
Investment earnings	15,000	15,000	12,333	(2,667)	
Miscellaneous	425,050	425,050	196,224	(228,826)	
Grants	450,000	450,000	48,572	(401,428)	
Total revenues	12,572,577	9,572,577	7,003,387	(2,569,191)	
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
Executive:					
Regular salaries	703,342	703,342	757,989	(54,647)	
Overtime salaries	1,000	1,000	208	792	
Other employee benefits	429,566	429,566	427,063	2,503	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,133,908	1,133,908	1,185,260	(51,352)	
Operating services	1,512,200	1,512,200	1,662,985	(150,785)	
Materials and supplies	164,250	164,250	155,643	8,607	
Travel and other	15,000	15,000	2,313	12,687	
Total Executive	2,825,358	2,825,358	3,006,201	(180,843)	
Information Technology:					
Regular salaries	145,571	145,571	204,453	(58,882)	
Overtime salaries	2,000	2,000	2,619	(619)	
Other employee benefits	67,001	67,001	92,867	(25,866)	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	214,572	214,572	299,939	(85,367)	
Operating services	307,300	307,300	371,134	(63,834)	
Materials and supplies	16,000	16,000	12,180	3,820	
Travel and other	8,000	8,000	3,244	4,756	
Improvements and equipment	64,000	64,000	8,120	55,880	
Total Information Technology	609,872	609,872	694,617	(84,745)	
Economic Development:					
Regular salaries	109,135	109,135	96,861	12,274	
Other employee benefits	41,405	41,405	31,364	10,041	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	150,540	150,540	128,225	22,315	
Operating services	50,100	50,100	101,766	(51,666)	
Materials and supplies	2,500	2,500	1,882	618	
Travel and other	10,000	10,000	169	9,831	
Total Economic Development	213,140	213,140	232,042	(18,902)	
Military Museum	01.057	01.057	00.070	(0.01.0	
Regular salaries	21,057	21,057	30,073	(9,016)	
Other employee benefits	20,566	20,566	17,873	2,693	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	41,623	41,623	47,946	(6,323)	
Operating services Total Military Museum	1,600	1,600	6,396	(4,796)	
total Military Museum	43,223	43,223	68,092	(24,869)	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(unaudited)

	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
City Hall/Civic Center:				40,000	
Regular salaries	\$ 82,424	\$ 82,424	\$ 86,246	\$ (3,822)	
Overtime salaries	10,000	10,000	4,721	5,279	
Contract labor	25,000	25,000	32,286	(7,286)	
Other employee benefits	39,583	39,583	36,427	3,156	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	157,007	157,007	159,680	(2,673)	
Operating services	307,500	307,500	200,617	106,883	
Materials and supplies	20,800	20,800	17,749	3,051	
Travel and other	17.000	17.000	682	(682)	
Improvements and equipment	17,000	17,000	8,426	8,574	
Total City Hall/Civic Center	502,307	502,307	387,154	115,153	
Planning, Zoning and Inspection					
Regular salaries	457,353	457,353	454,597	2,756	
Overtime salaries	1,000	1,000	633	367	
Other employee benefits	245,386	245,386	256,898	(11,512)	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	703,739	703,739	712,128	(8,389)	
Operating services	403,900	403,900	31,700	372,200	
Materials and supplies	40,000	40,000	33,034	6,966	
Travel and other	3,000	3,000	1,164	1,836	
Total Planning, Zoning and Inspection	1,150,639	1,150,639	778,026	372,613	
Total General Government	5,344,539	5,344,539	5,166,132	178,407	
Public Safety:					
Police:					
Regular salaries	2,184,415	2,184,415	2,367,864	(183,449)	
Overtime salaries	220,000	220,000	219,983	17	
Other employee benefits	1,641,850	1,641,850	1,362,891	278,959	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	4,046,265	4,046,265	3,950,738	95,527	
Operating services	433,500	433,500	433,559	(59)	
Materials and supplies	219,000	219,000	185,473	33,527	
Travel and other	82,000	82,000	41,913	40,087	
Improvements and equipment	40,000	40,000	14,765	25,235	
Total Police	4,820,765	4,820,765	4,626,448	194,317	
Fire:					
Regular salaries	2,054,551	2,054,551	1,957,299	97,252	
Overtime salaries	360,000	360,000	228,411	131,589	
Other employee benefits	1,644,377	1,644,377	1,420,245	224,132	
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	4,058,928	4,058,928	3,605,955	452,973	
Operating services	322,650	322,650	304,828	17,822	
Materials and supplies	145,500	145,500	112,489	33,011	
Travel and other	40,000	40,000	39,097	903	
Improvements and equipment	1,050,000	1,050,000	25,901	1,024,099	
Total Fire	5,617,078	5,617,078	4,088,270	1,528,808	
Total Public Safety	10,437,843	10,437,843	8,714,718	1,723,125	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(unaudited)

	Budgeted Amounts					Final Budget Favorable	
	Original		Final		Actual	(Unfo	avorable)
Public Works:				()		5	
Administration:							
Regular salaries	\$ 330,07	79 \$	330,079	\$	317,231	\$	12,848
Overtime salaries			172		501		(501)
Other employee benefits	154,43	39	154,439		155,870		(1,431)
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	484,5	18	484,518	100	473,602	ţ .	10,916
Operating services	106,20	00	106,200		102,713		3,487
Materials and supplies	19,50	00	19,500		12,799		6,701
Travel and other	2,50		2,500		3,649		(1,149)
Total Administration	612,7	18	612,718	8	616,763	79	(4,045)
Streets:							
Regular salaries	622,4	14	622,414		697,311		(74,897)
Overtime salaries	30,00	00	30,000		19,015		10,985
Contract labor	25,00	00	25,000		103,705		(78,705)
Other employee benefits	463,95		463,959		473,726		(9,767)
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,141,37		1,141,373	0	1,293,757	9	(152,384)
Operating services	971,00		971,000		1,030,833		(59,833)
Materials and supplies	147,00		147,000		104,222		42,778
Travel and other	1,00		1,000		1,572		(572)
Improvements and equipment	3,460,00		3,460,000		858,532		2,601,468
Total Streets	5,720,37		5,720,373	9	3,288,916	1.00 (A)	2,431,457
Solid Waste:							
Regular salaries	639,35	55	639,355		544,115		95,240
Overtime salaries	60,00		60,000		96,447		(36,447)
Contract labor	30,00		30,000		58,004		(28,004)
Other employee benefits	495,73		495,736		350,599		145,137
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,225,09		1,225,091	-	1,049,165	F)	175,926
Operating services	788,00		788,000		738,388		49,612
Materials and supplies	208,00		208,000		210,171		(2,171)
Total Solid Waste	2,221,09		2,221,091		1,998,051	0.	223,040
Repair Shop:				9			
Regular salaries	287,83	37	287,837		306,319		(18,482)
Overtime salaries	3,00		3,000		22,035		(19,035)
Other employee benefits	165,7		165,719		168,141		(2,422)
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	456,55		456,556	8	496,495	9.	(39,939)
Operating services	56,90		56,900		35,816		21,084
Materials and supplies	28,00		28,000		26,234		1,766
Travel and other	1,50		1,500		1,500		-
Total Repair Shop	542,93		542,957	9	560,045	10	(17,089)
Animal Control:				8			
Regular salaries	118,49	91	118,491		109,272		9,219
Overtime salaries	5,00		5,000		5,896		(896)
Other employee benefits	71,17		71,174		72,072		(898)
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	194,66		194,665	<u> </u>	187,240	ų ,	7,425
Operating services	35,90		35,900		34,281		1,619
Materials and supplies	17,50		17,500		14,846		2,654
Travel and other	2,00		2,000		1,288		712
Improvements and equipment	750,00		750,000				750,000
Total Animal Control	1,000,00		1,000,065	-	237,655	-	762,410
	1,000,00		1,000,000		207,000		102,710

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

	Budgete	d Amounts		Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Geographic Information System (G I S) Regular salaries	7=1		1,447	(1,447)
Total salaries, wages, and employee benefits	- 7	SE	1,447	(1,447)
Total G I S	300	1 () () () () () () () () () (1,447	(1,447)
Total Public Works	10,097,204	10,097,204	6,702,877	3,394,326
Ruston City Court	340,391	340,391	329,050	11,341
Probation	126,904	126,904	132,551	(5,647)
Ruston City Marshal	252,476	277,476	276,392	1,084
Total expenditures	26,599,359	26,624,359	21,321,722	5,302,638
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(14,026,782)	(17,051,782)	(14,318,335)	2,733,447
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of land	¥	5°	1,069,524	1,069,524
Transfers in	14,000,500	17,110,500	19,282,093	2,171,593
Transfers (out)	(105,000)	(105,000)	(2,278,504)	(2,173,504)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,895,500	17,005,500	18,073,113	1,067,613
Net change in fund balance	(131,282)	(46,282)	3,754,778	3,801,060
Fund balances - beginning	7,655,234	7,655,234	7,655,234	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,523,952	\$ 7,608,952	\$ 11,410,012	\$ 3,801,060

1968 SALES TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(unaudited)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 3,125,000	\$ 3,125,000	\$ 3,821,165	\$ 696,165	
Investment earnings	500	500	9	(491)	
Total revenues	3,125,500	3,125,500	3,821,174	695,674	
EXPENDITURES					
Collection and administrative	11,000	11,000	1,307	9,693	
Total expenditures	11,000	11,000	1,307	9,693	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,114,500	3,114,500	3,819,867	705,367	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)					
Transfers (out)	(3,114,500)	(3,789,500)	(3,790,052)	(552)	
Total other financing (uses)	(3,114,500)	(3,789,500)	(3,790,052)	(552)	
Net change in fund balance	E	(675,000)	29,815	704,815	
Fund balances - beginning	358,675	358,675	358,675		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 358,675	\$ (316,325)	\$ 388,490	\$ 704,815	

1985 SALES TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES Taxes Total revenues	\$ 4,375,000 4,375,000	\$ 4,375,000 4,375,000	\$ 5,731,748 5,731,748	\$ 1,356,748 1,356,748
EXPENDITURES Collection and administrative Total expenditures	1,000	1,100	1,086	14
Excess of revenues over expenditures	4,374,000	4,373,900	5,730,662	1,356,762
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers (out) Total other financing (uses)	(4,374,000) (4,374,000)	(5,699,000)	(5,685,078) (5,685,078)	13,922
Net change in fund balance	-	(1,325,100)	45,584	1,370,684
Fund balances - beginning	(67,561)	(67,561)	(67,561)	
Fund balances - ending	\$ (67,561)	\$ (1,392,661)	\$ (21,977)	\$ 1,370,684

1990 SALES TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 3,125,000	\$ 3,125,000	\$ 3,821,165	\$ 696,165
Total revenues	3,125,000	3,125,000	3,821,165	696,165
EXPENDITURES				
Collection and administrative	1,000	1,100	1,086	14
Total expenditures	1,000	1,100	1,086	14
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,124,000	3,123,900	3,820,079	696,179
OTHER FINANCING (USES)				
Transfers (out)	(3,124,000)	(3,794,000)	(3,790,052)	3,948
Total other financing (uses)	(3,124,000)	(3,794,000)	(3,790,052)	3,948
Net change in fund balance	-	(670,100)	30,027	700,127
Fund balances - beginning	854,561	854,561	854,561	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 854,561	\$ 184,461	\$ 884,588	\$ 700,127

2016 SALES TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(unaudited)

	Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 4,700,000	\$ 4,700,000	\$ 5,731,748	\$ 1,031,748	
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	1,554	(446)	
Total revenues	4,702,000	4,702,000	5,733,302	1,031,302	
EXPENDITURES					
Collection and administrative	400	400	650	(250)	
Debt service	3,135,950	3,135,950	3,121,300	14,650	
Total expenditures	3,136,350	3,136,350	3,121,950	14,400	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,565,650	1,565,650	2,611,352	1,045,702	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)					
Transfers (out)	(1,565,650)	(1,565,650)		1,565,650	
Total other financing (uses)	(1,565,650)	(1,565,650)	5 4	1,565,650	
Net change in fund balance	<u>u</u>	=	2,611,352	2,611,352	
Fund balances - beginning	2,742,639	2,742,639	2,742,639	(RE)	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,742,639	\$ 2,742,639	\$ 5,353,991	\$ 2,611,352	

EDD#1 SALES TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(unaudited)

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 2,029,565	\$ 429,565
Investment earnings	500	500	880	380
Total revenues	1,600,500	1,600,500	2,030,445	429,945
EXPENDITURES				
Collection and administrative	-		430	(430)
Debt service	615,000	615,000	615,000	1.1-71
Total expenditures	615,000	615,000	615,430	(430)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	985,500	985,500	1,415,015	429,515
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers (out)	-	-	=	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	5	13 (17.0) 1570 (17.0)		
Net change in fund balance	985,500	985,500	1,415,015	429,515
Fund balances - beginning	2,616,740	2,616,740	2,616,740	(<u>2</u>)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,602,240	\$ 3,602,240	\$ 4,031,755	\$ 429,515

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules and independent auditor's report.

COOKTOWN EDD SALES TAX FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021
(unaudited)

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
		Priginal	Final		-	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES Taxes Investment earnings Total revenues	\$	85,000 - 85,000	\$	85,000 - 85,000	\$	96,596 16 96,612	\$	11,596 15 11,611
EXPENDITURES Developer fee Total expenditures	2	85,000 85,000	_	116,000	s 	115,087 115,087	8	913 913
Excess of revenues over expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses)	_	;= ;=		(31,000)	-	(18,475) - -	a <u> </u>	12,525
Net change in fund balance		8 -		(31,000)		(18,475)		12,525
Fund balances - beginning	-	19,548		19,548		19,548	yı-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	19,548	\$	(11,452)	\$	1,073	\$	12,525

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules and independent auditor's report.

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City of Ruston utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) During the month of August, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) A public hearing is then conducted, after proper official journal notification, to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- (4) The budget ordinance is structured such that revenues are budgeted by source, and appropriations are budgeted by department and by principal object of expenditure. Budgetary control is exercised at the departmental code level, with the exception of salaries, regular and overtime, which are at the line item level or by project. City Court and Probation (total combined) and City Marshal departments are budgeted at the department level. The Council may revise or amend the budget at its discretion during legally convened sessions. For the year ended September 30, 2021, seventeen amendments were made to the budget. The effects of as well as the City's reaction to rising costs related to the COVID-19 pandemic were the primary cause of each amendment made.
- (5) Comparisons of budgeted and actual amounts as shown in the accompanying financial statements include the General Fund and those special revenue funds which are included in the annual operating budget. (1968 Sales Tax, 1985 Sales Tax, 1990 Sales Tax, 2016 Sales Tax, Ruston EDD#1 Sales Tax, Cooktown EDD Sales Tax, Parks and Recreation, and Section 8 Vouchers). Annual operating budgets are not prepared for the D.A.R.T. Grant Program, I-20 TID Debt Service Fund or Sewer LCDBG Fund, but rather these funds are budgeted on a project basis. The capital budget ordinances which encompass the capital projects funds present cumulative as opposed to annual budget amounts and thus budget and actual comparisons are not reported in the accompanying financial statements for these funds. Budgetary control for the debt service funds is achieved through general bond indenture provisions.
- (6) All budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Appropriations which are not expended lapse at year end.
- (7) The City is legally required to prepare annual operating budgets for the Electric System, Water System, Sewer System, Sports Complex, Telecommunication System, Airport, Ambulance, Workmen's Compensation, Health Insurance, Purchasing/Warehouse and General & Auto Liability funds. The City is not, however, required to present an actual-to-budget comparison for the enterprise and internal service funds.

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

Excess of Expenditures over Budget – Major Funds

For those funds for which a budget to actual comparison was made, actual expenditures on a budgetary basis exceeded budgeted expenditures on a code level basis as follows:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Negative Variance
General Fund:			
Total Revenues	\$9,572,577	\$7,003,387	\$2,569,190
Expenditures			
Executive	2,825,358	3,006,201	(180,843)
Information Technology	609,872	694,617	(84,745)
Economic Development	213,140	232,042	(18,902)
Military Museum	43,223	68,092	(24,869)
Public Works – Administration	612,718	616,763	(4,045)
Repair Shop	542,957	560,045	(17,089)
GIS	-	1,449	(1,449)
EDD #1 Sales Tax Fund	615,000	615,430	(430)

Despite these variances, the City complied with the Local Government Budget act in that no fund in total experienced a 5% negative variance in revenue or expense, respectively, for the year ended September 30, 2021. See additional analysis of budget variances within the MD&A section of this report.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Fiscal Year Ending	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
9/30/2021	10/1/2020	\$ -	\$ 14,153,237	\$ 14,153,237	0.00%	\$ 11,250,336	125.80%
9/30/2020	10/1/2019	-	13,003,136	13,003,136	0.00%	10,817,631	120.20%
9/30/2019	10/1/2018	-	22,290,060	22,290,060	0.00%	11,150,370	199.90%
9/30/2018	10/1/2017	-	15,999,823	15,999,823	0.00%	10,721,510	149.23%
9/30/2017	10/1/2016	-	15,577,012	15,577,012	0.00%	11,760,657	132.45%
9/30/2016	10/1/2015	-	15,072,236	15,072,236	0.00%	11,108,063	135.69%
9/30/2015	10/1/2014	-	14,492,534	14,492,534	0.00%	10,307,549	140.60%
9/30/2014	10/1/2013	-	13,919,000	13,919,000	0.00%	10,529,588	132.19%
9/30/2013	10/1/2012	-	13,383,654	13,383,654	0.00%	10,712,853	124.93%
9/30/2012	10/1/2011	-	12,446,761	12,446,761	0.00%	10,304,287	120.79%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost	 mount tributed	Percentage of Annual OPEB Costs Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
9/30/2021	\$ 1,310,667	\$ 160,566	12.25%	\$ 14,153,237
9/30/2020	(9,120,448)	166,476	-1.83%	13,003,136
9/30/2019	6,470,579	180,342	2.79%	22,290,060
9/30/2018	(1,108,942)	170,940	-15.41%	15,999,823
9/30/2017	1,224,879	185,024	15.11%	7,167,622
9/30/2016	1,101,447	368,572	33.46%	6,127,767
9/30/2015	1,068,348	341,270	31.94%	5,394,893
9/30/2014	1,086,160	300,647	27.68%	4,667,815
9/30/2013	1,055,580	278,377	26.37%	3,882,302
9/30/2012	1,032,285	261,883	25.37%	3,105,099

This schedule will contain ten years of historical information once such information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Employer Proportion of Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	oportion of Share of et Pension Net Pension		mployer's Covered imployee Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) as % of Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as % of Total Pension Liability
MERS:						
2021	3.657100%	\$	10,172,124	\$ 7,333,064	138.7%	73.60%
2020	3.755900%	·	16,238,547	6,540,329	248.3%	64.52%
2019	3.843900%		16,062,737	6,671,225	240.8%	64.68%
2018	3.583200%		14,836,848	6,032,030	246.0%	63.94%
2017	3.428600%		14,343,355	6,435,899	222.9%	63.49%
2016	3.404900%		13,955,737	5,701,761	244.8%	63.34%
2015	3.346300%		11,953,340	5,537,583	215.9%	68.71%
SFRS:						
2021	0.965000%		3,419,916	2,516,536	135.9%	60.54%
2020	1.007400%		6,982,531	2,026,502	344.6%	72.61%
2019	0.987600%		6,184,669	2,256,407	274.1%	73.96%
2018	0.957600%		5,508,282	2,243,550	245.5%	74.76%
2017	0.978200%		5,606,625	2,155,839	260.1%	73.55%
2016	0.984500%		6,439,468	1,990,089	323.6%	68.16%
2015	0.970200%		5,236,246	1,674,852	312.6%	72.45%
MPERS:						
2021	0.622800%		3,319,790	1,858,462	178.6%	58.07%
2020	0.651600%		6,022,229	1,925,236	312.8%	70.94%
2019	0.695500%		6,316,595	2,139,431	295.2%	71.01%
2018	0.748100%		6,324,576	2,121,341	298.1%	71.89%
2017	0.672500%		5,870,965	2,068,683	283.8%	70.08%
2016	0.663900%		6,222,388	2,789,026	223.1%	66.04%
2015	0.715300%		5,603,526	3,095,114	181.0%	70.73%

This schedule will contain ten years of historical information once such information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2021
(unaudited)

Fiscal Year	1	ntractually Required ontribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as % of Covered Employee Payroll
MERS:								
2021	\$	2,163,254	\$	2,163,254	\$	-	\$ 7,333,064	29.50%
2020		1,929,397		1,929,397		-	6,540,329	29.50%
2019		1,851,265		1,851,265		-	6,671,225	27.75%
2018		1,633,860		1,633,860		-	6,032,030	27.09%
2017		1,464,167		1,464,167		-	6,435,899	22.75%
2016		1,201,264		1,201,264		-	5,701,761	21.07%
2015		1,139,803		1,139,803		-	5,537,583	20.58%
SFRS:								
2021		811,583		811,583		-	2,516,536	32.25%
2020		653,547		653,547		-	2,026,502	32.25%
2019		626,153		626,153		-	2,256,407	27.75%
2018		537,893		537,893		-	2,243,550	23.98%
2017		587,466		587,466		-	2,155,839	27.25%
2016		604,899		604,899		-	1,990,089	30.40%
2015		603,089		603,089		-	1,674,852	36.01%
MPERS:								
2021		627,231		627,231		-	1,858,462	33.75%
2020		649,767		649,767		_	1,925,236	33.75%
2019		695,315		695,315		-	2,139,431	32.50%
2018		686,262		686,262		-	2,121,341	32.35%
2017		656,807		656,807		-	2,068,683	31.75%
2016		548,599		548,599		-	2,789,026	19.67%
2015		602,702		602,702		-	3,095,114	19.47%

This schedule will contain ten years of historical information once such information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO THE AGENCY HEAD YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Mayor Ronny Walker	 Amount
Salary	\$ 103,846
Benefits	
Medicare	1,433
Health insurance	9,570
Life insurance	112
Retirement/457 plan	29,500
Reimbursements - cell phone	 1,869
Total	\$ 146,330

SCHEDULE OF JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING - RECEIVING ENTITY **SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session

Identifying Information									
Entity Name	CITY OF RUSTON								
LLA Entity ID # (This is the ID number assigned to the entity by the Legislative									
Auditor for identification purposes.)	2198.00								
Date that reporting period ended (mm/dd/yyyy)	9/30/2021								

100	ally separate court funds are required to be reported, a separate receiving sch fund. Examples include Judicial Expense Fund, Drug Court Fund, Veterans Tre		10
Cash	Basis Presentation	First Six Month Period Ended 03/31/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 09/30/2021
10.	Receipts From: (Must include one agency name and one collection type - see below - on each line and may require multiple lines for the same agency. Additional rows may be added as necessary.)		
	RUSTON CITY MARSHAL, CRIMINAL COURT COSTS/FEES Subtotal Receipts	122,865 122,865	107,867 107,867
11.	Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but Not Received (only applies to those agencies that assess on behalf of themselves, such as courts)	-	

Coll	ection Types to be used in the "Receipts From:" section above
a	Civil Fees
b	Bond Fees
С	Asset Forfeiture/Sale
d	Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees
e	Criminal Court Costs/Fees
f	Criminal Fines - Contempt
g	Criminal Fines - Other
h	Restitution
i	Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees
	Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service
j	fees)
k	Interest Earnings on Collected Balances
	Other (do not include collections that fit into more specific categories
Ţ	above)

COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used for specific revenues that are legally restricted for expenditures of a particular purpose.

Ruston Parks and Recreation Board – This fund accounts for the receipts and expenditures of the City of Ruston Parks and Recreation Program.

D.A.R.T. Grant Program – This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditures of the State of Louisiana Emergency Shelter Grant Program.

Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program – This fund accounts for receipt of Federal Funds and the payment of Housing Assistance Payments to qualifying rental property owners.

I-20 TID Debt Service Fund

The I-20 TID Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Sewer LCDBG Grant – This fund accounts for receipts and disbursements of a grant received from the Louisiana Community Block Grant for sewer improvements.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Special Revenue Funds

	- opecial			opcola. K	5 TOTIOG TOTIOG							
		ston Parks ecreation	D.A.R.T. Grant Program		Section 8 Housing Program		Total		I-20 TID Debt Service		 Sewer LCDBG	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,836	\$	-	\$	684,162	\$	706,998	\$	-	\$ 121,223	\$ 828,221
Investments		-		-		-		-		5,219,725	-	5,219,725
Accounts receivable, net		-		3,866		-		3,866		1,150,862	-	1,154,728
Due from landlords (HAP)		-		-		17,294		17,294		-	-	17,294
Due from other funds		1,543,600		-		187,544		1,731,143			3,067	 1,734,210
Total assets	\$	1,566,436	\$	3,866	\$	888,999	\$	2,459,301	\$	6,370,588	\$ 124,290	\$ 8,954,179
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	25,645	\$	3,866	\$	11,135	\$	40,646	\$	61,525	\$ -	\$ 102,171
Accrued salaries		2,749		-		1,383		4,132		-	-	4,132
Due to other funds		223,479		-		35,508		258,986		-	124,290	383,276
Total liabilities		251,874		3,866		48,026		303,765		61,525	124,290	 489,580
Fund balances:												
Spendable:												
Restricted		1,314,562		-		840,973		2,155,536		6,309,063	-	8,464,599
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Total fund balances		1,314,562		=		840,973		2,155,536		6,309,063	-	8,464,599
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,566,436	\$	3,866	\$	888,999	\$	2,459,301	\$	6,370,588	\$ 124,290	\$ 8,954,179

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Special Revenue Fu	• Fur	ıds
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			special kevellue rulius												
	Ruston Parks & Recreation		D.A.R.T. Grant Program		Section 8 Housing Program		·	Total		I-20 TID Debt Service	Sewer LCDBG			Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds	
REVENUES															
Taxes	\$	630,165	\$:=	\$	18	\$	630,165	\$	4,254,565	\$	(H)	\$	4,884,730	
Intergovernmental		4 8	4	3,077	9	95,357		1,038,434		14 3		-		1,038,434	
Charges for services		96,511		5 5		45.		96,511		売		alac		96,511	
Investment earnings		8		1(=)		360		368		897		(m)		1,265	
Rent		3,075		59 4 8		622		3,075		<u>=</u> :		32		3,075	
Miscellaneous		289		3 5 5		\$ 5 5		289		=1		± inti		289	
Total revenues	10-	730,048	4	3,077	9	95,717	_	1,768,842	***************************************	4,255,462	10	-		6,024,304	
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General government		14 8	4	3,077	1,0	63,887		1,106,964		= 1		196		1,106,964	
Recreation		918,476		S0 7 5		\$3 5 5		918,476		100		(1 570)		918,476	
Bond principal				10-		194		·=		1,900,000		(=)		1,900,000	
Bond interest		= 0		6948		12		=		790,550		120		790,550	
Total expenditures		918,476	4	3,077	1,0	63,887		2,025,440		2,690,550	11	le line)		4,715,990	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	2.0		R -		37 <u> </u>	-	77	39			9.8				
over (under) expenditures	11	(188,428)	8	PM -	(68,170)	<u> </u>	(256,598)	20	1,564,912	W			1,308,314	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in		749,413		6=		345		749,758		-		-		749,758	
Transfers (out)		= i		17	(27,147)		(27,147)		=		10 mm 15 mm		(27,147)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	749,413	Re-	1000		26,802)	22	722,611	Tit.	-	U.	(H)	-	722,611	
Net change in fund balances	19	560,985	3)———	12		94,972)	-	466,014	-	1,564,912	19	-	-	2,030,926	
Fund balances - beginning		753,577		: 	9	35,945		1,689,522		4,744,151		250 6		6,433,674	
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,314,562	\$	1=1	\$ 8	40,973	\$	2,155,536	\$	6,309,063	\$	(-	\$	8,464,599	
	-						_		-				_		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments within the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Workmen's Compensation Fund – This fund accumulates resources to finance employee workmen's compensation injuries and claims.

Health Insurance Fund – This fund accumulates resources to finance claims and judgments arising from employee health insurance and other exposures.

Purchasing/Warehouse Fund – This fund coordinates purchasing and warehousing operations for all applicable departments.

General & Auto Liability Fund – This fund accumulates resources to finance general and auto liability premiums and claims.

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Workmen's Compensation		Health surance	chasing/ rehouse	_	eneral & to Liability	Total Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	526,722	\$ 123,822	\$ 5,950	\$	118,805	\$	775,300	
Investments		307,937	403,651	-		-		711,588	
Receivables, net		-	3,275			<u>-</u>		3,275	
Due from other funds		-	907,639	150,268		217,665		1,275,572	
Prepaid items		-	 - 1 100 007	 -		5,000		5,000	
Total current assets		834,659	 1,438,387	 156,218		341,471		2,770,734	
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets: Buildinas				8.580				8,580	
Equipment		-	-	80,806		-		80,806	
Less accumulated depreciation		-	-	(86,937)		-		(86,937)	
Total noncurrent assets			 -	 2,450				2,450	
Total assets		834,659	 1,438,387	 158,668		341,471		2,773,185	
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		_	-	443		600		1,043	
Accrued salaries		_	-	1,880		-		1,880	
Due to other funds		10,452	217,331	222,102		114,358		564,242	
Claims and judgments		145,939	260,916	-		100,000		506,855	
Total current liabilities		156,391	478,247	224,425		214,958		1,074,021	
Noncurrent liabilities:	<u>-</u>		<u>.</u>		·				
Compensated absences			 	 14,081				14,081	
Total noncurrent liabilities			 	 14,081				14,081	
Total liabilities		156,391	478,247	 238,505		214,958		1,088,101	
NET POSITION									
Net investments in capital assets		_	-	2,450		-		2,450	
Unrestricted		678,268	960,140	(82,287)		126,513		1,682,633	
Total net position	\$	678,268	\$ 960,140	\$ (79,837)	\$	126,513	\$	1,685,084	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Workmen's Compensation		Health Insurance		Purchasing/ Warehouse		(eneral & to Liability	Total Internal Service Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES											
Charges for services	\$ 25	0,220	\$	4,222,757	\$		\$	765,754	\$	5,238,731	
Premiums paid by retired employees		= 8		227,744		(2)		2		227,744	
Stop loss coverage payments		180		284,051		1=0		-		284,051	
Total operating revenues	25	0,220		4,734,552				765,754	(i	5,750,526	
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Cost of services:											
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		(B)X		1 = 3		146,815		-		146,815	
Operating services		-		8,310		24,052		Ħ		32,362	
Materials and supplies		1=11) - 0		10,163		-		10,163	
Travel and other		÷		=		1,051		#		1,051	
Depreciation		33 3		1=1		5,885				5,885	
Total cost of services		(78/)		8,310		187,966				196,276	
Claims	(1	1,466)		4,136,537		(8)		113,555		4,238,626	
Insurance premiums	190	7,362		852,173		120		720,438		1,979,973	
Total operating expenses	39	5,896		4,997,020	-	187,966		833,993	-	6,414,875	
Operating income (loss)	(14	5,676)		(262,468)		(187,966)		(68,239)		(664,349)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES											
Investment earnings		8,441		307	-	2	-	20		128,770	
Total nonoperating revenues	12	8,441		307		2		20		128,770	
Income (loss) before transfers	(1	7,235)		(262,161)		(187,964)		(68,219)		(535,579)	
Transfers in		1219		-		172,500		_		172,500	
Change in net position		7,235)		(262,161)		(15,464)	-	(68,219)	23	(363,079)	
Total net position - beginning	69	5,503		1,222,301		(64,373)		194,732		2,048,163	
Total net position - ending	\$ 67	8,268	\$	960,140	\$	(79,837)	\$	126,513	\$	1,685,084	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		orkmen's npensation		Health nsurance		rchasing/ arehouse	eneral & to Liability	Total Internal Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from operations Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Claims Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	250,220 (407,362) - 56,122 (101,020)	\$	4,951,883 (922,532) - (4,382,496) (353,145)	\$	12,735 (36,434) (150,240) - (173,939)	\$ 924,905 (833,977) - (109,608) (18,680)	\$	6,139,743 (2,200,305) (150,240) (4,435,982) (646,784)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Net cash provided by noncapital activities		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -		172,500 172,500	 <u>-</u> -		172,500 172,500	
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of investments Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		(822) 128,441 127,619 26,600 500,122		(247) 307 60 (353,085) 476,907		2 2 2 (1,437) 7,387	20 20 (18,660)		(1,069) 128,770 127,701 (346,582) 1,121,881	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	526,722	\$	123,822	\$	5,950	\$ 118,805	\$	775,300	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities:	\$	(145,676)	_\$	(262,468)	_\$	(187,966)	\$ (68,239)	\$	(664,349)	
Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in assets: Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		- 45,000 (3,358) - 3,358		(46,177) - (15,872) - 217,331		5,885 - 5,115 - (1,168) (1,741) 7,620	159,151 3,947 (20,203) - (93,336)		5,885 - 118,089 48,947 (40,601) (1,741) 134,973	
Claims and judgments Compensated absences		(344)		(245,959)		(1,684)	 <u>-</u>		(246,303) (1,684)	
Total adjustments Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	44,656 (101,020)	\$	(353,145)	\$	(173,939)	\$ 49,559 (18,680)	\$	17,565 (646,784)	
	_									

Individual Fund Schedules

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA

RUSTON PARKS AND RECREATION BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (unaudited)

Variance with

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Final Budget Favorable	
	Original Final		Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 620,000	\$ 620,000	\$ 630,165	\$ 10,165	
Charges for services	40,000	40,000	96,511	56,511	
Investment earnings	500	500	8	(492)	
Rent	3,500	3,500	3,075	(425)	
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	289	289	
Total revenues	664,000	664,000	730,048	66,048	
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	721,111	721,111	640,972	80,139	
Operating services	255,795	255,795	248,310	7,485	
Materials and supplies	24,500	24,500	28,036	(3,536)	
Travel and other	5,000	5,000	1,157	3,843	
Improvements and equipment	12,500	12,500	- E	12,500	
Total expenditures	1,018,906	1,018,906	918,476	100,430	
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(354,906)	(354,906)	(188,428)	166,479	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	396,750	396,750	749,413	352,663	
Total other financing sources	396,750	396,750	749,413	352,663	
Net change in fund balance	41,844	41,844	560,985	519,142	
Fund balances - beginning	753,577	753,577	753,577		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 795,421	\$ 795,421	\$ 1,314,562	\$ 519,142	

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA

SECTION 8 HOUSING PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

(unaudited)

Variance with

	8	Budgeted	l Amoı	unts				al Budget vorable
	Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,061,000	\$	966,000	\$	995,357	\$	29,357
Investment earnings	4	3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	360	Ψ	(2,640)
Total revenues	<u> </u>	1,064,000	-	969,000	-	995,717	E	26,717
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		252,179		252,179		205,488		46,691
Operating services		873,500		873,500		833,727		39,773
Materials and supplies		11,000		11,000		23,717		(12,717)
Travel and other		1,000		1,000		955		45
Total expenditures	W.	1,137,679		1,137,679	111	1,063,887	n: Ei	73,792
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(73,679)		(168,679)		(68,170)		100,509
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		12		(-)		345		345
Transfers (out)	<u></u>			(27,500)		(27,147)));	353
Total other financing sources (uses)	***************************************	(B) 2	=	(27,500)	-	(26,802)	70-	698
Net change in fund balance		(73,679)		(196,179)		(94,972)		101,207
Fund balances - beginning	<u> </u>	935,945		935,945	76	935,945	ī	=
Fund balances - ending	\$	862,266	\$	739,766	\$	840,973	\$	101,207

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA

UNIFORM GUIDANCE SUPPLEMENTARY REPORTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

CITY OF RUSTON

RUSTON, LOUISIANA

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REGIONS TOWER 333 TEXAS STREET. SUITE 1525 I SHREVEPORT. LOUISIANA 71101 318.429.1525 (P) I 318.429.2124 (F)

March 31, 2022

Honorable Mayor Ronny Walker and Members of the City Council City of Ruston Ruston, Louisiana

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ruston, Louisiana (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Ruston City Judge's Office and Ruston City Marshal's Office, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Ruston, Louisiana's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned

functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Shreveport, Louisiana

HEARD, MELROY & VESTAL, L.L.C.



REGIONS TOWER 333 TEXAS STREET, SUITE 1525 I SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA 71101 318,429,1525 (P) I 318,429,2124 (F)

March 31, 2022

Honorable Mayor Ronny Walker and Members of the City Council City of Ruston Ruston, Louisiana

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Ruston, Louisiana's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2021. The City of Ruston's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the

City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council of the City of Ruston, Louisiana, others within the entity, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statue 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ruston, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

HEARD, MELROY & VESTAL, L.L.C.

Shreveport, Louisiana

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Grant or	
	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through	Federal
Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
United States Department of Housing and Urban Developn	nent:		
Section 8 - Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	LA232	\$ 932,140
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231		39,211
Total United States Department of Housing and U	971,351		
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Capitalization Grant-Clean Water State Revolving			
Funds	66.458	CS221163-01	316,419
Total Environmental Protection Agency			316,419
United States Department of Transportation: **			
office states bepartment of transportation.		3-22-0082-	
FAA - Airport Improvement Program	20.106	021-2020	2,638,562
FHWA Improvements	20.219	H.013524	49,890
FHWA Improvements	20.219	H.013045	20,000
Total United States Department of Transportation			2,708,452
Department of Homeland Security:			
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially		FEMA-4439-	
Declared Disaster)	97.036	PA-LA	1,948,794
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially		FEMA-4559-	
Declared Disaster)	97.036	PA-LA	126,616
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		5,892
Total Department of Homeland Security			2,081,302
			A
Total Federal Awards			\$ 6,077,524

^{**} USDOTD FHWA Improvements (20.219) expenditures were \$65,705 and \$54,400 for fiscal years 2018 and 2019, respectively.

^{**} USDOTD Highway Safety Improvements (20.205) were \$211,435 and \$4,129 for fiscal years 2019 and 2020, respectively.

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

1. Basis of Presentation

The audit was performed pursuant to the Single Audit Act of 1996 and the Uniform Guidance. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards has been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting used by the City in preparation of the government wide financial statements that report these awards. The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain assumptions that affect the reported amounts of expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Disbursements

Disbursements reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards cannot be traced, in every case, directly to the disbursements reported in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). However, the detailed information regarding the disbursements reflected in both issued reports can be traced to the City's detailed general ledger with adjustments for any year-end financial statement accruals and reversals.

3. <u>Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City that were received directly from federal agencies or passed through other entities and governmental agencies.

The City has prepared this Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to comply with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. The Uniform Guidance stipulates that a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards be prepared showing total expenditures of each federal award program as identified in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) and for other federal financial awards that have not been assigned a catalog number.

4. Subrecipient Payments

The City's federal expenditures include subrecipient payments in the amount of \$39,211 to D.A.R.T. CDBG Program. These awards were received from Emergency Solutions Grant Program, CFDA 14.231.

5. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

6. Subsequent Events

The City is required to evaluate events or transactions that may occur after the schedule of expenditures of federal awards date for potential recognition or disclosure in the notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. The City performed such an evaluation through March 31, 2022, the date which the schedule of expenditures of federal awards was available to be issued, and noted no events of transactions that occurred after the schedule of expenditures of federal awards date requiring recognition or disclosure.

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

A. Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Ruston, Louisiana.
- 2. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported.
- 3. There are no findings of noncompliance relating to the basic financial statements of the City of Ruston, Louisiana disclosed during the audit.
- 4. The auditor's report on compliance for major federal award programs of the City of Ruston, Louisiana expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 5. There are no audit findings relative to major federal award programs of the City of Ruston, Louisiana.
- 6. The programs tested as major programs included:

<u>Program</u>	<u>CFDA No.</u>
Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disaster	97.036
FAA – Airport Improvement Program	20.106

- 7. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 8. The City of Ruston does qualify as a low-risk auditee.
- B. Findings Financial Statement Audit

No findings to report.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit
 No findings to report.

CITY OF RUSTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

No findings were reported in the prior year.