Catahoula Parish School Board

Harrisonburg, Louisiana

June 30, 2021

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Established 1945

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Catahoula Parish School Board, Harrisonburg, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Catahoula Parish School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Rebecca B. Morris, C.P.A. Michael A. Juneau, C.P.A. Cindy L. Humphries, C.P.A. Deborah R. Dunn, C.P.A. Rebecca G. Nation, C.P.A. Evelyn T. Renfrow, C.P.A. Kayla G. Holloway, C.P.A.

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To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Catahoula Parish School Board, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions - OPEB, schedules of employer's share of net pension liability, schedules of employer contributions, and notes to required supplemental information labeled "Required Supplemental Information" in the table of contents (Part I and Part II) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to he limited procedures to the required supplements.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Catahoula Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The schedule of compensation paid board members and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are presented by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.



To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

The schedule of compensation paid board members, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of compensation paid board members, the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2021, on our consideration of the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

aune, Moure + Hennigton, UP

Certified Public Accountants Alexandria, Louisiana

December 2, 2021

Required Supplemental Information - Part I

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The discussion and analysis of Catahoula Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overall review of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School Board's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School Board's financial performance.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The *Government-wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School Board's finances in a manner similar to private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School Board's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School Board is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements present functions of the School Board that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The School Board has no functions or activities which are business-like in nature, meaning that they are primarily supported by user fees and charges for services, such as a municipality owned utility system. The governmental activities of the School Board include regular and special education programs, support services, administration, maintenance, student transportation, and school food services. The School Board contains no other units of government (component units) nor is it contained as a component unit of any other level of local or state government.

Fund Financial Statements:

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over the resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School Board, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School Board can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements. Because of the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-

term impact of the School Board's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School Board maintains dozens of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the government fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Title I Fund, and Economic Stabilization Fund. The remaining funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the label of other governmental funds, which contains all non-major funds.

The School Board adopts annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Budgets were not adopted for Debt Service Funds. As such, a budget to actual was not prepared for the Debt Service Funds.

Notes to the financial statements:

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the Entity

Statement of Net Po	sition
As of June 30, 20	021

Current and other assets	\$ 4,560,911
Receivables	406,170
Due from other governmental agencies	1,727,815
Inventory	40,627
Restricted certificates of deposit	290,000
Capital assets	<u>4,648,657</u>
Total Assets	11,674,180
Deferred outflows of resources	6,802,678
Other liabilities	1,841,860
Compensated absences payable	330,780
Bonds payable	940,000
Net pension liability	12,527,689
Post-employment benefit obligation	<u>25,712,962</u>
Total Liabilities	41,353,291
Deferred inflows of resources	4,146,413

Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,708,657
Restricted for debt service	404,882
Restricted for salaries and related benefits	386,488
Restricted for grants	81,574
Restricted for student activities	214,931
Restricted other special purposes	121,924
Unrestricted	 (31,941,302)
Total Net Position	\$ (27,022,846)

- Capital assets, which are reported net of depreciation, account for 40% of the total assets of the School Board. This does not include the deferred pension outflows of resources.
- Bonds payable account for 30% of total liabilities reported. This does not include the net pension liability, post-employment benefit obligation, or deferred inflows of resources.
- Net investment in capital assets account for 33% of the total net assets reported. This does not
 include the net position due to the net pension liability or post-employment benefit obligation.

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 6,467
Operating grants	4,323,446
General Revenues	
Property taxes	1,068,921
Sales taxes	3,778,642
Rents/leases	149,410
Earnings on investments	10,578
MFP	8,340,562
Other	 614,918
Total Revenues	18,292,944
Expenses	
Regular programs	5,609,430
Special education programs	1,294,881
Vocational programs	878,358
Other instructional programs	609,209
Special programs	780,893
Adult and continuing education programs	232
Student services	1,121,820
Instructional staff support	1,358,949
General administrative	489,195
School administration	531,810
Business services	455,671
Plant services	1,737,655
Student transportation services	1,263,943
Central services	25,420

Food services Community service programs Interest on debt services Transfer to charter schools Total Expenses	1,184,280 6,344 15,050 328,620 <u>17,691,760</u>
Change in Net Position	601,184
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	(27,624,030)
Net Position, End of Year	(27,022,846)

- Property tax collections increased by 11%.
- Sales tax collections increased from the prior year by 42%. This seems to be from increased collections due to taxation of online sales into the parish and from new work being done within the parish.
- MFP accounts for 46% of total revenues.
- Grant funding increased 64%, due to new grants the parish received due to the pandemic.
- Transfers to charter schools increased by 8% as more students are choosing to attend Delta Charter School and/or the various online charter schools available.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2021, the Catahoula Parish School Board had \$4,648,657 in capital assets. This amount represents a net decrease of \$194,453. This decrease includes all additions, deletions, and annual depreciation.

Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation)

	 2020	100	2021
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,389,369	\$	2,389,105
Buildings	2,366,028		2,192,891
Equipment	 87,713		66,661
	\$ 4,843,110	\$	4,648,657

Totals

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Catahoula Parish School Board had bonded debt outstanding of \$940,000. This includes Qualified School Construction Bonds that are low interest.

Variations Between Original and Final Budgets

Sales Tax collections were higher than expected for the year. Expenses were higher due to new grant funding of pandemic money.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

Growth of the parish seems to be in a continued state of decline. Student population for 2021-2022 has decreased from 2020-2021, although at a much slower rate than the prior year. The board will still have a mid-year adjustment for the 2021-2022 MFP which may trigger a budget revision during the year.

The Catahoula Parish School Board's elected officials considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget. These factors and indicators include:

- Teacher's Retirement decreased by 0.6%.
- School Employee's retirement percentage remained the same.
- State Group Insurance rates will increase in January 2022, and will be reflected in any budget revision done.
- Grant expenditures have increased due to the additional grant funding due to the pandemic.

The Catahoula Parish School Board expects that the 2021-2022 year will end in a surplus.

Contacting the Catahoula Parish School Board's Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School Board's finances with an interest in the government's financial position and operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Lora White, Business Manager, Catahoula Parish School Board, P.O. Box 690, Harrisonburg, LA 71340.

Basic Financial Statements

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Government-Wide Financial Statements

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Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Statement of Net Position **Governmental Activities** June 30, 2021

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 4,560,911
Receivables		406,170
Due from other governmental agencies		1,727,815
Inventory		40,627
Restricted certificates of deposit		290,000
Capital assets		200,000
Nondepreciable		
Land	2,365,000	
Depreciable	2,000,000	
Land improvements	295,700	
Buildings and improvements	28,510,478	
Furniture and equipment	752,202	
Less - accumulated depreciation	(27,274,723)	4 6 40 657
Net capital sssets Total Assets		4,648,657
Total Assets		11,074,100
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflow of pension resources		3,658,587
Deferred outflow of other post-employment benefit resources		3,144,091
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,802,678
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		57,381
Due to other governmental agencies		32,968
Salaries and employee benefits payable		1,751,511
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year		
Bonds payable		40,000
Compensated absences		330,780
Due in more than one year		000,700
Bonds payable		900,000
Net pension liability		12,527,689
Post-employment benefit obligation		25,712,962
Total Liabilities		41,353,291
Total Elabilities		41,000,203
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflow of pension resources		2,696,222
Deferred inflow of other post-employment benefit resources		1,450,191
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,146,413
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		3,708,657
Restricted for		-11-0.
Salaries and related benefits		386,488
Grants		81,574
Debt service		404,882
Student activities		214,931
Other special purposes		121,924
Unrestricted		(31,941,302)
Total Not Position		(31,941,302) S (37,022,846)

Unrestricted **Total Net Position**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Exhibit A

\$ (27,022,846)

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Statement of Activities Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit B

		Program	Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Current			8	
Instruction				
Regular programs	\$ 5,609,430	\$-	\$ 996,911	\$ (4,612,519)
Special education programs	1,294,881	-	50,819	(1,244,062)
Vocational programs	878,358		26,750	(851,608)
Other instructional programs	609,209	465	123,865	(484,879)
Special programs	780,893	(-)	909,754	128,861
Adult and continuing education programs	232	-	≅	(232)
Support services				
Student services	1,121,820	-	220,868	(900,952)
Instructional staff support	1,358,949	-	1,079,886	(279,063)
General administration	489,195		-	(489,195)
School administration	531,810			(531,810)
Business services	455,671		ถ้าสาราราชาติ	(455,671)
Plant services	1,737,655	-	106,603	(1,631,052)
Student transportation services	1,263,943	20	30,177	(1,233,766)
Central services	25,420		54 	(25,420)
Food services	1,184,280	6,002	777,813	(400,465)
Community service programs	6,344	-	-	(6,344)
Debt Service				
Interest and other charges	15,050			(15,050)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 17.363.140	\$ 6.467	\$ 4,323,446	(13,033,227)
General Revenues				
Taxes				
Property taxes levied for				
General purposes				1,017,641
Debt service				51,280
Sales taxes levied for				
General purposes				1,574,788
Salaries and related benefits				2,203,854
Grants and contributions not restricted to spec	cific programs			
Minimum Foundation Program				8,340,562
State revenue sharing				45,669
Rentals and leases				149,410
Investment earnings				10,578
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets				1,405
Miscellaneous				567,844
Local revenue transfers - other LEAs				(328,620)
Total General Revenues				13,634,411
Change in Net Position				601,184
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated				(27,624,030)
Net Position, End of Year				\$ (27,022,846)
The second description are an integral part of	the financial stat	omente		

Fund Financial Statements

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Exhibit C

	Ge	eneral Fund	Ti	tle Fund	100-1	conomic abilization Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,755,090	\$	2,641	\$	×	\$	803,180	\$	4,560,911
Receivables		404,575		5		172		1,595		406,170
Due from other funds		1,588,501		2 						1,588,501
Due from other governmental agencies		20,922		484,450		695,194		527,249		1,727,815
Inventory				1.5		.		40,627		40,627
Restricted certificates of deposit		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u>~</u>	_	290,000		290,000
Total Assets	\$	5,769,088	\$	487,091	\$	695,194	_\$	1,662,651	\$	8,614,024
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	46.274	\$	-	\$	7,983	\$	3,124	s	57,381
Due to other funds		1		470,743		680,559		437,199	-	1,588,501
Due to other governmental agencies		29,742		2,972				254		32,968
Salaries and employee benefits payable		1,641,775		13,376		6,652		89,708		1,751,511
Total Liabilities		1,717,791	-	487,091		695,194	_	530,285	-	3,430,361
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable										
Inventories		3 - 3		19		5 4 0		40.627		40.627
Restricted										iojon,
Salaries and related benefits		386,488		-		(in)		-		386,488
Grants		-		-		(44)		81,574		81.574
Debt service		-		-				404,882		404,882
Student activities		-		-		-		214,931		214,931
Other special purposes				74		1.40		121,924		121,924
Committed		-		-				268,428		268,428
Assigned										200,120
Workers' compensation		250,039		3 4 0		123		3 <u>2</u> 3		250,039
Casualty reserve		100,000		-				-		100,000
Medicaid		229,250		-		-				229,250
Unassigned		3,085.520								3,085,520
Total Fund Balances		4,051,297		-				1,132,366	_	5,183,663
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,769,088	\$	487,091	\$	695,194	\$	1,662,651	\$	8,614,024

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the fund financial statements.	
Cost of capital assets31,923,380Less - accumulated depreciation(27,274,723)	4,648,657
Deferred outflows of resources are not current assets or financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	
Deferred outflow of pension resources 3,658,587	
Deferred outflow of other post-employment benefit resources 3,144,091	6,802,678
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	
Compensated absences payable(330,780)Bonds payable(940,000)Net pension liability(12,527,689)Post-employment benefit obligation(25,712,962)	(39,511,431)
Deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	
Deferred inflow of pension resources(2,696,222)Deferred inflow of other post-employment benefit resources(1,450,191)	(4,146,413)
Net Position	\$ (27,022,846)

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit E

	General Fund	Title	l Fund	Economic Stabilization Fund	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues							
Local sources							
Тахаз							
Property	\$ 488,835	\$		\$ -	\$ 580,086	\$	1,068,921
Sales and use	3,778,642				• 000,000		3,778,642
Rentals and leases	149,410			2			149,410
Tuition	465		0.00		100		465
Food services	400				6,002		6,002
Investment earnings	4,434		100		6,144		10,578
	238,389		100	-	466,070		704,459
Other revenue from local sources	230,309		-	ā.	400,070		704,408
State sources	0.045 500				25 020		0 240 502
Minimum Foundation Program	8,315,562		0.50		25,000		8,340,562
State revenue sharing	21,041			5	24,628		45,669
Other revenue from state sources	18,123				369,175		387,298
Federal sources			923 889	1.425,710	1,448,904		3 798,503
Total Revenues	13,014,901		923,889	1,425,710	2,926,009		18,290,509
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction							
Regular programs	4,755,749		91,879	447,037	148,692		5,443,357
Special education programs	1,207,948			5,345	51,339		1,264,632
Vocational programs	829,216		10,000		16,750		855,966
Other instructional programs	160,898		1,209	120,011	315,396		597,514
Special programs	8,858		466,563	17,552	271,789		764,762
Support services							0.004.045.00
Student services	886,423		6,113	5,321	185,193		1,083,050
Instructional support staff	254,044		266,039	425,738	378,180		1,324,001
General administration	449,392				22,022		471,414
School administration	486,656				31,045		517,701
Business services	409,357		-	-	7,725		417,082
Plant services	1,138,524		22,220	84,384	392,310		1,637,538
Student transportation services	1,115,859		22,220	30,177	9,479		1,155,515
Central services	6,252			30,117	19,168		25,420
	233,708				924,239		1,157,947
Food services	233,700			5			1.2.1.2.2.2.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1
Community service programs	28				6,343		6,343
Debt service					10.000		40.000
Principal	2		1.5		40,000		40,000
Interest and other charges	-		-		15,050		15,050
Capital outlay			10,732				10 732
Total Expenditures	11.942 984		874,755	1,135,565	2,634,720		16,788,024
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over							
Expenditures	1,071,917		49,134	290,145	91,289		1,502,485
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	467,764		58,916	×	16,404		543,084
Transfers out	(12,186)		(108,050)	(290,145)	(132,703)		(543,084)
Local revenue transfers - other LEAs	(328,620)				((328,620)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	126 958		(49,134)	(290,145)	(116 299)		(328,620)
Net Change In Fund Balances	1,198,875		-	-	(25,010)		1,173,865
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Restated	2,852,422		2000 (2000		1,157,376		4,009,798
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,051,297	\$		\$ -	\$ 1,132,366	•	
rund Gelandes, Lind of real	a 4,001,287				<u>φ 1,132,300</u>	\$	5,183,663

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Exhibit F
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,173,865
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlays Less - depreciation expense	10,732 (205,187)	(19 4,45 5)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Change in pensions Change in other post-employment benefits	1,558,894 97_	1,558,991
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Principal retirement		40,000
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts consumed during the year. In the governmental funds, however, these expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences accrued (Increase) decrease in net pension liability accrued (Increase) decrease in post-employment benefit obligation		(29,006) (136,560) (1,811,651)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	601,184

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Catahoula Parish School Board (School Board) was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LA-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children in Catahoula Parish. The School Board is authorized by LA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of nine members who are elected from nine districts for terms of four years.

The School Board operates five schools within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 1,099 at the October 1, 2020, count date. In conjunction with the regular education programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

The financial statements of the School Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

The School Board is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Fiscally independent means that the School Board may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The School Board also has no component units defined as other legally separate organizations for which the elected School Board members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board has a significant relationship.

Because the School Board has a separately elected governing body and is legally separate and fiscally independent, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, the School Board's financial statements include all funds, schools, agencies, and committees for which the School Board is financially accountable. The School Board is not aware of any other entities that should be included within the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The School Board's Basic Financial Statements consist of Government-Wide Financial Statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and Fund Financial Statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The Government-Wide Financial Statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report financial information for the School Board as a whole.

Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and School Board general revenues, from business-type activities (if any), generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The activity of internal service funds (if any) is eliminated to avoid duplicating revenues and expenses. The School Board does not have any business-type activities or internal service funds.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the governmental activities at year-end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The School Board charges indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the School Board's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions, if any, which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for charges for services is which function generates the revenue. For grants and contributions, the determining factor is to which functions the revenues are restricted. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues, which include property taxes, sales taxes, Minimum Foundation Program receipts, state revenue sharing, interest, and other unrestricted revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School Board.

Fiduciary activities are not included at the government-wide reporting level. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the fiduciary funds Statement of Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

Fund Financial Statements – The accounting system is organized on the basis of funds. The financial transactions of the School Board are recorded in individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that include its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Funds of the School Board are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate "fund types". The School Board uses the following fund types: Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the School Board's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specifically or legally restricted monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds), and the recording of activity related to endowment funds (permanent funds). The fund financial statements report financial information by major funds and nonmajor funds.

The following governmental funds are considered major funds:

- General Fund The general operating fund of the School Board accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.
- Title I Fund This fund accounts for the proceeds of the Title I grant designed to improve the teaching and learning of children who are at risk of not meeting challenging academic standards and who reside in areas of high concentrations of children from low-income families.
- Economic Stabilization Fund This fund accounts for the proceeds of the Economic Stabilization grant designed to address the impact that the Novel Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation.

All other funds are considered nonmajor funds.

The more significant of the School Board's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The primary effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School Board. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (collected within ninety days after year-end, except for property taxes where sixty days is used). Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debts are recorded only when payment is due. Budgets are prepared and adopted using the same basis of accounting. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Property taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Property taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Property taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December, January, and February of the current fiscal year.

Federal and state entitlements (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded when available and measurable. State equalization entitlement funds are recognized when the School Board is entitled to them. State revenue sharing, which is based on population and homesteads in the parish, is recorded as revenue in the year received which coincides with the recognition of the related property taxes discussed above. Federal and state grants are recorded when the School Board is entitled to the funds, usually after reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Sales taxes are recognized in the period when the underlying sales or use transaction occurred.

Federal commodities are recognized as revenues when received.

Revenue from services provided to other local governments is recorded as other revenues from local sources when the School Board is entitled to the funds.

Interest earnings on time deposits are recognized as revenue when the time deposits have matured, and the interest is available.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Substantially all other revenues are recognized when received by the School Board.

Based on the above criteria, sales taxes, federal and state grants, and certain revenues from local sources have been treated as susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when earned by employees. The salaries for teachers and most other school-level employees are earned over a nine-month period but may be paid over a twelvemonth period.

Purchases of various operating supplies, etc. are recorded as expenditures in the accounting period in which they are purchased.

Food costs are recognized as expenditures in the accounting period in which the food is consumed.

Commitments under construction contracts are recognized when earned by the contractor.

Substantially all other expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid, proceeds from indebtedness, the sale of fixed assets, and proceeds from insurance are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

Preliminary budgets for the ensuing year are prepared by the business manager and made available for public inspection and comments from the taxpayers at the School Board office during August. At a board meeting in September, a public hearing is held and the proposed budgets are legally adopted by the School Board. The budgets, which include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, are published in the official journal at least 15 days prior to the public hearings.

The School Board adopted budgets for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated during the following year to be expended. Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. The superintendent of schools is authorized to transfer amounts between line items within any fund. However, when actual revenues within a fund fail to meet budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or actual expenditures within a fund exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment is adopted by the School Board in an open meeting. Budget amounts included in the accompanying required supplemental information include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposits, if any, with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Certificates of Deposit

The bank certificates of deposit have a maturity of more than three months when purchased. These certificates of deposit are stated at cost which approximates fair value. All certificates of deposit at year-end were restricted due to bond sinking fund requirements.

Receivables

Receivables are charged against income as they become uncollectible. In the opinion of management, all accounts at year-end were considered collectible, and an allowance for doubtful accounts was not considered necessary.

Inventory

Inventory is accounted for using the consumption method, where expenditures are recognized as inventory is used, using a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory of the School Lunch Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. Commodities are recorded as revenues, based on value information from the USDA, when received. Inventory on hand at year-end is reported as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that it is not a part of expendable available financial resources.

Capital Assets

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, capital assets are capitalized and depreciated on a straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The School Board has adopted a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for reporting purposes. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. A breakdown of the asset valuation between actual and estimated cost is not available. Donated capital assets, if any, are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Useful lives are approximately 40 years for buildings and 3 to 20 years for land and building improvements, furniture, and equipment.

Expenditures that extend the useful lives of capital assets beyond their initial estimated useful lives or improve their efficiency or capacity are capitalized, whereas expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed. Interest costs on debt used to finance the construction of assets are not capitalized.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

No provision is made for depreciation on capital assets in the fund financial statements since the full cost is expensed at the time of purchase or construction.

Interfund Transactions

In the governmental funds, transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Interfund balances are eliminated in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated sick or vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is recognized as a governmental fund liability and expenditure of the governmental functions/programs that will pay it. This includes payments that come due before the end of the reporting period upon the occurrence of employee resignation, retirement, or death that will be paid during the first month of the following year. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured. The full liability and related costs are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

All twelve-month employees earn from 10 to 18 days of vacation leave each year, depending upon length of service with the School Board. Vacation leave can be accumulated up to a maximum of twenty-four days for employees with up to 10 years of experience and thirty-six days for those employees with more than 10 years of experience. Upon separation from service, all unused vacation leave is paid to the employee at their daily rate of pay.

All School Board employees earn from 10 to 18 days of sick leave each year, depending upon length of service with the School Board. All sick leave can be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, employees or their heirs are paid for up to 25 days of accumulated sick leave at the employee's current rate of pay. The estimated liability for vested sick leave benefits is considered long-term and is not recorded in the fund financial statements. The estimated liability includes required salary-related payments. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, all accumulated sick leave, including the 25 days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned after July 1, 1988, under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System and for sick leave, excluding the 25 days paid to the employee, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sabbatical leave may be granted for professional and cultural improvement and for medical reasons. Any employee with a teaching certificate is entitled, subject to approval by the School Board, to one semester of sabbatical leave after 3 years of continuous service or 2 semesters of sabbatical leave after 6 or more years of continuous service. Professional and cultural improvement sabbaticals are restricted in nature as a condition of the leave and, therefore, are considered only a change in the types of services being rendered and not subject to accrual. Medical sabbaticals require the use of virtually all sick leave before a sabbatical can be taken and are not material. Sabbatical leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the period paid.

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are not reported in the Balance Sheet for the fund financial statements. All liabilities, including long-term debt, are included on the face of the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide financial statements. Interest expense on long-term debt is recognized in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the School Board has deferred outflows of pension resources and other post-employment benefits resources that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The School Board has deferred inflows of pension resources and other post-employment benefit resources that qualify for reporting in this category. These amounts will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position

The net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the net position's use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In cases where restricted and unrestricted monies are received by the School Board for the same function or purpose, the restricted monies are used first.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund Balances

Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances represent those portions of fund balance that are restricted to specific purposes by external parties, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which is the nine-member school board. Formal action of the School Board to establish or rescind committed funds is executed by adopting a resolution in a public meeting. Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balances. In cases where restricted and unrestricted monies are received by the School Board for the same function or purpose, the restricted monies are used first. Unrestricted monies are then spent in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Sales Tax

On November 18, 1967, voters of Catahoula Parish passed a one percent sales tax for an indefinite period of time. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the proceeds is dedicated to salaries of school teachers and other School Board employees, while the remaining twenty-five percent (25%) of the proceeds is dedicated to the operation of the parish school system.

On April 7, 1987, voters of the parish passed a one percent tax for an indefinite period of time. The tax is dedicated to the operation of the parish school system.

On November 4, 2008, voters of the parish passed an additional one percent tax for an indefinite period of time. The tax is dedicated to salaries of school teachers and other School Board employees.

All sales taxes are collected by the Concordia Parish School Board and deposited in a bank account for the Catahoula Parish School Board. For its collection services, the Concordia Parish School Board receives one and a quarter percent (1.25%) of collected sales taxes. The sales taxes are recorded as revenue in the general fund.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 84 Implementation

Effective for the year ending June 30, 2021, the Catahoula Parish School Board implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The focus of the identification criteria established by the Statement is on 1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and 2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements, if any, that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported as a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. The Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources, if any. The School Board has evaluated the impact of this statement and determined that the school activity accounts previously reported as a fiduciary funds do not meet the criteria established by this Statement to be a fiduciary fund. Therefore, the school activity accounts are now reported as a special revenue fund.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Certificates of Deposit

Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States. At June 30, 2021, the School Board had cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents – Governmental Funds	\$ 4,560,911
Restricted certificates of deposit – Governmental Funds	\$ 290,000

Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. As of June 30, 2021, the School Board's bank balance of \$5,508,372 was covered by depository insurance or collateral held by fiscal agent banks for Catahoula Parish School Board.

3. Receivables and Due from Other Governmental Agencies

Taxes receivable	\$	349,068
Land rent receivable		35,000
Other receivables		22,102
Subtotal	19	406,170
Due from other governmental agencies		1,727,815
	\$	2,133,985

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Description	 Sales Taxes	ederal and tate Grants	 Other		Total
General Fund	\$ 349,068	\$ 20,922	\$ 55,507	\$	425,497
Title I Fund	-	484,450			484,450
Economic Stabilization Fund	-	695,194	-		695,194
Other Governmental Funds	-	527,249	 1,595	-	528,844
	\$ 349,068	\$ 1,727,815	\$ 57,102	\$	2,133,985

4. Interfund Assets, Interfund Liabilities, and Operating Transfers

Due from/to other funds:

Individual balances due from/to other funds at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
General Fund	Title I	\$	470,743
General Fund	Economic Stabilization Fund		680,559
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds		437,199
		\$	1.588,501

Balances at June 30, 2021, resulted from the routine lag between the dates that interfund goods or services are provided and reimbursable expenditures occur. Transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made to satisfy the balances.

Transfer In	Transfer Out	 Amount
General Fund	Title I	\$ 108,050
General Fund	Economic Stabilization Fund	290,145
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	69,569
Title I	Other Governmental Funds	58,916
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	12,186
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	4.218
		\$ 543,084

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the collecting fund required by statute, voterapproved resolution, or budget to the fund required by statute or budget to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

5. **Capital Assets**

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities	· · ·	120	a . a .	3. <u> </u>
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,365.000	<u>\$</u> -	\$	\$ 2,365,000
Total Capital Assets Not Being	n 75	5 3	80	(1993) - A. 1997 - V.
Depreciated	2,365,000	-	a r	2,365,000
Other Capital Assets				
Land improvements	295,700			295,700
Buildings and improvements	28,553,996	-	43,518	28,510,478
Furniture and equipment	741,470	10,732	-	752,202
Total Other Capital Assets	29,591,166	10,732	43,518	29,558,380
Less				
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	271,330	265	2 million	271,595
Buildings and improvements	26,187,968	173,137	43,518	26,317,587
Furniture and equipment	653,756	31,785		685,541
Total Accumulated Depreciation	27,113,054	205,187	43,518	27,274,723
Other Capital Assets, Net	2,478,112	(194,455)		2,283,657
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,843,112	\$ (194,455)	\$ -	\$ 4,648,657
Depreciation expense was char	ged to functions	as follows:		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	
Regular programs	\$ 76,646
Special education programs	18,244
Vocational programs	10,508
Other instructional programs	4,572
Special programs	5,158
Adult and continuing education programs	25- 27-
Support services	
Student services	12,399
Instructional staff support	15,729
General administration	4,219
School administration	7,278
Business services	4,583
Plant services	9,658
Student transportation services	26,848
Food services	 9,345
Total	\$ 205,187
Notes to Basic Financial Statements

6. Bonds Payable and Compensated Absences

General Obligation Debts

General obligation liabilities are direct obligations and pledge full faith and credit of the School Board.

During 2010, the School Board issued general obligation school bonds, Series 2010, in the amount of \$750,000 due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$60,000 on March 1 of each year with an interest rate from 5.50% to 3.85% and maturing March 1, 2030. On March 1, 2020, the remaining balance of \$480,000 was refinanced for a lower interest rate of 2.50% with all other terms remaining the same. Debt retirement payments are made from the School District No. 25 Debt Service Fund.

During 2011, the School Board issued revenue bonds (Taxable QSCB), Series 2011, in the amount of \$500,000 that require the School Board to make mandatory sinking fund deposits annually in the amount of \$29,000. The sinking fund deposits will result in a balloon principal payment of \$500,000 made payable upon the final maturity date of March 1, 2028. Interest payments are due on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning September 1, 2011, with an interest rate of 0.61%. The revenue bonds are payable from the pledge and dedication of the funds to be derived from the levy and collection of the constitutional property tax millage currently set at 4.16 mills annually. The bonds were issued to provide funds for the purpose of construction, rehabilitation, and/or repair of public school facilities within the district.

In addition, the School Board's obligation relative to the liability for compensated absences is also reported as a general obligation debt.

A summary of changes in the general long-term obligations is as follows:

		Bonds Payable	mpensated		Total
Balance at July 1, 2020	\$	980,000	\$ 301,774	\$	1,281,774
Additions		8 -	62,467		62,467
Deductions		(40,000)	 (33,461)		(73.461)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	940,000	\$ 330,780	\$	1,270,780
	_	Balance 06/30/21	ue within one year	1000	ue in more an one year
Bonds payable	\$	940,000	\$ 40,000	\$	900,000
Compensated absences		330,780	 330,780		
Total	\$	1,270,780	\$ 370,780	\$	900,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The annual requirement to amortize outstanding bonds payable is as follows:

	P	rincipal	1	nterest		
Year Ending June 30	Pa	ayments	Pa	ayments	_	Total
2022	\$	40,000	\$	14,050	\$	54,050
2023		40,000		13,050		53,050
2024		45,000		12,050		57,050
2025		45,000		10,925		55,925
2026		50,000		9,800		59,800
2027-2030		720,000		20,225		740,225
Total	\$	940,000	\$	80,100	\$	1,020,100

7. Property Taxes

The following is a summary of authorized and levied property tax millage for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Authorized	Levied	Expiration Date
Parish-wide taxes -	- racionado	201100	Duic
Constitutional	4.10	4.16	Indefinite
Special operational	5.76	5.85	2024
Special leeway	5.76	5.85	2023
School building repair and equipment	1.55	1.57	2026
District taxes -			
Maintenance:			
School District No. 1	5.06	5.11	2030
School District No. 2	4.95	5.03	2030
School District No. 5	3.93	4.01	2027
School District No. 25	5.39	5.56	2021
Bond Sinking:			
School District No. 25	12.90	12.90	2027

The authorized millages are based on the reassessment of tax rolls required by Article 7, Section 23 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. The Sheriff of Catahoula Parish, as provided by state law, is the official tax collector of general property taxes levied by the Catahoula Parish School Board. Historically, virtually all property taxes are collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, no allowance for uncollected taxes has been established.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the property tax calendar was approximately as follows:

Levy date	July 1, 2020
Lien date	July 1, 2020
Due date	December 31, 2020
Delinquent date	January 1, 2021

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

8. Post-employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

The Catahoula Parish School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The Catahoula Parish School Board's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the School Board. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees, and retirees rests with the School Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 *Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria – Defined Benefit.*

Plan Description

The School Board's medical benefits are provided through the Louisiana Office of Group Benefits (OGB) and involve several statewide networks and one HMO with a premium structure by region.

The OGB plan is a fully insured, multiple-employer arrangement and has been deemed to be a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan (within the meaning of GASB 74/75) for financial reporting purposes and for this valuation. Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. Most of the employees are covered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; or, age 65 and 5 years of service. In addition, employees hired on and after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to retire before age 60 without actuarial reduction in benefits.

Life insurance coverage under the OGB program is available to retirees by election and the OGB blended rate (active and retired) is used. The employer pays 50% of the "cost" of the retiree life insurance. Insurance coverage amounts are reduced by 25% at age 65 and by an additional 25% at age 70 according to the OGB plan provisions.

At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	129
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	
Active employees	131
an talaman sanga balan ku saket anga ya	260

Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability of \$25,712,962 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	4.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	2.21% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC)
	2.16% annually (As of End of Year Measurement Date)
Healthcare cost trend rates	Flat 5.5% annually
Mortality	SOA RP-2000 Table

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer's 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of June 30, 2021, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2021.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	23,901,310
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		822,902
Interest		518,110
Differences between expected and actual experience		957,578
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		427,864
Benefit payments and net transfers	7	(914,802)
Net changes		1,811,652
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	25,712,962

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage-point lower (4.50%) or one percentage-point higher (6.50%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (4.50%)	Current Discount Rate (5.50%)		1.	1.0% Increase (6.50%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 22,094,452	\$	25,712,962	\$	30,443,515	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the School Board's liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (1.16%) or one percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease		rrent Discount	1.	0% Increase
	 (1.16%)	R	ate (2.16%)		(3.16%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 31,075,484	\$	25,712,962	\$	21,573,785

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$2,726,357. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	638,385	\$	(1,054,237)
Changes of assumptions	1956	2,505,706	0. 	(395,954)
Total	\$	3,144,091	\$	(1,450,191)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

\$ 1,385,345
410,727
(51,087)
(51,087)
1

9. Leases

Lessee

The School Board entered into a three-year lease agreement in July 2018 with Alexandria Business Machines for 4 copiers at \$1,130 per month. In August 2019, the lease agreement was renegotiated for 3 copiers at \$618 per month. Lease expense was \$6,318 for the year ended June 30, 2021. When the lease expired in July 2021, the School Board agreed to lease the 3 copiers on a month-to-month basis. Therefore, the future minimum lease payments for this operating lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
2021	\$ 618

Lessor

On October 1, 2006, the School Board, as lessor, entered into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the lessee, to lease 560 acres of land located in Catahoula Parish under the Conservation Reserve Program. The term of the lease is for fifteen years commencing on October 1, 2006 and ending on September 30, 2021. The lease calls for an annual rental payment of \$30,027. The School Board collected \$30,027 from the lessee for the year ended June 30, 2021. A portion of these proceeds in the amount of \$2,603 are to be paid to Avoyelles Parish School Board as required by the State of Louisiana.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

On January 5, 2010, the School Board, as lessor, entered into an agreement with Mike McGee, the lessee, to lease approximately 200 acres of land located in Catahoula Parish. The term of the lease is for ten years commencing on December 31, 2009, and ending on December 31, 2019, or when harvesting of that year's crop is complete, if earlier. The lease was extended for an additional five years with the same terms. The lease calls for an annual rental payment of \$17,000 cash or 21.6% of cotton crops or 30% of grain crops, whichever is greater in any given year. The School Board collected \$21,744 from the lessee for the year ended June 30, 2021. A portion of these proceeds in the amount of \$15,514 are to be paid to Avoyelles Parish School Board as required by the State of Louisiana.

On May 1, 2012, the School Board, as lessor, entered into an agreement with M. J. Farms, Ltd. d/b/a Louisiana Delta Plantation, the lessee, to lease 605 acres of land located in Catahoula Parish for hunting purposes. The term of the lease is for ten years commencing on May 1, 2012 and ending on April 30, 2022. The lease calls for an annual rental payment of \$52,755. The School Board collected \$52,755 from the lessee for the year ended June 30, 2021.

On July 24, 2013, the School Board, as lessor, entered into an agreement with Catahoula Parish Hospital District #2, the lessee, to lease a tract of land located by Jonesville Elementary School for a school-based health center. The lease calls for an initial term of seven years commencing on August 1, 2013 to and including June 30, 2020. The lease was renewed on a month-to-month basis commencing on July 1, 2020. The lease calls for monthly rental payments of \$200 due on the first of every month. The School Board collected \$2,400 from the lessee for the year ended June 30, 2021.

On December 31, 2013, the School Board, as lessor, entered into an agreement with M. J. Farms, Ltd. d/b/a Louisiana Delta Plantation, the lessee, to lease 640 acres of land located in Catahoula Parish. The term of the lease is for ten years commencing on December 31, 2013, and ending on December 31, 2023, or when harvesting of that year's crop is complete, if earlier. The lease calls for an annual rental payment of \$42,600 cash or 20.5% of cotton crops or 20.5% of grain crops, whichever is greater in any given year. The School Board collected \$42,600 from the lessee for the year ended June 30, 2021.

On June 1, 2018, the School Board, as lessor, entered into an agreement with Randall Ewing, the lessee, to lease approximately 640 acres of land located in Catahoula Parish for hunting purposes. The term of the lease is for five years commencing on June 1, 2018 and ending in June 2023. The lease calls for an annual rental payment of \$18,001. The School Board collected \$18,001 from the lessee for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The minimum future rental payments for the above referenced leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
2022	77,601
2023	77,601
2024	17,000
2025	17,000
Total	\$ 189,202

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

10. Net Position and Fund Balances

Nonspendable Fund Balances

The School Board has recorded a nonspendable fund balance of \$40,627 for unused food commodities in the fund financial statements. This amount is recorded as unrestricted net position in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Restricted Fund Balances

In accordance with the provisions of the sales tax propositions passed by the voters on November 18, 1967, April 7, 1987, and November 4, 2008, the School Board has a \$386,488 restriction on total net position and related fund balances for salaries and related benefits of all School Board employees from enabling legislation. This restriction is in the sales tax special revenue funds and is a result of the wording of the sales tax resolution approved by voters.

External parties have restricted many special revenue funds totaling \$81,574 for grants, \$214,931 for student activities, and \$121,924 for other special purposes. These are recorded as restricted net position and restricted fund balances.

The School Board reports restricted fund balance and net position in the amount of \$404,882 for debt service.

Committed Fund Balances

The School Board has formally designated fund balances totaling \$268,427 for the governmental funds other than those that are nonspendable and restricted by recording them as committed fund balances. This amount is shown as unrestricted net position, as follows:

School Lunch Fund	\$ 265,828
Tuition Fund	 2,600
	\$ 268,428

Assigned Fund Balances

Funds designated for workers' compensation, casualty reserves, and Medicaid, are shown as assigned fund balances for the governmental funds and unrestricted net position on the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

11. Retirement Systems

The School Board contributes to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana, the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, and the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System. The School Board recognizes its proportionate share of the net pension liability in its Government-Wide Financial Statements. The following recap shows the total deferred outflows and inflows of pension resources and net pension liability, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, for each of these plans, which is explained further in this note disclosure.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	c	Deferred Outflows of Pension Resources	Deferred Inflows of Pension Resources	٢	let Pension Liability
Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)	\$	3,024,971	\$ 2,601,163	\$	10,295,814
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)		520,200	91,335		1,844,144
Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) Total	\$	<u>113,416</u> 3,658,587	\$ <u>3,724</u> 2,696,222	\$	<u>387,731</u> 12,527,689

A. Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)

General Information about the Plans

Plan Description

Employees of Catahoula Parish School Board are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL). Chapter 2 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) grants to TRSL Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. TRSL issues a publicly available financial report that is available for download at www.trsl.org.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. TRSL provides retirement, deferred retirement option (DROP), disability, and survivor's benefits. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

1. Retirement

Normal Retirement

a. Regular Plan – Members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after July 1, 2015 may retire with a 2.5% accrual rate after attaining age 62 with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. Members hired between January 1, 2011 and June 30, 2015 may retire with a 2.5% benefit factor after attaining age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service credit and are eligible for an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age. Members hired between July 1, 1999 and December 21, 2010, are eligible for a 2.5% benefit factor at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2.0% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service and are eligible for a 2.5% benefit factor at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service and are eligible for a 2.5% benefit factor at the earliest of service at any age. If hired before July 1, 1999, members are eligible for a 2.0% accrual rate at the earliest of age 60 with 5 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 20 years of service, age 55 with 25 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

- b. Plan A Members may retire with a 3.0% benefit factor at age 55 with 25 years of service, age 60 with 5 years of service, or 30 years of service, regardless of age. Plan A is closed to new entrants.
- c. Plan B Members may retire with a 2.0% benefit factor at age 55 with 30 years of service, or age 60 (first employed before July 1, 2015) with 5 years of service. Members first eligible to join and hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire with a 2.0% benefit factor at age 62 with 5 years of service or an actuarially reduced benefit with 20 years of service at any age.

Benefit Formula – For all plans, retirement benefits are based on a formula which multiplies the final average compensation by the applicable accrual rate, and by the years of creditable service. For Regular Plan and Plan B members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system on or after January 1, 2011, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 60-month period. For all other members, final average compensation is defined as the highest average 36-month period.

Payment Options – A retiring member is entitled to receive the maximum benefit payable until the member's death. However, in lieu of the maximum monthly benefit, the member may elect to receive a reduced monthly benefit (based on a named beneficiary's age). In addition, all options (except Option 1) are allowed a lump sum that can't exceed 36 months of the members' maximum monthly benefit amount.

Effective July 1, 2009, members may make an irrevocable election at retirement to receive an actuarially reduced monthly benefit which increases 2.5% annually, beginning on the first retirement anniversary date, but not before age 55 or before the retiree would have attained age 55 in the case of a surviving spouse. This option can be chosen in combination with the above options.

Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)

The Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) was established for academic employees of public institutions of higher education who are eligible for membership in TRSL. This plan was designed to provide certain academic and unclassified employees of public institutions of higher education an optional method of funding for their retirement.

The ORP is a defined contribution pension plan which provides for portability of assets and full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted on behalf of the affected employees to the approved providers. These providers are selected by the TRSL Board of Trustees. Monthly employer and employee contributions are invested as directed by the employee to provide the employee with future retirement benefits. The amount of these benefits is entirely dependent upon the total contributions and investment returns accumulated during the employee's working lifetime. Employees in eligible positions of higher education can make an irrevocable election to participate in the ORP rather than TRSL and purchase annuity contracts—fixed, variable, or both—for benefits payable at retirement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

2. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement, an eligible member can begin participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) on the first retirement eligibility date for a period not to exceed 3 years. A member has a 60-day window from his first eligible date to participate in the program in order to participate for the maximum number of years. Delayed participation reduces the three-year maximum participation period. During participation, benefits otherwise payable are fixed, and deposited in an individual DROP account.

Upon termination of DROP participation, the member can continue employment and earn additional benefit accruals to be added to the fixed pre-DROP benefit.

Upon termination of employment, the member is entitled to the fixed benefit, an additional benefit based on post-DROP service (if any), and the individual DROP account balance which can be paid in a lump sum or as an additional annuity based upon the account balance.

3. Disability Retirement Benefits

Active members whose first employment makes them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system before January 1, 2011, and who have five or more years of service credit are eligible for disability retirement benefits if certified by the State Medical Disability Board (SMDB) to be disabled from performing their job. All other members must have at least 10 years of service to be eligible for a disability benefit. Calculation of the disability benefit as well as the availability of a minor child benefit is determined by the plan to which the member belongs and the date on which the member's first employment made them eligible for membership in a Louisiana state retirement system.

4. Survivor Benefits

A surviving spouse with minor children of an active member with five years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) 50% of the member's benefit calculated at the 2.5% accrual rate for all creditable service. When a minor child(ren) is no longer eligible to receive survivor benefits, the spouse's benefit reverts to a survivor benefit in accordance with the provisions for a surviving spouse with no minor child(ren). Benefits for the minor child(ren) cease when he/she is no longer eligible.

Each minor child (maximum of 2) shall receive an amount equal to the greater of (a) 50% of the spouse's benefit, or (b) \$300 (up to 2 eligible children). Benefits to minors cease at attainment of age 21, marriage, or age 23 if enrolled in an approved institution of higher education.

A surviving spouse without minor children of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (2 years immediately prior to death) or 20 years of creditable service is entitled to a benefit equal to the greater of (a) \$600 per month, or (b) the option 2 equivalent of the benefit calculated at the 2.5% benefit factor for all creditable service.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

5. Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Contributions

The employer contribution rate is established annually under Louisiana Revised Statute 11:101-11:104 by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Each sub plan pays a separate actuarially determined employer contribution rate. However, all assets of TRSL are used for the payment of benefits for all classes of members, regardless of their plan.

The rates in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Plan	Plan Type	Employee Contribution Rate	Employer Contribution Rate
K-12 Regular Plan	Sub	8.0%	25.8%
Higher Education Regular Plan	Sub	8.0%	25.0%
Plan A	Sub	9.1%	25.8%
Plan B	Sub	5.0%	25.8%
ORP	ORP	8.0%	28.0%

The School Board's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 26.0% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,627,953 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Catahoula Parish School Board reported a liability of \$10,295,814 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the School Board's proportion was 0.09188%, which was a decrease of 0.01361% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$1,057,691 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$844,534.

At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ ×	\$ 164,066
Changes of assumptions	608,035	.
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	788,983	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	2,437,097
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ <u>1,627,953</u> 3,024,971	\$ 2,601,163

The \$1,627,953 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	
2022	\$ (839,905)
2023	(370,489)
2024	(80,698)
2025	106,949

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Approach Actuarial Assumptions:	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal Closed
Expected Remaining Service Lives Investment Rate of Return Inflation Rate Mortality	5 years 7.45% net of investment expenses 2.30% per annum
Active Members	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee tables, adjusted by 1.010 for males and by 0.997 for females.
Non-disabled Retiree/Inactive Members	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant tables, adjusted by 1.366 for males and by 1.189 for females.
Disability Retiree	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Disability tables, adjusted by 1.111 for males and by 1.134 for females.
	These base tables are adjusted from 2014 to 2018 using the MP-2017 generational improvement table, with continued future mortality improvement projected using the MP-2017 generational mortality improvement tables.
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five- year (July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2017) experience study of the System's members.
Salary Increases	3.10% - 4.60%; varies depending on duration of service
Cost of Living Adjustments	None

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.3% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return was 8.17% for 2020. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.0%	4.60%
International Equity	19.0%	5.54%
Domestic Fixed Income	13.0%	0.69%
International Fixed Income	5.5%	1.50%
Private Equity	25.5%	8.62%
Other Private Assets	10.0%	4.45%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee, taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.45%) or one percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (6.45%)	rrent Discount Rate (7.45%)	1	1.0% Increase (8.45%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,342,367	\$ 10,295,814	\$	7,593,014

Support of Non-employer Contributing Entities

Contributions received by a pension plan from non-employer contributing entities that are not in a special funding situation are recorded as revenue by the respective pension plan. The School Board recognizes revenue in an amount equal to their proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension plan from these non-employer contributing entities. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized revenue as a result of support received from non-employer contributing entities of \$45,324 for its participation in TRSL.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRSL 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.trsl.org.

B. Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Employees of Catahoula Parish School Board are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). Section 11:1001 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes grants to LSERS Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. LSERS issues a publicly available financial report that is available for download at www.lsers.net.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

1. Retirement

A member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or before June 30, 2010, is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, 25 years of creditable service and is at least age 55, 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least age 60. A member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2010 and on or before June 30, 2015, is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit. A member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 60, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit. A member whose first employment making him eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2015, is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 5 years of creditable service and is at least age 62, or 20 years of creditable service regardless of age with an actuarially reduced benefit.

For members who joined the System prior to July 1, 2006, the maximum retirement benefit is an amount equal to 3.33% of the average compensation for the three highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10.0% salary limitation, multiplied by the number of years of service limited to 100% of final average compensation plus a supplementary allowance of \$2 per month for each year of service. For members who joined the System on or after July 1, 2006 and whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or before June 30, 2010, 3.33% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits; however, the calculation consists of the five highest consecutive years of membership service, subject to the 10.0% salary limitation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2010, 2.5% of the average compensation is used to calculate benefits and consists of the five highest consecutive years' average salary, subject to the 15.0% salary limitation. The supplemental allowance was eliminated for members entering the System on or after July 1, 1986. Effective January 1, 1992, the supplemental allowance was reinstated to all members whose service retirement became effective after July 1, 1971.

2. Deferred Retirement Benefits

Members of the System may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) and defer the receipt of benefits. The election may be made only one time and the duration is limited to three years. Once an option has been selected, no change is permitted. Upon the effective date of the commencement of participation in DROP, active membership in the regular retirement plan of the System terminates. Average compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in DROP. The monthly retirement benefits, that would have been payable had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the Deferred Retirement Option Plan Fund Account.

The System maintains subaccounts within this account reflecting the credits attributed to each participant in the System. Interest credited and payments from the DROP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3). Upon termination of participation in both the System and employment, a participant may receive his DROP monies either in a lump sum payment from the account or disbursements in a manner approved by the Board.

The System also provides for deferred benefits for vested members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable.

3. Disability Benefits

A member is eligible to retire and receive disability benefits if he has at least 5 years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has become totally and permanently disabled and is certified as disabled by the Medical Board. A vested person with twenty or more years of creditable service is eligible for a disability benefit until normal retirement age. A member who joins the System on or after July 1, 2006, must have at least 10 years of service to qualify for disability benefits.

Upon the death of a member with 5 or more years of creditable service, the System provides benefits for surviving spouses and minor children. Under certain conditions outlined in the statutes, a spouse is entitled to 75% of the member's benefit.

4. Initial Benefit Retirement Plan

Effective January 1, 1996, the state legislature authorized the System to establish an Initial Benefit Retirement Plan (IBRP) program. IBRP is available to members who have not participated in DROP and who select certain benefit options. Thereafter, these members are ineligible to participate in the DROP. The IBRP program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of a regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly retirement benefit for life. Interest credited and payments from IBRP account are made in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1152(F)(3).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Contributions

Contributions for all participating school boards are actuarially determined as required by Act 81 of 1988 but cannot be less than the rate required by the Constitution.

The employer's contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 29.4% of annual payroll, with the employee contributing 7.5% of annual payroll. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$206,798 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Catahoula Parish School Board reported a liability of \$1,844,144 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the School Board's proportion was 0.22953%, which was a increase of 0.00577% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$262,392 less employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, \$74,055.

At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	177 - 561 (1983)	ed Outflows esources	12	red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5 2	\$	45,396
Changes of assumptions		10,990		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		280,787		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		21,625		45,939
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	<u>206,798</u> 520,200	\$	91,335

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The \$206,798 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ (14,734)
87,346
85,252
64,205
\$

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years 7.00% per annum
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum
Mortality	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Tables, the RP-2014 Sex Distinct Employee Tables, and the RP-2014 Sex Distinct Disabled Tables.
Salary Increases	Salary increases were projected based on a 2013-2017 experience study of the Plan's members, calculated at 3.25%.
Cost of Living Adjustments	Cost-of-living raises may be granted from the Experience Account provided there are sufficient funds needed to offset the increase in the actuarial liability and the plan has met the criteria and eligibility requirements outline by ACT 399 of 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a triangulation method which integrated the CAPM pricing model (top-down), a treasury yield curve approach (bottom-up), and an equity building-block model (bottom-up). Risk return and correlations are projected on a forward-looking basis in equilibrium, in which best-estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	26%	0.92%
Equity	39%	2.82%
Alternatives	23%	1.95%
Real estate	12%	0.69%
Total	100%	6.38%
Inflation		2.00%
Expected Arithmetic Nom	inal Return	8.38%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee, taking into consideration the recommendation of the System's actuary. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	3	1.0% Decrease (6.00%)		rent Discount ate (7.00%)	1	.0% Increase (8.00%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	¢	2,415,554	\$	1,844,144	¢	1 355 439
liability	\$	2,415,004	φ	1,044,144	\$	1,355,438

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LSERS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.lsers.net.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

C. Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Employees of Catahoula Parish School Board are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS). Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (La. R.S. 11:401) grants to LASERS Board of Trustees and the Louisiana Legislature the authority to review administration, benefit terms, investments, and funding of the plan. LASERS issues a publicly available financial report that is available for download at www.laseronline.org.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

1. Retirement

The age and years of creditable service required in order for a member to retire with full benefits are established by statute and vary depending on the member's hire date, employer, and job classification. LASERS rank and file members hired prior to July 1, 2006, may either retire with full benefits at any age upon completing 30 years of creditable service or at age 60 upon completing 10 years of creditable service depending on their plan. Those members hired between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2015 may retire at age 60 upon completing 5 years of creditable service and those hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 upon completing 5 years of creditable service. The basic annual retirement benefit for members is equal to 2.5% to 3.5% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Additionally, members may choose to retire with 20 years of service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Average compensation is defined as the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 36 consecutive months of employment for members employed prior to July 1, 2006. For members hired July 1, 2006 or later, average compensation is based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. The maximum annual retirement benefit cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of average compensation or a certain specified dollar amount of actuarially determined monetary limits, which vary depending upon the member's age at retirement. Judges, court officers, and certain elected officials receive an additional annual retirement benefit equal to 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service in their respective capacity. As an alternative to the basic retirement benefits, a member may elect to receive their retirement benefits throughout their life, with certain benefits being paid to their designated beneficiary after their death.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Act 992 of the 2010 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session, changed the benefit structure for LASERS members hired on or after January 1, 2011. This resulted in three new plans: regular, hazardous duty, and judges. The new regular plan includes regular members and those members who were formerly eligible to participate in specialty plans, excluding hazardous duty and judges. Regular members and judges are eligible to retire at age 60 after 5 years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty members are eligible to retire with 12 years of creditable service at age 55, 25 years of creditable service at any age, or with a reduced benefit after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment for all three new plans. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, hazardous duty plan a 3.33% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate. The extra 1.0% accrual rate for each year of service for court officers, the governor, lieutenant governor, legislators, House clerk, sergeants at arms, or Senate secretary, employed after January 1, 2011, was eliminated by Act 992. Specialty plan and regular members, hired prior to January 1, 2011, who are hazardous duty employees have the option to transition to the new hazardous duty plan.

Act 226 of the 2014 Louisiana Regular Legislative Session established new retirement eligibility for members of LASERS hired on or after July 1, 2015, excluding hazardous duty plan members. Regular members and judges under the new plan are eligible to retire at age 62 after 5 years of creditable service and, may also retire at any age, with a reduced benefit, after 20 years of creditable service. Average compensation will be based on the member's average annual earned compensation for the highest 60 consecutive months of employment. Members in the regular plan will receive a 2.5% accrual rate, and judges a 3.5% accrual rate, with the extra 1.0% accrual rate based on all years of service as a judge.

A member leaving employment before attaining minimum retirement age, but after completing certain minimum service requirements, becomes eligible for a benefit provided the member lives to the minimum service retirement age, and does not withdraw their accumulated contributions. The minimum service requirement for benefits varies depending upon the member's employer and service classification.

2. Deferred Retirement Benefits

The State Legislature authorized LASERS to establish a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). When a member enters DROP, their status changes from active member to retiree even though they continue to work and draw their salary for a period of up to three years. The election is irrevocable once participation begins. During DROP participation, accumulated retirement benefits that would have been paid to each retiree are separately tracked. For members who entered DROP prior to January 1, 2004, interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero) will be credited to the retiree after participation ends. At that time, the member must choose among available alternatives for the distribution of benefits that have accumulated in the DROP account. Members who enter DROP on or after January 1, 2004, are required to participate in LASERS Self-Directed Plan (SDP) which is administered by a third-party provider. The SDP allows DROP participants to choose from a menu of investment options for the allocation of their DROP balances. Participants may diversify their investments by choosing from an approved list of mutual funds with different holdings, management styles, and risk factors.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Members eligible to retire and who do not choose to participate in DROP may elect to receive at the time of retirement an initial benefit option (IBO) in an amount up to 36 months of benefits, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. For members who selected the IBO option prior to January 1, 2004, such amount may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at a rate of one-half percent less than the System's realized return on its portfolio (not to be less than zero). Those members who select the IBO on or after January 1, 2004, are required to enter the SDP as described above.

3. Disability Benefits

Generally, active members with 10 or more years of credited service who become disabled may receive a maximum disability retirement benefit equivalent to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age.

Upon reaching age 60, the disability retiree may receive a regular retirement benefit by making application to the Board of Trustees.

For injuries sustained in the line of duty, hazardous duty personnel in the Hazardous Duty Services Plan will receive a disability benefit equal to 75% of final average compensation.

4. Survivor's Benefits

Certain eligible surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased. The deceased regular member hired before January 1, 2011, who was in state service at the time of death must have a minimum of 5 years of service credit, at least 2 of which were earned immediately prior to death, or who had a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor or handicapped child. Benefits are payable to an unmarried child until age 18, or age 23 if the child remains a full-time student. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirement is 10 years for a surviving spouse with no minor children, and benefits are to be paid for life to the spouse or qualified handicapped child.

The deceased regular member hired on or after January 1, 2011, must have a minimum of 5 years of service credit regardless of when earned in order for a benefit to be paid to a minor child. The aforementioned minimum service credit requirements for a surviving spouse are 10 years, 2 years being earned immediately prior to death, and active state service at the time of death, or a minimum of 20 years of service credit regardless of when earned. A deceased member's spouse must have been married for at least 1 year before death.

5. Permanent Benefit Increases/Cost-of-Living Adjustments

As fully described in Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, the System allows for the payment of permanent benefit increases, also known as cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), that are funded through investment earnings when recommended by the Board of Trustees and approved by the State Legislature.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Contributions

Contribution requirements of active employees are governed by Section 401 of Title 11 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (Louisiana Revised Statute 11:401) and may be amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Employee contributions are deducted from a member's salary and remitted with the employer contributions to LASERS by participating employers. The rates in effect during the year ended June 30, 2020 for the various plans follow:

	Plan Status	Employer Contribution <u>Rate</u>
Appellate Law Clerks	Closed	40.7%
Alcohol Tobacco Control	Closed	33.9%
Bridge Police	Closed	39.8%
Corrections Primary	Closed	36.9%
Corrections Secondary	Closed	40.7%
Harbor Police	Closed	7.7%
Hazardous Duty	Open	41.7%
Judges		
Hired before 1/1/2011	Closed	42.7%
Hired after 12/31/2010	Closed	42.0%
Hired on or after 7/1/2015	Open	42.0%
Legislators	Closed	40.4%
Optional Retirement Plan (ORP)	Closed	40.7%
Peace Officers	Closed	39.4%
Regular Employees		
Hired before 7/1/2015	Closed	40.7%
Hired on or after 7/1/2015	Open	40.7%
Special Legislative Employees	Closed	42.4%
Wildlife Agents	Closed	49.7%
Aggregate Rate		40.8%

The School Board's contractually required composite contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 40.7% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$46,033 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Catahoula Parish School Board reported a liability of \$387,731 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the School Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the School Board's proportion was 0.00469%, which was an increase of 0.00029% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$49,957 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$9,432.

At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defen	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	3,724	
Changes of assumptions		1,241		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		56,679		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		9,463		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	<u>46,033</u> 113,416	\$	3,724	

The \$46,033 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 16,682
2023	16,345
2024	17,515
2025	13,117

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions:	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives Investment Rate of Return Inflation Rate Mortality	2 years 7.55% per annum 2.30% per annum
Non-disabled Members	Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar (males/females) and White Collar (females) Healthy Annuitant Table projected on a fully generational basis by Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.
Disabled Members	Mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with no projection for mortality improvement.
Termination, Disability, and Retirement	Termination, disability, and retirement assumptions were projected based on a five- year (2014-2018) experience study of the System's members for 2019.
Salary Increases	Salary increases were projected based on a 2014-2018 experience study of the System's members. The salary increase ranges for specific types of members are:
	Lower Upper
	Member Type Range Range
	Regular 3.0% 12.8%
	Judges 2.6% 5.1%
	Corrections 3.6% 13.8%
	Hazardous Duty 3.6% 13.8% Wildlife 3.6% 13.8%
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits
Cost of Elving Adjustments	is based on benefits currently being paid by the
	System and includes previously granted cost
	of living increases. The projected benefit
	payments do not include provisions for
	potential future increases not yet authorized by
	the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The investment rate of return used in the actuarial valuation for funding purposes was 7.90%, recognizing an additional thirty-five basis points for gain-sharing. The net return available to fund regular plan benefits is 7.55%, which is the same as the discount rate. Therefore, it was concluded that the 7.55% discount is reasonable.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.30% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return is 8.25% for 2020. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Cash	(0.59%)
Domestic equity	4.79%
International equity	5.83%
Domestic fixed income	1.76%
International fixed income	3.98%
Alternative investments	6.69%
Risk parity	4.20%
Total Fund	5.81%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee taking into consideration the recommendation of the pension plan's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.55%) or one percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	1	.0% Decrease (6.55%)	urrent Discount Rate (7.55%)	1.0% Increase (8.55%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	476,459	\$ 387,731	\$ 312,432

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LASERS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.lasersonline.org.

12. Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position

The School Board recorded the following prior period adjustments to restate fund balance and net position for correction of accounting errors and implementation of GASB 84:

Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	\$	3,788,053
Beginning balances of student activity accounts recorded (See Note 1) Flood insurance reimbursements received in fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, for		216,027
prior years Additional payables (invoices) received in fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, for prior		18,947
years		(12,079)
Other adjustments		(1,150)
Total prior period adjustments to beginning fund balance	-	221,745
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Restated	<u>\$</u>	4,009,798
Net Position, Beginning of Year	\$ 1	(27,845,775)
Total prior period adjustments to beginning fund balance	-	221,745
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	<u>\$</u> ((27,624,030)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

13. Commitment and Contingencies

The School Board receives grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the Louisiana Department of Education and/or U.S. Department of Education or other grantor agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement for disallowed costs under the terms of the grant agreements. In the opinion of management, such disallowance, if any, would be insignificant.

14. Related Parties

In February 2019, Ronald Lofton became the superintendent of the School Board. At that time, the business manager, who is Mr. Lofton's wife, Christi Lofton, signed a volunteer agreement to continue to work for the School Board without any form of payment. The School Board consulted their attorney and the Board of Ethics regarding this matter before Mr. Lofton took office.

15. Risk Management

The School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board purchased commercial insurance to cover its risks of loss.

At June 30, 2021, the School Board was involved in various lawsuits. It is the opinion of management and the attorney for the School Board that, at June 30, 2021, resolution of the lawsuits will not result in any material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School Board.

Required Supplemental Information – Part II

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (with Variances) General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement G

Variance with Final Budget -**Budgeted Amounts** Positive (Negative) Original Final Actual Revenues Local sources Taxes Property 438.328 \$ 488,835 s 381,900 S s 50,507 Sales and use 2,519,971 2,824,062 3,778,642 954,580 157,780 Rentals and leases 157,780 149,410 (8,370) 1,000 500 Tuition 465 (35)3.800 Investment earnings 9,030 4,434 634 20,000 238,389 Other revenue from local sources 34,000 218,389 State sources Minimum Foundation Program 8,577,985 B,345,512 8,315,562 (29, 950)State revenue sharing 20,541 19,167 21,041 1,874 20,259 Other revenue from state sources 20,675 18,123 (2, 136)11.829,408 Total Revenues 11,722,882 13,014,901 1.185,493 Expenditures Current Instruction 4,907,940 4,895,260 Regular programs 4,755,749 139,511 1,197,785 1,207,948 Special education programs 1,199,646 (10, 163)742,510 779,531 829,216 (49,685) Vocational programs Other instructional programs 192.389 171.564 160.898 10,666 Special programs 21.897 33.152 8.858 24,294 127 127 Adult and continuing education programs 127 Support services 990,108 980,153 886,423 Student services 93,730 248,993 375,364 254,044 Instructional support staff (5,051) 469,468 General administration 434,248 449.392 (15, 144)School administration 380,491 613,121 486,656 126,465 **Business services** 394.352 408.536 409.357 (821) Plant services 974,679 1,187,249 1,138,624 48.625 1,122,397 Student transportation services 1,108,155 1,115,859 6,538 8,765 8,590 6,252 2,338 Central services Food services 192,008 223,218 233,708 (10, 490)**Total Expenditures** 11,957,899 12,303,924 11,942,984 360,940 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (235,017)(474,516) 1,071,917 1,546,433 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 309,324 519,662 467,764 (51,898) Transfers out (12, 186)(12, 186)(269, 689)(328,620) (328,620) Local revenue transfers - other LEAs Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 39,635 191,042 126,958 (64,084) Net Change in Fund Balances (195, 382)(283, 474)1,198,875 1,482,349 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Restated 2,852,422 2,852,422 2,852,422 Fund Balances, End of Year 2,657,040 \$ 2,568,948 \$ 4,051,297 1,482,349 5 S

GAAP serves as the budgetary basis of accounting.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (with Variances) Special Revenue Fund - Title I For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement H

	 Budgeted	l An	nounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues	 							
Federal sources	\$ 904,236	\$	1,299,979	\$	923,889	\$	(376,090)	
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction								
Regular programs	107,074		107,074		91,879		15,195	
Vocational programs	14,500		14,500		10,000		4,500	
Other instructional programs	30,588		30,588		1,209		29,379	
Special programs	325,858		736,473		466,563		269,910	
Support services								
Student services	6,873		14,825		6,113		8,712	
Instructional support staff	281,321		216,284		266,039		(49,755)	
Plant services	36,960		36,960		22,220		14,740	
Capital outlay	 		-		10,732		(10,732)	
Total Expenditures	 803,174	n	1,156,704		874,755		281,949	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures	101,062		143,275		49,134		(94,141)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in			-		58,916		58,916	
Transfers out	(101,062)		(143,275)		(108,050)		35,225	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (101,062)		(143,275)		(49,134)		94,141	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		_		-		-	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 -		-	_	-			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		
		<u></u>		0		19 - St		

GAAP serves as the budgetary basis of accounting.

8

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (with Variances) Special Revenue Fund - Economic Stabilization Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement I

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues		19		
Federal sources	\$ 2,917,808	\$ 2,919,537	\$ 1,425,710	\$ (1,493,827)
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction				
Regular programs	885,501	784,744	447,037	337,707
Special education programs	19,874	14,874	5,345	9,529
Other instructional programs	481,216	482,477	120,011	362,466
Special programs	30,120	30,120	17,552	12,568
Support services				
Student services	52,992	52,992	5,321	47,671
Instructional support staff	393,201	483,611	425,738	57,873
Plant services	286,377	275,532	84,384	191,148
Student transportation services	217,974	244,275	30,177	214,098
Total Expenditures	2,367,255	2,368,625	1,135,565	1,233,060
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
Expenditures	550,553	550,912	290,145	(260,767)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(550,553)	(550,912)	(290,145)	260,767
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(550,553)	(550,912)	(290,145)	260,767
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	<u> </u>	·		<u> </u>
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u> </u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$

GAAP serves as the budgetary basis of accounting.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Statement J-1

Total OPEB Liability

		6/30/2018		6/30/2019	6/30/2020			6/30/2021	
Service cost	\$	625,912	\$	596,961	\$	631,233	\$	822,902	
Interest		701,171		735,400		703,268		518,110	
Changes of benefit terms		3 - 5		-		+		2 2 0	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(314,709)		(386,826)		(2,027,525)		957,57B	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(791,906)		997,504		4,951,380		427,864	
Benefit payments		(803,677)		(803,677)	_	(900,825)		(914,802)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	07	(583,209)	80	1,139,362		3,357,531		1,811,652	
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	_	19,987,626		19,404,417		20,543,779		23,901,310	
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$	19,404,417	\$	20,543,779	\$	23,901,310	\$	25,712,962	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,921,576	\$	8,238,439	\$	6,113,069	\$	7,341,516	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage									
of covered-employee payroll		244.96%		249.36%		390.99%		350.24%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Change in assumptions: The discount rate as of June 30, 2020 was 2.21% and it changed to 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB

Statement J-2

Actuarially determined contribution		6/30/2018	6/30/2019	í	6/30/2020	6/30/2021		
		286,877	\$ 1,701,475	\$	1,748,226	\$	1,921,155	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution								
Employer contributions to trust		=	-		-		-	
Employer-paid retiree premiums		150,228	 803,677		900,825		914,802	
Total contributions		150,228	 803,677	170	900,825	88	914,802	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	136,649	\$ 897,798	\$	847,401	\$	1,006.353	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,921,576	\$ 8,238,439	\$	6,113,069	\$	7,341,516	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.90%	9.76%		14.74%		12.46%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Valuation date	July 1, 2020

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of the last day of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Market value
Amortization period	30 years
Inflation	2.50% annually
Healthcare trend	Flat 5.50% annually
Salary increases	4.00% annually
Discount rate	2.21% annually (Beginning of Year to Determine ADC) 2.16% annually (As of End of the Year Measurement Date)
Retirement age	4.5 years after the later of attainment of 30 years of service at any age; or, attainment of age 55 and 25 years of service; or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service; employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are not able to retire or enter DROP until age 60 without actuarial reduction in benefits.
Mortality	RP-2000 without projection
Turnover	Age specific table with an average of 13% when applied to the active census
25 5 5 7 9 90 00	

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)

	6/30/2015		6/30/2016		6/30/2017		6/30/2018		6/30/2019		6/30/2020		6/30/2021	
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.1374	%	0.146	514%		D.14995%		0.13855%	<u> </u>	0.12259%		0.10549%		0.09188%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 14,052,12	1	\$ 15,713	,055	\$	17,599,494	\$	14,204,181	\$	12,048,464	\$	10,469,116	S	10,220,781
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 7,542,69	2	\$ 7,601	,850	\$	7,445,175	\$	7,141,781	\$	6,531,855	\$	5,954,723	5	5,686,158
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)														
as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	186.30	1%	206	.70%		236.39%		198.69%		184.46%		175.81%		179.75%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the														
Total Pension Liability	63.70	1%	62	.50%		59.9D%		65.60%		68.20%		68.60%		65.6D%

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See independent auditor's report.

Statement K

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL)

Statement L

	F	ntractually Required ontribution	R Co F	tributions in Relation to ntractually Required ontribution	Def	tribution liciency xcess)	mployer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		
6/30/2021	\$	1,627,953	\$	1,627,953	\$	-	\$ 6,309,895	25.80%		
6/30/2020		1,478,401		1,478,401		-	5,686,158	26.00%		
6/30/2019		1,589,911		1,589,911		<u>e</u>	5,954,723	26.70%		
6/30/2018		1,737,473		1,737,473		. 	6,531,855	26.60%		
6/30/2017		1,829,787		1,829,787		-	7,141,781	25.62%		
6/30/2016		1,955,241		1,955,241		3 # 35	7,445,175	26.26%		
6/30/2015		2,176,893		2,176,893		- -	7,601,850	28.64%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Notes to Required Supplemental Information Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement M

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Changes of Assumptions

The valuation interest rate was decreased from 7.55% to 7.45% for the June 30, 2020, actuarial report.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)

Statement N

	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.13748%	0.27039%	0.25451%	0.26290%	0.24548%	0.22376%	0.22953%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,565,091	\$ 1,714,610	\$ 1,919,897	\$ 1,682,355	\$ 1,640,143	\$ 1,566,451	\$ 1,844,142
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 893,163	\$ 760,604	\$ 730,690	\$ 758,203	\$ 751,669	\$ 673,757	\$ 686,021
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)							
as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	175.23%	225.43%	262.75%	221.89%	218.20%	232.49%	268.82%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the							
Total Pension Liability	76.18%	74.49%	70.09%	75.03%	74.44%	73.49%	69.67%

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Employer Contributions Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)

Statement O

	R	ntractually equired ntribution	Re Cor R	ributions in elation to ntractually equired ntribution	Defi	ribution ciency cess)	C E	nployer's covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
6/30/2021	\$	206,798	\$	206,798	\$	3 <u>2</u>	\$	703,395	29.40%
6/30/2020		196,888		196,888		3 - 5		686,021	28.70%
6/30/2019		185,957		185,957				673,757	27.60%
6/30/2018		195,434		195,434				751,669	26.00%
6/30/2017		207,531		207,531		-		758,203	27.37%
6/30/2016		220,650		220,650		-		730,690	30.20%
6/30/2015		250,378		250,378				760,604	32.92%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See independent auditor's report.

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Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Notes to Required Supplemental Information Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement P

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

Statement Q

	6	/30/2015	6	/30/2016	6	/30/2017	6	30/2018	6	/30/2019	6	/30/2020	6	/30/2021
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	2	0.00590%		0.00280%		0.00469%		0.00434%		0.00454%	00	0.00440%		0.00469%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	369,046	\$	190,714	\$	367,971	\$	305,274	\$	309,897	\$	318,486	\$	387,729
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	100,261	\$	88,643	\$	88,488	\$	89,229	\$	87,937	\$	89,933	\$	95,356
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		368.09%		215.15%		415.84%		342.12%		352.41%		354.14%		406.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		65.00%		62.70%		57.70%		62.50%		64.30%		62.90%		58.00%

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year-end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Employer Contributions Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS)

Statement R

	R	tractually equired htribution	Re Con Re	ributions in lation to tractually equired stribution	Defic	ibution liency less)	C E	nployer's Covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
6/30/2021	\$	46,033	\$	46,033	\$	-	\$	114,796	40.10%
6/30/2020		38,810		38,810				95,356	40.70%
6/30/2019		34,085		34,085		-		89,933	37.90%
6/30/2018		33,328		33,328		-		87,937	37,90%
6/30/2017		32,002		32,002		-		89,229	35.87%
6/30/2016		32,773		32,773		-		88,488	37.04%
6/30/2015		34,671		34,671		Ξ.		88,643	39.11%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Notes to Required Supplemental Information Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LASERS) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Statement S

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Changes of Assumptions

The valuation interest rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.60% for the June 30, 2020, actuarial report.

The inflation rate was increased from 2.50% to 2.30% for the June 30, 2020, actuarial report.

Supplemental Information

Compensation Paid Board Members

The schedule of compensation paid to the Catahoula Parish School Board members is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the Catahoula Parish School Board members is included in the general administrative expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the Catahoula Parish School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, each member of the Board receives \$350 per month, each member on the finance committee receives an additional \$50 (\$400 total per month), and the President receives \$440 per month for performing the duties of his office.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule T

Dewey Stockman \$ 5,280 4,800 Jane Martin 4,800 John Allbritton Katie Adams 4,500 Dorothy Watson 4,200 Cynthia Brown 4,200 **Toshiro Fisher** 4,200 Sharon Fisher-Stevenson 4,200 2,800 Tillman Jolly Charles House 1,600 \$ 40,580 Total

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to the Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule U

Agency Head: Ronald R. Lofton, Sr., Superintendent

Purpose	Amount					
Salary	\$	97,451				
Stipends		1,265				
Benefits - Medicare		1,431				
Benefits - insurance		18,186				
Benefits - retirement		25,469				
Worker's compensation		494				
Membership dues		525				
Travel	s 	1,011				
Total	\$	145,832				

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule V

				Schedule V	
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Name	Assistance Listing (CFDA)	Pass-through Grant Number	Expe	enditures	
United Statas Department of Agriculture Passed through Louisiana Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster					
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555	N/A N/A	\$ 214,409 403,482		
Fred Olderin des Obstan		SFS-21-x225	81,872	699,763	
Food Distribution Cluster Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	N/A		74,987	
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Total United States Department of Agriculture	10.649	SFS-21-x226		3,063	
United States Department of Education					
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84,010	28-21-DSS-13	11,258		
		28-20-RD19-13 28-21-T1-13	151,995 819,552	982,805	
				54 2 ,000	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	in in the second				
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	28-21-B1-13 N/A	235,345 5,806		
		N/A	7 113	248,264	
				240,204	
Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	28-21-P1-13		10,060	
Caraer and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	28-21-02-13		16,750	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84,367	28-21-50-13		43,508	
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	28-18-SR04-13	19,982		
		28-18-SR05-13 28-18-SR06-13	10,453 9,621		
		28-20-ECLF-13	14,015	54,071	
Teacher and School Leader Incentive Grants	84.374	28-21-TP-13	69,499		
	5/862/76	28-19-PBCS-13	41 752	111,251	
	84.358	09.01.01.00.40		10,100	
Rural Education Education Stabilization Fund	84,425	28-21-RLIS-13 28-20-ESRF-13	515,894	48,403	
Eddcation Stabilization Fond	04.420	28-20-GERF-13	141,921		
		28-20-ESRI-13	102,078		
		28-21-ESEB-13	220,274		
		28-21-ES2F-13	445,543	1,425,710	
Total United States Department of Education				2,940,822	
United States Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through Louisiana Department of Education Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants CCDF Cluster	93.434	28-19-GRC-13		25,000	
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	28-21-CCCR-13	49,340		
		28-21-TPCO-13	2,400		
		28-21-CO-13	3,128	54,868	
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services				79 868	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 3,798,503	

Notes:

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the Catahoula Parish School Board under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Catahoula Parish School Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Catahoula Parish School Board.

The schedule of expenditures of federel awards was prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Note 1 to the financial statements provides additional information relative to the Catahoula Parish School Board's accounting policies.

No federal funds were awarded to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Cataboula Parish School Board did not elect to use the ten percent (10%) de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Other Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Catahoula Parish School Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Catahoula Parish School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Catahoula Parish School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

agne, Moores Hemington, LLP

Certified Public Accountants Alexandria, Louisiana

December 2, 2021

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance



PAYNE, MOORE & HERRINGTON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Established 1945

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Catahoula Parish School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Catahoula Parish School Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Catahoula Parish School Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Catahoula Parish School Board's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Catahoula Parish School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Catahoula Parish School Board's compliance.

Rebecca B. Morris, C.P.A. Michael A. Juneau, C.P.A. Cindy L. Humphries, C.P.A. Deborah R. Dunn, C.P.A. Rebecca G. Nation, C.P.A. Evelyn T. Renfrow, C.P.A. Kayla G. Holloway, C.P.A.

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To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Catahoula Parish School Board, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Catahoula Parish School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Catahoula Parish School Board's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ayne, Moore + Henryton, UD

Certified Public Accountants Alexandria, Louisiana

December 2, 2021

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmo	dified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified n to be material weaknesses?	ot considered	_	yes yes	_ <u>x</u>	
Noncompliance material to financial stat	tements noted?		yes	<u>_x</u>	nó
Management's Corrective Action Plan		Not ap	plicabl	е	
Management's Summary Schedule of F Audit Findings	Prior	Not ap	plicabl	e	
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified no to be material weaknesses?	ot considered		yes yes	_ <u>x</u>	no none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmo	dified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	ce	<u> </u>	yes	<u>_x</u>	no
Identification of major programs:					
Assistance Listing (CFDA) Numbers 84.010A 84.425C, 84.425D, and 84.425U	Name of Federa Title I Grants to Economic Stabi	Local E	ducati	onal Age	encies
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and Type B program	ns:	\$750,00	00		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>x</u>	yes		no
Section II - Findings Relating to the Fir	nancial Stateme	nts			
Not applicable.					

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Not applicable.

Catahoula Parish School Board

Agreed-Upon Procedures Report on School Board Performance Measures

Harrisonburg, Louisiana

June 30, 2021



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Established 1946

Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

To the Catahoula Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Catahoula Parish School Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions, in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:514.1. Management of the Catahoula Parish School Board is responsible for its performance and statistical data.

The Catahoula Parish School Board has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements. Additionally, the Louisiana Department of Education and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor have agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- We selected a sample of twenty-five (25) transactions, reviewed supporting documentation, and observed that the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts among the following amounts reported on the schedule:
 - Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
 - Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
 - Total Local Taxation Revenue,
 - · Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
 - Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes,
 - Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
 - Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

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(D)

Rebecca B. Morris, C.P.A. Michael A. Juneau, C.P.A. Cindy L. Humphries, C.P.A. Deborah R. Dunn, C.P.A. Rebecca G. Nation, C.P.A. Evelyn T. Renfrow, C.P.A. Kayla G. Holloway, C.P.A.

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To the Catahoula Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

The following differences were noted:

Some amounts were classified in a different expenditure account on the Annual Financial Report (AFR) when compared to the state definitions for performance measures. The following expenditures were reported as detailed below:

Proper Account

Account	 Amount	Account per CPSB Annual Financial Report	per Definition for Performance Measures
Regular Programs Other Instructional Salaries (1)	\$ 7,043	Regular Programs Secondary Teachers (grades 9 thru 12)	Regular Programs Other Instructional Salaries
	268	Not reported in the AFR	Career and Technology Education Program Materials and Supplies (2)
	49	Not reported in the AFR	Pupil Support Services Purchased Professional and Technical Services (3)

- (1) Per the Catahoula Parish School Board AFR, the account in the general fund with a function code of 1100 with object code 100 is reporting \$7,043 less than their general ledger states. The account structure is reported as Other Instructional Staff Activities by the state definitions for performance measures. On the contrary, the account in the general fund with function code 1130 with object code 112 is reporting \$7,043 more than their general ledger states. This account structure is reported as Classroom Teacher Salaries by the state definitions for performance measures.
- (2) Per the state definitions, Instructional Material and Supplies are defined as "total general fund instructional materials and supplies expenditures meeting the definitions contained in the LAUGH for the 600-Series Object Codes and the 1000-Series Function codes (excluding Function Code 1600 – Adult Education)." The above amount of \$268 for Career and Technology Education Program – Materials and Supplies was not classified by CPSB on the Annual Financial Report as such. However, the CPSB did record this on their general ledger in the general fund in an account with the correct object code and function code according to the state definition for performance measures.



To the Catahoula Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

(3) Per the state definitions, Pupil Support Activities are defined as "total general fund pupil support activity expenditures meeting the definitions contained in the LAUGH for the 2100-Series Function codes." The above amount of \$49 for Pupil Support Services – Purchased Professional and Technical Services was not classified by CPSB on the Annual Financial Report as such. However, the CPSB did record this on their general ledger in the general fund in an account with the correct object code and function code according to the state definition for performance measures.

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 2)

 We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule. We then traced a sample of ten (10) classes to the October 1st roll books for those classes and observed that the class was properly classified on the schedule.

In our test of ten (10) classes, we noted one (1) instance in which the number of students for one (1) class did not agree to the October 1 roll book.

Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (No Schedule)

3. We obtained October 1st PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing prepared by management), including full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification, as well as their level of education and experience, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of twenty-five (25) individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's education level and experience was property classified on the PEP data or equivalent listing prepared by management.

In our test of twenty-five individuals (25), we noted six (6) individuals whose information did not agree to the October 1, 2020 PEP report.

Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (No Schedule)

4. We obtained June 30th PEP data submitted to the Department of Education (or equivalent listing provided by management) of all classroom teachers, including base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status, as well as full-time equivalents, and obtained management's representation that the data/listing was complete. We then selected a sample of 25 individuals, traced to each individual's personnel file, and observed that each individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the PEP data (or equivalent listing prepared by management).



To the Catahoula Parish School Board, the Louisiana Department of Education, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

In our test of twenty-five (25) individuals, we noted three (3) individuals who were paid less than the approved salary schedule, therefore, the June 30, 2021 PEP report was inaccurate.

We were engaged by the Catahoula Parish School Board to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the United States Comptroller General. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the performance and statistical data. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Catahoula Parish School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of the Catahoula Parish School Board, as required by Louisiana Revised Statue 24:514.1, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Payne, Merre, + Hernington, LUP

Certified Public Accountants Alexandria, LA

December 2, 2021

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Schedules Required by State Law (R.S. 24:514 - Performance and Statistical Data) As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule 1 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

Schedule 2 (Formerly Schedule 6) – Class Size Characteristics

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1-20, 21-26, 27-33, and 34+ students.

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule 1

	Column A		Column B
General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures			
General Fund Instructional Expenditures:			
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities			
Classroom Teacher Salaries	\$ 3,606,828		
Other Instructional Staff Activities	552,095		
Instructional Staff Employee Benefits	2,487,016		
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	23,036		
Instructional Materials and Supplies	99,600	53	
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		\$	6,768,575
Other Instructional Activities			194,094
Pupil Support Services	886,423		
Net Pupil Support Services	10		886,423
Instructional Staff Services	254,043		
Net Instructional Staff Services	204,040		254,043
School Administration	100 055		
Net School Administration	486,65 5		400.000
		ini. Viter	486,655
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures (Total of Column B)		\$	<u>8,</u> 589,790
Certain Local Revenue Sources			
Local Taxation Revenue:			
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes		\$	184,722
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax		1.000	790,057
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax			51,254
Up to 1% Collections by the Sheriff on Taxes Other than School Taxes			42,890
Sales and Use Taxes		3	3,778,642
Total Local Taxation Revenue		\$	4,847,565
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:			
Earnings from 16th Section Property		\$	147,010
Earnings from Other Real Property			2,400
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property		\$	149,410
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:			
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax		\$	7,965
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes			33,481
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes			4,223
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		\$	45,669

Catahoula Parish School Board Harrisonburg, Louisiana Class Size Characteristics As of October 1, 2020

Schedule 2

						Class Siz	e Range				
,		1-20	0	-	21-2	6		27-3	3	34-	F
School Type	Percer	nt	Number	Percer	nt	Number	Percer	nt	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	41	%	30	51	%	37	8	%	6	- %	
Elementary Activity Classes	22		2	33		3	11		1	33	3
Middle/Jr. High	-		3 H 3	-			3 1		- 1		-
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	-		-	~		-	175		-	5 7 5	-
High	85		98	10		12	4		5	-	-
High Activity Classes	73		11	20		3	7		1	-	-
Combination	94		275	4		13	2		6	-	
Combination Activity Classes	91		32	3		1	6		2	-	-

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.

Management's Corrective Action Plan

Post Office Box 690 200 Bushley Street Harrisonburg, LA 71340 Telephone: (318) 744-5727 Fax: (318) 744-9221 www.cpsbla.org



BOARD MEMBERS DEWEY W. STOCKMAN, PRESIDENT DOROTHY WATSON, VICE-PRESIDENT KATIE ADAMS JOHN W. ALLBRITTON CYNTHIA BROWN TILLMAN JOLLY TOSHIRO FISHER JANE MARTIN SHARON FISHER-STEVENSON

RONALD R. LOFTON, SR.

Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

The Catahoula Parish School Board respectively submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Independent Public Accounting Firm:

Payne, Moore & Herrington LLP PO Box 13200 Alexandria LA 71315-3200

Audit Period: July 01, 2020 - June 30, 2021

Agreed-Upon Procedures Report - Schedule 1

The Business Manager will review expenditures prior to year-end to ensure these errors do not happen in the future.

Agreed-Upon Procedures Report - Schedule 2

The SYS manager will review the roll books and class size numbers to ensure that this does not happen in the future.

<u>Agreed-Upon Procedures Report – Education Levels/Experience of Public School Staff (No</u> <u>Schedule</u>

The Payroll Accountant will review all employees to verify their years of experience during the 2021-2022 year. The Business Manager will follow up with the Payroll Accountant to ensure that the experience level is verified as accurate.

Agreed-Upon Procedures Report - Public School Staff Data: Average Salaries (No Schedule)

The Payroll Accountant will utilize software reports and verify the PEP reported salaries are accurate compared to the actual salaries. The new Edlink submissions should help this to be reported correctly.

Respectfully submitted,

Lora White Business Manager

"This institution is an equal opportunity provider and employer."