### MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

December 31, 2023

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### **REPORT**



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3850 North Causeway Boulevard Suite 1400 Two Lakeway Center Metairie, LA 70002

504.837.9116 504.837.0123 (fax) CRIcpa.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Judges en banc of Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans (the Court), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Court as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We are required to be independent of the Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-10 and pages 27-29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary

information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fiduciary fund financial statements, schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head and justice system funding schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fiduciary fund financial statements, schedule of compensation, benefit and other payments to agency head and justice system funding schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 22, 2024, on our consideration of the Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Metairie, Louisiana April 22, 2024

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.



## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART I)

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans' financial performance is designed to provide an overview of the financial activities as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. This information should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The MD&A is required information that provides an overview of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans' (MTCNO or Court) basic financial statements and financial activities. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided on these reports.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Court's basic financial statements consist of the following components: Government-Wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements, and Agency Financial Statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Statement of Net Position reflects the financial position of the MTCNO. The unrestricted net position for the Court as reflected in this statement consists of funds available (deficient) for future spending to meet the needs of the Court's operations.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on the Court as a whole and report about its activities in a way that shows the overall financial health of the office. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Fund financial statements report detailed information on the MTCNO funds maintained by the Court's office. The General Fund is established as mandated by Louisiana Revised Statute (LA RS) 13:2496.4.

The Court uses governmental funds for basic services. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the operating accounts and reflect the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported under the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps assist in determining whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Court programs.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The financial statements provide details of the current year's operations:

Total government-wide assets as of December 31, 2023 were \$9,069,561 and total liabilities were \$1,262,080. As of December 31, 2023, the MTCNO had a net position of \$7,807,481, of which \$6,152,814 was unrestricted and represents the portion that is available to maintain the continuing obligations to citizens.

- The City of New Orleans appropriates funds in the City's budget for the support of the Court's payroll expenses of \$6,288,686. These on-behalf payments have been recorded as city revenues.
- Program expenses were under program revenues in the current year by \$693,762.

In accordance with statutory requirements, the MTCNO has no bonded indebtedness or long-term notes. The most significant continuing revenue sources for governmental activities were ticket revenues and city revenues.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE MTCNO AS A WHOLE (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report only one type of activity – governmental activities. Most of the basic court services are reported as this type. Court costs and fees charged to the public finance most of these activities.

Our analysis below focuses on the net position of the governmental-type activities:

### **CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

					Percentage Change	
	2023	2022	Dif	Difference		
Current and other assets	\$ 9,047,914	\$ 7,965,414	\$ 1,0	)82,500	14%	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	21,647	6,290		15,357	244%	
Total assets	9,069,561	7,971,704	1,0	97,857	14%	
Current liabilities	1,262,080	857,985	4	104,095	47%	
Total liabilities	1,262,080	857,985	4	104,095	47%	
Invested in capital assets	21,647	6,290		15,357	244%	
Restricted net position	1,633,020	1,580,325		52,695	3%	
Unrestricted net position	6,152,814	5,527,104	6	525,710	11%	
Total net position	\$ 7,807,481	\$ 7,113,719	\$ 6	593,762	10%	

The increase in current and other assets was due to an increase in cash reserves, and accounts receivable.

Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, increased due to current year operating results.

#### **CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES**

				Percentage
	2023	2022	2022 Difference	
Total program revenue	\$ 7,911,538	\$ 7,993,724	\$ (82 <i>,</i> 186)	(1)%
Total program expense	7,218,609	7,068,406	150,203	2%
Net program income	629,929	925,318	(232,389)	(25)%
Interest earnings	833	831	2	-%
Change in net position	693,762	926,149	(232,387)	(25)%
Net position -beginning of year - adjusted	7,113,719	6,187,570	926,149	15%
Net position - end of year	\$ 7,807,481	\$ 7,113,719	\$ 693,762	10%

The Program revenues have increased because the city reimbursed operating costs of the Court, which did not happen to the same extent in 2022. The Court also had a decrease in its ticket revenues because of a drop in the tickets issued in traffic cases.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND (GENERAL FUND)

As noted earlier, the MTCNO uses funds to control and manage money for particular purposes. Analyzing these funds helps to determine whether the Court is using resources in a responsible manner and maintaining the financial integrity of the office.

### CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

				Percentage
	2023	2022	Difference	Change
Total revenues	\$ 7,751,441	\$ 7,896,900	\$ (145,459)	(-2)%
Total expenditures	7,103,900	7,055,859	48,041	1%
Net change in fund	647,541	841,041	(193,500)	(23)%
Fund balance - beginning of year				
- Adjusted	5,521,104	4,680,063	841,041	24%
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 6,168,645	\$ 5,521,104	\$ 647,541	49%

The Judicial Expense Fund (JEF) continued to see a decline in ticket revenue. The primary driver was a result of a shift in focus by the New Orleans Police department and a reduction in traffic patrol officers. The JEF did see an increase in reimbursed expenses from the City of New Orleans, which helped make up for the loss in ticket revenue.

The expenditures are a reflection of significant reductions in personnel and operating expenses.

#### JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

	Actual	Budgeted	Variance		Percent
Revenues					
City revenues - on-behalf					
payments	\$ 6,288,686	\$ 6,643,041	\$	(354,355)	(5)%
City revenue - general fund	969,868	969,868		-	-%
Court costs and fees	374,690	344,800		29,890	9%
Interest	833	800		33	4%
Other income	117,364	110,000		7,364	7%
Total revenue	7,751,441	8,068,509		(317,068)	(4)%
Expenditures					
Personnel services and					
related benefits	6,288,686	6,643,041		354,355	5%
Operating services	815,214	870,868		55,654	6%
Total expenditures	7,103,900	7,513,909		410,009	5%
Excess (deficit) of revenue					
over expenditures	\$ 647,541	\$ 554,600		\$ 92,941	17%

The Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans' budget for January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 was proposed and made available for public inspection by the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans and approved by the City Council.

### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The Court's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of December 31, 2023 was \$21,647. Summary of capital assets is detailed below:

Computer software	\$ 805,183
Vehicles	28,900
Furniture & fixtures	25,511
Machinery and equipment	20,853
Total cost	880,447
Accumulated depreciation	(858,800)
Net capital assets	\$ 21,647
Depreciation expense	\$ 5,596

#### LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The Court is not allowed to incur long-term indebtedness for bonds or notes payable; therefore, the Court has no long-term debt outstanding.

### ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS AFFECTING OPERATIONS, LIQUIDITY AND 2024'S BUDGET

The Court is fiscally dependent on the City and payments from traffic violations. The City provides courthouse maintenance and pays for utilities.

#### **CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Court's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report should be referred to Monique M. Boissiere, Judicial Administrator, Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans Court, 1601 Perdido St, New Orleans, LA 70112.



### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,958,269
Pooled cash from custodial funds	34,882
Account receivable	15,150
Due from other governments	19,969
Prepaid expenses	19,644
Total current assets	9,047,914
Total current assets	9,047,914
CAPITAL ASSETS, net of accumulated depreciation	21,647
TOTAL ASSETS	9,069,561
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	46,249
Unearned revenue	1,215,831
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,262,080
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	21,647
Restricted for probation	1,333,323
Restricted for building and maintenance	299,697
Unrestricted net position	6,152,814
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,807,481

## MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

EXPENSES	
General government:	
Personnel services and related benefits	\$ 6,288,686
Court services - Support Court	254,633
Depreciation	5,596
Facilities/building expenses	2,409
Office equipment and furniture	20,010
Office supplies	24,614
Operating expenses	63,057
Operating services	45,378
Professional services	388,239
Other expenses	4,276
Travel and support expenses - employee	14,929
Travel and support expenses - judge	106,782
Total expenses	7,218,609
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Court costs	374,690
Grants received	88,587
Probation fees	46,746
Building and maintenance fees	31,597
City revenues - on-behalf payments	6,288,686
Operating budget reimbursements	969,868
Use of building and technology	108,500
Restitution	1,950
Miscellaneous fees	914
Total program revenues	7,911,538
GENERAL REVENUES	
Interest earnings	833
Total general revenues	833
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	693,762
NET POSITION - Beginning of year	7,113,719
NET POSITION - End of year	\$ 7,807,481

## MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

		icial Expense Fund eneral Fund)	Pro	bation Fund	Spe	cial Programs Fund	Gov Fun	Ionmajor vernmental d - Building Maintenance Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,121,319	\$	1,329,498	\$	1,210,074	\$	297,378	\$	8,958,269
Pooled cash from custodial funds		28,113		3,825		-		2,944		34,882
Accounts receivable		15,150		-		-		-		15,150
Prepaid expenses		19,644		-		-		-		19,644
Due from other governments		4,138		-		15,831		-		19,969
Due from other funds		625		-		-		-		625
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,188,989	\$	1,333,323	\$	1,225,905	\$	300,322	\$	9,048,539
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE AND FUND BALANCES	S,									
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	20,344	\$	-	\$	25,905	\$	-	\$	46,249
Unearned revenue		-		-		1,200,000		-		1,200,000
Due to other funds		-		-		-		625		625
TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,344								
		20,344		-		1,225,905		625		1,246,874
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		20,344		-		1,225,905		625		1,246,874
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues		-		-		1,225,905		-		1,246,874
		-		-		•				•
Unavailable revenues		19,644		-		•				•
Unavailable revenues  FUND BALANCE		-		- - 1,333,323		•				15,831
Unavailable revenues  FUND BALANCE  Nonspendable		-		- - 1,333,323		•				15,831 19,644
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted for probation		-		- - 1,333,323 - -		•		- - -		15,831 19,644 1,333,323
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted for probation Restricted for building and maintenance		19,644 - -		- 1,333,323 - - 1,333,323		15,831 - - -		- - -		15,831 19,644 1,333,323 299,697 6,133,170
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted for probation Restricted for building and maintenance Unassigned balance		19,644 - - - 6,149,001		-		15,831 - - - (15,831)		- - - 299,697 -		15,831 19,644 1,333,323 299,697

# MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

FUND BALANCE - total governmental funds	\$ 7,785,834
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported at	
the fund financial reporting level	21,647
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 7,807,481

# MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Judicial Expense Fun (General Fun		Probation Fund		Probation Fund		pecial ams Fund	Gov Fun	lonmajor vernmental d - Building Vlaintenance Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES											
	\$ 269,6		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	269,600		
Criminal processing & admin fees	89,2		-		-		-		89,221		
Criminal contempt & other fines	15,8	59	-		-		-		15,869		
Special revenue fees - building and maintenance	-		-		-		31,597		31,597		
State grants - non-LASC	-		-		88,587		-		88,587		
City revenues - on-behalf payments	6,288,6	36	-		-		-		6,288,686		
City revenues - general fund	969,8	58	-		-		-		969,868		
Interest income	8	33	-		-		-		833		
Supervison and special program fees	-		46,746		-		-		46,746		
Use of building and technology	114,5	00	-		-		-		114,500		
Restitution income	1,9	50	-		-		-		1,950		
Credit, refunds, reimbursement	9	14	-		-		-		914		
Total revenues  EXPENDITURES	7,751,4	<b>11</b>	46,746		88,587		31,597		7,918,371		
General government:											
Personnel services and related benefits	6,288,6	26	_		_				6,288,686		
Court services - support court	254,6								254,633		
Facilities/building expenses	2,4								2,409		
Office equipment and furniture	40,9		-		-		-		40,963		
Office supplies	24,6		-		-		-		24,614		
• •	37,4		-		-		25,648		63,057		
Operating expenses	•		-		-		25,048		•		
Operating services Professional services	45,3		-		100 143		-		45,378		
	288,0	97	-		100,142		-		388,239 4,276		
Other expenses  Travel and support expenses - employee support	14,9	20	-		4,276		-		14,929		
	•		-		-		-		-		
Travel and support expenses - judge support	106,7	32							106,782		
Total expenditures	7,103,9	00	-		104,418		25,648		7,233,966		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	647,5	<b>1</b> 1	46,746		(15,831)		5,949		684,405		
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	5,521,1	04	1,286,577		-		293,748		7,101,429		
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 6,168,6	<b>4</b> 5 \$	1,333,323	\$	(15,831)	\$	299,697	\$	7,785,834		

# MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OR NEW ORLEANS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - total governmental funds	\$ 684,405
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (government-wide financial statements) are different because:	
Governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate the cost of those capital assets over the estimated useful lives of the asset.	
Addition to capital outlay	20,953
Depreciation expense	(5,596)
Change in deferral of revenues due to collection period beyond 60 days	(6,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 693,762

## MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Cust	odial Funds
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	650,868
Due from other governments		100
TOTAL ASSETS		650,968
		,
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals and other governments		650,968
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	650,968

## MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Cust	todial Funds
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions:		
Individuals for bonds	\$	17,998
Fines and fees collected for other agencies		1,305,321
Total Additions		1,323,319
DEDUCTIONS:		
Payments to City of New Orleans		823,940
Payments to other governments		444,854
Payments to individuals		19,730
Bond forfeitures		7,725
Total Deductions		1,296,249
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		27,070
Net position - Beginning of year		623,898
Net Position - End of year	\$	650,968

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Overview** – As provided by the Louisiana Legislature HB 600 (Act No. 631), effective January 1, 2017, the New Orleans Traffic Court and the Municipal Court of New Orleans consolidated, abolishing the individual Courts. The consolidated Court became the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans (the Court). Accordingly, the Court began the process of combining the budget, funds, accounts and financial operations as components of the consolidated Court.

**Basis of presentation** – The accompanying financial statements of the Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

**Reporting entity** – The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codifications 2100 *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity*, 2300 *Notes to Financial Statements*, and 2600 *Reporting Entity and Component Unit Presentation and Disclosure* in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that compromise the Court. Component units are legally separate entities for which the Court (the primary entity) is financially accountable.

The Court is fiscally dependent on the City of New Orleans (the City) and payments from traffic and misdemeanor offences. The City maintains and operates the courthouse in which the Court's office is located and provides funds for equipment and furniture to the Court. However, the Court judges are independently elected officials, and the Court has separate corporate powers that establish it as being a legally separate unit. These separate powers and authority are established by State and City Ordinances. Additionally, the Court financial statements are not material to the financial statements of the City. Based on these factors, it was determined that the Court is not a component unit of the City, the financial reporting entity.

The accompanying financial statements present information of the Court's Judicial Expense Fund as established by Louisiana Revised Statute (LA RS) 13:2507.1 and on-behalf payments as described in the accompanying notes. They also present the information regarding the Probation Fund, Special Programs Fund and Building and Maintenance fund. The financial statements do not present information on the City, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units.

**Fund accounting** – The Court uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. On the other hand, an account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**Funds** - The general fund (Judicial Expense Fund) accounts for all the Court's general activities. This fund focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, the fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs and/or operations of the Court. The following are the Court's governmental funds:

Judicial Expense Fund – The Judicial Expense Fund (JEF) is the primary operating fund of the Court. It accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The Judicial Expense Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to the Court policy. The Court's Judicial Expense Fund serves as the General Fund for the Court.

Salaries of the judges of the Court, which are paid directly by the Supreme Court of Louisiana, are not included in the financial statements presented herein since such salaries are earned by the respective judges for serving in their capacities as state judges and not for compensation in their roles as management of the Judicial Expense Fund.

Probation Fund – The probation fund accounts for the program fees collected for Probation. The Probation Fund was established by the Louisiana Revised Statute 13:2500.1. A fee of \$15 shall be levied on each conviction and bond forfeiture. All fees for alternative sentencing program shall also be assessed.

Special Programs Fund — The special programs fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes related to special programs of the Court.

Building and Maintenance Fund - The Building and Maintenance Fund was established by the City of New Orleans Municipal Code 50-149. A fee of \$5 shall be levied on each conviction. This fund is to be used for the maintenance, upkeep, and security of the Municipal and Traffic Court building.

**Fiduciary Funds** – The fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The only funds accounted for in this category are the agency funds. The agency funds account for assets held by the Court as an agent for litigants held in pending court action. The agency funds are custodial in nature and use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Court maintains two agency funds: Fines and Fees Agency Fund and Cash Bond Agency Fund. The Fines and Fees Fund distributes monies collected on each case for state approved agencies. The Cash Bond Fund holds monies deposited by defendants until the defendant appears in court and a final disposition is determined on their case. The Court also holds surety bonds provided by bail bondsmen but does not maintain an account for the bonds. The Court has bond forfeiture proceeds but those amounts are not included in agency

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

funds due to the nature of ownership in forfeiting a bond. Any forfeiture amounts which can be determined to belong to the Court are listed on the statement of activities as bond forfeitures.

**Basis of accounting** – **Fund Financial Statements (FFS)** – The amounts reflected in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (FFS), are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach is then reconciled, through adjustment, to a government-wide view of operations.

The amounts reflected in these statements (FFS), use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

**Revenues** – Ticket fees, reinstate fees, rights fees, city revenue, probation, building and maintenance fees, and bond forfeitures are recorded in the year in which they are earned. Interest income on investments is recorded when the investments have matured and the income is available. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.

**Expenditures** – Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

**Basis of accounting** – **Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)** – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (GWFS) display information about the Court as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Court. Information contained in these statements reflects the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Codification.

**Program Revenues** – Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from general revenues.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**Net Position Classifications** – In accordance with GASB Codification, net position is classified into three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows.

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets, including any restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less deferred inflows of resources, related to those assets.
- b. Restricted This component of net position consists of assets that have constraints that are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted All other net position is reported in this category.

**Fund Balance** – The Court uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

In fund financials, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Court is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

- Nonspendable This component consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either
  externally by third-parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
  Enabling legislation authorizes the Court to assess payment of resources (from external
  resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external
  parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the
  legislation.
- Committed This component consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Court. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed previously to commit those amounts. The Court had no committed funds for the year ended December 31, 2023.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Assigned This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the Court's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Court had no assigned funds for the year ended December 31, 2023.
- *Unassigned* This component consists of amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the fund.

**Budget practices** — The proposed budget, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, must be approved by the Court Judges. The budget is legally adopted by the Court and all appropriations lapse at year end. For the Special Programs Fund, the budget is presented on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP, a reconciliation of the resulting basis, timing, and differences is presented at the bottom of the budget schedule. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. There were amendments to the budget in this fiscal year.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Capital assets — Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Court maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position. Since surplus assets are turned over to the City of New Orleans when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land which is non-depreciable, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Computers and software	3 years
Machinery and equipment	3 years
Furniture & fixtures	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

*Use of estimates* – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

**Subsequent Events** - Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, April 22, 2024, and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

At December 31, 2023, the Court had cash in checking accounts and certificate of deposit accounts (book balances) totaling \$9,642,273. The deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, the deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. As of December 31, 2023, \$9,445,775 of securities was pledged by the fiscal agent bank to collateralize the Court's deposits. As of December 31, 2023, the Court's total bank balances were fully insured and collateralized with the securities held in the name of the Court by the pledging financial institution's agency and, therefore, they were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

State law requires deposits (cash and certificates of deposit) of all political subdivisions to be fully collateralized at all times. Acceptable collateralization includes FDIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Obligations of the United States, the State of Louisiana, and certain political subdivisions are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the political subdivision or with an unaffiliated bank or with a trust company for the account of the political subdivision.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Court's deposits may not be returned to it. The Court has a written policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2023, cash and certificates of deposit were adequately collateralized by securities held by an unaffiliated bank for the account of the Court. GASB considers these securities subject to custodial credit risk. Even though the pledged securities are considered subject to custodial credit risk under the provisions of GASB Codification Section C20 *Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions*, Louisiana Revised Statute 39: 1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within ten days of being notified by the depositor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### **NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

Due from other governments consisted of the following at December 31, 2023:

	\$ 19,969
Due from Department of Public Safety	4,138
Due from federal government	\$ 15,831

### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

A schedule of changes in capital assets follows:

	Jai	nuary 01,	December 31,			
		2023	3 Additions			2023
Depreciable Assets:						
Computers and software	\$	799,257	\$	5,926	\$	805,183
Vehicles		28,900		-		28,900
Furniture & fixtures		10,484		15,027		15,511
Machinery and equipment		20,853		-		20,853
Total Depreciable Assets		859,494		20,953		880,447
Accumulated Depreciation:						
Computers and software		(799,257)		(494)		(799,751)
Vehicles		(28,900)		-		(28,900)
Furniture & fixtures		(4,194)		(5,102)		(9,296)
Machinery and equipment		(20,853)		-		(20,853)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(853,204)		(5,596)		(858,800)
Capital assets, net	\$	6,290	\$	15,357	\$	21,647

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$5,596.

### NOTE 5 – FACILITIES, FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT OWNED BY OTHER ENTITIES

The City of New Orleans is required by LA RS 13:2509 to provide suitable facilities, rooms, furniture, equipment and supplies required for the proper functioning of the Court. Assets purchased or provided by the City are listed on the City's physical asset listing instead of the Court.

#### **NOTE 6 – LEASE COMMITMENTS**

The Court leases office equipment on a month-to-month basis.

#### NOTE 7 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR SALARIES AND FRINGE BENEFITS

The City of New Orleans pays the salaries and benefits for the Court. The Court is not legally responsible for these salaries or the related benefits. Therefore, the basis for recognizing the revenue and expenditure payments is the actual contributions made by the City. For the year ended December 31, 2023, these on-behalf payments have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 24 - Accounting and Financial Reporting For Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, as intergovernmental revenues and expenditures as follows:

Total on-behalf payments	\$ 6,288,686
Benefits	1,872,164
Salaries	\$ 4,416,522
Judicial Expense Fund:	

These expenditures are included in personnel services and related benefits expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The related revenues are included in the City revenues – on-behalf payments on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.



## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART II)

## MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND (GENERAL FUND) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Adopted Budget	Amended Budget	Actuals		Fa	Variance avorable/ nfavorable)
REVENUE						
City revenues - on-behalf payments	\$ 8,129,355	\$ 6,643,041	\$	6,288,686	\$	(354,355)
City revenues - general fund	969,868	969,868		969,868		-
Criminal Court costs/fees	750,000	344,800		374,690		29,890
Interest	600	800		833		33
Other income	108,000	110,000		117,364		7,364
Total Revenue	9,957,823	8,068,509		7,751,441		(317,068)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel costs	8,129,355	6,643,041		6,288,686		354,355
Operating services	959,868	870,868		815,214		55,654
Total Expenditures	9,089,223	7,513,909		7,103,900		410,009
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	868,600	554,600		647,541		92,941
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	4,773,445	4,773,445		5,521,104		(747,659)
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 5,642,045	\$ 5,328,045	\$	6,168,645	\$	840,600

## MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - PROBATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		dopted sudget							ariance vorable/
REVENUE	<u> </u>			_					
Probation fees	\$	70,000	\$	43,000	\$	46,747	\$	3,747	
Total Revenue		70,000		43,000		46,747		3,747	
EXPENDITURES									
Total Expenditures		-		-		-			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		70,000		43,000		46,747		3,747	
FUND BALANCE- Beginning of year		1,286,576		1,286,576		1,286,576			
FUND BALANCE-End of year	\$ 2	1,356,576	\$	1,329,576	\$	1,333,323	\$	3,747	

### MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL PROGRAMS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Adopted Budget	mended Budget	(B	Actuals Sudgetary Basis)	Fa	/ariance vorable/ favorable)
REVENUE		_					
Grant revenue	\$	553,895	\$ 474,000	\$	452,756	\$	(21,244)
Total Revenue		553,895	474,000		452,756		(21,244)
EXPENDITURES							
Total Expenditures		173,895	94,000		78,513		15,487
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		380,000	380,000		374,243		(5,757)
FUND BALANCE- Beginning of year		-	-		-		_
FUND BALANCE-End of year	\$	380,000	\$ 380,000	\$	374,243	\$	(5,757)
Net Changes in fund balances (budgetary basis)				\$	374,243		
Adjustments:  To adjust expenditures for unpaid invoices  To adjust revenues for accrued/deferred revenues for the changes in fund balances (GAAP basis)	nues			\$	(25,905) (364,169) (15,831)		



## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Custodial Funds					
	Fines and Fees Fund		Cash Bonds Fund		Tot	al Custodial Funds
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,556	\$	537,312	\$	650,868
Due from other governments		-		100		100
TOTAL ASSETS		113,556		537,412		650,968
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable		_		<u>-</u>		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		-
NET POSITION						
Restricted for individuals and other						
governments		113,556		537,412		650,968
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	113,556	\$	537,412	\$	650,968

### MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Fines and Fees Fund		Cash Bonds Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS:						
Contributions:						
Individuals for bonds	\$	-	\$	17,998	\$	17,998
Fines and fees collected for other agencies		1,305,321		-		1,305,321
Total Additions		1,305,321		17,998		1,323,319
DEDUCTIONS:						
Payments to City of New Orleans		823,940		-		823,940
Payments to other agencies		444,354		500		444,854
Payments to individuals		-		19,730		19,730
Bond forfeitures		-		7,725		7,725
Total Deductions		1,268,294		27,955		1,296,249
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		37,027		(9,957)		27,070
Net position - Beginning of year		76,529		547,369		623,898
Net Position - End of year	\$	113,556	\$	537,412	\$	650,968

# MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### **Agency Head Name: Judge Robert Jones**

	Amount			
Salary	\$	130,602		
Benefits-health insurance		9,000		
Benefits-retirement		59,276		
Workers comp		300		
Benefits-Fica & Medicare		1,829		
Cell phone		1,547		
Dues		1,035		
Per diem		1,747		
Registration fees		1,375		
Conference travel		7,095		
Total	\$	213,806		

### MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE - COLLECTING/DISBURSING ENTITY AS REQUIRED BY ACT 87 OF THE 2021 REGULAR LEGISLATIVE SESSION

	First Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2023		Second Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2023	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	91,130	\$	118,215
Add: Collections				
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		373,943		493,781
Criminal Fines - Other		362,965		483,695
Subtotal Collections		736,908		977,476
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:				
CITY OF NEW ORLEANS - Fines Other		355,210		468,729
APPLIED TECHNOLOGY SECTION - Court fees		3,181		3,282
CORONER'S OFFICE - Court fees		610		816
CRIMESTOPPERS- Court fees		5,464		7,219
CRIMINAL DISTRICT COURT - Court fees		13,675		18,108
DHH-TH/SCI T.F - Court fees		2,425		3,514
DISTRICT ATTORNEY OFFICE - Court fees		16,364		25,024
INDIGENT DEFENDER PROGRAM - Court fees		113,159		176,694
LOUISIANA COMMISSION OF LAW ENFOR Court fees		6,572		8,476
LA DEPT OF WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES - Court fees		-		10
JUDICIAL COLLEGE - Court fees		2,324		1,796
SUPREME COURT OF LOUISIANA (CMIS) - Court fees		24,775		10,870
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency				
MTCNO JEF - Court fees		126,409		181,239
Building fund		13,177		17,267
Probation fund		26,478		24,745
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies		-		
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage		709,823		947,789
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	\$	118,215	\$	147,902



## REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3850 North Causeway Boulevard Suite 1400 Two Lakeway Center Metairie, LA 70002

504.837.9116 504.837.0123 (fax) CRIcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Judges en banc of Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans (the Court), which comprise the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Court's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 19, 2024.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Court's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Metairie, LA

April 22, 2024

### MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

We have audited the basic financial statements of Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 2023 resulted in an unmodified opinion.

#### Section I: Summary of Auditors' Report

a. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Materia	l to the Financial Statements			
Internal Control:				
Material Weaknesses	No			
Significant Deficiencies	No			
Compliance:				
NonCompliance Material to Financial Statem	nents No			
b. Federal Awards				
There were no federal awards noted.				
SECTION II – DEFICIENCIES IDENTIFIED DURING THE AUDIT				

#### None noted.

**SECTION III – COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS** 

None noted.

MUNICIPAL AND TRAFFIC COURT OF NEW ORLEANS
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### SECTION II – DEFICIENCIES IDENTIFIED DURING THE AUDIT

#### 2022-001 Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Condition: In 2022, the Court received a reimbursement check for 2021 expenses paid by the Court that were ultimately reimbursable byt the City of New Orleans. This check was not deposited until July 2022.

Recommendation: It is recommended that the Court perform a more detailed review for accruals at year-end.

Status: Resolved.

#### 2022-002 Budget Compliance

Condition: For the year ended December 31, 2022, the General Fund and the Probation Fund both had budgeted revenues that exceeded actual revenues by more than 5 percent.

Recommendation: It is recommended that the Court amend budgets when the budgeted amount exceeds projected and actual amounts by more than 5 percent.

Status: Resolved.

#### **SECTION III – COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS**

None noted.



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3850 North Causeway Boulevard Suite 1400 Two Lakeway Center Metairie, LA 70002

504.837.9116 504.837.0123 (fax) CRIcpa.com

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Judges en banc of Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. The Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans' (the Court) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Court has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated results are as follows:

#### **Written Policies and Procedures**

- Obtain and inspect the Court's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the Court's operations:
  - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

e) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

f) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

h) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the Court's ethics policy.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

i) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

j) **Prevention of Sexual Harassment,** including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

#### **Bank Reconciliations**

2. Obtain a listing of Court's bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the Court's main operating account. Select the Court's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

Results: Exception noted. One reconciliation selected was prepared more than 2 months after the statement end date.

b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management or a Board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation within one month of the date the reconciliation was prepared (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

#### Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

3. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

4. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or custodial fund additions is (are) not also responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

5. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was in force during the fiscal period.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

- 6. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for Bank Reconciliation #2a (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
  - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

Results: Exception noted. One deposit selected was not made within one business day of receipt at the collection location.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

### Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

7. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

- 8. For each location selected under #7 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, then inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order or making the purchase.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedures.

e) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

9. For each location selected under #7 above, obtain the Court's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the Court.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #8, as applicable.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

10. Using the Court's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure 2A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the Court's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the Court's policy. If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected, the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

#### Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement). Obtain supporting documentation, and:
  - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder, and

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to inspection). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and observe whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

#### Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, and obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii); and

d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

#### **Contracts**

15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

#### **Payroll and Personnel**

16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

a) Observe all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the Court's cumulative leave records, and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials and obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the Court's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee's or official's cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee's or official's authorized pay rates in the employee's or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to Court policy.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel", obtain ethics documentation from management and:
  - a) Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170, and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) Observe whether the Court maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the Court's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

21. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S.42:1170

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

#### **Fraud Notice**

22. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the Court reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the Court is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

23. Observe the Court has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

#### Information Technology Disaster Recovery/ Business Continuity

24. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."

Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

a.) Obtain and inspect the Court's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred (1) within the past week, (2) was not stored on the government's local server or network, and (3) was encrypted.

#### Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

b.) Obtain and inspect the District Attorney's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, then inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

#### Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

c.) Obtain a listing of the Court's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

#### Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

25. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the terminated list of employees obtained in procedure 18. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

#### Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #16, obtain cybersecurity training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates that the following employees/officials with access to the agency's information technology assets have completed cybersecurity training as required by R.S 42:1267. The requirements are as follows:
  - Hired before June 9, 2020 completed the training; and
  - Hired on or after June 9, 2020 completed the training within 30 days of initial service or employment

Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

#### **Prevention of Sexual Harassment**

27. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and

observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

28. Observe the Court has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the Court's premises if the Court does not have a website).

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

29. Obtain the Court's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.

We were engaged by the Court to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

April 22, 2024

Metairie, Louisiana

Carr, Riggs & Chapan, L.L.C.

April 22, 2024

Louisiana Legislative Auditor 1600 North 3<sup>rd</sup> Street P.O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

And

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3850 N. Causeway Blvd Ste 1400 Two Lakeway Metairie, LA 70002

RE: Management's Response to Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans

Dear Sirs and Madams:

The Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans will review policies and procedures regarding the comments for each financial function and make appropriate changes that will improve internal controls in each area that are cost effective and within our budget constraints.

Sincerely,