

**City of New Orleans**

**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**

**DECEMBER 31, 2022**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2022**  
**(WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON)**



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## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE  
**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**

LATOYA CANTRELL  
MAYOR

NORMAN L. WHITE  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The Honorable Mayor and City Council  
City of New Orleans, LA

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The ACFR is provided to give detailed information about the financial position and activities of the City to citizens, City Council, City staff and other readers. City management is responsible for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentations, including all disclosures. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the City. These financial statements have been prepared by the City's Department of Finance, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments.

The City's financial statements and related notes have been audited by the independent firm of Certified Public Accountants, Carr, Riggs, and Ingram. This audit satisfies Section 6-108 of the City Charter, which requires an audit of all accounts of the City by an independent Certified Public Accountant. The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's 2 CFR Part 200 (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, and the auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations is issued in a separate report prepared by Bruno & Tervalon LLP.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report. It provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

### **THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES**

New Orleans, the largest city in Louisiana, was founded in 1718 and incorporated in 1805. The City's system of government is established by its Home Rule Charter which became effective in 1954. The Louisiana Constitution prohibits the state legislature from enacting any law affecting the structure, organization, or distribution of the powers and functions of any local subdivision which operates under a Home Rule Charter. The City's Home Rule Charter may be amended only by a vote of a majority of qualified voters in the City, voting at an election called by the City Council on its own initiative, or upon receipt of a petition of not less than ten thousand registered voters.

The City has a Mayor-Council form of government. The Mayor is elected for a four-year term and is limited to two consecutive terms. The Mayor appoints the Chief Administrative Officer, who is the principal assistant and budget officer for the City. The City has executive departments and numerous affiliated boards and commissions and provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, sanitation services, the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, and recreational activities and cultural events. The Council is the legislative body of the City government and is comprised of five Council members elected from five geographic districts and two members elected at large. All Council members are limited to four-year terms. Laws are enacted through Council ordinance. The Council adopts the City's annual capital and operating budgets. Ordinances of the Council may be vetoed by the Mayor. Vetoes may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of the Council.

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The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component units in conformity with GASB Statement No. 61. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable, or the relationship to the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed in this letter are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

An explanation of the accounting policies of the City is contained in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The basis of accounting, fund structure, and other significant information on financial policies is explained in detail in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Current Louisiana law provides for the creation of several districts, offices and independently elected public officials for the provision of certain services at the parish level. Examples would include the Orleans Parish School Board, the New Orleans Assessor, the Orleans Parish Sheriff's Office and the Clerk of Court. These officials prepare their own budgets and operate independently of the City. The results of operations of those offices are not included in this report because there is a lack of financial accountability of these offices on the part of the City's elected officials.

## **YEAR IN REVIEW AND MAJOR INITIATIVES**

The City of New Orleans announced several administration and City department accomplishments aligned with Mayor LaToya Cantrell's top priorities: public safety as a matter of public health, programming for youth and families, expanding affordable housing options, combating homelessness, identifying economic development opportunities, improving critical infrastructure, upgrading City services, and increasing resilience and sustainability in all communities.

Mayor Cantrell directly fought for federal funding as part of President Biden's American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), resulting in the City receiving a second payment of \$155 million, bringing the total received to \$349 million. This one-time funding will be used on projects that will improve the quality of life and development of communities in all areas of the city. Although residents and local government continued to experience the lasting impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, the City is in strong fiscal shape heading into 2023 following the passing of a \$1.4 billion budget earlier this month.

### **PUBLIC SAFETY:**

The Cantrell Administration has also continued its focus on addressing crime, resulting in statistical reductions over the last three months. The New Orleans Police Department (NOPD) implemented policy and procedural changes and reformed its Public Integrity Bureau with guidance from national consultants. Mayor Cantrell most recently led the passing of a groundbreaking \$32.5 million recruitment and retention package that includes bonuses for officers according to years served. Mayor Cantrell also appointed Interim Superintendent Michelle Woodfork to lead the department.

### **Key accomplishments include:**

- Seventy-five commissioned officers were redeployed to increase patrol activity
- The new Citizens Academy created 75 civilian jobs to handle non-violent incidents and lessen the burden on officers
- 2,456 illegal guns were removed from the streets
- Total crimes against persons down 15 percent in the 4th Quarter of 2022

- Response time for emergency calls steadily improved since April
- Department purchased 75 public safety vehicles to add to the fleet
- NOPD's technology network bandwidth upgraded for remote accessibility
- Completed construction of the new state-of-the-art \$3.7 million firing range housed at the Municipal Training Academy in New Orleans East, in addition to the new Criminal Evidence and Processing Complex

The New Orleans Fire Department (NOFD) graduated 66 firefighters from the Fire Academy this year and procured new equipment that includes four ladder trucks, one pump, and one rescue unit. The NOFD has taken several measures to protect firefighters by making cancer prevention a top priority because of the greater risk, securing more personal protection equipment (PPE) and by expanding decontamination procedures.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- The department responded to 1,603 fires, 29,136 medical incidents, 1,547 hazardous material incidents, and installed 1,247 smoke alarms in homes across the city
- The department completed 3 station renovations

The New Orleans Emergency Medical Services (EMS) established the Trauma Blood Program, one of only a handful in the country, and was awarded \$5.7 million in federal funding to purchase new ambulances, rescue vehicles, and medical and educational equipment.

New Orleans Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness (NOHSEP) Department continued its mission of preparing for and responding to disasters.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- Responded to tornado that impacted the Algiers community, and the arctic air mass winter weather emergency
- Prior to the start of hurricane season, partnered with community organizations to distribute hurricane preparedness supplies to over 2,000 families
- Localized a network of 20 weather STEM weather stations for more accurate forecasting which is available at [weatherwise.nola.gov](http://weatherwise.nola.gov)
- Enhanced post-emergency generator capacity on 15 City buildings and the Convention Center for Emergency Resources Centers and post-storm response efforts

The Orleans Parish Communications District (OPCD) successfully upgraded 9-1-1 resiliency, reliability and increased location accuracy, which was tested and passed during the recent severe weather events.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- OPCD worked to secure the successful passage of HB392 that designates 9-1-1 professionals as first responders
- OPCD Training Academy received accreditation and certification by an international standard writing body

## **PUBLIC HEALTH:**

The strong leadership and proactive responses of the New Orleans Health Department (NOHD) continued to tackle the pandemic and averted the Monkeypox crisis due to swift mobilization and partnership with state and federal stakeholders.

### **Key accomplishments include:**

- New Orleans boasts the highest COVID-19 vaccination rate in the state with 72 percent of total population completely vaccinated
- Over 5,400 Monkeypox vaccinations were completed in Region 1, which includes Orleans, Jefferson, St. Bernard, and Plaquemines Parishes, keeping Region 1's number of cases at only 200
- NOHD hosted 47 trainings for 400 participants on CPR, naloxone (Narcan), and Stop the Bleed and distributed nearly 1,500 doses of naloxone
- Coordinated 68 public health outreach and cleaning efforts at homeless encampments

## **YOUTH AND FAMILIES:**

The Mayor's Office of Youth and Families (OYF) continues to coordinate and promote educational and job skills programs for youth in addition to leadership and parenting skills. The Cantrell Administration spearheaded the voters' approved \$21 million annual allotment toward early childhood education and helped to secure a total of \$53 million in investments for youth as displayed on the Youth Spend tool.

### **Key accomplishments include:**

- Established the first-ever guaranteed income program in New Orleans to provide 125 young adults who are disconnected from work or school with \$350 a month
- 41 participants completed the 12-week paid Jumpstart program
- Graduated 13 participants from the Pathways program in 2022, bringing the total number of graduates to 72
- Graduated 17 Pathways alumni from the recently launched Leadership Training module

## **HOUSING AND HOMELESSNESS:**

Affordable housing remains a priority of the Cantrell Administration and the results are real.

### **Key accomplishments include:**

- Over 2,000 affordable housing units have been built since 2018
- In 2022, the City invested \$6.8 million, bringing 500 affordable housing units online
- The City's Eviction Diversion program, the first in Louisiana, was nationally recognized by receiving the Legal Service Innovation Award
- Invested more than \$13 million in housing down payment assistance programs
- Distributed \$71 million in rental and utility assistance to over 17,000 households during the pandemic

- Invested \$7.6 million for homeownership programs

This administration continues to address the City’s homeless population and provide supportive services that include sheltering and health and wellness programming.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- City combined access to the temporary shelter with access to health care, transitional housing, and a detox center
- Since 2018, 495 people have been transitioned into permanent housing

**ECONOMIC AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT:**

Since taking office in 2018, one primary focus of the Cantrell Administration has been to diversify and grow the local economy. This includes advancement, investments and job training opportunities in technology, healthcare, renewable energy, and the cultural economy.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- Recently announced Biomedical Epicenter where health care, education and job creation converge will position New Orleans as a global center of excellence in healthcare specialties
- Invested \$5 million toward AdvancingCities work in Blue-Green economy
- Supported initiatives for green energy to include Offshore Wind policy and workforce development, energy transition and production, transmission, and storage
- Spearheaded the passing of the BioDistrict tax increment financing (TIF) district
- Worked with GNO Inc. to secure a \$50 million grant from the U.S. Department of Commerce for research and workforce development focused on the production and usage of hydrogen

The Office of Cultural Economy (OCE) remains committed to promoting and preserving culture-bearers and creators. This is accomplished through year-round cultural events and various grant and funding opportunities.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- Invested \$700,000 in resources to support OCE partnered/sponsored cultural events that have generated economic profit greater than pre-pandemic levels
- 4th largest major film production hub in the U.S. – Film New Orleans companies invested \$884 million to directly support a workforce of 2,000 union crew members (90 percent local) and film-related businesses
- New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund awarded \$5.5 million in grants

The Office of Workforce Development’s main objective is growing the local workforce and providing training opportunities for individuals.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- \$1.5 million investment received to create the Mayor's Strike Team
- JOB1 provided over 929 new job seekers with employment and training services, placed over 1,000 job seekers in employment with 172 new employers

- Employed 506 youth in the Mayor’s 2022 Summer Youth Employment Program
- Received \$2.9 million Comprehensive and Accessible Reemployment Through Equitable Employment Recovery (CAREERS) Grant to enroll recently incarcerated participants to gain skills in priority industries as stated in the City GETP as well as unhoused individuals

**INFRASTRUCTURE:**

The administration has made significant progress this year in tackling aging infrastructure.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- Sewerage Water Board of New Orleans (SWBNO) broke ground on Phase I of the West Power Complex Substation at a cost of \$34 million
- The Capital Projects Administration completed 20 facility projects valued at \$66.2 million.
- Continued the \$2.4 billion FEMA funded Joint Infrastructure Recovery Response program administered by the Department of Public Works (DPW) and SWBNO
- DPW processed and routed over 300 contracts including: emergency traffic signal repairs, streetlight repair and rehabilitation services, emergency drainage assessment and cleaning, streetlight management services, and emergency catch basin repairs
- DPW completed 14 roadwork projects valued at \$97 million and repaired more than 6,000 potholes on nearly 400 city blocks
- DPW contractors currently working on 55 roads, encompassing 2,800 city blocks, valued at \$615 million
- Parks and Parkways planted 1,228 new trees across the city, and launched the \$1 million Citywide Tree Planting Project, consisting of 1,165 trees, currently underway.

**RESILIENCY AND SUSTAINABILITY:**

New Orleans remains on the frontlines of climate change.

**Key accomplishments include:**

- Office of Resilience and Sustainability (ORS) released updated Climate Action Plan highlighting the initiatives in place to tackle the climate crisis and outlining ambitious goals to reduce our greenhouse gas emissions and achieve Net Zero, or carbon neutrality, by 2050
- Mayor’s Office of Transportation partnered with Entergy New Orleans to construct 30 electric vehicle (EV) charging stations in 25 locations as part of the Climate Action for a Resilient New Orleans strategy

## **CITY SERVICES:**

Major upgrades were implemented to sanitation and transportation services to help improve the quality of life for all residents. The City also continued an aggressive plan to remove blighted properties from neighborhoods.

### **Key accomplishments include:**

- Signed, executed, and received funding approval for two new curbside collection contracts for Service Areas 2 and 3, and restarted recycling in Service Areas 1, 2 and 3
- Introduced new equipment types to curbside collection with real-time GPS tracking system, 360-degree view camera system, and route management technology
- Removed and transported 26,638 waste tires from public right of ways for recycling
- Supported New Links launch of new RTA routes and schedules to reduce wait times and transit times
- Office of Code Enforcement (OCE) completed 101 demolitions across the city, including several high-profile, long-blighted properties like the abandoned La Quinta Inn in New Orleans East
- OCE cut 3,100 lots, which is over 50 percent more than last year

## **FINANCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE**

On June 28, 2019, the City of New Orleans, under the leadership of Chief Financial Officer Norman White, completed a two year long financial infrastructure project of updating the City's Financial Systems from four (Great Plains, Buyspeed, ECMS, and FrX) to one INFOR CloudSuite Financials, which is affectionately nicknamed BRASS (Budgeting, Requisition & Accounting Services System) internally. BRASS encompasses asset, budget control, cash, close, contract, general ledger, payables, project/grant, reporting, and supply (requisition/purchase order) management modules, with onboarding of billing & receivables modules by early 2024. This migration into one inclusive ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning) system has proven to be very beneficial, especially in the wake of the December 2019 Cyber-Security incident that the City of New Orleans experienced.

## **LOUIS ARMSTRONG INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT**

The Airport is the primary commercial airport in the state of Louisiana serving over 80% of all passengers flying into the state. Armstrong International Airport is owned by the City of New Orleans. The New Orleans Aviation Board, an unattached board of the City of New Orleans, oversees administration, operation and maintenance of Armstrong International. The Airport had 17 airlines providing service to 56 nonstop destinations, including 6 international destinations in 2022.

All 17 commercial airlines at the Airport operate from the North Terminal located at 1 Terminal Drive, Kenner, LA. The terminal is approximately 972,000 square-foot featuring three concourses, 35 gates, two parking garages, a surface parking lot next to the terminal and a remote economy garage with shuttle service. It was built with the passenger experience in mind, and contains state-of-the-art elements such as an efficient inline baggage screening system and a consolidated checkpoint through which all passengers will have access to more than 40 different food and retail concessions once beyond security.

Passenger totals for 2022 increased to 11,864,527 (47.1%), from 8,066,869 passengers in 2021, due to increases in air travel. Passenger aircraft operations increased from 74,040 operations in 2021 to 98,567 in 2022 (33.1%). Aircraft landed weights increased from 5,365,624 in 2021 to 7,352,552 in 2022 (37.0%).

The Airport budgeted for an increase in 2023 non-airline revenue compared to 2022, going from \$50.3 million to \$62.5 million, tallying to a \$12.2 million (approx. 24%) increase over the previous year's budget. This is attributed to the expectation that passenger traffic will return to pre-pandemic levels soon.

Compared to the 2022 budget, the Airport proposed an increase in the 2023 operating expenses of \$4.3 million (approx. 6%). This is driven primarily by increases in salaries and fringes, utilities, and insurance based on the current insurance market.

The Airport continues to budget and maintain a competitive total cost per enplanement (CPE) rate. The Airport is projecting that the CPE for the 2023 will be \$5.99. This CPE is well under the Airport's goal of maintaining a CPE of less than \$10.

## THE PORT OF NEW ORLEANS

The Port of New Orleans is a diverse deep-water port uniquely located on the Mississippi River near the Gulf of Mexico. This naturally strategic location allows unparalleled access to 30-plus major inland hubs such as Memphis, Chicago and Canada via 14,500 miles of waterways, six Class I railroads and interstate roadways. The alignment with New Orleans Public Belt Railroad strengthens our position as an integrated hub and supports our vision for regional freight-based economic development.

Port NOLA generates approximately \$100 million in revenue annually through our **four lines of business — cargo, rail, industrial real estate and cruises**. As a self-sustaining political subdivision of the State of Louisiana, we receive zero tax dollars.

Port NOLA's mission is to drive economic prosperity throughout our tri-parish jurisdiction: Jefferson, Orleans and St. Bernard. We collaborate with state and local partners to ensure that we can continue to be a vital link to the world for businesses and consumers — throughout Louisiana and beyond.

Port NOLA offers a **diverse cargo profile** to serve our global supply chain partners, including container, breakbulk, heavy lift, temperature-sensitive cargo and bulk transload.

Cruising from New Orleans continues to grow in popularity with year-round ocean and inland river cruise itineraries. Cruise line commitment, proximity to New Orleans amenities and attractions, a thriving international airport and large drive-in market position Port NOLA for more cruise industry growth.

Port NOLA handled more than **1 million cruise passenger movements** five years in a row — that's equal to the population of six parishes in the metro New Orleans area, including Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. James and St. John.

## LOOKING FORWARD

As our city moved forward into 2023, the Cantrell Administration continued to be upfront and honest about the challenges that we face. Amid dealing with the Cyber Security Attack in December 2019, then rolling into a very unprecedented Mardi Gras season of 2020 that eventually led into the COVID-19 pandemic declared in March 2020, this made the City of New Orleans, one of the tourism mecca cities in the United States, more aware of our reduced revenue streams as a result of COVID-19. We are, however, very grateful for the CARES Act funding received in 2020, and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 funding received in May 2021 and June 2022. The Cantrell Administration will still ensure that the City of New Orleans continues to receive her fair share of all funding.

The Cantrell Administration's 2023 goals are public safety as a matter of public health, programming for youth and families, expanding affordable housing options, combating homelessness, identifying economic development opportunities, improving critical infrastructure, upgrading City services, and increasing resilience and sustainability in all communities. In addition, moving forward, the Cantrell administration will continue to work what it ended in the fourth year, keeping the momentum going through her second term, while putting an even sharper focus on the following challenges:

- Public Safety
- Public Health
- Youth in Families
- Housing and Homelessness
- Economic and Workforce Development
- Infrastructure
- Resiliency and Sustainability
- City Services

### **FINANCIAL CONTROLS**

The City's administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

### **BUDGETARY PROCEDURES**

The City's Charter requires the annual preparation of a balanced operating budget. It prohibits the Department of Finance from approving any expenditure under any portion of the annual operating budget unless sufficient revenues have been appropriated by the City Council to finance the proposed expenditure. The City Council is required to appropriate the necessary tax and other revenue measures to produce a balanced budget. In addition, no budgeted expenditures may be made unless authorized by the Mayor or the Chief Administrative Officer through an allotment system.

The City monitors revenues and expenditures closely during the year. Transfers within the budget are adopted by the City Council when necessary to increase or curtail budgeted expenditures to ensure a balanced budget.

The City maintains budgetary controls at the departmental level by cost object classification and allocates appropriations on a quarterly basis. The City's Home Rule Charter specifies three cost object classifications: personal services, other operating expenses, and debt service. Although all expenditures are recorded at the individual line-item level, they are summarized for reporting purposes in these three expenditure classifications.

Encumbrances are recorded via an online processing system. If sufficient funds are not available to cover a purchase, the requisition is rejected and returned to the originating department for appropriation or allotment changes, transfer of funds or cancellations. Appropriations may be amended through council action during the year and all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Neither the City Charter nor state law, allow deficit spending. The Department of Finance can control all the above through a computerized financial management system, BRASS, and the use of a departmental budget.

The Mayor's 2022 Budget was prepared using a process called Budgeting for Outcomes (BFO). BFO is designed to improve services and get a better return on investment of public dollars. BFO starts with a set of results that matter to citizens and encourage creative ways of achieving them within the resources available. In line with the Mayor's budgeting principles, BFO emphasizes accountability, innovation and teamwork. Like performance budgeting, BFO focuses on what the public receives, how much it costs and how outcomes will be measured. BFO starts with the results citizens want from their City government and works to align those priorities with the budget decision- making process.

### **CAPITAL BUDGET**

The Mayor, on an annual basis, recommends to the City Council a capital improvement program for the next five years and a capital budget, by project, for the first year of the program. The City Council is obligated to approve a capital budget program and adopt a capital budget before it adopts the annual operating budget. The capital program and budget must show the amounts and sources of money for each project. The amounts budgeted constitute appropriations from the funds indicated when they become available. Expenditures for capital projects are made through the capital projects fund, and any matching funding sources.

### **BUDGETARY AND FINANCIAL REPORTING**

The fund structure by which the financial transactions of the City of New Orleans are recorded is defined on Article VI Chapter 1 and 2 of the Home Rule Charter. All general governmental functions other than debt service and capital improvements are accounted for in the general fund. Encumbrances of the current year are recorded as obligations against budgetary appropriations. Appropriations neither encumbered nor expended lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

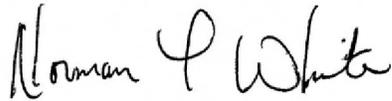
## **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is self-insured for its hospitalization benefit program, workers compensation, motor vehicle fleet, general liability, and police department excessive force losses. Premiums are charged to the City's various funds for the unemployment and worker's compensation programs and to employees and the City's various funds for the hospitalization program. In addition, the City's Risk Management Division works toward reducing the number of claims and lawsuits, shorten length of time in which a claim is processed or resolved, and provides investigations and support services and employs various risk control techniques.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the patience and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department; however, a special word of appreciation is due to the Bureau of Accounting staff and support staff, who prepared this financial report while coping with the hectic day-to-day work which must be done. We would also like to express our appreciation to the staff of other departments, boards, and agencies of the City who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Finally, we would like to acknowledge the helpful suggestions and support received from the Mayor, CAO, and staff members of the City Council and Council Audit Committee, as their support is greatly appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,



Norman L. White  
Chief Financial Officer



Freda G. Richardson-Taylor  
Comptroller

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

Government Officials – Elected

December 31, 2022

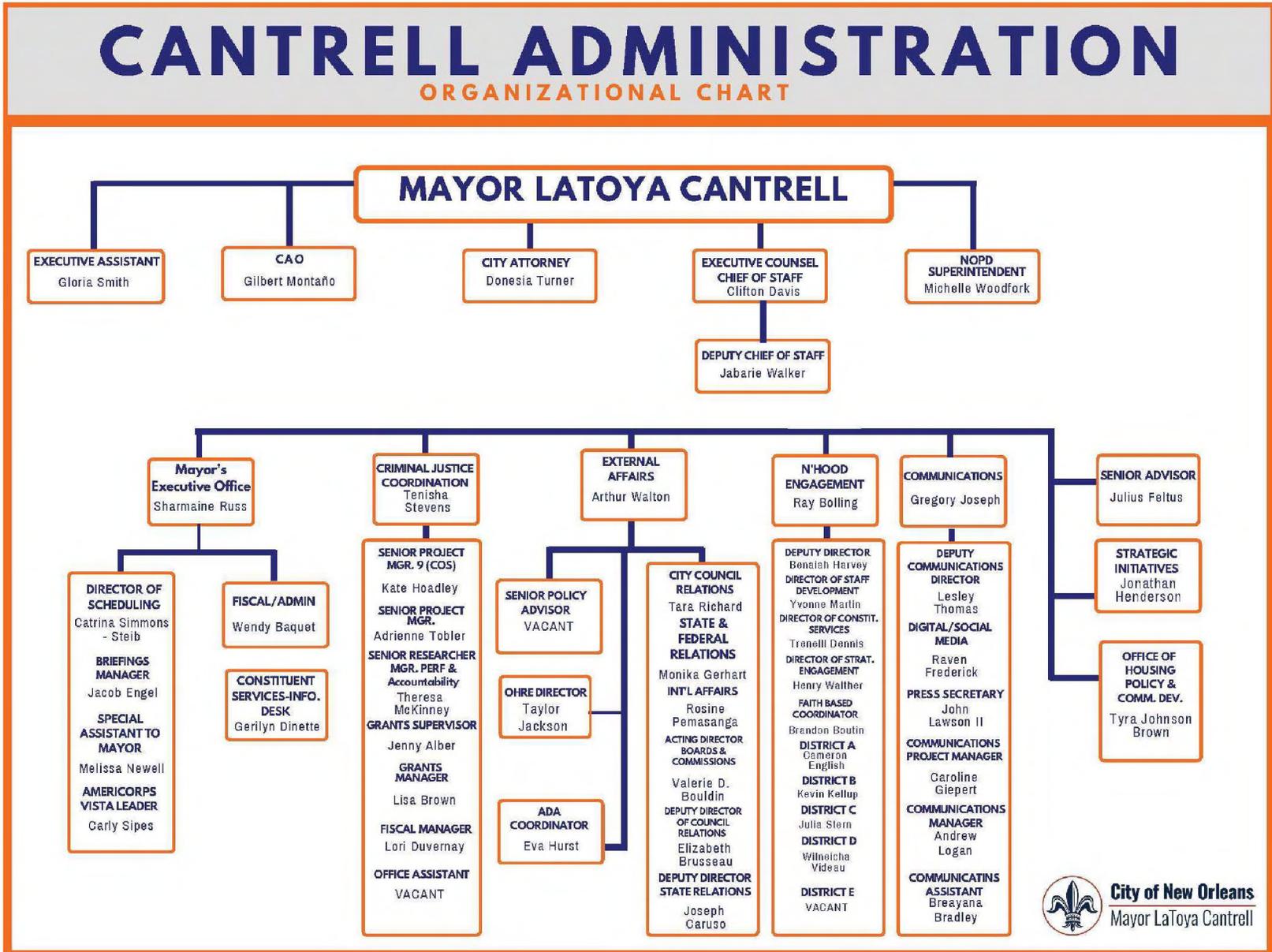
**Mayor**

Honorable Latoya Cantrell

**City Council**

Councilmember-at-Large	Ms. Helena Moreno
Councilmember-at-Large	Mr. Jean-Paul (JP) Morrell
Councilmember – District A	Mr. Joseph I. Giarrusso
Councilmember – District B	Ms. Lesli D. Harris
Councilmember – District C	Mr. Freddie King
Councilmember – District D	Mr. Eugene J. Green
Councilmember – District E	Mr. Oliver M. Thomas

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
New Orleans City Government Organizational Chart



## **FINANCIAL SECTION**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Honorable Mayor and Members  
City Council of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Audubon Commission, Sewerage and Water Board, Downtown Development District, New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund, Orleans Parish Communication District, New Orleans Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation, French Market Corporation, New Orleans Building Corporation, Parking Facilities Corporation, and Orleans Parish Hospital Service District A, which represent 73% and 81% respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units; the Firefighters' Old and New Systems, the Police Pension Fund, and the Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans, which represent 86% of the assets and 2% of the additions and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information; and the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, which represents 63% and 50% of assets and revenues of the debt service fund, respectively. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Audubon Commission, Sewerage and Water Board, Downtown Development District, New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund, Orleans Parish Communication District, New Orleans Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation, French Market Corporation, New Orleans Building Corporation, Parking Facilities Corporation, Orleans Parish Hospital Service District A, the Firefighters' Old and New Systems, the Police Pension Fund, the Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans, and the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Change in Accounting Principle***

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, in 2022 the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS No. 87, *Leases*, which resulted in no cumulative effect of change to the December 31, 2021 fund balance and net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### ***Emphasis of Matters***

#### ***Funding of the Firefighters Pension and Relief Fund of the City of New Orleans***

As discussed in Note 8 to the basic financial statements, actual contributions made by the City to the Firefighters Pension and Relief Fund – Old System (Old System) are made based on amounts necessary to pay current expenses, and, in effect, is being funded on a “pay-as-you-go” basis. City contributions were used to fund benefit payments of the current period. Without adequate contributions, the Old System will not be able to pay benefit and other payments due in fiscal year 2023. The total pension liability of the Old System, based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 used to determine the City's 2022 net pension liability, exceeded the fund's fiduciary net position by \$102,604,000, resulting in a funded ratio of 7.74%.

Additionally, as discussed in Note 8 to the basic financial statements, the total pension liability of the Firefighters Pension and Relief Fund – New System (New System), based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 used to determine the City's 2022 net pension liability, exceeded the New System's fiduciary net position by \$355,980,000, resulting in a funded ratio of 12.93%. A significant portion of the New System's investments are long-term positions and are not liquid. This may have a negative impact on future cash flows. Additional employer contributions may be required to fund benefit payments and other plan deductions in upcoming years.

Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5–15, the budgetary comparison information on page 79-80, and the required supplementary pension and OPEB information on pages 81-86 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic

financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### ***Other Information***

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.*

New Orleans, Louisiana  
July 28, 2023

## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

# CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2022

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the City's basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements.

### Financial Highlights

- The City's net position on the government-wide basis was approximately \$816.87 million at December 31, 2022.
- The government-wide statement of activities reported an increase in net position of approximately \$299.4 million.
- 2022 general fund tax revenues increased by approximately \$62.2 million or 14.09% compared to 2021.
- The general fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$167.8 million for a total ending fund balance at December 31, 2022 of \$403.3 million. The general fund's unassigned fund balance at December 31, 2022 is \$245.1 million.
- Total governmental funds reported a decrease in fund balance of \$61.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2022, a 110.6% decrease over the prior year.
- Total cash and investments of governmental funds amounted to \$1.06 billion at December 31, 2022, an increase of \$.5 million compared to December 31, 2021.
- Total bonded debt amounted to approximately \$812.1 million, a decrease of approximately \$192.6 million from the beginning of the year total.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information to provide greater detail of data presented in the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
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The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, health and human services, culture and recreation, urban development and housing, and economic development. All of the business-type activities of the City are undertaken through component units, which are presented separately.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund activities focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 156 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for its five major funds: General Fund, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Federal Department of Treasury. Data from the other governmental funds are combined under the heading "Non-major Governmental Funds."

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
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**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Required Supplementary Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information to demonstrate legal budgetary compliance for each major fund for which an annual budget is adopted and to provide information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

**Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted previously, net position over time, may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$816.86 million at December 31, 2022.

<b>Net Position</b>		
December 31, 2022 and 2021		
(Amounts in thousands)		
	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Current and other assets	1,180,021	1,218,178
Capital assets	2,262,603	2,098,531
Total assets	3,442,624	3,316,709
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	205,831	180,369
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	34,660	41,488
Deferred loss on bond refunding	2,760	3,229
Total deferred outflows	243,251	225,086
Long-term liabilities	2,413,158	2,616,875
Other liabilities	336,566	228,153
Total liabilities	2,749,724	2,845,028
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	73,631	163,028
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	38,615	14,505
Deferred gain on bond refunding	376	478
Deferred amounts related to leases	6,654	-
Unavailable revenue	-	1,248
Total deferred inflows	119,276	179,259
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	1,203,318	1,409,432
Restricted	420,359	671,265
Unrestricted (deficit)	(806,803)	(1,563,189)
Total net position (deficit)	816,875	517,508

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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The City's statement of net position reflects its net investment in capital assets of approximately \$1.11 billion at December 31, 2022. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided for by other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Debt service funds have accumulated \$84.9 million at December 31, 2022 to provide for the servicing of annual interest and principal payments on bonds and are classified in restricted net position. The unrestricted deficit net position in the amount of \$806.8 million is due to the City's recording of long-term obligations including claims and judgments, liabilities, and accrued annual and sick leave. The unrestricted deficit decreased by \$756.3 million, which is primarily due to the change in overall net position described below.

**Governmental Activities**

Total revenue increased by \$76.8 million or 5.8% from \$1.32 billion in 2021 to \$1.40 billion in 2022. This increase is primarily attributable to \$68 million of charges for services under general government; \$54 million of increased sales taxes remitted in the categories of general, motor vehicle, hotel/motel, and consumer, which are a direct result of the City of New Orleans tourism industry resurgence post COVID-19.

Total expenses were \$1.101 billion in 2022, an increase of \$101.1 million, or 10.12%, compared to \$999.9 million in 2021. General government expense increased \$55.0 million, or 15.1%, from \$363.9 million in 2021 to \$418.9 million in 2022. Urban development and housing expense decreased \$8.0 million, or 11.25%, from \$71.4 million in 2021 to \$63.4 million in 2022. This increase is primarily due to an increase of grants received post COVID-19 and ARPA, which entitled the City of New Orleans to incur more expenses in 2022 than in 2021.

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A comparison of 2022 to 2021 is as follows (amounts are reported in thousands):

**Statement of Activities Comparison**  
Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2,021</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	310,360	242,053
Operating grants and contributions	321,544	312,844
Capital grants and contributions	150,276	208,986
General revenues:		
Property taxes	258,397	274,802
Sales taxes	273,023	218,860
Other taxes	67,401	52,447
Interest Revenue	15,962	7,871
Unrestricted investment income	5,354	5,764
Forgiveness of debt	-	-
Legal settlement	-	-
Property donation (note 6)	-	-
Miscellaneous	(715)	-
Loss on disposal of assets	-	-
Total revenues	<u>1,400,407</u>	<u>1,323,627</u>
Expenses:		
General government	418,858	363,892
Public safety	319,795	310,708
Public works	167,867	138,974
Health and human services	42,562	40,285
Culture and recreation	35,684	29,528
Urban development and housing	63,369	71,399
Economic development	10,039	12,198
Interest and fiscal changes	42,867	32,871
Total expenses	<u>1,101,040</u>	<u>999,855</u>
Change in net position	299,367	323,772
Net position beginning of year	<u>517,508</u>	<u>193,736</u>
Net position, ending	<u>816,875</u>	<u>517,508</u>

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
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**Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of the fund balance which has not yet been limited in use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Council.

At December 31, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$707.3 million, a decrease of \$61.2 million in comparison with the prior year. Included in this amount is an unassigned fund balance of \$161.9 million. The remainder of the fund balance is either restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) restricted for particular purposes (\$420.4 million), 2) committed for particular purposes (\$91.5 million), or 3) assigned for particular purposes (\$33.6 million).

**General Fund**

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At December 31, 2022, the general fund's fund balance increased by \$167.8 million from \$235.5 million in 2021, to 403.28 million in 2022. Key factors relative to this change are as follows:

- Expenditures increased in 2022 to \$632.07 million compared to \$583.38 million in 2021, an increase of \$48.66 million, which represents an 8.4% increase in expenditures. Debt service expenditures accounted for 30.45% of that increase due to the implementation of the GASB 87 Lease standard.
- Taxes revenues increased by \$62.21 million or 14% as compared to 2021. The increase is due primarily to increased sales taxes remitted in the categories of general, motor vehicle, hotel/motel, and consumer, which are a direct result of the City of New Orleans tourism industry resurgence post COVID-19.
- Charges for service revenues in the general fund increased by \$11.04 million in 2022 compared to 2021 primarily due to \$4.8 million in Sanitation Service Charges, \$3.7 million of Indirect Costs, and the remaining \$2.54 million from increased filming fees, parking meters, and property/sales tax collection fees.
- Fines and fees revenues in the general fund increased by \$1.51 million in 2022 compared to 2021 primarily due to the decrease in traffic due to the COVID-19 pandemic which resulted in business and school closures and reduced enforcement of traffic laws.
- Miscellaneous revenues decreased from \$33.1 million in 2021 to \$22.4 million in 2022, a decrease of \$10.72 million or 32.38% compared to 2021 due to several factors including sundry, building and rents, insurance proceeds, and reimbursement for special activity.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
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The accompanying table shows the amount (in thousands) of general fund revenues by source for 2022 and 2021.

<b>Revenues and Other Financing Sources</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>% of</b>	<b>Increase (Decrease)</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>% of</b>
	<b>Actual</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Over 2021</b>	<b>Actual</b>	<b>Total</b>
Taxes	\$ 503,706	62.93%	\$ 62,207	\$ 441,499	64.99%
Licenses and permits	84,493	10.56	27,481	57,012	8.39
Intergovernmental	54,303	6.78	11,648	42,655	6.28
Charges for services	96,363	12.04	11,040	85,323	12.56
Fines and forfeits	23,085	2.88	1,513	21,572	3.18
Interest income	6,928	0.87	5,829	1,099	0.16
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	—	-	-	—
Miscellaneous and other	22,380	2.80	(10,716)	33,096	4.87
Other financing sources (uses), net	9,165	1.16	12,112	(2,947)	(0.43)
	<u>\$ 800,423</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 121,114</u>	<u>\$ 679,309</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

The accompanying table shows the amount (in thousands) of general fund expenditures by function for 2022 and 2021.

<b>Expenditures</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>% of</b>	<b>Increase (Decrease)</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>% of</b>
	<b>Actual</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Over 2021</b>	<b>Actual</b>	<b>Total</b>
General government	\$ 290,526	45.92%	\$ 28,953	\$ 261,573	44.84%
Public safety	187,002	29.56	(9,539)	196,541	33.69
Public works	85,042	13.44	17,368	67,674	11.60
Health and human services	25,804	4.08	2,685	23,119	3.96
Culture and recreation	32,714	5.17	6,714	26,000	4.46
Urban development and housing	-	—	-	-	—
Capital Outlays	596	0.09	81	515	0.09
Debt service	10,985	1.74	3,027	7,958	4.36
	<u>\$ 632,668</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 49,288</u>	<u>\$ 583,380</u>	<u>103.0%</u>

**FEMA Fund**

The FEMA Fund primarily accounts for grants received from the federal government as a result of Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Gustav. FEMA, as authorized by the Stafford Act, assists individuals as well as state and local governments with response to and recovery from disasters. The FEMA grants are reimbursement basis grants where expenditures and related revenues have been accrued. The deficit in the FEMA fund at December 31, 2021 is primarily due to revenue that has not been recognized and will be collected by the City in the future as payments are approved by FEMA in addition to funds borrowed from the general fund to cover expenditures of the FEMA Fund. Revenue amounted to \$18.9 million in 2022 compared to \$30.0 million in 2021 while expenditures totaled \$36.2 million in 2022 compared to \$35.0 million in 2021. The decrease in revenue is primarily due to decreased reimbursements for Hurricane Katrina projects; and increases in expenditures is primarily due to an increase in reimbursable project work. Many of the City's projects are currently in the construction phase for the Joint Infrastructure Recovery Request (JIRR) Program.

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**Federal Treasury Fund**

The FTD Fund primarily accounts for grants received from the federal government as a result of CARES (Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security) 2020, Emergency Rental Assistance 2021, and ARPA (American Rescue Plan) 2021. FTD, as authorized by the H.R.748 Act, assists individuals as well as state and local governments with response to and recovery from COVID-19. The FTD grants are mainly disbursement basis grants where expenditures and related revenues have been authorized per the grant use guidance of CARES, ERA, and ARPA Acts. The zero balance in the FTD fund at December 31, 2022 is primarily due to utilizing the grant dollars of ARPA to reclass expenditures from General Fund to the FTD Fund, thus creating a balanced fund balance in 2022. Revenue and expenditures amounted to \$145.1 million in 2022 compared to \$131.4 million in 2021.

**Debt Service Fund**

The Debt Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Total fund balance for the Debt Service Fund was \$84.85 million at December 31, 2022, which was a \$152.80 million decrease compared to the prior year balance of \$237.7 million. The decrease is attributable to lower bond issues in 2022 over 2021 through the Board of Liquidation.

**Capital Projects Fund**

The Capital Project fund is used to account for all resources and expenditures in connection with the acquisition of capital facilities and repair and maintenance projects other than those accounted for in the component units. Expenditures for capital projects in 2022 totaled \$282.1 million, an increase of \$56.8 million compared to 2021. Revenues were \$206.5 million in 2022 compared to \$189.8 million in 2021. The increase in revenues and expenditures is primarily due to an increase in reimbursable project work. Many of the City's projects are currently in the construction phase for the Joint Infrastructure Recovery Request (JIRR) Program.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Variances between the general fund amended budget and actual expenditures are delineated in the schedule below. The 2022 budgeted revenues and expenditures were slightly increased through amendments.

	2022		
	Budget	Actual on budgetary basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 439,093	\$ 503,706	\$ 64,613
Licenses and permits	69,025	84,493	15,468
Intergovernmental	30,890	54,303	23,413
Charges for services	88,954	96,363	7,409
Fines and forfeits	29,710	23,085	(6,625)
Interest income	160	6,928	6,768
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	73,644	28,772	(44,872)
Total Revenues	731,476	797,650	66,174
Expenditures	733,598	632,668	(100,930)
Other financing sources (uses), net	2,121	9,165	7,044
Change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 174,147	\$ 174,147

**Capital Assets**

Capital assets at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows (net of depreciation):

	2022	2021
Land	\$ 94,474	\$ 94,474
Construction in progress	562,572	559,340
Buildings, improvements, and equipment	601,166	579,884
Other	1,569	2,044
Infrastructure assets	1,002,822	862,789
	<u>\$ 2,262,603</u>	<u>\$ 2,098,531</u>

The City has continued rebuilding efforts after prior year hurricanes that include the replacement and repair costs for various assets. See Note 6 for detailed capital asset activity during 2022.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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**Debt Administration**

Outstanding general obligation bonds at December 31, 2022 totaled \$615.96 million, all of which are considered to be net, direct-tax supported debt.

**Outstanding Debt**

	2022	2021
General obligation bonds	\$ 615,960	\$ 667,160
Taxable limited tax bonds	125,450	256,070
Limited tax bonds		
Revenue bonds and notes	70,690	81,475
Total bonds	812,100	1,004,705
Notes Payable (vehicle and equipment loans)	2,666	3,198
Go Zone Notes	17,571	21,488
Total outstanding debt	\$ 832,337	\$ 1,029,391

The following is a summary of debt transactions:

Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 1,029,391
New issues	106,670
Payments	(303,724)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 832,337

The Louisiana Legislature, in Act 1 of 1994, increased the City's general obligation bond debt limit to an amount equal to the greater of (i) \$500,000,000 or (ii) 35% of total assessed valuation of the City. Under Act 1, based on the most recent assessed valuations, the City's debt limit is \$1.68 billion as of December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2022, the City's legal debt margin adjusted for outstanding principal of \$615.9 million, plus fund balance available in the Debt Service Fund of \$84.9 million to service this general obligation debt was \$979.2 million. As of December 31, 2022, Moody's general obligation bond rating for the City was "A2", Fitch general obligation bond rating was "A", and Standard & Poor's general obligation bond rating was "A+", which upgraded from 2021. See Note 7 for detailed long-term debt activity for 2022.

**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The General Fund's amended 2022 budgeted revenues and expenditures and other financing sources exceeded the adopted budgeted revenues and expenditures and other financing sources by approximately \$9.7 million, which was a very minimal change of 1.3%. The General Fund's final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were less than the actual revenues and other financing sources by approximately \$116.5 million, or 16%, and actual expenditures and other financing uses came in under final budgeted expenditures and financing uses by approximately \$59.8 million, or 8.1%.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
 Management’s Discussion and Analysis  
 December 31, 2022

The City’s decrease in 2022 expenditures are due to reclassing over \$18 million of Hurricane Ida expenses from General Fund to Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Fund; reclassing over \$16 million of Public Safety personnel costs from General Fund to Federal Department of Treasury (FTD) Fund; with the remainder reduction of \$25.8 million in professional contracts across all functions of government.

The City’s General Fund recurring revenues were forecasted for fiscal year 2022 at \$731.5 million, and the audited fiscal year 2022 actual revenues are \$797.7 million. The City’s General Fund expenditures were forecasted for fiscal year 2022 at \$731.5 million, and the audited fiscal year 2022 actual expenditures are \$632.7 million. General fund revenues are forecast to grow modestly between 2023 and 2025.

The following table presents an adopted budget comparison for 2022, 2021, 2020, and 2019 (amounts in thousands):

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 723,895	\$ 725,880	\$ 773,650	\$ 701,991
Expenditures	\$ 723,895	\$ 725,880	\$ 773,650	\$ 701,991

As our city moved forward into 2022, the Cantrell Administration continued to be upfront and honest about the challenges that we face. Amid dealing with the Cyber Security Attack in December 2019, then rolling into a very unprecedented Mardi Gras season of 2020 that eventually led into the COVID-19 pandemic declared in March 2020, this made the City of New Orleans, one of the tourism mecca cities in the United States, more aware of our reduced revenue streams as a result of COVID-19. We are, however, very grateful for the CARES Act funding received in 2020, and the initial American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 funding received in May 2021, and the second tranche of American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 funding received in June 2022. The Cantrell Administration will still ensure that the City of New Orleans receives her fair share of all funding.

The Cantrell Administration's 2023 goals are recovery-post pandemic, expanding affordable housing, and messaging on Violence Reduction Strategy through intergovernmental relations coordination and strategy, proactive communication, and substantive community engagement.

**Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information may be addressed to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, City of New Orleans, 1300 Perdido Street, Room 3E06, New Orleans, Louisiana, 70112.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Statement of Net Position  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in Thousands)

	<b>Primary Governmental Activities</b>	<b>Component Units</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 469,212	\$ 209,755
Investments	578,337	35,455
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Taxes	35,578	3,620
Accounts	18,586	41,285
Interest	-	(532)
Grantee loans	11	71,577
Lease receivable	6,825	9,760
Other	-	9,125
Due from component units	35,854	-
Due from other governments	26,407	411
Other assets	16	269,235
Restricted cash and investments	-	314,986
Right to use lease asset (net of accumulated amortization)	9,197	478,257
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	2,262,603	5,713,494
Total assets	<u>3,442,624</u>	<u>7,156,428</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	205,831	51,902
Deferred amounts related to other post-employment benefits	34,660	15,723
Deferred loss on bond refunding	2,760	36,797
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>243,250</u>	<u>104,422</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable	132,457	157,845
Retainages payable	19,475	12,543
Accrued expenses	45,918	71,565
Taxes payable	7,462	-
Accrued interest payable	3,349	27,723
Due to component units	36	-
Due to other governments	731	7,762
Long-term liabilities due within one year	127,137	62,505
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	2,413,158	2,696,714
Total liabilities	<u>2,749,724</u>	<u>3,036,657</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	73,631	8,660
Deferred amounts related to other post-employment benefits	38,615	45,850
Deferred gain on bond refunding	376	-
Deferred amounts related to leases	6,654	478,379
Service concession arrangement	-	36,688
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>119,276</u>	<u>569,578</u>
<b>Net Position</b>		
Net investment in capital assets	1,203,318	4,070,596
Restricted for debt service	84,854	147,338
Restricted for capital improvement	249,940	136,681
Restricted for external legal constraints	85,565	-
Restricted for operating reserve	-	26,206
Unrestricted (deficit)	(806,803)	(726,206)
Total net position	<u>\$ 816,875</u>	<u>\$ 3,654,614</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Statement of Activities  
Year ended December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program revenues			Net (expense) revenue and changes in net position	
		Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions	Primary government activities	Component units
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 418,858	\$ 221,187	\$ 188,818	\$ -	\$ (8,854)	\$ -
Public safety	319,795	37,291	6,365	-	(276,139)	-
Public works	167,867	35,332	-	-	(132,535)	-
Health and human services	42,562	12,748	19,402	-	(10,412)	-
Culture and recreation	35,684	1,487	-	-	(34,197)	-
Urban development and housing	63,369	1,958	93,789	-	32,378	-
Economic development	10,039	80	9,437	-	(522)	-
Interest and fiscal charges	42,867	-	-	-	(42,867)	-
Capital outlay	-	277	3,734	150,276	154,287	-
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1,101,042</u>	<u>\$ 310,360</u>	<u>\$ 321,544</u>	<u>\$ 150,276</u>	<u>\$ (318,862)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Component units:						
Audubon Commission	\$ 13,207	\$ 1,011	\$ -	\$ 3,634	\$ -	\$ (8,562)
Louis Armstrong New Orleans International Airport	134,379	106,206	-	19,962	-	(8,211)
Sewerage and Water Board	321,936	273,990	18,861	155,525	-	126,439
Nonmajor component units	172,938	167,865	973	-	-	(4,101)
Total component units	<u>\$ 642,460</u>	<u>\$ 549,071</u>	<u>\$ 19,833</u>	<u>\$ 179,121</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 105,565</u>
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes					257,205	80,081
Sales taxes					273,021	-
Utility taxes					15,573	-
Culture and recreation taxes					42,435	-
Parking taxes					4,799	-
Franchise fees					4,305	-
Beverage taxes					288	-
Interest revenue					15,962	(68,375)
Non-employer contributions					5,354	-
Miscellaneous					(715)	51,194
Total general revenues					<u>618,227</u>	<u>62,901</u>
Change in net position					299,366	168,466
Net position (deficit) – beginning of year					517,509	3,486,034
Restatement (note 17)					-	115
Net position (deficit) – beginning of year, restated					<u>517,509</u>	<u>3,486,149</u>
Net position – end of year					<u>\$ 816,875</u>	<u>\$ 3,654,614</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
 Balance Sheet — Governmental Funds  
 December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in thousands)

	Special Revenue						Total Governmental Funds
	General	FEMA	Federal Department of Treasury	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 279,337	\$ -	\$ 90,244	\$ 52,143	\$ 2,512	\$ 53,416	\$ 477,653
Investments	55,795	-	127,419	31,604	355,238	8,280	578,337
Receivables (net of allowance)							
Sales taxes	18,371	-	-	-	-	18	18,389
Property taxes	7,871	-	-	3,442	-	274	11,587
Franchise taxes	5,602	-	-	-	-	-	5,602
Accounts	14,045	26	-	-	-	4,514	18,586
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans	-	-	-	-	-	11	11
Leases	6,825	-	-	-	-	-	6,825
Due from other funds	33,013	-	-	-	-	343	33,357
Due from other governments	549	9,954	-	-	8,760	7,145	26,407
Due from component units	12,663	-	-	-	14,750	-	27,412
Advances to other funds	57,525	-	-	-	-	-	57,525
Other assets	4	-	-	-	-	12	16
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 491,601</b>	<b>\$ 9,979</b>	<b>\$ 217,663</b>	<b>\$ 87,189</b>	<b>\$ 381,260</b>	<b>\$ 74,014</b>	<b>\$ 1,261,706</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>							
Accounts payable	65,255	1,856	1,139	-	47,996	16,210	132,457
Retainages payable	-	-	-	-	19,475	-	19,475
Accrued expenses	9,404	98	401	85	30,853	5,077	45,918
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	30,448	2,909	33,357
Due to other governments	665	-	-	-	-	67	731
Due to component units	-	-	-	-	36	-	36
Advances from other funds	-	38,057	-	-	-	19,468	57,525
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>75,324</b>	<b>40,011</b>	<b>1,541</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>128,808</b>	<b>43,731</b>	<b>289,500</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>							
Deferred amounts related to leases	6,655	-	-	-	-	-	6,655
Unavailable revenue	6,342	7,965	216,122	2,250	22,635	2,903	258,217
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>12,997</b>	<b>7,965</b>	<b>216,122</b>	<b>2,250</b>	<b>22,635</b>	<b>2,903</b>	<b>264,871</b>
<b>Fund Balances</b>							
<b>Fund balances:</b>							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	65,428	-	-	84,854	249,940	20,138	420,359
Committed	59,168	-	-	-	-	32,296	91,464
Assigned	33,584	-	-	-	-	-	33,584
Unassigned	245,099	(37,996)	-	-	(20,122)	(25,054)	161,927
<b>Total fund balances</b>	<b>403,280</b>	<b>(37,996)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>84,854</b>	<b>229,818</b>	<b>27,380</b>	<b>707,335</b>
<b>Total liabilities, deferred inflows     of resources, and fund balances</b>	<b>\$ 491,601</b>	<b>\$ 9,979</b>	<b>\$ 217,663</b>	<b>\$ 87,189</b>	<b>\$ 381,260</b>	<b>\$ 74,014</b>	<b>\$ 1,261,706</b>

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
 Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the  
 Statement of Net Position  
 December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in thousands)

Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$	707,335
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		2,262,603
Right to use lease assets and their related liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Right to use asset (net of accumulated amortization)		9,197
Lease liability		(9,363)
Certain revenues are not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds		258,218
The deferred gain and loss on bond refundings is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds		2,383
Interest expense is accrued at year-end in the government-wide financial statements, but is recorded only if due and payable on the governmental fund financial statements		(3,349)
Net pension liability balances in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68:		
Deferred outflows of resources		205,831
Deferred inflows of resources		(73,631)
Net pension liability		(1,008,184)
Total OPEB liability balances in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75:		
Deferred outflows of resources		34,660
Deferred inflows of resources		(38,615)
Total OPEB liability		(137,415)
Taxes payable		(7,462)
Other long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities consist of:		
Bonds payable		(892,281)
Loans payable		(20,237)
Annual and sick leave		(58,388)
Claims payable		(410,871)
Landfill closing costs		(3,555)
		(892,281)
Total net position – governmental activities	\$	816,875

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds  
Year ended December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	General	FEMA	Federal Department of Treasury	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues:</b>							
Taxes	\$ 503,706	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,205	\$ -	\$ 29,548	\$ 611,459
Licenses and permits	84,493	-	-	-	-	352	84,845
Intergovernmental	54,303	18,931	145,061	1,589	198,323	60,088	478,295
Charges for services	96,363	-	-	-	644	228	97,235
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	213	213
Fines and forfeits	23,085	-	-	-	-	2,924	26,009
Interest income	6,928	-	-	1,774	-	80	8,782
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	150	4,585	4,735
Miscellaneous	22,380	1	-	479	7,372	19,940	50,172
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>791,258</b>	<b>18,932</b>	<b>145,061</b>	<b>82,047</b>	<b>206,489</b>	<b>117,958</b>	<b>1,361,744</b>
<b>Expenditures:</b>							
<b>Current:</b>							
General government	290,526	29,778	1,866	657	-	26,417	349,245
Public safety	187,002	6,389	109,614	-	-	1,553	304,558
Public works	85,042	-	-	-	-	19,122	104,164
Health and human services	25,804	12	-	-	-	14,465	40,281
Culture and recreation	32,714	-	-	-	-	335	33,048
Urban development and housing	0	-	33,580	-	-	28,372	61,952
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	10,033	10,033
Capital outlays	596	25	-	-	282,116	158	282,894
<b>Debt Service:</b>							
Principal	8,904	-	-	183,805	-	-	192,709
Interest and fiscal charges	1,477	-	-	40,075	-	-	41,552
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	502	-	-	502
Cash defeasance of bonds	-	-	-	111,362	-	-	111,362
<b>Leases:</b>							
Principal	541	-	-	-	-	1,137	1,678
Interest	63	-	-	-	-	272	334
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>632,668</b>	<b>36,204</b>	<b>145,061</b>	<b>336,402</b>	<b>282,116</b>	<b>101,863</b>	<b>1,534,315</b>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	158,589	(17,272)	(0)	(254,355)	(75,627)	16,095	(172,571)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>							
Transfers in	50,335	-	-	30,184	-	650	81,169
Transfers out	(41,169)	-	-	(40,000)	-	-	(81,169)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	-	-	111,362	-	-	111,362
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<b>9,165</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>101,547</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>111,362</b>
<b>Net change in fund balance</b>	<b>167,755</b>	<b>(17,272)</b>	<b>(0)</b>	<b>(152,808)</b>	<b>(75,627)</b>	<b>16,745</b>	<b>(61,208)</b>
Fund balances - beginning of year	235,525	(20,724)	-	237,662	305,445	10,636	768,543
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 403,280	\$ (37,996)	\$ (0)	\$ 84,854	\$ 229,818	\$ 27,380	\$ 707,334

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and  
 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the  
 Statement of Activities  
 Year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in thousands)

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	(61,208)
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and are reported as depreciation expense. This represents the amount that capital outlays exceeded depreciation and loss on disposals in the current period.</p>		
Capital outlays		259,172
Depreciation expense		(95,100)
<p>Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. This represents the change in unearned revenue.</p>		
		27,033
<p>The increase in taxes payable related to current year refunds due to taxpayers does not consume current resources in the governmental funds, but decreases tax revenue in the statement of activities.</p>		
		158
<p>The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and certificates of indebtedness) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:</p>		
Change in interest payable		(18)
Amortization of deferred loss on bond refunding		(367)
Bond and note principal payments		192,709
Issuance of bonds payable		(112,078)
Payments for cash defeasance of bonds		111,015
Amortization of bond discount and premium		7,108
<p>Compensated absences are recorded in the governmental funds when paid, but are recorded in the statement of activities when earned. This represents the amount compensated absences earned exceeded amounts paid in the current period.</p>		
		(2,349)
<p>Legal claims and judgments are recorded in the governmental funds when paid, but are recorded in the statement of activities when incurred. This represents the amount claims paid and changes in estimates to claims exceed new claims incurred in the current period.</p>		
		(580)
<p>Changes in right of use lease assets and lease liability in accordance with GASB 87</p>		
		(166)
<p>Changes in estimates related to municipal landfill closure costs do not consume current financial resources in the governmental funds, but are expensed in the statement of activities.</p>		
		129
<p>Change in total OPEB liability and deferred inflows in accordance with GASB 75</p>		
		4,494
<p>Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows in accordance with GASB 68</p>		
		(30,585)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>299,366</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

December 31, 2022

(Amounts in thousands)

<b>Assets</b>	<b>Pension Trust Funds</b>	<b>Custodial Funds</b>
Cash	\$ 8,956	\$ 63,138
Investments:		
Cash equivalents	46,613	-
Fixed income securities	73,019	-
Equities	204,842	-
Mutual funds	31,539	-
Investment in corporations, partnerships, and limited liability corporations	7,280	-
Investment in hedge funds and private equity funds	62,426	-
Investment in real estate	29,442	-
Other	27,029	18,933
Receivables:		
Accounts	-	44
Accrued interest	2,899	-
Contribution	15	-
Due (to)/from Old/New System	46	-
Other	93	-
Other assets	1,073	-
Total assets	<u>495,273</u>	<u>82,115</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	133	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>133</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable	2,654	54,951
Other payables and accruals	329	6
Net pension liability	695	-
Total liabilities	<u>3,678</u>	<u>54,957</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		
Unearned revenue	3,978	-
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	9	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>3,987</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net Position</b>		
Restricted for:		
Pension benefits	487,741	-
Individuals, organizations, component units, and other governments	-	27,158
Total net position	<u>\$ 487,741</u>	<u>\$ 27,158</u>

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position  
Year ended December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Pension Trust Funds</b>	<b>Custodial Funds</b>
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 61,665	\$ -
Members	12,453	-
Fire insurance rebate	2,821	-
Other	14,030	-
Total contributions	90,968	-
Investment income (loss):		
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(80,847)	-
Interest and dividends	7,336	247
Less: investment expense	(1,161)	-
Net investment income	(74,672)	247
Tax collections for other governments and component units		
	-	720,779
Collection of taxes paid in protest	-	7,306
Collection of unadjudicated funds	-	-
Other collections	-	3,860
Total additions	16,296	732,192
Deductions:		
Pension benefits	85,457	-
Refunds of member contributions	3,359	-
Death benefits	227	-
Depreciation expense	53	-
Administrative expenses	1,979	-
DROP withdrawal	7,410	-
PLOP withdrawal	2,025	-
Transfers to other plans	981	-
Disbursement of taxes to other governments and component units	-	720,779
Disbursement of taxes paid in protest	-	6,426
Disbursement of unadjudicated funds	-	-
Other disbursements	-	744
Total deductions	101,492	727,948
Change in net position	(85,195)	4,244
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	572,937	22,914
Net position - end of year	\$ 487,741	\$ 27,158

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Combining Statements of Net Position  
Component Units  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Audubon Commission	Louis Armstrong New Orleans Airport	Sewerage and Water Board	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
<b>Assets</b>					
<b>Current assets:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 861	\$ 12,113	\$ 125,185	\$ 71,595	\$ 209,755
Investments	-	35,454	2	-	35,455
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)					
Property Taxes	-	-	3,620	-	3,620
Accounts	30	10,361	24,384	6,510	41,285
Lease receivable	638	7,770	-	1,352	9,760
Accrued interest	7	(539)	-	-	(532)
Grants	-	12,798	58,779	-	71,577
Other	-	-	-	9,125	9,125
Due from other governments	-	-	-	411	411
Inventory of supplies	-	-	6,055	-	6,055
Prepaid expenses and deposits	5	629	942	7,675	9,252
Other assets	-	-	1,609	2,155	3,764
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>1,541</b>	<b>78,586</b>	<b>220,576</b>	<b>98,824</b>	<b>399,526</b>
<b>Restricted cash and investments:</b>					
Cash and Cash equivalents	-	1,716	157,140	-	158,856
Investments	-	51,293	2,642	-	53,935
Future debt service	-	-	24,794	9,276	34,070
Capital improvements	44,179	-	-	-	44,179
Health insurance reserve	-	-	2,400	-	2,400
Receivables	2,331	4,357	-	-	6,688
Other	-	-	-	14,858	14,858
<b>Total restricted assets</b>	<b>46,510</b>	<b>57,366</b>	<b>186,976</b>	<b>24,134</b>	<b>314,986</b>
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	143,871	1,514,620	3,774,816	280,187	5,713,494
Right to use lease asset (net of accumulated amortization)	236	48,092	-	429,929	478,257
Other assets	7,411	227,352	14,026	1,376	250,165
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>199,567</b>	<b>1,926,018</b>	<b>4,196,394</b>	<b>834,449</b>	<b>7,156,428</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>					
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	-	4,743	36,502	10,657	51,902
Deferred amounts related to total OPEB liability	-	1,580	14,144	-	15,723
Unamortized loss on advance refunding	-	4,157	32,639	-	36,797
<b>Total deferred outflows of resources</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,480</b>	<b>83,285</b>	<b>10,657</b>	<b>104,422</b>
<b>Total assets and deferred outflows of resources</b>	<b>\$ 199,567</b>	<b>\$ 1,936,497</b>	<b>\$ 4,279,679</b>	<b>\$ 845,106</b>	<b>\$ 7,260,850</b>

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Combining Statements of Net Position  
Component Units  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Audubon Commission	Louis Armstrong New Orleans Airport	Sewerage and Water Board	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,210	\$ 26,592	\$ 112,188	\$ 8,167	\$ 148,156
Retainages payable	-	-	12,543	-	12,543
Other payables and accruals	-	13,277	9,875	48,414	71,565
Due to other governments	176	2,678	4,736	173	7,762
Capital lease payable	242	-	3,335	-	3,577
Loans payable	-	-	10,826	-	10,826
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	1,628	42,546	153,502	56,753	254,429
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):					
Capital projects payable	5,224	4,294	-	-	9,518
Accrued interest	555	25,517	1,651	-	27,723
Limited tax bonds	1,035	-	-	-	1,035
Loans payable, current portion	575	-	-	-	575
Bonds payable, current portion	-	18,975	27,517	-	46,492
Deposits and other	-	171	-	-	171
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	7,389	48,957	29,168	-	85,514
Total current liabilities	9,017	91,504	182,670	56,753	339,944
Long-term liabilities:					
Claims payable	-	-	43,651	-	43,651
Customer deposits	-	-	13,975	-	13,975
Loans payable	10,241	61,054	245,220	-	316,515
Limited tax bonds (net of current portion)	49,079	-	-	-	49,079
Revenue bonds (net of current portion and unamortized discounts)	-	-	532,230	119,689	651,919
Refunding bonds (net of current portion and unamortized loss on advance refunding)	-	1,091,843	-	-	1,091,843
Net pension liabilities	-	25,409	133,616	22,148	181,173
Other Post-employment benefits liability	-	5,526	188,424	-	193,950
Lease liabilities	3,727	400	-	9,662	13,789
Other	10,689	-	11,804	118,327	140,820
Total long-term liabilities	73,737	1,184,232	1,168,919	269,825	2,696,714
Total liabilities	82,754	1,275,736	1,351,589	326,578	3,036,657
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	-	1,411	2,595	4,655	8,660
Deferred amounts related to total OPEB liability	-	1,842	44,008	-	45,850
Deferred amounts related to leases	2,744	54,637	-	420,998	478,379
Service concession arrangement	-	36,688	-	-	36,688
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,744	94,578	46,603	425,653	569,578
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	73,670	309,647	3,177,718	509,562	4,070,596
Restricted for bond debt service	-	117,345	23,233	6,760	147,338
Restricted for capital improvements	33,489	103,191	-	-	136,681
Restricted for operating reserve	-	26,206	-	-	26,206
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,910	9,795	(319,464)	(423,447)	(726,206)
Total net position	114,069	566,184	2,881,487	92,875	3,654,614
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 199,567	\$ 1,936,497	\$ 4,279,679	\$ 845,106	\$ 7,260,850

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
 Combining Statement of Activities  
 Component Units  
 December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in thousands)

	Program revenues				Net (expense) revenue and changes in net position				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Audubon Commission	Louis Armstrong New Orleans International Airport	Sewerage and Water Board	Nonmajor component units	Total
Component Units:									
Audubon Commission	\$ 13,207	\$ 1,011	\$ -	\$ 3,634	\$ (8,562)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (8,562)
Louis Armstrong New Orleans International Airport	134,379	106,206	-	19,962	-	(8,211)	-	-	(8,211)
Sewerage and Water Board	321,936	273,990	18,861	155,525	-	-	126,439	-	126,439
Other nonmajor component units	172,938	167,865	973	-	-	-	-	(4,101)	(4,101)
Total component units	<u>\$ 642,460</u>	<u>\$ 549,071</u>	<u>\$ 19,833</u>	<u>\$ 179,121</u>	<u>(8,562)</u>	<u>(8,211)</u>	<u>126,439</u>	<u>(4,101)</u>	<u>105,565</u>
General Revenues:									
Interest revenue					(1,804)	(47,290)	(16,585)	(2,696)	(68,375)
Property taxes					7,813	-	64,202	8,066	80,081
Miscellaneous					5,201	42,056	132	3,806	51,194
Total general revenues					<u>11,210</u>	<u>(5,234)</u>	<u>47,749</u>	<u>9,175</u>	<u>62,901</u>
Changes in net position					<u>2,648</u>	<u>(13,445)</u>	<u>174,188</u>	<u>5,075</u>	<u>168,466</u>
Net position - beginning of year					111,422	579,629	2,707,298	87,685	3,486,034
Prior period adjustments					-	-	-	115	115
Net position- beginning of year, restate					<u>111,422</u>	<u>579,629</u>	<u>2,707,298</u>	<u>87,800</u>	<u>3,486,149</u>
Net position- end of year	<u>\$ 114,069</u>	<u>\$ 566,184</u>	<u>\$ 2,881,487</u>	<u>\$ 92,875</u>	<u>\$ 3,654,614</u>				

## **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# City of New Orleans

## Notes to Financial Statements

### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana (the City) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the City are described in the following notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City was incorporated in 1805. The City's system of government was established by its Home Rule Charter, which became effective in 1954 and was amended effective January 1, 1996. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following types of services as authorized by its charter: public safety, health and human services, public works, water and sewerage, urban development and housing, economic development, culture and recreation, airport, and general government services. Education and welfare are administered by other governmental entities.

The accompanying financial statements include financial statements for the City and certain legally separate organizations in accordance with section 2100: *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity* of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification.

#### **Component Units**

In conformity with GAAP, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or discretely presented component units. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a December 31 year-end.

Complete financial statements of the following individual discretely presented component units can be obtained from their administrative offices:

Audubon Commission  
6500 Magazine Street  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70118  
<https://audubonnatureinstitute.org>

Downtown Development District  
201 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 3912  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70170  
<http://downtownnola.com>

Louis Armstrong New Orleans International Airport  
New Orleans Aviation Board  
P.O. Box 20007  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70141  
<https://flymsy.com>

New Orleans Building Corporation  
1340 Poydras Street, Suite 1000  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70112  
<https://nola.gov/boards/new-orleans-building-corporation>

Parking Facilities Corporation  
400 Poydras Tower  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70130  
<https://nola.gov/boards/parking-facilities-corporation>

French Market Corporation  
1008 N. Peters Street, 3rd Floor  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70116  
<https://www.frenchmarket.org>

New Orleans Municipal Yacht Harbor  
Management Corporation  
401 North Roadway  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70124  
<https://nomyh.com>

New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund  
2020 St. Charles Avenue  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70130  
<https://notcf.com>

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

Orleans Parish Communication District  
118 City Park Avenue  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70119  
<http://www.911nola.org>

Sewerage and Water Board  
625 St. Joseph Street  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70165  
<https://www.swbno.org>

Orleans Parish Hospital Service District A  
5620 Read Boulevard  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70127  
<http://www.hsdeast.com>

### **Blended Component Units**

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, as they provide services exclusively or almost exclusively for the City. Blended means the data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

***Board of Liquidation, City Debt (The Board)*** – The Board is a separate legal entity and is included (blended) in the operations of the debt service fund and governmental activities of the City because it handles all matters relating to the bonded debt of the City.

In addition, the following component units are reported as pension or other employee benefit trust funds:

***Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans (NOMERS)*** – NOMERS is a separate legal entity established by City ordinance to provide pension benefits for substantially all City employees, except police officers and firefighters. NOMERS is presented as a pension trust fund because NOMERS serves the employees of the City. The net position of NOMERS is held for the sole benefit of the participants and is not available for appropriation.

***Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (FPRF)*** – FPRF is a separate legal entity established by State law to provide pension benefits for City firefighters. The net position of FPRF is held for the sole benefit of the participants and is not available for appropriation.

***Police Pension Fund*** – The Police Pension Fund (old plan) is a separate legal entity established by State law for the police department of the City of New Orleans for pensioning all officers, members, and employees of the police department, their widows, children, and widowed mothers. The board of trustees administers, manages, operates, and controls the police pension fund of the City of New Orleans. Effective March 6, 1983, all members of the Police Plan, active and retired, except for approximately 250 participants who did not meet the eligibility requirements, became members of the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (State of Louisiana) (MPERS).

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Discretely Presented Component Units**

Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements. The following are the City’s discretely presented component units, for which the City has financial accountability because it appoints a voting majority of the Board, and the City can impose its will:

<b>Discretely Presented Component Units</b>	<b>Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria</b>
<i>Louis Armstrong New Orleans International Airport (the Airport)</i>	Local government corporation established in 1943 by the City to provide for the operation and maintenance of the Airport. The Board consists of nine members appointed by the Mayor of the City with approval of the City Council. The City of Kenner, Louisiana and the Parish of St. Charles, Louisiana each have input as to the selection of one board member.
<i>Downtown Development District</i>	Local government corporation created by Act 498 of 1974 and amended and reenacted by Act 124 of 1977 of the State of Louisiana Legislature, effective January 1, 1975. The District is a special taxing district designated “the Core Area Development District of the City of New Orleans,” later renamed the Downtown Development District of the City of New Orleans, comprising all the territory within prescribed boundaries. The Board of Directors is composed of 11 members for governance of the District.
<i>Sewerage and Water Board</i>	A local government corporation created by the City through Act 6 of the Louisiana Legislature of 1899 as a special board independent of the City’s government to construct, maintain, and operate a water treatment and distribution system and a public sanitary sewerage system for the City. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS) 33:4096 and 4121, the Board has the authority to establish the water and sewerage rates to charge to its customers. The board is composed of 11 members, including the Mayor of the City as the President of the Board, two members of the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, and eight citizens, as designated by the State statutes. The terms of office are staggered from one year to four years, as designated by State statutes.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Discretely Presented Component Units**

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**Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria**

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***Audubon Commission (the Commission)***

The Commission was created by the Louisiana Legislature to manage and operate its facilities consisting of nine museums and parks dedicated to celebrating the wonders of nature, with goals of fostering education, research, wildlife conservation, family entertainment, and positive economic impact. The Commission has a 24-member board appointed by the Mayor. Each member serves a six-year term, with four members' terms expiring each year.

***New Orleans Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation***

Local corporation formed by the City to operate the Municipal Yacht Harbor in the manner comparable to that of a private business enterprise; to provide a safe and secure environment for recreational boating; to ensure that the cost associated with providing services to the general public are financed or recovered through user fee and charge; and to place an emphasis on generating a sufficient amount of net operating revenues to be used for maintenance and capital improvement projects. The Municipal Yacht Harbor is administered by a Board of Directors consisting of 11 members, 9 of which are appointed by the Mayor, subject to City Council approval, and are voting members.

***New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund***

A local government corporation created by the City on January 1, 1990. Its objectives and purposes are to continuously stimulate the hospitality and tourism industry of the City of New Orleans through regional, national, and international advertising and marketing of the City of New Orleans as a tourist and convention site and a vacation destination; to stimulate economic development in the City of New Orleans through the marketing and solicitation of conventions and trade shows throughout the U.S. and the World; to advance, promote, and maintain tourism and trade in the City of New Orleans through marketing activities directed at the discretionary tourist or traveler through advertising, direct mailing, or other means; and to support the cultural economy of the City. A 15-member Board of Directors is appointed in various ways.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Discretely Presented Component Units**

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**Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria**

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***French Market Corporation***

Local government corporation formed January 1, 1972 by the City to provide for the operation and maintenance of the French Market Properties owned by the City of New Orleans. These properties include five buildings and the Farmers Market. The French Market is a nonprofit corporation that is owned by the City and administered by a board of directors consisting of 12 members appointed by the Mayor. On March 17, 2014, the Upper Pontalba Building Corporation (the Upper Pontalba), a Louisiana Public Benefit Corporation, organized on July 14, 1988 merged into the French Market Corporation. Prior to the merger, the Upper Pontalba's operational purpose was to renovate and operate the Upper Pontalba Building, a four-story residential and commercial (64 unit space facility) located in the French Quarter. As a result of the approved and certified merger, the Market and the Upper Pontalba became one corporation, which the Market was the surviving corporation and the Upper Pontalba ceased to exist. As the surviving corporation, the Market possessed all the rights, privileges and franchises it previously possessed, as well as, those possessed by the Upper Pontalba. Additionally, all property and assets and debts of the Upper Pontalba transferred to and vested in the Market. The Market is responsible for all liabilities and obligations of the Upper Pontalba.

***New Orleans Building Corporation***

Nonprofit, public benefit corporation, incorporated in the State of Louisiana on May 4, 2000 for the purpose of owning, leasing, developing and operating properties owned by the City of New Orleans or by the Corporation. The organization's board of directors is comprised of the Mayor of the City, three Council members of the City of New Orleans, and three appointed positions.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Discretely Presented Component Units**

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**Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria**

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***Orleans Parish Communication District***

The Orleans Parish Communication District was created effective July 13, 1982, pursuant to Act No. 155 of the 1982 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature. The District was created for the purpose of establishing a local emergency telephone service; to establish a primary emergency telephone number; to provide for the governing body of the District; and to authorize the governing authority of such district to levy an emergency telephone tax. This act was amended by Act No. 1029 in 1999 to provide for the creation of multi-parish communications districts; to provide information relative to the rate of the emergency telephone service charge on landline phones; and to authorize the levy of an emergency telephone service charge on certain wireless communications systems.

***Parking Facilities Corporation***

Parking Facilities Corporation was created effective September 2001. The purpose of the Parking Facilities Corporation is to construct, own, and operate the long-term parking garage at the Louis Armstrong International Airport. The Board consists of five members: one appointed the by the Mayor, one appointed by the President of the New Orleans Building Corporation, one appointed by the City Council, one appointed by the New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund, and one appointed by the President and CEO of the Operator of the Garage.

***Orleans Parish Hospital Service District A***

The hospital service district was created and made effective July 5, 2006, pursuant to Act No. 830 of the 2006 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature. The District was created for the purpose of studying the feasibility of building or acquiring and operating hospital facilities within the District. The District is divided into two areas: (a) Orleans Parish east of the Industrial Canal and (b) all of Orleans Parish except the geographical areas of the Industrial Canal and the area of Orleans Parish bounded by Earhart Boulevard, Carrollton Avenue, Loyola Avenue, and Iberville Street. The two areas of the district are governed by separate governing boards consisting of thirteen commissioners each. The Chief Executive Officer of Orleans Parish appoints seven members of each board.

**Related and Jointly Governed Organizations**

Related organizations and jointly governed organizations provide services within the City that are administered by separate boards or commissions, for which the City is not financially accountable, and such organizations are, therefore, not reported as component units of the City even though the Mayor and/or the City Council may appoint a voting majority of an organization's board.

**Related Organizations**

For the following organizations, the Mayor and/or the City Council appoints a voting majority of the members of the respective boards.

- Housing Authority of New Orleans
- Finance Authority of New Orleans
- New Orleans Redevelopment Authority
- Regional Transit Authority

**Jointly Governed Organizations**

The City is a participant in other jointly governed organizations. The Mayor and/or the City Council appoints members of the boards for the following organizations. Such appointments represent less than a voting majority of the respective boards. There is no ongoing financial interest or ongoing financial responsibility for these entities.

- New Orleans Regional Loan Corporation
- New Orleans City Park Improvement Association
- New Orleans Exhibition Hall Authority
- Regional Planning Commission

**Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. Activity for the City and its discretely presented component units is reported separately in the government-wide financial statements. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. The effect of interfund activity among the governmental funds has been eliminated in these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, charges for services, and grant revenues from the federal government and the State of Louisiana.

The statement of activities reports the change in the City's net position. This statement demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function of government are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function of City government. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues in the statement of activities.

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its governmental and fiduciary funds, including blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. For governmental funds, the emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are presented by type.

### ***Governmental Funds***

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources, and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

- (a) ***General Fund*** – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all current financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.
- (b) ***FEMA Fund*** – This special revenue fund accounts for grants received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for hurricane relief efforts.
- (c) ***Federal Treasury Department Fund*** – This special revenue fund accounts for grants received from the Federal Treasury Department (FTD) for COVID-19 relief efforts.
- (d) ***Debt Service Fund*** – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of current financial resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bonds, limited tax bonds, and revenue bonds, including debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- (e) ***Capital Projects Fund*** – The capital projects fund is used to account for current financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

### ***Fiduciary Fund Types***

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. These include the following:

- (a) ***Pension Trust Funds*** – account for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.
- (b) ***Custodial Funds*** – are custodial in nature and are held in a temporary, purely custodial capacity for others.

### **Basis of Accounting-Measurement Focus**

#### ***Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)***

The statement of net position and the statement of activities include all the financial activities of the City, except for the fiduciary funds, and its discretely presented component units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Tax revenues other than property taxes are recognized when the underlying transaction occurs. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

***Fund Financial Statements***

All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net position. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when considered both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers amounts collected within sixty days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current period. Tax revenues other than property taxes are recognized when the underlying transaction occurs. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to principal and interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, landfill post-closing costs, and compensated absences are recognized when matured (i.e., due and payable).

The following types of revenues are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting: delinquent property taxes (including penalty and interest); services billed to other funds; sales tax; franchise fees; investment earnings; and grants. Intergovernmental revenues from reimbursable grants and capital projects are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met and amounts are considered available. Non-current portions of certain long-term receivables, primarily property taxes and special assessments, are reported on the balance sheet of governmental funds in spite of their spending measurement focus. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables is deferred until they become available.

Licenses and permits, certain charges for services, fines, and forfeitures, and miscellaneous other revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable or available until actually received.

***Pension Trust and Custodial Funds***

Pension trust funds and custodial funds are accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Their additions are recognized when earned, and their deductions are recognized when incurred.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term are related to the allowance for uncollectible accounts, pension liabilities and OPEB liability.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

**Investments**

Investments are carried at fair value except for the following which are measured at amortized cost: Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP) and money market investments. See Note 3 for more details. Unrealized gains and losses on investments are reflected in the Statement of Activities.

**Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses included in other assets in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Accounts Receivable**

Property tax receivables of \$27,259,000 are shown net of an allowance of uncollectible amounts of \$15,942,000. An allowance for estimated uncollectible accounts receivable is established at the time information becomes available, which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

**Lease Receivables**

The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of City property. The City recognizes a lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. Under the lease agreements, the City may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

The City uses the stated rate in the lease or its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

**Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Short-term cash borrowing between funds bears interest at the prevailing consolidated cash rate of return and is considered temporary in nature. These amounts are reported as due from other funds and due to other funds. Long-term advances between funds are reported as advances to/from other funds.

**Right-to-use Lease Assets**

The City has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87. The right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

# City of New Orleans

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Capital Assets

Capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, equipment, and improvements other than buildings), which include the City's infrastructure and construction in progress are stated at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. An item is classified as an asset that is capitalized if the initial individual cost is \$5,000 or greater. Capital assets of the City are reported in the government-wide financial statements but not in the governmental fund financial statements. Assets subject to depreciation are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives. Additions and improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

The City reviews the carrying value of its capital assets to determine if circumstances exist indicating impairment in the carrying value of capital assets. If facts or circumstances support the possibility of impairment, management follows GAAP. If impairment is indicated, an adjustment will be made to the carrying value of the capital assets.

The estimated useful lives (in years) of all depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 40
Equipment and vehicles	5 - 10
Infrastructure	25 - 50
Other	5 - 15

Fully depreciated capital assets are included in the capital asset accounts until their disposal. The cost of assets sold or retired and the related amounts of accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts in the year of sale or retirement, and any resulting gain or loss is recorded in the financial statements.

### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents an outflow of resources that has occurred but will not be recognized as an expense/expenditure until a future period. The deferred loss on bond refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the reacquisition price of refunded debt being greater than its carrying value. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. See Note 10 and Note 11 for more information regarding deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and total OPEB liability.

In addition to liabilities, the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an inflow of resources that has occurred but will not be recognized as revenue until a future period. The deferred gain on bond refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the reacquisition price of refunded debt being less than its carrying value. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City received prepayments of property taxes levied for the subsequent year. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as revenue in the subsequent year. In addition, the City has a type of deferred inflows which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as revenue in the period that the amounts become available. See Note 10 and Note 11 for more information regarding deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability and total OPEB liability. The deferred inflows of resources related to leases are associated with amounts owed to the City, as lessor, by entities leasing the City's capital assets.

**Annual and Sick Leave**

All full-time classified employees of the City hired prior to January 1, 1979 are permitted to accrue a maximum of 90 days of vacation (annual leave) and an unlimited number of days of sick leave (accumulated at a maximum of 24 days per year). Employees hired after December 31, 1978 may accrue a maximum of 45 days of annual leave and an unlimited number of days of sick leave. Upon termination of employment, an employee is paid for accrued annual leave based upon his or her current hourly rate of pay and for accrued sick leave on a formula basis. If termination is the result of retirement, the employee has the option of converting accrued leave to additional days of service.

For governmental funds, annual and sick leave expenditures are recorded when due and payable. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when earned at the government-wide level.

**Litigation**

Claims and judgments are recognized in the governmental funds as expenditures when due and payable. Therefore, claims and judgments that are due and payable would be expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. To the extent that claims and judgments mature prior to December 31, 2022, and are payable from current financial resources, they are accrued at December 31, 2022 in the governmental funds. Other liabilities not expected to mature as of December 31, 2022 are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Estimates of claims and judgment liabilities (both incurred and reported and incurred but not reported) are made through a case-by-case review of all claims and the application of historical experience to the outstanding claims.

**Lease Liabilities**

The City is the lessee for several noncancellable leases of land and buildings. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements only. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$200,000 or more. Lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

**Net Position**

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of borrowings for capital asset acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, increased by deferred outflows of resources attributable to capital asset acquisition, construction or improvement, and decreased by deferred inflows of resources attributable to either capital asset acquisition, construction, or improvement or to capital asset related debt. Capital-related debt or deferred inflows equal to unspent capital asset related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources is included in calculating either restricted or unrestricted net position, depending upon whether the unspent amounts are restricted.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position is the balance (deficit) of all other elements in a statement of net position remaining after net investment in capital assets and restricted net position.

**Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

*Fund Balance*

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a) Non-Spendable Fund Balance - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form (such as prepaid expenses and leases receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of resources related to leases) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b) Restricted Fund Balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantor, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- c) Committed Fund Balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority by a vote of the City Council; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. Committed fund balance includes amounts set aside for budget stabilization in the City's annual adopted operating budget. The General Fund will have two fund balance goals: an unreserved fund balance account and an emergency reserve account. The target level for the unreserved fund balance is two percent of the expenditures in the adopted budget. The target level for the emergency reserve account is eight percent of the expenditures in the adopted budget. The emergency reserve will only be used for natural disasters, revenue shortfalls as recognized by the Revenue Estimating Conference, and other major emergencies that disrupt revenue sources or require substantial unanticipated expenses to address. Once the unreserved fund balance account is funded at its target level,

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any additional unanticipated General Fund revenue will be used to fund the emergency reserve account, at a rate of two percentage points per year until it reaches its target level. If drawn upon, the emergency reserve account will be replenished in subsequent years.

- d) Assigned Fund Balance - amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governmental body delegates the authority such as the City and its management. All encumbered contracts or outstanding obligations made by the City at year-end that are not part of restricted or committed fund balance will be shown as assigned fund balance.
- e) Unassigned Fund Balance - all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### **Budget Policies and Budgetary Accounting**

Not later than November 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After proper official public notification, public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Not later than December 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

The City's budget ordinance is structured such that revenues are budgeted by source, and expenditures are budgeted by department and by principal object classification within a department. The City's charter provides that expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations either at a departmental level or at the principal object classification within a department. The Mayor's office is allowed to authorize the transfer of budgeted amounts from one budget activity to another within a principal object classification within the same department. Budgetary transfers between principal object classifications of the same department or between departments must be approved by the City Council. Throughout the year, several amendments to the budget were made by the City Council.

The City utilizes formal budgetary integration as a management control device during the year for the general and capital projects funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the debt service and special revenue funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through other provisions. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Current year transactions, which are directly related to a prior year's budget, are not rebudgeted in the current year.

The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except that, on the budgetary basis, encumbrances are considered expendable from current appropriations and are reported as expenditures in order to reserve appropriations.

**Encumbrances**

Encumbrances representing purchase orders, contracts or other commitments are recorded in governmental fund-type budgetary funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances are part of the budgetary process and are included in actual expenditures when a comparison with budget is necessary. Encumbrances at year-end are not considered expenditures in the financial statements presented on the GAAP basis. Encumbrances are reported in the governmental fund-type balance sheet in the restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance classifications.

**Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, July 28, 2023, and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

**Future Accounting Pronouncements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements address:

- Subscription based information technology arrangements and
- Compensated absences.

The City is currently evaluating the effects that these statements will have on its financial statements.

**(2) Deposits and Investments**

**Deposits.** The City's deposits are subject to and maintained in accordance with the State of Louisiana's Constitutional Revised Statutes (Revised Statutes). Under the Revised Statutes, all deposits exceeding the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) are to be fully collateralized with specific approved securities designated therein valued at 102% of the deposits. The eligible collateral pledged are held in custody by any Federal Reserve Bank, or branch thereof or an independent third party with whom the City has a current custodial agreement. All collateral held must be clearly marked, indicating evidence of ownership (safekeeping receipt). Deposits collateralized under the Revised Statutes are considered collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the City's name.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it under state law. At December 31, 2022, the City's bank balances totaled \$489,077,153. The City has not experienced any losses resulting from bank failure and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk relating to its cash balances. These bank deposits were completely secured by federal depository insurance or the pledge of securities held by the pledging banks agent in the City's name at December 31, 2022.

**Investments.** The City's investment policy states its primary objectives, in priority order, of investment activities shall be:

Safety: Safety/security of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective will be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk.

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Liquidity: The City investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated. This is accomplished by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash demands (static liquidity). Furthermore, since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the portfolio should consist largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets (dynamic liquidity).

Return on Investments: The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, commensurate with investment risks constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio. Return on investments shall be secondary to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of investments is limited to qualified, relatively low-risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed.

The City's investment policy applies to all investment activities of the City under the control of the Director of Finance, including management of certain investments related to governmental and custodial funds. All deposits and investments shall be made with a qualified public depository or dealer. Broker/Dealers are selected by their credit worthiness and must be authorized to provide investment services in the state of Louisiana. These may include "primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule).

The City's policy also requires, to the extent possible, diversification of its investments by security type and institution. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, bank certificates of deposit (as limited by R.S.39:1242d), and authorized pools, no more than 25% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. This diversification is required in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income of the remainder of the portfolio. Deviation from expectations will be reported in a timely manner and appropriate action taken to control adverse risks.

The City invests monies with the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is considered to be an external investment pool administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local Louisiana government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33.2955.

The following facts are relevant for LAMP:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.
- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments.

LAMP values its investments at fair value based on quoted market values. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares which approximates net asset value (NAV).

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LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. An annual audit of LAMP is conducted by an independent certified public accountant. LAMP issues financial reports which can be obtained by writing: LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, LA 70130.

**Interest Rate Risk** – The City manages interest rate risk for investments under the control of the City by limiting the maximum maturity of investments in accordance with their investment policy. As stated in its investment policy, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, cash will not be invested in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase. At December 31, 2022, the governmental and custodial funds, investment balances and maturities for those fixed income investments were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	<b>Less than one year</b>
LAMP	\$ 210,428
Money market	139,311
U.S. Agency Securities	59,040
U.S. Treasury Bills	235,058
Total investments - fixed income	\$ 643,837

**Credit Quality Risk** – The City does not have a policy statement concerning credit quality risk in its investment policy. LAMP has been rated AAA by Standard & Poor’s Corporation.

The Firefighters’ pension trust fund’s investment policy allows for investment in publicly-traded debt securities rated at or above Baa by Moody’s and BBB by Standard and Poor’s at time of purchase.

At December 31, 2022, no debt securities were held by the City.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The Municipal Employees’ pension trust fund’s investment policy limits the concentration in any one issuer to 5% of fair value. As of December 31, 2022, the Municipal Employees’ pension trust fund investments were in compliance with this policy.

The Firefighter’s Pension and Relief Fund’s investment policy states that no more than 25% of the equity portfolio market value may be invested in any single industry at the time of purchase. In addition, no more than 5% of total fund assets at market may be invested in any one issuer’s securities. The Firefighter’s pension trust fund was in compliance with the concentration of risk investment policy at December 31, 2022.

### (3) **Fair Value Measurements**

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by GAAP. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than those in Level 1; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

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Debt and equity securities classified as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified as Level 2 are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Investments classified as Level 3 are valued using unobservable inputs and are not directly corroborated with market data. The Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund's Level 3 investments consist primarily of real estate, either directly held or through a limited liability corporation or partnership investment. They are valued using independent appraisals or other market data.

A summary of the City's investments along with the fair value hierarchy levels of each type of investment (amounts in thousands) is as follows as of December 31, 2022:

	Total	Fair Value Measurement Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Investments by Fair Value Level:</b>				
<b>Fixed income securities:</b>				
Taxable Bonds	\$ 6,797	\$ 6,797	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. agency securities	59,040	-	59,040	-
U.S. treasury bonds	235,058	-	235,058	-
Total fixed income securities	<u>300,896</u>	<u>6,797</u>	<u>294,099</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Equity Securities:</b>				
Domestic equities	153,563	153,563	-	-
Large Cap Equity Fund	15,952	15,952	-	-
Daily Accrual Equity Fund	4,281	4,281	-	-
International equities	55,788	15,197	20,816	19,775
Total domestic equities	<u>229,584</u>	<u>188,993</u>	<u>20,816</u>	<u>19,775</u>
Total equity securities	<u>229,584</u>	<u>188,993</u>	<u>20,816</u>	<u>19,775</u>
<b>Alternative Investments:</b>				
Global Tactical Allocations	7,297	-	-	7,297
Limited liability corporations	28	-	-	28
Real estate	301	-	-	301
Total alternative investments	<u>7,626</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,626</u>
Total Investments at Fair Value Level	<u>538,106</u>	<u>\$ 195,790</u>	<u>\$ 314,915</u>	<u>\$ 27,402</u>
<b>Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):</b>				
Alternative investments	71,551			
Real estate & infrastructure funds	41,210			
Fixed income securities	78,854			
Total Investments at NAV	<u>191,615</u>			
<b>Investments measured at amortized cost:</b>				
Money market funds	139,311			
LAMP	210,428			
Total Investments at amortized cost	<u>349,739</u>			
Total Investments	<u>\$ 1,079,460</u>			

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Investment balances by fund type:

Governmental funds	\$	578,336
Fiduciary funds		501,124
		\$ 1,079,460
		\$ 1,079,460

**(4) Tax Revenues**

At December 31, 2022, the total sales tax levied in the City is 9.45%, of which 4.45% is state sales tax, 1.5% is levied by the Orleans Parish School Board (the School Board), and 1% is dedicated for transportation and is levied by the Regional Transit Authority (RTA). The remaining 2.5% is used to fund the general operations of the City. The City administers and collects the entire 5% of local sales tax. The School Board's portion of the sales tax is accounted for in the Orleans Parish School Board sales tax clearing fund, and the RTA's portion of the sales tax is accounted for in the RTA sales tax clearing fund, both of which are custodial funds.

The City levies a tax on real and personal property. Portions of these property taxes are dedicated for fire and police protection services and the public library system. Taxes on real and personal property are levied on January 1 of the assessment year based upon the assessed value as of the prior August 15. However, before the tax can be levied, the tax rolls must be submitted to the State Tax Commission for approval. Taxes are due and payable on January 1, the date on which an enforceable lien attaches on the property, and are delinquent on February 1.

The assessed value of property in the City for each year is determined by an elected Board of Assessors. It is then certified by the Louisiana Tax Commission as complying with the Louisiana Constitution of 1974. The City is permitted by the Louisiana statutes to levy taxes up to \$43.94 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for the general fund (including library). The Board of Liquidation is permitted to levy taxes in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds of the City.

Property tax levies per \$1,000 of assessed valuation accounted for within the funds of the City (primary government only) for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

General:		
General governmental services	\$	13.91
Dedicated for fire and police		6.40
Public library		4.91
Fire and police, without applying homestead exemption		12.97
Parkways and parks and recreation department		1.95
Act 44		1.19
Debt service		19.50
	\$	60.83

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Property taxes levied on January 1, 2022, collected during 2022, or expected to be collected within the first 60 days of 2023, are recognized as revenues in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – governmental funds. The entire estimated collectible amount of the tax levy for the fiscal year is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes paid under protest are held in escrow until resolution of the dispute.

**(5) Grantee Loans**

The City has received certain grant awards or loans from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the purposes of providing loans to the private sector for completion of projects that will stimulate economic development activity in the City. The loans outstanding at December 31, 2022 total \$6,931,330, which bear interest at rates ranging from 0.1% to 7.0%. These loans are receivable over a 10 to 30 year period. Once loan repayments are received and the project is accepted by HUD, the City may use the amounts received for other allowable economic development activities specified in the grant agreement. The City has recorded \$6,920,398 in allowance for bad debt on these loans.

**(6) Leases Receivable and Revenue**

The City leases to others some of its land and property under various lease agreements. The City recognized \$48,000 in lease revenue and \$221,000 in interest revenue during the year ended December 31, 2022 related to these leases. As of December 31, 2022, the City’s receivable for lease payments was \$6,825,000. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resource associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease terms. As of December 31, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$6,654,000.

Future payments included in the measurement of the lease receivable as of December 31, 2022 for each of the next five fiscal years and in five-year increments thereafter are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 59	\$ 221	\$ 280
2024	79	219	298
2025	85	216	301
2026	88	213	301
2027	36	211	247
2028-2032	237	1,036	1,273
2033-2037	417	983	1,400
2038-2042	642	898	1,541
2043-2047	922	772	1,695
2048-2052	1,268	596	1,864
2053-2057	1,690	357	2,047
2058-2062	1,299	70	1,369
	\$ 6,825	\$ 5,792	\$ 12,617

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**(7) Right-to-use Lease Assets**

Right-to-use lease asset activity for the City for the year ended December 31, 2022 (amounts in thousands), was as follows:

	<b>Balance January 1, 2022</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Deletions</b>	<b>Adjustment to reconcile to fixed asset report</b>	<b>Balance December 31, 2022</b>
Right-to-use lease assets					
Leased Property	\$ 11,042	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,042
Total right to use lease assets	<u>11,042</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,042</u>
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Leased Property	-	1,845	-		1,845
Total accumulated amortization	<u>-</u>	<u>1,845</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,845</u>
Total	<u>\$ 11,042</u>	<u>\$ (1,845)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9,197</u>

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**(8) Capital Assets**

A summary of changes in capital assets of governmental activities (amounts in thousands) was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2022
Nondepreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 94,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,474
Construction in progress	559,340	3,232	-	-	562,572
Total nondepreciable capital assets	<u>653,814</u>	<u>3,232</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>657,046</u>
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure	3,106,830	196,729	-	-	3,303,559
Buildings and improvements	904,574	56,781	-	-	961,355
Equipment and vehicles	136,398	2,190	(964)	-	137,624
Other	40,734	239	-	-	40,973
Total depreciable capital assets	<u>4,188,536</u>	<u>255,939</u>	<u>(964)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,443,511</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	2,244,041	56,696	-	-	2,300,737
Buildings and improvements	342,248	32,398	-	-	374,646
Equipment and vehicles	118,840	5,291	(964)	-	123,167
Other	38,690	714	-	-	39,404
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>2,743,819</u>	<u>95,099</u>	<u>(964)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,837,954</u>
Total depreciable capital assets, net	<u>1,444,717</u>	<u>160,840</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,605,557</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,098,531</u>	<u>\$ 164,072</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,262,603</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows (amounts in thousands):

General government	\$ 56,696
Public safety	35,044
Public works	2,645
Culture and recreation	714
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 95,099</u>

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**(9) Long-Term Liabilities**

***Debt Service Fund***

The City’s debt service fund includes the Board of Liquidation, City Debt (the Board of Liquidation), an autonomous, self-perpetuating board created under the State of Louisiana Constitution of 1974. All property taxes levied by the City and dedicated to the payment of outstanding general obligation bonds are collected by the City and, as required by law, paid to the Board of Liquidation as collected.

The Board of Liquidation annually determines the amount of property tax millage necessary to be levied and collected by the City in the next fiscal year for the payment during such year of principal and interest on all outstanding general obligation bonds of the City and all such bonds proposed to be issued by the City during such year. The annual determination of the necessary tax millage to service bonds of the City is adopted by resolution of the Board of Liquidation, which is submitted to the City Council. The millage recommended by the Board of Liquidation is then levied by the City Council. The millages for the various limited bonds of the City were established at the time the bonds were issued based upon approval of the voters and are subject to change based on property values. Administrative expenditures paid in connection with the operations of the Board of Liquidation are recorded in the City’s Debt Service fund.

***Bonds and Revenue Notes Transactions***

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Bonds payable, excluding unamortized premium of \$80,359,000 and unamortized discount of \$178,000, at December 31, 2022 comprise the following (all bonds are serial bonds) (amounts in thousands):

<u>Description</u>	<u>Original issue</u>	<u>Range of average interest rates</u>	<u>Amount outstanding</u>	<u>Due in one year</u>
General obligation bonds:				
2013-2021 Public Improvement				
Bonds, due in annual				
installments ranging from \$3,895				
to \$17,760 through December 2050				
	\$ 565,000	1.24 – 6.1%	\$ 438,020	\$ 27,970
2015 General Obligation Refunding				
Bonds, due in annual				
installments ranging from \$750				
to \$7,855 through December 2034				
	75,440	3.0 – 5.0%	29,565	3,670

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

<u>Description</u>	<u>Original issue</u>	<u>Range of average interest rates</u>	<u>Amount outstanding</u>	<u>Due in one year</u>
2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$915 to \$3,735 through December 2036	55,125	2.0-3.5%	41,705	2,290
2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$1,520 to \$11,705 through December 2038	106,670	5.0-5.25%	106,670	8,860
Limited Tax Bonds:				
2016 Taxable Limited Tax Bonds, due in annual installments of \$820 to \$1,135 commencing September 2017 through September 2026	10,000	2.57%	4,335	1,035
2017 Taxable Limited Tax Bonds, due in annual installments of \$620 to \$1,300 commencing September 2018 through September 2027	10,000	3.26%	5,810	1,030
2021 Taxable Limited Tax Bonds, due in annual installments of \$5,430 to \$15,315 commencing December 2022 through December 2030	120,735	4.00%	115,305	13,805
Revenue Bonds and Notes:				
2020 Taxable Revenue Notes, due in annual installments of \$7,875 to \$8,805 commencing September 2022 through September 2027	50,000	2.25%	42,125	8,055
2021 Taxable Revenue Notes, due in annual installments of \$675 to \$2,225 commencing November 2022 through November 2046	29,000	4.00%	28,565	-
Total Bonds and Revenue Notes			812,100	66,715
Premium and discount on bond issuance, net			80,181	6,645
			<u>\$ 892,281</u>	<u>\$ 73,360</u>

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

The payment requirements for all bonds and revenue notes outstanding as of December 31, 2022, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	<b>Publicly Issued Debt</b>					
	<b>General Obligation Bonds</b>		<b>Limited Tax Bonds</b>		<b>Revenue Bonds and Notes</b>	
	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>
Year ending December 31:						
2023	\$ 42,790	\$ 29,136	\$ 15,870	\$ 2,164	\$ -	\$ 1,160
2024	34,825	25,945	16,045	2,019	-	1,160
2025	30,040	24,379	16,270	1,829	-	1,160
2026	29,125	23,066	16,560	1,570	-	1,160
2027	26,510	21,743	60,705	3,318	-	1,160
2028-2032	118,700	91,305	-	-	-	5,800
2033-2037	102,040	69,177	-	-	-	5,800
2038-2042	95,630	47,478	-	-	-	5,800
2043-2047	88,370	24,421	-	-	28,565	4,640
2047-2052	47,930	4,871	-	-	-	-
	<b>\$ 615,960</b>	<b>\$ 361,521</b>	<b>\$ 125,450</b>	<b>\$ 10,900</b>	<b>\$ 28,565</b>	<b>\$ 27,840</b>

	<b>Direct Placement</b>			
	<b>Revenue Bonds and Notes</b>		<b>Total</b>	
	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>
Year ending December 31:				
2022	\$ 8,055	\$ 948	\$ 66,715	\$ 41,463
2023	8,235	767	59,105	38,126
2024	8,420	581	54,730	36,369
2025	8,610	392	54,295	34,798
2026	8,805	198	96,020	35,224
2027-2031	-	-	118,700	97,105
2032-2036	-	-	102,040	74,977
2037-2041	-	-	95,630	53,278
2042-2046	-	-	116,935	29,061
2047-2050	-	-	47,930	4,871
	<b>\$ 42,125</b>	<b>\$ 2,886</b>	<b>\$ 812,100</b>	<b>\$ 445,272</b>

The City's legal debt limit for General Obligation Bonds is \$1,851,931,000. At December 31, 2022, the City's legal debt margin adjusted for outstanding principal of \$615,960,000 plus fund balance available in the Debt Service Fund of \$84,854,000 to service this debt was \$ 1,320,825,000.

The various bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance of and flow of money through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and minimum revenue bond coverages. At December 31, 2022, management believes it is in compliance with all financial related covenants.

The general obligation and public improvement bonds are collateralized by unlimited taxation on all real taxable property in the City and backed by the full faith credit of the City. The limited tax and revenue bonds are secured by and payable from an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the funds to be derived by the City from the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes. The revenue bonds are also additionally secured by any and all revenues received by the City in any fiscal year while the notes are outstanding.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

***General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2022***

In December 2022, the City issued a \$106,670,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond for the purpose of funding the City's operations and paying off the cost of the issuance of debt. Interest on the bonds is due semiannually at the rate of 5.00% commencing June 1, 2023. Principal payments are due annually, commencing December 1, 2023 and maturing on December 1, 2038.

***Debt Service Assistance Program***

The City entered into a cooperative endeavor agreement with the State of Louisiana to provide for the issuance of general obligation bonds of the State of Louisiana (GO Zone Series) to fund the debt service assistance loan program, which will make scheduled debt service payments on behalf of the City for certain issues of outstanding debt. At issuance, the loans were payable beginning in 5 years in equal installments over 15 years commencing in 2012. Interest was deferred during the initial 5-year period and then accrues at a rate of 4.64% during the repayment period. The loan balance at December 31, 2022 is \$17,571,000. This debt is a direct borrowing. There are no stated events of default with finance-related consequences in the agreement.

The requirements to amortize the debt service assistance loan are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>
Year ending December 31:		
2023	\$ 4,098	\$ 815
2024	4,289	625
2025	4,488	426
2026	4,696	218
	\$ 17,571	\$ 2,084

***Vehicle Note Payable***

In 2017, the City entered into a loan agreement for \$5,000,000 for the purchase of vehicles. The loan is payable over 10 years, beginning in 2018 and accrue interest at a fixed rate of 2.66%. This loan is a direct borrowing and is secured by the equipment purchased with the loan proceeds.

The requirements to amortize the vehicle loans are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	<b>Principal</b>	<b>Interest</b>
Year ending December 31:		
2023	\$ 504	\$ 85
2024	517	72
2025	531	59
2026	545	45
2027	569	31
	\$ 2,666	\$ 291

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

***Compensated Absences***

The City has recorded \$58,388,000 in accrued annual and sick leave in accordance with its pay-out policies. During the year active employees earned and used \$29,696,000 and \$22,300,000, respectively, in sick and vacation leave benefits. The entire annual and sick liability is recorded in the government wide statements, and no liability is recorded in the governmental funds.

***Lease Liabilities***

The City entered into multiple agreements as lessee for the use of land and property. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$11,042,000. As of December 31, 2022, the value of the lease liabilities were \$9,363,000. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments totaling \$168,000. The leases have an interest rates of 3.25%.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,740	\$ 279	\$ 2,018
2024	1,756	221	1,977
2025	1,579	167	1,746
2026	1,515	116	1,631
2027	1,364	70	1,434
2028	1,409	25	1,434
	<u>\$ 9,363</u>	<u>\$ 878</u>	<u>\$ 10,241</u>

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

***Changes in Long-Term Liabilities***

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows (amounts in thousands):

	<u>January 1, 2022</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>Due in one year</u>
Claims and judgments (note 16)	\$ 410,291	\$ 85,329	\$ (84,749)	410,871	\$ 30,822
Landfill closing costs (note 16)	3,684	-	(129)	3,555	133
Accrued annual and sick leave	56,039	29,966	(27,617)	58,388	5,518
Lease liabilities	11,042	-	(1,679)	9,363	1,740
Revenue bonds	81,475	-	(10,785)	70,690	8,055
General obligation bonds	667,160	106,670	(157,870)	615,960	42,790
Limited tax bonds	256,070	-	(130,620)	125,450	15,870
Premium on bonds payable	82,132	5,408	(7,180)	80,360	6,698
Discount on bonds payable	(250)	-	72	(178)	(53)
Debt service assistance program	21,488	-	(3,917)	17,571	4,099
Note payable	3,198	-	(532)	2,666	504
Net pension liabilities (note 10)	862,741	-	145,443	1,008,184	-
Post-employment benefit (note 11)	172,847	-	(35,432)	137,415	10,961
	<u>\$ 2,627,917</u>	<u>\$ 227,373</u>	<u>\$ (314,995)</u>	<u>\$ 2,540,295</u>	<u>\$ 127,137</u>

The long-term liabilities will be repaid from the General Fund, except for the General Obligation, Limited Tax Bonds, Taxable Limited Tax Refunding Bonds and a portion of the Debt Service Assistance Loan Program, which will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund. The Board of Liquidation handles all the General Obligation bonded debt of the City and the Limited Tax Bonds and results of its operations are reported in the debt service fund. At December 31, 2022, the debt service fund had \$86,046,000 in fund balance restricted for debt service.

**(10) Pension Plans and Postretirement Healthcare Benefits**

**Pension Plans**

At December 31, 2022, the City sponsors and administers three separate single-employer, contributory defined benefit pension plans, namely: (1) Firefighters’ Pension and Relief Fund – Old System (Old System); (2) Firefighters’ Pension and Relief Fund – New System (New System); and (3) Police Pension Fund (Police Fund). In addition, the City participated in the Employees’ Retirement System of the City of New Orleans (Employees’ Plan) which is a single employer defined benefit plan. Employers in the Employee’s Plan include the City, some of the City’s component units, and other entities within the City of New Orleans for which the City processes payroll. The Old System covers firefighters who were employed prior to December 31, 1967; the New System covers firefighters hired since that date. Effective March 6, 1983, all members of the Police Plan, active and retired, except for approximately 250 participants who did not meet the eligibility requirements, became members of the Municipal Police Employees’ Retirement System (State of Louisiana) (MPERS). The Police Fund of the City will remain responsible for the payment of certain benefits due to differences in length of service and age requirements for the participants who were not transferred to the MPERS plan. MPERS is the only cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan in which employees of the City participate. The Employees’ Plan covers all City employees other than firefighters and police.

All four plans use the accrual basis of accounting for changes in net position. Within this context, interest income is recognized when earned, employer and employee contributions when they are due to the plans, except in the case of the Police Plan, which recognizes employer contributions when due from the City.

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plans. Each of the Systems issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by writing, calling or downloading the reports as follows:

Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans  
1300 Perdido Street, Suite 1E12, New Orleans, Louisiana 70112  
(504) 658-1850

Police Pension Fund of the City of New Orleans  
715 S. Broad, Room B23, New Orleans, Louisiana 70119  
(504) 826-2900

Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund of the  
City of New Orleans (Old and New Systems)  
3520 General DeGaulle Drive, New Orleans, Louisiana 70114  
(504) 366-8102

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System  
7722 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809  
(800) 443-4248  
lampers.org

### Plan Descriptions:

#### *Employees' Plan, Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund – Old and New System*

Each plan is a defined benefit pension plan established by the State of Louisiana statute, which provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is provided under the laws of the State of Louisiana.

At December 31, 2022, the New System and Old System's membership consisted of:

	<u>New System</u>	<u>Old System</u>
Inactive members or beneficiaries receiving benefits	806	348
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	83	-
Active members	532	-
Total participants	<u>1,421</u>	<u>348</u>

#### *Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)*

On March 6, 1983, an agreement was signed among the City, the Police Pension Funds of the City of New Orleans, and the MPERS, which provided for the merger of the Police Pension Plans with the MPERS. As of that date, all members of the Police Pension Plans, active and retired, became members of the MPERS. Those members covered by the system who did not meet the age and service requirements of the MPERS will be paid by the Police Pension Fund of the City until they reach age 50 or 55, depending on the length of active service.

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Membership in MPERS is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. MPERS provides retirement benefits for municipal police officers. The projections of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through MPERS in accordance with benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233.

Employees become eligible for retirement under the MPERS plan at age 50 and after 20 years of active continuous service. An employee who is age 55 becomes eligible for retirement benefits after 16 years of active continuous service. The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is provided under the laws of the State of Louisiana.

### **Funding Policy**

The employer contributions for the Employees' Plan and the Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (New System) are based on actuarially determined amounts. The employer contribution for the Police Pension Fund is based on amounts necessary to cover administrative costs and payments of pensions and benefits, as certified by the board of trustees of the Fund. The employer contribution for the Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (Old System) is based on amounts necessary to pay current expenses, and, in effect, is being funded on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. As a result of the merger contract with the MPERS to transfer all active policemen who were participating in the City's Police Pension Fund to MPERS, there were no active participants in the plan and therefore the only contributions by employees to the plan related to retirees' contributions for the purchase of military service credit.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

Contribution rates for each plan are as follows:

	<u>City</u>	<u>Employee</u>
Firefighters Pension and Relief Fund Old System	Actuarially determined contributions plus budget allocations determined by the City	N/A – No active employees
New System	Actuarially determined contributions plus budget allocations determined by the City	10.00% of pensionable compensation
Employees' Plan	Actuarially determined contributions less member contributions	6% of pensionable compensation
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System	29.75-32.25%	7.50 - 10.00%

The contributions made by the City to the plans during 2022 were as follows:

Firefighters Pension and Relief Fund	
Old System	\$ 13,384,000
New System	37,947,000
Employees' Plan	21,019,000
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System	23,951,000

The Firefighters' pension fund receives fire insurance taxes of 2% of the fire insurance premiums written in the City of New Orleans. In 2022, the amount of \$2,821,370 received as a result of this tax was divided between the New System and Old System.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:**

The City's net pension liability at December 31, 2022 is comprised of the entire net pension liability relating to the City's single employer plans for the Firefighters Pension and Relief Fund and the Employees' Plan and the City's proportional share of the net pension liability relating to the cost sharing plan in which the City is a participating employer, Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System. These were measured as of the following dates:

<u>Plan</u>	<u>Measurement Date</u>
Firefighters Pension and Relief Fund	
Old System	December 31, 2021
New System	December 31, 2021
Employees' Plan	December 31, 2022
Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System	June 30, 2022

The City's proportion of the Net Pension Liability for its cost-sharing plan was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

	<u>MPERS</u>
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 246,039,000
City Proportion (%) of net pension liability	24.070051%
Increase/(decrease) from prior measurement date	-1.720713%

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. For Firefighters' Pension and Relief Trust Old System and Firefighters' Pension and Relief Trust New System, the actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuations were based on results of an experience study for the period from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021. For Employees Retirement System, the actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation was based on results of an experience study for the period from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022.

The required Schedule of Net Pension Liability located in the required supplementary information following the Notes to Financial Statements presents multi-year trend information regarding whether the plan fiduciary net position is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability. The total pension liability as of December 31, 2022 or December 31, 2021 is based on actuarial valuations for the same period, updated using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City will recognize a pension expense of \$15,459,000, \$3,272,000, \$50,492,000, and \$19,555,000 for the Old System, New System, Employees' Plan, and MPERS, respectively, in payroll related expense on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Non-employer contributions for MPERS are \$5,354,000 for 2022.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans for governmental activities from the following sources:

	Firefighters Old System	Firefighters New System	Employees' Plan	MPERS	Total
<u>Deferred outflows of resources:</u>					
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 10,893,669	\$ 18,044,178	\$ 1,213,454	\$ 30,151,301
Changes of assumptions	-	18,935,364	3,375,440	8,486,964	30,797,768
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	215,024	743,909	36,243,254	43,925,643	81,127,830
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-	-	2,233,208	2,233,208
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	13,384,001	37,946,745	-	10,189,801	61,520,547
Total deferred outflows	<u>\$ 13,599,025</u>	<u>\$ 68,519,687</u>	<u>\$ 57,662,872</u>	<u>\$ 66,049,070</u>	<u>\$ 205,830,654</u>
<u>Deferred inflows of resources:</u>					
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 43,621,157	\$ 10,205,314	\$ 2,005,296	\$ 55,831,767
Changes of assumptions	-	-	1,441,124	1,830,026	3,271,150
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-	-	14,527,942	14,527,942
Total deferred inflows	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 43,621,157</u>	<u>\$ 11,646,438</u>	<u>\$ 18,363,264</u>	<u>\$ 73,630,859</u>

The \$61,521,000 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the year ended December 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for governmental activities will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Firefighters Old System	Firefighters New System	Employee's Plan	MPERS	Total
2023	\$ 80,494	\$ 4,808,009	\$ 4,808,009	\$ 5,125,494	\$ 14,822,006
2024	58,440	(4,804,512)	(4,804,512)	9,820,502	269,918
2025	48,857	(5,953,012)	(5,953,012)	(490,859)	(12,348,026)
2026	27,233	(7,098,700)	(7,098,700)	23,040,868	8,870,701
	<u>\$ 215,024</u>	<u>\$ (13,048,215)</u>	<u>\$ (13,048,215)</u>	<u>\$ 37,496,005</u>	<u>\$ 11,614,599</u>

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension liability was determined as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Old System	New System
<b>Valuation date</b>	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2021
<b>Actuary cost method</b>	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
<b>Actuarial assumption:</b>		
<b>Investment rate of return</b>	2.06%, net of investment expense (2.12%, net of investment expense in 2021)	7.5%, net of investment expense
<b>Inflation rate</b>	N/A	0.00%
<b>Mortality</b>	1994 Uninsured Pensioner Table for active and retired; 1994 Uninsured Pensioner Table set forward 5 years for disabled annuitants.	1994 Uninsured Pensioner Table for active and retired; 1994 Uninsured Pensioner Table set forward 5 years for disabled annuitants.
<b>Salary increases</b>	N/A	0.00%

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

	Employees' System	MPERS
<b>Valuation date</b>	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
<b>Actuary cost method</b>	Entry age normal	Entry age normal cost
<b>Actuarial assumption:</b>		
<b>Investment rate of return</b>	7.25%, net of investment expense	6.750%, net of investment expense
<b>Inflation rate</b>	2.5%	2.5%
<b>Mortality</b>	<i>Healthy Pre-Retirement:</i> PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables, amount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2020; <i>Healthy Post-Retirement:</i> PubG-2010 General Healthy Retiree Tables, amount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2020; <i>Disabled:</i> PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Tables, amount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2020	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale for healthy annuitants and beneficiaries.  Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale for disabled lives.  Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale for active members.
<b>Salary increases</b>	Age-based annual rates ranging from 10% to 3.2%	4.70% to 12.30% based on years of service

The forecasted long-term expected rate of return on Pension Trust Fund investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by an asset allocation percentage which is based on the nature and mix of current and expected plan investments, and by adding expected inflation.

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

The estimated long-term real rates of return for each major asset class based on the trust funds' target asset allocation are as follows:

	Firefighters' Old System as of December 31, 2021	
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-term expected portfolio real rate of return
Cash and cash equivalents	100.0%	5.00%

	Firefighters' New System as of December 31, 2021	
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-term expected portfolio real rate of return
Equity securities	60.0%	8.00%
Fixed Income	15.0%	2.50%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%
International bonds	5.0%	3.50%
Alternative investments	10.0%	6.28%

	Employees' Retirement System as of December 31, 2022	
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-term expected portfolio real rate of return
Cash and cash equivalents	2.0%	0.71%
Domestic equity	42.5%	6.91%
International equity	14.0%	7.75%
Fixed income	22.0%	1.80%
Real estate	5.0%	3.61%
Hedge funds and GTAA	9.5%	3.21%
Private investments	5.0%	9.96%

	MPERS as of June 30, 2022	
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-term expected portfolio real rate of return
Equity	55.50%	3.60%
Fixed income	30.50%	0.85%
Alternative	14.00%	0.95%
Totals	100%	5.40%
Inflation		2.66%
Expected nominal return		8.06%

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***Discount Rate***

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% for the Employees' Retirement System, 7.50% for the Firefighters' New System, 2.06% for the Firefighters' Old System, and 6.75% for the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System for 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that the plan's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Employees' Plan, MPERS, and New System pension trust funds' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The Firefighters' Old System's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the discount rate for the Old System was determined using a municipal bond rate (2.06%) and applied to all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

***Changes in Net Pension Liabilities***

The change in net pension liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

**Firefighters' Old System**

Change in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest on the total pension liability	2,531,583	-	2,531,583
Difference between expected and actual experience	(5,233,722)	-	(5,233,722)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	462,195	-	462,195
Contributions – employer	-	13,871,600	(13,871,600)
Net investment income	-	31,968	(31,968)
Benefit payments and net transfers	(11,929,022)	(11,929,022)	-
Administrative expense	-	(655,926)	655,926
Net Change	(14,168,966)	1,318,620	(15,487,586)
Net Pension Liability, Beginning	125,378,798	7,287,333	118,091,465
Net Pension Liability, Ending	\$ 111,209,832	\$ 8,605,953	\$ 102,603,879

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**Firefighters' New System**

Change in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Service cost	\$ 7,028,535	\$ -	\$ 7,028,535
Interest on the total pension liability	31,913,679	-	31,913,679
Difference between expected and actual experience	(36,488,412)	-	(36,488,412)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	-	-	-
Contributions – employer	-	35,290,228	(35,290,228)
Contributions - member	-	3,253,474	(3,253,474)
Net investment income	-	2,760,254	(2,760,254)
Benefit payments and net transfers	(38,238,097)	(38,238,097)	-
Administrative expense	-	(224,497)	224,497
Net Change	(35,784,295)	2,841,362	38,625,657
Net Pension Liability, Beginning	444,634,771	50,028,366	394,606,405
Net Pension Liability, Ending	\$ 408,850,476	\$ 52,869,728	\$ 355,980,748

**Employees' System**

Change in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Service cost	\$ 10,129,331	\$ -	\$ 10,129,331
Interest on the total pension liability	45,060,972	-	45,060,972
Changes of benefit terms	2,555,413	-	2,555,413
Difference between expected and actual experience	2,527,807	-	2,527,807
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(12,510,954)	-	(12,510,954)
Contributions – employer	-	21,019,489	(21,019,489)
Contributions - member	-	7,161,023	(7,161,023)
Net investment income	-	(55,543,728)	55,543,728
Benefit payments and net transfers	(44,711,664)	(44,711,664)	-
Administrative expense	-	(504,164)	504,164
Transfers into the System	-	625,982	(625,982)
Changes in allocation percentage	-	(15,992,482)	15,992,482
Net Change	3,050,905	(87,945,544)	90,996,449
Net Pension Liability, Beginning	646,268,108	433,703,789	212,564,319
Net Pension Liability, Ending	\$ 649,319,013	\$ 345,758,245	\$ 303,560,768

**City of New Orleans**  
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***Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following table presents the net pension liabilities of the City as of December 31, 2021, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
<u>Old Plan</u>			
Rates	1.06%	2.06%	3.06%
NPL	\$ 110,119,000	\$ 102,604,000	\$ 95,743,000
<u>New Plan</u>			
Rates	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
NPL	\$ 391,240,000	\$ 355,981,000	\$ 323,391,000
<u>Employees' Plan</u>			
Rates	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
NPL	\$ 376,572,000	\$ 303,561,000	\$ 242,633,000
<u>MPERS</u>			
Rates	5.750%	6.750%	7.750%
City Share of NPL	\$ 344,407,000	\$ 246,039,000	\$ 163,869,000

***Investment Rate of Return***

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rates of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 5.42% for the Employees' Retirement System, 6.28% for the Firefighters' New System, and 0.25% for the Firefighters' Old System.

**(11) Postretirement Healthcare Benefits and Life Insurance Benefits**

**General Information about the OPEB Plan**

*Plan description* – The City provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The City of New Orleans's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Codification Section P52 *Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit*.

*Benefits Provided* – Medical benefits are provided through a self-insured comprehensive health benefit program. Full details are contained in the official plan documents. Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement (that is, at the end of the DROP period, if applicable) according to the retirement eligibility provisions of the System by which the employee is covered. Most City employees are covered by one of three primary systems: The Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans, the Louisiana State Municipal Police Retirement System, and the New Orleans Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund

**City of New Orleans**  
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(NOFF). The maximum DROP period is five years in Employees' Plan and NOFF and three years in MPERS. Retirement (DROP entry) eligibility is as follows: in Employees' Plan, the earliest of 30 years of service at any age; age 60 and 10 years of service; age 65 and 20 years of service; or, satisfaction of the "Rule of 80" (age plus service equals or exceeds 80); in MPRS, the earlier of 25 years of service and age 50 and 20 years of service (in MPERS, DROP entry requires age 55 and 12 years of service or 20 years of service and eligibility to retire); in NOFF, age 50 and 12 years of service. However, because of the "back-loaded" benefit formula in the NOFF plan relative to years of service, the retirement assumption used for that plan was the earliest of age 50 and 30 years of service, age 55 and 25 years of service, and age 60 and 12 years of service to reflect the actual patterns of retirement and DROP entry in that system. For firefighters hired after August 15, 2016, the minimum age for DROP entry/retirement eligibility is the Social Security maximum retirement age less 10 years.

*Employees covered by benefit terms* – At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms (includes employees of the City and other agencies in the plan):

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,375
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	<u>4,957</u>
	<u><u>6,332</u></u>

**Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$137,415,000 was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

*Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs* – The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	4.0%, including inflation
Discount rate	2.06% annually, beginning of year 3.72%, annually, end of year
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.5% annually
Mortality	RP-2000 Table without projection

The discount rate was based on the average of the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index as of December 31, 2022, the end of the applicable measurement period.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of ongoing evaluations of the assumptions from January 1, 2009 to December 31, 2022.

**City of New Orleans**  
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**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

The City is the sponsor of the OPEB Plan, which the City allows the employees of its component units and other city organizations and agencies to participate in the OPEB Plan. At December 31, 2022, the City's proportion of the total OPEB liability was 86.73%, an increase of .21% from 2021.

*Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate* – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.72%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.72%) than the current discount rate:

	<b>1.0% Decrease (2.72%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (3.72%)</b>	<b>1.0% Increase (4.72%)</b>
City of New Orleans	\$ 166,073,000	\$ 137,415,000	\$ 115,294,000

*Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates* – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5%) than the current healthcare trend rates:

	<b>1.0% Decrease (4.5%)</b>	<b>Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (5.5%)</b>	<b>1.0% Increase (6.5%)</b>
City of New Orleans	\$ 118,077,000	\$ 137,415,000	\$ 162,696,000

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$16,267,000. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (amounts in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 10,831	\$ (7,286)
Changes in assumptions	23,829	(31,329)
	\$ 34,660	\$ (38,615)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2023	(17,000)
2024	(17,000)
2025	(17,000)
2026	(4,644,000)
2027	(4,176,000)
Thereafter	4,916,000
	\$ (3,955,000)

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**(12) Individual Fund Disclosures**

***Deficit Fund Equity***

At December 31, 2022, the FEMA fund had a deficit fund balance in the amounts of approximately \$37,996,000. The deficit fund balances in the FEMA fund is a result of accrued expenditures for which no revenue has been recognized due to the modified accrual basis of accounting in which revenues are not recognized if the receipts are more than 60 days after year-end. The City plans to fund this deficit with future revenues. The City is currently pursuing obtaining FEMA approval for projects that have been completed by the City and increases in funding for projects that have already been approved by FEMA. If the City is not able to obtain increased funding, the deficit will be funded by the general fund.

At December 31, 2022, the following special revenue non-major funds had deficit balances:

<b>Special Revenue Non-major Funds</b>	<b>Deficit Amount</b>
Department of Housing and Urban Development	\$ 20,992,000
Federal Department of Health	2,710,000
Department of Homeland Security	698,000
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement	4,000
Louisiana Department of Public Safety	6,000
Department of Labor	2,857,000
	\$ 27,267,000

The deficit fund balances in these special revenue non-major funds result from accrued expenditures for which no revenue has been recognized. The City plans to fund these deficits with future revenues. In addition, the negative unassigned fund balance would also need to be covered through either assigned or committed fund balance or with future revenues.

***Interfund Receivables and Payables***

Interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates (1) when interfund services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur and (2) payments between funds are made. For example, the General Fund originally incurred expenditures that were ultimately recorded in the FEMA grant and reimbursed by the federal government. The interfund balances between the General Fund and Nonmajor Funds result from timing differences in the payment for services and reimbursement from the federal government. The interfund balances are not expected to be repaid within the year.

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Individual fund interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2022 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
<u>Due to / from other funds</u>		
General Fund	Capital Projects	\$ 30,448
	Nonmajor	2,566
Nonmajor	Nonmajor	343
		<u>33,357</u>
<u>Advances to / from other funds</u>		
General Fund	FEMA	38,057
	Nonmajor	19,468
		<u>57,525</u>
Total interfund balances		<u>\$ 90,882</u>

***Fund Transfers***

Individual fund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Transfers-in</u>	<u>Transfers-out</u>
General	\$ 50,335	\$ (41,169)
Debt service fund	30,184	(40,000)
Nonmajor funds	650	-
	<u>\$ 81,169</u>	<u>\$ (81,169)</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds.

***Charges to Component Units for Support Services***

Charges for support services paid by the Airport to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$5,780,000 primarily for overhead reimbursement and fire protection.

The City does not charge the Downtown Development District, French Market Corporation, the Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation, or New Orleans Building Corporation for any support services provided to them. In addition, the City does not charge rent to the Audubon Commission for the land which is owned by the City on which the golf course operates.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**(13) Fund Balance**

Fund balances for the City’s governmental funds consisted of the following as of December 31, 2022:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – Non-spendable fund balance in the general fund represents advances to the FEMA fund and HUD fund that are not expected to be paid within the next year. The non-spendable fund balance on the special revenue funds is made up of long-term grantee loan receivables and trust accounts.

Restricted Fund Balance – The restricted fund balance in the special revenue funds is made up of balances restricted for purposes as designated in the grant agreements. The restricted fund balance on the debt service fund is made up of balances restricted for future debt service. The restricted fund balance in the capital projects fund includes unspent proceeds from bond issuances, grants, and donations that are restricted for capital improvements. The restricted fund balance in the General Fund includes unspent proceeds related to the BP Oil spill.

Committed Fund Balance – The committed fund balance on the general fund is made up of funds designated by the City Council to be used to fund future litigation costs and public libraries. The committed fund balance on the special revenue funds consists of unrestricted donations and grants committed for various projects by the City Council.

Assigned Fund Balance –The assigned fund balance on the special revenue funds are unrestricted donations and other funds assigned by the Council or management for various projects. The assigned fund balance on the general fund is made up of funds designated by the City Council or management to be used to fund future litigation costs, public libraries, and to cover deficits of other funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The unassigned fund balance includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

**(14) Summary of Sales Tax Collections Remitted to Other Taxing Authorities**

Act 711 of the Louisiana Legislative Session amended LRS 24:513 B to provide required note disclosure in the financial statements for local governments that collect tax for other taxing jurisdictions. Listed below are sales tax collections and distributions to other parish governmental agencies during 2022 (amounts in thousands).

	<u>Total Collections</u>	<u>Collection Cost</u>	<u>December 2022 Payment Distributed in 2023</u>	<u>December 2021 Payment Distributed in 2022</u>	<u>Final Distribution</u>
Orleans Parish School Board	\$ 164,114	\$ (2,450)	\$ (13,553)	\$ 12,088	\$ 160,199
Regional Transit Authority	102,660	(1,525)	(8,434)	7,582	100,283
Total	<u>\$ 266,774</u>	<u>\$ (3,975)</u>	<u>\$ (21,987)</u>	<u>\$ 19,670</u>	<u>\$ 260,482</u>

**(15) Interest Income**

Interest earned on investments held by the City's capital projects fund, certain special revenue funds (Sidewalk Paving and Repairing, Traffic Court Judicial Expense, Department of Safety and Permits – Demolition, Vieux Carre' Commission, and Municipal Court Judicial Expense) and certain custodial funds (Clearing and Deposit) is recorded as revenue of the General Fund. The amount of interest revenue recorded by the General Fund on investments of the capital projects fund for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately \$2,053,000.

**(16) Commitments and Contingencies**

*Claims and Judgments*

The City is a defendant in a number of claims and lawsuits alleging, among other things, personal injury, police brutality, wrongful death, over-collection of property taxes, and improperly designed drainage systems. The City is self-insured for such cases as described below.

*Self-Insurance*

The City is self-insured for its motor vehicle fleet, and general liability and police department excessive force, workers' compensation, hospitalization, and unemployment losses and claims. The City's claims are financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis for its motor vehicle fleet, general liability, and police department excessive force losses. Premiums are charged by the General Fund to the City's various funds for the unemployment and worker's compensation self-insurance programs and to employees and the City's various funds for the hospitalization self-insurance programs. Paid claims in excess of such premiums, if any, are funded by the General Fund.

**City of New Orleans**  
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As of December 31, 2022, the City has determined, through an analysis of historical experience, the adequacy of the liability necessary to cover all losses and claims, both incurred and reported and incurred but not reported (IBNR), under its self-insurance programs. The City does not discount its claims liabilities. The liabilities of \$29,000 for motor vehicle fleet, \$270,097,000 for general liability and police department excessive force losses, \$135,463,000 for workers' compensation, and \$5,283,000 for hospitalization and unemployment have been accrued in the government-wide financial statements in the total amount of \$410,871,000.

Changes to the City's claims liability amounts in fiscal 2022 and 2021 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Beginning of fiscal year liability</u>	<u>Claims and changes in estimates</u>	<u>Benefit payments, claims, and adjustments</u>	<u>Balance at fiscal year-end</u>	<u>Due in one year</u>
General liability and police liability:					
2021	\$ 277,402	\$ (2,572)	\$ (6,367)	\$ 268,463	\$ 6,191
2022	268,463	5,704	(4,070)	270,097	5,491
Workers' compensation:					
2021	136,624	21,908	(21,808)	136,724	21,808
2022	136,724	18,757	(20,019)	135,462	20,018
Motor vehicle fleet:					
2021	5	415	(133)	287	287
2022	287	(451)	193	29	29
Hospitalization and unemployment:					
2021	4,963	64,799	(64,945)	4,817	4,817
2022	4,817	61,319	(60,853)	5,283	5,284
Total:					
2021	396,962	113,060	(91,028)	418,994	38,715
2022	410,291	85,329	(84,749)	410,871	30,822

***Federal Financial Assistance Questioned Costs***

The City receives federal financial assistance directly from federal agencies or passed through from other government agencies. Audits of the City's federal award programs periodically disclosed certain items or transactions as questioned costs. The ultimate resolution or determination as to whether the costs will be disallowed under the affected grants will be made by the various funding sources and cannot be determined at this time. The City believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its financial position and operations.

***Arbitrage***

The City has issued tax-exempt bonds that are subject to arbitrage regulations of the Internal Revenue Service, which impose restrictions on the use of proceeds from tax-exempt bonds. If certain of these restrictions are not complied with, the bonds could lose their tax-exempt status retroactive to the date of original issuance and also result in the City being subject to arbitrage rebates. The City believes it is in compliance with the arbitrage regulations with respect to all of its tax-exempt bond issues.

***Landfill Closing Costs***

The City owns two closed landfill sites located in the eastern portion of the City (Recovery I Landfill and Gentilly Landfill). State and federal laws require the City to cap the landfill and to monitor and maintain the site for 30 subsequent years. The Gentilly Landfill, which was closed in 1995, was reopened in 2005 under an agreement with a third party vendor. The agreement requires the vendor to pay a 3% royalty fee to the City and a fee equal to 50 cents per cubic yard of waste disposed at the site to be put into a trust to fund the future landfill post closure costs until such time that this liability becomes fully funded, as certified by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ). The City does not record this liability on its books, as the third party vendor is contributing to the trust in accordance with the agreement. The Recovery I site was closed in June 2003 upon obtainment of the Closure Certificate from LDEQ. In 2013, the LDEQ approved a revised closure date for the Recovery I site of April 2013.

Through the time of closure, in the government-wide financial statements, the City recognized a portion of the closure and post-closure care costs in each operating period although actual payouts will not occur until this landfill is capped and closed, respectively. The amount recognized each year to date was based on the landfills' capacities used as of the balance sheet date. As of December 31, 2022, the City has estimated its liability at \$3,555,000.

These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care beginning in 2013 for a 30-year period, adjusted for annual cost increases of 3%. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations, and may need to be covered by charges from future tax revenue. Current funding of these costs comes from the General Fund.

***Consent Decrees***

This litigation was filed against Orleans Parish Sheriff's Office (OPSO) in 2012 to address allegedly unconstitutional conditions at the Orleans Parish Prison (OPP). The City was named as third-party defendant to this litigation solely because it has a statutory obligation to fund the OPSO and OPP. The OPSO agreed to a consent judgment in 2012 that provided for the implementation of various reforms at OPP, many of them operational. These reforms are currently being implemented with the assistance of various federal monitors and an independent compliance director. The Consent Decree does not technically cast the City in judgment, and, thus, does not create a clearly ascertainable monetary liability. Rather, the cost of implementing Consent Decree reforms has been reflected in the Sheriff's overall budgetary allocation since 2013. The Sheriff's budget does not expressly delineate a percentage directly attributable to Consent Decree costs. Nevertheless, it is not anticipated that subsequent OPSO budgets will contain significant additional increases related to Consent Decree compliance.

**City of New Orleans**  
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**(17) Summary of Ad Valorem Tax Collections Remitted to Other Taxing Authorities**

Act 711 of the Louisiana Legislative Session amended LRS 24:513 B to provide required note disclosure in the financial statements for local governments that collect tax for other taxing jurisdictions. The following table includes a list of ad valorem taxes to be collected by other City taxing jurisdictions (amounts in thousands):

	<b>2022</b>	<b>Less Non-Cash</b>	<b>Net</b>
	<b>Taxes Levied</b>	<b>Adjustments</b>	<b>Taxes Levied</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>to Tax Rolls</b>	<b>\$</b>
Board of Liquidation	82,378	-	82,378
Sewerage & Water Board	68,563	-	68,563
Orleans School Board	191,411	-	191,411
Orleans Levee Board West Bank	2,945	-	2,945
Orleans Levee Board East Bank	44,545	-	44,545
Law Enforcement District	11,829	-	11,829
Audubon Zoological Garden	8,238	-	8,238
City Park Improvement Associaton	2,577	-	2,577
Downtown Development District	8,467	-	8,467
Touro Boulogny	450	-	450
Garden District	824	-	824
	<b>\$ 422,227</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 422,227</b>

Uncollected taxes are a result of properties that will be sold in the subsequent year or properties that were put up for sale but not purchased and will be put up for sale again in the subsequent year.

Listed below is a summary of ad valorem tax activity related to other City taxing jurisdictions during 2022 (amounts in thousands).

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>Prior Years</b>	<b>2022 Payments to</b>		
					<b>Assessor and</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>Due From/</b>	<b>Tax Collected</b>	<b>Tax Collected</b>	<b>Tax Collected</b>	<b>Retirement</b>	<b>Payments</b>	<b>Due From/</b>
	<b>(Due To)</b>	<b>in 2022</b>	<b>in 2022</b>	<b>in 2022</b>	<b>Systems</b>	<b>to Boards</b>	<b>(Due To)</b>
<i>Board of Liquidation</i>	(2,724)	79,283	494	321	2,343	78,664	(1,815)
<i>Sewerage &amp; Water Board</i>	(2,335)	65,785	411	258	1,950	65,382	(1,457)
<i>Orleans Parish School Board</i>	(1,811)	183,271	1,148	1,050	5,445	177,295	(4,540)
<i>Orleans Levee Board West Bank</i>	(207)	2,741	14	16	85	2,842	(51)
<i>Orleans Levee Board East Bank</i>	(2,655)	42,744	297	243	1,266	43,690	(983)
<i>Law Enforcement District</i>	(2,982)	11,327	71	65	336	13,859	(250)
<i>Audubon Commission</i>	(1,326)	7,931	49	26	234	8,954	(144)
<i>Audubon Zoological Garden</i>	(145)	15	-	-	-	156	(4)
<i>Aquarium of the Americas</i>	204	152	-	7	-	(85)	(40)
<i>Downtown Development District</i>	(147)	8,322	17	-	-	8,337	(149)
<i>New Orleans Regional Business Park</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Touro Boulogny</i>	33	418	4	2	12	375	(4)
<i>Garden District</i>	(52)	805	5	7	23	833	(13)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ (14,147)</b>	<b>\$ 402,794</b>	<b>\$ 2,510</b>	<b>\$ 1,995</b>	<b>\$ 11,694</b>	<b>\$ 400,302</b>	<b>\$ (9,450)</b>

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**Notes to Financial Statements**

**(18) Tax Abatement Programs**

The City is subject to certain property tax abatements granted by the Louisiana State Board of Commerce and Industry (the “State Board”), a state entity governed by board members representing major economic groups and gubernatorial appointees. Abatements to which the City may be subject include those issued for property taxes under the Restoration Tax Abatement Program (“RTAP”). For the year ending December 31, 2022, the City participated in the Restoration Tax Abatement Program.

Under the RTAP, as authorized by *Article 7, Section 21(H) of the Louisiana Constitution and Louisiana Revised Statutes 47:4311*, companies that expand, restore, improve or develop an existing structure or structures in a downtown, historic, or economic development district can apply to the State Board and the local governing authority for a property tax exemption. The exemptions are granted for a 5-year term and are renewable for an additional 5-year term upon the approval of the State Board and the local governing authority. The property tax abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which the tax assessor administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be as much as 100 percent. The local government may recapture abated taxes if a company fails to expand facilities or otherwise fail to fulfill its commitments under the agreement.

Taxes abated for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 as well as future abatement estimates for active abatement agreements as of December 31, 2022 is as follows (amounts in thousands):

<b>Taxing Body</b>	<b>Millage Rate</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2026</b>	<b>2027</b>	<b>Total</b>
City of New Orleans	60.83	12,786	12,560	7,399	4,639	2,744	1,147	41,275
Discretely Presented Component Units Other Governments:								
Downtown Development	17.12	882	882	506	263	189	89	2,811
Sewerage and Water Board	16.23	1,267	1,243	734	466	272	113	4,093
Audubon Commission	1.95	152	149	88	56	33	14	492
School Board	45.31	873	856	505	321	187	78	2,820
Levee Board (East)	11.18	957	939	554	352	205	85	3,092
Levee Board (West)	12.26	219	214	127	80	47	19	706
Law Enforcement District	2.8	152	149	88	56	33	14	492
New Orleans Recreation	1.95	4,748	4,658	2,749	1,746	1,019	422	15,342
		<u>\$ 22,036</u>	<u>\$ 21,651</u>	<u>\$ 12,750</u>	<u>\$ 7,978</u>	<u>\$ 4,728</u>	<u>\$ 1,980</u>	<u>\$ 71,123</u>

## City of New Orleans Notes to Financial Statements

The Louisiana Industrial Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Program (ITEP) is an original state incentive program which offers an attractive tax incentive for manufacturers within the state. With local approval, the program provides up to a 100% property tax abatement for an initial term of up to five years and the option to renew for up to three additional years at up to 80% property tax abatement on a manufacturer's qualifying capital investment related to the manufacturing process. Businesses must be classified as a manufacturer or related to the manufacturing project in order to receive the benefits of the ITEP program. ITEP is only available for activities related to manufacturers. This program is administered by Louisiana Economic Development. More information on this program can be found in the Louisiana Administrative Code Title 13, Part I, Chapter 5. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, approximately \$215,000 in Ad Valorem Property Taxes was abated as a result of this program.

### (19) **Critical Cyber Incident**

On December 13, 2019, the City of New Orleans experienced a critical cyber incident aimed at its information technology infrastructure when a ransomware infection was detected on City endpoints. In order to reduce risk to the City and mitigate loss of data, the City's network was immediately disconnected from the public internet, all data center assets were shut down, and users were instructed to stop using their computers. With the assistance of a wide array of public and private partners, the City began building an improved network and data center infrastructure, including, but not limited to: re-imaging all endpoints; implementing new security resources, policies, and procedures; restoring business applications; and rebuilding IT infrastructure. Workstations and network resources were restored within the first month and critical applications were prioritized for recovery within the first 1 to 3 months following the attack. Enhanced security and application restoration and improvement has been ongoing. The City has filed a cyber-insurance claim for reimbursement of \$5,280,067 in eligible expenses. As of the date of this report, the City has received \$1,689,056 and is engaged in negotiations with the insurance company on the remaining expenses.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**(20) Change in Accounting Principle and Prior Period Adjustment**

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the implementation of this statement requires the restatement of the December 31, 2021 fund balance and net position in the income statement and statement of activities to record the cumulative effect of recording the original basis of the lease receivables, net of the deferred inflows of resources and right-to-use leased asset net of the lease liability for the year ended December 31, 2021. The prior period adjustment had the following impact on the ending net position at December 31, 2021:

	Total
Fund Balance – December 31, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 768,543
Lease receivables	6,873
Deferred inflows of resources	(6,873)
Total prior period adjustment	-
Fund Balance – December 31, 2021, as restated	\$ 768,543

	Total
Net Position – December 31, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 768,543
Right-to-use lease asset	11,042
Lease liability	(11,042)
Total prior period adjustment	-
Net Position – December 31, 2021, as restated	\$ 768,543

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Year ended December 31, 2022

(Unaudited)

Required Supplementary Information includes budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and required schedules for pension and other post-retirement benefits, related to GASBs No. 67 and 68, and 75, respectively.

**Budgetary Data**

The procedures used by the City in establishing the general fund budgetary data are as follows:

- Not later than November 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- After proper official public notification, Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Not later than December 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The City's budget ordinance is structured such that revenues are budgeted by source, and expenditures are budgeted by department and by principal object classification within a department. The City's charter provides that expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations either at a departmental level or at the principal object classification within a department.
- The Mayor's office is allowed to authorize the transfer of budgeted amounts from one budget activity to another within a principal object classification within the same department. Budgetary transfers between principal object classifications of the same department or between departments must be approved by the City Council. Throughout the year, several amendments to the budget were made by the City Council.
- The City utilizes formal budgetary integration as a management control device during the year for the general and capital projects funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the debt service and special revenue funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through other provisions.
- Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Current year transactions, which are directly related to a prior year's budget, are not rebudgeted in the current year.
- The City adopts an ordinance subsequent to year end to agree the final budgeted expenditures to actual expenditures.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances  
 Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund  
 Year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in thousands)

	<u>Original budget</u>	<u>Revised budget</u>	<u>Actual on budgetary basis</u>	<u>Variance favorable (unfavorable)</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 439,093	\$ 439,093	\$ 503,706	\$ 64,612
Licenses and permits	69,025	69,025	84,493	15,469
Intergovernmental	30,890	30,890	54,303	23,412
Charges for services	88,954	88,954	96,362	7,408
Fines and forfeits	29,710	29,710	23,085	(6,625)
Interest income	160	160	6,928	6,768
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	63,941	73,644	28,772	(44,872)
Total revenues	<u>721,774</u>	<u>731,477</u>	<u>797,649</u>	<u>66,172</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	319,275	349,824	290,692	59,131
Public safety	227,241	195,076	187,287	7,789
Public works	83,318	95,553	85,042	10,511
Health and human services	33,831	32,452	25,804	6,647
Culture and recreation	36,321	36,711	32,866	3,846
Urban development and housing	-	79	0	79
Capital outlays	-	-	596	(596)
Debt service:				
Principal	23,909	23,903	8,904	14,999
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	1,477	(1,477)
Total expenditures	<u>723,895</u>	<u>733,598</u>	<u>632,668</u>	<u>100,930</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(2,121)</u>	<u>(2,121)</u>	<u>164,980,739</u>	<u>167,101,709</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	2,121	2,121	50,335	48,213,939
Operating transfers out	-	-	(41,169)	(41,169)
Appropriations from prior year budgetary fund balance	-	-	-	-
Reduction in prior year's outstanding encumbrances	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>2,121</u>	<u>2,121</u>	<u>9,165</u>	<u>7,044</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 174,146</u>	<u>\$ 174,146</u>
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated			<u>229,133</u>	
Fund balances – budgetary basis, end of year			<u>\$ 403,279</u>	

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
 Budget to GAAP Reconciliation  
 (Unaudited)

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual presents comparisons of the legally adopted original budget and final budget (non-GAAP basis) with actual data on a budgetary basis. In the general fund, accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on the budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP. A reconciliation of this basis and timing differences is presented below (amounts in thousands):

Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (budgetary basis)	\$ 174,146
Adjustments:	
To adjust revenues and expenditures for accruals and deferrals	<u>(6,392)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u><u>\$ 167,755</u></u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
 Required Supplementary Pension Information  
 Year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in Thousands)

**SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY**

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employer's Net Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Covered Payroll (millions)	Net Position as a Percentage of payroll
<b>Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans</b>						
2014	452,016	310,242	141,774	68.64%	81,373	174.23%
2015	470,853	286,329	184,524	60.81%	88,443	208.64%
2016	510,935	297,159	213,776	58.16%	96,193	222.24%
2017	524,259	326,102	198,157	62.20%	99,300	199.55%
2018	555,077	314,559	240,518	56.67%	105,963	226.98%
2019	608,561	357,020	251,541	58.67%	123,663	203.41%
2020	627,701	396,653	231,049	63.19%	109,807	210.41%
2021	646,268	433,704	212,564	67.11%	114,696	185.33%
2022	649,318	345,758	303,560	53.25%	121,332	250.19%
<b>Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (New System) (1):</b>						
2013	\$ 423,820	\$ 87,508	\$ 336,312	20.65%	\$ 28,002	1201.03%
2014	502,316	65,377	436,939	13.02%	26,985	1619.19%
2015	393,707	50,268	343,439	12.77%	27,089	1267.82%
2016	414,297	42,998	371,299	10.38%	27,149	1367.63%
2017	416,165	42,736	373,429	10.27%	27,762	1345.11%
2018	408,577	31,420	377,157	7.69%	28,171	1338.81%
2019	432,785	41,950	390,835	9.69%	28,816	1356.31%
2020	444,635	50,028	394,607	11.25%	32,367	1219.16%
2021	408,850	52,870	355,980	12.93%	29,441	1209.13%
2022	465,101	53,468	411,633	11.50%	37,648	1093.37%
<b>Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (Old System) (1):</b>						
2013	\$ 148,577	\$ 17,680.00	\$ 130,897	11.90%	\$ -	-
2014	176,689	15,260	161,429	8.64%	-	-
2015	169,294	15,003	154,291	8.86%	-	-
2016	150,250	8,515	141,735	5.67%	-	-
2017	135,310	3,818	131,492	2.82%	-	-
2018	128,672	5,028	123,644	3.91%	-	-
2019	118,843	5,488	113,355	4.62%	-	-
2020	125,379	7,287	118,092	5.81%	-	-
2021	111,210	8,606	102,604	7.74%	-	-
2022	90,088	10,617	79,471	11.79%	-	-

(1) Amounts determined as of the measurement date of December 31 of the previous fiscal year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
 Required Supplementary Pension Information  
 Year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in Thousands)

**SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**

Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarial Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans (3):					
2014	\$ 20,871	\$ 20,307	\$ (564)	\$ 97,244	20.88%
2015	21,892	22,447	555	105,692	21.24%
2016	22,713	27,305	4,592	115,505	23.64%
2017	26,858	27,170	312	120,809	22.49%
2018	28,015	28,096	81	128,530	21.86%
2019	23,725	28,021	4,296	105,963	26.44%
2020	22,891	32,615	9,724	135,780	24.02%
2021	23,973	21,652	(2,321)	142,339	15.21%
2022	24,450	25,665	1,215	148,148	17.32%
Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (New System) (1):					
2015	\$ 31,993	\$ 30,501	\$ (1,492)	\$ 27,089	112.60%
2016	33,640	32,279	(1,361)	27,149	118.90%
2017	33,640	36,329	2,689	27,762	130.86%
2018	34,103	34,103	-	28,171	121.06%
2019	34,147	34,177	30	28,816	118.60%
2020	35,436	34,226	(1,210)	32,367	105.74%
2021	40,146	34,301	(5,845)	29,441	116.51%
2022	45,964	36,000	(9,964)	37,648	95.62%
Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (Old System) (1):					
2015	17,404	18,066	662	-	N/A
2016	17,169	12,121	(5,048)	-	N/A
2017	16,599	12,380	(4,219)	-	N/A
2018	15,339	16,758	1,419	-	N/A
2019	15,654	15,244	(410)	-	N/A
2020	13,825	15,283	1,458	-	N/A
2021	11,895	13,339	1,444	-	N/A
2022	12,509	10,993	(1,516)	-	N/A

(1) Amounts determined as of the measurement date of December 31 of the previous fiscal year.

(2) Amounts determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the current fiscal year.

(3) Amounts presented for the entire Plan including the City, Component Units, and Other Agencies in the Plan

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
 Required Supplementary Pension Information  
 For the year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in Thousands)

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY**

	Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans								
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<b>Total pension liability</b>									
Service cost	\$ 10,129	\$ 9,134	\$ 9,167	\$ 9,872	\$ 7,486	\$ 7,868	\$ 7,583	\$ 6,832	\$ 6,051
Interest on total pension liability	45,061	42,741	41,488	40,062	37,841	38,043	35,314	33,901	34,175
Effect of plan changes	2,555	-	5,129	-	(360)	-	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	2,528	12,277	9,866	(14,672)	19,689	11,456	36,658	16,978	(9,679)
Effect of assumption changes or other inputs	(12,511)	(3,579)	(3,036)	58,509	7,322	(3,904)	1,261	-	-
Benefit payments	(44,712)	(42,006)	(43,474)	(40,287)	(41,160)	(40,139)	(40,734)	(38,874)	(34,195)
<b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	<b>3,050</b>	<b>18,567</b>	<b>19,140</b>	<b>53,484</b>	<b>30,818</b>	<b>13,324</b>	<b>40,082</b>	<b>18,837</b>	<b>(3,648)</b>
<b>Total pension liability, beginning</b>	<b>646,268</b>	<b>627,701</b>	<b>608,561</b>	<b>555,077</b>	<b>524,259</b>	<b>510,935</b>	<b>470,853</b>	<b>452,016</b>	<b>455,664</b>
<b>Total pension liability, ending (a)</b>	<b>\$ 649,318</b>	<b>\$ 646,268</b>	<b>\$ 627,701</b>	<b>\$ 608,561</b>	<b>\$ 555,077</b>	<b>\$ 524,259</b>	<b>\$ 510,935</b>	<b>\$ 470,853</b>	<b>\$ 452,016</b>
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>									
Employer contributions	21,019	17,447	26,376	28,022	\$ 25,534	\$ 22,627	\$ 22,848	\$ 18,784	\$ 16,993
Employee contributions	7,161	6,857	7,159	7,554	6,778	6,394	6,229	5,431	5,183
Investment income net of investment expenses	(55,544)	57,172	43,683	48,827	(12,814)	43,228	23,942	(11,753)	10,820
Benefit payments	(44,712)	(42,006)	(43,474)	(40,287)	(41,160)	(40,140)	(40,734)	(38,874)	(34,195)
Administrative expenses	(504)	(451)	(256)	(311)	(201)	(281)	(143)	(74)	(228)
Transfers into the System	626	778	212	219	417	-	-	-	-
Other	(15,992)	(2,745)	5,933	(1,563)	9,903	(2,885)	(1,312)	2,573	-
<b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	<b>(87,946)</b>	<b>37,052</b>	<b>39,633</b>	<b>42,461</b>	<b>(11,543)</b>	<b>28,943</b>	<b>10,830</b>	<b>(23,913)</b>	<b>(1,427)</b>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position, beginning</b>	<b>433,704</b>	<b>396,653</b>	<b>357,020</b>	<b>314,559</b>	<b>326,102</b>	<b>297,159</b>	<b>286,329</b>	<b>310,242</b>	<b>311,669</b>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)</b>	<b>\$ 345,758</b>	<b>\$ 433,704</b>	<b>\$ 396,653</b>	<b>\$ 357,020</b>	<b>\$ 314,559</b>	<b>\$ 326,102</b>	<b>\$ 297,159</b>	<b>\$ 286,329</b>	<b>\$ 310,242</b>
<b>City's net pension liability, ending = (a) - (b)</b>	<b>\$ 303,560</b>	<b>\$ 212,564</b>	<b>\$ 231,049</b>	<b>\$ 251,541</b>	<b>\$ 240,518</b>	<b>\$ 198,157</b>	<b>\$ 213,776</b>	<b>\$ 184,524</b>	<b>\$ 141,774</b>
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	65.91%	65.91%	61.72%	57.94%	55.55%	62.22%	58.06%	60.26%	68.64%
Covered payroll	121,332	114,696	109,807	123,663	\$ 105,963	\$ 99,300	\$ 96,193	\$ 88,443	\$ 81,373
City's net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	250.19%	185.33%	210.41%	203.41%	226.98%	199.55%	222.24%	208.64%	174.23%

(1) Amounts determined as of the measurement date of December 31 of the calendar year.

Allocation Percentage to the City of New Orleans	81.899384%	80.579594%	80.871758%	82.696508%	82.195883%	83.280621%	83.679480%	83.679480%	83.679480%
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**Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:**

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal  
 Salary increases: Age-based annual rates ranging from 10% to 3.2%  
 Investment rate of return: 7.25%  
 Retirement rates: Age less than 60 and 61-65 - 30%, Age 60 and 65-69 - 40%, Age 70 - 100%  
 Mortality: *Healthy Pre-retirement*: PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables, amount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2020  
*Healthy Post-retirement*: PubG-2010 General Healthy Retiree Tables, amount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2021  
*Disabled*: PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Tables, amount-weighted, projected generationally with Scale MP-2022

**Notes to Schedules:** The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(Continued)

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
 Required Supplementary Pension Information  
 For the year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in Thousands)

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY**

	Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (1)															
	New System								Old System							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
<b>Total pension liability</b>																
Service cost	\$ 7,868	\$ 7,029	\$ 7,533	\$ 6,289	\$ 5,851	\$ 6,020	\$ 6,328	\$ 6,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest on total pension liability	29,645	31,914	31,226	29,296	29,890	29,807	28,033	25,109	2,182	2,532	3,076	4,982	5,234	5,433	5,723	6,202
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-	4,292	-	-	(18,913)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,065
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	53,014	(36,488)	(19,460)	11,155	(8,073)	(222)	44,771	(18,530)	(2,444)	(5,234)	(31)	(10,208)	8,501	(5,869)	(4,199)	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	-	-	25,414	9,117	-	-	251	(80,611)	(10,321)	462	16,645	9,739	(5,077)	2,284	(2,589)	1,457
Benefit payments	(34,277)	(38,238)	(32,863)	(35,941)	(35,257)	(33,737)	(39,880)	(40,760)	(10,539)	(11,929)	(13,154)	(14,341)	(15,297)	(16,787)	(17,978)	(18,120)
<b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	56,250	(35,783)	11,850	24,208	(7,589)	1,868	20,590	(108,609)	(21,122)	(14,169)	6,536	(9,828)	(6,639)	(14,939)	(19,043)	(7,396)
<b>Total pension liability, beginning</b>	408,851	444,634	432,784	408,576	416,165	414,297	393,707	502,316	111,211	125,380	118,844	128,672	135,311	150,250	169,293	176,689
<b>Total pension liability, ending (a)</b>	\$ 465,101	\$ 408,851	\$ 444,634	\$ 432,784	\$ 408,576	\$ 414,297	\$ 393,707	\$ 393,707	\$ 90,089	\$ 111,211	\$ 125,380	\$ 118,844	\$ 128,672	\$ 135,311	\$ 150,250	\$ 169,293
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>																
Employer contributions	\$ 36,000	\$ 35,290	\$ 33,245	\$ 33,218	\$ 33,190	\$ 34,363	\$ 31,393	\$ 29,635	\$ 13,384	\$ 13,872	\$ 14,742	\$ 14,680	\$ 16,149	\$ 11,689	\$ 11,461	\$ 17,200
Employee contributions	3,709	3,253	3,090	3,124	3,052	3,994	2,730	2,655	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions - non-employer contributing entities	1,947	-	981	960	913	983	886	866	-	-	540	564	609	692	660	866
Investment income net of investment expenses	(6,454)	2,760	4,386	8,561	(12,649)	(5,309)	(1,518)	(6,683)	116	32	23	92	70	41	(207)	200
Benefit payments	(34,277)	(38,238)	(32,863)	(35,941)	(35,257)	(33,737)	(39,880)	(40,760)	(10,539)	(11,929)	(13,154)	(14,341)	(15,297)	(16,786)	(17,978)	(18,120)
Administrative expenses	(326)	(224)	(787)	(954)	(565)	(556)	(880)	(822)	(951)	(656)	(352)	(535)	(322)	(331)	(424)	(404)
Miscellaneous revenue	-	-	27	1,562	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Net change in plan fiduciary net position</b>	599	2,841	8,079	10,530	(11,316)	(262)	(7,269)	(15,109)	2,010	1,319	1,799	460	1,209	(4,695)	(6,488)	(258)
<b>Plan fiduciary net position, beginning</b>	52,871	50,030	41,951	31,421	42,737	42,999	50,268	65,377	8,607	7,288	5,489	5,029	3,820	8,515	15,003	15,261
<b>Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)</b>	\$ 53,470	\$ 52,871	\$ 50,030	\$ 41,951	\$ 31,421	\$ 42,737	\$ 42,999	\$ 50,268	\$ 10,617	\$ 8,607	\$ 7,288	\$ 5,489	\$ 5,029	\$ 3,820	\$ 8,515	\$ 15,003
<b>City's net pension liability, ending = (a) - (b)</b>	\$ 411,631	\$ 355,980	\$ 394,604	\$ 390,833	\$ 377,155	\$ 373,428	\$ 371,298	\$ 343,439	\$ 79,472	\$ 102,604	\$ 118,090	\$ 113,355	\$ 123,643	\$ 131,491	\$ 141,735	\$ 154,290
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	11.50%	12.93%	11.25%	9.69%	7.69%	10.27%	10.38%	12.77%	11.79%	7.74%	5.81%	4.62%	3.91%	2.82%	5.67%	8.86%
Covered payroll	\$ 37,648	\$ 29,441	\$ 32,367	\$ 28,171	\$ 27,762	\$ 27,149	\$ 27,089	\$ 26,985	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	1093.37%	1209.13%	1219.16%	1387.36%	1358.53%	1375.48%	1370.66%	1272.70%	N/A							

(1) Amounts determined as of the measurement date of December 31 of the previous fiscal year.

**Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:**

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal  
 Cost of living raises for retirees and beneficiaries: New System and Old System - The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the Fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Salary increases: New System - 0.00%; Old System - N/A

Investment rate of return: New System - 7.50% (each year presented); Old System - 3.72% (2021), 2.74% (2020), 4.1% (2019), 3.5% (2015-2018)

Retirement rates: Employees are assumed to retire after the earliest of: first, attainment of age 50 and 30 years of service; second, the later of age 55 and completion of 25 years of service; third, attainment of age 60 and completion of 12 years of service.  
 Mortality: 1994 Uninsured Pensioner Table for active and retired; 1994 Uninsured Pensioner Table set forward 5 years for disabled annuitants.

Notes to Schedules: The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

(Continued)

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
 Required Supplementary Pension Information  
 For the year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in Thousands)

**SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY**

	Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System								
	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability	24.0701%	25.7908%	25.2657%	27.4911%	24.2450%	24.3430%	22.6979%	22.3598%	21.9733%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 246,039	\$ 137,479	\$ 233,514	\$ 249,666	\$ 204,969	\$ 212,525	\$ 212,743	\$ 175,166	\$ 137,467
City's covered payroll	\$ 45,578	\$ 78,566	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 56,923
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	539.82%	174.99%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	241.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.80%	84.10%	70.94%	71.01%	71.89%	70.08%	66.04%	70.73%	75.10%

**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS**

	Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System								
	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2014
Actuarially required contribution	\$ 20,272	\$ 23,951	\$ 25,363	\$ 27,687	\$ 22,002	\$ 23,073	\$ 18,757	\$ 18,840	\$ 22,884
Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution	(20,272)	(23,951)	(25,421)	(27,716)	(22,023)	(23,089)	(18,776)	(22,814)	(21,729)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (58)	\$ (29)	\$ (21)	\$ (16)	\$ (19)	\$ (3,974)	\$ 1,155
Employers' covered payroll	\$ 64,124	\$ 75,532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 56,923
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	31.61%	31.71%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	38.17%

**Changes to Actuarial Assumptions:**

	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Investment rate of return	7.250%	6.750%	6.950%	7.125%	7.200%	7.325%			7.500%
Inflation rate				2.500%	2.600%	2.700%		2.875%	3.000%

Mortality rate - annuitant and beneficiary - Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plan Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used. For disabled lives, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disable Retirees multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used. For employees, the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP2019 scale was used. (2020); RP Combined Healthy Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables Projected to 2020 by Scale AA set back 1 year for females (2015-2019); RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant (2014).

## Salary increases - Years of Service / Salary Growth Rate

<u>2020</u>	<u>2015 - 2019</u>	<u>2014</u>
1-2 / 12.30%	1-2 / 9.75%	1 / 10%
Above 2 / 4.70%	3-23 / 4.75%	2 / 6%
	Above 23 / 4.25%	3-19 / 4.3%
		20-29 / 5.5%
		30 and over / 4.00%

**Notes to Schedules:** Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(concluded)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
Required Supplementary OPEB Information  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in Thousands)

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
<b>Total OPEB liability</b>					
Service cost	2,508	3,193	2,892	\$ 1,780	\$ 2,006
Interest	3,405	3,680	3,943	4,886	4,682
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,741)	1,155	12,254	4,481	(4,613)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(29,214)	1,236	14,419	22,869	(10,255)
Benefit payments	(10,390)	(9,662)	(8,892)	(9,109)	(8,414)
<b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>	<b>(35,432)</b>	<b>(398)</b>	<b>24,616</b>	<b>24,907</b>	<b>(16,594)</b>
<b>Total OPEB liability, beginning</b>	<b>172,847</b>	<b>173,245</b>	<b>148,629</b>	<b>123,722</b>	<b>140,316</b>
<b>Total OPEB liability, ending (a)</b>	<b>137,415</b>	<b>172,847</b>	<b>173,245</b>	<b>\$ 148,629</b>	<b>\$ 123,722</b>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 255,957	\$ 252,097	\$ 244,754	\$ 227,909	\$ 219,143
City's total OPEB liability as a % of covered-employee payroll	53.69%	68.56%	70.78%	65.21%	56.46%

(1) Amounts determined as of the measurement date of December 31 of the previous fiscal year.

**Notes to Schedule:**

1. This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
2. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB 75 for this OPEB plan
3. *Benefit changes* : There were no changes of benefit terms for the 2018 through 2020.
4. *Changes of Assumptions* :

Discount Rate:	3.72%	2.06%	2.12%	2.74%	4.10%
Mortality:					

RP-2000

Trend:

**Notes to Schedules:** The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years.  
Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

***NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS***

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

### Combining Financial Statements

### Non-major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Significant special revenue funds are as follows.

- *New Orleans Economic Development* – Used to account for funds allocated to programs designed to alleviate economic development problems, improve quality of life, and provide jobs for the citizens of New Orleans.
- *Neighborhood Housing Improvement* – Used to account for funds allocated to programs which repair and renovate housing in low-income areas.
- *Environmental Improvement* – Used to account for funds received from fines, fees, costs, and penalties and allocated to programs designed to improve health, housing, and environmental conditions in the City.
- *Integrated Green Infrastructure* – Used to account for the Fee-in-lieu payments that are received in exchange for properties that do not physically comply with the city's stormwater management plan regulations. The department of public works shall utilize said funds to design, construct, and maintain public green stormwater infrastructure projects.
- *Gallier Hall Maintenance Fund* – Used to account for funds received in the rental and use of Gallier Hall. The fund shall be dedicated solely to defraying any maintenance costs associated with the upkeep, care, or improvement of Gallier Hall.
- *Sex Offender Proprietary Fund* – Used to account for funds collected by the New Orleans Police Department as a result of annual registration of criminals, annual updates for registration information, criminal penalties for failure to register, and related matters. Expenditures from the fund are for equipment and supplies necessary for its operation and continuation.
- *Sidewalk Paving and Repairing* – Used to account for funds dedicated to maintaining sidewalks.
- *Adopt-a-Pothole/Streets* – Used to account for funds donated to repair damaged City streets.
- *Mayor's Office of Tourism and Arts* – Used to account for programs and initiatives specifically directed toward supporting and advancing arts organizations.
- *Mayoral Fellows Program* – Used to account for funds to offer post-baccalaureate students the opportunity to serve in the New Orleans city government while helping to create a cadre of potential leaders for the community.
- *Music and Entertainment Commission* – Used to account for funds allocated for programs designed to attract music and entertainment to the City
- *New Orleans Police Department Crime Prevention* – Used to account for donations earmarked to assist the Police Department in their crime fighting efforts.

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

### Combining Financial Statements

### Non-major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

- *Asset Seizure* – Used to account for property confiscated from drug dealers by the police department to be used for crime fighting measures.
- *New Orleans Recreation Foundation* – the New Orleans Recreation Development (NORD) Foundation Fund is established in the department of finance, under section 6-207 of the City Charter, to receive periodic philanthropic contributions from the NORD Foundation.
- *New Orleans Recreation Department* – Used to account for donations designated to assist in the purchase of playground equipment.
- *New Orleans Film Commission Trust* – Used to account for funds received for the spending budget of the New Orleans Film Commission from various sources, such as the New Orleans Tourism Marketing Corporation, as well as grant funds, donations, and other monetary contributions from private individual corporations, and other institutions and entities in the private sector to support the programs and activities of the Commission.
- *Vieux Carre' Residential* – This fund receives payments from individuals or businesses who wish to encourage residential uses in the Vieux Carré. The funds shall be used only for public purposes which help to retain or increase residential uses within the boundaries of the Vieux Carré National Register Historic District.
- *Public Library Donations* – Used to account for donations to enhance the City's library system.
- *Plant-a-Tree Campaign* – Used to account for funds allocated to programs designed for planting and beautifying trees, plants, and flowers throughout the City.
- *Capital Improvements and Infrastructure* – Used to account for funds allocated for the improvements of infrastructures within the City.
- *Delgado Albania Plantation Commission* – Used to account for funds generated from the operation of a sugar cane plantation.
- *Edward Wisner* – Used to account for approximately 53,500 acres of land and water bottoms in Jefferson, St. John the Baptist and Lafourche Parishes, Louisiana from the estate of Edward Wisner to the City of New Orleans, Louisiana as Trustee, for a 100 year charitable trust. The beneficiaries of the trust include the City of New Orleans, Louisiana as beneficiary for several charitable purposes, Charity Hospital, of New Orleans, Louisiana, Tulane University, and The Salvation Army. Specific portions of the land or the income from the land were also set aside for the establishment and maintenance of specified structures for certain other organizations operating within the City of New Orleans, Louisiana. This trust was created by an Act of Donation dated August 4, 1914.
- *LaHache Music* – Used to account for funds to promote the history of New Orleans musicians and facilitate the development of new musicians and composers.
- *Simon Hersheim* – Used to account for funds for the purpose of purchasing books for the Public Library.

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

### Combining Financial Statements

### Non-major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

- *Kiwanis Club Lee Circle Sprinkler System* – Used to maintain and improve the sprinkler system for the beautification and benefit of Lee Circle.
- *Ella West Freeman Foundation* – Used to account for funds to establish and facilitate programs aimed at education, performing and applied arts, community improvement and governmental oversight, and human service organizations with an emphasis on capital projects for established agencies.
- *Isaac Delgado Memorial* – Used to account for funds which will benefit Delgado Community College.
- *John McDonogh School* – Used to account for funds to promote education throughout through the City of New Orleans.
- *Lafayette Cemetery No. 1 Under the Wiley of Lilly Violet* – a bequest to the City to maintain Lafayette Cemetery No. 1.
- *Mahala Zimmerman* – a bequest to the City to maintain Ms. Zimmerman’s tomb.
- *Mrs. Otto Joachim* – Used to account for funds to promote the study of orchestra music and violinists.
- *Sickles Legacy* – Used to account for funds designated to establish a city dispensary for gratuitous dispensing of medicine and medical advice for the poor.
- *Helen Adler Levy Library* – Used to account for funds for the purpose of the establishment and maintenance of the Helen Adler Levy Memorial Room at the New Orleans Public Library.
- *Housing and Environment Improvements* – Used to improve health, housing and environmental conditions in the City.
- *Indigent Defender* – Used to account for revenues collected for specified traffic violations. These funds are maintained by the Orleans Parish Public Defenders Office.
- *Environmental Disaster Mitigation Revolving Fund* - All revenues collected by the Department of Finance from public or private entities as a result of damage to the environment shall be placed in the fund. Expenditures from the fund shall be used to purchase materials, compensate personnel, obtain services, or offset expenses that may have resulted from said damage.
- *French Quarter Development District* – Used to account for funds collected to fund enhanced security in the French Quarter.
- *Utilities* – All revenues derived from utility settlements and corresponding expenditures.

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

### Combining Financial Statements

### Non-major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

- *French Quarter Improvement* – All revenues collected by the Department of Finance from the New Orleans Convention and Visitors Bureau shall be only for the repairs, improvements and services within the French Quarter Management District in the following categories: public safety and law enforcement; quality of life enforcement measures, and violation identification; ticketing and court measures relative to ordinance compliance; sanitation; infrastructure repair of improvements and lighting.
- *Coroner's Office* – Designated for the receipt and accounting of the contributions to the City of New Orleans for funds paid to the Coroner's Office for the fee imposed by the court for defraying the operational expenses of the Coroner's Office.
- *Ad Valorem Property Tax Enforcement Fund* – All revenues collected from property tax enforcement programs such as adjudicated sales and homestead exemption verification activities shall be deposited into this fund. Expenditures from the fund shall be used to fund additional costs related to the specific ad valorem property tax enforcement programs, to administer these programs, and to enhance technology used in ad valorem tax enforcement.
- *Miscellaneous Donations* – Used to account for donations designated to specific City departments.
- *Infrastructure Maintenance Fund* – Revenues from any special tax authorized and approved by the voters of New Orleans for infrastructure maintenance and any other funds, including but not limited to a fee designated by lawful authority shall be deposited into this fund. Expenditures shall be used by the City to build, maintain, clean, manage, beautify, improve, operate, repair, replace, implement and/or upkeep drainage and other infrastructure projects in the City of New Orleans.
- *Other Funds – Trust Funds* that correspond to the following *Trust Proceed Funds* that are reported and described separately in this ACFR: (1) Helen Adler Levy Fund, (2) Mrs. Otto Joachim Fund, (3) Isaac Delgado Memorial Fund, (4) John McDonogh Fund, (5) Lafayette Cemetery No. 1 Fund, (6) Mahala Zimmerman Fund, (7) Sickles Legacy Fund, as well as the (8) Playground and Community Service Fund, (9) Ed Benjamin Fund and (10) Captain Neville Levy Fund.
- *Interim Short Term Rental Fund* – All monies received pursuant to the fees imposed by section 26-616(C) [26-617] of the Code of the City of New Orleans, shall be deposited in the fund to offset the various costs borne by the City of New Orleans stemming from the authorization, implementation, and enforcement of short term rentals within the city. Funds deposited shall remain in the fund until allocations are designated by council ordinance.
- *City Cemetery Repair and Maintenance Fund* – All fees, charges, and revenues received by the city for the use of any city-owned cemetery or for cemetery services rendered or related goods sold or provided by the division of cemeteries or the department of property management shall be dedicated solely to operating, maintaining, repairing and/or improving city-owned cemeteries. Expenditures from the fund shall be appropriated and recorded properly for this purpose and use.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

Combining Financial Statements

Non-major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

- *Simon V. Sickles Legacy Fund* – Beginning in the year 2020, this fund takes the place of the Sickles Legacy Fund and the Sickles Legacy Trust Proceeds Fund. Expenditures from the fund shall be used by the department of health to provide medical advice and purchase medications, medical therapies, vaccines, and medical supplies, including supplies necessary to administer said medications and vaccines, to address emergent health threats, emergencies, or disasters that affect low-income individuals in the City of New Orleans. The director of health shall be responsible for all expenditures from the fund and for ensuring that the expenditures are spent solely for the purposes established by this paragraph.
- *City Council Utility Support Fund* – The fund shall be used exclusively to support gas utility assistance programs and other initiatives aimed at reducing residential gas utility costs for the people of New Orleans. The fund shall include: (1) All funds received by the city as a result of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (H.R. 1319) that have been specifically designated by ordinance for inclusion in the fund; (2) Any other revenue specifically designated by ordinance for inclusion in the fund.
- *City Council SWBNO Substation Support Fund* – The Fund shall be used exclusively to fund a CEA between the City of New Orleans and Sewerage and Waterboard of New Orleans (SWBNO) to support the building and development of a new substation to provide power from Entergy for Sewerage and Waterboard of New Orleans use. The Fund shall include: 1. Funds received by the City as a result of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (H.R. 1319) that have been specifically designated by ordinance for inclusion in the Fund; 2. Any other revenue specifically designated by ordinance for inclusion in the Fund.
- *Victim's Bill of Rights Fund* -- Expenditures from the fund shall be used exclusively to reimburse victims of crime who were charged to retrieve stolen property. The Fund shall include: 1. Funding, once deposited, shall only be allocated or expended in strict compliance with subsequent council approval as provided herein; 2. Any other revenue specifically designated by ordinance for inclusion in the Fund.
- *New Orleans Recreation and Culture Fund* -- The fund shall be used exclusively to establish a merit-based grant program to fund not-for-profit community organizations, youth recreation organizations, and select culture bearers that contribute substantially to the well-being, development, and growth of the New Orleans community. The fund shall include any revenue specifically designated by ordinance for inclusion in the fund.
- *Early Childhood Education* – The fund has been established for collecting and distributing revenue pursuant to the Cooperative Endeavor Agreement between the City of New Orleans, Agenda for Children, and the Orleans Parish School Board relative to the coordination of early care and education services provided by the New Orleans Early Education Network (NOEEN) City Seats Program.

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

### Combining Financial Statements

#### Non-major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

- *Gordon Plaza Environmental Equity Relocation Assistance Fund* – the purpose of this fund is to ensure that Gordon Plaza residents do not incur out-of-pocket costs associated with the relocation of their homes. The Fund shall be used exclusively to offset relocation costs that may be incurred by residents of Gordon Plaza, or to reimburse the City or third parties for relocation costs assumed on behalf of residents.
- *Renter Anti-Displacement Fund* -- The fund shall be used exclusively to fund programs that provide relocation assistance and alternate housing for individuals displaced as a result of the enforcement of article XI of chapter 26 of the Code of the City of New Orleans and to offset the costs to the city incurred in connection therewith, including the administration of article XI. The fund shall be funded with fines received as a result of enforcement of chapter 26 of the Code of the City of New Orleans in an amount equal to 33 percent of the fees collected annually pursuant to section 26-654 of this Code and such other sources as may be provided for by ordinance.
- *Grant Recipient Funds* – Used to account grant revenues received primarily from federal and state entities. Expenditures from the fund shall be used for the purposed indicated in each grant award.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>New Orleans Economic Development</b>	<b>Neighborhood Housing Improvement</b>	<b>Environmental Improvement</b>	<b>Integrated Green Infrastructure</b>	<b>Gallier Hall Maintenance Fund</b>	<b>Infrastructure Maintenance Fund</b>
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash	\$ -	\$ 445	\$ 745	\$ 2,179	\$ 785	\$ 19,524
Investments	1,062	1,888	168	-	-	-
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	56	40	-	-	1,938
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,062</u>	<u>\$ 2,389</u>	<u>\$ 953</u>	<u>\$ 2,179</u>	<u>\$ 785</u>	<u>\$ 21,462</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 16	\$ 47	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6	\$ 7,000
Accrued liabilities	-	4	2	-	-	1,659
Due to other funds	468	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>484</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>8,659</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue	(5)	(4)	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	583	2,342	951	2,179	779	12,802
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>583</u>	<u>2,342</u>	<u>951</u>	<u>2,179</u>	<u>779</u>	<u>12,802</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,062</u>	<u>\$ 2,389</u>	<u>\$ 953</u>	<u>\$ 2,179</u>	<u>\$ 785</u>	<u>\$ 21,462</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Sex Offender Proprietary Fund</b>	<b>Sidewalk Paving and Repairing</b>	<b>Adopt-a- Pothole Program</b>	<b>Mayor's Office of Tourism and Arts</b>	<b>Mayoral Fellows Program</b>	<b>Music and Entertainment Commission</b>	<b>New Orleans Police Department Crime Prevention</b>
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash	\$ 75	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 450	\$ -	\$ 46	\$ 1
Investments	-	2	-	-	-	126	-
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	-	352	-	-
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 75</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 450</u>	<u>\$ 352</u>	<u>\$ 172</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 22	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22	\$ 2	\$ 8	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	336	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>22</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>338</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	53	-	-	428	14	159	1
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>53</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>428</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>159</u>	<u>1</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 75</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 450</u>	<u>\$ 352</u>	<u>\$ 172</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>Asset Seizure</u>	<u>New Orleans Recreation Foundation</u>	<u>New Orleans Recreation Department</u>	<u>New Orleans Film Commission</u>	<u>Vieux Carre' Residential</u>	<u>Public Library Donations</u>	<u>Plant- a-Tree Campaign</u>
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash	\$ 478	\$ 353	\$ 52	\$ 32	\$ 1	\$ 749	\$ 499
Investments	-	-	-	171	-	42	-
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 478</u>	<u>\$ 353</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 203</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 791</u>	<u>\$ 499</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 8	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	352	52	-	1	787	499
Committed	476	-	-	196	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>476</u>	<u>352</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>787</u>	<u>499</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 478</u>	<u>\$ 353</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 203</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 791</u>	<u>\$ 499</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Capital Improvement and Infrastructure</b>	<b>Delgado- Albania Plantation Commission</b>	<b>Edward Wisner</b>	<b>LaHache Music</b>	<b>Simon Hersheim</b>	<b>Kiwanis Club Lee Circle Sprinkler System</b>	<b>Ella West Freeman Foundation</b>
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash	\$ 975	\$ -	\$ 3,870	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 4
Investments	293	1,099	2,559	-	-	-	4
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	87	1,495	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	336	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	12	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,269</u>	<u>\$ 1,198</u>	<u>\$ 8,260</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 15	\$ -	\$ 500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	21	-	136	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	384	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>36</u>	<u>384</u>	<u>636</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue	(9)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>(9)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	7,624	-	1	-	9
Committed	1,242	814	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>1,242</u>	<u>814</u>	<u>7,624</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,269</u>	<u>\$ 1,198</u>	<u>\$ 8,260</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Isaac Delgado Memorial</b>	<b>John McDonogh School</b>	<b>Lafayette Cemetery No. 1 Under Will of Lilly Violet</b>	<b>Mahalia Zimmerman Tomb</b>	<b>Mrs. Otto Joachim</b>	<b>Simon V. Sickles Legacy Fund</b>	<b>Helen Adler Levy Library</b>
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash	\$ 350	\$ -	\$ 19	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 0	\$ 0
Investments	217	7	2	-	-	380	-
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 568</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 380</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	101	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>119</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	568	7	21	3	-	261	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>568</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>261</u>	<u>0</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 568</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 380</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Housing and Environmental Improvement</b>	<b>Indigent Defender</b>	<b>Environmental Disaster Mitigation</b>	<b>French Quarter Development District</b>	<b>Utilities</b>	<b>French Quarter Improvement</b>
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash	\$ 674	\$ 181	\$ 34	\$ 2,905	\$ 505	\$ 705
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	18	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	208	72	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 882</u>	<u>\$ 253</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>\$ 2,923</u>	<u>\$ 505</u>	<u>\$ 705</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 488	\$ 181	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 1	\$ 236
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>488</u>	<u>181</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>236</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	2,898	504	470
Committed	394	72	34	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>394</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>2,898</u>	<u>504</u>	<u>470</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 882</u>	<u>\$ 253</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>\$ 2,923</u>	<u>\$ 505</u>	<u>\$ 705</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>Coroner's Office</u>	<u>Ad Valorem Property Tax</u>	<u>City Cemetery Maintenance &amp; Repair Fund</u>	<u>Interim Short- Term Rental Fund</u>	<u>Miscellaneous Donations</u>	<u>City Council SWBNO Substation Support Fund</u>
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash	\$ 137	\$ 2,302	\$ 266	\$ 4,272	\$ 490	\$ -
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	274	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	268	-	-
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 137</u>	<u>\$ 2,575</u>	<u>\$ 266</u>	<u>\$ 4,539</u>	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ 0	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	137	2,573	263	4,539	490	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>137</u>	<u>2,573</u>	<u>263</u>	<u>4,539</u>	<u>490</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 137</u>	<u>\$ 2,575</u>	<u>\$ 266</u>	<u>\$ 4,539</u>	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>City Council Utility Support</u>	<u>Victim's Bill of Rights Fund</u>	<u>New Orleans Recreation and Culture Fund</u>	<u>Early Childhood Education</u>	<u>Gordon Plaza Environmental Equity Relocation Assistance Fund</u>
<b>Assets</b>					
Cash	\$ 54	\$ 604	\$ -	\$ 127	\$ -
Investments	-	-	-	-	-
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 54</u>	<u>\$ 604</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	54	593	-	127	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>54</u>	<u>593</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 54</u>	<u>\$ 604</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Governmental Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Renter Anti- Displacement Fund</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Grant Recipient Funds</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ 8,514	\$ 53,416
Investments	-	108	152	8,280
Sales Tax Receivable	-	-	-	18
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	274
Accounts receivable (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	4,514
Grantee loans receivable	-	-	11	11
Due from other funds	-	-	7	343
Due from other governments	-	-	7,145	7,145
Other assets	-	-	-	12
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 117</u>	<u>\$ 15,828</u>	<u>\$ 74,014</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</b>				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,595	\$ 16,210
Accrued liabilities	-	-	3,250	5,077
Due to other funds	-	-	1,619	2,909
Due to other governments	-	-	67	67
Advances from other funds	-	-	19,468	19,468
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,999</u>	<u>43,731</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenue	-	-	2,921	2,903
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,921</u>	<u>2,903</u>
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	117	5,962	20,138
Committed	-	-	-	32,296
Unassigned	-	-	(25,054)	(25,054)
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>-</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>(19,092)</u>	<u>27,380</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 117</u>	<u>\$ 15,828</u>	<u>\$ 74,014</u>

(Concluded)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>New Orleans Economic Development</u>	<u>Neighborhood Housing Improvement</u>	<u>Environmental Improvement</u>	<u>Integrated Green Infrastructure</u>	<u>Gallier Hall Maintenance Fund</u>	<u>Infrastructure Maintenance Fund</u>
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 27	\$ 21	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,194
Licenses and permits	-	352	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	207	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	831	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	75	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	7	-	-	185	-
Total revenues	<u>27</u>	<u>455</u>	<u>207</u>	<u>831</u>	<u>185</u>	<u>23,194</u>
Expenditures:						
General government	152	-	29	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	55	18,004
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	325	2,747	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>477</u>	<u>2,747</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>18,004</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(450)	(2,292)	178	831	131	5,190
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>(450)</u>	<u>(2,292)</u>	<u>178</u>	<u>831</u>	<u>131</u>	<u>5,190</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	1,033	4,634	774	1,348	649	7,612
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 583</u>	<u>\$ 2,342</u>	<u>\$ 951</u>	<u>\$ 2,179</u>	<u>\$ 779</u>	<u>\$ 12,802</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Sex Offender Proprietary Fund	Sidewalk Paving and Repairing	Adopt-a- Pothole Program	Mayor's Office of Tourism and Arts	Mayoral Fellows Program	Music and Entertainment Commission	New Orleans Police Department - Crime Prevention
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	100	120	100	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:							
General government	-	-	-	253	106	135	-
Public safety	167	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>167</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>253</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(167)	-	-	(153)	14	(33)	-
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>(167)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(153)</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>(33)</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	221	2	0	581	0	192	1
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 53</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 428</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ 159</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>Asset Seizure</u>	<u>New Orleans Recreation Foundation</u>	<u>New Orleans Recreation Department</u>	<u>New Orleans Film Commission</u>	<u>Vieux Carre' Restoration</u>	<u>Public Library Donations</u>	<u>Plant- A-Tree Campaign</u>
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-	3	-	1	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	325	-	100	-	-	229
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	270	-
Total revenues	<u>6</u>	<u>325</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>271</u>	<u>229</u>
Expenditures:							
General government	-	87	-	220	-	-	-
Public safety	29	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	91	7
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>29</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>220</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>7</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(23)	238	-	(117)	-	179	222
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>(23)</u>	<u>238</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(117)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>222</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	499	114	52	313	1	608	277
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 476</u>	<u>\$ 352</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 196</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 787</u>	<u>\$ 499</u>

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See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
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(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Capital Improvement and Infrastructure</b>	<b>Delgado- Albania Plantation Commission</b>	<b>Edward Wisner</b>	<b>LaHache Music</b>	<b>Simon Hersheim</b>	<b>Kiwanis Club Lee Circle Sprinkler System</b>	<b>Ella West Freeman Foundation</b>
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 133	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	18	43	-	0	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	2,184	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	215	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>133</u>	<u>233</u>	<u>2,227</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:							
General government	69	-	316	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>69</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>316</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	63	233	1,911	-	0	(1)	-
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>63</u>	<u>233</u>	<u>1,911</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	1,178	581	5,713	0	1	1	9
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 1,242</u>	<u>\$ 814</u>	<u>\$ 7,624</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>

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See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
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	<b>Isaac Delgado Memorial</b>	<b>John McDonogh School</b>	<b>Lafayette Cemetery No. 1 Under Will of Lilly Violet</b>	<b>Mahalia Zimmerman Tomb</b>	<b>Mrs. Otto Joachim</b>	<b>Simon V. Sickles Legacy Fund</b>
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	4	0	0	-	-	7
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	1	-
Total revenues	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>
Expenditures:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	72
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>72</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	4	0	0	-	1	(65)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>(65)</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	564	7	21	3	(1)	326
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 568</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>

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See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
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	Helen Adler Levy Library	Housing and Environmental Improvement	Indigent Defender	Environmental Disaster Mitigation	French Quarter Development District	Utilities	French Quarter Improvement
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,190	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	2,016	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	1,006	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>0</u>	<u>2,016</u>	<u>1,006</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,190</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:							
General government	-	1,306	-	-	528	8	101
Public safety	-	-	-	-	1,054	-	31
Public works	-	-	1,042	-	10	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	636
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development and housing	-	919	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases:							
Principal	-	1,137	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	272	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>3,634</u>	<u>1,042</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,591</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>769</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	0	(1,618)	(36)	-	1,599	(8)	(769)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>0</u>	<u>(1,618)</u>	<u>(36)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,599</u>	<u>(8)</u>	<u>(769)</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	0	2,012	108	34	1,299	512	1,239
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 394</u>	<u>\$ 72</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>\$ 2,898</u>	<u>\$ 504</u>	<u>\$ 470</u>

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CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
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	<u>Coroner's Office</u>	<u>Ad Valorem Property Tax</u>	<u>City Cemetery Maintenance &amp; Repair Fund</u>	<u>Interim Short Term Rental Fund</u>	<u>Miscellaneous Donations</u>	<u>City Council SWBNO Substation Support Fund</u>
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,856	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	15	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	62	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	341	-
Miscellaneous	-	2,640	204	-	-	15,000
Total revenues	<u>62</u>	<u>2,640</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>2,856</u>	<u>341</u>	<u>15,000</u>
Expenditures:						
General government	-	192	-	-	31	15,000
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	12	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	1	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	236	-
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>192</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>268</u>	<u>15,000</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	62	2,448	207	2,856	73	-
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>62</u>	<u>2,448</u>	<u>207</u>	<u>2,856</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	75	125	55	1,683	417	-
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 137</u>	<u>\$ 2,573</u>	<u>\$ 263</u>	<u>\$ 4,539</u>	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(Continued)

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CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>City Council Utility Support</b>	<b>Victim's Bill of Rights Fund</b>	<b>New Orleans Recreation and Culture Fund</b>	<b>Early Childhood Education</b>	<b>Gordon Plaza Environmental Equity Relocation Assistance Fund</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for services	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1,921	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>1,921</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
General government	1,866	57	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Leases:</b>					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>1,866</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	54	(57)	-	127	-
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Operating transfers in	-	650	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>650</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>54</u>	<u>593</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	-	-	-	-	-
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 54</u>	<u>\$ 593</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
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(Amounts in thousands)

	Renter Anti- Displacement Fund	Other	Grant Recipient Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,548
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	352
Intergovernmental	-	-	60,088	60,088
Charge for services	-	-	5	228
Program income	-	-	213	213
Fines and forfeits	-	-	9	2,924
Interest income	-	2	-	80
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	5	4,585
Miscellaneous	-	-	(502)	19,940
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>59,819</u>	<u>117,958</u>
Expenditures:				
General government	-	-	5,959	26,417
Public safety	-	-	271	1,553
Public works	-	-	-	19,122
Health and human services	-	-	13,757	14,465
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	335
Urban development and housing	-	-	27,453	28,372
Economic development and assistance	-	-	6,960	10,033
Capital outlays	-	-	158	158
Leases:				
Principal	-	-	-	1,137
Interest	-	-	-	272
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>54,558</u>	<u>101,863</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	-	2	5,261	16,095
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	650
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>650</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>-</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>5,261</u>	<u>16,745</u>
Fund balances – beginning of year	-	116	(24,352)	10,636
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 117</u>	<u>\$ (19,092)</u>	<u>\$ 27,380</u>

(Concluded)

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CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Grant Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Federal Department of Interior	Department of Housing and Urban Development	Federal UDAG	Louisiana Office of Community Development	Federal Justice Administration	FDJ Office of Justice Program	Federal Department of Health
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 4,320	\$ 1,328	\$ 105	\$ 315	\$ (0)
Investments	-	152	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans	-	-	11	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Due from other governments	-	3,216	-	-	-	95	1,273
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 3,368</u>	<u>\$ 4,330</u>	<u>\$ 1,328</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 417</u>	<u>\$ 1,273</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances</b>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 2,895	\$ -	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ 54	\$ 2,588
Accrued liability	-	632	-	270	-	1	1,301
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	93
Due to other governments	-	67	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	19,468	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>23,062</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>281</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>3,983</u>
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenues	-	1,297	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>1,297</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	1	-	4,330	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	(20,992)	-	1,048	105	363	(2,710)
Total fund balances	<u>1</u>	<u>(20,992)</u>	<u>4,330</u>	<u>1,048</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>363</u>	<u>(2,710)</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 3,368</u>	<u>\$ 4,330</u>	<u>\$ 1,328</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 417</u>	<u>\$ 1,273</u>

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See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Grant Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Department of Defense</b>	<b>Department of Homeland Security</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Economic Development</b>	<b>Federal Department of Energy</b>	<b>Federal Department of Agriculture</b>	<b>Louisiana Highway Safety Commission</b>	<b>Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement</b>
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash	\$ 25	\$ -	\$ 19	\$ 71	\$ 978	\$ 26	\$ -
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	1,426	-	-	-	-	6
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 1,426</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ 978</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances</b>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 52	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued liability	-	0	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	1,505	-	-	-	-	11
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>1,557</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11</u>
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenues	-	566	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>566</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	25	(698)	19	71	978	26	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4)
Total fund balances	<u>25</u>	<u>(698)</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>978</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>(4)</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 1,426</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ 978</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>

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CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Grant Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Louisiana Department of Health and Human Resources	Environmental Protection Agency	Louisiana Department of Public Safety	Louisiana Department of Education	Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry	Louisiana Department of Culture, Recreation, and Tourism
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash	\$ 69	\$ 111	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ 109	\$ 2
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	33	-	1	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 102</u>	<u>\$ 111</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 109</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances</b>						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 14	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued liability	0	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	7	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>14</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	88	111	-	5	109	2
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	(6)	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>88</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>(6)</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>2</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 102</u>	<u>\$ 111</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 109</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Grant Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Department of Labor</b>	<b>State Department of Natural Resources</b>	<b>Private Grants</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Social Services</b>	<b>Louisiana Military Department</b>	<b>Delta Regional Authority</b>
<b>Assets</b>						
Cash	\$ 40	\$ 105	\$ 610	\$ 157	\$ 118	\$ -
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	980	-	102	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,020</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 712</u>	<u>\$ 157</u>	<u>\$ 118</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances</b>						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,917	\$ -	\$ 28	\$ -	\$ 35	\$ -
Accrued liability	1,004	-	32	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	0	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>2,921</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenues	956	-	102	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>956</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	105	550	157	83	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(2,857)	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>(2,857)</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>157</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,020</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 712</u>	<u>\$ 157</u>	<u>\$ 118</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Non-major Grant Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Corporation of National and Community Service</b>	<b>Federal Department of Transportation</b>	<b>FHWA Federal Highway Commission</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Administration</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets</b>					
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0	\$ 8,514
Investments	-	-	-	-	152
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Grantee loans	-	-	-	-	11
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	7
Due from other governments	4	-	-	9	7,145
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 15,828</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances</b>					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0	\$ 7,595
Accrued liability	-	-	-	9	3,250
Due to other funds	3	-	-	0	1,619
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	67
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	19,468
Total liabilities	<u>4</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>31,999</u>
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenues	-	-	-	-	2,921
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,921</u>
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	5,962
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(0)	-	-	(0)	(25,054)
Total fund balances	<u>(0)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(0)</u>	<u>(19,092)</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 15,828</u>

(Concluded)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Federal Department of Interior</b>	<b>Department of Housing and Urban Development</b>	<b>Federal UDAG</b>	<b>Louisiana Office of Community Development</b>	<b>Federal Justice Administration</b>	<b>FDJ Office of Justice Program</b>
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 32,532	\$ -	\$ 1,843	\$ 273	\$ 2,252
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	213	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	9	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	(502)	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>32,745</u>	<u>(502)</u>	<u>1,853</u>	<u>273</u>	<u>2,252</u>
Expenditures:						
General government	-	1,846	-	(435)	-	551
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	192
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	80	556
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development	-	26,610	-	843	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>28,456</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>409</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>1,299</u>
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>4,289</u>	<u>(502)</u>	<u>1,444</u>	<u>193</u>	<u>954</u>
Other financing uses:						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing uses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>-</u>	<u>4,289</u>	<u>(502)</u>	<u>1,444</u>	<u>193</u>	<u>954</u>
Fund balances (deficit) – beginning of year	1	(25,281)	4,833	(396)	(88)	(591)
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ (20,992)</u>	<u>\$ 4,330</u>	<u>\$ 1,048</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 363</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Federal Department of Health</b>	<b>Department of Defense</b>	<b>Department of Homeland Security</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Economic Development</b>	<b>Federal Department of Energy</b>	<b>Federal Department of Agriculture</b>
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 11,879	\$ -	\$ 2,023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	5	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	5	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>11,889</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,023</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:						
General government	58	-	2,482	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	12,552	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>12,610</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,482</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>(721)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(459)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other financing uses:						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing uses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>(721)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(459)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances (deficit) – beginning of year	(1,989)	25	(239)	19	71	978
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ (2,710)</u>	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ (698)</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ 978</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Louisiana Highway Safety Commission</b>	<b>Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Health and Human Resources</b>	<b>Environmental Protection Agency</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Public Safety</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Education</b>
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 146	\$ 471	\$ 20	\$ 27	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>146</u>	<u>471</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:						
General government	-	48	12	17	-	-
Public safety	-	47	-	-	32	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	569	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>581</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>-</u>
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>(111)</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>-</u>
Other financing uses:						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing uses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>-</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>(111)</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances (deficit) – beginning of year	26	(54)	199	108	(1)	5
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ 88</u>	<u>\$ 111</u>	<u>\$ (6)</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism</b>	<b>Department of Labor</b>	<b>State Department of Natural Resources</b>	<b>Private Grants</b>	<b>Louisiana Department of Social Service</b>
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,550	\$ -	\$ 766	\$ 155
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,550</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>766</u>	<u>155</u>
Expenditures:						
General government	-	-	-	-	1,054	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	2	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	6,960	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,960</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,056</u>	<u>-</u>
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(411)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(290)</u>	<u>155</u>
Other financing uses:						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing uses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(411)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(290)</u>	<u>155</u>
Fund balances (deficit) – beginning of year	109	2	(2,447)	105	840	1
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ 109</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ (2,857)</u>	<u>\$ 105</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>	<u>\$ 157</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Corporation of National and Community Service</b>	<b>Federal Department of Transportation</b>	<b>Louisiana Military Department</b>	<b>Delta Regional Authority</b>	<b>FHWA Federal Highway Commission</b>
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 79	\$ 219	\$ 90	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Program income	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>79</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:					
General government	71	-	253	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	(2)
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Urban development	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>71</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>253</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2)</u>
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>8</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>(163)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2</u>
Other financing uses:					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing uses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>8</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>(163)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2</u>
Fund balances (deficit) – beginning of year	(8)	(219)	247	-	(2)
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ (0)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 83</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Louisiana Department of Administration</b>	<b>Total</b>
Revenues:		
Intergovernmental	\$ 764	\$ 60,088
Charges for services	-	5
Program income	-	213
Fines and forfeits	-	9
Contributions, gifts, and donations	-	5
Miscellaneous	-	(502)
Total revenues	<u>764</u>	<u>59,819</u>
Expenditures:		
General government	-	5,959
Public safety	-	271
Public works	-	-
Health and human services	-	13,757
Culture and recreation	-	-
Urban development	-	27,453
Economic development and assistance	-	6,960
Capital outlays	158	158
Total expenditures	<u>158</u>	<u>54,558</u>
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>606</u>	<u>5,261</u>
Other financing uses:		
Transfers in	-	-
Total other financing uses	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>606</u>	<u>5,261</u>
Fund balances (deficit) – beginning of year	(606)	(24,352)
Fund balances (deficit) – end of year	<u>\$ (0)</u>	<u>\$ (19,092)</u>

(Concluded)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

***FIDUCIARY FUNDS***

# CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

## Combining Financial Statements

Fiduciary Funds  
December 31, 2022

Pension trust funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement annuities and death and disability benefits for employees covered by the various plans. Resources are contributed by employees at fixed rates by laws and by the City at amounts determined by actuarial studies.

Custodial funds are used to account for all monies held by the City in a custodial capacity. The City's custodial funds are as follows:

- *Clearing Funds* – Used to account for money being held pending payment thereof to other funds as provided by law.
- *Deposit Funds* – Used to account for money deposited under any ordinance or contract in connection with the exercise of any right or privilege for the purpose of guaranteeing performance of any obligation.
- *Escrow Funds* – Used to account for money paid to or deposited with any officer, department, or board under protest or held subject to the proper determination of the rights of the City.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position  
Pension Trust Funds  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

<b>Assets and Deferred Outflows</b>	<b>Firefighters'</b>		<b>Police</b>	<b>Employees' Retirement System</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>Old System</b>	<b>New System</b>			
Current assets:					
Cash	\$ 2,696	\$ 4,718	\$ 149	\$ 1,394	\$ 8,956
Investments:					
Cash equivalents	8,992	12,086	1,330	24,205	46,613
Fixed income securities	-	0	-	73,019	73,019
Equities	-	0	-	204,842	204,842
Mutual funds	-	31,539	-	-	31,539
Investment in corporations, partnerships, and limited liability companies	-	7,280	-	-	7,280
Investment in hedge funds and private equity funds	-	-	-	62,426	62,426
Investment in real estate	-	301	-	29,141	29,442
Other	-	-	-	27,029	27,029
Receivables:					
Accrued interest	-	-	-	2,899	2,899
Contribution	-	-	-	15	15
Due (to)/from Old/New System	46	-	-	-	46
Other	0	5	16	72	93
Other assets	178	895	-	-	1,073
Total assets	11,912	56,825	1,494	425,043	495,273
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Related to pension	39	94	-	-	133
Total assets and deferred outflows	11,951	56,918	1,494	425,043	495,406
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position</b>					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	15	42	12	2,585	2,654
Other payables and accruals	-	46	-	284	329
Total current liabilities	15	88	12	2,868	2,983
Long-term liabilities:					
Net pension liability (MERS)	216	480	-	-	695
Total long-term liabilities	216	480	-	-	695
Total liabilities	230	568	12	2,868	3,678
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue	1,101	2,876	-	-	3,978
Related to pension	3	6	-	-	9
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,104	2,883	-	-	3,987
Net position:					
Restricted for pension benefits	10,617	53,468	1,482	422,174	487,741
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	11,951	56,918	1,494	425,043	495,406

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position  
Pension Trust Funds  
Year ended December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Firefighters'</b>		<b>Police</b>	<b>Employees'</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>Old System</b>	<b>New System</b>			
Additions:					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ -	\$ 36,000	\$ -	\$ 25,665	\$ 61,665
Members	-	3,709	-	8,744	12,453
Fire insurance rebate	875	1,947	-	-	2,821
Other	12,554	498	212	764	14,030
Total contributions	<u>13,429</u>	<u>42,154</u>	<u>212</u>	<u>35,173</u>	<u>90,968</u>
Investment income:					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	-	(7,830)	18	(73,036)	(80,847)
Interest and dividends	73	1,115	-	6,148	7,336
Less: investment expense	(2)	(227)	-	(932)	(1,161)
Net investment income (loss)	<u>71</u>	<u>(6,942)</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>(67,819)</u>	<u>(74,672)</u>
Total additions	<u>13,500</u>	<u>35,212</u>	<u>231</u>	<u>(32,646)</u>	<u>16,296</u>
Deductions:					
Pension benefits	10,829	27,408	50	47,170	85,457
Refund of member contributions	-	260	-	3,099	3,359
Death benefits	54	27	-	146	227
Depreciation expense	43	10	-	-	53
Administrative expenses	275	959	130	616	1,979
DROP withdrawal	102	3,995	-	3,313	7,410
PLOP withdrawal	70	1,956	-	-	2,025
Transfers	116	-	-	865	981
Total deductions	<u>11,490</u>	<u>34,613</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>55,209</u>	<u>101,492</u>
Net increase (decrease)	2,011	598	51	(87,855)	(85,195)
Net position held in trust for pension benefits – beginning of year	<u>8,606</u>	<u>52,870</u>	<u>1,431</u>	<u>510,030</u>	<u>572,937</u>
Net position held in trust for pension benefits – end of year	<u>\$ 10,617</u>	<u>\$ 53,468</u>	<u>\$ 1,482</u>	<u>\$ 422,174</u>	<u>\$ 487,741</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position  
Custodial Funds  
Year ended December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<u>Escrow Funds</u>	<u>Deposit Funds</u>	<u>Clearing Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 18,684	\$ 1,182	\$ 43,272	\$ 63,138
Investments	18,294	639	-	18,933
Accounts receivable	-	44	-	44
	<u>36,979</u>	<u>1,864</u>	<u>43,272</u>	<u>82,115</u>
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	13,168	(13)	41,797	54,951
Due to other governments or component units	6	-	-	6
	<u>13,174</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>41,797</u>	<u>54,957</u>
Net position:				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, organizations, component units and other governments	<u>\$ 23,805</u>	<u>\$ 1,878</u>	<u>\$ 1,475</u>	<u>\$ 27,158</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position  
Custodial Funds  
Year ended December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	<b>Escrow Funds</b>	<b>Deposit Funds</b>	<b>Clearing Funds</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Additions:</b>				
Investment income	\$ 247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 247
Tax collections for other governments and component units	-	-	720,779	720,779
Collection of taxes paid in protest	7,306	-	-	7,306
Collection of unadjudicated funds	-	-	-	-
Other collections	-	220	3,640	3,860
Total additions	<u>7,553</u>	<u>220</u>	<u>724,418</u>	<u>732,192</u>
<b>Deductions</b>				
Payment of taxes to other governments and component units	-	-	720,779	720,779
Disbursement of taxes paid in protest	6,426	-	-	6,426
Disbursement of unadjudicated funds	-	-	-	-
Other disbursements	-	(1,524)	2,268	744
Total deductions	<u>6,426</u>	<u>(1,524)</u>	<u>723,047</u>	<u>727,948</u>
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	1,127	1,744	1,372	4,244
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	<u>22,678</u>	<u>133</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>22,914</u>
Net position - end of year	<u>\$ 23,805</u>	<u>\$ 1,878</u>	<u>\$ 1,475</u>	<u>\$ 27,158</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

***NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS***

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
Combining Statement of Net Position  
Non-major Component Units  
December 31, 2022  
(Amounts in thousands)

	Downtown Development District	New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund	Orleans Parish Communication District	Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation	French Market Corporation	New Orleans Building Corporation	Parking Facilities Corporation	Parish Hospital District for the Parish of Orleans District A	Total
<b>Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>									
Current assets:									
Cash	\$ 4,943	\$ 6,069	\$ 869	\$ 3,146	\$ 15,093	\$ 35,441	\$ 4,669	\$ 1,366	\$ 71,595
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables (net of allowances):									
Property taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts	-	-	863	2	-	704	353	4,587	6,510
Leases	-	-	-	53	1,299	-	-	-	1,352
Other	12	1,864	-	-	713	-	-	6,537	9,125
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	411	-	-	411
Prepaid expenses and deposits	171	51	51	137	314	161	-	6,792	7,675
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,155	2,155
Total current assets	<u>5,126</u>	<u>7,984</u>	<u>1,783</u>	<u>3,338</u>	<u>17,419</u>	<u>36,716</u>	<u>5,022</u>	<u>21,437</u>	<u>98,824</u>
Restricted cash and investments:									
Customer deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Future debt service account	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,276	-	9,276
Other	5,237	-	3,054	-	-	-	44	6,523	14,858
Total restricted assets	<u>5,237</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,054</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,320</u>	<u>6,523</u>	<u>24,134</u>
Non-current assets:									
Lease receivable	-	-	-	12,242	14,957	402,730	-	-	429,929
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,012	-	19,825	1,239	17,824	60,341	87,462	92,485	280,187
Other	-	-	-	5	-	-	1,361	10	1,376
Total non-current assets	<u>1,012</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,825</u>	<u>13,486</u>	<u>32,781</u>	<u>463,071</u>	<u>88,824</u>	<u>92,495</u>	<u>711,492</u>
Total assets	<u>11,374</u>	<u>7,984</u>	<u>24,661</u>	<u>16,823</u>	<u>50,199</u>	<u>499,787</u>	<u>103,166</u>	<u>120,454</u>	<u>834,449</u>
Deferred outflows of resources:									
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	-	-	8,317	166	889	-	-	1,285	10,657
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,317</u>	<u>166</u>	<u>889</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,285</u>	<u>10,657</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 11,374</u>	<u>\$ 7,984</u>	<u>\$ 32,978</u>	<u>\$ 16,990</u>	<u>\$ 51,088</u>	<u>\$ 499,787</u>	<u>\$ 103,166</u>	<u>\$ 121,739</u>	<u>\$ 845,106</u>

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**  
 Combining Statement of Net Position  
 Non-major Component Units  
 December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in thousands)

<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position</b>	<b>Downtown Development District</b>	<b>New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund</b>	<b>Orleans Parish Communication District</b>	<b>Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation</b>	<b>French Market Corporation</b>	<b>New Orleans Building Corporation</b>	<b>Parking Facilities Corporation</b>	<b>Parish Hospital District for the Parish of Orleans District A</b>	<b>Total</b>
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):									
Accounts payable	\$ 1,393	\$ 40	\$ 1,004	\$ 44	\$ 709	\$ 244	\$ 1,257	\$ 3,476	\$ 8,167
Other payables and accruals	809	-	878	64	504	430	6,116	39,613	48,414
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	173	-	-	-	173
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	<u>2,202</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>1,882</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>1,386</u>	<u>674</u>	<u>7,374</u>	<u>43,089</u>	<u>56,753</u>
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):									
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds payable, current portion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>2,202</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>1,882</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>1,386</u>	<u>674</u>	<u>7,374</u>	<u>43,089</u>	<u>56,753</u>
Long-term liabilities:									
Revenue bonds (net of current portion)	5,515	-	-	-	-	-	114,174	-	119,689
Net pension liability	-	-	18,910	410	2,828	-	-	-	22,148
Lease Liability	624	-	5,679	-	-	3,358	-	-	9,662
Other	-	25	2,035	117	429	28,697	-	87,024	118,327
Total long-term liabilities	<u>6,139</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>26,625</u>	<u>527</u>	<u>3,257</u>	<u>32,055</u>	<u>114,174</u>	<u>87,024</u>	<u>269,825</u>
Total liabilities	<u>8,341</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>28,506</u>	<u>634</u>	<u>4,643</u>	<u>32,729</u>	<u>121,548</u>	<u>130,113</u>	<u>326,578</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Deferred amounts related to net pension liability	-	-	4,289	86	280	-	-	-	4,655
Deferred amounts related to leases	-	-	-	12,269	16,001	392,729	-	-	420,998
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,289</u>	<u>12,355</u>	<u>16,281</u>	<u>392,729</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>425,653</u>
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets	511	-	22,878	1,239	17,824	463,071	-	4,039	509,562
Restricted for bond debt service	237	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,523	6,760
Restricted for environmental remediation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	2,285	7,919	(22,695)	2,762	12,341	(388,742)	(18,382)	(18,936)	(423,447)
Total net position	<u>3,033</u>	<u>7,919</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>4,001</u>	<u>30,165</u>	<u>74,329</u>	<u>(18,382)</u>	<u>(8,374)</u>	<u>92,875</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	<u>\$ 11,374</u>	<u>\$ 7,984</u>	<u>\$ 32,978</u>	<u>\$ 16,990</u>	<u>\$ 51,088</u>	<u>\$ 499,787</u>	<u>\$ 103,166</u>	<u>\$ 121,739</u>	<u>\$ 845,106</u>

(concluded)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
 Combining Statement of Activities  
 Non-major Component Units  
 Year ended December 31, 2022  
 (Amounts in thousands)

	Program Revenues				Net (expense) revenue and changes in net position								
	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Downtown Development District	New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund	Orleans Parish Communication District	Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation	French Market Corporation	New Orleans Building Corporation	Parking Facilities Corporation	Parish Hospital District for the Parish of Orleans District A	Total
Component units:													
Downtown Development District	\$ 7,395	\$ -	\$ 134	\$ -	\$ (7,261)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,261)
New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund	6,594	-	-	-	-	(6,594)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,594)
Orleans Parish Communication District	22,604	5,753	-	-	-	-	(16,851)	-	-	-	-	-	(16,851)
Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation	1,335	1,794	-	-	-	-	-	459	-	-	-	-	459
French Market Corporation	9,162	10,807	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,646	-	-	-	1,646
New Orleans Building Corporation	5,343	36,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,810	-	-	30,810
Parking Facilities Corporation	22,899	19,691	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,208)	-	(3,208)
Parish Hospital District for the Parish of Orleans	97,607	93,666	839	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,102)	(3,102)
Total component units	<u>\$ 172,938</u>	<u>\$ 167,865</u>	<u>\$ 973</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(7,261)</u>	<u>(6,594)</u>	<u>(16,851)</u>	<u>459</u>	<u>1,646</u>	<u>30,810</u>	<u>(3,208)</u>	<u>(3,102)</u>	<u>(4,101)</u>
General revenue (expense):													
Interest revenue					75	-	12	10	51	221	-	(3,065)	(2,696)
Property taxes					8,066	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,066
Other					-	6,020	10,864	-	(40)	(13,039)	-	-	3,806
Total general revenues (expense)					<u>8,141</u>	<u>6,020</u>	<u>10,876</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>(12,818)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,065)</u>	<u>9,175</u>
Changes in net position					880	(574)	(5,975)	469	1,657	17,992	(3,208)	(6,167)	5,075
Net position – beginning					2,039	8,493	6,159	3,532	28,508	56,337	(15,174)	(2,207)	87,685
Prior period adjustments					115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115
Net position – beginning, as restated					<u>2,154</u>	<u>8,493</u>	<u>6,159</u>	<u>3,532</u>	<u>28,508</u>	<u>56,337</u>	<u>(15,174)</u>	<u>(2,207)</u>	<u>87,800</u>
Net position – ending					<u>\$ 3,033</u>	<u>\$ 7,919</u>	<u>\$ 184</u>	<u>\$ 4,001</u>	<u>\$ 30,165</u>	<u>\$ 74,329</u>	<u>\$ (18,382)</u>	<u>\$ (8,374)</u>	<u>\$ 92,875</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**AFFIDAVIT OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS  
AS TAX COLLECTOR**

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

(As Ex-officio Orleans Parish Tax Collector)

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

TAX COLLECTOR AGENCY FUND

Affidavit

For the year ended December 31, 2022

AFFIDAVIT (Required by R.S. 24:513(B))

STATE OF LOUISIANA

PARISH OF ORLEANS

I, Courtney W. Renthrope, Treasurer for the Parish of Orleans, do solemnly swear that the information reflected in the Summary of Ad Valorem Tax Collections Remitted to Other Taxing Authorities, included in the footnotes of the City of New Orleans "Basic Financial Statement," is true and correctly reflects all taxes collected and distributed to my office during the period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 and that the cash available for the settlement of the unsettled collections amounted to \$9,450,000.00, as of December 31, 2022.

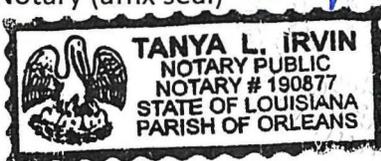
The amount of taxes collected through tax sales for other taxing authorities in 2022 totaled \$4,081,828.15.

The amount of interest on late ad valorem tax payments that was collected and disbursed to other taxing authorities during 2022 totaled \$7,870,705.58.

  
Courtney Wilson-Renthrope  
Treasurer

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this  
21st, day of April, 2023

Notary (affix seal)



**SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO CITY COUNCIL**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

Schedule of Compensation Paid to City Council

Year ended December 31, 2022

<u>New Orleans City Council</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>Period</u>
Helena Moreno, Councilmember-at-Large	\$ 104,501	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022
Jean-Paul (JP) Morrell, Councilmember-at-Large	104,501	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022
Joseph I. Giarrusso III, Councilmember - District A	104,501	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022
Lesli D. Harris, Councilmember - District B	104,501	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022
Freddie King, Councilmember - District C	104,501	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022
Eugene J. Green, Councilmember - District D	104,501	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022
Oliver M. Thomas , Councilmember - District E	104,501	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND  
OTHER PAYMENTS TO THE MAYOR**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and other Payments to the Mayor

Year Ended December 31, 2022

**Mayor LaToya Cantrell**

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salary	\$ 182,224
Benefits - insurance	9,000
Benefits - retirement	32,181
Benefits - Social Security, Medicare, Workers' Compensation	11,957
Per Diem	4,723
Reimbursements	330
Vehicle provided by government	48,427
Travel	47,743
Registration fees	2,700
Cell phone	616
Fuel	4,073
Total	<u>\$ 343,974</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**JUSTICE SYSTEM FUNDING SCHEDULE – RECEIVING ENTITY  
AS REQUIRED BY ACT 87 OF THE LOUISIANA  
2020 REGULAR LEGISLATIVE SESSION**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity  
 As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session  
 Cash Basis Presentation  
 Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<b>First Six Month Period Ended 06/30/22</b>	<b>Second Six Month Period Ended 12/31/22</b>		
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>		
<b>Receipts From:</b>				
<i>Municipal and Traffic Court of New Orleans - Fines</i>	\$ 731,961	\$ 435,451		
<b>Subtotal Receipts</b>	<u>\$ 731,961</u>	<u>\$ 435,451</u>		
 <b>Ending Balance of Amounts Assessed but Not Received</b>	<table border="1"><tr><td align="center">-</td></tr></table>	-	<table border="1"><tr><td align="center">-</td></tr></table>	-
-				
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See accompanying independent auditors' report.

**STATISTICAL SECTION**

(unaudited)

City of New Orleans, Louisiana

Statistical Section

**This part of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.**

**Contents**

**Financial Trends**

**These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.**

- Table 1 Net Position by Component
- Table 2 Changes in Net Position
- Table 3 Fund Balances
- Table 4 Schedule of Changes in Fund Balance

**Revenue Capacity**

**These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.**

- Table 5 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property  
Sources: Orleans Parish School Board, Orleans Levee District, SWB and BOL CAFR
- Table 6 Property Tax Rates
- Table 7 Principal Property Taxpayers
- Table 8 Property Tax Levies and Collections

**Debt Capacity**

**These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt.**

- Table 9 Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Bonded Debt Per Capita
- Table 10 Direct and Overlapping Debt
- Table 11 Legal Debt Margin Information

**Demographic and Economic Information**

**These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City financial activities take place.**

- Table 12 Demographic and Economic Statistics
- Table 13 Employers by Industry

**Operating Information**

**These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.**

- Table 14 City of New Orleans Employees by Department or Component Unit
- Table 15 City of New Orleans Capital Asset Statistics
- Table 16 Operating Indicators by Function

**Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.**

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Exhibit E-1

**Net Position by Component  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(accrual basis of accounting)  
(expressed in thousands)**

(unaudited)

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Governmental activities</b>										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 894,662	\$ 929,620	\$ 933,606	\$ 914,834	\$ 955,314	\$ 1,269,531	\$ 1,336,781	\$ 1,516,756	\$ 1,409,432	\$ 1,111,180
Restricted	113,204	124,597	113,437	114,897	76,485	162,247	147,538	153,996	671,265	420,359
Unrestricted	(823,058)	(1,354,303)	(1,344,840)	(1,231,601)	(1,320,819)	(1,420,011)	(1,404,455)	(1,477,083)	(1,562,728)	(714,667)
Total governmental activities net assets	<u>\$ 184,808</u>	<u>\$ (300,086)</u>	<u>\$ (297,797)</u>	<u>\$ (201,870)</u>	<u>\$ (289,020)</u>	<u>\$ 11,767</u>	<u>\$ 79,864</u>	<u>\$ 193,669</u>	<u>\$ 517,969</u>	<u>\$ 816,872</u>
<b>Primary government</b>										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 894,662	\$ 936,247	\$ 933,606	\$ 914,834	\$ 955,314	\$ 1,269,531	\$ 1,336,781	\$ 1,516,756	\$ 1,409,432	\$ 1,111,180
Restricted	113,204	124,597	113,437	114,897	76,485	162,247	147,538	153,996	671,265	420,359
Unrestricted	(823,058)	(764,975)	(1,344,840)	(1,231,601)	(1,320,819)	(1,420,011)	(1,404,455)	(1,477,083)	(1,562,728)	(714,667)
Total primary government net assets	<u>\$ 184,808</u>	<u>\$ 295,869</u>	<u>\$ (297,797)</u>	<u>\$ (201,870)</u>	<u>\$ (289,020)</u>	<u>\$ 11,767</u>	<u>\$ 79,864</u>	<u>\$ 193,669</u>	<u>\$ 517,969</u>	<u>\$ 816,872</u>

Source : City of New Orleans Bureau of Accounting

**CHANGES IN NET POSITION**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(accrual basis of accounting)**  
**(expressed in thousands)**

(unaudited)

<b>Expenses</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
General government	\$ 247,118	\$ 260,852	\$ 311,617	\$ 234,282	\$ 381,449	\$ 323,826	\$ 330,786	\$ 379,341	\$ 363,892	\$ 418,861
Public Safety	230,231	229,968	295,707	264,860	271,886	313,849	336,665	326,375	310,708	319,795
Public Works	124,136	123,826	141,746	146,064	149,164	147,410	149,881	144,634	138,974	167,867
Health and Human Services	27,981	29,587	31,806	32,492	35,803	39,904	44,376	40,890	40,285	42,562
Culture and recreation	23,403	26,021	27,500	30,228	35,274	35,017	37,939	32,726	29,528	35,684
Urban development and housing	23,891	24,968	28,539	22,090	22,212	23,837	25,736	30,986	71,399	63,369
Economic development	12,731	8,488	7,933	7,434	10,295	10,885	13,656	10,205	12,198	10,039
Interest and fiscal charges	60,546	62,647	61,926	60,607	60,567	60,078	32,944	30,906	32,871	42,867
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total primary government expenses</b>	<b>750,037</b>	<b>766,357</b>	<b>906,774</b>	<b>798,057</b>	<b>966,650</b>	<b>954,806</b>	<b>971,983</b>	<b>996,063</b>	<b>999,855</b>	<b>1,101,044</b>
<b>Program Revenues</b>										
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
Charges for Services										
General Government	70,692	67,016	71,912	74,010	68,411	72,623	84,590	150,822	155,401	221,187
Public Safety	22,331	19,113	28,826	29,501	37,486	40,269	38,355	24,163	35,063	37,291
Public Works	37,015	34,571	41,570	46,353	58,570	50,100	47,721	32,307	34,312	35,332
Health and Human Services	8,003	14,792	13,856	14,692	16,652	15,556	19,660	15,974	14,174	12,748
Culture and recreation	814	1,025	1,033	898	964	863	3,659	970	1,160	1,487
Urban development and housing	1,735	2,605	3,304	3,204	4,023	2,520	1,230	1,253	1,261	1,958
Economic development	-	-	-	-	70	-	-	77	75	80
Operating grants and contributions	139,577	119,512	125,122	107,845	94,041	145,672	148,380	202,739	312,844	321,544
Capital grants and contributions	141,650	119,963	54,091	46,127	78,308	122,873	57,994	137,903	208,986	150,276
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	607	277
<b>Total primary government program revenues</b>	<b>421,817</b>	<b>378,597</b>	<b>339,714</b>	<b>322,630</b>	<b>358,525</b>	<b>450,476</b>	<b>401,589</b>	<b>566,208</b>	<b>763,883</b>	<b>782,180</b>
<b>Net Revenue (Expense)</b>										
<b>Total primary government</b>	<b>(328,220)</b>	<b>(387,760)</b>	<b>(567,060)</b>	<b>(475,427)</b>	<b>(608,125)</b>	<b>(504,330)</b>	<b>(570,394)</b>	<b>(429,855)</b>	<b>(235,972)</b>	<b>(318,864)</b>
<b>General Revenues</b>										
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
Property Taxes	204,335	209,059	212,507	248,493	265,555	277,047	276,721	295,809	274,802	257,205
Sales Taxes	176,465	193,183	204,293	203,235	218,051	233,375	249,291	194,329	218,600	273,021
Other Taxes	57,134	55,875	53,616	55,927	50,659	60,840	56,987	43,618	52,449	67,400
Investment Earnings	15,231	16,851	19,724	22,705	25,232	29,188	12,252	5,064	7,871	15,962
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	29,199	22,649	79,209	40,994	34,834	30,678	33,838	6,034	5,764	4,639
Gain (loss) on impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain (loss) on sales of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forgiveness of Debt	2,086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in/out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Items	-	2,600	-	-	-	172,000	-	-	-	-
<b>Total general revenues, transfers, and special items</b>	<b>484,450</b>	<b>500,217</b>	<b>569,349</b>	<b>571,354</b>	<b>594,331</b>	<b>803,128</b>	<b>629,089</b>	<b>544,854</b>	<b>559,486</b>	<b>618,227</b>
<b>Change in Net Assets</b>	<b>\$ 156,230</b>	<b>\$ 112,457</b>	<b>\$ 2,289</b>	<b>\$ 95,927</b>	<b>\$ (13,794)</b>	<b>\$ 298,798</b>	<b>\$ 58,695</b>	<b>\$ 114,999</b>	<b>\$ 323,514</b>	<b>\$ 299,363</b>

Source : City of New Orleans Bureau of Accounting

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Exhibit E-3

**Fund Balances, Governmental Funds  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(modified accrual basis of accounting)  
(expressed in thousands)**

(unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>General Fund</b>										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved:										
Designated for subsequent year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undesignated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable						18,345	36,583	29,628	41,687	-
Restricted	-	-	250	250	31,646	31,645	31,645	31,646	31,646	65,428
Committed	6,036	4,735	2,080	4,769	12,338	23,192	147,701	29,257	42,185	59,168
Assigned	-	27,634	38,196	47,899	51,861	58,142	27,000	27,000	27,000	33,584
Unassigned	10,926	10,615	35,047	21,067	(20,158)	(33,346)	(14,144)	22,065	93,008	245,099
<b>Total general fund</b>	<b>16,962</b>	<b>42,984</b>	<b>75,573</b>	<b>73,985</b>	<b>75,687</b>	<b>97,978</b>	<b>228,785</b>	<b>139,596</b>	<b>235,526</b>	<b>403,280</b>
<b>All Other Governmental Funds</b>										
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved reported in:										
HUD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal UDAG	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FEMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CDL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana Office of Community Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-major Governmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	2,407	1,632	1,636	1,083	1,086	7,032	1,999	635	-	-
Restricted	137,113	152,806	139,243	125,103	83,388	171,601	162,717	122,350	639,619	354,931
Committed	58,882	81,597	133,220	167,272	148,283	33,034	34,506	26,051	24,126	32,296
Assigned	225	315	308	725	715	718	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(36,557)	(30,271)	(37,176)	(19,807)	(38,282)	(36,849)	(47,728)	(86,195)	(130,726)	(83,172)
<b>Total all other government funds</b>	<b>\$ 162,070</b>	<b>\$ 206,079</b>	<b>\$ 237,231</b>	<b>\$ 274,376</b>	<b>\$ 195,190</b>	<b>\$ 175,536</b>	<b>\$ 151,494</b>	<b>\$ 62,841</b>	<b>\$533,019</b>	<b>\$ 304,055</b>

Source : City of New Orleans Bureau of Accounting

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Exhibit E-4

Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(modified accrual basis of accounting)  
(expressed in thousands)

	(unaudited)									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>REVENUES</b>										
Taxes	\$ 396,973	\$ 424,204	\$ 446,239	\$ 472,836	\$ 501,782	\$ 533,034	\$ 538,411	\$ 508,268	\$ 541,537	\$ 611,459
Licenses and permits	62,963	62,428	60,597	65,821	71,220	76,705	74,500	70,028	57,395	84,845
Intergovernmental	265,594	224,706	177,624	152,413	144,797	256,142	166,838	313,426	444,952	478,295
Charges for services	78,996	81,351	85,753	91,491	90,482	93,026	97,980	133,241	86,450	97,235
Program income	1,942	6,541	620	1,640	938	834	347	49	11	213
Fines and forfeits	35,977	32,603	44,701	41,444	46,463	44,250	43,004	24,715	23,726	26,009
Interest income	300	417	540	1,882	2,801	5,006	8,763	2,048	1,063	8,782
Contributions, gifts, donations	3,687	4,088	4,737	7,087	6,842	6,295	4,864	5,600	3,969	4,735
Miscellaneous and other	28,367	49,916	85,081	46,891	36,649	40,806	42,951	21,835	35,113	50,172
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>874,799</b>	<b>886,254</b>	<b>905,892</b>	<b>881,505</b>	<b>901,974</b>	<b>1,056,098</b>	<b>977,658</b>	<b>1,079,210</b>	<b>1,194,216</b>	<b>1,361,744</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>										
General government	207,631	233,012	264,663	276,604	263,484	284,385	284,109	300,973	313,573	349,245
Public safety	226,831	226,854	250,164	270,897	296,338	306,544	314,241	310,557	293,764	304,558
Public works	65,903	67,183	78,728	84,132	87,946	86,248	83,041	81,982	78,282	104,164
Health and human services	27,981	29,587	31,806	32,492	35,803	39,539	42,664	39,652	38,618	40,281
Culture and recreation	22,016	24,666	26,193	29,121	34,265	33,610	34,904	30,296	27,053	33,048
Urban development and housing	23,891	24,968	28,539	22,090	22,212	23,837	25,736	30,986	70,847	61,952
Economic development and assistance	12,731	8,488	7,933	7,434	10,295	10,885	13,656	10,205	12,103	10,033
Capital projects/Outlays	152,947	135,780	108,485	85,905	110,820	158,445	128,502	214,449	234,522	282,894
Debt service:										
Principal	47,103	55,820	47,745	50,831	74,187	52,942	68,458	83,456	89,499	192,709
Interest and fiscal charges	57,004	61,151	68,808	62,590	60,031	58,130	35,029	32,741	29,033	41,552
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,046	502
Cash defeasance of bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111,362
Principal - leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,678
Interest - leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	334
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>844,038</b>	<b>867,509</b>	<b>913,064</b>	<b>922,096</b>	<b>995,381</b>	<b>1,054,565</b>	<b>1,030,340</b>	<b>1,135,297</b>	<b>1,191,340</b>	<b>1,534,315</b>
Revenue over (under) expenditures	30,761	18,745	(7,172)	(40,591)	(93,407)	1,533	(52,682)	(56,087)	2,874	(172,571)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>										
Transfers in	55,067	66,413	76,726	82,409	4,444	6,420	66,703	31,327	374,799	81,169
Transfers in from component unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31,327)	-	-
Transfers out	(55,067)	(66,413)	(76,726)	(82,409)	(4,444)	(6,420)	(66,703)	-	(374,799)	(81,169)
Issuance of notes payable	-	12,500	-	-	19,200	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Go Zone Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	563,238	111,362
Issuance of bonds	40,000	40,000	162,457	135,125	-	-	50,000	10,000	-	-
Premium/Discount on issuance of long-term debt	263	182	9,617	6,007	-	-	(268)	-	-	-
Debt service assistance loan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	(99,488)	(60,679)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal subsidy - Build America Bonds	1,012	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other, net	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<b>41,319</b>	<b>52,682</b>	<b>72,586</b>	<b>80,453</b>	<b>19,200</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>49,732</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>563,238</b>	<b>111,362</b>
<b>Special Items</b>										
Termination of interest rate swap										
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	<b>\$ 72,080</b>	<b>\$ 71,427</b>	<b>\$ 65,414</b>	<b>\$ 39,862</b>	<b>\$ (74,207)</b>	<b>\$ 1,533</b>	<b>\$ (2,950)</b>	<b>(46,087)</b>	<b>\$ 566,112</b>	<b>\$ (61,209)</b>
<b>GASB 44 debt service disclosure</b>	<b>15.06%</b>	<b>15.99%</b>	<b>14.49%</b>	<b>13.56%</b>	<b>15.17%</b>	<b>12.39%</b>	<b>11.48%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12.39%</b>	<b>18.72%</b>

Source : City of New Orleans Bureau of Accounting

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**Exhibit E-5**

**Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property**

Year	Real Estate		Personal Property		Public Service Corporations	Exemption (\$)	Estimated Actual Value (\$) *	Assessed Value (\$)	Net Assessed Value (\$)
	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$)	Total Assessed Value (\$)	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$)	Total Assessed Value(\$)	Total Assessed Value (\$)				
2013	27,066,642,133	2,920,015,480	2,754,134,933	413,120,240	193,722,510	437,893,609	29,820,777,066	3,526,858,230	3,088,964,621
2014	27,715,785,033	2,992,593,440	2,703,429,532	405,514,430	181,055,280	448,696,881	30,419,214,565	3,579,163,150	3,130,466,269
2015	29,274,057,167	3,188,376,880	2,875,702,200	431,355,330	170,541,020	458,941,272	32,149,759,367	3,790,273,230	3,331,331,958
2016	28,607,113,989	3,376,000,510	2,266,157,700	456,453,540	169,105,350	468,352,645	30,873,271,689	4,001,559,400	3,533,206,755
2017	32,308,258,367	3,481,746,390	3,167,096,334	471,985,530	175,685,210	475,463,500	35,475,354,701	4,129,417,130	3,653,953,630
2018	33,390,091,967	3,592,392,910	2,509,978,134	497,655,080	173,902,710	474,928,030	35,900,070,101	4,263,950,700	3,789,022,670
2019	33,929,395,767	3,647,819,160	2,527,379,933	527,777,040	169,565,520	476,499,550	36,456,775,700	4,345,161,720	3,868,662,170
2020	38,624,930,100	4,187,933,480	2,628,054,067	543,771,340	161,499,030	479,307,090	41,252,984,167	4,893,203,850	4,413,896,760
2021	38,256,976,733	4,044,353,200	2,603,743,807	543,125,551	161,638,810	479,330,890	40,860,720,540	4,749,117,561	4,269,786,671
2022	41,352,547,000	4,430,131,800	4,266,556,667	639,983,500	163,094,520	482,403,250	45,619,103,667	5,233,209,820	4,750,806,570

\* Estimated Actual value does not include the Fair Market Value for Public Service Corporations

Source: Louisiana Tax Commission Report (2010-2021)

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA  
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Property tax rates:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
City alimony	13.91	13.91	13.91	13.91	13.91	13.91	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1
Interest and redemption city bond,	19.5	19.5	22.5	22.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5
<b>Special tax dedicated to maintenance of double platoon Fire Department and triple platoon Police Department</b>	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27
<b>Special tax (additional) for increase in pay to officers and members of Police and Fire Department</b>	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.13
Special tax, Police without Homestead Exemption: Police protection,	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.26
Special tax, Fire without Homestead Exemption: Additional millages for fire protection	7.71	7.71	7.71	7.71	7.71	5.21	5.21	5.21	5.21	5.21
Special tax for establishing and maintaining a zoological garden in Audubon Park	N/A	0.15	0.15	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32
Special tax to establish and maintains an aquarium by the Audubon Commission	N/A	1.8	1.8	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99
Special dedicated tax to operate the Public Library	4.91	4.91	4.91	5.64	5.64	5.64	5.64	3.14	3.14	3.14
Capital Improvements & Infrastructure Trust Fund	N/A	0.56	0.56	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82
Special tax, Neighborhood Housing Improvement	N/A	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91
Special tax, New Orleans Economic Development Fund	N/A		0	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91
<b>Special tax, Parkways and Park and Recreation Department</b>	N/A	4.36	2.79	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Audubon Commission	1.95	N/A								
New Orleans Recreation Development Corporation	1.95	N/A								
City Park Improvement Association	0.61	N/A								
New Orleans Department of Parks & Parkways	1.8	N/A								
Special tax, Street and Traffic Control Device Maintenance		1.77	1.77	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Special tax for maintenance, operations and extension of the drainage system	16.23	16.23	16.23	16.23	16.23	11.77	16.43	16.43	16.43	16.43
<b>Total direct property tax rates</b>	<b>80.23</b>	<b>83.47</b>	<b>84.9</b>	<b>88.59</b>	<b>92.5</b>	<b>85.54</b>	<b>91.39</b>	<b>88.89</b>	<b>88.89</b>	<b>88.89</b>
Special tax to provide funds for Board of funds for Board of Assessors - REDEDICATED TO CITY ALIMONY	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19						
Special tax, Law Enforcement District of Orleans Parish	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9
Special tax for Orleans Parish School Board, for support, maintenance and construction of Public Schools of the City of New Orleans as levied by said Board annually,	45.31	45.31	45.31	45.31	45.31	45.31	45.31	45.31	45.31	44.81
<b>Sub Total overlapping property tax rates</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>48.11</b>	<b>48.11</b>	<b>48.11</b>	<b>48.11</b>	<b>48.11</b>	<b>47.71</b>
Orleans Levee Board	N/A									
Orleans Levee District (Eastbank)	11.18	11.18	11.18	12.28	12.28	12.28	12.28	11.67	11.67	11.67
Algiers Levee District (Westbank)	12.26	12.26	12.26	12.56	12.56	12.56	6.21	12.56	12.56	12.36
<b>Total Overlapping property tax rates</b>										
Eastbank	60.48	60.48	60.48	61.58	60.39	60.39	60.39	59.78	59.78	59.38
Westbank	61.56	61.56	61.56	61.86	60.67	60.67	54.32	60.67	60.67	60.07
<b>Total Eastbank</b>	<b>140.71</b>	<b>143.95</b>	<b>145.38</b>	<b>150.17</b>	<b>152.89</b>	<b>145.93</b>	<b>151.78</b>	<b>148.67</b>	<b>148.67</b>	<b>148.27</b>
<b>Total Westbank</b>	<b>141.79</b>	<b>145.03</b>	<b>146.46</b>	<b>150.45</b>	<b>153.17</b>	<b>146.21</b>	<b>145.71</b>	<b>149.56</b>	<b>149.56</b>	<b>148.96</b>

Source: City of New Orleans Department of Finance Bureau of the Treasury

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Principal Property Taxpayers  
And 10 Years Before  
(Amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

		<b>2022</b>		
Name of Taxpayer	Type of business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of total assessed value
Entergy	Electric and gas utilities	114,003	1	2.70%
Capital One Bank	Financial Institution	50,391	2	1.19%
Harrah's	Hospitality & Gaming	26,894	3	0.64%
Folger Coffee	Coffee Roasting Plant	22,927	4	0.54%
Marriott Hotel	Hospitality	22,407	5	0.53%
Hancock Whitney Bank	Financial Institution	22,379	6	0.53%
International Rivercenter	Real Estate	18,900	7	0.45%
J P Morgan Chase Bank	Financial Institution	18,179	8	0.43%
BellSouth	Telephone utilities	16,796	9	0.40%
First Horizon Bank	Financial Institution	15,465	10	0.37%

		<b>2012</b>		
Name of Taxpayer *	Type of business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of total assessed value

Source: City of New Orleans Department of Finance Bureau of the Treasury

\* Top Ten Taxpayer data is unavailable for 2012

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Property Tax Levies and Collections  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(amounts in thousands)

(unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Total levied	Collected within Fiscal year of the Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percentage of Levy
Real estate taxes:						
2013	382,902	363,026	94.81%	8,642	374,260	97.74%
2014	393,304	375,815	95.55%	0	375,815	95.6%
2015	422,306	397,843	94.21%	11,168	409,011	96.9%
2016	457,800	442,153	96.58%	13,137	455,290	99.5%
2017	480,924	458,767	95.39%	7,711	466,478	97.0%
2018	497,718	469,414	94.31%	6,567	475,981	95.6%
2019	496,197	456,347	91.97%	9,588	465,935	93.9%
2020	551,514	527,205	95.59%	15,709	542,914	98.4%
2021	543,383	520,864	95.86%	13,910	534,774	98.4%
2022	520,272	498,189	95.76%	0	498,189	95.8%
Personal property taxes:						
2013	87,058	84,410	96.96%	365	84,775	97.38%
2014	84,620	81,926	96.82%	0	81,926	96.82%
2015	86,961	81,773	94.03%	1,002	82,775	95.19%
2016	92,428	88,797	96.07%	744	89,541	96.88%
2017	96,441	92,123	95.52%	827	92,950	96.38%
2018	101,280	100,453	99.18%	499	100,952	99.68%
2019	103,260	94,891	91.89%	1,081	95,972	92.94%
2020	100,865	91,272	90.49%	3,484	94,756	93.94%
2021	92,191	80,441	87.25%	2,671	83,112	90.15%
2022	96,762	84,191	87.01%	0	84,191	87.01%

Source: City of New Orleans Department of Finance Bureau of the Treasury

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed  
Value and Bonded Debt per CapitaLast Ten Fiscal Years  
(amount in thousands)  
(unaudited)

<u>Fiscal year</u>	<u>Population</u>	Assessed value real estate and personal <u>property</u>	General obligation <u>bonded debt</u>	Ratio of bonded debt to assessed <u>value</u>	Bonded debt per capita (1)
2013	379	3,526,858	489,463	13.88	1,291
2014	384	3,579,163	507,081	14.17	1,321
2015	390	3,790,273	536,326	14.15	1,375
2016	391	3,832,454	577,562	15.07	1,477
2017	393	3,953,732	550,864	13.93	1,402
2018	391	4,090,048	523,950	12.81	1,340
2019	390	3,987,362	494,910	12.41	1,269
2020	384	4,731,705	433,695	9.17	1,129
2021	388	4,587,479	667,160	14.54	1,719
2022	370	4,735,319	615,960	13.01	1,665

Source: United States Census Bureau / Louisiana Tax Commission Report / City of New Orleans Bureau of Accounting

(1) Bonded debt per capita not in thousands.

Note: Bonded debt does not include the effects of accretion on deep discount bonds.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Exhibit E-10

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt  
Last Ten Fiscal Years  
(Amounts in thousands)

(unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>City of New Orleans:</b>										
General Obligation, limited tax, and revenue bonds**	712,508	734,035	761,663	799,115	766,349	732,477	696,193	624,397	625,297	832,025
Sewerage and Water Board	16,205	14,365	12,750	11,100	9,410	7,665	5,850	3,955	2,000	45,000
Audubon Commission	26,035	23,005	19,860	16,615	13,590	10,405	7,100	13,130	43,360	42,155
Total direct City debt	754,748	771,405	794,273	826,830	789,349	750,547	709,143	639,527	670,657	919,180
<b>Overlapping Debt: * (1)</b>										
Orleans Parish School Board	168,939	153,803	140,575	130,670	120,295	109,415	97,995	56,493	41,053	40,458
Southeast Louisiana Flood Protection Authority East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total overlapping debt	168,939	153,803	140,575	130,670	120,295	109,415	97,995	56,493	41,053	40,458
Total direct and overlapping debt	923,687	925,208	934,848	957,500	909,644	859,962	807,138	696,020	711,710	959,638

\* The percentage of overlapping debt for both School Board and Levee District are @ 100%

\*\* Bonded debt does not include the effects of accretion on deep discount bonds.

Sources: Orleans Parish School Board, Orleans Levee District, SWB and BOL CAFR

(1) The fiscal year for both the School Board and Levee Districts are June 30. The overlapping debt stated is for June 30 of that year.

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Computation of Legal Debt Margin  
Last Ten Years

(amount in thousands)

Add'l email to send to treasury

(unaudited)

Fiscal year	Assessed value real estate and personal property (\$)	Debt Limitation 35% of total assessed value*	Amount of debt applicable to debt limitation **		Less Assets in debt service fund available for retirement of General Obligation Bds.	Legal debt margin
			General Obligation Bonds ***	Effects of Accretion Deep Discount Bonds		
2012	3,334,929	1,232,669	470,077	124,844	30,826	668,574
2013	3,526,858	1,252,707	489,463	104,912	36,481	694,813
2014	3,579,163	1,326,596	507,081	84,608	40,149	775,056
2015	3,790,273	1,341,359	536,326	55,645	45,825	795,213
2016	3,832,454	1,383,806	577,562	38,964	33,016	800,296
2017	3,953,732	1,431,517	550,864	20,445	44,417	904,625
2018	4,090,048	1,395,577	523,950	-	84,206	955,833
2019****	3,987,362	1,656,097	494,910	-	61,822	1,223,009
2020	4,731,705	1,605,618	433,695	-	-	1,171,923
2021	4,587,479	1,657,362	667,160	-	-	990,202
2022	4,735,319	1,851,931	615,960	-	-	1,235,971

Sources: Louisiana Tax Commission Report (Table 41) and Board of Liquidation ACFR

\* Per Act 4 of 1916 of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana as amended by Act 576 of 1966, as amended by Act 420 of 1978, as amended by Act 159 of 1984, as amended by Act 1 of 1994.

\*\* Excludes revenue bonds

\*\*\* Excludes the effects of accretion on deep discount bonds

\*\*\*\* Debt limit calculation for 2017 was based on the 2018 assessment, which was available by the end of FY 2017.

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Demographic and Economic Statistics  
Last Ten Years

(unaudited)

<u>Fiscal year</u>	<u>Population* (1)</u>	<u>Per Capita Personal Income (2)</u>	<u>Unemployment Rate (3)</u>
2012	369	43,421	8.0
2013	379	43,403	7.4
2014	384	46,084	7.0
2015	390	46,684	4.6
2016	391	**	5.1
2017	393	50,115	4.7
2018	391	52,963	4.2
2019	390	54,363	4.5
2020	384	57,891	4.5
2021	388	61,327	4.5
2022	370	61,327	3.2

Source:

\* BLS 2000, 2010 Census and Projections

\*\* 2016 Per Capita Personal Income information had not been released by the Bureau of Economic Research  
by the release of this report

(1) Amount in thousands

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, Local Area Personal Income - Metro New Orleans including Metairie (CAINC1)

(3) United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (Not Seasonally Adjusted Average Yearly Rate)

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Employees by Industry  
Last Ten Years

(unaudited)

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016 *</u>	<u>2017 *</u>	<u>2018 *</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021**</u>	<u>2022</u>
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	66	86	68	607	627	602	642	607	461	551
Mining	2,431	2,589	2,144	6,637	4,285	4,738	4,844	4,368	4,420	2,971
Utilities	920	933	962	3,984	3,991	3,999	3,996	4,051	2,125	1,836
Construction	5,653	6,031	4,935	33,835	29,319	30,257	29,536	29,074	27,313	27,002
Manufacturing	4,048	4,187	4,114	30,500	30,229	29,709	29,871	29,918	34,682	28,713
Wholesale trade	3,547	3,845	3,835	22,084	21,122	21,003	20,662	20,798	18,889	19,936
Retail trade	13,595	14,965	15,792	65,649	63,201	61,093	60,395	59,658	59,061	56,385
Transportation and warehousing	8,625	9,049	9,191	27,781	26,815	27,018	28,325	28,717	27,898	26,969
Information	4,449	3,442	4,646	9,559	7,865	8,150	8,217	8,480	5,159	8,771
Finance and insurance	5,100	5,570	5,993	18,467	18,355	17,776	17,397	17,172	15,951	16,383
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,695	2,963	3,028	9,078	8,798	8,701	8,778	8,814	6,919	8,170
Professional and technical services	16,004	15,990	16,040	33,369	32,534	31,257	32,148	33,364	37,704	33,343
Management of companies and enterprises	3,015	2,609	2,760	7,785	8,319	8,203	7,740	7,534	7,141	6,947
Administrative and waste services	10,026	10,846	12,157	34,430	31,979	32,726	32,545	33,738	28,279	31,918
Educational services	22,357	21,950	23,026	44,803	44,130	44,470	45,514	46,384	40,882	44,399
Health care and social assistance	20,759	22,867	24,231	75,837	77,651	77,596	80,811	82,922	83,633	79,775
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	5,608	5,722	6,215	13,283	13,392	13,239	13,980	13,672	7,817	10,144
Accommodation and food services	33,725	35,214	37,988	73,868	74,839	76,056	78,301	78,699	52,210	63,912
Other services, except public administration	5,497	5,495	6,051	15,634	15,141	15,034	15,253	15,353	43,093	70,297
Public administration	12,053	11,965	12,094	25,482	25,451	25,517	25,788	26,363	36,419	35,530
Total	180,173	186,318	195,270	552,672	538,043	537,144	544,743	549,686	540,056	573,952

Source: Louisiana Workforce Commission

\* Information includes the New Orleans Regional Metropolitan Area:  
Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard St. Charles, St James  
St John the Baptist and St. Tammany Parishes.

\*\* 2022 Projected Employment

## CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Full Time City Employees by Department  
Four Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aviation	192	190	173	179
Chief Administrative Office	112	97	95	103
City Council	62	58	55	57
City Planning	23	18	15	22
Civil Service	31	26	20	20
Neighborhood One/NHIF	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Coroner's Office	27	27	24	25
Criminal District Court/Clerk	74	79	81	71
Finance	130	127	115	111
Fire	570	571	577	611
French Market	48	44	30	31
Health	221	216	198	200
Historic Districts	12	12	9	12
Inspector General	17	14	14	19
Juvenile Court	27	26	28	30
Law	71	70	59	60
Library	225	204	180	194
Mayor's Office	231	221	240	247
Recreation	136	138	122	158
Mosquito Control	29	27	27	30
Municipal Court	78	76	74	75
Museum of Art	2	-	1	1
Parks and Parkways	137	121	112	129
Police	1,474	1,417	1,293	1,183
Police Secondary Employment	N/A	N/A	8	10
Property Management	78	76	75	82
Public Works	200	178	156	147
Rivergate Development Corp.	-	-	-	-
Safety and Permits	105	87	70	81
Sanitation	70	56	61	67
Sewer and Water Board	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Traffic Court	Merged	Merged	Merged	Merged
Vieux Carre	6	5	3	4
Welfare	82	56	48	45
Workforce Investment Act	5	4	5	5
Yacht Harbor	3	4	4	6
Audubon Park	-	-	-	-
	4,478	4,245	3,972	4,015

Source : City of New Orleans Department of Civil Service and City of New Orleans Accounting Department

City Of New Orleans, LOUISIANA

Capital Asset Statistics by Function  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

Function:	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>Fire and Emergency Services:</b>										
Number of Stations:										
Police (Antionette Bradstreet)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fire (Daniel Perez)	30	30	32	32	32	32	31	31	30	30
<b>Recreation (1) Jahanna Cannon-Brightman</b>										
Active Playground (1)	30	33	33	36	38	38	32	32	38	38
Passive Playground (2)	71	72	72	69	20	20	69	69	69	69
Recreation Centers (3)	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Stadiums	8	8	8	8	5	5	6	6	8	8
Pools (3)	14	15	15	16	18	3	17	17	18	18
Tennis Locations (3)	10	10	10	9	8	3	5	5	10	10
Dog Run	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Roads: (Kim DeLarge)</b>										
Miles of roads maintained	1,652	1,652	1,652	1,652	1,547	1,547	1,547	1,547	1,547	1,547

Sources: City of New Orleans Police, Fire, Recreation, and Public Works Departments.

- (1) Location where paid staff delivers programs
- (2) No paid staff to provide structured programs
- (3) Includes at least one facility that is not operational

**Operating Indicators by Function  
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>Police Department: Antoinette Bradstreet</b>										
Response to Phone Emergencies	280,696	191,719	181,290	*	*	*	*	*	256,463	245,599
911 Responses	642,653	589,317	585,662	*	*	*	505,073	452,273	460,168	387,932
Field Operations Bureau Investigations clearance rate for crimes against persons	40%	40%	34%	37%	41%	*	39%	29%	32%	27%
Field Operations Bureau Investigations clearance rate for crimes against property	13%	14%	16%	17%	18%	*	15%	12%	11%	9%
Number of Driving While Intoxicated (DWI) arrests	1,392	1,473	1,214	*	*	*	870	346	345	169
<b>Fire Department: Daniel Perez</b>										
Response to Phone Emergencies	29,811	25,409	26,056	39,446	45,312	47,904	54,424	45,921	50,772	53,349
911 Responses	9,542	8,316	8,701	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Number of commercial and industrial structures inspected	3,872	4,872	5,817	7,180	5,534	5133	5263	809	4	5474
Percent of response times under 6 minutes 20 seconds	74%	74%	71%	69%	67%	51%	40%	45%	29%	18%
<b>EMS: Yolanda Wilson</b>										
Response to Phone Emergencies	26,716	21,118	25,420	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
911 Responses	70,690	60,181	64,529	63,975	67,532	69,037	69,284	64,981	69,253	69,203
Percent of Emergency Medical Service responses for acute cases within 12 minutes	76%	80%	74%	72%	66%	68%	66%	71%	63%	60%
<b>Law - Dan Shedd</b>										
Number of public records requests completed	1047	891	1,080	1,249	1,669	2,473	2,180	2,970	3,658	4,226
Number of tax and public nuisance cases filed before the ABO Board	268	224	122	159	172	57	193	29	10	87
<b>Sanitation - Andrew Joseph</b>										
Garbage Tonnage Collected	164,556	180,728	*	*	*	167,467	168,731	187,819	188,399	165,638
Number of illegal dumping sites cleared	2,135	2,832	1,916	1,951	*	2,080	1,904	2,329	3,170	3,241
Number of tons of recyclable material collected	6,650	7,317	7,300	7,102	7,220	7,927	6,621	11,516	4,313	4,306
<b>Public Works - Kim DeLarge, Jr.</b>										
Number of potholes filled (* Starting in 2021, the City tracks potholes filled by city bldg)	31,263	25,168	78,054	116,593	71,290	10,400	12,612	36,979	1,092*	20,423
Number of catch basins cleaned	2,839	3,178	7,611	7,382	19,131	8,158	7,881	6,736	3,116	1,866
Number of streetlight outages restored	19,356	3,687	9,180	10,879	5,078	7,011	6,559	6,411	6,423	3,033
Number of parking citations	315,778	257,274	338,477	320,925	332,740	335,617	368,215	143,817	135,137	178,375
Number of tows	14,480	17,578	17,055	13,403	10,731	8,841	11,435	6,040	6,444	6,319
Number of boots	7,489	7,632	11,833	10,517	10,924	8,203	1,837	793	340	3,158
Number of flushed drain lines	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	73,815
<b>Capital Projects - Kim DeLarge, Jr.</b>										
Percent of projects delivered on schedule	79%	79%	82%	78%	81%	*	80%	76%	58%	65%
<b>Property Management - Stephanie Landry or Natesh Mohan</b>										
Number of work order requests completed	3,691	3,774	2,915	3,377	3,590	3,959	3,597	3,164	3,313	3,977
Percent of work orders/service requests completed within 30 days	91%	92%	94%	93%	98%	99%	97%	98%	96%	97%
<b>Code Enforcement - Thomas Mulligan</b>										
Number of Code Enforcement inspections	15,193	16,539	14,280	*	*	6,293	7,330	1,362	5,898	4,702
Number of properties brought to hearing	3,111	4,010	3,365	2,069	1,628	1,361	1,705	328	1,166	1,330
Number of blighted properties brought into compliance	836	1,041	887	*	633	65	114	18	205	364
Number of blighted units demolished	329	212	180	185	265	155	64	45	96	101
<b>New Orleans Recreation Development Commission - Jahanna Cannon-Brightman</b>										
Number of youth athletic program registrants	7,561	7,876	*	*	*	5,306	4,699	3,336	3,610	3,972
Number of cultural events offered	57	103	*	*	*	50	34	7	13	19
<b>Parks &amp; Parkways - Rebecca Grubbs</b>										
Number of acres mowed	19,795	18,801	20,800	23,200	25,188	27,341	25,404	24,055	23,130	25,988
Number of emergency tree service requests completed	915	447	598	600	649	598	711	2,133	1,511	536
<b>Library - Michel Thompson</b>										
Number of items circulated (checked-out)	1,067,472	1,143,210	1,182,500	1,148,435	1,200,432	1,617,117	2,278,993	1,317,049	1,513,382	1,319,399
<b>Information Technology &amp; Innovation - Kimberly W. LaGrue</b>										
Call abandonment rate for the Service Desk	9%	13.20%	7.90%	6.71%	9.23%	4.70%	13.00%	17.00%	6.00%	5.00%
Percent of critical ITI projects delivered on schedule	67%	61%	58%	67%	67%	70%	*	75%	80%	75%
<b>Equipment Maintenance Division - Brian Firstley</b>										
Number of gallons of fuel dispensed	1,676,255	1,600,663	1,604,600	1,594,261	1,532,877	1,530,658	1,558,718	1,597,182	1,782,170	1,287,945

Sources: Orleans Parish Communication District and Office of Performance and Accountability

\* Information not available.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

The Honorable Mayor and Members  
City Council of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 28, 2023.

Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Audubon Commission, Sewerage and Water Board, Downtown Development District, New Orleans Tourism and Cultural Fund, Orleans Parish Communication District, New Orleans Municipal Yacht Harbor Management Corporation, French Market Corporation, New Orleans Building Corporation, Parking Facilities Corporation, Orleans Parish Hospital Service District A, the Firefighters' Old and New Systems, the Police Pension Fund, the Employees' Retirement System of the City of New Orleans, and the Board of Liquidation, City Debt, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. In addition, this report does not include the results of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by us for Louis Armstrong New Orleans International Airport.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a

combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items **2022-001** and **2022-002**.

### **City's Response to Findings**

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.*

New Orleans, Louisiana  
July 28, 2023

**City of New Orleans**  
**Schedule of Findings and Responses**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

**SECTION I—SUMMARY OF AUDITORS’ RESULTS**

*Financial Statements*

Type of auditors’ report issued:

All opinion units	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weaknesses identified?	No
• Significant deficiency is identified?	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes

**SECTION II—FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

**2022-001 UNDERFUNDED RETIREMENT PLAN  
 (COMPLIANCE – ORIGINATED IN 2017)**

Condition: As of the last actuarial valuation, the net pension liability at December 31, 2021 was approximately \$102,604,000 for the Old System and \$355,980,000 for the New System. As of December 31, 2022 (using the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation), the Fund was significantly underfunded. The plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability at December 31, 2021 was 7.74% for the Old System and 12.93% for the New System.

Criteria: The Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund (the Fund) was created as a single employer plan, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for firefighters of the City of New Orleans. The Fund consists of two systems, the Old System and the New System. The Old System covers firefighters who were employed before January 1, 1968. The New System covers firefighters who were employed after December 31, 1967 or Old System members who have given written application to the Board to elect coverage under the New System.

Cause: The underfunded pension liability is a result of various factors including losses on certain investments, employer contributions that were less than the actuarially determined contributions, and deductions from the plan (including retirement benefits) exceeding additions to the plan (including contributions). The estimated pension liability is based on certain actuarial assumptions.

Effect: The assets held in trust are deficient of the amount needed to pay the pension benefits over the long term.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Schedule of Findings and Responses**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

Recommendation: The City should develop a plan to ensure that the Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund is adequately funded to pay future benefits. Additional contributions to the Fund from the general fund, benefit changes, or both may be required.

**2022-002 TIMELY SUBMISSION OF AUDIT REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR  
(COMPLIANCE – ORIGINATED IN 2021)**

Criteria: Under Louisiana Revised Statutes, the City is required to have an annual audit of its financial statements prepared in accordance with US generally accepted accounting principles and to complete the audit and file it with the Louisiana Legislative Auditor by June 30th of each year.

Condition: The City did not meet the June 30, 2023 deadline for reporting to the Legislative Auditor. The City requested and received an extension of time until July 31, 2023 from the Legislative Auditor to file its financial statements.

Cause: Due to the residual effects of the December 2019 Cyberattack and the impacts of the COVID-19 crisis in 2020 and 2021, the City required additional time to close the 2022 books and record the final adjustments to their accounting records following the issuance of the 2021 financial statements in January 2023.

Effect: The delay in issuance of the 2021 financial statements resulted in the 2022 audit completion date being delayed.

Recommendation: The City should implement a plan to assure that the financial reporting is completed timely to ensure future reports are issued by June 30th of each year.

**SECTION III- PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

**2021-001 ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING**

Condition: The City did not have adequate policies and procedures in place to prepare accurate and complete financial statements on a timely basis.

Recommendation: The City should develop and implement policies and procedures, and related internal controls over account reconciliations and preparation of the financial statements to ensure that accounts are reconciled timely.

Status: Resolved.

**City of New Orleans**  
**Schedule of Findings and Responses**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

**2021-002 UNDERFUNDED RETIREMENT PLAN**

Condition: As of the last actuarial valuation, the net pension liability at December 31, 2020 was approximately \$118,091,465 for the Old System and \$394,606,405 for the New System. As of December 31, 2021 (using the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation), the Fund was significantly underfunded. The plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability at December 31, 2020 was 6.17% for the Old System and 11.25% for the New System.

Recommendation: The City should develop a plan to ensure that the Firefighters' Pension and Relief Fund is adequately funded to pay future benefits. Additional contributions to the Fund from the General Fund, benefit changes, or both may be required.

Status: Not Resolved. See current year finding **2022-001**.

**2021-003 TIMELY SUBMISSION OF AUDIT REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR**

Condition: The City did not meet the June 30, 2022 deadline for reporting to the Legislative Auditor. The City requested and received extensions of time until January 31, 2023 from the Legislative Auditor to file its financial statements.

Recommendation: The City should implement a plan to assure that the financial reporting is completed timely to ensure future reports are issued by June 30th of each year.

Status: Not Resolved. See current year finding **2022-002**.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE  
CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

LATOYA CANTRELL  
MAYOR

NORMAN L. WHITE  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

**Responses to the 2022 Financial Statement Audit Findings:**

**2022-001 Underfunded Retirement Plan:**

The City of New Orleans will work with the plan's governing body and current stakeholders to make decisions and take the necessary steps to place the Firefighter's Pension and Relief Fund on the path to a more sustainable course going forward.

Responsible Party:

Norman L. White, Chief Financial Officer

Anticipated Completion Date:

TBA

**2022-002 Timely Submission of Audit Report to Legislative Auditor:**

The City of New Orleans experienced a shutdown of all IT systems (computers, software, printers, copiers, scanners, etc.) due to the cybersecurity incident on December 13, 2019, in addition to the current COVID-19 nationwide health emergency which impacted the City's daily operations and staffing. These major incidents impacted the City's timeliness and effectiveness with financial reporting and financial reconciliations. In addition to these incidents, the City also just implemented a new INFOR ERP Financial System, named BRASS. Despite these unfortunate incidents, going forward, the City will ensure that the annual audit report is submitted before or by the deadline.

Responsible Party:

Freda Richardson-Taylor, Comptroller

Anticipated Completion Date:

June 30, 2024

Signature:   
Freda G. Richardson-Taylor, Comptroller

Date: 7/27/2023





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## **INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES**

The City Council and Management of the  
City of New Orleans, Louisiana  
1300 Perdido St, Second Floor West  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70112

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. The City Council and Management of the City of New Orleans (the "City") is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The City has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated results are as follows:

### ***Written Policies and Procedures***

1. Obtain and inspect City's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and City's operations:
  - a) ***Budgeting***, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.  
**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**
  - b) ***Purchasing***, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.  
**Results: Exception noted. Purchasing written policies and procedures did not include how vendors are added to the vendor list.**
  - c) ***Disbursements***, including processing, reviewing, and approving.  
**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- d) **Receipts/Collections**, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- g) **Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)**, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- h) **Travel and Expense Reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- i) **Ethics**, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to City's ethics policy.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- k) **Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity**, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- l) **Sexual Harassment**, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

### ***Board or Finance Committee***

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2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:

- a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included quarterly budget-to-actual.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

**Results: Not applicable as no negative ending unassigned fund balance was noted.**

- d) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

### ***Bank Reconciliations***

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3. Obtain a listing of City bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify City's main operating account. Select City's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:

- a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

### ***Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)***

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4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:

- a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

**Results: Exception noted. For one of the five collection locations, it was noted there were two or more employees sharing the same cash drawer/register.**

- b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

- a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).

**Results: Exception noted. For two of the deposit dates selected, the deposit was not made within one business day of receipt.**

- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

***Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)***

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8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:

- a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- e) Only employee/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain City's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by City.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

11. Using the City's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the City's policy and (b) payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected, the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

#### ***Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards***

---

12. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

13. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:

- a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.

**Results: Exception noted. Four of the five monthly statements selected did not have evidence of written review and approval.**

- b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a “missing receipt statement” that is subject to increased scrutiny.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

#### ***Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)***

---

15. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management’s representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration ([www.gsa.gov](http://www.gsa.gov)).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) Observe each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- d) Observe each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

#### ***Contracts***

---

16. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management’s representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner’s contract, and:

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

### ***Payroll and Personnel***

---

- 17. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- 18. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #17 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:

- a) Observe all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- c) Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in City's cumulative leave records.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

- d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

19. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and City's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to City policy.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

20. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

### ***Ethics***

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21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #17 under "Payroll and Personnel" above: obtain ethics documentation from management, and:

a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

**Results: Exception noted. One of five selected employees did not complete the required ethics training.**

b. Observe whether City maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to City's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

22. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

### ***Debt Service***

---

23. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

24. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

## ***Fraud Notice***

---

25. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the Board reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which City is domiciled.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

26. Observe City has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

## ***Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity***

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27. Perform the following procedures, **verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."**

a) Obtain and inspect City's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.

**Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.**

b) Obtain and inspect City's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

**Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.**

c) Obtain a listing of City's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

**Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.**

28. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #19. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

**Results: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.**

## ***Sexual Harassment***

---

29. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #17 under “Payroll and Personnel” above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

**Results: Exception noted. One of five selected employees did not complete the required sexual harassment training.**

30. Observe City has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on City’s premises if City does not have a website).

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

31. Obtain City’s annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:

1. Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

2. Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

3. Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

4. Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

5. Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

**Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the above procedure.**

We were engaged by the City Council and Management of the City of New Orleans to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

*Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.*

Metairie, Louisiana

July 28, 2023

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE  
CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

LATOYA CANTRELL  
MAYOR

NORMAN L. WHITE  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

July 28, 2023

Louisiana Legislative Auditor  
1600 North 3<sup>rd</sup> Street  
P.O. Box 94397  
Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

And

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC  
111 Veterans Blvd.  
Suite 350  
Metairie, LA 70005

RE: Management's Response to Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures  
City of New Orleans

Dear Sirs and Madams:

The City of New Orleans will review policies and procedures regarding the comments for each financial function and make appropriate changes that will improve internal controls in each area that are cost effective and within our budget constraints.

Sincerely,



Freda Richardson-Taylor  
Comptroller



**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**

**MEMORANDUM OF ADVISORY COMMENTS**

**For the Year Ending December 31, 2022**



**CRI** CARR  
RIGGS &  
INGRAM

CPAs and Advisors

[CRIcpa.com](http://CRIcpa.com)

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**MATTER REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED**

1. Fraud Involving Misuse of Credit Card



**Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC**  
111 Veterans Blvd.  
Suite 350  
Metairie, Louisiana 70005

(504) 833-2436  
(504) 484-0807 (fax)  
[www.CRIcpa.com](http://www.CRIcpa.com)

July 28, 2023

The City Council, Mayor and Management of the  
City of New Orleans, Louisiana  
1300 Perdido St, Second Floor West  
New Orleans, Louisiana 70112

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of The City Council and Management of the City of New Orleans (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of an instance of fraud that had an effect on the financial statements that is inconsequential but is required to be reported to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes the details regarding this matter required to be reported. This letter does not affect our report dated July 28, 2023, on the financial statements of the City.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Mayor, Council Members of the City, and others within the City, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Sincerely,

*Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.*

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
**MATTER REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED**  
**December 31, 2022**

**1. Fraud Involving Misuse of Credit Card**

#	ELEMENT OF FINDING	RESPONSE
1	A general statement describing the fraud or misappropriation that occurred.	City credit card was used to fraudulently purchase items.
2	A description of the funds or assets that were the subject of the fraud or misappropriation (ex., utility receipts, petty cash, computer equipment).	Credit Card
3	The amount of funds or approximate value of assets involved.	\$8,000
4	The department or office in which the fraud or misappropriation occurred.	Finance
5	The period of time over which the fraud or misappropriation occurred.	Jan – Aug 2022
6	The title/agency affiliation of the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud or misappropriation.	City of New Orleans Project Governance to CFO/Budget Administrator
7	The name of the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud or misappropriation, if formal charges have been brought against the person and/or the matter has been adjudicated.	Leticia Dawn Johnson  Both NOPD and OIG are still conducting investigations
8	Is the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud still employed by the agency?	No
9	If the person who committed or is believed to have committed the act of fraud is still employed by the agency, do they have access to assets that may be subject to fraud or misappropriation?	They are no longer employed
10	Has the agency notified the appropriate law enforcement body about the fraud or misappropriation?	Yes
11	What is the status of the investigation at the date of the auditors' report?	Still currently under investigation
12	If the investigation is complete and the person believed to have committed the act of fraud or misappropriation has been identified, has the agency filed charges against that person?	Still currently under investigation
13	What is the status of any related adjudication at the date of the auditors' report?	Still currently under investigation
14	Has restitution been made or has an insurance claim been filed?	No

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**  
**MATTER REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED**  
**December 31, 2022**

15	Has the agency notified the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and the District Attorney in writing, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:523 (Applicable to local governments only)	Yes
16	Did the agency's internal controls allow the detection of the fraud or misappropriation in a timely manner?	Yes
17	If the answer to the last question is "no," describe the control deficiency/significant deficiency/material weakness that allowed the fraud or misappropriation to occur and not be detected in a timely manner.	Not applicable
18	Management's plan to ensure that the fraud or misappropriation does not occur in the future	Additional level of approvals as well as further limited access to card information

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**SINGLE AUDIT REPORT**

**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Latoya Cantrell, Mayor  
And Members of the City Council  
City of New Orleans  
New Orleans, Louisiana

### Report on the Audit of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### *Opinion*

We have audited the schedule of expenditures of federal awards of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes (the "Schedule").

In our opinion, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents fairly, in all material respects, the expenditures of federal awards of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### *Basis for Opinion*

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Schedule section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the schedule in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the schedule.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the schedule, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the schedule.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the schedule.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Other Matters**

The basic financial statements of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 were audited by other auditors whose opinion dated July 28, 2023 expressed an unmodified opinion on those basic financial statements.

The City of New Orleans, Louisiana is subject to audit by federal agencies or their designees for compliance with contractual and programmatic requirements with regard to its federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The determination of whether any instances of noncompliance that will ultimately result in the remittance of any ineligible or disallowed cost cannot be presently determined.

***BRUNO & TERVALON, LLP***

New Orleans, Louisiana

July 28, 2023

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES  
OF FEDERAL AWARDS**

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	FEDERAL CFDA or OTHER NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY'S NUMBER	AMOUNT PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	2022 FEDERAL ACTIVITY
<b><u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u></b>				
<b><u>Pass-Through Awards</u></b>				
State of Louisiana				
Department of Social Services:				
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children - Administrative Costs	10 557	2000579477	\$ -	\$ 545,250
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children - Food Issuance (NOTE 13)	10 557	Not Applicable	-	1,648,196
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			-	2,193,446
<b>Total U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>			-	2,193,446
<b><u>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
Community Development Block Grant- Entitlement Grants	14 218	VARIOUS	2,892,599	14,561,774
CARES Act Community Development Block Grant	14,218	B-20-MW-22-0006	1,033,022	1,310,999
Emergency Solutions Grants Program	14 231	VARIOUS	714,051	840,939
CARES Act Emergency Solutions Grants program	14 231	E-20-MW-22-0006	2,828,771	2,888,533
Home Investment Partnership Program	14 239	VARIOUS	-	265,435
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14 241	VARIOUS	2,477,855	3,916,384
Cares Act Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14,241	LAH20-FHW001, LA0054L6H031811, LA0054L6H031912,	-	16,765
Continuum Care Program	14,267	LA0054LH032013	-	253,416
Hurricane Sandy Community Development Block Grant Disaster	14 269	B-13-MS-22-0001	-	10,568
National Disaster Resilience Competition	14 272	B-13-MS-220002	1,457,497	5,284,999
Subtotal - Direct Awards			11,403,796	29,349,812
<b><u>Passed - Through Awards</u></b>				
State of Louisiana				
Office of Community Development				
Disaster Community Development Block Grant	14 228	B-06-BG-22-0001	-	700,054
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			-	700,054
<b>Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</b>			11,403,796	30,049,866
<b><u>U.S. Department of Justice</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16 034	2020-VD-BX-0855	-	518,514
Crime Victim Assistance Discretionary Grants	16 582	2018-V3-GX-0070	-	94,090
Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies and Enforcement of Protection Orders	16,590	2017-WE-AX-0038	-	80,261
DNA Backlog Reduction Program	16 741	2018-DN-BX-0167	-	160,647
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program	16 738	2019-DJ-BX-0550 ,2020- DJ-BX-0375	-	87,867
National Sexual Assault Kit Initiative	16 833	2015-AK-BX-K013 2017-AR-BX-K034, 2019-AR-BX-K021	-	2,700
Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-Based Program	16 838	2018-YS-BX-0174	-	366,300
STOP School Violence	16 839	180-DOJ_591-00	-	76,800
Consolidated & Technical Assistance Grant Program	16,888	15-5042-0-2-752	-	18,606
Equitable Sharing Program	16 922	-	-	11,856
Subtotal - Direct Awards			-	1,417,641

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	FEDERAL CFDA or OTHER NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY'S NUMBER	AMOUNT PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	2022 FEDERAL ACTIVITY
<b><u>Passed - Through Awards</u></b>				
State of Louisiana				
Commission on Law Enforcement:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2017-VA-GX-0055, 2018-V2-GX-0042	-	32,821
Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Act	16.742	2019-CD-BX-0014	-	27,026
Edward Byrne Memorial Competitive Grant Program	16.751	2020 DJ-99-5536, 2020- DJ-01-5548, 2020-DJ-01- 5891	-	20,290
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			-	80,137
<b>Total U.S. Department of Justice</b>			-	<b>1,497,778</b>
<b><u>U.S. Department of Labor</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
Career National Dislocated Worker	17.277	DW-36863-21-60-A-22	231,434	494,780
Subtotal - Direct Awards			231,434	494,780
<b><u>Passed - Through Awards</u></b>				
State of Louisiana				
Department of Labor:				
Workforce Investment Act Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act - Adult Program	17.258	AA-32201-18-55-A-22, AA-33232-19-55-A-22, AA-34771-20-55-A-22	1,165,610	2,217,230
Workforce Investment Act Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act - Youth Activities	17.259	AA-32201-18-55-A-22, AA-33232-19-55-A-22, AA-34771-20-55-A-22	800,190	1,993,187
COVID-19 WIOA National Dislocated Worker WIA National Emergency Grants	17.277	2000521158 DW-34679- 20-60-A-22	235,951	217,584
Hurricane Ida Disaster Recovery Dislocated Worker Grant	17.277	DW-37000-21-60-A-22	105,896	538,924
WIA Dislocated Worker Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act Formula Grants	17.278	AA-32201-18-55-A-22, AA-33232-19-55-A-22, AA-34771-20-55-A-22	732,851	1,498,663
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			3,040,499	6,465,588
<b>Total U.S. Department of Labor</b>			<b>3,271,934</b>	<b>6,960,368</b>
<b><u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
Airport Improvement Program - New Orleans Aviation Board	20.106	108, 111	-	15,519,573
Airport Rescue Grant	20.106	114, 116	-	4,300,000
Subtotal - Direct Awards			-	19,819,573
Louisiana Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	H 004727	-	4,434
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	H 007271	-	3,800
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	H 007274	-	2,960,209
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	H 007520	-	93,906
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	H 012373	-	1,620,823
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	H 006567	-	359,990
State and Community Highway Safety Grants	20.600	2022-30-42	-	6,935
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2022-30-42	-	18,704
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2023-30-42	-	6,632
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			-	5,075,433
<b>Total U.S. Department of Transportation</b>			-	<b>24,895,006</b>

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

<b>FEDERAL GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME</b>	<b>FEDERAL CFDA or OTHER NUMBER</b>	<b>PASS- THROUGH ENTITY'S NUMBER</b>	<b>AMOUNT PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS</b>	<b>2022 FEDERAL ACTIVITY</b>
<b><u>U.S. Department of the Treasury</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.023	Various	-	32,884,472
Coronavirus State & Local Recovery Funds	21.027	SLT-1835	-	110,971,001
Coronavirus State & Local Recovery Funds	21.027	SLT-7352	-	509,676
Subtotal - Direct Awards			-	144,365,149
<b><u>Passed - Through Awards</u></b>				
State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security: Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.023	Various	-	695,505
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			-	695,505
<b>Total U.S. Department of the Treasury</b>			-	145,060,654
<b><u>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
Research, Development, Monitoring, Public Education,	66.716	83519601	-	16,844
Subtotal - Direct Awards			-	16,844
<b>Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency</b>			-	16,844
<b><u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
Environmental Public Health & Emergency Response	93.070	1NUE1EH001421-01-00	-	57,990
Community Programs to Improve Minority Health Grant Program	93.137	1 CPIMP211230-01-00 6U69HA33222-01-01,	-	1,625,372
HIV-Related Training & Technical Assistance	93.145	69UHA33222-02-00 5H80CS00037-20-00, 2H80CS00037-19-00,	-	70,113
Consolidated Health Centers - Healthcare for the Homeless	93.224	6H80CS00037-21	-	1,253,569
Consolidated Health Centers - Healthcare for the Homeless	93.224	5 H8HC'S45032-01-00	-	1,449
CARES Act Health Center Programs	93.224	1H8DC'S35743-01-00	-	53,603
Healthcare Center Programs - Expanding Capacity for	93.224	1H8EC'S38325-01-00	-	3,337
American Rescue Plan Act Funding for Health Centers	93.224	1 H8FC'S40635-01-00	-	492,926
Coronavirus Supplemental Funding for Health Center Programs	93.527	1 H8HC'S45032-01-00 2H80CS00037-19-00,	-	54,618
Grants for New & Expanded Services under the Health Center Program	93.527	3H80CS00037-20-01, 6H80CS00037-21	-	1,413,440
Ending the HIV Epidemic: A Plan for America-Ryan White	93.686	Various	-	607,846
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant-Ryan White Program	93.914	2H89HA00035-25-00, 2H89HA00035-26-00	3,014,131	5,736,368
COVID-19 Response to Ryan White Aids Program Part A	93.914	1H9AHA36926-01-00 2H49MC00099-19-00,	177,013	206,670
Healthy Start Initiative-Great Expectations Program	93.926	5H49MC00099-20-00	-	847,777
Subtotal - Direct Awards			3,191,143	12,425,079

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	FEDERAL CFDA or OTHER NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY'S NUMBER	AMOUNT PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	2022 FEDERAL ACTIVITY
<b><u>Passed - Through Awards</u></b>				
State of Louisiana				
Department of Health and Hospitals:				
Center for Disease Control and Prevention				
		2000372297,		
		2000447340,		
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93 069	2000288152	-	36,018
HIV Prevention Activities Health Department Based	93.940	1NU6SP924620-01-00	-	11,402
National Association of County and City Health Officials				
2020 MRC COVID-19 Operational Readiness Award	93.008	HITEP 150032-02-13	-	657
Medical Reserve Corps Small Grant Program	93 008	MRC 21-0514	-	10,000
Addressing Needs of People with Disabilities in COVID-19				
Addressing Vaccine Hesitancy	93 421	6 NU38OT000306-02-10	-	20,396
	93 421	2022-032115	-	8,165
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			-	86,637
<b>Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</b>			3,191,143	12,511,716
<b><u>Corporation of National and Community Service</u></b>				
<b><u>Direct Awards</u></b>				
AmeriCorps Vista	94 013	Various	-	71,322
<b>Subtotal - Direct Awards</b>			-	71,322
<b>Total Corporation of National and Community Service</b>			-	71,322
<b><u>U.S. Department of Homeland Security</u></b>				
Direct Awards				
Assistance to Firefighters Grant COVID-19	97.044	EMW-2020-FG-00089	-	685
Assistance to Firefighters Grant				
	97.044	EMW-2018-FP-00351,		
		EMW-2018FO-00910	-	133,752
		EMW-2019-PU-00180-		
Port Security Grant Program	97.056	S01	-	42,693
Port Security Grant Program	97 056	EMW-2019-PU-00127	-	14,100
Metropolitan Medical Response	97 071	282-99-0023	-	-
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response	97.083	EMW2009FH01301	-	4,892,699
Securing the Cities	97 106	Various	-	1,770,273
Subtotal - Direct Awards			-	6,854,203

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PROGRAM NAME	FEDERAL CFDA or OTHER NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY'S NUMBER	AMOUNT PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	2022 FEDERAL ACTIVITY
<b><u>Passed - Through Awards</u></b>				
State of Louisiana				
Governor's Office of Homeland Security:				
Flood Mitigation Assistance	97 029	EMT-2014-FM-E003. 2018-FM-E001, 2020- FM-E004 071-55000 & Various others	-	3,550,181
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97 036	PA-06-LA-4484-PW- 00005	-	172,494,725
COVID-19 Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97 036	1603DRLA0079, 16030710006, 1603X0710043, 1603- 0710020, 1603-0710036, 4080-071-027, 1603X- 071-0034, FEMA 1603- DR-LA-0432, FEMA 1603-DR-LA-0429, 1603- DR-LA-0433 & Various others	-	1,048,505
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97 042	EMW-2017-EP-00001- S01	-	51,300
Homeland Security Grant Program	97 067	EMW-2017-SS-00058- S01, EMW-2018-SS- 00016-S01	-	778,322
Subtotal - Awards from Pass-Through Entities			-	179,298,782
<b>Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security</b>			-	186,152,985
<b>Total Expenditures of Federal Awards</b>			\$ 17,866,873	\$ 409,409,985

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES  
OF FEDERAL AWARDS**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

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**NOTE 1 - BACKGROUND**

The City of New Orleans (the “City”) was incorporated in 1805. The City’s system of government is established by the Home Rule Charter which became effective in 1954. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The City provides the following types of services as authorized by its charter: public health and safety, streets, sanitation, water and sewerage, planning and zoning, recreation and general and administrative services. Education and welfare are administered by other governmental entities.

**NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of the federal awards of the City of New Orleans (the City). The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

**NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Grant expenditures in the Schedule are generally recognized under the accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred, if measurable. Vacation and sick leave are recognized when paid. Current grant expenditures include direct expenditures and expenditures of federal awards passed through other governmental agencies. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The preparation of the Schedule in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain assumptions that affect the reported amounts of expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**NOTE 4 - DE MINIMUS COST RATE**

The City did not elect to use the ten (10) percent de minimis cost rate as covered in paragraph 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

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**NOTE 5 - INELIGIBLE, DISALLOWED AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

The City is subject to audit by federal agencies or their designees for compliance with contractual and programmatic requirements with regard to federal programs administered by the City. The determination of whether any instances of noncompliance that will ultimately result in the remittance of any ineligible or disallowed costs cannot be presently determined. When applicable, the repayment of any remaining ineligible and disallowed costs shall be funded from non-federal funds.

**NOTE 6 - RECONCILIATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Federal revenues are included in capital grants and contributions and operation grants and contributions on the Statement of Activities.

**NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCY**

The City is the recipient of numerous federal grants and awards. These grants and awards are governed by various federal requirements, guidelines, regulations and contractual agreements.

The administration of the programs and activities funded by these grants and awards is under control of the City and is subject to audit and review by the applicable funding sources. Any grant or award found not to be properly spent in accordance with the requirements, guidelines, regulations and contractual agreements of the funding source may be subject to recapture.

The audit of the federal award programs of the City for the year ended December 31, 2021 disclosed instances of non-compliance that may be significant to the Schedule, but for which the ultimate resolution cannot be presently determined.

**NOTE 8 - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS**

The City's major federal awards programs for the year ended December 31, 2022 were determined based upon program activity. The City's "Type A" federal awards programs for the year ended December 31, 2022 were all federally-assisted high risk programs for which program activity was equal to or greater than \$3,000,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022.

**NOTE 9 - SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS AND CHILDREN – FOOD ISSUANCE**

The City, in conjunction with the State of Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals, administers the Women, Infants and Children (WIC) Supplemental Food Issuance Program. As a result, eligible participants received WIC drafts to obtain WIC food packages totaling \$ 1,648,196 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON  
COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM  
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER  
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY  
THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

To the Honorable Latoya Cantrell, Mayor  
and Members of the City Council  
City of New Orleans  
New Orleans, Louisiana

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

**Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the City of New Orleans, Louisiana (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

**Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

## **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2022-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditors to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2022-001 to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditors to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, the Mayor, management, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana revised statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

***BRUNO & TERVALON LLP***

New Orleans, Louisiana

July 28, 2023

**SCHEDULE I**

**SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'  
RESULTS**

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Summary of Independent Auditors' Results  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

1) Summary of Independent Auditors' Results

- a) The type of report issued on the basic financial statements: N/A
- b) Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the basic financial statements: N/A; Material weaknesses: N/A
- c) Noncompliance which is material to the basic financial statements: N/A
- d) Significant deficiencies in internal control over major program(s): Yes
- e) The type of report issued on compliance for major program: Unmodified Opinion
- f) Did the audit disclose any audit findings which the independent auditor is required to report in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes
- g) Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
14.218	Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants
20.106	Airport Improvement Program (ARRA)
93.914	HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant-Ryan White Program
97.036	Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)

- h) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: 3,000,000
- i) Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance: No

## **SCHEDULE II**

### **Current Federal Findings**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**Schedule of Current Federal Findings  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

**(3) Findings and Questioned Cost for Federal Awards**

**2022-001 Equipment and Real Property Management supporting documentation.**

**Compliance Matrix:            Equipment and Real Property Management**

- **14.228 – Community Development Block Grants/State’s Program and Non-Entitlement Grant in Hawaii, Grant #B-06-BG-22-0001**

Criteria:

An entity must use, manage, and dispose of equipment acquired under a federal award in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.313 (d) (2) which requires a physical inventory of the property must be taken and results reconciled with the property records at least once every two years.

Condition/Context:

During our testing of the Community Development Block Grants/State’s Program, we noted that the City was unable to provide a reconciliation of the physical inventory to the property records.

Cause:

The City does not have adequate processes and controls in place to ensure that the physical inventory is taken at least once every two years and reconciled to the property records.

Effect:

The City could not provide supporting documentation that the required physical inventory and reconciliation to the property records was performed.

Questioned Costs:

For the purposes of this finding, there were no questioned costs

Identification of a repeat finding:

This is a repeat finding from the previous audit, 2021-002

# CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

## Schedule of Current Federal Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

### Recommendation:

We recommend the City strengthen internal controls to ensure that the City maintains record of the physical inventory and reconciliations to the property records.

### Current Status:

The City provided to auditors' documentation showing that a physical inventory of the property was conducted in January 2023. The physical inventory was conducted after the fiscal year-end of the compliance period being tested. Based upon documentation provided to the auditors, we find the issue to be resolved.

### Corrective Action for Finding:

The City has not, in recent years, purchased any inventory with CFDA# 14.228 Disaster CDBG funding and has disposed of all but three (3) inventory items purchased with this funding. The City provided to the auditors the completed physical inventory documentation and the auditors deemed the issue as resolved. The City will continue to implement and execute its controls in place to ensure that a physical inventory is taken at least once every two years.

### Responsible Party:

Ronald Fornerette, Jr. – Director of Compliance

### Completion Date:

January 30, 2023

**STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S  
AUDIT FINDINGS**

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

**Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards**

**2021-001 Timely Submission of Audit Report to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse**

Criteria:

In accordance with the Uniform Guidance, the City is required to submit the annual audit reporting package and Data Collection Form to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within the earlier of 30 calendar days after receipt of the auditors' reports or nine months after the end of the audit period.

Condition/Context:

The City did not meet the September 30, 2022 deadline for reporting to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse.

Recommendation:

The City should implement procedures to ensure that the 2022 audit is submitted by the deadline.

Current Status:

Resolved.

**2021-002 Equipment and Real Property Management Supporting Documentation**

**Compliance Matrix:            Equipment and Real Property Management**

- **14.228 – Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grant in Hawaii, Grant #B-06-BG-22-0001**

Criteria:

An entity must use, manage, and dispose of equipment acquired under a federal award in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.313 (d) (2) which requires a physical inventory of the property must be taken and results reconciled with the property records at least once every two years.

Condition/Context:

During our testing of the Community Development Block Gants/State's Program, we noted that the City could not provide a reconciliation of the physical inventory to the property records.

Recommendation:

We recommend the City strengthen internal controls to ensure that the City maintains record of the physical inventory and reconciliations to the property records.

**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings  
Year ended December 31, 2022**

**2021-002 Equipment and Real Property Management Supporting Documentation (Continued)**

Current Status:

Resolved – See current finding 2022-001

**2021-003 Reporting Supporting Documentation**

**Compliance Matrix:            Reporting**

- **97.029 – Flood Mitigation Assistance, Grant #FMA-PJ-06-LA-2013-004; #FMA-PJ-06-LA-2017-002**

Criteria:

Reports including both performance and financial are due quarterly to the grantor throughout the performance period of the Flood Mitigation Grants.

Condition/Context:

During our testing of the quarterly reports for the Flood Mitigation Program, we noted that the City could not provide and expenditure detail for the quarters that agreed to the grant expenditure amount included in the reports.

Recommendation:

We recommend the City strengthen internal controls to ensure that the City maintains records of the general ledger reports used to prepare the grant program’s quarterly reports.

Current Status:

Resolved.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE  
**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS**

LATOYA CANTRELL  
MAYOR

NORMAN L. WHITE  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

**(3) Findings and Questioned Cost for Federal Awards**

**2022-001 Equipment and Real Property Management supporting documentation**

View of Responsible Official:

The City has not, in recent years, purchased any inventory with CFDA# 14.228 Disaster CDBG funding and has disposed of all but three (3) inventory items purchased with this funding. The City provided to the auditors the completed physical inventory documentation and the auditors deemed the issue as resolved. The City will continue to implement and execute its controls in place to ensure that a physical inventory is taken at least once every two years.

Responsible Party:

Freda Richardson-Taylor, Comptroller  
Ronald Fornerette, Jr. – Director of Compliance

Completion Date:

January 30, 2023

