AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT (A Component Unit of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury) Marksville, Louisiana

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

DUCOTE & COMPANY
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
219 NORTH WASHINGTON STREET
P. O. BOX 309
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Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Connie F. Desselle Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court Marksville, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court (hereinafter "Clerk of Court"), a component unit of Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund and aggregate remaining fun information of the Clerk of Court, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial positions for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Clerk of Court, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk of Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including and currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk of Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer share of pension contributions, and notes to required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in

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accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer pension contributions, and notes to required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

The Clerk of Court has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, in required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who consider it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The justice system funding schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the Clerk of Court's management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the justice system funding schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2024, on our consideration of the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

This report is intended for the information of the Clerk of Court and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

DUCOTE & COMPANY
Certified Public Accountants
Marksville, Louisiana
December 13, 2024

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

ASSETS

Current assets: Cash and interest-bearing deposits Investments Receivables - fees, charges, and commis Accrued interest receivable Prepaid items	\$ sions	336,711 837,551 19,919 1,254 4,809
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depre	ciation/amortization	128,201
Total Assets		1,328,445
	FLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to - Net pension liability		400,900
OPEB liability		117,508
Total deferred outflows of resources		518,408
L Curent liabilities	IABILITIES	
Accounts and other payables Nonecurrent liabilities		55,566
Due in more than one year: Net pension liability		1,367,906
OPEB liability		1,147,639
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	2,571,111
DEFERRED INF Deferred inflows related to -	FLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Net pension liability		80,951
OPEB liability	<u>—</u>	694,937
Total deferred inflows of resources		775,888
	T POSITION	400.004
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		128,201 (1,628,347)
Total net position		(1,520,347)
		<u> </u>

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Program Revenues

Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services		se) Revenues and in Net Position
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 1,835,359	1,677,172	\$	(158,187)
	General revenues Interest and investn Total general rev			67,722 67,722
	Change in net position			(90,465)
	Net position, beginning (1,409,681			(1,409,681)
	Net position, ending		\$	(1,500,146)

Balance Sheet Governmental Fund - General Fund June 30, 2024

ASSETS

Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$	336,711
Investments		837,551
Receivables		19,919
		•
Accrued interest receivable		1,254
Prepaid Items		4,809
Total Assets	\$	1,200,244
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	29,330
Accrued liabilities	•	26,236
Accided liabilities		
		55,566
Fund balance:		
		4,809
Nonspendable-prepaid items		
Unassigned		<u>1,139,869</u>
Total fund balance		1,144,678
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,200,244

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total fund balance for the governmental fund		\$ 1,144,678
Cost of capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization	1,159,515 (1,031,314)	128,201
Deferred outflows of resources related to - Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	400,900 117,508	518,408
Long-term Liabilities Lease liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(1,367,906) (1,147,639)	(2,515,545)
Deferred inflows of resources related to - Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(80,951) (694,937)	(775,888)
Net position at June 30, 2024		\$ (1,500,146)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Governmental Fund - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues:	
Licenses and permits	\$ 5,753
Fees Charges, and commissions for services:	
Court costs, cees, and charges	740,253
Fees for recording legal documents	624,033
Fees for certified copies of documents	66,795
Subscribed services	59,874
Election fees	15,752
Miscellaneous	54,691
Intergovernmental	29,550
Use of money and property - interest earnings	 67,722
Total revenues	1,664,423
Expenditures: Current - Personnel services and related benefits Operating services Materials and supplies Travel and other charges Capital outlay Debt service - Lease payments Total expenditures	1,030,546 567,713 95,260 39,026 18,477 8,956 1,759,978
Net change in fund balance	(95,555)
Fund balance, beginning	 1,240,233
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,144,678

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total net change in fund balance per the statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance		\$ (95,555)
Capital Outlay Costs	18,477	
Depreciation Expense	(53,196)	
Amortization Expense	(1,769)	
Principal payments	7,937	(28,551)
Effect of change in net pension liability, and total OPEB liability and the related deferred outflows/inflows of resources:		
Change in net OPEB expense	73,890	
Change in pension expense	(120,720)	-
Nonemployer pension contribution revenues recognized	80,471	33,641
Total changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2024 per Statement of Activities		\$ (90,465)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Positoin June 30, 2024

	Adv	ance Deposit Fund	egistry of ourt Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$	36,688	\$ 465,261	\$ 501,949
Investments		1,095,261	-	1,095,261
Due from other funds			 116_	 116_
Total Assets	\$	1,131,949	\$ 465,377	 1,597,326
NET POSITION Restricted for litigants and others	\$	1,131,949	\$ 465,377	\$ 1,597,326

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Adva	ance Deposit Fund	egistry of ourt Fund		Total
Additions:					
Suits and successions	\$	1,426,825	\$ -	\$	1,426,825
Judgements		-	188,300		188,300
Interest earned			 5,867		5,867
Total additions		1,426,825	 <u>194,167</u>		1,620,992
Reductions:				,	
Clerk's costs (transfers to General Fund)		693,837	-		693,837
Refunds to litigants/settlements		496,531	258,023		754,554
Attorney, curator, and notary		25,296	-		25,296
Judge's fees		51,820	-		51,820
Sheriff's fees		128,131	-		128,131
Other reductions		5,063	 7,838		12,901
Total Reductions		1,400,678	265,861		1,666,539
Change in net position		26,147	(71,694)		(45,547)
Net position, beginning		1,105,802	 537,071		1,642,873
Net position, ending	\$	1,131,949	\$ 465,377	\$	1,597,326

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIGICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent sections of this note.

Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirement of the Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governments.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the clerk of court serves as the ex-officio notary public; the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts; and has other duties and powers provided by law. A Clerk of Court is elected for a four-year term.

These financial statements only include funds and activities that are controlled by the Clerk of Court as an independently elected parish official. The Clerk of Court is a component unit of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury. The Clerk of Court is fiscally dependent on the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury since the Clerk of Court's office is located in the Avoyelles Parish Court House, the upkeep and maintenance of the building is paid for by the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury and certain operating expenditures of the Clerk of Court's office are paid by the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury.

As an independently elected official, the Clerk of Court is solely responsible for the operations of her office, which includes the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits and the receipt and disbursement of funds. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the clerk of court and do not present information on the parish police jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities. Display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental funds. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial level.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIGICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Clerk of Court's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program of function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charge paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Clerk of Court are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Clerk of Court are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. A fund is considered major if it the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of individual funds are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The Clerk of Court has presented the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 13:781, is the principal fund of the clerk of court and accounts for the operations of the clerk's office. The various fees and charges due to the clerk's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Additionally, the Clerk of Court reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the Clerk of Court's programs. The Clerk of Court has adopted GASB No. 84 for the reporting and classification of its fiduciary activities. Fiduciary reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reporting using the accrual basis of accounting.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIGICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Clerk of Court's fiduciary funds (custodial) are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Because by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Clerk of Court, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The custodial funds are as follows:

Advance Deposit Fund – accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants

Registry of the Court Fund – accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgement has been rendered in court litigation.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement focus

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- c. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- d. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded as a liability when incurred or when the economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIGICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues are classified by source and expenditures are classified by function and character. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

D. BUDGET PRACTICES

The Clerk annually adopts a budget for the general fund. The budgetary practices include public notice of the proposed budget, public inspection of the proposed budget, and public hearings on the budget. Any amendments to the budget are published in the Clerk's official journal. Budgetary integration is not employed as a management tool.

The proposed budget for the 2024 fiscal year was made available for public inspection at the clerk's office on June 1, 2023. The proposed budget, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, was published in the official journal 12 days prior to the public hearing. The budget hearing was held at the clerk's office on June 19, 2023. The budget is legally adopted and amended, as necessary, by the clerk. All appropriations lapse at year-end. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND EQUITY

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interests include amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the clerk of court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIGICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments

Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Clerk of Court may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates local government investment pool.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The clerk maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Furniture and fixtures	5 – 10 years
Vehicles	5 – 10 years
Equipment	5 – 10 years

Compensated Absences

The clerk of court has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave: Employees of the clerk's office earn two weeks of vacation leave each year. Vacation leave must be used in the year earned. Employees are allowed seven days of sick leave each year. Sick leave is noncumulative.

There are no accumulated or vested vacation and sick leave benefits which require accrual to conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components as applicable: The components are as follows:

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIGICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by
 (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or
 regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or
 enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Clerk of Court considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

Fund balances for the Clerk of Court's governmental fund (the General Fund) is displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used. In the governmental financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent because either they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing authority of the Clerk of Court's office. The Clerk of Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Clerk of Court. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through formal declarations approved by the Clerk of Court.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Clerk of Court's policy, only the Clerk of Court may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT Marksville, Louisiana **Notes to Financial Statements**

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIGICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Clerk of Court considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Clerk of Court has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements.

F. EXPENDITURES OF THE CLERK OF COURT PAID BY THE PARISH POLICE JURY

The Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's office is in the parish courthouse. The cost of maintaining and operating the courthouse, as required by Louisiana R.S 33:4715, is paid by the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury. Louisiana R.S. 13:784 provides that upon request of the Clerk, the police jury shall provide all necessary office furniture, equipment, and record and books. During the current year, the Clerk has not requested that the police jury purchase any office furniture. equipment, and records or books for her office. The Police Jury does however pay for utilities for the Clerk's office. The amount of the utilities paid by the Police Jury is indeterminable. Louisiana R.S. 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office) the Clerk of Court must pay the parish treasurer the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the Clerk's last year of his/her term of office. The liability to the parish is limited to the amount received by the Clerk of Court from the parish for necessary office furniture, equipment and record books.

G. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of support and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The clerk may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the clerk of court has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$838,660 as follows:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	
	Activities	Funds	Total
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 336,711	\$ 501,949	\$ 838,660

Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the Clerk of Court in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

These deposits (bank balances) are secured as follows:

Bank Balance	\$ 1,151,055_
Secured by:	
FDIC Coverage	\$ 250,000
Pledged Securities	\$ 901,055
Total	<u>\$ 1,151,055</u>

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Clerk of Court's deposits may not recovered or the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party will not be recovered. The Clerk of Court does not have a policy to monitor or attempt to reduce exposure to custodial credit risk or to limit the allowable deposits or investments. At June 30, 2024, deposits in the amount of \$ 901,055 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution, or pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk of Court's name.

3. INVESTMENTS

The Clerk participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP). LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA – R.S. 33:2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

3. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

LAMP is an investment pool that, to the extent practical, invest in a manner consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The following facts are relevant for investment pools:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- Custodial credit risk: LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of
 the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not
 evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's
 investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure
 is required
- Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate
 access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using
 the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not
 more than 60 days and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The
 WAM for LAMP's total investments is 60 days as of June 30, 2024.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares. At June 30, 2024, the Clerk had \$341,378 invested in LAMP. These monies are presented in the financial statements as interest bearing deposits in investments.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Fair Value Measurements

To the extent available, the Clerk of Court's investments are recorded at fair value at June 30, 2023. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants and the measurement date. The Clerk of Court measures its investments using fair value guidelines established by GASB 72, which recognizes a three-tiered fair value hierarch as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices for identical investments in active markets

Level 2 – observable inputs other than quoted market prices

Level 3 – unobservable inputs

3. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Clerk of Court's investments in LAMP are measured using observable inputs other than quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs). The investments in LAMP are valued using quoted market prices of the underlying investment of LAMP on weekly basis and the value of the position in the external pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables in the general fund totaled \$19,919 at June 30, 2024, detailed as follows:

Accounts Receivable	
Current	\$ 19,455
Over 30 days	194
Over 60 days	-
Other	<u>270</u>
Total Receivables	<u>\$ 19,919</u>

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Depreciable capital assets:	Balance 07/01/2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/2024
Furniture, Fixtures, and equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$1,157,788 (1,006,387)	\$ 18,477 (53,196)	\$(37,615) 37,615	\$ 1,138,650 (1,021,968)
Depreciable capital assets, net	151,401	(34,719)	-	116,682
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Vehicles	20,864	-	•	20,864
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(7,576)	(1,769)	-	(9,345)
Intangible right-to-use assets, net	13,288	(1,769)	-	11,519
Net Capital Assets	\$164,689	\$(36,488)	-	\$128,201

Depreciation/amortization expense of \$ 54,965 was charged to the general government function.

6. LEASES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Clerk of Court implemented GASB No. 87, Leases, for accounting and reporting leases that had previously been reported as operating leases.

In accordance with GASB No. 87, the Clerk of Court recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-touse lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements based on the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the period of implementation. The agreement underlying the lease asset has a term of 48 months with an intangible right to use a vehicle.

The following is a summary of changes in the lease liability for the year ended June 30,2024:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	_Reductions_	Balance	One Year
Lease Liability	\$ 7,937	\$	\$ (7,937)	_ \$ -	\$ -

Lease liability reductions are liquidated by the Clerk of Court's general fund.

At the commencement of the lease, the Clerk of Court initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. For purpose of discounting future payments on the lease, the Clerk of Court used the interest rate of 5.695%. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its useful life or the lease term.

Lease assets are reported with capital assets on the statement of net position. The leased equipment and accumulated amortization of the right-to-use asset is outlined in Note 5.

7. PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the system. For this purpose, benefit payment (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value

Plan Description. Substantially all employees of the Clerk of Court, except part-time and temporary employees are members of the Louisiana Clerk's of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (hereinafter referred to as "Fund"), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Marksville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The Fund was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowance and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. Title 11:1501 for eligible employees of the Clerk of Supreme Court, each of the district courts, each of the courts of appeal, each of the city and traffic courts in cities having a population in excess of four hundred thousand at the time of the entrance into the a Fund, the Louisiana

Clerks' of Court Association, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Insurance Fund, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statues for more complete information.

Retirement Benefits. A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining 12 or more years of credited service, attaining the age of 55 years (age 60 if hired on or after January 1, 2011), and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, is equal to 3% percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed 100% of the monthly average final compensation. The retirement benefit accrual rate is increased to 3½% for all service credit accrued after June 30, 1999 (for members hired prior to January 1, 2011). For members hired before July 1, 2006, and who retire prior to January 1, 2011, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest 36 consecutive months, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For members hired after July 1, 2006, monthly average final compensation is based on the highest compensated 60 consecutive months, or successive joined months if service was interrupted, with a limit increase of 10% in each of the last five years of measurement. For members who were employed prior to July 1, 2006, and who retire after December 31, 2010, the period of final average compensation is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed since January 1, 2011, not to exceed 60 months.

Disability Benefits. Disability benefits are awarded to active members who are totally and permanently disabled as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty or to active members with 10 or more years of credible service who are totally disabled due to any cause. A member who is officially certified as totally or permanently disabled by the State Medical Disability Board will be paid monthly disability retirement benefits equal to the greater of forty percent of their monthly average final compensation or 75% of their monthly regular retirement benefit computed as per R.S. 11:1521 (C).

Survivor Benefits. Upon the death of any active contributing member with less than five years of credited service, his/her accumulated contributions are paid to his/her designated beneficiary. Upon the death of any active contributing member with five or more years of credited service, automatic Option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse. These benefits are based on the retirement benefits accrued at the member's date of death with option factors used as id the member had continued in service to earliest normal retirement age. Benefit payments are to commence on the date a member would have first become eligible for normal retirement assuming continued service until that time. In lieu of a deferred survivor benefit, the surviving spouse may elect benefits payable immediately with benefits reduced ¼ of 1% for each month by which payments commence in advance of member's earliest normal

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

retirement age. If a member has no surviving spouse, the surviving minor children under 18 or disabled children shall be paid ½ member's accrued retirement benefit in equal shares. Upon the death of any former member with less than 12 years of service, the designated beneficiary may receive his/her accumulated contributions. Upon the death of any former member with 12 or more years of service, automatic Option 2 benefits are payable to the surviving spouse with payments to commence on the member's retirement eligibility date. In lieu of periodic payments, the surviving spouse or children may receive a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan. In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service allowance, any member of the Fund who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to 36 months and defer the receipt of benefits. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, active membership in the Fund terminates and the participant's contributions cease; however, employer contributions continue. Compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the DROP account equal to the payments to the account or a true annuity based upon his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). In addition, the member receives the monthly benefits that were paid into the DROP fund during his period of participation.

If employment is not terminated at the end of the participation period, payments into the account cease and the member resumes active contributing membership in the Fund. Interest is paid on DROP account balances for members who complete their DROP participation but do not terminate employment. The interest earnings are based on the actual rate of return on funds in such accounts. These interest accruals cease upon termination of employment.

Upon termination, the member receives lump sum payments from the DROP fund equal to the payments made to that fund on his behalf or a true annuity based in his account (subject to approval by the Board of Trustees). The monthly benefit payments that were being paid into the DROP fund are paid to the retiree and an additional benefit based on his additional service rendered since termination of DROP participation is calculated using the normal method of benefit computation. Prior to January 1, 2011, the average compensation used to calculate the additional benefit is that used to calculate the original benefit unless his period of additional service is at least 36 months. Effective January 1, 2011, the average compensation for members whose additional service is less than 36 months is equal to the lessor amount used to calculate his original benefit or the compensation earned in the period of additional service divided by the number of months of additional service. For former DROP participants who retire after December 30, 2010, the period used to determine final average compensation for post-DROP service is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed from January 1, 2011, to the date of DROP entry. In no event can the entire monthly benefit amount paid to the retiree exceed 100% of the average compensation used to compute the additional benefit. If a participant dies during the period of participation in the program, a lump sum payment equal to his account balance is paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate.

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Cost-of-Living Adjustments. The Board of Trustees is authorized to grant retired members and widows of members who have been retired for at least one full calendar year an annual cost of 2.5% of their

benefit (not to exceed \$40 per month), and all retired members and widows who are 65 years of age or older a 2% increase in their original benefit (or their benefit as of October 1, 1977, if they retired prior to that time). In order to grant the 2.5% COLA, the increase in the consumer price index must have exceeded 2% since the last COLA granted. In order for the Board to grant either of these increases, the Fund must meet certain other criteria as detailed in the Louisiana statute relating to funding status. In lieu of granting the above cost of living increases, Louisiana statutes allow the Board to grant a cost-of-living increase where the benefits shall be calculated using the number of years of service at retirement or at death plus the number of years since retirement or death multiplied by the cost-of-living amount which cannot exceed \$1.

Employer Contributions. According to state statue, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2023, the actual employer contribution rate was 22.25%.

Non-employer Contributions. In accordance with state statue, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities. Non-employer contributions are recognized as revenue during the year and excluded from pension expense. Non-employer contribution revenue for the System or the year ended June 30, 2023, was \$80,471.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. At June 30, 2024, the clerk of court reported liabilities in its government wide financial statements of \$1,367,906 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the fund. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by separate actuarial valuations performed as of that date. The Clerk of Court's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerk of Court's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarily determined. At June 30, 2023, the Clerk of Court's proportional share of the fund was 0.635867%, which was a decrease of 0.003203% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Clerk of Court recognized pension expense of \$120,767.

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Marksville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,387	\$ 13,924
Changes in assumptions	68,192	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contribution and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	13,088	67.027
Net differences between projected and actual	•	•
earnings on plan investments	152,574	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	159,659	
Total	\$ 400,900	\$ 80,951

The \$159,659 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Clerk of Court contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	
2025	\$ 68,993
2026	(1,801)
2027	125,208
2028	(32,110)
	\$ 160,290

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The net pension liability was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position.

7. PENSION PLAN (continued)

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment rate of return 6.55%, net of investment expense

Projected Salary Increases 1-5 years of service 6.25%, 5 years or more 5.0%

Inflation Rate 2.40%

Mortality rates Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans multiplied by 120%.

Mortality Table with full generational projection using the

Appropriate MP-2019 improvement scale.

Expected remaining service lives 5 years

The actuarial assumptions used are based on the assumptions used in the 2022 actuarial funding valuation which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified. In cases where benefit structures were changes after the experience study period, assumptions were based on future experiences.

The mortality rate assumption used was verified by combining data from this plan with two other statewide plans which have similar workforce composition in order to produce a credible experience. The aggregated data was collected over the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2019. The data was then assigned credibility weighting and combined with a standard table to produce current levels of mortality. This mortality was then projected forward to a period equivalent to the estimated duration of the Fund's liabilities. Annuity values calculated based on this mortality were compared to those produced by using a setback of standard tables. The result of the procedure indicated that these tables would produce liability values approximating the appropriate generational mortality tables used.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long term expected rate of return was 5.81%, for the year ended June 30, 2023. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, is summarized in the following table:

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Marksville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate Of Return
Fixed Income:	* *	
Domestic Bonds	30.00%	2.50%
International Bonds		3.50%
Domestic Equity	35.00%	7.50%
International Equity	20.00%	8.50%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.50%
	100.00%	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee (PRSAC), taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate. The following presents the net position liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.55%, as well as what the employer's net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage lower, 5.55% or one percentage point higher, 7.55% than the current rate as of June 30, 2022.

Ch	anges in Discount Ra	ate
1% Current 1%		
Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
5.55%	6.55%	7.55%
\$ 2,084,825	\$ 1,367,906	\$ 799,844
	1% Decrease 5.55%	Decrease Discount Rate 5.55% 6.55%

Retirement Fund Audit Report. The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund of Louisiana has issued a stand-alone report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Beginning in July 2000, the Clerk elected to participate in the Louisiana Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan State of Louisiana, a component unit of the State of Louisiana. The plan offers its participants (eligible public employees) a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT Marksville, Louisiana **Notes to Financial Statements**

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)

issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributed to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the State (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the State's general creditors. Participant's rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the State in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

It is the opinion of the State's legal counsel that the State has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The State believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description. The Clerk's defined benefit postemployment health care plan provides OPEB to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plan provides OPEB for permanent full-time employees of the Clerk. The Clerk's OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Clerk. Benefits are provided through the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Trust ("LCCIT"), a multi-employer healthcare plan administered by the Louisiana Clerks of Court Association. Louisiana Revised Statute 13:783 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The premium rates are established and may be amended by the LCCIT board of trustees, with the Clerk determining the contribution requirements of the retirees.

Benefits provided. The Clerk provides medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100% of retiree and 50% of dependent pre-Medicare health, Medicare Advantage, and dental insurance premiums. Vision is voluntary and 100% paid by the retiree. The plan also provides for payment of 100% of retiree life insurance premiums.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At January 1, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	11
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active Employees	<u>16</u>
Total	<u>27</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The Clerk's total OPEB liability of \$1,147,639 was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Marksville, Louisiana **Notes to Financial Statements** As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Inflation: 2.40% Salary Increases, including inflation: 3.25% **Discount Rate:** 3.97%

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Medical: 6.75% for 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of

4.75% for 2032 and later years

Medicare Advantage: 4.5% for 2024, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of

3.0% for 2030 and alter years. Includes 2\$ per year for aging.

Dental: 3.0% per year 2.5% per year Vision:

Retirees' Share of Benefit- Related

Costs:

Medical: 0% for retirees for 50% for dependents Medical Advantage: 0% for retirees for 50% for dependents 0% for retirees for 50% for dependents Dental: Vision: 100% for retirees for 100% for dependents

Basic Life Insurance

The discount rate was based on the 6/30/2024. Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for retired employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on those used in the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund valuation and actuarial experience.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 06/30/2023	\$1,183,380
Changes for the year:	·
Service Cost	28,729
Interest	45,454
Differences between expected and actual experience	8,165
Changes in Assumptions/Inputs	(49,008)
Benefit Payments	(69,081)
Administrative Expense	
Net Changes	(35,741)
Balance at 06/30/2024	\$1,147,639

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT Marksville, Louisiana **Notes to Financial Statements**

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.97 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.97 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.97%)	(3.97%)	(4.97%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$1,328,594	\$1,147,639	\$1,001,296

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage -point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$1,047,788	\$1,147,639	\$1,275,070

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Clerk recognized an OPEB expense of (\$4,809). At June 30, 2024, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 43,002	\$ 22,349
Changes in assumptions	74,506	672,588
Total	\$ 117,508	\$ 694,937

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2024	(\$ 78,992)
2025	(\$106,089)
2026	(\$106,089)
2027	(\$106,089)
2028	(\$106,089)
Thereafter	(\$ 74,081)
2027 2028	(\$106,089 (\$106,089

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Marksville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

10. NET POSITION

Net position is presented as net investment in capital assets and unrestricted on the Clerk of Court's government-wide statement of net position. A component of the Clerk of Court's net position is significantly affected by transactions that resulted in the recognition of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources and the balance of the related asset of liability is significant. As discussed in Notes 8 and 9, the Clerk of Courts recognition of net pension liability in accordance with GASB No. 68 and OPEB obligations in accordance with GASB No. 75 significantly affected the Clerk of Court's unrestricted portion of net position as of June 30, 2024.

11. CHANGESES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

A summary of changes in net position held for litigants and others is as follows:

	Advance Deposit Fund	Registry of Court Fund
Net position, beginning	\$ 1,105,802	\$ 537,071
Additions:	1,426,825	194,167
Reductions:	1,400,678	265,861
Net position, ending	\$ 1,131,949	\$ 465,377

12. COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Connie F. Desselle, Clerk of Court, for the year ended June 30, 2024 follows:

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 156,549
Benefits – payroll taxes	2,791
Benefits – insurance	20,100
Benefits – retirement/deferred comp	26,163
Travel and meals	6,950
Registration Fees	1,350
	\$ 213,903

13. LITIGATION

At June 30, 2024, the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court was not involved in any litigation. In addition, management is not aware of any unasserted claims as of the date of this report.

AVOYELLES PARISH CLERK OF COURT Marksville, Louisiana Notes to Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2024

14. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The effect of of implementation on the Clerk of Court's financial statements has not yet been determined.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 13, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Governmental Fund - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Dudmat		Variance with Final Buget
	Original	Budget Budg	 jet Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	<u></u>	et Actual	(Negative)
Licenses and permits	\$ 5,50	00 \$ 5	5,500 \$ 5,75	3 \$ 253
Fees Charges, and commissions for services:	, ,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	• • ====
Court costs, cees, and charges	750,00	00 750	,000 740,25	3 (9,747)
Fees for recording legal documents	725,00		,000 624,03	* -
Fees for certified copies of documents	60,00		,000 66,79	·
Subscribed services	50,00		,000 59,874	
Election fees	60,00	00 60	,000 15,75	
Miscellaneous	-		- 54,69	1 54,691
Intergovernmental	-	30	,000 29,55	0 (450)
Use of money and property - interest earnings	45,00	00 70	,000 67,72	2 (2,278)
Total revenues	1,695,50	1,630	1,664,42	33,923
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Personnel services and related benefits	1,000,00	00 1,030	,000 1,030,540	6 (546)
Operating services	556,00	00 586	5,000 567,71	3 18,287
Materials and supplies	70,00	00 70	,000 95,26	0 (25,260)
Travel and other charges	12,00	00 20	,000 39,020	6 (19,026)
Capital outlay	33,50	00 20	,000 18,47	7 1,523
Debt service -				
Lease payments	20,00		<u>,000</u> <u>8,95</u>	
Total expenditures	1,691,50	00 1,741	,000 1,759,97	(18,978)
Net change in fund balance	4,00	00 (110	,500) (95,55	5) 14,945
Fund balance, beginning	1,240,23	33 1,240	,2331,240,23	3_
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,244,23	<u>\$ 1,129</u>	<u>,733</u> <u>\$ 1,144,678</u>	8 \$ 14,945

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual	2024 \$ 28,729 45,454	2023 \$ 27,825 48,056	\$ 30,936 32,007	2021 \$ 49,880 38,635	2020 \$ 40,547 64,952	2019 \$ 54,113 59,868	2018 \$ 53,404 67,849
experience Changes in assumptions/inputs	8,165 (49,008)	9,238 (140,481)	(25,001) (329,254)	3,943 76,655 (54,200)	43,851 (600,517)	(39,773) 199,593	34,129
Benefits payments Net change in OPEB Liability	(69,081) (35,741)	<u>(71,510)</u> (126,873)	(69,017) (360,330)	(51,200) 117,913	(61,532) (512,700)	(121,255) 146,147	(114,073) (41,309)
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	\$1,183,380	\$1,310,253	\$1,670,583	\$1,552,670	\$2,065,370	\$1,919,223	\$1,877,913
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$1,147,639	\$1,183,380	\$1,310,253	\$1,670,583	\$1,552,670	\$2,065,370	\$1,919,223
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 694,170	\$ 687,699	\$ 683,773	\$ 680,773	\$ 648,295	\$ 690,425	\$ 607,573
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	165.33 %	172.08 %	191.62 %	245.40 %	239.50 %	299.14 %	315.88 %

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Employers'	Plan
	Employer	Employer		Proportionate	Fiduciary Net
	Proportion	Proportionate		Share of the Net	Position as a
	of the	Share of the		Pension Liability	Percentage
Year	Net Pension	Net Pension		(Asset) as a	of the Total
Ended	Liability	Liability		Percentage of its	Pension
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Liability
Louisiana C	lerks' of Court Reti	rement and Relief F	iund*		
2024	0.64 %	\$ 1,367,906	\$ 694,170	197.06 %	77.56 %
2023	0.67 %	\$ 1,618,817	\$ 687,699	235.40 %	74.09 %
2022	0.67 %	\$ 897,231	\$ 683,773	131.22 %	85.40 %
2021	0.79 %	\$ 120,034	\$ 680,773	17.63 %	72.09 %
2020	0.71 %	\$ 1,288,136	\$ 648,295	198.70 %	77.93 %
2019	0.65 %	\$ 1,088,166	\$ 690,425	157.61 %	79.07 %
2018	0.63 %	\$ 951,693	\$ 607,573	156.64 %	79.69 %
2017	0.67 %	\$ 1,231,500	\$ 567,480	217.02 %	74.17 %
2016	0.68 %	\$ 1,019,330	\$ 607,600	167.76 %	78.13 %
2015	0.66 %	\$ 892,500	\$ 753,020	118.50 %	79.37 %

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Contributions in Relation to Contribution Year Contractually Contractually Contribution as a % of Ended Required Required **Deficiency** Covered Covered Contribution Contribution June 30. (Excess) Pavroll Payroll Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund* 2024 \$ 150.356 \$ 150,356 \$ \$ 694,170 23.00 % \$ 2023 \$ 152,183 \$ 152,183 \$ 687,699 22.25 % \$ 2022 \$ 152,139 \$ 152,139 22.25 % \$ 683,773 2021 \$ 142,920 \$ 142,920 \$ \$ 680,773 21.00 % \$ 123,393 \$ \$ 123,393 2020 \$ 648,295 19.00 % \$ 131,181 \$ \$ 19.00 % 2019 \$ 131,181 \$ 690,425 2018 \$ 115,439 \$ 115,439 \$ 607,573 19.00 % 2017 \$ 107,821 \$ 107,821 \$ \$ 567,480 19.00 % \$ 2016 \$ 115,444 \$ 115,444 \$607,600 19.00 % \$ 753,020 19.00 % 2015 \$ 164,910 \$ 164,910

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. The Clerk of Court follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

The Clerk of Court prepares a proposed budget for the fiscal year no later than fifteen (15) days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. A summary of the proposed budget is published, and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Clerk of Court.

2. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Changes in Benefit Terms – There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions -

Year Ended	Discount
June 30,	Rate
2024	3.97 %
2023	3.86 %
2022	3.69 %
2021	1.92 %
2020	2.45 %
2019	3.13 %
2018	3.62 %

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

3. Pension Plan

		Investment		Expected	
Year Ended	Discount	Rate of	Inflation	Remaining	Projected Salary
<u>June 30,</u>	Rate	Return	Rate	Service Lives	Increase
					5% or 6.2% based on
2024	6.55 %	6.55 %	2.40 %	5	years of service
					5% or 6.2% based on
2023	6.55 %	6.55 %	2.40 %	5	years of service
					5% or 6.2% based on
2022	6.55 %	6.55 %	2.40 %	5	years of service
					5% or 6.2% based on
2021	6.75 %	6.75 %	2.50 %	5	years of service
2020	6.75 %	6.75 %	2.50 %	5	5.00 %
2019	6.75 %	6.75 %	2.50 %	5	5.00 %
2018	7.00 %	7.00 %	2.50 %	5	5.00 %
2017	7.00 %	7.00 %	2.50 %	5	5.00 %
2016	7.00 %	7.00 %	2.50 %	5	5.00 %
2015	7.25 %	7.25 %	2.75 %	5	5.00 %

4. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the General Fund had budgeted and actual expenditures over appropriations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Justice Funding Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2023	Second Six Month Period Ended 06/30/2024
Cash Basis Presentation		
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$ 1,642,757	\$ 1,642,886
Add: Collections		
Civil Fees	705,213	721,915
Criminal Court Costs/Fees - Expungements	2,200	1,600
Subtotal Collections	707,413	723,515
Less: Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits		
Acadian Parish Sheriff Department	-	-
Allen Parish Sheriff's Department	83	190
Ascension Parish Sheriff's Department	250	144
Avoyelles Parish Sheriff's Department	39,444	33,507
Bossier Parish Sheriff's Department	308	351
Caddo Parish Sheriff's Department	4441	149
Calcasieu Parish Sheriff's Department	323	254
DeSoto Parish Sheriff's Department	-	-
East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Department	11,663	12,291
Evangeline Parish Sheriff's Department	799	41
Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Department	810	482
Jefferson Davis Parish Sheriff's Department	-	-
Lafayette Parish Sheriff's Department	2,377	2,699
LaSalle Parish Sheriff's Department	50	-
Lincoln Parish Sheriff's Department	-	-
Livingston Parish Sheriff's Department	149	279
Natchitoches Parish Sheriff's Department	63	331
Orleans Parish Sheriff's Department	630	360
Ouachita Parish Sheriff's Department	164	<u>-</u>
Rapides Parish Sheriff's Department	5,158	4,993
St. Landry Parish Sheriff's Department	584	1,283
St. Tammany Parish Sheriff's Department	<u>-</u>	75
Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Department	173	192
Tunica-Biloxi Tribal Police Department	100	100
Vermilion Parish Sheriff's Department	103	44
Vernon Parish Sheriff's Department	198	471
LA Secretary of State - Service Fee Advance	6,600	6,150 5,700
12th Judicial District Court Expense Fund	6,230	5,780

(Continued)

Justice Funding Schedule (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2023	Second Six Month Period Ended 06/30/2024
Less: Disbursements to Governments & Nonprofits (Continued)	12/01/2020	00/00/2024
12th Judicial District Court Judicial Administration	149	149
La Supreme Court - LA Judicial College Fund	311	342
La Supreme Court - Judicial Administrator	35	5
Avoyelles Parish Sheriff's Department - Courthouse Security & Jury		
Costs	7,058	7,294
Avoyelles Parish Police Jury - Jury Costs	4,114	3,867
Louisiana State Treasurer	18,297	20,076
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency		
Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's Office Civil Fees per Statute	342,916	350,921
Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's Office Criminal Fees per Statute	19,213	19,28
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3 rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies		
Civil Fee Refunds Issued	232,376	266,295
Curator Fees Issues	6,115	4,456
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	707,284	743,255
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not		
Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)	\$ 1,642,886_	\$ 1,623,146

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE, AND OTHER MATTERS



Aloysia C. Ducote, CPA, PC Joan S. Ducote, CPA, PC Hope J. Gagnard, CPA, PC

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Connie F. Desselle Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court Marksville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court (hereinafter "Clerk of Court"), a component unit of the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Clerk of Court's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report On Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clerk of Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of Court's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk of Court's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 44:6.

DUCOTE & COMPANY
Certified Public Accountants
Marksville, Louisiana
December 13, 2024

Schedule of Audit Results, Findings, and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Reportable condition(s) identified not Considered to be material weakness(es)	yesxno
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>x</u> no
Section II – Summary of Current Year Audit Findings	
None noted.	
Section III – Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	
None reported in prior year.	
Section IV-Management Letter	
None reported in prior year.	
Section V – Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Aud	lit Findings
Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financia	al Statements
None	
Management Letter Comments	
None	

STATEWIDE AGREED UPON PROCEDURES



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Connie F. Desselle Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. The Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations)
 - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget
 - b) Purchasing, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving
 - d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

- e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- a) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process
- b) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)
- c) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers
- d) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.
- e) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- f) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain, and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections (excluding EFTs)

- 4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. prenumbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same

day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:

- a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
- b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
- c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
- a) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).
- b) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder
 - b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 8. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 9. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, agree the reimbursement rate to those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

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Contracts

- 10. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 11. Obtain a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees/officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 12. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 13. Obtain a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees/officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations ant the entity's policy on termination payments., Agree the hours to the employee/officials'

- cumulate leave records, and agree the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee/officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 14. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, and workers' compensation premiums have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 15. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes in the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

Debt Service

- 16. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 17. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

- 18. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 8. Observe the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 9. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical

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- medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
- b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.

Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - a) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - b) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - c) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - d) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Findings:

In perorming the independent accountant's agreed-upon procedures, no exceptions were noted.

We were not engaged by the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct and examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Avoyelles Parish Clerk of Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

DUCOTE & COMPANY

Marksville, Louisiana December 13, 2024