Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Todd Meche, Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements. We conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and schedule of employer contributions on pages 44 through 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town of Arnaudville has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 51 through 65 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combined and comparative statements and the Justice System Funding Schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these combined and comparative statements and the Justice System Funding Schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The prior year comparative information on these statements has been derived from the Town of Arnaudville's 2021 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, in our opinion, was fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The various schedules, except the Justice System Funding Schedule, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

# Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana September 9, 2022

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:	<b>A</b> 1 <b>A A A A</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>A</b> 1 0// 000
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 1,283,077	\$ 583,305	\$ 1,866,382
Interest-bearing time deposits	426,296	1,088,578	1,514,874
Receivables, net	50,462	115,069	165,531
Internal balances	161,784	(161,784)	-
Due from other governmental units	96,743	-	96,743
Prepaid items	26,283	31,571	57,854
Total current assets	2,044,645	1,656,739	3,701,384
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	-	63,742	63,742
Capital assets, net	2,399,308	4,690,053	7,089,361
Total noncurrent assets	2,399,308	4,753,795	7,153,103
Total assets	4,443,953	6,410,534	10,854,487
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	149,622	94,297	243,919
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	26,390	155,339	181,729
Unearned revenue	193,433	-	193,433
Bonds payable	-	31,000	31,000
Customers deposits payable		63,742	63,742
Total current liabilities	219,823	250,081	469,904
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	16,446	8,795	25,241
Net pension liability	372,792	338,843	711,635
Total noncurrent liabilities	389,238	347,638	736,876
Total liabilities	609,061	597,719	1,206,780
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	215,115	109,937	325,052
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,399,308	4,553,553	6,952,861
Restricted for sales tax dedications	1,240,918	-	1,240,918
Unrestricted	129,173	1,243,622	1,372,795
Total net position	\$ 3,769,399	\$ 5,797,175	\$ 9,566,574

### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Рго	gram Revenues Operating	Capital		Expense) Revenu inges in Net Posi	
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Grants and		Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:			·····				
General government	\$ 325,888	\$ 123,396	\$-	\$-	\$ (202,492)	\$-	\$ (202,492)
Public safety:					-		
Police	387,537	8,530	12,000	-	(367,007)	-	(367,007)
Streets	97,161	-	3,590	16,108	(77,463)	-	(77,463)
Community center	10,986	-	-	-	(10,986)	-	(10,986)
Parks and recreation	53, <u>291</u>	-	16,961		(36,330)		(36,330)
Total governmental activities	874,863	131,926	32,551	16,108	(694,278)		(694,278)
Business-type activities:							
Gas	427,422	414,559	-	-	-	(12,863)	(12,863)
Water	436,844	414,157	-	-	-	(22,687)	(22,687)
Sewer	255,278	202,121	-	15,296	-	(37,861)	(3 <b>7,8</b> 61)
Sanitation	20,850	632		<b></b>	-	(20,218)	(20,218)
Total business-type activities	1,140,394	1,031,469	_	15,296		(93,629)	(93,629)
Total	\$2,015,257	<u>\$1,163,395</u>	\$32,551	<u>\$ 31,404</u>	(694,278)	(93,629)	(787,907)
C	Jeneral revenu	ies:					
	Taxes -						
	Property ta	xes, levied for general p	urposes		44,503	54,126	98,629
	Sales and u	se taxes, levied for gene	eral purposes		811,428	-	811,428
	Franchise t	axes			71,217	-	71,217
	Grants and c	ontributions not restricte	ed to specific prog	rams -			
	State sourc				36,293	-	36,293
		yer pension contribution	1		12,751	9,090	21,841
		nvestment earnings			2,033	2,498	4,531
	Miscellaneou	15			23,127	-	23,127
Ĩ	Transfers				<u>41,438</u>	(41,438)	-
	Total g	eneral revenues and tran	sfers		1,042,790	24,276	1,067,066
	Change	in net position			348,512	(69,353)	279,159
r	Vet position	fuly 1, 2021			3,420,887	5,866,528	9,287,415
1	Vet position	une 30, 2022			\$3,769,399	\$5,797,175	\$9,566,574

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

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### **FUND DESCRIPTIONS**

# MAJOR FUNDS

# **General Fund**

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

### 1969 Sales Tax Fund -

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's 1969 1% sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, improving and maintaining police department stations and equipment, garbage and waste disposal facilities, streets, drains and drainage facilities; compensating policemen; maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works; and purchasing and acquiring the necessary equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, improvements and facilities.

### 1982 Sales Tax Fund -

To account for the receipt and use of proceeds of the Town's 1982 1% sales and use tax. These taxes are dedicated for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, improving, operating, and/or maintaining public streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage facilities, recreational facilities and garbage and waste disposal facilities; and purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment, and furnishings for any of the aforesaid public works, improvements and facilities.

# Capital Projects Funds

### Street Improvement Fund -

To account for the improvement of certain streets within the Town.

### 2% Set Aside Fund -

To account for the financing of various capital improvement projects as designated by the Town Council. Capital projects are to be funded by excess annual revenues of the Town.

### **LCDBG Grant Projects Fund** -

To account for the receipt and subsequent disbursement of Louisiana Community Block Grants and Town's matching funds to be utilized for various projects.

# **Enterprise Fund**

#### <u>Utility Fund</u> -

To account for the provision of gas, water, sewerage and limited sanitation services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	1969 Sales Tax Special Revenue	1982 Sales Tax Special Revenue	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 505,356	\$285,732	\$ 478,257	\$ 13,732	\$1,283,077
Interest-bearing time deposits	-	234,783	122,366	69,147	426,296
Receivables:					
Other	50,001	-	-	-	50,001
Interest	-	219	171	71	461
Due from other governmental units	3,864	46,440	46,439	-	96,743
Due from other funds	116,023	45,869	4,590	37,828	204,310
Prepaid items	26,283	-		-	26,283
Total assets	701,527	613,043	651,823	120,778	2,087,171
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	15 <b>,99</b> 7	10,393	-	-	26,390
Unearned revenue	193,433	-	-	-	193,433
Due to other funds	28,971	5,659	7,896	<u></u>	42,526
Total liabilities	238,401	16,052	7,896	<b>199</b>	262,349
Fund balances -					
Nonspendable (prepaid items)	26,283	-	-	-	26,283
Restricted for sales tax dedications	-	596,991	643,927	-	1,240,918
Assigned for capital projects	-	-	-	120,778	120,778
Unassigned	436,843	_		-	436,843
Total fund balances	463,126	596,991	643,927	120,778	1,824,822
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 701,527</u>	<u>\$613,043</u>	<u>\$ 651,823</u>	<u>\$ 120,778</u>	<u>\$2,087,171</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$1,824,822
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Land Buildings and improvements, net of \$523,811 accumulated depreciation Infrastructure, net of \$699,468 accumulated depreciation Equipment and vehicles, net of \$504,760 accumulated depreciation	\$201,668 784,717 1,313,557 99,366	2,399,308
The deferred outflows of expenditures for the municipal and police employees retirement systems are not a use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		149,622
Long-term liabilities of governmental activities are not payable from current resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	(16,446) (372,792)	(389,238)
The deferred inflows of contributions for the municipal and police employees retirement systems are not available resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(215,115)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$3,769,399

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	01	1969 Sales Tax Special	1982 Sales Tax Special	Other Governmental	Total
Revenues:	General	Revenue	Revenue	Funds	10121
Taxes	\$ 115,720	\$ 405,714	\$ 405,714	\$-	\$
Licenses and permits	123,396	φ <del>405,714</del>	-	÷ -	123,396
Intergovernmental	55,991	12,000	-	1	67,992
Fines and forfeits	8,530		-	-	8,530
Miscellaneous	40,088	691	1,074	271	42,124
Total revenues	343,725	418,405	406,788	272	1,169,190
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government	264,091	20,739	11,045	-	295,875
Public safety - police	245,542	263,850	-	-	509,392
Streets	10,656		28,607	2	39,265
Community center	10,986	-	-	-	10,9 <b>8</b> 6
Parks and recreation	38,616	-	3,663	-	42,279
Capital outlay	153,102		-	99,500	252,602
Total expenditures	722,993	284,589	43,315	99,502	1,150,399
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(379,268)	133,816	363,473	(99,230)	18,791
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	400,000	~	-	41,438	441,438
Transfers out	<u> </u>	(100,000)	(300,000)		<u>(400,000</u> )
Total other financing sources (uses)	400,000	(100,000)	(300,000)	41,438	41,438
Net changes in fund balances	20,732	33,816	63,473	(57,792)	60,229
Fund balances, beginning	442,394	563,175	580,454	178,570	1,764,593
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 463,126</u>	<u>\$ 596,991</u>	\$ 643,927	<u>\$ 120,778</u>	<u>\$ 1,824,822</u>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statemet	ite				

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net changes in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022 per statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances		\$	60,229
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	·		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay which are considered expenditures on the statement			
of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances Depreciation expense	\$ 252,602 _(124,126)		128,476
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	1 654		
Decrease in compensated absences Decrease in pension expense	1,654 145,402		147,056
Non-employer's contributions to the municipal employees and the police employees pension plans			12,751
Total net changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 per statement of activities		<u>\$</u>	348,512

### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	······
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 583,305
Interest-bearing time deposits	1,088,578
Receivables:	
Accounts	113,813
Other Des forme attender	1,256
Due from other funds	216
Prepaid items	<u>31,571</u>
Total current assets	1,818,739
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets -	
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	63,742
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,690,053
Total noncurrent assets	4,753,795
Total assets	6,572,534
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	94,297
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Contracts payable	136,500
Due to other funds	162,000
Accrued liabilities	18,839
Revenue bonds	31,000
Payable from restricted assets -	<b>CO 1740</b>
Customers' deposits payable	63,742
Total current liabilities	412,081
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated abscences	8,795
Net pension liability	338,843
Total noncurrent liabilities	347,638
Total liabilities	759,719
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	109,937
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	4,553,553
Unrestricted	1,243,622
Total net position	\$ 5,797,175

# TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position -Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services -	
Gas charges	\$ 385,007
Water charges	401,967
Sewer service charges	198,795
Sanitation charges	618
Miscellaneous	45,082
Total operating revenues	1,031,469
Operating expenses:	
Salaries	248,439
Payroll taxes and retirement	121,560
Gas purchases	140,033
Supplies, repairs and maintenance	172,085
Professional fees	29,791
Bad debts	2,761
Telephone	7,493
Depreciation	288,155
Insurance	46,070
Utilities	30,292
Fire department expense	3,072
Office supplies	14,941
Miscellaneous	33,156
Total operating expenses	1,137,848
Operating loss	(106,379)

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# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position -Proprietary Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Non-employer pension contribution	9,090
Interest income	2,498
Ad valorem taxes	54,126
Interest expense	(2,546)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	63,168
Loss before contributions and transfers	(43,211)
Contributions	15,296
Transfers	(41,438)
Change in net position	(69,353)
Net position, beginning	5,866,528
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 5,797,175</u>

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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	Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,041,462
Payments to suppliers	(716,410)
Payments to employees	(126,879)
Net cash provided by operating activities	198,173
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Cash received by other funds	7,555
Transfers to other funds	(41,438)
Increase in customer deposits payable	1,202
Ad valorem tax receipts	54,126
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	21,445
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(42,000)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on revenue bonds	(2,546)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(341,118)
Capital contributions	15,296
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(370,368)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Maturities of interest-bearing time deposits	1,085,350
Purchase of interest-bearing time deposits	(1,088,578)
Interest on interest-bearing deposits	2,498
Net cash used by investing activities	(730)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(151,480)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	789,732
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 638,252</u>

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (106,379)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	288,155	
Pension	43,290	
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable	9,993	
Decrease in other receivables	714	
Increase in prepaid items	(18,392)	
Decrease in accounts payable	(27,332)	
Increase in accrued liabilities	8,124	
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 198,173</u>	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per statement		
of cash flows to the balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period -		
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 612,583	
Cash - restricted	177,149	
Total cash and cash equivalents	789,732	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period -		
Cash - unrestricted	583,305	
Cash - restricted	63,742	
Total cash and cash equivalents	647,047	
Net decrease	<u>\$ (142,685</u> )	

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Arnaudville (Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Arnaudville was incorporated in 1909 under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or interval.

Based on the foregoing criteria, one governmental organization is not part of the Town and is thus excluded from the accompanying financial statements. This organization is the Arnaudville Volunteer Fire Department. Although the Town does provide facilities and some of their financing, no control is exercised over their operations.

### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except the fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Town are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary (enterprise). The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type: and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

Governmental Funds -

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

1969 Sales Tax Fund -

The 1969 Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These taxes are described in note 3.

1982 Sales Tax Fund -

The 1982 Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These taxes are described in note 3.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Utility Fund -

This fund accounts for operations of the gas, water, sewer and sanitation services (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with accounting standards.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity

Cash, interest-bearing deposits, and investments

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes and franchise taxes. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. Through the establishment of an allowance account, uncollectible amounts due from customers' utility receivables are determined based on the Town's collection history. The allowance for uncollectible for customers utility receivables at June 30, 2022 was \$4,445. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month are \$50,289 at June 30, 2022.

#### Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	40 years
Equipment and vehicles	3-10 years
Utility system and improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	40 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Prior to the adoption of GASB 34, it was the Town's policy not to record infrastructure; therefore, the Town did not have a complete listing of infrastructure. However, through the years, a partial list of infrastructure was maintained. The Town has opted not to do a detailed analysis of existing infrastructure. Rather, infrastructure for which cost information is available is reported prospectively.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets include cash, interest-bearing deposits, and investments of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to the revenue bond accounts and utility meter deposits.

#### Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of the revenue bonds payable and utility meter deposits payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures of revenues, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the Town's deferred outflows and inflows of resources are attributable to its pension plans.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Compensated Absences

Town employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of service.

Vacation leave is earned at the rate of five days to twenty days per year. Vacation leave earned does not accumulate from year to year. However, all vacation leave accumulated at the time of separation is payable.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of one day per month not to exceed ten days in one year. Employees are allowed to accumulate and carryforward up to thirty days of sick leave from year to year. Accumulated sick leave is not payable at time of separation.

At June 30, 2022, employees of the Town have accumulated and vested \$25,241 of compensated absence benefits. The estimated liabilities include required salary-related payments.

### Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets This component consists of net capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position This component is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Town's debt. Restricted net position is restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. Constraint may be placed on the use, either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported \$1,240,919 of restricted net position, all of which was restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position –This component consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the Town.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows.

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Town's Mayor and Board of Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's adopted policy, only the Mayor and Board of Aldermen may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts,

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

Enterprise (Utility) Fund equity at the fund level is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

**Operating Revenues and Expenses** 

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds expenditures are classified by character and proprietary fund expenses are classified by operating and nonoperating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

### F. <u>Revenue Restrictions</u>

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source Sales tax

Legal Restrictions of Use See Note 3

### G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred outflows, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### H. Comparative Data and Reclassification

Comparative data for the prior year have been presented in certain sections of the accompanying financials statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (2) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are actually billed to taxpayers in December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessors of St. Martin and St. Landry Parishes. Town property tax revenues are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, taxes of 12.72 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$7,467,586 and were dedicated as follows:

General corporate purposes	5.72 mills
Utility system	7.00 mills

Total taxes levied were \$94,988. There are no taxes receivable amounts at June 30, 2022.

#### (3) <u>Sales and Use Tax</u>

Proceeds of a 1 percent sales and use tax (accounted for in the 1969 Sales Tax Fund - a special revenue fund) levied by the Town (2022 collections \$405,714) are dedicated to the following purposes:

Constructing, acquiring, improving and maintaining police department stations and equipment, garbage and waste disposal facilities, streets, drains and drainage facilities; compensating policemen; maintaining sewers and sewerage disposal works; and purchasing and acquiring the necessary equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, improvements and facilities.

Proceeds of a 1 percent sales and use tax (accounted for in the 1982 Sales Tax Fund - a special revenue fund) levied by the Town (2022 collections \$405,714) are dedicated to the following purposes:

Constructing, acquiring, improving, operating and/or maintaining public streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage facilities, recreational facilities and garbage and waste disposal facilities; and purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment, and furnishings for any of the aforesaid public works, improvements and facilities.

The above sales taxes were issued in perpetuity.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (4) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits and Investments</u>

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

At June 30, 2022, the Town had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$3,444,998 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$1,930,124
Time deposits	1,514,874
Total	\$3,444,998

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the Town or the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2022 were secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$3,701,865</u>
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities	1,000,000 2,701,865
Total FDIC insurance and pledged securities	\$3,701,865

Deposits in the amount of \$2,701,865 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Town's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Town that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (5) <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2022 of \$169,378 consist of the following:

		1969	1982	2%		
	General	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Set Aside	Utility	Total
Accounts	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$118,258	\$ 118,258
Allowance	-	-	-	-	(4,445)	(4,445)
Franchise taxes	49,001	-	-	-	-	49,001
Interest	-	219	171	71	1,239	1,700
Other	1,000			_	17	1,017
Totals	<u>\$ 50,001</u>	<u>\$ 219</u>	<u>\$ 171</u>	<u>\$71</u>	\$115,069	\$ 165,531

### (6) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

Amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental funds-	
St. Landry Parish School Board:	
Sales tax revenues	\$ 92,879
St. Landry Parish Government:	
Video poker	2,297
State of Louisiana:	
Beer taxes	1,137
Video poker commissions	430
	<b>\$</b> 96,743
Governmental-wide financial statements:	;
Total amount reported in-	
Governmental Funds, from above	<u>\$ 96,743</u>

## (7) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets in the business-type activities consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

Customers' deposits	\$ 63,	

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# (8) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance	A J 3141	Dalationa	Balance
Governmental activities:	7/1/2021	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 201,668	\$ -	\$-	\$ 201,668
Other capital assets:	\$ 201,000	φ -	φ -	\$ 201,000
Buildings and improvements	1,194,664	135,956	22,092	1,308,528
Infrastructure	1,914,003	99,022		2,013,025
Equipment and vehicles	582,087	22,039	-	604,126
Totals	3,892,422	257,017	22,092	4,127,347
				-,127,577
Less accumulated depreciation	510.050	00 405	17 (77	£02.011
Buildings and improvements	513,053	28,435	17 <b>,6</b> 77	523,811
Infrastructure	634,379	65,089	-	699,468
Equipment and vehicles	474,158	30,602		504,760
Total accumulated depreciation	1,621,590	124,126	17,677	1,728,039
Governmental activities,		•		
capital assets, net	\$ 2,270,832	<u>\$ 132,891</u>	<u>\$ 4,415</u>	\$ 2,399,308
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 58,209	\$-	\$ -	\$ 58,209
Construction in progress	222,815	165,266	388,081	-
Other capital assets:				
Plant and equipment - gas	934,211	-	-	934,211
Plant and equipment - water system	3,675,020	404,627	-	4 <b>,079,6</b> 47
Plant and equipment - sewer system	3,770,024	84,719	-	3,854,743
Auto and office equipment	386,648	12,374		399,022
Totals	9,046,927	666,986	388,081	9,325,832
Less accumulated depreciation				
Plant and equipment - gas	712,105	14 <b>,882</b>	-	726,987
Plant and equipment - water system	1,523,498	136,089	-	1,659,587
Plant and equipment - sewer system	1,806,924	115,753	-	1,922,677
Auto and office equipment	305,097	21,431	-	326,528
Total accumulated depreciation	4,347,624	i		4,635,779
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$_4,699,303</u>	<u>\$ 378,831</u>	<u>\$ 388,081</u>	<u>\$ 4,690,053</u>

.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 41,401
Police	13,813
Streets	57,899
Park and recreation	11,013
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 124,126</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Gas	\$ 22,597
Water	145,519
Sewer	120,039
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$288,155</u>

### (9) Accounts and Other Payables

The accounts, salaries, and other payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Accounts	\$ 26,390	\$ -	\$ 26,390
Contracts payable	-	136,500	136,500
Accrued liabilities		18,839	18,839
Totals	<u>\$ 26,390</u>	<u>\$ 155,339</u>	<u>\$ 181,729</u>

### (10) <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue of \$193,433 at June 30, 2022 consists of federal awards received under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The ARPA established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) on March 11, 2021, to provide governments with the resources needed to respond to the pandemic and its economic effects and to build a stronger, more equitable economy during the recovery. The Town is required to spend these funds in accordance with assistance listing 21.027 guidance. These funds must be obligated by December 31, 2024 and expended by December 31, 2026. The Town expects to receive a second tranche payment under the ARPA.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (11) Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Bonds
	Payable
Long-term liabilities at July 1, 2021	\$ 73,000
Additions	-
Reductions	(42,000)
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 31,000</u>

The bonds payable are attributable to business-type activities and are payable from proprietary (Enterprise Fund) revenues.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following:

Business-Type Activities:		Current
	Total	Portion
Direct Borrowing Revenue Bonds:		
\$360,000 Water Bond (Prairie Des Femmes Acquisition), Series 2007		
dated 10/5/07; due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$31,000 through		
5/1/23; original interest at 4.42 percent, reduced to 3.16 percent effective		
1/1/12	\$31,000	<u>\$ 31,000</u>

Interest in the amount of \$2,338 was charged to expense and allocated to the water department.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding debt as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	-	Principal	Interest	Total
2023		\$ 31,000	\$ 980	\$31,980

### (12) Flow of Funds: Restrictions on Use – Utilities Revenues

For the payment of the principal and the interest on the Public Improvement Bonds (2007), a Sinking Fund must be established and maintained with the regularly designated fiscal agent bank of the Town. The Town shall deposit in said Sinking Fund at least three (3) days in advance of the date on which each payment of principal and/or interest on the Bonds falls due, funds fully sufficient to promptly pay the maturing principal and/or interest so falling due on such date.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The Public Improvement Bonds (2007) have no additional reserve and contingency fund requirements. All revenues received in any fiscal year and not required to be paid in such fiscal year into any of the above noted accounts shall be regarded as surplus and may be used for any lawful corporate purpose.

#### (13) Pension Plans

The Town participates in two cost-sharing defined benefit plans, each administered by separate public employee retirement systems. Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all plans administered by these public employee retirement systems to the State Legislature. These plans are not closed to new entrants. Substantially all Town employees participate in one of the following retirement systems:

#### **Plan Descriptions:**

<u>Municipal Employees' Retirement Systems (MERS)</u> provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:1731 and 11:1781. The Town participates in Plan A.

<u>State of Louisiana - Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS)</u> provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to eligible employees and their beneficiaries as defined in LRS 11:2211 and 11:2220.

The systems' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Interest income is recognized when earned.

A brief summary of eligibility and benefits of the plans are provided in the following table:

	MERS	MPERS
Final average salary	Final average compensation	Highest 36 months or 60 months <sup>2</sup>
Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefits	25 years of any age 10 years age 60 20 years any age <sup>1</sup>	25 years of any age 20 years age 55 12 years age 55 20 years any age <sup>1</sup> 30 years any age <sup>3</sup> 25 years age 55 <sup>3</sup> 10 years age 60 <sup>3</sup>
Benefit percent per years of service	3.00%	2.50 - 3.33% <sup>4</sup>
<ol> <li>With actuarial reduced benefits</li> <li><sup>2</sup> Membership commencing January 1, 2013</li> </ol>		

<sup>3</sup> Under non hazardous duty sub plan commencing January 1, 2013

<sup>4</sup> Membership commencing January 1, 2013 non hazardous duty plan 2.5%, hazardous duty plan 3.0%, membership prior to January 1, 2013 3.33%.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Contributions

Article X, Section 29(E)(2)(a) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the Legislature the authority to determine employee contributions. Employer contributions are actuarially determined using statutorily established methods on an annual basis and are constitutionally required to cover the employer's portion of the normal cost and provide for the amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are adopted by the Legislature annually upon recommendation of the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Contributions of employees, employers, and nonemployer contributing entities effective for the year ended June 30, 2022 for the defined benefit pension plans in which the Town is a participating employer were as follows:

Plan	Active Member Contribution Percentage	Employer Contribution Percentage	Nonemployer Contributing Entities	Government Contributions
MERS	10.00%	29.50%	\$ 14,203	\$ 114,749
MPERS	10.00%	29.75%	7,638	37,401
Total			<u>\$ 21,841</u>	<u>\$ 152,150</u>

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The Town's net pension liability at June 30, 2022 is comprised of its proportionate share of the net pension liability relating to each of the cost-sharing plans in which the Town is a participating employer. The Town's net pension liability for each plan was measured as of the plan's measurement date (June 30, 2021 for both plans) and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the plans in which it participates was based on the Town's required contributions in proportion to total required contributions for all employers. As of the most recent measurement date, the Town's proportion for each plan and the change in proportion from the prior measurement date were as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net	Proportionate Share (%) of Net	Increase/(Decrease) from Prior
Plan	Pension Liability	Pension Liability	Measurement Date
MERS	\$ 529,442	0.190344%	-0.006463%
MPERS	182,193	0.034179%	0.006075%
Total	<u>\$ 711,635</u>		

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Since the measurement date of the net pension liability was June 30, 2021, the net pension liability is based upon fiduciary net position for each of the plans as of those dates. Detailed information about each pension plan's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and fiduciary net position that was used in the measurement of the Town's net pension liability is available in the separately issued plan financial reports for those fiscal years. The financial report for each plan may be accessed on their website as follows:

MERS	-	http://www.mersla.com/
MPERS	-	http://lampers.org/

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following table provides information concerning actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans in which the primary government is a participating employer:

	MERS	MPERS
Date of experience study on which	7/1/2013 -	7/1/2014 -
significant assumptions are based	6/30/2018	6/20/2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment rate of return	6.85%, net of	6.75%, net of
	investment expense	investment expense
Expected remaining service lives	3	4
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.5%
Projected salary increases	4.5% - 6.4%	4.70% - 12.30%
Projected benefit changes including COLAs	None	None
Source of mortality assumptions	(1), (2), (3)	(4), (5), (6)

(1) PUBG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusted using MP2018 scales

(2) PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males and females, each adjusting using MP2018 scales

- (3) PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retirce Table set equal to 120% for males and females with the full generational MP2018 scale
- (4) RP-2010 Safety Below-Median Healthy Retiree Table multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP 2019 scale
- (5) RP-2010 Safety Below-Median Employee Table multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP 2019 scale
- (6) RP-2010 Safety Disable Retiree Table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females, each with full generational projection using the MP 2019 scale

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Cost of Living Adjustments**

The pension plans in which the Town participates have the authority to grant cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) on an ad hoc basis.

Pursuant to LRS 11:242(B), the power of the Board of Trustees of the statewide systems (MERS and MPERS) to grant a COLA is effective in calendar years that the legislature fails to grant a COLA, unless in the legislation granting a COLA, the legislature authorizes the Board of Trustees to provide an additional COLA. The authority to grant a COLA by the Board is subject to the funded status and interest earnings. The effects of the benefit changes made as a result of the COLAs is included in the measurement of the total pension liability as of the measurement date at which the ad hoc COLA was granted and the amount is known and reasonably estimable.

#### Long-term Rate of Return

For MERS and MPERS, the long-term expected rate of return for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic/geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized for each plan in the following tables:

	M	ERS	MPERS	
		Long-term		Long-term
		Expected		Expected
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	38.00%	1.65%	30.50%	0.59%
Equities	53.00%	2.31%	55.50%	3.47%
Alternative Investments	<u>9.00%</u>	<u>0.39%</u>	<u>14.00%</u>	<u>1.01%</u>
Totals	100%	4.35%	100%	5.07%
Inflation		2.60%		2.22%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		6.95%		7.29%

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

Changes in the net pension liability may either be reported in pension expense in the year the change occurred or recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources in the year the change occurred and amortized into pension expense over a number of years. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized \$88,512 and \$38,474 in pension expense related to MERS and MPERS, respectively.

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources

	Defended Outflows of Resour		tesources
	MERS	MPERS	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 191	\$ -	\$ 191
Changes of assumptions	19,347	20,177	39,524
Change in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's			
proportionate share of contributions	13,299	38,755	52,054
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	114,749	37,401	152,150
Total	\$ 147,586	\$ 96,333	\$ 243,919
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Deferred	l Inflows of R	esources
	Deferred MERS	l Inflows of R MPERS	esources Total
Difference between expected and actual experience			
Difference between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual earnings	MERS	MPERS	Total
	MERS	MPERS	Total
Net differences between projected and actual earnings	MERS \$ 6,055	MPERS \$ 5,611	<u>Total</u> \$ 11,666
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	MERS \$ 6,055	MPERS \$ 5,611 85,070	Total \$ 11,666 234,239
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes of assumptions Change in proportion and differences between the	MERS \$ 6,055	MPERS \$ 5,611 85,070	Total \$ 11,666 234,239

Deferred outflows of resources of \$152,150 resulting from the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability during the year ending June 30, 2023. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in pension expense are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	MERS	MPERS	Total
2023	\$ (14,508)	\$ (46,405)	\$ (60,913)
2024	(35,480)	(15,312)	(50,792)
2025	(38,457)	(3,318)	(41,775)
2026	(50,495)	(29,308)	(79,803)
	\$(138,940)	\$ (94,343)	\$(233,283)

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net positions was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for MERS was 6.85%, a decrease of .10% from the prior year. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for MPERS was 6.75%, a decrease of .20% from the prior year.

## Sensitivity of the Government's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the Government's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities of the plans, calculated using their respective discount rates, as well as what the Government's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Net Pension Liability			
	Current	1%	Current	1%	
Plan	Discount Rate	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
MERS	6.850%	\$ 784,131	\$ 529,442	\$ 314,322	
MPERS	6.750%	317,553	182,193	69,229	
Total		<u>\$ 1,101,684</u>	<u>\$ 711,635</u>	<u>\$ 383,551</u>	

#### **Payables to the Pension Plans**

At June 30, 2022, the Town's payables were \$3,953 and \$2,218 to MERS and MPERS, respectively, for the month of June 2022, which were the contractually required contributions.

#### (14) <u>On-Behalf Payment of Salaries</u>

The Town has recognized \$12,000 as a revenue and expenditure for on-behalf salary payments made by the State of Louisiana.

#### (15) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Town is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (16) Pending Litigation

At June 30, 2022, the Town is not involved in any lawsuits and is not aware of any unasserted claims.

#### (17) Departmental Information for the Enterprise Fund

The Town maintains one enterprise fund with four departments, which provides gas, water, sewerage and sanitation (on a limited basis) services. Departmental information for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

5 and 5 6, 2022 had as rene hor	Gas Department	Water Department	Sewerage Department	Sanitation Department	Total Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues	<u>\$ 414,559</u>	<u>\$ 414,157</u>	<u>\$ 202,121</u>	<u>\$ 632</u>	\$1,031,469
Operating expenses:					
Depreciation expense	22,597	145,519	120,039	-	288,155
Other operating expenses	404,824	288,780	135,239	20,850	849,693
Total operating expenses	427,422	434,298	255,278	20,850	1,137,848
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (12,863</u> )	<u>\$ (20,141</u> )	<u>\$ (53,157</u> )	<u>\$ (20,218</u> )	<u>\$ (106,379</u> )

#### (18) <u>Compensation of Town Officials</u>

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A detail of compensation paid to the Mayor, Chief of Police, and Board of Aldermen for the year ended June 30, 2022 follows:

Todd Meche, Mayor Eddie LeCompte, Chief of Police	\$15,455 31,624
Aldermen:	
Jamie Huval	4,200
Debra Kidder	4,200
Kevin Robin	4,200
Cynthia Stelly	4,200
Suzanne Stelly	4,200
	<u>\$68,079</u>

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### (19) Compensation, Reimbursements, Benefits, and Other Payments to Entity Head

Under Act 706, the Town of Arnaudville is required to disclose the compensation, reimbursements, benefits, and other payments made to the mayor, in which the payments are related to the position. The following is a schedule of payments made to Todd Meche, Mayor for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Salary	\$ 15,455
Benefits - retirement	1,545
Registration fees	482
	\$ 17,482

#### (20) Interfund Transactions

#### A. Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 116,023	\$ 28,971
1969 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	45,869	5,659
1982 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	4,590	7,896
Other Governmental Funds	37,828	-
Enterprise Fund:		
Utility Fund	216	162,000
Total	<u>\$ 204,526</u>	\$ 204,526

Transfers are recorded in the year in which they were budgeted. However, the amounts are not always paid in that same year; therefore, causing balances as noted above. These balances are expected to be paid within the next fiscal year.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

#### B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 400,000	\$-
1969 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	-	\$ 100,000
1982 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	-	300,000
Street Improvement Capital Projects Fund	-	-
Other Governmental Funds	41,438	-
Enterprise Fund:		
Utility Fund		41,438
Total	<u>\$ 441,438</u>	<u>\$ 441,438</u>

Transfers made to the General Fund are for the normal operations of the Town. The amounts each fund will transfer are calculated as part of the budget preparation process. These amounts reflect each fund's proportionate share of expenses paid out of the General Fund.

#### (21) <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements which were not required to be implemented by the Government during the fiscal year.

- GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2021.

The effect of implementation of these new pronouncements on the Government's financial statements has not yet been determined.

#### (22) Uncertainties Arising During and After Financial Statement Date

As a result of the spread of the COVID 19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may have and may continue to impact the Town's ongoing operations. The extent and severity of the potential impact on future operations is unknown at this time.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bud	get		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 116,145	\$ 113,239	\$ 115,720	\$ 2,481
Licenses and permits	65,535	82,505	123,396	40,891
Intergovernmental	48,853	56,671	55,991	(680)
Fines and forfeits	16,210	8,710	8,530	(180)
Miscellaneous	18,085	26,114	40,088	13,974
Total revenues	264,828	287,239		56,486
Expenditures:				
Current-				
General government	288,460	301,865	264,091	37,774
Public safety - police	223,325	235,115	245,542	(10,427)
Streets	15,330	15,500	10,656	4,844
Community center	-	12,000	10,986	1,014
Parks and recreation	40,927	43,828	38,616	5,212
Capital outlay	110,808	166,675	153,102	13,573
Total expenditures	678,850	774,983	722,993	<u> </u>
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	_(414,022)	(487,744)	(379,268)	108,476
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	300,000	300,000	400,000	100,000
Net change in fund balances	(114,022)	(187,744)	20,732	208,476
Fund balance, beginning	442,394	442,394	442,394	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 328,372	<u>\$ 254,650</u>	<u>\$ 463,126</u>	<u>\$ 208,476</u>

See notes to required supplementary information.

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA 1969 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bud	get		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 330,000	\$356,000	\$405,714	\$ 49,714
Intergovernmental	12,000	13,500	12,000	(1,500)
Miscellaneous			691	691
Total revenues	342,000	369,500	418,405	48,905
Expenditures:				
General government -				
Bank charges	150	150	1	149
Collection fees	4,785	5,385	3,569	1,816
Professional fees	20,930	19,040	17,169	1 <b>,871</b>
Total general government	25,865	24,575	20,739	3,836
Public safety - police -				
Salaries	188,980	188,980	171,569	17,411
Supplemental pay	12,000	13,500	12,000	1,500
Worker's compensation	15,120	17,000	16,279	721
Payroll taxes and retirement	62,655	49,900	34,082	15,818
Contract labor	7,500	34,600	29,920	4,680
Total public safety	286,255	303,980	263,850	40,130
Total expenditures	312,120	328,555	284,589	43,966
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	29,880	40,945	133,816	92,871
Other financing use:				
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	(70,120)	(59,055)	33,816	92,871
Fund balance, beginning	563,175	563,175	563,175	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 493,055	<u>\$ 504,120</u>	<u>\$ 596,991</u>	<u>\$ 92,871</u>
See notes to required supplementary information				

See notes to required supplementary information.

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA 1982 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bud	get		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$330,000	\$356,000	\$405,714	\$ 49,714
Miscellaneous	290	290	1,074	<u> </u>
Total revenues	330,290	356,290	406,788	50,498
Expenditures:				
General government -				
Collection fees	4,785	5,385	3,569	1,816
Professional fees	14,775	13,440	7,476	5,964
Total general government	19,560	18,825	11,045	7,780
Streets -				
Utilities - street lighting	24,000	29,000	.28,607	393
Culture and recreation -				
Park utilities	4,025	4,025	3,663	362
Total expenditures	47,585	51,850	43,315	8,535
Excess of revenues over expenditures	282,705	304,440	363,473	59,033
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	(17,295)	4,440	63,473	59,033
Fund balance, beginning	580,454	580,454	580,454	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 563,159</u>	<u>\$584,894</u>	<u>\$643,927</u>	\$ 59,033

See notes to required supplementary information.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ended June 30,	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Municipal Employ	ees' Retirement S	ystem:			
2015	\$ 580,186	0.226066%	\$ 276,227	210.0%	73.99%
2016	818,381	0.318877%	364,059	224.8%	66.18%
2017	804,945	0.196390%	350,864	229.4%	<b>62</b> .11%
2018	647,405	0.154755%	281,051	230.4%	62.49%
2019	685,551	0.165565%	302,277	226.8%	63.94%
2020	778,058	0.186198%	344,688	225.7%	64.68%
2021	850,877	0.196807%	376,166	226.2%	64.52%
2022	529,442	0.190344%	376,916	140.5%	77.82%
Municipal Police I	Employees' Retire	ment System:			
2015	211,200	0.033759%	102,724	205.6%	75.10%
2016	339,524	0.054271%	115,860	293.0%	70.73%
2017	582,905	0.062191%	171,548	339.8%	66.04%
2018	516,204	0.059127%	174,955	295.0%	70.08%
2019	430,472	0.050919%	1 <b>50,2</b> 71	286.5%	71 <b>.89%</b>
2020	307,605	0.033871%	105,028	292.9%	71.01%
2021	259,746	0.028104%	86,708	299.6%	70.94%
2022	182,193	0.034179%	104,271	1 <b>74.7%</b>	84.09%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

### Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractual Required Contribution	celation to contractual Contribution Required Deficiency		Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
Municipal Employees' Re	-	<b>A</b> 71.002	¢.	<b><b><b></b></b></b>	10 760/
2015	\$ 71,902	\$ 71,902	\$ -	\$ 364,059	19.75%
2016	69,296	69,296	-	350,864	19.75%
2017	63,939	63,939	-	281,051	22.75%
2018	111,142	111,142	-	302,277	36.77%
2019	89,619	89,619	-	344,688	26.00%
2020	104,386	104,386	-	376,166	27.75%
2021	111,142	111,142	-	376,916	29,49%
2022	114,749	114,749	-	376,039	30.52%
Municipal Police Employ	ees' Retirement Sys	stem:			
2015	36,496	36,496	-	115,860	31.50%
2016	50,607	50,607	-	171,548	29.50%
2017	55,548	55,548	-	174,955	31.75%
2018	46,208	46,208	-	150,271	30.75%
2019	33,872	33,872	-	105,028	32.25%
2020	28,180	28,180	_	86,708	32.50%
2021	35,192	35,192	_	104,271	33.75%
2022	37,401	37,401	-	116,088	32,22%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See notes to required supplementary information.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### (1) <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Town Clerk submits, no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Aldermen.

#### (2) <u>Pension Plans</u>

Changes of Assumptions - Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs were recognized in pension expense using the straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plans. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rate of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plans.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2021

	Governmental	2022 Business-Type	<u>-</u>	2021
	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 1,283,077	\$ 583,305	\$ 1,866,382	\$ 1,635,194
Interest-bearing time deposits	426,296	1,088,578	1,514,874	1,519,038
Receivables, net	50,462	115,069	165,531	176,170
Internal balances	161,784	(161,784)	-	-
Due from other governmental units	96,743	-	96,743	62,000
Prepaid items	26,283	31,571	57,854	24,215
Total current assets	2,044,645	1,656,739	3,701,384	3,416,617
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	-	63,742	63,742	177,149
Interest-bearing time deposits	-	-	-	45,124
Capital assets, net	2,399,308	4,690,053	7,089,361	6,970,135
Total noncurrent assets	2,399,308	4,753,795	7,153,103	7,192,408
Total assets	4,443,953	6,410,534	10,854,487	10,609,025
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	149,622	94,297	243,919	334,154
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts, salaries and other payables	26,390	155,339	181,729	269,349
Uncarned revenue	193,433	-	193,433	-
Bonds payable	-	31,000	31,000	42,000
Customers' deposits payable	-	63,742	63,742	62,540
Total current liabilities	219,823	250,081	469,904	373,889
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated abscences	16,446	8,795	25,241	
Net pension liability	372,792	338,843	711,635	1,110,623
Bonds payable			-	31,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	389,238	347,638	736,876	1,141,623
Total liabilities	609,061	597,719	1,206,780	1,515,512
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	215,115	109,937	325,052	140,252
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,399,308	4,553,553	6,952,861	6,740,422
Restricted for sales tax dedications	1,240,918	-	1,240,918	1,143,629
Restricted for debt service	-	-	-	117,733
Unrestricted	129,173	1,243,622	1,372,795	1,285,631
Total net position	\$ 3,769,399	\$ 5,797,175	\$ 9,566,574	\$ 9,287,415
L —	<u> </u>		4 2,200,011	

### Balance Sheet General and Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022 With Comparative Amounts for June 30, 2021

	General			ales Tax Revenue		ales Tax Revenue
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS						
Cash and interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 505,356	\$ 270,870	\$ 285,732	\$ 304,055	\$ 478,257	\$ 433,953
Interest-bearing time deposits	-	-	234,783	233,981	122,366	121,847
Receivables:						
Other	50,001	49,706	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	219	337	171	319
Due from other governmental units	3,864		46,440	31,000	46,439	31,000
Due from other funds	116,023	199,396	45,869	26,971	4,590	4,886
Prepaid items	26,283	11,036		-		
Total assets	<u>\$ 701,527</u>	<u>\$ 531,008</u>	<u>\$ 613,043</u>	<u>\$ 596,344</u>	<u>\$ 651,823</u>	<u>\$ 592,005</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 15,997	\$ 9,968	\$ 10,393	\$ 4,145	\$-	\$ 376
Unearned revenue	193,433	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	28,971	78,646	5,659	29,024	7,896	11,175
Total liabilities	238,401	88,614	16,052	33,169	7,896	11,551
Fund balances -						
Nonspendable (prepaid items)	26,283	11,036	-	_	-	-
Restricted:						
Sales tax dedications	-	-	596,991	563,175	643,927	580,454
Unassigned	436,843	431,358	-			
Total fund balances	463,126	442,394	596,991	563,175	643,927	580,454
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 701,527</u>	\$ 531,008	<u>\$ 613,043</u>	<u>\$ 596,344</u>	<u>\$ 651,823</u>	<u>\$ 592,005</u>

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance with	
		_		Final Budget	
	Land and the second	lget		Positive	2021
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 41,560	\$ 40,955	\$ 40,249	\$ (706)	\$ 43,526
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	4,254	4,254	-	-
Franchise - electric, TV, etc.	74,585	68,030	71,217	3,187	61,581
Total taxes	116,145	113,239	115,720	2,481	105,107
Occupational licenses	65,535	82,505	123,396	40,891	108,588
Intergovernmental:					
State of Louisiana -					
Highway maintenance revenue	3,590	3,590	3,590	-	5,385
Beer taxes	4,380	4,380	4,403	23	6,257
Poker machines	24,775	32,160	31,890	(270)	30,387
Other	16,108	16,541	16,108	(433)	
Total intergovernmental	48,853	<u> </u>	55,991	(680)	42,029
Fines and forfeits	16,210	8,710	8,530	(180)	22,098
Miscellaneous:					
Rent income	11,200	13,422	16,223	<b>2,80</b> 1	12,550
Recreation department income	-	-	16,961	16,961	13,268
Donations	-	-	-	-	5,000
Miscellaneous	6,885	12,692	6,904	(5,788)	1,339
Total miscellaneous	18,085	26,114	40,088	13,974	32,157
Total revenues	\$264,828	\$287,239	\$343,725	<u>\$ 56,486</u>	<u>\$ 309,979</u>

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022				
				Variance with	
				Final Budget	
		tual		Positive	2021
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Current:					
General government -					
Council salaries	\$21,000	\$21,000	\$21,000	\$ -	\$21,000
Mayor's compensation	15,455	15,455	15,455	-	15,455
Clerk and other salaries	68,995	73,545	75,520	(1,975)	69,346
Payroll taxes and retirement	23,210	12,200	10,003	2,197	22,763
Worker's compensation insurance	695	800	1,009	(209)	769
Insurance	43,745	52,600	26,781	25,819	32,816
Utilities	14,800	17,000	11,282	5,718	9,580
Telephone	11,130	12,400	9,178	3,222	8,203
Professional fees	48,015	43,680	39,570	4,110	37,431
Computer related fees and software	1,120	1,120	1,367	(247)	2,289
Office supplies	5,450	6,600	9,452	(2,852)	4,504
Meetings and conventions	250	7,000	7,456	(456)	2,886
Travel	2,100	4,400	3,140	1 <b>,260</b>	745
Dues	2,865	4,200	4,788	(588)	2,900
Tax roll and assessor's fee	3,225	2,700	2,701	(1)	3,156
Coffee and cokes	925	1,400	1,215	185	953
Coroner/medical	3,200	1,200	1,000	200	2,900
Repairs and maintenance	11,000	11,000	7,719	3,281	9,314
Miscellaneous	10,530	12,815	14,901	(2,086)	7,998
Postage	750	750	554	196	658
Total general government	288,460	301,865	264,091	37,774	255,666
Public safety - police -					
Salaries	114,889	126,000	130,494	(4,494)	116,935
Payroll taxes and retirement	38,600	35,900	43,240	(7,340)	32,091
Worker's compensation insurance	1,145	700	645	55	621
Insurance	750	905	1,496	(591)	2,200
Supplies	5,000	6,650	7,162	(512)	3,092
Prisoners meals and medical	500	500	110	390	198
Uniforms	2,000	3,310	2,944	366	1,761
Auto expenditures	29,250	30,250	35,549	(5,299)	33,196
Telephone	10,000	10,000	8,633	1,367	10,582
Repairs and maintenance	3,500	3,500	3,509	(9)	3,179
Miscellaneous	17,691	17,400	9,760	7,640	9,454
Training	-		2,000	(2,000)	318
Total public safety - police	223,325	235,115	245,542	(10,427)	213,627

(continued)

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Bud		2022	Variance with Final Budget Positive	2021
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Streets -	. <u></u>				
Supplies	9,800	8,500	3,850	4,650	5,756
Equipment and street maintenance	5,530	7,000	6,510	490	8,163
Miscellaneous			296	(296)	1,224
Total streets	15,330	15,500	10,656	4,844	15,143
Community center -					
Supplies	-	800	781	19	77
Repairs and maintenance	-	1,500	1,539	(39)	1,967
Utilities	-	9,000	8,591	409	7,667
Miscellaneous		700	75	625	
Total community center		12,000	10 <b>,98</b> 6	1,014	9,711
Parks and recreation -					
Coach's salary	14,400	14,400	14,966	(566)	13,886
Payroll taxes	1,102	1,102	1,102	-	1,102
Worker's compensation insurance	875	1,000	972	28	724
Repairs and maintenance	5,500	5,500	3,947	1,553	4,773
Uniforms and supplies	14,000	18,000	12,471	5,529	7,944
Equipment	-	-	2,264	(2,264)	-
Insurance	÷	1,661	12	1,649	(35)
Miscellaneous	5,050	2,165	2,882	(717)	3,763
Total parks and recreation	40,927	43,828	38,616	5,212	32,157
Capital outlay:					
General government -					
Equipment	28,000	35,000	29,755	5,245	4,529
Police -					
Equipment	700	-	-	-	7,745
Streets -					
Drainage improvements	82,108	21,675	17,125	4,550	-
Infrastructure	-	100,000	99,022	978	-
Parks and recreation -					
Park improvements		10,000	7,200	2,800	13,000
Total capital outlay	110,808	166,675	153,102	13,573	25,274
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 678,850</u>	<u>\$ 774,983</u>	<u>\$ 722,993</u>	<u>\$ 51,990</u>	<u>\$551,578</u>

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA 1969 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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	Bud	lget	2022	Variance with Final Budget Positive	2021
D	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues: Taxes	\$330,000	\$356,000	\$405,714	\$ 49,714	\$ 354,811
Intergovernmental	\$330,000 12,000	\$330,000 13,500	\$403,714 12,000	(1,500)	5,500
Miscellaneous	12,000	- 15,500	12,000 691	(1,500) 691	1,734
Total revenues	342,000	369,500	418,405	48,905	362,045
Total revenues			410,405	46,705	
Expenditures:					
General government -					
Bank charges	150	150	1	149	5
Collection fees	4,785	5,385	3,569	1,816	3,061
Professional fees	20,930	19,040	17,169	1,871	16,305
Total general government	25,865	24,575	20,739	3,836	19,371
Public safety -					
Police					
Salaries	188,980	188,980	171,569	17,411	150,325
Supplemental pay	12,000	13,500	12,000	1,500	5,500
Worker's compensation	15,120	17,000	16,279	721	10,616
Payroll taxes and retirement	62,655	49,900	34,082	15,818	39,000
Contract labor	7,500	34,600	29,920	4,680	11,277
Total public safety	286,255	303,980	263,850	40,130	216,718
Total expenditures	312,120	328,555		43,966	236,089
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	29,880	40,945	133,816	92,871	125,956
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)		-
Net change in fund balance	(70,120)	(59,055)	33,816	92,871	125,956
Fund balance, beginning	563,175	563,175	563,175		437,219
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$493,055</u>	\$504,120	<u>\$~596,991</u>	<u>\$ 92,871</u>	<u>\$ 563,175</u>

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA 1982 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022				
				Variance with Final Budget	
	Budget			Positive	2021
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 330,000	\$ 356,000	\$ 405,714	\$ 49,714	\$ 354,811
Miscellaneous	290	290	1,074	784	1,113
Total revenues	330,290	356,290	406,788	50,498	355,924
Expenditures:					
General government -				•	
Bank charges	-	-	-	-	142
Collection fees	4,785	5,385	3,569	1,816	3,061
Professional fees	14,775	13,440	7,476	5,964	11,790
Total general government	19,560	18,825	11,045	7,780	14,993
Streets	24,000	29,000	28,607	393	26,041
Culture and recreation	4,025	4,025	3,663	362	3,548
Capital outlay				• _	366,646
Total expenditures	47,585	51,850	43,315	8,535	411,228
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	282,705	304,440	363,473	59,033	(55,304)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer in	-	-	-	-	16,920
Transfers out	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(17,295)	4,440	63,473	59,033	(38,384)
Fund balance, beginning	580,454	580,454	580,454		618,838
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$_563,159</u>	<u>\$ 584,894</u>	<u>\$ 643,927</u>	\$ 59,033	<u>\$ 580,454</u>

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA Street Improvement Fund

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

,		_			
	Bı	ıdget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2021
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Miscellaneous	<b>\$</b> 100	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ (100)	\$95
Expenditures			2	(2)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	100	100	(2)	(98)	95
Other financing uses:					
Transfers in		-			_(25,000)
Net change in fund balance	100	100	(2)	(98)	(24,905)
Fund balance, beginning	13,731	13,731	13,731	ы •••••	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 13,831</u>	<u>\$ 13,831</u>	\$ 13,729	<u>\$ (98)</u>	<u>\$ 13,731</u>

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA 2% Set Aside Fund

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2021
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 90	\$ 90	\$ 271	\$ 181	\$ 1,245
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	99,500	99,500	99,500		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(99,410)	(99,410)	(99,229)	181	1,245
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in Transfers out	39,294 -	45,431	41,438	(3,993) -	39,251 (75,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	39,294	45,431	41,438	(3,993)	(35,749)
Net change in fund balance	(60,116)	(53,979)	(57,791)	(3,812)	(34,504)
Fund balance, beginning	164,837	164,837	164,837		<u>199,341</u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 104,721</u>	<u>\$110,858</u>	\$107,046	<u>\$ (3,812</u> )	<u>\$164,837</u>

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA LCDBG Grant Projects Fund

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022					_				
		Bud	lget				Final l	ce with Budget itive		
	Orig	inal	Fi	nal	Act	tual	(Neg	ative)		2021
Revenues	\$ ·	-	<b>\$</b> -		\$	1	\$	1	\$	-
Expenditures	<u> </u>			• 	<u>-</u>			-	•	<u></u>
Net change in fund balance		-		-		1		1		-
Fund balance, beginning		2	<u> </u>	2		2				2
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	2	<u>\$</u>	2	<u>\$</u>	3	<u>\$</u>	1	<u>\$</u>	2

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

### Comparative Departmental Statement of Revenues and Expenses Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Tot	als	Gas		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services -					
Billings to customers	\$ 986,387	\$944,281	\$ 385,007	\$ 337,969	
Delinquent charges	22,828	16,902	11,610	4,087	
Other fees	22,254	22,095	17,942	21,856	
Total operating revenues	1,031,469	983,278	414,559	363,912	
Operating expenses:					
Salaries	248,439	237,190	63,359	65,181	
Payroll taxes and retirement	121,560	93,470	27,846	20,828	
Gas purchases	140,033	64,615	140,033	64,615	
Supplies, repairs and maintenance	172,085	246,540	80,929	50,875	
Professional fees	29,791	31,860	2,189	3,389	
Bad debts	2,761	574	1,080	191	
Telephone	7,493	7,208	3,205	3,123	
Depreciation	288,155	277,906	14,882	14,903	
Insurance	46,070	52,286	4,148	4,609	
Utilities	30,292	32,431	1,994	2,082	
Fire department expense	3,072	3,072	-	-	
Office supplies	14,941	11,073	-	-	
Miscellaneous	33,156	26,657	9,041	9,260	
Allocation of administrative expense	-		78,716	66,932	
Total operating expenses	1,137,848	1,084,882	427,422	305,988	
Operating income (loss)	(106,379)	(101,604)	<u>\$ (12,863)</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Non-employer pension contribution	9,090	7,210			
Interest income	2,498	9,000			
Ad valorem taxes/Housing Authority in lieu of taxes	54,126	50,335			
Interest expense	(2,546)	(4,030)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	63,168	62,515			
Loss before contributions and transfers	(43,211)	(39,089)			
Capital contributions	15,296	<u> </u>			
Transfers:					
Transfer to 2% Set Aside Fund	(41,438)	(39,251)			
Total transfers	(41,438)	(39,251)			
Change in net position	(69,353)	(78,340)			
Net position, beginning					
	5,866,528	5,944,868			
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 5,797,175</u>	\$ 5,866,528			

Wa	ter	Sewer Sanitati			nitation Administration			
2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
\$ 401,967	\$ 407,334	\$ 198,795	\$ 197;758	\$ 618	\$ 1,220	\$-	\$ -	
7,878	9,115	3,326	3,687	14	13	-	-	
4,312	239			_			-	
414,157	416,688	202,121	201,445	632	1,233			
83,791	72,763	40,274	40,389	-	_	61,015	58,857	
40,650	31,425	16,943	15,230	-	-	36,121	25,987	
-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
61,187	149,927	28,092	45,712	-	-	1,877	26	
2,189	3,389	2,188	3,389	-	-	23,225	21,693	
1,120	253	561	130	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	4,288	4,085	
136,089	126,099	115,753	114,835	-	-	21,431	22,069	
13,700	13,108	8,004	8,347	-	-	20,218	26,222	
13,010	15,148	5,085	6,010	-	-	10,203	9,191	
3,072	3,072	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	14,941	11,073	
851	3,235	-	-	20,730	12,518	2,534	1,644	
78,639	76,638	38,378	37,050	120	227	(195,853)	(180,847)	
434,298	495,057	255,278	271,092	20,850	12,745			
<u>\$ (20,141</u> )	<u>\$ (78,369</u> )	<u>\$ (53,157)</u>	<u>\$ (69,647</u> )	<u>\$ (20,218</u> )	<u>\$ (11,512</u> )	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

### Schedule of Number of Utility Customers (Unaudited) June 30, 2022 and 2021

Records maintained by the Town indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the months of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Department	2022	2021
Gas (metered)	625	622
Water (metered)	1,261	1,259
Sewer	570	575
Sanitation	26	26

### Schedule of Insurance in Force (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Description of Coverage	Coverage Amounts
Workmen's compensation - Employer's liability	\$ 500,000
Surety bonds - Public employees Treasurer	10,000 263,000
Commercial general liability Law enforcement officers' liability Public officials' errors and omissions liability Business auto liability	500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000
Fire, lightning and extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief - Blanket on all Town property	1,570,014
Vehicle physical damage	1,500,000
Equipment physical damage	254,974
Blanket accident and health policy- Baseball, basketball and volleyball programs	250,000

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity Year Ended June 30, 2022

	First Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2021	Second Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2022	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected	\$ -	\$-	
Add: Collections -			
Civil Fees	-	-	
Bond Fees	-	-	
Asset Forfeiture/Sale	-	-	
Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees	-	-	
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	1,785	50	
Criminal Fines - Contempt	-	-	
Criminal Fines - Other	3,427	4,062	
Restitution	-	-	
Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees	-	-	
Service/Collection Fees	-	-	
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances	-	-	
Other			
Subtotal Collections	5,212	4,112	
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits -			
Acadiana Criminalistics Lab - Criminal Fines	1,142	20	
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement - Criminal Fines	212	12	
Louisiana State Treasurer CMIS - Criminal Fines	66	5	
Louisiana Supreme Court - Criminal Fines	35	3	
LA Dept of Health & Hospitals THI/SCI - Criminal Fines	330	10	
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency			
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecing Agency -	3,427	3,982	
Criminal Fines Other			
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or			
Processing Agencies -			
Bond Fee Refunds	_	_	
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage	5,212	4,032	
	<u>_</u>	4,034	
Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 80</u>	

### INTERNAL CONTROL,

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### COMPLIANCE, AND

### **OTHER MATTERS**

## **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\* Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\* Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\* Of Counsel

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022

\* A Professional Accounting Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Todd Meche, Mayor and members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Governmental Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2022.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as items 2022-001, 2022-002, and 2022-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

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#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Town of Arnaudville, Louisiana's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

> Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana September 9, 2022

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

#### A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

#### 2022-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

<u>Condition</u>: The Town of Arnaudville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

<u>Criteria</u>: AU-C §315.04, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, defines internal control as follows:

"Internal control is a process, affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations."

<u>Cause</u>: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Town does not have a sufficient number of employees performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have a control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recording keeping; and (4) reconciliation.

<u>Management's Corrective Action Plan</u>: The Town has determined that it is not cost effective to achieve complete segregation of duties within the accounting department. The Mayor and Town Clerk implemented policies and procedures where the Mayor or Town Clerk reviews and approves reports and reconciliations done by the employees in the accounting department.

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA

### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

### 2022-002 Inadequate Controls Over Collection and Accounting for Utility Accounts Receivable

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2021

<u>Condition</u>: The Town of Arnaudville did not have adequate control policies and procedures over collection and accounting for utility customer accounts receivable.

<u>Criteria</u>: The Town should have control policies and procedures regarding cash collection and accounting for utility customer accounts receivable.

<u>Cause:</u> Due to inadequate control policies and procedures, there were unaccounted for funds relative to the utility customer accounts receivables.

<u>Effect:</u> Utility customer accounts receivable were not properly applied to individual customer accounts, voided transactions were not approved, and the Town's utility customer accounts receivable listing did not reconcile to the general ledger.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The Town should implement internal control policies and procedures relative to cash collection and accounting for utility customer accounts receivable. The Town should monitor the internal controls to ensure they are functioning properly.

Management's Corrective Action Plan: Town management has notified the District Attorney and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's office in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 24:523. An insurance claim was filed with the Town's bonding agency, and insurance proceeds have been received. Management has improved control policies and procedures to ensure proper recordation of receipts and monthly reconciliation of utility customer accounts receivables as of June 30, 2022.

### 2022-003 Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2022

<u>Condition</u>: Management and staff lack the expertise and/or experience in the selection and application of generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental entities in the financial statement preparation process.

<u>Criteria</u>: The Town's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that pertain to its ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions embodied in the financial statement, including the ability of its management and staff to detect potential misstatements that may exist in the financial statements and related disclosures.

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA

### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Cause:</u> The Town does not have personnel with the necessary qualifications to perform this function.

<u>Effect:</u> Financial statements and related supporting transactions may reflect a material departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Town should either hire the personnel needed or outsource this task to ensure the financial statements and transactions are in accordance with GAAP.

<u>Management's Corrective Action Plan</u>: The Town has evaluated the cost vs. benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and determined that it is in the best interests of the Town to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.

### B. Compliance Findings

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There are no findings to report under this section.

### TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE, LOUISIANA

### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Part II: Prior Year Findings

### A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

### 2021-001 Inadequate Segregation of Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

<u>Condition</u>: The Town of Arnaudville did not have adequate segregation of functions within the accounting system.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Management should reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

Current Status: Unresolved. See item 2022-001.

### 2021-002 Inadequate Controls Over Collection and Accounting for Utility Accounts Receivable

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2021

<u>Condition</u>: The Town of Arnaudville did not have adequate control policies and procedures over collection and accounting for utility customer accounts receivable.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The Town should implement internal control policies and procedures relative to cash collection and accounting for utility customer accounts receivable. The Town should monitor the internal controls to ensure they are functioning properly.

Current Status: Unresolved. See item 2022-002.

### B. Compliance Findings

There are no findings to report under this section.

### **TOWN OF ARNAUDVILLE** Arnaudville, Louisiana

## **Agreed-Upon Procedures Report**

Year Ended June 30, 2022

## **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS** 

Brad E. Kolder, CPA, JD\* Gerald A. Thibodeaux, Jr., CPA\* Robert S. Carter, CPA\* Arthur R. Mixon, CPA\* Stephen J. Anderson, CPA\* Matthew E. Margaglio, CPA\* Casey L. Ardoin, CPA, CFE\* Wanda F. Arcement, CPA Bryan K. Joubert, CPA Nicholas Fowlkes, CPA

C. Burton Kolder, CPA\* Of Counsel

Victor R. Slaven, CPA\* - retired 2020 Christine C. Doucet, CPA - retired 2022

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### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Town of Arnaudville and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Town of Arnaudville (the Town) management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Town has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

### Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. We obtained and inspected the Town's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the Town's operations:
  - a) Budgeting, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
  - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
  - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
  - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

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- e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) Sexual Harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

### **Board or Finance Committee**

- 2. We obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - a) Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
  - b) Observed that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the General Fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds.
  - c) Obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. If the General Fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund.

### **Bank Reconciliations**

- 3. We obtained a listing of the Town's bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. We asked management to identify the Town's main operating account. We selected the Town's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). We randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected accounts, and observed that:
  - a) Bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
  - b) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
  - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

### Collections (excluding electronic fund transfers)

- 4. We obtained a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, we obtained a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
  - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
  - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
  - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. We obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. We observed the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.

- 7. We randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. We obtained supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
  - a) Observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
  - b) Traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
  - c) Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
  - d) Observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
  - e) Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

# Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. We obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing was complete. We randomly selected 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained a listing of those employees involved with nonpayroll purchasing and payment functions. We obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and we observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
  - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
  - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
  - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, we obtained the Town's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and we obtained management's representation that the population is complete. We randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, we obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
  - a) We observed whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
  - b) We observed that the disbursement documentation includes evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

### Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. We obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and Pcards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.

- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, we randomly selected 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. We randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, we randomly selected one monthly bank statement), we obtained supporting documentation, and:
  - a) We observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder.
  - b) We observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, we randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, we observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, we described the nature of the transaction and noted whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

### Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. We obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. We randomly selected 5 reimbursements, we obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
  - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, we observed the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
  - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, we observed that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
  - c) We observed that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, we observed that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
  - d) We observed that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

### **Contracts**

- 15. We obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* We obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
  - a) We observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
  - b) We observed that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).

- c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), we observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
- d) We randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, we obtained the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observed that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

### **Payroll and Personnel**

- 16. We obtained a listing of employees/elected officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 employees/officials, we obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and we agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. We randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees/officials selected under #16 above, we obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
  - a) We observed that all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document his/her attendance and leave. However, if the elected official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
  - b) We observed that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
  - c) We observed that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the Town's cumulative leave records.
  - d) We observed the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. We obtained a listing of those employees/officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. We randomly selected two employees/officials, we obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the Town's policy on termination payments. We agreed the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agreed the pay rates to the employee/officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agreed the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. We obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

### Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained ethics documentation from management, and:
  - a) We observed that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
  - b) We observed whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

### **Debt Service**

- 21. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 22. We obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

### Fraud Notice

- 23. We obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing was complete. We selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the Town reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the Town is domiciled.
- 24. Observed that the Town has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

### Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. We performed the following procedures, verbally discussed the results with management, and reported "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
  - a) We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), we observed evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
  - b) We obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
  - c) We obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. We randomly selected 5 computers and observed while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

### Sexual Harassment

- 26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, we obtained sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observed the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 27. We observed the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

- 28. We obtained the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observed that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observed it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
  - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
  - c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
  - d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
  - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

### **Exceptions:**

No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedures listed above except:

### Written Policies and Procedures

1. The Town's written policies and procedures do not include the approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

### Management's response:

The Town will update the written policies and procedures to include the approval proceed for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.

2. The Town's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information for contracting including standard terms and conditions.

### Management's response:

The Town will update written policies and procedures to include sufficient information for contracting including standard terms and conditions.

3. The Town's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information regarding information technology disaster recovery/business continuity, which includes periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, and identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

*Management's response:* The Town will establish written policies and procedures to include information regarding information technology disaster recovery/business continuity, which includes periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, and identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

4. The Town's written policies and procedures do not include sufficient information for sexual harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements: annual employee training, and annual reporting.

*Management's response:* The Town will establish written policies and procedures to include sufficient information for sexual harassment, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements: annual employee training, and annual reporting.

### **Bank Reconciliations**

5. Of the 5 corresponding bank statements and reconciliations selected, 2 accounts did not have documentation to research reconciling items outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

*Management's response:* Management will ensure that each bank reconciliation will include documentation of research performed for reconciling items outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date.

### **Credit Cards**

6. Of the 3 credit card statements 3 transactions were selected, 1 transaction did not an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, 3 transactions did not have written documentation of the public purpose.

*Management's response:* Management will ensure that transactions will include original itemized receipts that identify precisely what was purchased and include written documentation of the public purpose.

### **Fraud Notice**

7. The Town does not have the notice required by RS 24:523.1 sign posted on the premises.

Management's response: Management will ensure that the fraud notice sign is posted on the premises.

### **Sexual Harassment**

8. The Town's sexual harassment report for the current period was not dated on or before February 1.

Management's response: Management will ensure that the sexual harassment report will be dated on or before February 1.

We were engaged by the Town to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent from the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

## Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana August 26, 2022