# LAFAYETTE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. Lafayette, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc. Lafayette, Louisiana

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc., as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison information on pages 40 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The schedule of non-major funds, comparative schedule of general fixed assets and comparative financial statements on pages 48 through 52 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 54 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of non-major funds, comparative schedule of general fixed assets, comparative financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of non-major funds, comparative schedule of general fixed assets, comparative financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also issued a report dated October 11, 2021, on our consideration of the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting are porting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Darnall, Sikes & Frederick A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana October 11, 2021 **GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# Government Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash	\$ 258,112	\$ 2,227,110	\$ 2,485,222
Cash - restricted	-	74,606	74,606
Cash - restricted for debt service (USDA)	-	98,442	98,442
Accounts receivable	28,447	-	28,447
Grants and contracts receivable	92,571	-	92,571
Prepaid expenses	2,341	161,233	163,574
Due from (to) other funds	30,887	(30,887)	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	52,239	4,636,067	4,688,306
Total Assets	464,597	7,166,571	7,631,168
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	16,862	160,726	177,588
Tenants' deposits - payable from restricted cash	-	57,086	57,086
Accrued payroll and related benefits	55,039	-	55,039
Accrued compensated absences	26,763	-	26,763
Deferred revenue	975	-	975
Notes payable:			
Current portion	-	192,431	192,431
Non-current portion		1,740,884	1,740,884
Total Liabilities	99,639	2,151,127	2,250,766
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	52,239	2,702,752	2,754,991
Restricted for:			
Title III C-1	11,388	-	11,388
Title III E	8,841	-	8,841
Utility Assistance	12,088	-	12,088
Prepaid expenses	2,341	161,233	163,574
Unrestricted	278,061	2,151,459	2,429,520
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 364,958</u>	<u>\$ 5,015,444</u>	\$ 5,380,402

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# Government Wide Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

Function/Programs				
Governmental Activities	Direct		Ι	ndirect
Health, Welfare & Social Services:	E	xpenses	Expenses	
Supportive Services:				
Homemaker	\$	65,267	\$	12,754
Information and assistance		57,972		11,328
Outreach		12,682		2,478
Transportation		35,844		7,004
Telephoning		-		-
Visiting		-		-
Nutrition Services:				
Congregate meals		44,826		9,173
Nutrition education		1,399		-
Home delivered meals		229,718		44,686
National Family Caregiver Support:				
Outreach/Sitter		-		-
Information and assistance		9,304		1,564
In Home Respite		70,394		11,836
Senior Center - Recreation		132,701		29,676
Foster Grandparent Program		272,800		60,874
Elderly Housing Management		59,635		-
Senior Olympics		3,873		-
Newspaper		147		-
Office Rental		14,743		-
Energy Assistance		2,912		-
Administration		187,163		_
Total governmental activities		1,201,380		191,373
Business-Type Activities				
Woodvale Place Apartments		1,213,271		-
Belle Rose Gardens	_	394,571	_	-
Total business-type activities		1,607,842		
Total	\$	2,809,222		191,373

				ense) Revenue and creases) in Net Pos	
Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and	Total	Total Business - Type Activities	Total
\$ 5,397	\$ 75,689	\$ -	\$ 3,065	\$ -	\$ 3,065
-	20,457	-	(48,843)	-	(48,843)
-	1,474	-	(13,686)	-	(13,686)
4,489	27,200	-	(11,159)	-	(11,159)
-	14,836	-	14,836	-	14,836
-	11,654	-	11,654	-	11,654
9,149	55,690	-	10,840	-	10,840
-	1,947	-	548	-	548
46,498	114,815	-	(113,091)	-	(113,091)
-	32,461	-	32,461	-	32,461
-	1,661	-	(9,207)	-	(9,207)
-	67,817	-	(14,413)	-	(14,413)
-	-	-	(162,377)	-	(162,377)
378	328,144	-	(5,152)	-	(5,152)
-	205,800	-	146,165	-	146,165
-	-	-	(3,873)	-	(3,873)
-	-	-	(147)	-	(147)
22,545	-	-	7,802	-	7,802
-	15,000	-	12,088	-	12,088
<u> </u>	187,163		<u> </u>		
88,456	1,161,808	<u> </u>	(142,489)		(142,489)
752,849	418,378	-	-	(42,044)	(42,044)
681,766	-	-	-	287,195	287,195
1,434,615	418,378			245,151	245,151
\$ 1,523,071	\$ 1,580,186	<u>\$</u>	(142,489)	245,151	102,662
	ntributions not rest	ricted to			
specific pr			190,326	-	190,326
	nvestment income		-	5,863	5,863
Miscellaneou	S		28,829		28,829
Total gene	eral revenues and tra	ansfers	219,555	5,863	225,418
Increase (decrea	se) in net position		77,066	251,014	328,080
	ginning of the year		287,892	4,764,430	5,052,322
Net position - er	0 0 0		\$ 364,958	\$ 5,015,444	\$ 5,380,402

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Title III B	Title III C-2	Elderly Housing Management	Foster Grandparents	Non-Major Funds	Total
Assets							
Cash	\$ 217,263	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,849	\$ -	\$ 258,112
Accounts receivable	2,628	-	-	15,756	10,063	-	28,447
Grants and contracts receivable	-	36,727	7,836	-	-	48,008	92,571
Due from other funds	529,112	-	-	9,588	-	12,088	550,788
Prepaid expenditures	1,172				1,169		2,341
Total Assets	<u>\$ 750,175</u>	<u>\$ 36,727</u>	<u>\$ 7,836</u>	<u>\$ 25,344</u>	<u>\$ 52,081</u>	<u>\$ 60,096</u>	<u>\$ 932,259</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	7,266	1,688	6,835	67	421	585	16,862
Accrued payroll and							
related benefits	55,039	-	-	-	-	-	55,039
Deferred revenue	975	-	-	-	-	-	975
Due to other funds	382,840	35,039	1,001		51,660	49,361	519,901
Total Liabilities	446,120	36,727	7,836	67	52,081	49,946	592,777
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable							
Prepaid expenditures	1,172	-	-	-	1,169	-	2,341
Restricted for:							
Title III C-1	11,388	-	-	-	-	-	11,388
Title III E	8,841	-	-	-	-	-	8,841
Utility assistance	12,088	-	-	-	-	-	12,088
Unassigned	270,566			25,277	(1,169)	10,150	304,824
Total Fund Balances	304,055			25,277		10,150	339,482
Total Liabilities and							
Fund Balances	<u>\$ 750,175</u>	\$ 36,727	\$ 7,836	\$ 25,344	<u>\$ 52,081</u>	\$ 60,096	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

- Compensated absences accrued are not paid for out of current financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds	(26,763)
- Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds	52,239
Total net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 364,958</u>

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Title III B	Title III C-2	Elderly Housing Management	Foster Grandparents	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				8	<u>·</u>		
Intergovernmental:							
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 308,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 308,623
Cajun Area Agency on Aging, Inc.	-	151,310	34,905	-	-	159,576	345,791
Corp. for National and Community Service	-	-	-	-	328,144	-	328,144
Dept. of Transporation and Development	38,169	-	-	-	-	-	38,169
Program Service Fees:							
Transportation	-	4,489	-	-	-	-	4,489
Homemaker	-	5,397	-	-	-	-	5,397
Home delivered meals	-	-	46,498	-	-	-	46,498
Local and miscellaneous:			•				
Municipalities	-	-	12,197	-	-	-	12,197
Office rental	22,545	-	-	-	-	-	22,545
United Way	-	-	10,000	-	-	-	10,000
Foundation on Aging	-	-	45,000	-	-	-	45,000
Energy	-	-	-	-	-	15,000	15,000
Donations	30,697	-	12,713	-	-	-	43,410
Rental income	-	-	-	205,800	-	-	205,800
Miscellaneous	<u>28,829</u> 428,863	161,196	161,313	205,800	378	<u>9,149</u> 183,725	<u>38,356</u> 1,469,419
Total Revenues	428,803	101,190	101,313	205,800	328,522	185,725	1,409,419
EXPENDITURES							
Health, Welfare, & Social Services							
Current:	202.200	105.555	1 ( 7 1 4 0	10 754	50 100	101 015	<b>707 7</b> 00
Personnel	203,388	137,577	165,149	49,754	50,100	121,815	727,783
Fringe	27,883	17,996	14,263	4,680	8,807	13,886	87,515
Travel	4,514	9,183	77,580	155	1,552	3,117	96,101
Operating Services	68,491 10,274	33,718	12,207	5,046	8,709	15,376	143,547
Operating Supplies Other Costs	10,274 18,713	6,744 33	2,753	-	1,588	976 54	22,335
		55 78	2,335	-	262,918		284,053
Capital Outlay	1,456		117	-	-	57	1,708
Total Expenditures	334,719	205,329	274,404	59,635	333,674	155,281	1,363,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	94,144	(44,133)	(113,091)	146,165	(5,152)	28,444	106,377
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>							
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	400	-	-	-	-	-	400
Transfers in	148,510	44,133	113,091	-	5,152	10,000	320,886
Transfers out	(169,362)			(121,295)		(30,229)	(320,886)
Total other financing sources and uses	(20,452)	44,133	113,091	(121,295)	5,152	(20,229)	400
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	73,692	-	-	24,870	-	8,215	106,777
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning of the year	230,363			407		1,935	232,705
End of the year	<u>\$ 304,055</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 25,277</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 10,150</u>	<u>\$ 339,482</u>

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net increase in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	106,777
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$29,933) exceeded capital outlays (\$0) during the year Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		(29,933)
Compensated absences		222
Increase in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	77,066

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	odvale Place	E	Belle Rose Gardens	 Total
Assets				
Cash	\$ 1,936,600	\$	290,510	\$ 2,227,110
Cash - restricted deposits	57,645		16,961	74,606
Cash - reserved for debt service (USDA)	-		98,442	98,442
Prepaid expenses	66,249		94,984	161,233
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 1,862,981		2,773,086	 4,636,067
Total Assets	 3,923,475		3,273,983	 7,197,458
Total Assets	\$ 3,923,475	\$	3,273,983	\$ 7,197,458
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 24,352	\$	136,374	\$ 160,726
Tenants' deposits - payable from restricted cash	42,647		14,439	57,086
Due to other funds	24,328		6,559	30,887
Notes payable:				
Current portion	-		192,431	192,431
Non-current portion	 <u> </u>		1,740,884	 1,740,884
Total Liabilities	 91,327		2,090,687	 2,182,014
Net Position				
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	1,862,981		839,771	2,702,752
Restricted	66,249		94,984	161,233
Unrestricted	 1,902,918		248,541	 2,151,459
Total Net Position	\$ 3,832,148	\$	1,183,296	\$ 5,015,444

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Woodvale PlaceBelle RoseApartmentsGardens		Total
<b>Operating Revenue</b>			
Rental income	\$ 1,149,519	\$ 390,090	\$ 1,539,609
Other income	21,708	291,676	313,384
Total Operating Revenues	1,171,227	681,766	1,852,993
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
Rental	2,195	-	2,195
Administrative	325,086	98,551	423,637
Taxes and insurance	92,095	45,984	138,079
Maintenance	498,688	61,364	560,052
Depreciation	201,377	95,701	297,078
Operating	93,830	10,826	104,656
Total Operating Expenses	1,213,271	312,426	1,525,697
Operating income	(42,044)	369,340	327,296
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest income	4,941	922	5,863
Interest expense		(82,145)	(82,145)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	4,941	(81,223)	(76,282)
Change in Net Position	(37,103)	288,117	251,014
Net Position - Beginning	3,869,251	895,179	4,764,430
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 3,832,148</u>	<u>\$ 1,183,296</u>	<u>\$ 5,015,444</u>

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Woodvale Place Apartments	Belle Rose Gardens	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from tenants	\$ 1,178,704	\$ 389,600	\$ 1,568,304
Cash received from insurance proceeds	-	291,426	291,426
Selling and administrative expenses paid	(835,201)	(92,053)	(927,254)
Cash paid to suppliers	(93,830)	(10,826)	(104,656)
Taxes and insurance paid	(92,095)	(45,984)	(138,079)
Net cash provided by operating activities	157,578	532,163	689,741
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING:			
Increase in due to other funds	14,353	2,968	17,321
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	14,353	2,968	17,321
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND CAPITAL RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest paid on capital debt	-	(82,145)	(82,145)
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	-	(272,268)	(272,268)
Repayment of notes payable	-	(60,441)	(60,441)
Net cash used by capital and capital related financing activities	<u> </u>	(414,854)	(414,854)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES:			
Interest received	4,941	922	5,863
Net cash provided by investing activities	4,941	922	5,863
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	176,872	121,199	298,071
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,817,373	284,714	2,102,087
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 1,994,245</u>	<u>\$ 405,913</u>	<u>\$ 2,400,158</u>
Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position:			
Cash	\$ 1,936,600	\$ 290,510	\$ 2,227,110
Cash - restricted deposits	57,645	16,961	74,606
Cash - reserved for debt service (USDA)		98,442	98,442
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 1,994,245</u>	<u>\$ 405,913</u>	<u>\$ 2,400,158</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (42,044)	\$ 369,340	\$ 327,296
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net			
cash provided by operating activities:			
Change in current assets and liabilities:			
Depreciation	201,377	95,701	297,078
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses	(9,866)	(68,512)	(78,378)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	634	136,374	137,008
Increase (decrease) in tenants' deposits	7,477	(740)	6,737
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 157,578</u>	<u>\$ 532,163</u>	<u>\$ 689,741</u>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc. (the Council) conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental and financial reporting principles. Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following is a summary of certain significant accounting polices used by the Council:

# A. <u>Purpose of the Council on Aging</u>

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to the employment, financial status, recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in Lafayette Parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in these fields of activity throughout Louisiana and the United States; to interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish; to provide for a mutual exchange of ideas and information on the parish and state level; to conduct public meetings to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) other departments of state and local government serving the elderly; and to make recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

Specific services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Lafayette Parish include providing congregate and home delivered meals, nutritional education, information and assistance, outreach, material aid, utility assistance, homemakers, recreation, legal assistance, disease prevention, health promotion, and transportation.

#### B. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. In 1979, the Louisiana Legislature created the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) (La. R.S. 46:931) with the specific intention that GOEA administer and coordinate social services and programs for the elderly population of Louisiana through sixty-four parish voluntary councils on aging.

Before a council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from GOEA pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute (La. R.S.) 46:1602. Each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the state laws that apply to quasi-public agencies, as well as the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc. is a legally separate, non-profit, quasi-public corporation. It received its charter and began operations on November 9, 1965.

A board of directors, consisting of 13 voluntary members, who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to, representatives of the parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials.

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Lafayette Parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the Council is not a component unit of another primary government, nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in this statement, the Council has presented its financial statements as a special-purpose, stand-alone government; accordingly, it is applying the provisions of Statement 14 as if it were a primary government.

#### C. <u>Presentation of Statements</u>

The Council's basic financial statements consist of "government-wide" financial statements on all activities of the Council, which are designed to report the Council as a whole entity, and "fund" financial statements, which purpose are to report individual major governmental funds and combined nonmajor governmental funds.

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either "governmental" or "business" type. The Council's functions and programs have all been categorized as "governmental" activities or "business" activities. The Council does not have any fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the government-wide financial statements do not include any of these activities or funds.

# D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities for all activities of the Council. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Council as an entity and the change in its net position (financial position) resulting from the activities of the current fiscal year. Intergovernmental revenues primarily support governmental activities.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental type activities column and business-type activities column (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Council's net position is reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. Restricted net position consists of the net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position includes all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The Statement of Net Position has been prepared on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net position is reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues, and unrestricted public support, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation and amortization, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as charges for services, operating and capital grants, and restricted contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Direct expenses reported in the Statement of Activities are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program, whereas, the Council allocates its indirect expenses among various functions and programs in accordance with OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments.* The Statements of Activities shows this allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect expenses."

In the Statements of Activities, charges for services represent program revenues obtained by the Council when it renders services provided by a specific function or program to people or other entities. Unrestricted contributions, unrestricted grants, interest income and miscellaneous revenues that are not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues in the statement. Special items, if any, are significant transactions within the control of management that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence and are separately reported below general revenues. The Council did not have any material special items this year.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements present financial information very similar to that which was included in the general-purpose financial statements issued by governmental entities before GASB Statement No. 34 required the format change.

The daily accounts and operations of the Council continue to be organized using funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain governmental functions or activities. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type. In addition, management may also choose to report any other governmental fund as a major fund if it believes the fund is particularly important to financial statement users. The nonmajor funds are summarized by category or fund type into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further classified on a hierarchy that shows, from the highest to the lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance and accordingly, the extent to which the Council is bound to honor them; nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

**The General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the Council and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The following is a description of the programs or funding sources that comprise the Council's General Fund:

Local Programs and Funding are revenues that are not required to be accounted for in a specific program or fund. Accordingly, these revenues have been recorded in the local program of the General Fund. These funds are mostly unrestricted, which means they may be used at management's discretion. Expenditures to acquire fixed assets, and expenditures for costs not allowed by another program due to budget limitations or the nature of the expenditures, are charged to the local program. Because of their unrestricted nature, local funds are often transferred to other programs to eliminate deficits in cases where the expenditures of the other programs exceeded their revenues. In addition, capital outlay expenditures are usually made with local funds to minimize restrictions on the use and disposition of fixed assets.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**PCOA** (Act 735) funds are appropriated annually for the Council by the Louisiana Legislature and remitted to the Council via the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The Council's management may use these "Act 735" funds at its discretion to fund any of its programs provided the program is benefiting elderly people (those who are at least 60 years old). In fiscal year 2021, the Council received this grant money into its General Fund and management transferred \$116,638 of the PCOA funds to the Title III Funds to help pay for program expenditures of those funds.

The Senior Center Fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The Council operates four senior centers in Lafayette Parish, Louisiana. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly.

**The Supplemental Senior Center Fund** was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc. was one of the parish councils to receive two supplemental grants of \$3,100 and \$7,813. The money received by this fund during the year was transferred to the Title C-2 funds to supplement the supportive services provided by this fund. GOEA provided these funds to the Council.

The Office Rental Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the rental of extra office space owned by the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc. to third parties.

**The Other Services** – Local Fund is used to account for indirect costs and the revenues from the various programs used to pay these indirect costs.

**The United Givers Fund** is used to report assistance received from the community's regular United Appeals activity. The funds are received upon application to the United Givers Agency and are subject to reporting to, and monitoring by, that Agency.

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "*proceeds of specific revenue sources*" establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. A large percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are Title III funds. These funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services - Administration on Aging to the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following are brief descriptions of the purpose of each special revenue and their classification as either a major or nonmajor governmental fund:

#### Major Special Revenue Funds

**The Title III B Fund** accounts for funds which are used to provide various types of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for defining a qualifying unit of service for each Title III program. Specific supportive services, along with the number of units provided during the fiscal year, are as follows:

	Units
Homemaker	4,041
Information and assistance	1,835
Outreach	476
Transportation for people age 60 or older	2,423
Telephoning	5,395
Visiting	902

The two main sources of revenue received this year that form the basis of this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging \_ Title III, Part B \_ Supportive Services (\$151,310) and restricted, voluntary contributions from the public (\$9,886), including those people who actually received transportation and homemaker services.

**The Title III C-2 Fund** is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound people who are age 60 or older. Using Title III C-2 funds the Council served 111,311 meals during the year to people eligible to participate in this program.

There were three main sources of revenue received this year that formed the basis of this fund: grants from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging \_ Title III, Part C-2 \_ Nutrition Services (\$34,905), restricted voluntary contributions from the public (\$46,498), including those persons actually receiving home-delivered meal services and local grants (\$67,197).

**The Elderly Housing Management Fund** represents management fees and expenditures relating to the management of various housing facilities, including Woodvale Place Apartments and Belle Rose Gardens.

The Foster Grandparents Fund is used to account for federal funds, which are provided directly by the Corporation for National and Community Service and state funds which are provided directly the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs to pay for the expenses incurred by low-income, senior citizens, age 60 and over, who have volunteered their time to assist in providing companionship and guidance for physically and mentally handicapped children and children who have been abused and neglected in the juvenile justice system, or have other special needs.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

**Title III C-1 Fund** receives funding from United States Department of Health and Human Services through the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which "passes through" the funds to the Council. This fund is used to account for funds which are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly in strategically located centers. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Council served about 15,885 congregate meals and also provide 290 units of nutritional education to eligible participants.

There was one main source of revenue received this year that form the basis of this fund: Grants from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging \_ Title III, Part C-1 \_ Nutrition Services (\$57,637).

The Title III E Fund is used to account for funds used to provide services, such as; (1) information to caregivers about available services, (2) assistance to caregivers in gaining access to the services, (3) individual counseling, (4) organizational support groups, (5) caregiver training to caregivers in making decisions and solving problems relating to their caregiving roles, (6) respite care to enable caregivers to be temporarily relieved from their caregiving responsibilities, and (7) supplemental services, on a limited basis, to complement the care provided by caregivers. Then number of units provided under the Title III E is as follows:

	Units
Information and assistance	64
In Home Respite	3,326
Outreach	1,616

The main source of the revenue forming the basis for this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA for the Title III, Part E \_ National Family Caregivers Support Program (\$101,939).

The Senior Olympics Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Senior Olympics fundraising event.

The Energy Assistance Fund is used to account for the administration of utility assistance programs that are sponsored by local utility companies. The funds are used to provide assistance to the elderly for the payment of their utility bills. No indirect or administration expenses can be paid for with these funds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Additionally, the Council reports the following fund types:

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Proprietary Funds** are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is based upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds include the following fund type:

**Enterprise Funds** are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body had decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Council applies all applicable FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 in accounting and reporting for its enterprise fund. The Council's enterprise funds are Woodvale Place Apartments and Belle Rose Gardens.

#### F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis – Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS):

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Regardless of the time of related cash flows.

Modified Accrual Basis – Fund Financial Statements (FFS):

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A current financial resources measurement focus means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the fund balance sheet. The operating statements of the funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Council considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal year end.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for the following: (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due, and (2) claims, judgments, and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources. Depreciation and amortization are costs that are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### G. Interfund Activity

In the fund financial statements, interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables (due from) and payables (due to) as appropriate. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. In other words, they are not expected to be repaid.

In the government-wide financial statements, all types of interfund transactions are eliminated when presenting the governmental activity information.

#### H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

#### I. <u>Receivables</u>

The financial statements for the Council do not contain an allowance for uncollectible receivables because management believes all amounts will be collected. However, if management becomes aware of information that would change its assessment about the collectability of any receivable, management would write off the receivable as bad debt at that time.

#### J. <u>Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures</u>

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid in advance for goods and services. Prepaid expenses are shown as either current or other assets on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, depending on when management expects to realize their benefits.

In the fund financial statements, management has elected not to include amounts paid for future goods and services as expenditures until those services are consumed. This method of accounting for prepaid expenditures helps assure management that costs incurred will be reported in accordance with the Council's cost reimbursement grants.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### J. <u>Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures (Continued)</u>

These types of grants do not permit the Council to obtain reimbursement for qualified expenditures until the goods and services relating to them are consumed. As a result, the prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements until they are consumed. In addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been classified as nonspendable to reflect the amount of fund balance not currently available for expenditure.

For purposes of presenting prepaid expenses in the government-wide statements, the Council will follow the same policy it uses to record prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements with one exception. Disbursements made as "matching" payments to acquire vehicles that will be titled to another government are recorded as a prepaid expense and amortized in the Statement of Net Position to better present the economies of this type of transaction and to keep from distorting the Council's transportation expenses in the Statement of Activities. In contrast, 100% of the "matching" payments are reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental expenditures when the vehicles are received.

#### K. Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment used for property, vehicles, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements or the fund financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets are long-lived assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000 and have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets will also include major repairs to equipment and vehicles that significantly extend the asset's useful life. Routine repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

For capital assets recorded in the government-wide financial statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The Council follows a guideline issued by the State of Louisiana's Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting to establish the useful lives of the various types of capital assets that are depreciated and the method used to calculate annual depreciation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### K. Capital Assets (Continued)

Using this guideline, the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Building and improvements	40 years
Furniture and equipment	5-7 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computers	3 years

When calculating depreciation, the State's guidelines assumes that capital assets will not have any salvage value.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in the Council's operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund that provided the resources to acquire the assets. Depreciation in not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the fund financial statements.

#### L. <u>Non-Current (Long-term) Liabilities</u>

The accounting treatment of non-current liabilities depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statement. In the government-wide financial statements, all non-current liabilities that will be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities. In the fund financial statements, non-current liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities or presented elsewhere in these statements.

#### M. Unpaid Compensated Absences

The Council's policies for vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, a liability for the unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements. Management has estimated the current and long-term portions of this liability based on historical trends. The amount accrued as the compensated absence liability was determined using the number of vested vacation hours for each employee multiplied by the employee's wage rate in effect at the end of the year.

In contrast, the governmental funds in the Fund Financial Statements report only compensated absence liabilities that are payable from expendable available financial resources to the extent that the liabilities mature (or come due for payment). Vacation leave does not come due for payment until an employee makes a request to use it or terminates employment with the Council. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as fund liabilities as of year-end in the Fund Financial Statements. The differences in the methods of accruing compensated absences create a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### M. Unpaid Compensated Absences (Continued)

The Council's sick leave policy does not provide for the vesting of sick leave thereby requiring the employee to be paid for any unused leave upon termination of employment. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as unpaid compensated absences in the Government-Wide Financial Statements relative to sick leave.

#### N. <u>Deferred Revenues</u>

The Council reports deferred revenues on both the Statement of Net Position (governmentwide) and the Balance Sheet (fund financial statements). Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Statement of Net Position and the Fund Balance Sheet, whichever the case might be, and the revenue is recognized. The Council had deferred revenue of \$975 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### O. <u>Net Positions in the Government-wide Financial Statements</u>

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the Net Position amounts is classified and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets This component consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. At year-end the Council did not have any borrowings that were related to capital assets.
- Restricted net position This component consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Council's policy to use restricted resources first to finance its activities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### P. Fund Equity – Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* provides fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Management has classified prepaid expenditures as being nonspendable as this item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources are either:
  - Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
  - Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Council's board of directors, which is the Council's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the board of directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Council did not have any committed resources as of year-end.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Council's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent should be expressed by the Council's (1) board of directors, (2) its finance committee, or (3) an official, such as the executive director, to which the board of directors has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose.
- Unassigned: This classification is the residual fund balance of the General Fund. It also represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the Council will generally use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. However, the Council's management reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of the other classified funds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1 PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Q. <u>Management's Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### R. Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct expenses of the Administration function. GOEA provides funds to partially subsidize the Council's Administration function. The unsubsidized net cost of the Administration function is allocated using a formula that is based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract limitations.

#### S. Elimination and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

# T. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 11, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# NOTE 2 REVENUE RECOGNITION

On May 28, 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The standard prescribes a single model for revenue recognition, with a set of principles to be used for determining when revenue should be recognized. It also requires expanded disclosures about the nature, amount, and timing of revenue and cash flows. This standard is effective beginning January 1, 2019. The adoption of this new guidance did not have a material impact on the Council's financial statements.

Revenues are recorded in the government-wide financial statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2 REVENUE RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

Revenues are recorded in the fund financial statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting, intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income must be both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support and miscellaneous revenues are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

The Older American Act of 1965 Title III programs operate under a performance based contract. Title III program revenue is earned by the Council based on units of service provided within the guidelines of the related programs.

#### NOTE 3 CASH MANAGEMENT AND DEPOSITS

The Council maintains a consolidated bank account which is available for use by all funds to deposit revenues and pay expenses. The purpose of this consolidated account is to reduce administration costs and facilitate cash management. The consolidated account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds. The Council also maintains another demand deposit account to manage its EFSP funds.

As described by Louisiana law, the Council is classified as a quasi-public entity. Accordingly, the Council is not required to comply with Louisiana laws relating to the collateralization of bank deposits. However, it is the Council's policy to follow state law in an effort to minimize risks associated with bank deposits that exceed those currently covered by FDIC insurance.

Cash is reported at its carrying value, which equals its fair value. At year-end, the combined carrying amount of the Council's cash balances on its books was \$2,658,270, whereas the related bank balances totaled \$2,701,741. The primary difference in these amounts relates to deposits made to and checks written on demand deposits accounts that have not yet cleared the bank accounts. At year-end, bank balances in the amount of \$21,177 were not insured by federal depository insurance or pledged securities.

Cash	Cost	Fair Value	Interest Rate	Maturity	Credit Risk Category
JP Morgan Chase Bank Iberia Bank Total Cash	\$258,112 2,400,158 \$2,658,270	\$258,112 <u>2,400,158</u> <u>\$2,658,270</u>	None 0.25%	Demand Demand	Category 1 Category 1
Unrestricted Purpose Resticted Purposes	<u>\$2,485,222</u> <u>\$173,048</u>				

As illustrated in the above table, some of the Council's cash and investments are restricted assets for presentation in the Statement of Net Position. Restricted assets include amounts received or earned by the Council with an explicit understanding between the Council and the resource providers that the resource would be used for a specific purpose. Cash restricted for debt service is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principle, interest and related costs. The fully funded balance represents amounts due within one year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 4 PREPAID EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

At year-end, prepaid expenditures in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position consists of \$163,574 of prepaid expenses. All of the prepaid expenditures are considered current, which management expects the Council to consume and economically benefit from in the next fiscal year.

#### NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The Council operates its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, therefore it pays for expenditures from the General Fund and then requests reimbursement from the grant programs when funds are received. Such advances create short-term interfund loans.

A summary of these interfund loans, at year-end, is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds	
General Fund:				
Local	\$	425,370	\$	381,367
Newspaper		8,086		-
Other elderly services		51,451		-
Office Rental		44,205		-
Senior Center		-		1,473
Special Revenue Funds:				
Title III B		-		35,039
Title III C-1		-		8,885
Title III C-2		-		1,001
Title III E		-		38,583
Elderly Housing Management		9,588		-
Energy Assistance		12,088		-
Foster Grandparents Program		-		51,660
Senior Olympics		_		1,893
Proprietary Funds:				
Woodvale Place Apartments		-		24,328
Belle Rose Gardens				6,559
Total	\$	550,788	\$	550,788

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 6 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

	Gen	ieral	pecial evenue	Propr	ietary	1	Total
Elderly housing projects	\$	-	\$ 15,756	\$	-	\$	15,756
Foster grand parent		-	10,063		-		10,063
Other		2,628	 		-		2,628
	<u>\$</u>	2,628	\$ 25,819	\$	-	\$	28,447

#### NOTE 7 GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND CONTRACTS RECEIVABLE

Government grants and contracts receivable represent amounts owed to the Council under a grant award or contract with a provider of federal, state, or local funds; such amounts being measurable and available as of year-end.

Government grants and contracts receivable at year-end consist of reimbursements for expenses incurred under the following programs:

Program	Fund	Provider	Amount
Governmental Funds			
Social Services	III B	CAAA	\$ 36,727
Congregate Meals	III C-1	CAAA	9,312
Home Delivered Meals	III C-2	CAAA	7,836
Caregivers	III E	CAAA	38,696
			\$ 92,571

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 8 CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

A summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 769,094	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 769,094
Furniture & equipment	264,409	-	-	264,409
Building	7,017,752	-	-	7,017,752
Building improvements	1,903,061	272,268	-	2,175,329
Vehicles	216,733		(38,810)	177,923
Subtotal	10,171,049	272,268	(38,810)	10,404,507
Accumulated depreciation				
Furniture & equipment	253,763	2,659	-	256,422
Building	4,078,802	223,443	-	4,302,245
Building improvements	940,660	75,483	-	1,016,143
Vehicles	154,775	25,426	(38,810)	141,391
Subtotal	5,428,000	327,011	(38,810)	5,716,201
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 4,743,049</u>	<u>\$ (54,743)</u>	\$	<u>\$4,688,306</u>

All the Council's vehicles are operational at year end. The Council's management has reviewed capital assets and does not believe any capital assets have been impaired as of year-end.

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities totaling \$29,933 as administration expense and to proprietary funds totaling \$297,078 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# NOTE 9 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The Council had long-term debt during the year related to compensated absences. The following is a schedule of the changes in long-term debt for the accrued compensated absences:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
Accrued annual leave Notes payable	\$ 26,985 <u>1,993,756</u>	\$ - <u>86,463</u>	\$ (222) (146,904)	\$ 26,763 <u>1,933,315</u>	\$ 26,763 192,431
Total long-term debt	\$ 2,020,741	<u>\$ 86,463</u>	<u>\$ (147,126)</u>	<u>\$ 1,960,078</u>	\$ 219,194

The additions and reductions to compensated absences during the year represent the net change during the year because the additions and reductions could not be readily determined.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 9 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes payable at June 30, 2021, are comprised of the following:

#### Proprietary funds

Note payable to USDA in the original amount of \$1,458,670, dated August 24, 2006, payable in 360 monthly installments of \$7,308, including interest at 4.25% per annum, collateralized by a building	\$ 910,818
Note payable to Insurance Premium Financing Solutions in the original amount of \$12,200, dated June 1, 2021, payable in ten monthly installments of \$1,274, bearing interest at 9.524%.	10,926
Note payable to Insurance Premium Financing Solutions in the original amount of \$74,263, dated June 8, 2021, payable in ten monthly installments of \$7,732, bearing interest at 8.884%.	62,009
Note payable to Iberia Bank in the original amount of \$1,598,220, dated August 24, 2006, due November 28, 2032, bearing interest	
at 5.5%, secured by real estate	949,562
	\$1,933,315

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding at June 30, 2021, including interest payments of \$507,929 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 192,431	\$ 72,189
2023	124,314	67,371
2024	129,327	62,358
2025	134,543	57,142
2026	139,971	51,714
2027 - 2031	789,276	169,149
2032 - 2036	423,453	28,006
	<u>\$ 1,933,315</u>	<u>\$ 507,929</u>

#### NOTE 10 CAPITAL LEASE

The Council has acquired a copier under the provisions of a long-term lease. For financing reporting purposes, minimum lease payments relating to the copier have been capitalized and included in equipment on the balance sheet. The leased copier under the capital lease has a cost of \$7,800. Amortization of the leased equipment is included in depreciation expense. The lease is fully amortized.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 11 FUND BALANCES – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Council has \$2,341 of nonspendable funds that are to be used for prepaid expenses.

The Council has other assets which are restricted in their application by virtue of the donor's intention or commitments already entered into by the Council. These amounts are also reported as restricted fund balance. These include escrow-type deposits required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in connection with elderly housing projects undertaken and sponsored by the Council. Other restricted assets arise because of gifts solicited and collected for a specific purpose by the Council. Other assets are restricted by the terms and nature of the grant. Finally, some assets represent "deposits" pledged to confirm the Council's intentions with respect to certain projects. Related accumulated income is included in some of the restricted balances.

Title III C-1	\$ 11,388
Title III E	8,841
Utility Assistance	 12,088
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 32,317

#### NOTE 12 BOARD OF DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members can request reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses in accordance with the Council's travel policy when traveling on behalf of the Council.

#### NOTE 13 IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

The Council received various in-kind contributions during the year, which have been valued at their estimated fair market value, and presented in this report as revenue. Related expenditures, equal to the in-kind revenues, have also been presented, thereby producing no effect on net income (loss) in the governmental funds.

### NOTE 14 INCOME TAX STATUS

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509(a) of the Code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax. However, should the Council engage in activities unrelated to its exempt purpose, taxable income could result. The Council had no material unrelated business income for the fiscal year under audit.

Accounting Standards Codification 740 (ASC 740) requires that a tax position be recognized or derecognized based on a "more than not' threshold. This applies to positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return where there is uncertainty about whether a tax position will ultimately be sustained upon examination. The Council has evaluated its tax position and determined that it does not have any uncertain tax positions that meet the requirements of ASC 740. Accordingly, implementation of ASC 740 did not have any impact on the accompanying financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 15 JUDGEMENTS, CLAIMS, AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

At June 30, 2021, the Council was involved in lawsuits principally arising from the normal course of operations. Subsequent to year end, a consent judgment was signed dismissing the case with no liability to the Council.

### NOTE 16 CONTINGENCIES – GRANT PROGRAMS

The Council participates in a number of state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Council has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received and the collectability of any related receivable at year end may be impaired. In management's opinion, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing state and federal grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies. Audits of prior years have not resulted in any disallowed costs or refunds. Any costs that would be disallowed would be recognized in the period agreed upon by the grantor agency and the Council.

#### NOTE 17 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Council receives the majority of its revenue through grants administered by the Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA. The grant amounts are appropriated each year by the federal, state and local governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal, state and/or local level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Council will receive in the next fiscal year.

#### NOTE 18 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. There were no claims in the prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

The Council's management has not purchased commercial insurance or made provision to cover or reduce the risk of loss, as a result of business interruption and certain acts of God, like floods or earthquakes.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 19 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for by special revenue funds to eliminate program deficits.

These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Operating transfers to and from the various funds are as follows for the fiscal year:

	Funds Transferring In:						
	General	Title	Title	Title	Other	Foster	
	Fund	III B	III C-2	III E	Elderly	Grandparents	Totals
Funds transferring out:							
Governmental Funds:							
General fund	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,749	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,138	\$ 11,887
PCOA	-	44,133	62,505	10,000	-	-	116,638
Senior Center		-	40,837	-	-		40,837
Total General Fund		44,133	113,091	10,000		2,138	169,362
Major Funds:							
Elderly Housing							
Management					118,281	3,014	121,295
Non- Major Funds:							
Title III C-1	11,388	-	-	-		-	11,388
Title III E	18,841			-	-		18,841
Total Special Revenue Funds	30,229				118,281	3,014	151,524
Total all funds	<u>\$ 30,229</u>	<u>\$ 44,133</u>	<u>\$ 113,091</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 118,281</u>	<u>\$ 5,152</u>	<u>\$ 320,886</u>

### NOTE 20 COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO DIRECTOR

A detail of compensation, benefits, and other payments made to Executive Director, Katherin Boudreaux for the year ended June 30, 2021 is shown below:

Purpose		Amount		
Salary	\$	64,600		
Benefits - insurance and retirement		5,168		
Travel		168		
Reimbursements and other		5,551		
Total	\$	75,487		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 21 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Full time employees of Lafayette Council on Aging Inc., Woodvale Place Apartments and Belle Rose Gardens have the option to receive benefits in the form of a Roth IRA, health insurance and life insurance. The Council provides eligible employees with 8% of their salary to be used in any combination for their chosen benefits. In addition, eligible employees of Woodvale Place Apartments are grandfathered in to receive an additional 3% of these benefits. These employees do not receive life insurance benefits as they opted for an 11% fringe in lieu of life insusurance. The Council pays a disability and life insurance policy only for Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc. full-time employees who receive only 8% level of benefits, to provide coverage up to one year of the employee's salary. No match or contributions are required by employees. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Council incurred expenses for employee benefits in the amount of \$73,639.

#### NOTE 22 COVID-19 PANDEMIC

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (Covid-19) was reported to have surfaced in China. The World Health Organization has characterized Covid-19 as a pandemic. The extent of the impact of Covid-19 on the operational and financial performance of the Council will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on donors, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which Covid-19 may impact the Council's financial condition is uncertain.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT 34

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)
Dudestand for distance. July 1	¢ 220.262	\$ 230.363	\$ 230,363	\$ -
Budgetary fund balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 230,363	\$ 230,363	\$ 230,363	ф -
Intergovernmental	191,985	191,985	346,792	154,807
Local and miscellaneous	79,655	79,655	82,071	2,416
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-	400	400
Transfers in	234,919	234,919	148,510	(86,409)
Amounts available for appropriation	736,922	736,922	808,136	71,214
Charges to appropriations (outflows):				
Personnel	203,559	203,559	203,388	171
Fringe	28,284	28,284	27,883	401
Travel	4,039	4,039	4,514	(475)
Operating services	102,967	102,967	68,491	34,476
Operating supplies	10,129	10,129	10,274	(145)
Other costs	-	-	18,713	(18,713)
Capital outlay	1,643	1,643	1,456	187
Transfers out	146,542	146,542	169,362	(22,820)
Total charges to appropriations	497,163	497,163	504,081	(6,918)
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	<u>\$ 239,759</u>	<u>\$ 239,759</u>	<u>\$ 304,055</u>	<u>\$ 64,296</u>

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title III B Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Resources (inflows):					
Intergovernmental	126,904	126,904	151,310	24,406	
Program income	9,208	9,208	9,886	678	
Transfers in	72,307	72,307	44,133	(28,174)	
Amounts available for appropriation	208,419	208,419	205,329	(3,090)	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):					
Personnel	135,304	135,304	137,577	(2,273)	
Fringe	17,021	17,021	17,996	(975)	
Travel	8,915	8,915	9,183	(268)	
Operating services	40,599	40,599	33,718	6,881	
Operating supplies	6,580	6,580	6,744	(164)	
Other costs	-	-	33	(33)	
Capital Outlay			78	(78)	
Total charges to appropriations	208,419	208,419	205,329	3,090	
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title III C-2 Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary fund balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	
Resources (inflows):	Ψ	Φ	Ψ	Ψ	
Intergovernmental	37,114	37,114	34,905	(2,209)	
Program income	46,081	46,081	46,498	417	
Local and miscellaneous	84,240	84,240	79,910	(4,330)	
Transfers in	113,063	113,063	113,091	28	
Amounts available for appropriation	280,498	280,498	274,404	(6,094)	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):	<i>i</i>		,	<u>. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	
Personnel	165,202	165,202	165,149	53	
Fringe	14,280	14,280	14,263	17	
Travel	76,295	76,295	77,580	(1,285)	
Operating services	22,006	22,006	12,207	9,799	
Operating supplies	2,715	2,715	2,753	(38)	
Other costs	-	-	2,335	(2,335)	
Capital outlay	-	-	117	(117)	
Total charges to appropriations	280,498	280,498	274,404	6,094	
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Foster Grandparents Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary fund balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	325,889	325,889	328,144	2,255	
Local and miscellaneous	220	220	378	158	
Transfers in	3,138	3,138	5,152	2,014	
Amounts available for appropriation	329,247	329,247	333,674	4,427	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):					
Personnel	50,069	50,069	50,100	(31)	
Fringe	9,348	9,348	8,807	541	
Travel	1,606	1,606	1,552	54	
Operating services	6,231	6,231	8,709	(2,478)	
Operating supplies	770	770	1,588	(818)	
Other costs	261,223	261,223	262,918	(1,695)	
Total charges to appropriations	329,247	329,247	333,674	(4,427)	
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Elderly Housing Management Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
Dealersteine für die leinen Tuler 1	¢	407	\$	407	\$	407	¢	
Budgetary fund balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$	407	Э	407	Э	407	\$	-
Local and miscellaneous	52	26,043	50	26,043		205,800		(320,243)
		,						
Amounts available for appropriation	52	26,450	52	26,450		206,207		(320,243)
Charges to appropriations (outflows):								
Personnel	33	0,917	33	30,917		49,754		281,163
Fringe	3	4,369	3	34,369		4,680		29,689
Travel		534		534		155		379
Operating services	1	4,476	1	4,476		5,046		9,430
Transfers out	14	5,747	14	5,747		121,295		24,452
Total charges to appropriations	52	26,043	52	26,043		180,930		345,113
Budgetary fund balance, June 30	\$	407	<u>\$</u>	407	<u>\$</u>	25,277	<u>\$</u>	24,870

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### NOTE 1 BUDGETARY REPORTING

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final appropriated budgets to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. Positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts are also presented.

The budget information presented in this section of required supplementary information applies to "major" governmental funds for which annual budgets were adopted. Budgetary information for "Nonmajor" funds has not been included anywhere in these financial statements.

The Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data that has been presented as required supplementary information in these financial statements.

- GOEA notifies the Council each year as to the funding levels for each of its programs.
- Management makes revenue projections based on the revenue information provided by GOEA, grants from other agencies, program service fees, public support (including client contributions), interest income, and other miscellaneous sources.
- Management develops expenditure projections using historical information and changes to the upcoming year that management is aware of at the time of budget preparation.
- Once the information has been obtained to project revenues and expenditures, the Council's Executive Director and Finance Director prepare a proposed budget based on the projections. The proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Directors for final approval.
- The Board of Directors reviews and adopts the budget for the next fiscal year at a regularly scheduled board of directors meeting before May 31 of the current fiscal year.
- The adopted budget is forwarded to the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) for compliance approval.
- Unused budgeted amounts lapse at the end of each fiscal year (June 30). However, if a grant or contract is not completed by June 30, the Council will automatically budget funds in the next fiscal year to complete the grant or contract. An example where this might occur is when vehicles are acquired under federal matching programs. The "match" might be made in one year and the vehicles delivered in another year.
- The budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis, consistent with the basis of accounting, for comparability of budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures.

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NOTE 1 BUDGETARY REPORTING (Continued)

- Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget amounts and all subsequent amendments.
- Actual amounts are compared to budgeted amounts periodically during the fiscal year as a management control device.
- The Council may transfer funds between line items as often as required but must obtain compliance approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs for funds received under grants from this state agency. As part of its grant awards, GOEA requires the Council to amend its budget in cases where actual costs for a particular line item exceed the budgeted amount by more than 10%, unless unrestricted funds are available to "cover" the overrun.
- Expenditures cannot exceed budgeted revenues on an individual fund level, unless a large enough fund balance exists to absorb the budgeted operating deficit.
- The Council is not required by state or local law to prepare a budget for every program or activity it conducts. Accordingly, some General Fund activities are not budgeted, particularly if they are deemed to be immaterial by management.

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOEA

# Schedule of Non-Major Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Title III C-1	Title III E	Senior Olympics	Energy Assistance	Total	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental:						
Cajun Area Agency on Aging, Inc.	\$ 57,637	\$ 101,939	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 159,576	
Local and miscellaneous:						
Energy Assistance	-	-	-	15,000	15,000	
Miscellaneous	9,149	<u> </u>			9,149	
Total Revenues	66,786	101,939	<u>-</u>	15,000	183,725	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Personnel	40,636	78,887	2,292	-	121,815	
Fringe	6,259	7,452	175	-	13,886	
Travel	2,117	1,000	-	-	3,117	
Operating services	5,819	5,269	1,376	2,912	15,376	
Operating supplies	534	442	-	-	976	
Other costs	10	14	30	-	54	
Capital Outlay	23	34			57	
Total Expenditures	55,398	93,098	3,873	2,912	155,281	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	11,388	8,841	(3,873)	12,088	28,444	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	10,000	-	-	10,000	
Transfers out	(11,388)	(18,841)		<u> </u>	(30,229)	
Total other financing sources and uses	(11,388)	(8,841)			(20,229)	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	(3,873)	12,088	8,215	
FUND BALANCES Beginning of the year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,935	<u>-</u>	1,935	
End of the year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (1,938)</u>	<u>\$ 12,088</u>	<u>\$ 10,150</u>	

# Comparative Schedule of General Fixed Assets And Changes In General Fixed Assets Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021
General fixed assets:				
Buildings	\$ 104,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,737
Leasehold improvements	35,047	-	-	35,047
Furniture and equipment	95,336	-	-	95,336
Vehicles	209,760	<u> </u>	(38,810)	170,950
Total general fixed assets	<u>\$ 444,880</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (38,810)</u>	<u>\$ 406,070</u>
Investment in general fixed assets:				
Local	325,705	-	(38,810)	286,895
Title III-B	1,403	-	-	1,403
Title III-C-1	1,192	-	-	1,192
Title III-C-2	521	-	-	521
Title III D	66,707	-	-	66,707
Senior Center	47,934	-	-	47,934
Title V	1,418			1,418
Total investment in general fixed assets	<u>\$ 444,880</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ (38,810)</u>	<u>\$ 406,070</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY USDA

### Comparative Balance Sheets Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021	2020
Assets		
Cash	\$ 258,112	\$ 237,835
Accounts receivable	28,447	22,607
Grants and contracts receivable	92,571	29,416
Due from other funds	550,788	503,724
Prepaid expenditures	2,341	2,245
Total Assets	932,259	795,827
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	16,862	29,172
Accrued payroll and related benefits	55,039	41,622
Deferred revenue	975	2,170
Due to other funds	519,901	490,158
Total Liabilities	592,777	563,122
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable		
Prepaid expenditures	2,341	2,245
Restricted for:		
Title III C-1	11,388	-
Title III E	8,841	-
Utility Assistance	12,088	-
Future expenditures	-	24,462
Unassigned	304,824	205,998
Total Fund Balances	339,482	232,705
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 932,259</u>	<u>\$ 795,827</u>

### Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

Intergovernmental:\$ 308,623\$ 303,89Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs\$ 308,623\$ 303,89Cajun Area Agency on Aging, Inc.345,791186,66Corporation for National and Community Service328,144322,00Department of Transportation and Development38,16919,86	4 7
Cajun Area Agency on Aging, Inc.345,791186,66Corporation for National and Community Service328,144322,00	4 7
Corporation for National and Community Service 328,144 322,00	7
1	
Department of Transportation and Development 38,169 19,86	6
Program Service Fees:	
Transportation 4,489 4,78	3
Homemaker 5,397 4,83	8
Home delivered meals 46,498 48,19	1
Local and miscellaneous:	
Municipalities 12,197 27,26	5
Office rental 22,545 25,03	
Newspaper - 4,31	3
United givers 10,000 6,41	
Foundation on Aging 45,000 30,00	
Blue Cross Blue Shield Foundation - 53,00	0
Energy 15,000	-
Donations 43,410 5,97	8
Rental income 205,800 232,86	
Miscellaneous 38,356 31,53	
Total Revenues     1,469,419     1,306,64	
EXPENDITURES	
Health, Welfare, & Social Services	
Current:	
Personnel 727,783 688,43	6
Fringe 87,515 84,41	7
Travel 96,101 101,90	6
Operating Services 143,547 146,18	
Operating Supplies 22,335 27,59	
Other Costs 284,053 301,80	8
Debt Service - 2,17	
Capital Outlay 1,708 17,29	
Total Expenditures     1,363,042     1,369,81	_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
expenditures <u>106,377</u> (63,16	8)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed asset 400	_
Transfers in     320,886     369,78	8
Transfers out     (320,886)     (369,78)	
Total other financing sources and uses 400	<u>_</u>
	-
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances106,777(63,16)	8)
FUND BALANCES	
Beginning of the year     232,705     295,87	3
End of the year $\$ 339,482 \$ 232,70$	5

# SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

# LAFAYETTE COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### Year Ended June 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTORS/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANT YEAR ENDED	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	FEDERAL REVENUE RECOGNIZED	FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Administration on Aging Passed through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs: Special Programs for the Aging :					
Aging Cluster-	02.044	06/20/2021	ф <u>дс 4</u> дс	ф <b>ПС АПС</b>	ф <b>дс 4</b> дс
Title III, Part B - Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	06/30/2021	\$ 75,475	\$ 75,475	\$ 75,475
Title III, Part B - Supportive Services and Senior Centers - CARES	93.044	06/30/2021	130,838	26,490	26,490
Title III, Part C-1 - Nutrition Services (Congregate Meals) Title III, Part C-1 - Nutrition Services (Congregate Meals) - CARES	93.045 93.045	06/30/2021 06/30/2021	44,633 7,184	44,633 4,379	44,633 4,379
Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Older Americans Act Title III – Congregate Meals	93.043 93.045	06/30/2021	11,670	4,554	4,579
Title III, Part C-2 - Nutrition Services (Home-Delivered Meals)	93.043 93.045	06/30/2021	418	4,554	4,554
Title III, Part C-2 - Nutrition Services (Home-Delivered Meals) Title III, Part C-2 - Nutrition Services (Home-Delivered Meals) - CARES	93.043 93.045	06/30/2021	26,250	17,661	17,661
Families First Coronavirus Response Act, Older Americans Act Title III -	93.043	00/30/2021	20,230	17,001	17,001
Home Delivered Meals	93.045	06/30/2021	23,042	16,365	16,365
Total of Aging Cluster-	95.045	00/30/2021	319,510	189,975	189,975
Title III, Part E - Caregiver Support	93.052	06/30/2021	48,839	48,839	48,839
Title III, Part E - Caregiver Support - CARES	93.052	06/30/2021	31,598	9,481	9,481
Totals for U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Administration on Aging	<i>)5</i> .052	00/00/2021	399,947	248,295	248,295
Totals for 0.5. Department of Hearth and Human Services - Administration on Aging				240,295	240,293
<u>Department of Transportation</u> Passed through the Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development: Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities (Operating Assistance Program) Total for Department of Transportation	20.513	06/30/2021	<u>38,169</u> <u>38,169</u>	<u>38,169</u> <u>38,169</u>	<u>38,169</u> 38,169
<u>Corporation for National and Community Service</u> Foster Grandparents Program Totals for Corporation for National Service	94.011	06/30/2021	<u> </u>	<u>328,144</u> 328,144	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development     Section 8 - Housing Assistance Payments     Program - Special Allocations     Totals for U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.195	06/30/2021	<u>418,378</u> 418,378	<u>418,378</u> 418,378	<u>418,378</u> 418,378
Total federal grants			<u>\$ 1,228,847</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,986</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,986</u>
Note A - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards include the federal grant activity of the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc. and has been prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting as contemplated under generally accepted accounting principles and which is the same basis of accounting used for presenting the fund financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the <i>OMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and</i> <i>Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</i> (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented, or used in the presentation of, the financial statements of, the financial statements.					

- Note B Subrecipients The Lafayette Council on Aging did not pass-through any of its federal awards to a sub-recipient during the fiscal year.
- Note C Indirect Cost Rate The Council has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

The Board of Directors Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc. Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2021.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-002 that we consider to be a material weakness.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001.

### Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s Response to Findings

Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Council's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. However, Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

# Darnall, Sikes & Frederick

A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana October 11, 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the *Uniform Guidance* 

The Board of Directors Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc. Lafayette, Louisiana

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the of Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc.'s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements, laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Lafayette Council on Aging, Inc.'s compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc.'s internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

# Darnall, Síkes & Frederick

A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana October 11, 2021

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Part I Summary of Auditor's Results

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Auditor's Report

An unmodified opinion has been issued on the Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc.'s financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Control and Significant Deficiencies and Material Weaknesses - Financial Reporting

There was one material weakness in internal control over financial reporting disclosed during the audit of the financial statements and it shown as item 2021-002 in Part II below.

#### Material Noncompliance - Financial Reporting

We noted one instance of material noncompliance during the audit of the financial statements and it is shown as item 2021-001 in Part II below.

#### FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Major Program Identification

The Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc., for the year ended June 30, 2021, had one major program: Foster Grandparents Program, which received funds from the Corporation for National and Community.

#### Low-Risk Auditee

The Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc. is considered a low-risk auditee for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Major Program - Threshold

The dollar threshold to distinguish Type A and Type B programs is \$750,000 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Auditor's Report - Major Program

An unmodified opinion has been issued on the Lafayette Council On Aging, Inc.'s compliance for its major programs as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Control and Significant Deficiencies and Material Weaknesses - Major Program

There were no significant deficiencies noted during the audit of the major federal programs.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Part I Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

Compliance Finding Related to Major Program

The audit disclosed no instances of material noncompliance during the audit of major federal programs.

Part II Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

### 2021-001 <u>Budget Variance</u>

Condition:

The Council did not comply with the budget policy.

### Criteria:

In accordance with the Council's budget policy, the Elderly Housing Management budget should be amended when actual revenues are less than the budgeted amount by more than ten percent or when actual costs are more than the budgeted amount by more than ten percent.

Cause:

The Council failed to adequately amend the budget at the end of fiscal year June 30, 2021.

Effect:

Inaccurate budgeting counters fiscal responsibility.

#### Recommendation:

The Council should monitor revenues and costs for each fund and amend the budgets when actual revenues are less than the budgeted amounts by more than ten percent or when actual costs are more than the budgeted amounts by more than ten percent.

### 2021-002 Reconciliation of Interfund Activity

Condition:

The Council failed to properly record interfund activity throughout the year.

Criteria:

To ensure the accuracy of financial reporting, interfund activity should be recorded through the use of transfers and due to/due from accounts.

#### Cause:

The Council did not properly use interfund accounts to record interfund activity.

### Effect:

Failure to perform these accounting functions hinders accurate financial statements. In addition, it creates a greater risk of errors and fraud.

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

Part II Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (continued)

Recommendation:

We recommend the Council seek assistance from its accounting software provider to ensure the software is fully integrated for the functions of fund accounting. In addition, the Council should implement a process to closely monitor the recording and reconciliations involved in day-to-day accounting functions.

### Part III Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to the Federal Programs

The audit did not disclose any material noncompliance or questioned costs relative to its federal programs.

Part IV Management Letter

The auditor did not issue a management letter this year.

#### Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2021

### 2020-001 Budget Variances

#### Finding:

The Council failed to adequately amend the budget at the end of fiscal year June 30, 2020.

#### Status:

Unresolved; see current year finding 2021-001.

### 2020-002 <u>Reconciliation of Interfund Activity</u>

#### Finding:

The Council failed to properly record interfund activity throughout the year.

### Status:

Unresolved; se current year finding 2021-002.

### Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021

### Response to Findings:

### 2021-001 Budget Variances

The Council will amend the budgets whenever actual revenues are less than budgeted amounts by more than ten percent or when actual costs are more than the budgeted amounts by more than ten percent.

### 2021-002 Reconciliation of Interfund Activity

Management has begun to correct these issues and implement procedures to monitor the process of accounting functions.