Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderman Village of Forest Hill, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of the Village of Forest Hill, Louisiana, (the Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted

of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Village of Forest Hill has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The comparative balance sheet - General Fund, statement of net position-compared to prior years totals, comparative statement of net position -Enterprise Fund, comparative statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance – Enterprise Fund, and the Justice System Funding Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, comparative balance sheet - General Fund, statement of net position-compared to prior years totals, comparative statement of net position – Enterprise Fund, comparative statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance - Enterprise Fund, and the Justice System Funding Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of utility customers but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated November 3, 2023, on our consideration of the Village of Forest Hill, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 3, 2023 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 559,295	\$ 395,295	\$ 954,590
Receivables, net	28,344	91,164	119,508
Internal balances	87,119	(87,119)	-
Prepaid items		5,583	5,583
Total current assets	674,758	404,923	1,079,681
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Capital assets:	-	127,917	127,917
Land	104,436	81,131	185,567
Capital assets, net	1,451,242	2,780,821	4,232,063
Total noncurrent assets	1,555,678	2,989,869	4,545,547
Total assets	\$2,230,436	\$3,394,792	\$5,625,228
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	\$ 9,133	\$ 57,434	\$ 66,567
Bond/notes payable - current	8,668	57,705	66,373
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets	-	127,917	127,917
Deferred revenue		16,384	16,384
Total current liabilities	17,801	259,440	277,241
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	1,421	4,068	5,489
Bonds/notes payable - noncurrent	139,194	664,390	803,584
Total noncurrent liabilities	140,615	668,458	809,073
Total liabilities	158,416	927,898	1,086,314
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,407,816	2,139,857	3,547,673
Unrestricted	664,204	327,037	991,241
Total net position	\$2,072,020	\$2,466,894	\$4,538,914

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements. 7

#### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues		Ν	Net (Expense) Revenues a	nd	
			Operating		Changes in Net Position	1
		Fees, Fines, and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 237,060	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (237,060)	\$ -	\$ (237,060)
Public safety:						
Police	314,255	447,692	-	133,437	-	133,437
Public works:						
Streets	124,871	-	31,400	(93,471)	-	(93,471)
Interest on long term debts	6,705	<u> </u>		(6,705)		(6,705)
Total governmental activities	682,891	447,692	31,400	(203,799)	<u> </u>	(203,799)
Business-type activities:						
Gas	274,583	236,723	-	-	(37,860)	(37,860)
Water	334,544	464,460	-	-	129,916	129,916
Sewer	190,209	59,168	-	-	(131,041)	(131,041)
Garbage	64,800	54,479	-	-	(10,321)	(10,321)
Interest on long term debts	23,825	-	-	-	(23,825)	(23,825)
Total business-type activities	887,961	814,830		<u> </u>	(73,131)	(73,131)
Total	\$ 1,570,852	<u>\$ 1,262,522</u>	<u>\$ 31,400</u>	(203,799)	(73,131)	(276,930)
	General revenues:					
	Taxes -					
		evied for general purposes		18,181	-	18,181
		xes, levied for general purposes	S	97,182	-	97,182
	Franchise taxes			36,877	-	36,877
		outions not restricted to specific	programs	-	246,197	246,197
	License and permi			47,077 766	124	47,077 890
	Interest and invest Miscellaneous	ment earnings		18,674	12,057	
	Transfers					30,731
		1. 6		(2,400)	2,400	
	I otal genera	l revenues and transfers		216,357	260,778	477,135
	Change in no	et position		12,558	187,647	200,205
	Net position - beginn	ning		2,059,462	2,279,247	4,338,709
	Net position - ending	5		\$ 2,072,020	\$ 2,466,894	\$ 4,538,914

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **FUND DESCRIPTIONS**

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Enterprise Fund**

### **Utility Fund -**

To account for the provision of water, sewerage, natural gas and sanitation services to residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund June 30, 2023

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Receivables Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 559,295 28,344 87,119 \$ 674,758
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilitites	\$ 9,133
Fund balances - Unassigned	665,625
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 674,758

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances for governmental fund at June 30, 2023

\$ 665,625

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land	\$ 104,436	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$685,425 accumulated depreciation	659,805	
Vehicles, equipment, furniture, net of \$283,091 accumulated depreciation	54,555	
Infrastructure, net of \$351,438 accumulated depreciation	736,882	1,555,678

Long-term liabilities that are excluded from governmental funds are included in the government wide statements.

Compensated absences	(1,421)
Notes payable	(147,862) (149,283)

Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2023

\$2,072,020

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund
Revenues:	
Taxes	\$ 152,240
Licenses and permits	47,077
Intergovernmental	38,300
Fines and forfeits	447,692
Miscellaneous	12,540
Total revenues	697,849
Expenditures:	
Current -	
General government	224,364
Public safety:	
Police	311,100
Public works:	
Streets and facilities	51,739
Capital outlay	50,560
Debt service:	
Principal	8,295
Interest	6,705
Total expenditures	652,763
Excess of revenues	
over expenditures	45,086
Other financing sources (uses):	
Transfers out	(2,400)
Net changes in fund balances	42,686
Fund balances, beginning	622,939
Fund balances, ending	\$ 665,625

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total net changes in fund balances at June 30, 2023 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

\$ 42,686

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

The issuance of of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing long term debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the net repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The following is the net effect of long term debt transactions at June 30, 2023.

Repayment of debt principal

8,295

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay which is considered expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

\$ 50,560

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2023

(88,983) (38,423)

Total changes in net position at June 30, 2023 per Statement of Activities

\$ 12,558

## Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023

	Utility Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	¢ 205.205
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Receivables:	\$ 395,295
Accounts receivable	58,231
Unbilled utility receivables	32,933
Prepaid gas	5,583
Total current assets	492,042
Noncurrent assets:	472,042
Restricted assets -	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	127,917
Capital assets:	,
Land	81,131
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,780,821
Total noncurrent assets	2,989,869
Total assets	\$ 3,481,911
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 57,434
Due to other funds	87,119 57,705
Notes payable - current Payable from restricted assets -	57,705
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets	127,917
Deferred revenue	16,384
Total current liabilities	346,559
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	4,068
Notes payable - noncurrent	664,390
Total noncurrent liabilities	668,458
Total liabilities	1,015,017
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	2,139,857
Unrestricted	327,037
Total net position	\$ 2,466,894

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Utility Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services -	
Gas charges	\$ 236,723
Water charges	464,460
Sewer charges	59,168
Garbage	54,479
Miscellaneous	12,057
Total operating revenues	826,887
Operating expenses:	
Salaries	145,930
Payroll taxes	11,163
Retirement expense	1,200
Group health insurance	19,028
Maintenance and repairs	116,794
Professional fees	59,646
Utilities and telephone	70,242
General insurance	32,770
Office expense	18,121
Supplies and parts	23,571
Purchases	81,009
Garbage collection fees	43,049
Auto and truck expense	14,570
Depreciation expense	187,933
Dues and fees	16,332
Meals, lodging and travel	5,157
Miscellaneous	17,621
Total operating expenses	864,136
Operating loss	(37,249)

16 (continued)

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Utility Enterprise Fund
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Federal grants	246,197
Interest income	124
Interest expense	(23,825)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	222,496
Income before contributions and transfers	185,247
Transfers in	2,400
Change in net position	187,647
Net position, beginning	2,279,247
Net position, ending	\$ 2,466,894

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Utility Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 820,994
Payments to suppliers	(459,364)
Payments to employees	(177,321)
Net cash provided by operating activities	184,309
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Transfers from other funds	2,400
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(260,605)
Proceeds from grants	139,763
Deferred revenue	16,384
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(104,458)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	124
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	82,375
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	377,806
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 460,181

(continued)

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund - (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Utility Enterprise Fund
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (37,249)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	187,933
Changes in current assets and liabilities:	
Increase in accounts receivable	(12,780)
Increase in unbilled utility receivable	(2,121)
Increase in meter deposits	9,008
Increase in accounts payable and other liabilities	39,518
Total adjustments	221,558
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 184,309</u>
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, beginning of period-	
Cash- unrestricted	\$ 321,928
Cash- restricted	118,909
Less: interest-bearing deposits with a maturity over three months	(63,031)
Total cash and interest-bearing deposits	377,806
Cash and interest-bearing deposits, end of period-	
Cash- unrestricted	395,295
Cash- restricted	127,917
Less: interest-bearing deposits with a maturity over three months	(63,031)
Total cash and interest-bearing deposits	460,181
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 82,375</u>

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### (1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Forest Hill (Village) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Forest Hill was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Village operates under the Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. Services provided by the Village include police protection, street maintenance, drainage, recreation, sanitation and utility systems including natural gas, sewer and water distribution systems.

This report includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Village executive and legislative branches (the Mayor and Board of Aldermen). Control by or dependence on the Village was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, authority to issue debt, election or appointment of governing body, and other general oversight responsibility.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Village and for each function of the Village's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type: and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The major funds of the Village are described below:

Governmental Funds -

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Fund -

#### Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Village of Forest Hill's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

#### C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits,

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Village. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables."

Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and intergovernmental revenue. Business-type activities report customer's utility service receivables as their major receivables. No allowance for uncollectible receivables is recorded in the General Fund or the Utility Fund at June 30, 2023. Unbilled utility service receivables resulting from utility services rendered between the date of meter reading and billing and the end of the month were \$32,933 at June 30, 2023.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Plant and equipment	5-50 years
Buildings and improvements	10-20 years
Vehicles	5 years
Infrastructure	5-50 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash of the proprietary fund that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets for the proprietary fund are related to meter deposits.

#### Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and notes payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave are recorded as expenditures of the period in which paid. Vacation is normally taken in the year accrued, but a maximum of 80 hours can be carried over. All full-time employees are allowed 96 hours of annual sick leave. All unused sick leave may be carried over, to a maximum amount of 760 hours of which none is paid out upon termination. At June 30, 2023 the Village had a liability of compensated absences reported from governmental employees of \$1,421 and a liability from business type employees of \$4,068.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires an entity to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, entities are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. As of June 30, 2023 the Village had deferred inflows of \$16,384 consisting of deferred federal American Rescue Plan Act revenues to be recognized as revenue when the funds are expended.

#### **Equity Classifications**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of revenues less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the government-wide statements, the Village reports three components as follows:

- a. Net investment in capital assets This component consists of net capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position This component is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Village's debt. Restricted net position is restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.
- c. Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the Village.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows.

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Board of Aldermen, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Village.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Village's adopted policy, only the Board of Aldermen may assign amounts for specified purposes.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Village considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Village considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Village has provided otherwise in their commitment or assignment actions.

Proprietary (Utility) fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (2) Ad Valorem Taxes

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Rapides Parish. Property taxes are limited to an assessment for general alimony as permitted by State Law. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are due on or before January 1<sup>st</sup> of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed by the Village's General Fund.

For the year ended December 31, 2022 taxes of 4.93 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$3,660,530 and were dedicated for general corporate purposes.

#### (3) Sales and Use Tax

Sales taxes are collected by the Parish of Rapides and remitted to the Village on a monthly basis. The Village has levied sales taxes described as follows:

a) Under the terms of a sales tax proposition approved by the voters of Rapides Parish, the Village is entitled to receive a portion of a 1% sales tax collected on a parish-wide basis. The tax is available for the General Fund's use for any lawful general purpose.

#### (4) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Village may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Village may invest in certificates and time deposits of the state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2023, the Village had cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$1,082,507 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$	911,276
Time deposits		171,231
Total	\$ 1	,082,507

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits, (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance (FDIC) or similar federal security or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the Village or the pledging fiscal agent bank by a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2023, are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$ 1,085,398
Federal deposit insurance Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank not in the Village's name	\$ 391,224 694,174
Total	\$ 1,085,398

#### (5) Receivables

Receivables consisted of the following:

	General	Utility	Total	
Accounts	\$ -	\$ 58,231	\$ 58,231	
Unbilled accounts	-	32,933	32,933	
Taxes:				
Sales tax	8,308	-	8,308	
Franchise tax	6,490	-	6,490	
AMS - Fines	4,408	-	4,408	
Insurance Premiums	5,238	-	5,238	
DOTD Revenue	3,900		3,900	
Totals	\$ 28,344	\$ 91,164	\$119,508	

#### (6) <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets consisted of the following:

Business-Type Activites Utility Fund-Meter Deposits

\$ 127,917

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements

## (7) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Begin	ning					I	Ending
	Bala	nce	A	dditions	Del	etions	F	Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 7	7,436	\$	27,000	\$	-	\$	104,436
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements	1,339	9,530		5,700		-	1	,345,230
Vehicles, equipment, furn & fixtures	319	9,786		17,860		-		337,646
Infrastructure	1,08	8,320				-	_1	,088,320
Total other capital assets	2,74	7,636		23,560		-	2	,771,196
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements	64	1,287		44,138		-		685,425
Vehicles, equipment, furn & fixtures	27	3,472		9,619		-		283,091
Infrastructure	31	6,212		35,226		-		351,438
Total accumulated depreciation	1,23	0,971		88,983		-	_1	,319,954
Total capital assets being								
depreciated	1,51	6,665		(65,423)		-	_1	,451,242
Governmental activities,								
capital assets, net	\$1,59	4,101	\$	(38,423)	\$	_	\$1	,555,678

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 12,696
Police protections	3,155
Streets and public facilities	73,132
Total depreciation expense	\$ 88,983

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Beginning Balance	Additio	ons Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 51,131	\$ 30,0	000 \$ -	\$ 81,131
Construction in progress	3,725	-	3,725	<del>-</del>
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	54,856	30,0	000 3,725	81,131
Other capital assets:				<u> </u>
Water system	3,295,104	933,	278 20,120	4,208,262
Natural gas system	961,466		- -	961,466
Sewer system	1,761,604		147 -	1,784,751
Total other capital assets	6,018,174	956,4	425 20,120	6,954,479
Less accumulated depreciation		· -	<u> </u>	
Water system	2,417,605	99,9	930 20,120	2,497,415
Natural gas system	696,879			726,416
Sewer system	891,361			949,827
Total accumulated depreciation	4,005,845			4,173,658
Total capital assets being				.,170,000
depreciated	2,012,329	768,	492 -	2,780,821
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$2,067,185	\$ 798,	492 \$ -	\$2,861,952
Depreciation expense was charged	l to business-ty	ype activiti	es as follows:	
Water				\$ 99,930
Gas				29,537
Sewer				58,466
Total depreciation expense				\$ 187,933
Accounts and Other Payables				
		nmental	Business-Type	
	Acti	vities	Activities	Total
Accounts payable	\$ 9	9,133	\$ 34,045	\$ 43,178
Accrued expenses		-	23,390	23,390
Compensated absences	1	,421	4,068	5,489
Customer deposits		<u>-</u>	127,917	127,917
Totals	<u>\$ 10</u>	),554	\$ 189,420	\$ 199,974

(8)

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### (9) <u>Changes in Long-Term Debt</u>

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Village for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Governmental		Business-Type	
	Activities		Activities	
	General		Note	
	Obligation		Payable	
Long-term debt as of July 1, 2022	\$ 156,157	\$	-	
Additions	-		722,095	
Retirements	(8,295)			
Long-term debt as of June 30, 2023	\$ 147,862	\$	722,095	

Governmental Activities:

General obligation bonds-

\$250,000 Public Improvement Bonds, dated June 22, 2006, due in monthly installments of \$1,250 including interest at 4.375% from July 22, 2006 through June 22, 2036; payable from general fund revenues.

5 147,862

The debt as of June 30, 2023 is due as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal payments	Interest payments	Total payments
2024	Φ 0.660	Ф (22)	2
2024	\$ 8,668	\$ 6,33	2 \$ 15,000
2025	9,057	5,94	3 15,000
2026	9,463	5,53	7 15,000
2027	9,888	5,11	2 15,000
2028	10,332	4,66	8 15,000
2029-2033	59,050	15,95	75,000
2034-2036	41,404	2,81	8 44,222
Total	\$ 147,862	\$ 46,36	0 \$ 194,222

Business Type Activities:

Capital lease, Water meters -

\$722,095 capital lease payable dated October 28, 2022 due in annual installments of \$93,016, including interest of 4.89%, through October 28, 2032, payable from utility fund revenues.

\$ 722,095

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The debt as of June 30, 2023 is due as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal payments	Interest payments	Total payments	
2024	\$ 57,705	\$ 35,311	\$ 93,016	
2025	60,527	32,489	93,016	
2026	63,487	29,529	93,016	
2027	66,591	26,425	93,016	
2028	69,848	23,168	93,016	
2029-2033	403,937	61,140	465,077	
Total	\$ 722,095	\$ 208,062	\$ 930,157	

#### (10) Employee Retirement

The Village has elected the U.S Conference of Mayors Deferred Compensation Program as a pension plan for its eligible employees and elected officials. The Village will make a matching contribution into the Deferred Compensation Plan of 50% of the participant's contribution to a maximum of 7.5% of their annual salary. Eligible employees must be employed with the Village one year before being eligible to withdraw any matching funds. The Village is current on matching employee contributions at June 30, 2023. Contributions to the plan during the year ending June 30, 2023 are immaterial to the financial statements as a whole.

#### (11) Compensation of Village Officials

A detail of compensation paid to the Board of Aldermen for the year ended June 30, 2023 follows:

Jerriot Robinson	\$ 2,40	0
Karen Carroll	2,40	0
Belinda Spiller	2,40	0
Garland Carrol	2,40	0
Danny Perkins	4,80	0
Total	<u>\$ 14,40</u>	0

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### (12) Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head

The schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to Elizabeth Ann Jeter, Mayor, for the year ended June 30, 2023 follows:

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 15,600
Registration fees	135
Total	\$ 15,735

#### (13) <u>Pending Litigation</u>

At June 30, 2023 the Village was not involved in any lawsuits claiming damages that would not be adequately covered by liability insurance.

### (14) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Village is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of health care, general and auto liability, property hazards and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the past three years.

#### (15) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

A. Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

	Receivable	Payable
Governmental Fund: General Fund	\$ 87,119	\$ -
Proprietary Fund: Utility Fund	<del>-</del>	87,119
Total	\$ 87,119	\$ 87,119

The amounts due to the General Fund from various other funds are for reimbursements owed for expenditures paid for those funds.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### B. Transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 2,400
Proprietary Fund:		
Enterprise Fund	2,400	
Total	<u>\$ 2,400</u>	\$ 2,400

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.

#### (16) On-behalf Payments for Salaries

The Village of Forest Hill receives on-behalf payments from the State of Louisiana for police salaries. On-behalf payments to the Village totaled \$6,900 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Such payments are recorded as intergovernmental revenues and public safety expenditures in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud Original	lget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	Tillai	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 168,000	\$ 176,600	\$ 152,240	\$ (24,360)
Licenses and permits	30,000	38,400	47,077	8,677
Intergovernmental	23,800	15,000	38,300	23,300
Fines and forfeits	388,000	453,000	447,692	(5,308)
Miscellaneous	2,000	10,654	12,540	1,886
Total revenues	611,800	693,654	697,849	4,195
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	342,580	281,862	224,364	57,498
Public safety:				
Police	288,038	303,010	311,100	(8,090)
Public works:				
Streets	50,000	53,300	51,739	1,561
Capital outlay	-	-	50,560	(50,560)
Debt service:				
Principal	15,000	15,000	8,295	6,705
Interest	-	-	6,705	(6,705)
Total expenditures	695,618	653,172	652,763	409
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(83,818)	40,482	45,086	4,604
Other financing sources:				
Transfer to the Utility Fund	-	_	(2,400)	2,400
Total other financing				
sources			(2,400)	2,400
Net change in fund balance	(83,818)	40,482	42,686	7,004
Fund balance, beginning	622,939	622,939	622,939	<del>-</del>
Fund balance, ending	\$ 539,121	\$ 663,421	\$ 665,625	\$ 7,004

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### (1) <u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) Prior to June 15, the Village Clerk submits to the Mayor and Board of Alderman a proposed operating budget for the period commencing the following July 1.
- b) A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- c) A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- d) After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- e) Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving the increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Alderman.
- f) All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- g) Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Alderman. Such amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

#### (2) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The General Fund incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2022

	Governmental	Business-Type		2022
	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:	<b>* ** ** ** ** ** ** **</b>	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>.</b>	<b>#</b> 020 060
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 559,295	\$ 395,295	\$ 954,590	\$ 839,860
Investments	20 244	01 164	110 500	115 050
Receivables, net Internal balances	28,344 87,119	91,164 (87,119)	119,508	115,058
Prepaid items	0/,119	5,583	5,583	5,583
Total current assets	674,758	404,923	1,079,681	960,501
Total cultent assets	074,730	404,723	1,077,001	700,501
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	127,917	127,917	118,909
Capital assets:				
Land	104,436	81,131	185,567	128,567
Construction in progress	1 451 242	2 700 021	4 222 062	3,725
Capital assets, net	1,451,242	2,780,821	4,232,063	3,528,994
Total noncurrent assets	1,555,678	2,989,869	4,545,547	3,780,195
Total assets	\$2,230,436	\$ 3,394,792	\$ 5,625,228	\$4,740,696
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payables and other liabilites	\$ 9,133	\$ 57,434	\$ 66,567	\$ 14,998
Bonds/notes payable- current	8,668	57,705	66,373	8,295
Deferred revenue	-	16,384	16,384	106,434
Customer deposits payable		127,917	127,917	118,909
Total current liabilities	17,801	259,440	277,241	248,636
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	1,421	4,068	5,489	5,489
Bonds/notes payable- noncurrent	139,194	664,390	803,584	147,862
Total noncurrent liabilities	140,615	668,458	809,073	153,351
Total liabilities	158,416	927,898	1,086,314	401,987
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,407,816	2,139,857	3,547,673	3,505,129
Unrestricted	664,204	327,037	991,241	833,580
Total net position	\$2,072,020	\$ 2,466,894	\$ 4,538,914	\$4,338,709
1	· / · / ·	. , ,	. , ,-	. , -,

# Comparative Balance Sheet General Fund June 30, 2023 and 2022

	General		
	2023	2022	
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 559,295	\$ 517,932	
Receivables	28,344	38,795	
Due from other funds	87,119	72,455	
Total assets	\$ 674,758	\$ 629,182	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 9,133	\$ 6,243	
Fund balances -			
Unassigned	665,625	622,939	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 674,758	\$ 629,182	

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Actual Amounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2023 Variance with Final Budget Budget Positive 2022 Final Original Actual (Negative) Actual Taxes: 15,000 18,181 \$ Ad valorem \$ 18,200 (19)16,469 Sales tax 120,000 120,000 97,182 (22,818)115,706 Franchise taxes 33,000 38,400 36,877 34,334 (1,523)Total taxes 168,000 176,600 152,240 (24,360)166,509 Licenses and permits 30,000 38,400 47,077 8,677 40,308 Intergovernmental: State of Louisiana -On behalf payments 6,000 7,200 6,900 (300)6,000 Grass cutting 7,800 7,800 7,800 11,700 Other 10,000 23,600 23,600 Total intergovernmental 38,300 23,300 17,700 23,800 15,000 Fines and forfeits 453,000 394,040 388,000 447,692 (5,308)Miscellaneous: Interest income 766 766 1,507 2,000 Other sources 10,654 11,774 1,120 25,131 Total miscellaneous 2,000 10,654 12,540 1,886 26,638

\$ 693,654

\$ 697,849

4,195

\$ 645,195

\$ 611,800

Total revenues

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2023		
	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2022
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Current:					
General government -					
Salaries	\$ 92,000	\$110,400	\$ 90,011	\$ 20,389	\$ 88,317
Payroll taxes	9,180	8,500	5,056	3,444	4,013
Retirement	-	1,200	(1,250)	2,450	(1,250)
General insurance	15,000	622	622	-	8,508
Group health insurance	900	1,175	866	309	936
Professional fees	80,000	25,450	27,131	(1,681)	51,972
Office expenditures	15,000	22,100	22,043	57	13,781
Dues and subscriptions	1,500	860	855	5	817
Training and education	5,000	3,325	3,319	6	3,090
Utilities	60,000	54,425	53,761	664	47,162
Animal control expense	2,000	150	122	28	796
Town park expense	10,000	1,030	1,028	2	1,087
Maintenance and repairs	50,000	23,725	17,995	5,730	99,554
Miscellaneous	2,000	28,900	2,805	26,095	21,858
Total general government	342,580	281,862	224,364	57,498	340,641
Public safety -					
Police:					
Salaries	125,000	139,000	137,618	1,382	115,425
Payroll taxes	7,038	10,710	18,332	(7,622)	16,307
On behalf salaries	6,000	7,200	6,900	300	6,000
Group health insurance	30,000	20,300	9,272	11,028	1,949
Commercial insurance	· <u>-</u>	- -	574	(574)	6,143
Conventions and conferences	2,000	3,100	3,079	21	512
Gasoline expense	12,000	10,650	10,615	35	11,441
Magistrate expense	25,000	22,300	22,139	161	7,029
Police department expense	45,000	36,550	70,584	(34,034)	70,921
Repairs and maintenance	10,000	22,900	13,770	9,130	5,939
Telephone	25,000	26,100	14,092	12,008	11,676
Uniforms	1,000	4,200	4,125	75	935
Total public safety	288,038	303,010	311,100	(8,090)	254,277
		42			(continued)

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			2023		
	Buc	last		Variance with Final Budget Positive	2022
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Public works-	Original	Tillal	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Streets and facilities	50,000	53,300	51,739	1,561	27,687
Total public works	50,000	53,300	51,739	1,561	27,687
Capital outlay	-	-	50,560	(50,560)	28,109
Total capital outlay			50,560	(50,560)	28,109
Debt service:					
Principal	15,000	15,000	8,295	6,705	7,938
Interest	-	-	6,705	(6,705)	7,062
Total debt service	15,000	15,000	15,000		15,000
Total expenditures	\$ 695,618	\$ 653,172	\$ 652,763	\$ 409	\$ 665,714

## VILLAGE OF FOREST HILL, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

Schedule of Number of Utility Customers (Unaudited) June 30, 2023 and 2022

Records maintained by the Village indicated the following number of customers were being serviced during the months of June, 2023 and 2022:

Department	2023	2022		
Water (metered)	1,177	1,162		
Sewer	117	115		
Gas	447	434		
Sanitation	245	252		

# Comparative Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 395,295	\$ 321,928	
Receivables:			
Accounts receivable	58,231	45,451	
Unbilled utility receivables	32,933	30,812	
Prepaid gas	5,583	5,583	
Total current assets	492,042	403,774	
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets -	4.5.04.5	440.000	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	127,917	118,909	
Capital assets:			
Land	81,131	51,131	
Construction in progress	-	3,725	
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,780,821	2,012,329	
Total noncurrent assets	2,989,869	2,186,094	
Total assets	\$ 3,481,911	\$2,589,868	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 57,434	\$ 8,755	
Due to other funds	87,119	72,455	
Notes payable - current	57,705	-	
Deferred revenue	16,384	106,434	
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets	<u>127,917</u>	118,909	
Total current liabilities	346,559	306,553	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	4,068	4,068	
Bonds/notes payable-noncurrent	664,390		
Total noncurrent liabilities	668,458	4,068	
Total liabilities	1,015,017	310,621	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,139,857	2,067,185	
Unrestricted	327,037	212,062	
Total net position	\$ 2,466,894	\$2,279,247	

# VILLAGE OF FOREST HILL, LOUISIANA Enterprise Fund Utility Fund

# Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position-For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Total		Ga	ıs	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Operating revenues:					
Customer service charges	\$	814,830	\$ 778,271	\$ 236,723	\$ 249,476
Other		12,057	8,314	6,061	6,800
Total operating revenues	_	826,887	786,585	242,784	256,276
Operating expenses:					
Salaries		145,930	150,816	46,933	45,950
Payroll taxes		11,163	11,708	2,827	1,807
Retirement		1,200	1,200	-	-
Group health insurance		19,028	20,056	8,325	8,124
Maintenance and repairs		116,794	191,160	39,061	97,536
Professional fees		59,646	35,337	15,118	15,614
Utilities and telephone		70,242	64,621	23,241	21,506
General insurance		32,770	41,932	11,042	15,259
Office expense		18,121	17,754	7,430	6,894
Supplies and parts		23,571	23,240	838	13
Purchases		81,009	77,515	81,009	77,515
Garbage collection fees		43,049	42,876	-	-
Auto and truck expense		14,570	19,094	4,870	5,620
Depreciation expense		187,933	152,819	29,537	29,432
Dues and fees		16,332	17,271	2,553	722
Meals, lodging and travel		5,157	6,253	1,386	2,555
Miscellaneous		17,621	6,467	413	504
Total operating expenses		864,136	880,119	274,583	329,051
Operating income (loss)	_	(37,249)	(93,534)	\$ (31,799)	\$ (72,775)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Federal grants		246,197	49,713		
State grants		-	14,667		
Interest income		124	852		
Interest expense		(23,825)	(249)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		222,496	64,983		
Income before contributions and transfers	_	185,247	(28,551)		
Transfers in (out)		2,400	2,400		
Change in net position		187,647	(26,151)		
Net position, beginning		2,279,247	2,305,398		
Net position, ending	\$2	2,466,894 46	\$2,279,247		

Wa	ater		Sewer			Sanitation			
 2023		2022	2023		2022		2023		2022
\$ 464,460 5,996	\$	416,816 1,514	\$ 59,168	\$	57,990 -	\$	54,479 -	\$	53,989
470,456		418,330	 59,168		57,990		54,479		53,989
54,750		56,267	41,094		44,204		3,153		4,395
5,293		6,302	2,802		3,263		241		336
1,200		1,200	-		-		-		-
9,895		10,256	808		1,676		-		-
48,847		72,826	28,886		20,798		-		-
19,676		10,794	6,495		8,921		18,357		8
23,580		21,609	23,421		21,506		-		-
12,108		18,353	9,620		8,320		-		-
7,364		7,648	3,327		3,212		-		-
21,679		22,995	1,054		232		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		43,049		42,876
4,850		7,868	4,850		5,606		-		-
99,930		67,198	58,466		56,189		-		-
12,220		16,549	1,559		-		-		-
3,072		2,253	699		1,445		-		_
10,080		2,710	7,128		3,253		-		-
 334,544		324,828	190,209		178,625		64,800		47,615
\$ 135,912	\$	93,502	\$ (131,041)	\$	(120,635)	\$	(10,321)	\$	6,374

#### VILLAGE OF FOREST HILL

# Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by ACT 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session General Fund Cash Basis Presentation Year Ended June 30, 2023

	First Six Month	Second Six
	Period Ended	Month Period
	12/31/2022	Ended 6/30/2023
Beginning balance of amounts collected	\$ -	\$ -
Add: Collections		
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	179,097	269,996
Less: Disbursements to Governments and Nonprofits		
CMIS - Treasurer, State of La – CMIS	15,403	32,097
Crime Stoppers – Crime Stoppers of Cenla, Inc.	748	1,492
Spinal Cord – DHH-TH/SCI T.F.	1,100	2,555
Law Enforcement – La Commission of Law Enforcement	735	1,544
Supreme Court – La. Supreme Court (La Judicial College Form A)	184	386
Crime Lab – North La Criminalistics Laboratory	8,440	18,880
Less: Amounts retained by collecting agency		
Criminal Court Costs/Fees	152,487	213,042
Total Polymerous	170.007	200.000
Total disbursements	179,097	
Total ending balance of amounts collected but not disbursed/retained	\$ -	<u> </u>

# INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE

AND

**OTHER MATTERS** 

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Village of Forest Hill, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Forest Hill, Louisiana (the Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 3, 2023

#### Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings And Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Part I: Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan

#### A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

None reported.

#### B. <u>Compliance and other matters</u>

None reported.

#### Part II: Prior Year Findings:

#### A. <u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u>

#### 2022-001 <u>Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions</u>

CONDITION: The Village of Forest Hill does not have adequate internal controls over recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the additional costs required to achieve the desired benefit and determine if it is economically feasible in relation to the benefit received.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

#### B. Compliance and other matters

#### 2022-002 Budget Compliance

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: 2022

CONDITION: A budget variance occurred in the General Fund when total actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by more than 5%.

RECOMMENDATION: The Village should periodically compare actual activity to budgeted amounts and adopt budgetary amendments as necessary to cause compliance with state statute.

CURRENT STATUS: Resolved.

# **Village of Forest Hill, Louisiana**Forest Hill, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures Report

Fiscal Period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023

# **KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC**

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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Mayor, and Board of Alderman, Village of Forest Hill, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal period July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023. The Village of Forest Hill is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Village of Forest Hill has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purpose. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

#### 1) Written Policies and Procedures

- A. Obtained and inspected the entity's written policies and procedures and observed that they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations:
  - i) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
  - ii) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

- iii) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
- iv) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- v) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- vi) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- vii) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- viii) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- ix) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that document is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- x) **Debt Service**, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- xi) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.

#### We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

xii) *Prevention of Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

#### 2) Board or Finance Committee

- A. Obtained and inspected the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - Observed that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
  - ii) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, we observed that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
  - iii) For governmental entities, we obtained the prior year audit report and observed the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, we observed that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative assigned fund balance in the general fund.
  - iv) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

#### 3) Bank Reconciliations

- A. Obtained a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Asked management to identify the entity's main operating account. Selected the entity's main operating account and randomly selected 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly selected one month from the fiscal period, obtained and inspected the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observed that:
  - i) Bank reconciliations included evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
  - ii) Bank reconciliations included evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
  - iii) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement's closing date, if applicable.

#### 4) Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- A. Obtained a listing of deposit\_sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- B. For each deposit site selected, obtained a listing of collection\_locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtained and inspected written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observed that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - i) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
  - ii) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
  - iii) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
  - iv) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- C. Obtained from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observed the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- D. Randomly selected two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (selected the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly selected a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtained supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
  - i) Observed that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
  - ii) Traced sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
  - iii) Traced the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

- iv) Observed that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- v) Traced the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

# 5) Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- A. Obtained a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- B. For each location selected under #5A above, obtained a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtained written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquired of employees about their job duties), and observed that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - i) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
  - ii) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
  - iii) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
  - iv) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
  - v) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.
- C. For each location selected under #5A above, obtained the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtained management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly selected 5 disbursements for each location, obtained supporting documentation for each transaction and:
  - i) Observed whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
  - ii) Observed that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #5B above, as applicable.

D. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly selected 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observed that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved only by those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy. Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.

#### 6) Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- A. Obtained from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete.
- B. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly selected 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly selected one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtained supporting documentation, and:
  - i) Observed that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]
  - ii) Observed that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- C. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #6B above, excluding fuel cards, randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtained supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observed that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

#### 7) Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

A. Obtained from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly selected 5 reimbursements, obtained the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:

- i) If reimbursed using a per diem, observed the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (www.gsa.gov).
- ii) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
- iii) Observed that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by Written Policies and Procedures procedure #1A(vii.)
- iv) Observed each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

#### 8) Contracts

- A. Obtained from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list. Obtained management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
  - i) Observed that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
  - ii) Observed whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
  - iii) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observed that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
  - iv) Randomly selected one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtained the supporting invoice, agreed the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

#### 9) Payroll and Personnel

A. Obtained a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 employees or officials, obtained related paid salaries and personnel files, and agreed paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.

- B. Randomly selected one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #9A above, obtained attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
  - i) Observed all selected employees/officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, an elected official is not eligible to earn leave and does not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
  - ii) Observed whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
  - iii) Observed any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
  - iv) Observed the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- C. Obtained a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly selected two employees or officials, obtained related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agreed the hours to the employee or official's cumulate leave records, agreed the pay rates to the employee or official's authorized pay rates in the employee or official's personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- D. Obtained management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

#### 10) Ethics

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedure #9A obtain ethics documentation from management, and
  - i Observe whether the documentation demonstrates that each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:1170; and
  - ii Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates that each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- B. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R. S. 42:1170.

#### 11) Debt Service

- A. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all debt instruments on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed State Bond Commission approval, as required by Article VII, Section 8 of the Louisiana Constitution, was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- B. Obtained a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected one bond/note, inspected debt covenants, obtained supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agreed actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

#### 12) Fraud Notice

- A. Obtained a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Selected all misappropriations on the listing, obtained supporting documentation, and observed that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled as required by R.S. 24:523.
- B. Observed the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

#### 13) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/ Business Continuity

- A. Performed the following procedures, verbally discussed the results with management, and report "We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management."
  - i) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observed that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observed evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
  - ii) Obtained and inspected the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquired of personnel responsible for testing/ verifying backup restoration) and observed evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
  - iii) Obtained a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly selected 5 computers and observed while management demonstrated that the selected computers

have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

B. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #9C.

Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed from or disabled from the network.

#### We performed the procedures and discussed the results with management.

#### 14) Prevention of Sexual Harassment

- A. Using the 5 randomly selected employee/officials from Payroll and Personnel procedures #9A, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year as required by R.S. 42:343.
- B. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- C. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that the report includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
  - i) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements.
  - ii) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency.
  - iii) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred.
  - iv) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective actions, and
  - v) The amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

#### **Findings:**

No exceptions were found as a result of applying procedures listed above except:

#### **Board Program:**

The Village of Forest Hill's Board members did not receive written updates of the progress of resolving audit findings according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

#### **Cash Collections:**

The Village of Forest Hill's collection clerks have the ability to share cash drawers.

#### **Management's Response:**

The management of the Village of Forest Hill concurs with the exception and are working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the Village of Forest Hill to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Village of Forest Hill and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC
Certified Public Accountants

Alexandria, Louisiana November 3, 2023