Pennington Medical Foundation Baton Rouge, Louisiana December 31, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Officers and Board of Trustees Pennington Medical Foundation Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pennington Medical Foundation (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pennington Medical Foundation as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hawthorn, Waymouth & Carroll, LLP. May 14, 2020

Pennington Medical Foundation Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2019 and 2018

Assets

	2019		2018	
Current Assets				
Cash	\$	925	\$	9,800
Investments, at fair value		715,265		834,856
Accrued royalties		6,436		7,960
Prepaid expenses		2,250		1,068
Total assets	\$	724,876	\$	853,684
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	5,454
Due to related parties		8,165		8,509
Total liabilities		8,165		13,963
Net Assets				
Without donor restrictions		716,711		839,721
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	724,876	\$	853,684

Pennington Medical Foundation Statements of Activities Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

Changes in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	2019	2018		
Revenue and Gains				
Investment income	\$ 5,664	\$ 62,506		
Total revenue and gains	5,664	62,506		
Expenses				
Program services	106,610	199,341		
General and administrative	22,064	30,409		
Total expenses	128,674	229,750		
Decrease in Net Assets	(123,010)	(167,244)		
Net Assets				
Beginning of year	839,721	1,006,965		
End of year	\$ 716,711	\$ 839,721		

Pennington Medical Foundation Statements of Functional Expenses Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019				2018							
	Program General and			Total	Program		General and		Total			
		Services	Adm	inistrative	E	xpenses		Services	Adm	inistrative	<u>E</u>	xpenses
Pennington Biomedical Research Center:												
Executive Director Funds	\$	7,143	\$	-	\$	7,143	\$	38,297	\$	-	\$	38,297
Projects		49,467		-		49,467		66,069		-		66,069
MD salary supplements		50,000		-		50,000		50,000		-		50,000
Contracts and supplements		-		-		-		44,975		-		44,975
Professional fees		-		12,720		12,720		-		20,722		20,722
Office expense		-		1,535		1,535		-		184		184
Taxes		-		4,273		4,273		-		5,403		5,403
Insurance				3,536		3,536	_			4,100		4,100
Total functional expenses	\$	106,610	<u>\$</u>	22,064	<u>\$</u>	128,674	\$	199,341	\$	30,409	\$	229,750

Pennington Medical Foundation Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Decrease in net assets without donor restrictions	\$	(123,010)	\$	(167,244)
Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net assets without				
donor restrictions to net cash used in operating activities:				
Realized and unrealized losses on investments		50,428		39,652
(Increase) Decrease in assets:				
Accrued royalties		1,524		(1,687)
Prepaid expenses		(1,182)		1,964
Increase (Decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable		(5,454)		(11,132)
Due to related parties		(344)		88
Net cash used in operating activities		(78,038)		(138,359)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments		(16,663)		(30,434)
Proceeds from sale of investments		85,826		173,893
Net cash provided by investing activities		69,163		143,459
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		(8,875)		5,100
Cash, beginning of year	_	9,800		4,700
Cash, end of year	\$	925	<u>\$</u>	9,800

Note 1-Nature of Operations

Pennington Medical Foundation (the "Foundation") is a non-profit trust created in 1980 exclusively for scientific purposes in constructing and equipping Pennington Biomedical Research Center (the "Center"), a campus of the Louisiana State University System. The Foundation provides financial support, in conjunction with Pennington Biomedical Research Foundation (the "Research Foundation"), for medical research conducted at the Center. The primary source of revenue for the Foundation is from investment earnings.

Note 2-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been presented on the accrual method of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions include those net assets whose use by the Foundation is not restricted by donors, even though their use may be limited in other respects, such as by contract or board designation. Net assets with donor restrictions are those net assets received with donor-imposed restrictions limiting the Foundation's use of the assets. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Foundation had no net assets with donor restrictions.

C. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Foundation utilizes various investment instruments which, by nature, are exposed to a variety of risk levels and risk types, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported on the Statements of Financial Position.

D. New Accounting Pronouncement

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, to replace a wide range of industry-specific rules with a broad, principles-based framework for recognizing and measuring revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance is codified at FASB ASC 606. The core principle of the new guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to reflect the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount equal to the consideration the entity receives or expects to receive. All of the Foundation's revenue results from investment income, and is therefore exempt from the new guidance. Adoption of ASU 2014-09, which was effective for the Foundation on January 1, 2019, had no impact on the Foundation's financial statements.

Note 2-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Foundation considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, unless held for reinvestment as part of the investment portfolio, pledged to secure loan agreements or otherwise encumbered.

F. Investments

Investments in securities with readily determinable fair values are recorded at a value based on quoted market prices. For those investments where quoted prices are not available, management estimates fair value based on quoted prices for similar instruments with consideration of actively quoted interest rates, credit ratings and spreads, prepayment models, and collateral data. Dividend, interest, and other investment income are recorded as an increase in net assets with or without restrictions depending on donor stipulations.

G. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are capitalized at cost or, if donated, at fair value at the date of donation. Expenditures for major repairs and improvements that extend the useful lives of fixed assets are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and minor repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using straight line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives as follows: Equipment, 5-7 years.

H. Income Taxes

The Foundation has been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a not-for-profit organization as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes. However, income from certain activities not directly related to the Foundation's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income. As of December 31, 2019 the Foundation had no such income. The Foundation has been classified as an organization other than a private foundation.

Management has determined that there are no uncertain tax positions that would require recognition in the financial statements. If the Foundation were to incur an income tax liability in the future, interest on any income tax liability would be reported as interest expense and penalties on any income tax would be reported as income taxes. Management's conclusions regarding uncertain tax positions may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on ongoing analysis of tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof as well as other factors.

I. Functional Expenses

Expenses included in program services on the statements of functional expenses are those expenses that are directly identifiable with a specific program. General and administrative expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but rather provide for the overall support and direction of the Foundation.

Note 2-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Liquidity Management

As of December 31, 2019, the following financial assets could be made readily available within one year of the statement of financial position date to meet general expenditures:

Cash	\$	925
Accrued royalties		6,436
Investments		715,265
Total financial assets, period end		722,626
Less, those unavailable for general expenditures within one year, due to:		
Mineral interest		59,578
Illiquid investments	-	36,853
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for		
general expenditures within one year	\$	626,195

As part of its liquidity management, the Foundation has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations become due.

K. Reclassifications

Certain accounts in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements. The reclassifications had no effect on the net assets or the change in net assets as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Note 3-Investments

Investments at fair value are comprised of the following for the years ended December 31:

		2018		
Short-term investments	\$	618,834	\$	682,221
Hedge fund of funds		36,853		43,246
Mineral interest	-	59,578		109,389
Total investments, at fair value	\$	715,265	\$	834,856

Note 3-Investments (Continued)

Net investment income is comprised of the following for the years ended December 31:

	 2019	 2018
Interest and dividends	\$ 10,885	\$ 11,633
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(32,992)	13,731
Royalty income	28,757	38,376
Investment fees	 (986)	 (1,234)
Investment income, net	\$ 5,664	\$ 62,506

Note 4-Fixed Assets

The following schedule shows fixed assets for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
December 31, 2019				
Equipment	\$ 366,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 366,250
Less accumulated depreciation	(366,250)		-	(366,250)
Property and equipment, net	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -
December 31, 2018				
Equipment	\$ 366,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 366,250
Less accumulated depreciation	(366,250)			(366,250)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

Note 5-Fair Value Measurements

In accordance with the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of FASB ASC 820, disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the statements of financial position, is required. Fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instruments; therefore, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the Foundation.

Note 5-Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The fair value guidance provides a consistent definition of fair value, which focuses on exit pricing in an orderly transaction (that is, not a forced liquidation or distressed sale) between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. If there has been a significant decrease in the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability, a change in valuation technique or the use of multiple valuation techniques may be appropriate. In such instances, determining the price at which willing market participants would transact at the measurement date under current market conditions depends on the facts and circumstances and requires use of significant judgment. The fair value is a reasonable point within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the FASB ASC provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the framework are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement determined using model-based techniques that include option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The Foundation's investments in securities with readily determinable fair values are recorded at a value based on quoted market prices. For those investments where quoted prices are unavailable, management estimates fair value based on quoted prices for similar instruments with consideration of actively quoted interest rates, credit ratings and spreads, prepayment models, and collateral data. The Foundation utilizes several externally managed fund(s) of funds for private equity, venture capital, and hedge funds, and with these types of investments, quoted prices are often unavailable, and pricing inputs are generally unobservable. The Foundation relies on the valuation procedures and methodologies of the external managers hired specifically to invest in such securities or in strategies which employ such securities.

Note 5-Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are comprised of the following:

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Investments		\$ 715,265	\$ 834,856	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
December 31, 2019				
Short-term investments	\$ 618,834	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 618,834
Hedge fund of funds	-	-	36,853	36,853
Mineral interest			59,578	59,578
	\$ 618,834	<u> </u>	\$ 96,431	\$ 715,265
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
December 31, 2018				
Short-term investments	\$ 682,221	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 682,221
Hedge fund of funds	. · · · -	-	43,246	43,246
Mineral interest			109,389	109,389
	\$ 682,221	\$	\$ 152,635	\$ 834,856

The following table presents the changes in fair value of Level 3 instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2019.

				Realized & Unrealized		Change in Unrealized
	Level 3 Balance at Beginning of Year	Purchases	<u>Sales</u>	Gains (Losses) in Changes in Net Assets	Level 3 Balance at End of Year	Gains (Losses) for Investments Still Held at Year End
Hedge fund of funds Mineral interest	\$ 43,246 109,389	\$ -	\$ (5,776)	\$ (617) (49,811)	\$ 36,853 59,578	\$ (617) (49,811)
	\$ 152,635	<u>s -</u>	\$ (5,776)	\$ (50,428)	\$ 96,431	\$ (50,428)

Note 5-Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table presents the changes in fair value of Level 3 instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2018.

				Realized & Unrealized		Change in Unrealized
	Level 3 Balance at Beginning			Gains (Losses) in Changes in	Level 3 Balance at End	Gains (Losses) for Investments Still Held at
	of Year	<u>Purchases</u>	<u>Sales</u>	Net Assets	of Year	Year End
Hedge fund of funds Mineral interest	\$ 65.880 145,300	\$ -	\$ (18,893)	\$ (3,741) (35,911)	\$ 43,246 109,389	\$ (3.741) (35,911)
	\$ 211,180	<u>\$</u>	\$ (18,893)	\$ (39,652)	\$ 152,635	\$ (39,652)

Note 6-Related Party Transactions

The Foundation had the following related party transactions for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Pennington Biomedical Research Center

The Foundation is a Type III supporting organization of the Center, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service. As such, the Foundation provides annual financial support directly to or for the benefit of the Center for capital support and its medical research needs. Total program support of \$106,610 and \$199,341 was provided by the Foundation to or for the benefit of the Center for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The amount owed to the Center at December 31, 2019 and 2018 for this support and additional miscellaneous reimbursements was \$7,915 and \$7,955 respectively.

Pennington Biomedical Research Foundation

The Foundation maintains a memorandum of understanding with the Research Foundation, an organization related by common management, for providing accounting services and administrative support to the Foundation. The total amount paid by the Foundation for these services was \$2,895 and \$3,000 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, which is included in professional fees. The amount owed to the Research Foundation for these services and additional miscellaneous reimbursements at December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$250 and \$554, respectively.

Note 6-Related Party Transactions (Continued)

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the summarized amounts due to related parties are as follows:

Pennington Biomedical Research Center Program services support	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	
	\$	7,915	\$	7,955
Pennington Biomedical Research Foundation Accounting and administrative support		250	<u>*************************************</u>	554
Total due to related parties	\$	8,165	\$	8,509

Note 7-Subsequent Events

The Foundation evaluated all subsequent events through May 14, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The COVID-19 pandemic could impact the future financial stability of the Foundation due to possible market downturn. As of the date the financial statements were available to be issued, the financial impact could not be determined.