Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Honorable Taylor Mencacci, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Erath, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Erath, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 6 and 18 to the financial statements, in 2023, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Deidre L. Stock, CPA

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The justice system funding schedules, the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to the agency head, and the schedule of compensation paid to board members are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial states of America. In our opinion, the justice system funding schedules, the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to the agency head, and the schedule of compensation paid to board members are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of insurance in force, the schedule of number of utility customers and rates, the comparative statement of net position – proprietary funds, comparative statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – proprietary funds, budgetary comparison schedule – detail of revenue – general fund, budgetary comparison schedule – detail of expenditures – general fund, and budgetary comparison schedule – special parish tax fund but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 28, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 572,545	\$1,696,081	\$ 2,268,626
Accrued interest receivable	24	809	833
Accounts receivable, net	-	234,649	234,649
Unbilled service receivable, net	-	38,361	38,361
Leases receivable	40,949	-	40,949
Other receivables	7,758	-	7,758
Due from other governmental agencies	107,662	29,383	137,045
Internal balances	(172)	172	-
Restricted assets:			
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	-	547,246	547,246
Accrued interest receivable	-	47	47
Leases receivable, non-current	93,418	-	93,418
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	333,388	309,211	642,599
Depreciable	2,523,872	9,575,452	12,099,324
Total assets	3,679,444	12,431,411	16,110,855
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and accrued expenses	96,947	196,122	293,069
Other payables	-	3,696	3,696
Retainage payable	-	15,319	15,319
Customers' deposits	-	95,301	95,301
Accrued interest payable	292	6,235	6,527
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due or payable within one year -			
Revenue bonds payable	-	74,142	74,142
Certificates of indebtedness	24,000	-	24,000
Portion due or payable after one year -			
Revenue bonds payable	-	3,151,070	3,151,070
Certificates of indebtedness	76,000		76,000
Total liabilities	197,239	3,541,885	3,739,124
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Leases	134,367		134,367
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,757,260	6,644,132	9,401,392
Restricted for:	2,,2,,2,0	090 F 1940 m	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Tax dedications	435,216	-	435,216
Debt service	17,480	445,757	463,237
Unrestricted	137,882	1,799,637	1,937,519
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,347,838</u>	\$8,889,526	<u>\$ 12,237,364</u>

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues			(Expense) Revenu			
		Tasa Einas and	Operating Crowts and	Capital		hange in Net Positi	ion
Activities	Emparate	Fees, Fines, and	Grants and Contributions	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	Tatal
Governmental activities:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
	C 106 701	¢ (1000	¢ 15.077	r	¢ (000 104)	¢'	\$ (20/C 121)
General government	\$ 286,381	\$ 64,880	\$ 15.077	\$ -	\$ (206,424) (682,284)	\$ -	\$ (206,424)
Public safety	1,092,135	61,072	325,341	22,438	(683,284)	-	(683,284)
Public works	293,284	10,180	3,129	-	(279,975)	-	(279,975)
Economic development and assistance	2,000	-	-	-	(2,000)	-	(2,000)
Urban redevelopment and housing	41,674	-	38,400	-	(3,274)	-	(3,274)
Culture and recreation	65,015		14,342	9,020	(41,653)	-	(41,653)
Total governmental activities	1,780,489	136,132	396,289	31,458	(1,216,610)		(1,216,610)
Business-type activities:							
Electric	1,840,586	2,347,496	4,445	-	-	511,355	511,355
Water	307,030	309,099	-	8,983	-	11,052	11,052
Sewer	519,058	404,928		83,657		(30,473)	(30,473)
Total business-type activities	2,666,674	3,061,523	4,445	92,640	-	491,934	491,934
Total	4,447,163	3,197,655	400,734	124,098	(1,216,610)	491,934	(724,676)
	General revenu	es:					
	Taxes -						
	Property ta:	kes, levied for general pur	poses		22,189	-	22,189
	Sales and u	se taxes, levied for genera	l purposes		324,856	-	324,856
	Franchise ta	ixes			37,964	-	37,964
	Other				7,120	-	7,120
	Licenses and	permits			110,797	-	110,797
	Grants and co	ontributions not restricted	to specific programs	\$	4,082	-	4,082
	Interest and i	nvestment earnings			1,232	7,455	8,687
	Miscellaneou	s			5,567	-	5,567
	Transfers				698,798	(698,798)	-
	Total ge	eneral revenues and transf	ers		1,212,605	(691,343)	521,262
	Change	in net position			(4,005)	(199,409)	(203,414)
	Net position, b	eginning			3,351,843	9,088,935	12,440,778
	Net position, er	nding			<u>\$ 3,347,838</u>	<u>\$ 8,889,526</u>	\$12,237,364

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General	Sales Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 119,549	\$ 403,752	\$ 34,708	\$ 558,009
Interest-bearing deposits	-	14,536	-	14,536
Receivables:				
Accrued interest	-	24	-	24
Other	4,484	-	3,274	7,758
Lease receivable, current	40,949	-	-	40,949
Due from other governmental agencies	7,842	29,320	38,400	75,562
Due from other funds	30,826	-	-	30,826
Lease receivable, non-current	93,418			93,418
Total assets	<u>\$ 297,068</u>	\$ 447,632	<u>\$ 76,382</u>	<u>\$ 821,082</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 18,481	\$ 8,565	\$ 44,366	\$ 71,412
Due to other funds	169	-	30,829	30,998
Accrued expenses	20,497	3,851	1,187	25,535
Total liabilities	39,147	12,416	76,382	127,945
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Leases	134,367			134,367
Fund balances:				
Restricted	17,480	435,216	_	452,696
Unassigned	106,074		_	106,074
Total fund balances		425 216		
rotar fund barances	123,554	435,216		558,770
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 297,068</u>	\$ 447,632	\$ 76,382	<u>\$ 821,082</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	558,770
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets, net			2,857,260
Long-term liablities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds.			
Accrued interest payable Bonds payable	(292) _(100,000)		(100,292)
Sales taxes which are not "measurable" at year-end and therefore			
are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures are not reported in the governmental funds.			32,100
Total net position of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	3,347,838

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Other Governmental	
	General	Sales Tax	Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 67,273	\$ 323,769	S -	\$ 391,042
Licenses and permits	110,797	-	-	110,797
Intergovernmental	325,484	-	74,170	399,654
Charges for services	21,053	-	-	21,053
Fines and forfeitures	39,583	-	-	39,583
Interest	-	1,117	-	1,117
Miscellaneous	99,784	10,180	3,274	113,238
Total revenues	663,974	335,066	77,444	1,076,484
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	278,772	-	-	278,772
Public safety	843,517	-	165,549	1,009,066
Economic development				
and assistance	2,000	-	-	2,000
Culture and recreation	55,296	-	-	55,296
Urban redevelopment and housing	-	-	41,674	41,674
Public works	-	231,504	-	231,504
Debt service -				
Principal	47,000	-	-	47,000
Interest	4,218	-	-	4,218
Capital outlay	198,404	4,236	8,725	211,365
Total expenditures	1,429,207	235,740	215,948	1,880,895
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(765,233)	99,326	(138,504)	(804,411)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	723,113	-	138,504	861,617
Transfers out	(103,504)	(59,315)		(162,819)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	619,609	(59,315)	138,504	698,798
Net change in fund balances	(145,624)	40,011	-	(105,613)
Fund balances, beginning	269,178	395,205		664,383
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 123,554</u>	\$ 435,216	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 558,770</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (105,613)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	\$ 210,967	
Depreciation expense	(157,532)	53,435
Because some revenues are not measurable at year end, they are not		
considered available in the governmental funds:		
Sales taxes		1,054
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds		
and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement		
of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities		
and does not affect the statement of activites. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the		
liability in the statement of activities.		
Principal payments		47,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the		
use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as		
expenditures in governmental funds.		
Decrease in accrued interest payable		119
Change in net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (4,005</u>)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Utility	Sewerage Utility	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 505,726	\$ 113,449	\$ 619,175
Interest-bearing deposits	1,019,802	57,104	1,076,906
Accrued interest receivable	768	41	809
Accounts receivable, net	199,968	34,681	234,649
Unbilled service receivable, net	33,802	4,559	38,361
Due from other governmental agencies	-	29,383	29,383
Interfund receivables	172	-	172
Total current assets	1,760,238	239,217	1,999,455
Restricted assets:			
Cash	29,502	451,992	481,494
Interest-bearing deposits	65,752	-	65,752
Accrued interest receivable	47		47
Total restricted assets	95,301	451,992	547,293
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,313,685	7,570,978	9,884,663
Total assets	4,169,224	8,262,187	12,431,411
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	155,208	40,914	196,122
Retainage payable	-	15,319	15,319
Other payables	3,696		3,696
Total	158,904	56,233	215,137
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):			
Customers' deposits	95,301	-	95,301
Accrued interest payable	-	6,235	6,235
Current portion of long term debt	-	74,142	74,142
Total	95,301	80,377	175,678
Total current liabilities	254,205	136,610	390,815
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long term debt		3,151,070	3,151,070
Total liabilities	254,205	3,287,680	3,541,885
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,313,685	4,330,447	6,644,132
Restricted for debt service	-	445,757	445,757
Unrestricted	1,601,334	198,303	1,799,637
Total net position	\$3,915,019	\$4,974,507	\$8,889,526

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Sewerage	
	Utility	Utility	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$2,618,977	\$ 404,928	\$3,023,905
Miscellaneous	37,618		37,618
Total operating revenues	2,656,595	404,928	3,061,523
Operating expenses:			
Salaries	163,050	39,309	202,359
Payroll taxes	12,387	2,980	15,367
Retirement	4,120	1,180	5,300
Group insurance	33,776	8,444	42,220
Worker's compensation insurance	3,390	1,606	4,996
Purchase of electric power	1,543,873	-	1,543,873
Materials and supplies	88,682	6,327	95,009
Maintenance and repairs	31,960	9,161	41,121
Fuel, gas and oil	4,211	1,864	6,075
Telephone and utilities	35,374	95,516	130,890
Insurance	54,922	17,648	72,570
Depreciation	109,646	235,086	344,732
Contractual services	15,600	-	15,600
Professional fees	35,822	8,137	43,959
Equipment rental	290	248	538
Other	10,513	12,549	23,062
Total operating expenses	2,147,616	440,055	2,587,671
Operating income (loss)	508,979	(35,127)	473,852
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses):			
Interest income	6,782	673	7,455
Interest expense	-	(79,003)	(79,003)
Grant revenue	13,428	83,657	97,085
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	20,210	5,327	25,537
Income (loss) before transfers	529,189	(29,800)	499,389
Transfers out	(698,798)		(698,798)
Change in net position	(169,609)	(29,800)	(199,409)
Net position, beginning	4,084,628	5,004,307	9,088,935
Net position, ending	\$3,915,019	<u>\$4,974,507</u>	<u>\$8,889,526</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Utility	Sewerage Utility	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$2,638,665	\$ 405,309	\$3,043,974
Payments to suppliers	(1,864,007)	(164,842)	(2,028,849)
Payments to employees and for employee-related costs	(215,594)	(53,547)	(269,141)
Other receipts	37,618	-	37,618
Net cash provided by operating activities	596,682	186,920	783,602
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Transfers to other funds	(698,798)		(698,798)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(698,798)		(698,798)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Principal paid on long-term debt	-	(72,225)	(72,225)
Interest paid on long-term debt	-	(79,230)	(79,230)
Purchase and construction of capital assets	(98,164)	(184,428)	(282,592)
Grants and other contributions received	13,428	83,383	96,811
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing			
activities	(84,736)	(252,500)	(337,236)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds of interest-bearing deposits with maturity			
in excess of ninety days	1,080,670	56,933	1,137,603
Purchase of interest-bearing deposits with maturity			
in excess of ninety days	(1,085,554)	(57,104)	(1,142,658)
Interest on investments	6,778	673	7,451
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,894	502	2,396
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(184,958)	(65,078)	(250,036)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	720,186	630,519	1,350,705
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 535,228	<u>\$ 565,441</u>	<u>\$1,100,669</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Utility	Sewerage Utility	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 508,979	\$ (35,127)	\$ 473,852
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by operating activities -			
Depreciation	109,646	235,086	344,732
Provision for bad debts	6,086	1,074	7,160
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Accounts and other receivables	13,878	(693)	13,185
Interfund receivables	10	(13,503)	(13,493)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(41,917)	83	(41,834)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 596,682</u>	<u>\$ 186,920</u>	\$ 783,602
Cash and cash equivalents reported on statement of net position as:			
Current - cash	\$ 505,726	\$ 113,449	\$ 619,175
Restricted - cash	29,502	451,992	481,494
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 535,228</u>	<u>\$ 565,441</u>	\$1,100,669

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$25,928
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	8,214
NET POSITION	
Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$17,714

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Erath, Louisiana

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Fund
Additions: Bonds	\$ 6,863
Deductions: Payments of court costs to other governments	(10,740)
Net decrease in fiduciary net position	(3,877)
Net position, beginning	21,591
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 17,714</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Erath, Louisiana (Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsection of this note.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Town is incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town has no such component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Town, the primary government, as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, except fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town.

The various funds of the Town are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows or resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds -

General Fund - This is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Sales Tax Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds of a one percent sales and use tax that is legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These taxes are dedicated as described in Note 4.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Utility Fund – This fund accounts for the provision of electric and water services to the residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

Sewerage Utility Fund – This fund accounts for all activities associated with the provision of sewerage services including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

In addition, the Town reports the following:

The Town has one fiduciary fund, a Custodial Fund, which is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of third parties and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Town, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Sales taxes are considered measurable when in the hands of the Sales Tax Collector and are recognized as revenue at that time. Ad valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which budgeted, that is, in the year in which such taxes are billed and collected. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. All other receivables collected within 60 days after year end are considered available and recognized as revenue of the current year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Proprietary fund financial statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Town's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Town's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The Town reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered a direct expense and is reported as a direct expense in the public safety and sewer functions in the amount of \$4,218 and \$79,003, respectively.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Investments

Under state law the Town may deposit funds with a fiscal agent organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, government backed agency securities, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool.

Interfund receivables and payables

Short-term cash borrowings between funds are considered temporary in nature. These amounts are reported as "interfund receivables and payables" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Receivables

Accounts receivable and unbilled service receivable for the Utility Fund and Sewerage Utility Fund are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance amount at June 30, 2023 for the Utility Fund and the Sewerage Utility Fund accounts receivable was \$174,016 and \$18,294, respectively.

Leases receivable

The Town recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term. The Town measures the lease receivable at the present value of lease payments anticipated to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized on the lease receivable over the lease term using the effective interest method. The Town recognizes lease payments receivable as a reduction of the lease receivable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Prior to January 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20-40 years
Equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures	4-20 years
Utility system (electric, water and sewer)	20-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years
Land improvements	10-40 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Each employee earns a set amount of annual leave depending on years of service. Any amount not used in the year it is earned is lost; however, it may be converted to sick leave up to a 36-day maximum.

Upon termination, no payment is made for accrued and unused sick leave. However, any accumulated current year annual leave is paid to the employee. Any liability for this accumulated leave is determined immaterial to the financial statements at June 30, 2023 and, therefore, not recorded in the financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and interest-bearing deposits of the proprietary funds that are legally restricted as to their use. The restricted assets are related to utility meter deposits and revenue bonds.

Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of revenue bonds payable and certificates of indebtedness.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2023, the Town's deferred inflows of resources are attributable to lease revenue.

Equity Classifications

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Town reports three categories of net position, as follows:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Town's bonds. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. Constraints may be placed on the use, either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported \$898,453 of restricted net position, \$435,216 of which was restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position Net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in either of the other two categories of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund balances are classified as follows in the governmental fund financial statements:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Aldermen). Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board of Aldermen.
- d. Assigned amounts the government intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

			Total
	General		Governmental
	Fund	Sales Tax	Funds
Restricted:			
Public works	\$ -	\$435,216	435,216
Debt service	17,480	-	17,480
Unassigned	106,074		106,074
Total fund balances	<u>\$123,554</u>	<u>\$435,216</u>	<u>\$ 558,770</u>

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances are composed of the following:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed unless the Board of Aldermen has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures/expenses are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds and individual proprietary funds have been eliminated.

F. Revenue Restrictions

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue source is sales taxes as described in Note 4.

The Town uses unrestricted resources only when restricted resources are fully depleted.

G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(2) Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Town may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town's deposits may not be recovered or the Town will not be able to recover the collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk; however, under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. Deposit balances (bank balances) are secured as follows:

Bank balances	<u>\$ 2,845,680</u>
The Town's deposits are secured as follows:	
Insured deposits	1,000,000
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank, not in the Town's name	1,845,680
Total	\$ 2,845,680

(3) Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town on December 1 and are due by February 28. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, taxes of 3.6 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$6,545,883 and were dedicated for general purposes.

Total taxes levied were \$23,565. Taxes receivable at June 30, 2023 has not been recorded due to immateriality.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(4) <u>Dedication of Proceeds and Flow of Funds - 1 Percent Sales and Use Tax</u>

A one percent sales and use tax levied by the Town is dedicated to the following purposes:

The net proceeds can be used for constructing, acquiring, extending, improving and/or maintaining the Town's drainage facilities, streets, street lighting facilities, sidewalks, sewers and sewerage disposal works, public buildings and/or fire department stations and equipment; purchasing and acquiring equipment and furnishings for the aforesaid public works, buildings, improvements and facilities; and for paying principal and interest on any bonded or funded indebtedness of the Town.

Sales taxes recognized in the governmental fund financial statements under the modified accrual basis of accounting were \$323,769 while the amount recognized in the government-wide financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting was \$324,856.

(5) <u>Aged Accounts Receivable</u>

The Town is owed \$426,959 by its customers at June 30, 2023. The aging of these accounts receivable is as follows:

Current	\$216,388
Over 30 days	20,084
Over 60 days	620
Over 90 days	189,867
Total	<u>\$426,959</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(6) <u>Leases</u>

The Town has entered into a non-cancelable lease agreement with the United States Postal Service (USPS) involving a building for operations with a lease term from September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2026 with an incremental borrowing rate of 3.250%. During the year, the Town recognized \$39,092 in lease revenue and \$5,068 of interest income related to this agreement. At June 30, 2023, the Town recorded \$134,367 in lease receivable for this agreement. Also, the Town has \$134,367 in deferred inflows of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

A summary of lease receivable is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Payments	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Lease receivable:					
Building	<u>\$ 174,009</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (39,642)</u>	<u>\$ 134,367</u>	<u>\$ 40,949</u>

Remaining amounts to be received associated with this lease are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal payments	Interest payments	Total
2024	40,949	3,761	44,710
2025	42,300	2,410	44,710
2026	43,696	1,014	44,710
2027	7,422	30	7,452
	<u>\$ 134,367</u>	<u>\$ 7,215</u>	<u>\$ 141,582</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(7) <u>Due from Other Governmental Agencies</u>

Amounts due from other governmental agencies consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Fund financial statements:		
Governmental Funds -		
Vermilion Parish School Board:		
Sales and use taxes collected but not remitted	\$	29,320
State of Louisiana:		
Federal grant funds		45,310
State grant funds		932
	\$	75,562
Proprietary Funds -		
State of Louisiana:		
Federal grant funds		29,383
	\$	29,383
Government-wide financial statements:		
Total amount reported in -		
Governmental Funds, from above	\$	75,562
Proprietary Funds, from above		29,383
Additional sales and use taxes due from Vermilion Parish School Board		32,100
	\$ 1	37,045

(8) <u>Restricted Assets - Proprietary Fund Type</u>

At June 30, 2023, restricted assets were applicable to the following:

	Utility Fund	Sewerage Utility Fund	Total
Bond sinking account	\$ -	\$ 12,751	\$ 12,751
Bond reserve account	-	164,731	164,731
Depreciation and contingency account	-	177,010	177,010
Short lived asset account	-	97,500	97,500
Customer deposits	95,301	-	95,301
Total	<u>\$ 95,301</u>	<u>\$ 451,992</u>	<u>\$ 547,293</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(9) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 333,388	S -	\$ -	\$ 333,388
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	2,270,995	-	-	2,270,995
Infrastructure	1,333,645	-	-	1,333,645
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	1,440,406	205,967	-	1,646,373
Improvements other than buildings	688,874	5,000		693.874
Total capital assets	6,067,308	210,967		6,278,275
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	772,386	52,451	-	824,837
Infrastructure	861,183	39,338	-	900,521
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	1,222,025	49,163	-	1,271,188
Improvements other than buildings	407,889	16,580		424,469
Total accumulated depreciation	3,263,483	157,532		3,421,015
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,803,825</u>	<u>\$ 53,435</u>	<u>s </u>	<u>\$ 2,857,260</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 85,463	s -	\$ -	\$ 85,463
Construction in progress	47,759	175,989	-	223,748
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	9,868	-	-	9,868
Equipment and vehicles	620,789	54,937	-	675,726
Electric system	716,672	38,770	-	755,442
Water system	4,169,950	26,394	-	4,196,344
Sewer system	10,917,133			10,917,133
Total capital assets	16,567,634	296,090		16,863,724
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	1,974	494	-	2,468
Equipment and vehicles	464,239	6,743	-	470,982
Electric system	355,122	17,124	-	372,246
Water system	2,278,676	90,855	-	2,369,531
Sewer system	3,534,318	229,516		3,763,834
Total accumulated depreciation	6,634,329	344,732		6,979,061
Business-type activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 9,933,305</u>	<u>\$ (48,642)</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 9,884,663</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 7,461
Public safety	78,572
Public works	61,780
Culture and recreation	9,719
Total depreciation expense	\$157,532

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Electric	\$ 17,432
Water	92,214
Sewer	235,086
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$344,732</u>

(10) Long-Term Debt

Long term liabilities at June 30, 2023 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Governmental activities -

Direct borrowing certificates of indebtedness:

Series 2012 Certificate of Indebtedbess, dated January 18, 2013, original amount of \$187,000, bearing interest of 2.625%, maturing on December 1, 2022.

Series 2018 Certificate of Indebtedness, dated September 21, 2018, original amount of \$187,000, bearing interest of 3.50%, maturing on December 1, 2026.

\$ 100,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Business-type activities -

Direct borrowing revenue bond payable:

\$430,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds, issued February 9, 1998, due in monthly installments of \$1,952 over forty years through 2038; interest at 4.500%	\$ 250,360
\$2,485,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, issued July 1, 2016, due in monthly installments of \$2,845 over forty years through 2056; interest at 2.250%	<u>\$ 2,231,406</u>
\$828,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, issued July 1, 2016, due in monthly installments of \$2,667 over forty years through 2056; interest at 2.250%	<u>\$ 743,446</u>

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
June 30,	payments	payments	payments	payments	Total
2024	24,000	3,080	74,142	77,312	178,534
2025	24,000	2,240	76,115	75,339	177,694
2026	25,000	1,382	78,149	73,305	177,836
2027	27,000	473	80,239	71,216	178,928
2028	-	-	82,392	69,062	151,454
2029 - 2033	-	-	446,589	310,683	757,272
2034 - 2038	-	-	501,553	246,311	747,864
2039 - 2043	-	-	452,517	187,623	640,140
2044 - 2048	-	-	506,343	133,797	640,140
2049 - 2053	-	-	566,574	73,566	640,140
2054 - 2056	-	-	360,599	12,283	372,882
	\$ 100,000	\$ 7,175	\$3,225,212	\$ 1,330,497	\$ 4,662,884

The annual requirement to amortize all debt outstanding is as follows:

In the event that the above sewer revenue bonds are in default, the bonding agency has the right to compel the performance of all duties, including the fixing, charging, and collecting of rentals, fees or other charges for the use of the System. The Bond owner may also appoint an agent to take possession of the System to hold, operate, maintain, manage and control the System in the name of the bond owner. This agent shall collect and receive all fees, rentals, and other revenues, maintain and operate the System in a manner to compensate the bond issuer for the amount owed, until the bond is repaid in full. The other bonds contain no monetary default provisions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the Town:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Series 2012 Certificate of Indebtedness	<u>\$ 24,000</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 24.000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Series 2018 Certificate of Indebtedness	<u>\$ 123,000</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 23,000</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,000</u>
Business-type activities:					
Sewer Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 262,229</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 11,869</u>	<u>\$ 250,360</u>	<u>\$ 12,414</u>
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016	\$2,276,669	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 45,263</u>	\$2,231,406	<u>\$ 46,293</u>
Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016	<u>\$ 758,539</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 15,093</u>	<u>\$ 743,446</u>	<u>\$ 15,435</u>

(11) Flow of Funds; Restrictions on Use -

Sewer Revenues

Under the terms of the bond and pledge agreements with the United States Department of Agriculture, all revenues derived from the operation of the sewer utilities system are to be deposited into an account designated as the Sewer Revenue Fund and said account is to be maintained and administered in the following order of priority and for the following express purposes:

- (a) The payment of all reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the utilities system.
- (b) Each month there shall be set aside into the Sewer Revenue Bond Sinking Fund on or before the 20th day of each month an amount equal to the principal, interest, and administrative fee accruing with respect to the bonds for such calendar month together with such additional proportionate sum as may be required to pay such principal, interest, and administrative fee as they become due.
- (c) Each month, there shall be set aside into the Revenue Bonds Debt Service Reserve Fund on or before the 20th day of each month a sum at least equal to 5% of the amount required to be paid into the Sewer Revenue Bond Sinking Fund until such time as the amount in this fund equals \$163,457.
- (d) Funds shall be set aside into the Sewer System Depreciation and Contingency Fund to provide for extensions, additions, improvements, renewals, and replacements necessary to properly operate the utilities system. Transfers shall be made on or before the 20th day each month in the amount of \$1,262.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(e) Funds shall be set aside into the Short Lived Asset Fund to provide for maintenance and replacement of short lived assets of the system, by transferring monthly, on or before the 20th day of each month, a sum of \$1,300.

All required transfers were made for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Certificates of Indebtedness

For the payment of the principal and interest on the Certificates, under the terms of the indenture, the Town shall create and maintain the Sinking Fund. The Town shall deposit into this fund on or before the 20th day of each month, a sum equal to the principal and interest accruing on the Certificates for such calendar month, together with such additional proportionate sum as may be required to pay said principal and interest as the same fall due. All required transfers were made for the year ended June 30, 2023.

(12) <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

Litigation

At June 30, 2023, management and legal counsel for the Town believe that the potential claims against the Town would not materially affect the Town's financial position.

(13) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Town is exposed to risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial insurance to cover any claims related to these risks. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year, nor have settlements exceeded coverage for the last three years.

(14) <u>On-behalf Payments</u>

The Town has recognized \$64,800 as a revenue and an expenditure for on-behalf salary payments made by the State of Louisiana.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(15) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	Transfe	ers In	Trai	nsfers Out
General	\$ 72:	3,113	\$	103,504
Sales Tax		-		59,315
Utility		-		698,798
Other Governmental Funds	138	8,504		-
Total	<u>\$ 86</u>	1,617	<u>\$</u>	861,617

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(16) Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	Due from	Due to
General	\$ 30,826	\$ 169
Utility	172	_
Other Governmental Funds		30,829
Total	<u>\$ 30,998</u>	<u>\$ 30,998</u>

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

(17) Retirement Plan

Effective January 9, 2012, the Town entered into a SIMPLE IRA Adoption Agreement with American Funds Distributors Inc., setting up an Individual Retirement Account (IRA) plan for its employees. All employees are eligible to participate in the Plan. Employees make elective deferrals to the Plan at whatever amount they choose up to a maximum of \$15,500 for employees under age 50 or \$19,000 for employees age 50 or older. The Town makes matching contributions of each employee's elective deferral up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation. All contributions are made directly to an IRA set up for each employee. Contributions made by the Town for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$14,312.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(18) Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement

During the year, the Town implemented GASB 87, and as a result of the implementation, the Town evaluated their non-cancelable lease with the United States Postal Service (USPS). The implementation of GASB 87 had the following effect on the Town's net position as reported June 30, 2022:

	Statement of Net Position	General Fund
As reported June 30, 2022		
Net position	\$ 3,351,843	\$ -
Fund balance	-	123,554
Adjustments:		
Lease receivable	174,009	174,009
Deferred inflows - leases	(174,009)	(174,009)
As restated June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 3,351,843</u>	<u>\$123,554</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues:	Bud Original	lget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes	£ 60.000	\$ 67,100	\$ 67,273	\$ 173
	\$ 60,000 104,200	\$ 07,100 104,700	5 07,273 110,797	\$ 173 6,097
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	252,537	315,937	325,484	9,547
Charges for services	20,000	20,000	21,053	1,053
Fines and forfeitures	40,000	38,800	39,583	783
Miscellaneous	81,842	95,342	99,784	4,442
Total revenues	558,579	641,879	663,974	22,095
Total revenues				
Expenditures:				
Current -	266 406	270.007	278 772	1 1 2 4
General government	266,406	279,906	278,772	1,134
Public safety	688,611	844,511	843,517	994
Economic development	2 000	2 000	2 000	
and assistance	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Culture and recreation	53,679	55,679	55,296	383
Debt service -	47.000	47.000	47.000	
Principal Interest	47,000	47,000	47,000	-
	4,218	4,218	4,218	-
Capital outlay	195,850	204,870	198,404	6,466
Total expenditures	1,257,764	1,438,184	1,429,207	8,977
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(699,185)	(796,305)	(765,233)	31,072
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	610,000	724,315	723,113	(1,202)
Transfers out	(124,295)	(106,295)	(103,504)	2,791
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	485,705	618,020	619,609	1,589
Net change in fund balance	(213,480)	(178,285)	(145,624)	32,661
Fund balance, beginning	288,817	269,178	269,178	
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 75,337</u>	<u>\$ 90,893</u>	<u>\$ 123,554</u>	<u>\$ 32,661</u>

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Sales Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year	Ended June 30, 2023				
				Variance with	
	Bug	dget		Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes -					
Sales tax collected	\$310,000	\$315,000	\$ 323,769	\$ 8,769	
Interest	400	400	1,117	717	
Miscellaneous	13,780	13,780	10,180	(3,600)	
Total revenues	324,180	329,180	335,066	5,886	
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Public works:					
Salaries	98,372	98,372	96,105	2,267	
Payroll taxes	7,525	7,525	7,293	232	
Retirement	1,207	1,207	1,187	20	
Group insurance	24,684	24,684	25,332	(648)	
Worker's compensation	13,500	10,000	6,216	3,784	
Uniforms	400	400	-	400	
Material and supplies	20,500	17,500	15,892	1,608	
Truck expenses	6,000	6,000	4,523	1,477	
Insurance	9,000	9,000	9,617	(617)	
Telephone	3,240	3,240	3,039	201	
Professional services	5,500	5,500	4,906	594	
Office supplies	200	200	175	25	
Repairs and maintenance	15,770	17,770	21,559	(3,789)	
Contract services	18,500	21,000	20,945	55	
Equipment fuel and oil	6,000	11,000	9,934	1,066	
Utilities	2,300	3,800	3,466	334	
Other	1,550	1,550	1,315	235	
Capital outlay	4,500	4,500	4,236	264	
Total expenditures	238,748	243,248	235,740	7,508	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	85,432	85,932	99,326	13,394	
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out		(149,315)	(59,315)	90,000	
Net change in fund balance	85,432	(63,383)	40,011	103,394	
Fund balance, beginning	363,565	395,205	395,205		
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 448,997</u>	<u>\$331.822</u>	\$435,216	<u>\$103,394</u>	

Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The Town Clerk and Mayor prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year and submit it to the Board of Aldermen not later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. Any budgetary amendments require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

All budgeted amounts presented reflect the original budget and the final budget (which has been adjusted for legally authorized revisions during the year).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity As Required by Act 87 for the 2020 Regular Legislative Session For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash Basis Presentation		Six Month Period Ended 12/31/2022		Six Month Period Ended 6/30/2023	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	24,513	\$	27,181	
Add: Collections					
Civil Fees (including refundable amounts such as garnishments or advance deposits)		-		-	
Bond Fees		-		-	
Asset Forfeiture/Sale		-		-	
Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees		-		-	
Criminal Court Costs/Fees		17,414		14,296	
Criminal Fines - Contempt		-		-	
Criminal Fines - Other		18,011		21,572	
Restitution		-		-	
Probation/Parole/Supervision Fees		-		-	
Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service fees)		-		-	
Interest Earnings on Collected Balances		-		-	
Other (do not include collections that fit into more specific categories above)		-		-	
Subtotal Collections		35,425		35,868	
Less: Disbursements To Governments & Nonprofits:					
Indegent Defender Program, Criminal Court Costs/Fees		1,530		1,775	
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement/ Criminal Court Costs/Fees		408		386	
Louisiana State Treasurer/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		601		567	
Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement/ Criminal Court Costs/Fees		550		600	
Acadiana Criminalistic Laboratory/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		629		720	
Crime Stoppers of Vermilion Parish		340		300	
Louisiana Tramatic Brain Injury Fund		225		1,150	
Louisiana Supreme Court/Criminal Court Costs/Fees		93		85	
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency					
Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Percentage of Collection		-		-	
Collection Fee for Collecting/Disbursing to Others Based on Fixed Amount		-		-	
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Criminal Fines - Other		18,011		21,572	
Amounts "Self-Disbursed" to Collecting Agency - Example: Criminal Court Cost/Fees		10.370		9,959	
Less: Disbursements to Individuals/3rd Party Collection or Processing Agencies					
Civil Fee Refunds		-		-	
Bond Fee Refunds		-		-	
Restitution Payments to Individuals (additional detail is not required)		-		-	
Other Disbursements to Individuals (additional detail is not required)		-		-	
Payments to 3rd Party Collection/Processing Agencies		-		-	
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage		32,757		37.114	
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but					
not Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)		27,181		25,935	

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The Mayor of the Town, Taylor Mencacci, is considered the agency head. The Town did not pay any benefits on his behalf for the year ended June 30, 2023. In addition, the only payments he received from the Town is the salary amount below.

Purpose

Salary

Amount \$ 9,765

Schedule of Compensation Paid to Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Alderman	Alderman Address Ph		Amount	
Mike Richard	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	4,946	
Earl Landry	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	2,495	
Scott Bernard	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	4,947	
Jason C. Conner	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	5,010	
Clarence Fusilier	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	2,496	
Stephanie Broussard	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	2,516	
Cory Duplantis	115 West Edwards St., Erath, LA 70533	337-937-8401	2,516	
			\$ 24,926	

OTHER INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Parish Tax Fund

To account for monies received from the Vermilion Parish Police Jury to defray costs of the fire department.

LCDBG Fund

To account for capital projects funded through the Community Development Block Grant program.

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

	Special Parish Tax Fund	LCDBG	Housing Authority Grant Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash Other receivables Due from other governmental agencies Total assets	\$ 34,605 - <u>-</u> <u>\$ 34,605</u>	$\begin{array}{c} \$ \qquad 3\\ -\\ -\\ \hline \$ \qquad 3 \end{array}$		\$34,708 3,274 <u>38,400</u> <u>\$76,382</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 2,692 1,187 <u>30,726</u> \$34,605	$\begin{array}{r} \$ & -\\ -\\ \hline & 3\\ \hline \$ & 3 \end{array}$		\$44,366 1,187 <u>30,829</u> <u>\$76,382</u>
Fund balances	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$34,605</u>	<u>\$3</u>	<u>\$ 41,774</u>	<u>\$76,382</u>

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Parish Tax Fund	LCDBG	Housing Authority Grant Fund	Total
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 35,770	\$ -	\$ 38,400	\$ 74,170
Miscellaneous	-	-	3,274	3,274
Total revenues	35,770		41,674	77,444
Expenditures: Current-				
Public safety	165,549	-	-	165,549
Urban redevelopment and housing	-	-	41,674	41,674
Capital outlay	8,725			8,725
Total expenditures	174,274	-	41,674	215,948
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	(138,504)	-	-	(138,504)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	138,504			138,504
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, beginning				
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Schedule of Insurance in Force Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Limits of Coverage	
Insurer	Assets Covered	(in Dollars)	Expiration Date
SCU	Commercial property	Varies by property	6/6/2024
CNASurety	Public Officials		
	Mayor	28,500	11/15/2023
	Town Clerk	28,500	11/15/2023
	Tax Collector	28,500	11/15/2023
	Bill Collector	28,500	11/15/2023
	Mayor Pro-tem	28,500	11/15/2023
	Council & other employees	5,000	11/15/2023
Hartford Insurance Company	Crime Policy		
	Mayor	152,000	6/16/2024
	Town Clerk	152,000	6/16/2024
Berkshire Hathaway Insurance Company	Comprehensive general liability	500,000	12/29/2023
	Law enforcement officer	500,000	12/29/2023
	Errors & omissions	500,000	12/29/2023
	Comprehensive automobile	500,000	12/29/2023
Special Risk Insurance, Inc.	Portable equipment - Fire Department	Replacement Cost	3/28/2024
	General liability - Fire Department	2,000,000	3/28/2024
	Management liability - Fire Department	2,000,000	3/28/2024
Wright National Flood Insurance Company	Flood - Police station		
	Building	500,000	5/7/2024
	Contents	50,000	5/7/2024

TOWN OF ERATH, LOUISIANA Enterprise Funds Utility Fund and Sewerage Utility Fund

Schedule of Number of Utility Customers and Rates June 30, 2023 and 2022

The following number of customers were being serviced during the month of June:

Department	2023	2022
Electric (metered)	911	934
Water	997	1018
Sewerage	875	910

The monthly water rates of the Town are as follows:

Residental: \$11.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$4.50 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

Commercial \$15.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$4.70 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

The monthly sewer rates are based on water consumption as follows:

Residental:

\$16.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$7.10 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

Commercial

\$19.00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$7.10 per 1,000 gallons thereafter

Statements of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 619,175	\$ 897,685
Interest-bearing deposits	1,076,906	1,072,049
Accrued interest receivable	809	805
Accounts receivable, net	234,649	262,423
Unbilled service receivable, net	38,361	30,932
Due from other governmental agencies	29,383	29,109
Interfund receivables	172	182
Total current assets	1,999,455	2,293,185
Restricted assets:		
Cash	481,494	453,020
Interest-bearing deposits	65,752	65,555
Accrued interest receivable	47	47
Total restricted assets	547,293	518,622
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,884,663	9,933,305
Total assets	12,431,411	12,745,112
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	196,122	236,293
Retainage payable	15,319	3,209
Interfund payables	-	13,503
Other payables	3,696	3,021
Total	215,137	256,026
Current lightliting (nampha from englished agapta)		
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):	05 201	06.252
Customers' deposits Accrued interest on bonds	95,301 6,235	96,252 6,462
Current portion of long term debt	74,142	72,225
Total	175,678	174,939
Total current liabilities	390,815	430,965
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long term debt	3,151,070	3,225,212
Total liabilities	3,541,885	3,656,177
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	6,644,132	6,635,868
Restricted for debt service	445,757	415,908
Unrestricted	1,799,637	2,037,159
Total net position	\$8,889,526	\$9,088,935

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 3,023,905	\$ 2,731,301
Miscellaneous	37,618	29,273
Total operating revenues	3,061,523	2,760,574
Operating expenses:		
Salaries	202,359	195,685
Payroll taxes	15,367	14,862
Retirement	5,300	5,124
Group insurance	42,220	39,154
Worker's compensation insurance	4,996	7,747
Purchase of electric power	1,543,873	1,268,001
Materials and supplies	95,009	86,461
Maintenance and repairs	41,121	84,713
Fuel, gas and oil	6,075	4,633
Telephone and utilities	130,890	110,532
Insurance	72,570	64,806
Depreciation	344,732	349,094
Contractual services	15,600	15,600
Professional fees	43,959	26,630
Equipment rental	538	15,344
Other	23,062	17,367
Total operating expenses	2,587,671	2,305,753
Operating income	473,852	454,821
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses):		
Grant revenue	97,085	78,618
Interest income	7,455	14,997
Interest expense	(79,003)	(81,035)
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	25,537	12,580
Income before transfers	499,389	467,401
Transfers out	(698,798)	(518,838)
Change in net position	(199,409)	(51,437)
Net position, beginning	9,088,935	9,140,372
Net position, ending	\$ 8,889,526	<u>\$ 9,088,935</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Revenues General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes -		* • • • • • • •	A	
General ad valorem	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,189	\$ 189
Gas franchise	12,000	15,500	15,935	435
Cable franchise	8,000	8,000	6,994	(1,006)
Slemco franchise	3,000	3,000	2,858	(142)
Entergy franchise	10,000	11,500	12,177	677
Housing Authority payment	5,000	7,100	7,120	20
	60,000	67,100	67,273	173
Licenses and permits -				
Occupational licenses	30,000	26,500	26,432	(68)
Insurance licenses	72,000	74,000	75,260	1,260
Building permits	2,000	4,000	8,930	4,930
Liquor permits	200	200	175	(25)
	104,200	104,700	110,797	6,097
T				
Intergovernmental -	227.255	227 255	247 205	10.040
Federal grants	237,255	237,255	247,295	10,040
State funds:		57 (00	57 600	
On-behalf payments	-	57,600	57,600	- 25
State grants State shared revenue:	10,682	16,482	16,507	23
Beer taxes	4,600	4,600	4,082	(518)
	252,537	315,937	325,484	9,547
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Charges for services -				
Police accident reports	1,000	1,000	883	(117)
Court costs	19,000	19,000	20,170	1,170
	20,000	20,000	21,053	1,053
Fines and forfeitures	40,000	38,800	39,583	783
Miscellaneous -				
Rent income (post office)	43,842	43,842	44,710	868
Other	38,000	51,500	55,074	3,574
	81,842	95,342	99,784	4,442
Total revenues	\$ 558,579	\$ 641,879	\$ 663,974	<u>\$ 22,095</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Expenditures General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Current -					
General government:	ф. О <i>СС</i>	¢ 0.664	ф 0.7 <i>с</i> г	(101)	
Mayor's salary	\$ 9,664	\$ 9,664	\$ 9,765	\$ (101)	
Council salaries	24,320	24,320	24,926	(606)	
Clerk of Court salary	29,934	29,934	30,045	(111)	
Other salaries	49,637	49,637	49,822	(185)	
Payroll taxes	8,687	8,687	8,727	(40)	
Retirement	2,387	2,387	2,384	3	
Group insurance	16,456	16,456	16,888	(432)	
Workmen's compensation insurance	321	321	675	(354)	
Printing, stationery and					
supplies	6,200	7,400	6,766	634	
Repairs and maintenance	6,000	6,000	5,932	68	
Material and supplies	1,000	1,800	2,087	(287)	
General insurance	25,000	28,200	28,165	35	
Auditing and accounting	11,000	11,000	10,850	150	
Dues and subscriptions	2,500	2,500	1,547	953	
Telephone	3,900	3,900	3,813	87	
Professional fees	45,500	45,500	45,087	413	
Publication of minutes	2,200	2,200	2,626	(426)	
Tax roll preparation	1,300	1,300	1,319	(19)	
Legal fees	1,200	2,700	2,820	(120)	
Utilities	5,500	5,500	5,335	165	
Building permits and					
inspections	3,000	3,000	2,800	200	
Contract services	-	6,000	6,000	-	
Emergency generator fuel					
and repairs	1,000	1,000	627	373	
				(continued)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Expenditures General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budg	ret		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Filing fees	1,500	1,500	310	1,190
Court printing supplies	500	500	190	310
Court material and supplies	400	400	8	392
Court professional fees	1,500	1,500	3,281	(1,781)
Magistrate salary	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Prosecutor salary	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Other	1,000	1,800	1,177	623
	266,406	279,906	278,772	1,134
Public safety:				
Chief of Police's salary	39,407	39,407	39,400	7
Other salaries	331,517	442,117	441,553	564
Payroll taxes	31,589	35,589	35,827	(238)
Retirement	5,760	31,760	30,363	1,397
Group insurance	90,508	98,508	98,601	(93)
Workmen's compensation insurance	24,000	21,000	16,653	4,347
Court appearance	300	300	-	300
Uniforms	2,800	2,800	2,652	148
Conventions and schools	5,030	5,030	4,250	780
Dues and subscriptions	1,750	1,750	2,041	(291)
Material and supplies	3,000	3,000	3,034	(34)
Auto fuel and oil	40,000	43,000	44,232	(1,232)
Insurance	49,000	54,300	54,308	(8)
Telephone	4,600	4,600	4,783	(183)
Task force appropriation	15,000	15,000	15,000	-
Office	3,000	3,000	1,693	1,307
Repairs and maintenance -				
Auto	16,000	16,000	22,297	(6,297)
Building	5,500	5,500	4,649	851
Radio, radar and camera	2,500	2,500	2,269	231
Emergency generator fuel	1,000	1,000	627	373
Utilities	8,000	8,000	8,431	(431)
Other	3,550	5,550	6,054	(504)
Salaries - fire department	4,800	4,800	4,800	
	688,611	844,511	843,517	994
				(

(continued)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Detail of Expenditures General Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget
		dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Economic development and assistance:				
External appropriation	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Culture and recreation:				
Salaries	30,972	30,972	30,788	184
Payroll taxes	2,369	2,369	2,272	97
Retirement	310	310	306	4
Group insurance	8,228	8,228	8,444	(216)
Workmen's compensation insurance	1,700	1,700	2,002	(302)
Material and supplies	1,500	1,500	1,746	(246)
Insurance	700	700	730	(30)
Maintenance and upkeep	500	500	1,393	(893)
Repairs and maintenance -				
Building	300	2,300	2,205	95
Equipment	1,500	1,500	192	1,308
Equipment fuel and oil	2,000	2,000	1,862	138
Utilities	1,900	1,900	1,745	155
Other	1,700	1,700	1,611	89
	53,679	55,679	55,296	383
Debt service:				
Principal	47,000	47,000	47,000	-
Interest	4,218	4,218	4,218	-
	51,218	51,218	51,218	
Capital outlay	195,850	204,870	198,404	6,466
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 1,257,764</u>	<u>\$ 1,438,184</u>	<u>\$ 1,429,207</u>	<u>\$ 8,977</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Parish Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	No	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental -				
Appropriation from Vermilion Parish Police Jury:				
Special Parish Tax	\$ 28,570	\$ 28,570	\$ 28,570	s -
Special Farish Tax State funds:	\$ 28,370	\$ 20,570	\$ 20,570	- C
On-behalf payments	-	7,200	7,200	_
Total revenues	28,570	35,770	35,770	
Expenditures:			<u>_</u>	
Current -				
Public safety:				
Salaries	30,861	38,061	38,176	(115)
Payroll taxes	2,820	2,820	2,848	(28)
Group insurance	8,228	8,228	8,444	(216)
Retirement	1,106	1,106	745	361
Worker's compensation insurance	3,550	3,550	2,768	782
Training	5,000	5,000	4,949	51
Fire prevention and education	3,000	3,000	3,011	(11)
Office supplies	3,000	3,000	2,974	26
Material and supplies	2,200	2,200	3,289	(1,089)
Truck expense	18,600	27,100	28,122	(1.022)
Insurance	32,000	35,000	35,059	(59)
Telephone	2,800	2,800	3,438	(638)
Professional services	750	750	750	-
Uniforms	350	350	340	10
Repairs and maintenance	17,500	17,500	17,758	(258)
Utilities	6,000	11,500	10,950	550
Other	2,100	2,100	1,928	172
Capital outlay	13,000	13,000	8,725	4,275
Total expenditures	152,865	177,065	174,274	2,791
Deficiency of revenues over				
expenditures	(124,295)	(141,295)	(138,504)	2,791
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	124,295	141,295	138,504	(2,791)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning		<u> </u>		
Fund balance, ending	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Taylor Mencacci, Mayor and members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Erath, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Erath, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan as item 2023-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Erath's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and management's corrective action plan. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

> *Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC* Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 28, 2023

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2023

Part I. Current Year Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2023-001 Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Functions

Fiscal year finding initially occurred: Unknown

CONDITION: The Town of Erath did not have adequate segregation of duties within the accounting function.

CRITERIA: Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Governmental Auditing Guide.

CAUSE: The cause of the condition is the fact that the Town does not have a sufficient number of staff performing administrative and financial duties so as to provide adequate segregation of accounting and financial duties.

EFFECT: Failure to adequately segregate accounting and financial functions increases the risk that errors and/or irregularities including fraud and/or defalcations may occur and not be prevented and/or detected.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: The Town's CPA oversees all financial aspects of the entity. We believe this is an adequate compensating control over our inability to adequately segregate duties in our administrative office.

B. Compliance

None reported

Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Management's Corrective Action Plan (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

Part II: Prior Year Findings:

A. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2022-001 Inadequate Segregation of duties

CONDITION: The Town of Erath did not have adequate segregation of duties within the accounting function.

RECOMMENDATION: Management should evaluate the cost vs. benefit of complete segregation and whenever possible, reassign incompatible duties among different employees to ensure that a single employee does not have control of more than one of the following responsibilities: (1) authorization; (2) custody; (3) recordkeeping; and (4) reconciliation.

CURRENT STATUS: Unresolved. See item 2023-001.

B. <u>Compliance</u>

None reported

Town of Erath Erath, Louisiana

Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures

Fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023

KOLDER, SLAVEN & COMPANY, LLC

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Taylor Mencacci, Mayor and the Members of the Board of Alderman, Town of Erath, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor:

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance (C/C) areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) of the Town of Erath (the Town) for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. The Town's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

The Town has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the C/C areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Additionally, the LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
 - a) *Budgeting*, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) *Purchasing*, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) Disbursements, including processing, reviewing, and approving.
 - d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility

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billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employees(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions,
 (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and expense reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) *Sexual Harassment,* including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget-to-actual, at a minimum on all special revenue funds. Alternatively, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.
 - c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.
 - d) Observe whether the board/finance committee received written updates of the progress of resolving audit finding(s), according to management's corrective action plan at each meeting until the findings are considered fully resolved.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

Collections (excluding EFTs)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.
 - c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
 - d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe that the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

- d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
- e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with non-payroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.
 - d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.
 - e) Only employees/officials authorized to sign checks approve the electronic disbursement (release) of funds, whether through automated clearinghouse (ACH), electronic funds transfer (EFT), wire transfer, or some other electronic means.

[Note: Exceptions to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); should not be reported.)]

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
 - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and that supporting documentation indicates that deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.
- 11. Using the entity's main operating account and the month selected in Bank Reconciliations procedure #3A, randomly select 5 non-payroll-related electronic disbursements (or all electronic disbursements if less than 5) and observe that each electronic disbursement was (a) approved by only those persons authorized to disburse funds (e.g., sign checks) per the entity's policy, and (b) approved by the required number of authorized signers per the entity's policy.

[Note: If no electronic payments were made from the main operating account during the month selected the practitioner should select an alternative month and/or account for testing that does include electronic disbursements.]

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 12. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 13. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation and:
 - a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported]
 - a) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 14. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, excluding fuel cards, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe that the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (<u>www.gsa.gov</u>).
 - b) If reimbursed using actual costs, observe that the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - c) Observe that each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - d) Observe that each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

Contracts

- 16. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe that the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.

- b) Observe that the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g. Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
- c) If the contract was amended (e.g. change order), observe that the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g. if approval is required for any amendment was approval documented).
- d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe that the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

Payroll and Personnel

- 17. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 18. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:
 - a) Observe that all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
 - b) Observe that supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees/officials.
 - c) Observe that any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
 - d) Observe that the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 19. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulate leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 20. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g. payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

Ethics

- 21. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a) Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b) Observe that the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.
- 22. Inquire and/or observe whether the agency has appointed an ethics designee as required by R.S. 42:1170.

Debt Service

- 23. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each bond/note issued.
- 24. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

Fraud Notice

- 25. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 26. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 27. Perform the following procedures, verbally discuss the results with management, and report "We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management."
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use, and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.
- 28. Randomly select 5 terminated employees (or all terminated employees if less than 5) using the list of terminated employees obtained in procedure #19. Observe evidence that the selected terminated employees have been removed or disabled from the network.

Sexual Harassment

- 29. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under 'Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.
- 30. Observe that the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).

- 31. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe that it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - a) Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - d) Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Findings:

No exceptions were found as a result of procedures list above with the exception of:

Cash Collections

At the collection location tested, the person responsible for collecting cash also deposits the cash in the bank.

At the collection location tested, the person responsible for collecting cash also records the deposit.

Management's Response:

The Town of Erath concurs with the exceptions and is working to address the deficiencies identified.

We were engaged by the Town to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town of Erath and the LLA and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Kolder, Slaven & Company, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Abbeville, Louisiana December 28, 2023