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LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

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## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 8-25-04

### LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA

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#### DYER & VICKNAIR

(CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS)

GLYNN R. DYER, CPA (APC) ERIC J. VICKNAIR, CPA (APC)

FAX (225) 292-1041

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine Department of Health and Hospitals State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of

## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine as of June 30, 2004, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO THE BATON ROUGE ADDRESS)

(225) 635-4204

#### DYER & VICKNAIR

(CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS)

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated July 29, 2004, on our consideration of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with laws and regulations. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with the report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, on pages 3 through 5, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplemental information required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana July 29, 2004 Pyer 4 Unchnain



## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine's financial performance provides an overview of the Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Read it in conjunction with the Board's financial statements.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The Board's assets exceeded it liabilities by \$ 236,335 (net assets), which represents a 3% increase from June 30, 2003.

Total liabilities of the Board of \$ 9,920 are comprised of the following:

- 1. Current liabilities of \$7,056
- 2. Non-current liabilities of \$ 2,864

During the year, operating revenues increased by \$10,524 (or 4%) to \$244,980 and operating expenses increased by \$33,547 (or 16%) to \$238,902.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is engaged only in business-type activities. The basic financial statements include enterprise fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements and additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

#### Enterprise Fund Financial Statements

The Board's annual report includes three financial statements. These statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

The first of these financial statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator if the Board's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The second financial statement is the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets which reports how the Board's assets changed as a result of current year operations. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The third financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows which reports how cash changed as a result of current year operations.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOARD AS A WHOLE

The following provides a summary of the Board's net assets:

	JUNE 30,	
Current assets	<u>2004</u> \$ 246,255	<u>2003</u> \$ 238,082
Liabilities	9,920	<u>8,992</u>
Net assets: Unrestricted	<u>236,335</u>	229,090

The following provides a summary of the Board's changes in net assets:

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	
Revenues	2004	2003
Operating revenues	\$ 244,980	\$ 234,456
Nonoperating revenues <u>Total revenues</u>	<u>1,167</u> 246,147	<u>2,737</u> 237,193
Operating expenses	(238,902)	<u>(205,355</u> )
Increase in net assets	7,245	31,838
Beginning net assets	229,090	<u>197,252</u>
Ending net assets	<u>236,335</u>	229,090

## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The original budget was revised by approximately \$ 50,000 this year due to increased legal costs.

Revenues exceed budgetary estimates by \$ 63,971 and budgetary estimates exceeded expenses by \$ 26,170.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Management does not foresee changes in economic factors affecting the Board's operations for the year ending June 30, 2005.

For the year ending June 30, 2005, the Board approved a total budget of \$ 280,465, an increase of 34% over the June 30, 2004 budget. Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase 6% to \$ 254,177 from \$ 238,902 in the year ended June 30, 2005.

#### CONTACTING THE BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances and demonstrate the Board's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report, contact the Board's office at 263 Third Street, Suite 104, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70801.

#### Statement A

## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

<u>ASSETS</u>	
<u>Current Assets</u>	•
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>246,255</u>
<u>Total assets</u>	<u>246,255</u>
LIABILITIES	
<u>Current Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable	230
Accrued expenses	2,326
Deferred revenues	<u>4,500</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>7,056</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated absences payable	2,864
<u>Total liabilities</u>	<u>9,920</u>
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	<u>236,335</u>
<u>Total net assets</u>	<u>236,335</u>

### LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

OPERATING REVENUES	
Licenses and fees	\$_244,980
<u>Total operating revenues</u>	<u>244,980</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES  Personal services and related benefits Operating services Professional services Materials and supplies Travel	82,542 31,740 117,086 1,398 6,136
<u>Total operating expenses</u>	238,902
Operating income	6,078
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment earnings	<u>1,167</u>
<u>Change in net assets</u>	7,245
TOTAL NET ASSETS, beginning of the year	229,090
<u>TOTAL NET ASSETS</u> , end of the year	<u>236,335</u>

## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING EXPENSES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 249,480
Cash payments to suppliers for good and services	(196,994)
Cash payments to employees	(45,482)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>7,004</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1 1 (0
Interest received on cash and cash equivalents	1,169
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	8,173
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	<u>238,082</u>
	047.055
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	<u>246,255</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income	\$ 6,078
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(5,338)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	635
Increase (decrease in deferred expenses	4,500
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	1,129
Net cash provided by operating activities	7 ∩∩ /
INDI CUSII PIONIGEG DY OPERGING GCHAINES	<u> </u>

#### INTRODUCTION

The Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine (the Board) is a component unit of the State of Louisiana created as provided by Louisiana Revised Statutes (R.S.) 37:1515 within the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals. The Board is composed of five members appointed by the governor, who are charged with licensing and regulating the practice of veterinary medicine in the State of Louisiana. The Board was established to administer examination and issue, renew, and suspend and/or revoke licenses of veterinary medicine in the State of Louisiana. Operations of the Board are funded entirely through self-generated revenues.

#### NOTE #1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accompanying financial statements of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### B. Reporting Entity

Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification) established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. In conformance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the Board is a component unit of the State of Louisiana because the state exercises oversight responsibility in that the governor appoints the Board members and public service is rendered within the state's boundaries. The accompanying basic financial statements present only the transactions of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine, a component unit of the State of Louisiana.

#### C. Method of Accounting

Statement No. 34 ("Statement 34") of the Government Accounting Standards Board "Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments," established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities which includes a statement of net assets, a statement of activities and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows. It requires the classification of net assets into three components - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and, unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted - This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets - This component of net asset consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt.)

The financial statements of the Board are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Under Governmental

Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, the Board has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board provisions issued after November 30, 1989.

#### D. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the application, is not employed.

#### E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes demand deposits. Under state law, the Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law, national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks, and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

Under state law, the Board may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates.

The Board considers time deposits and investments with an original maturity of ninety days or less to be cash equivalents. If the original maturities exceed ninety days, they are classified as investments.

#### F. Compensated Absences Payable

The Board accrues its liability for earned but unpaid vacation costs.

#### G. <u>Revenues and Expenses</u>

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of charges for services. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### H. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Board considers all currency, demand deposits and money market accounts with banks or other financial institutions to be cash equivalents.

#### NOTE #2: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGET

The Board adopts a budget for the year. Formal budget integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Although appropriations lapse at the end of the year, the Board returns its unexpended fund balance to fund expenditures of the succeeding year. Budgetary amendments require the approval of the Board. The budgeted amounts are not reflected in the financial statements.

#### NOTE #3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2004, the Board has cash (book balances) totaling \$ 246,255 invested in non-interest bearing demand deposits.

#### NOTE #4: COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

Non-current liabilities consist of compensated absences. The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions during the year ended June 30, 2004.

Balance, June 30, 2003	\$ 1,735
Increase in liability	1,129
Balance, June 30, 2004	2.864

#### NOTE # 5 RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Substantially all eligible full-time employees of the Board are members of the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System ("System"), a multipleemployer (cost-sharing) public employee retirement system (PERS) controlled and administered by a separate Board of Trustees.

Contributions of participating agencies are pooled within the System to fund accrued benefits, with contribution rates approved by the State of Louisiana.

All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the System. Benefits vest with ten years of service. At retirement age, employees are entitled to annual benefits equal to \$300 plus 2.5% of their highest consecutive 36 months average salary multiplied by their years of credited service.

Vested employees may retire at a.) any age with thirty years of service; b.) age 55 with twenty five years of service; or, c.) at age 60 with ten years of service. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

The System issues stand-alone financial statements that may be obtained by contacting the Louisiana State Employee Retirement System at Post Office Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804.

In addition to the employee contributions of 7.5 percent of gross salary, the Board contributes an additional 15.8% of gross salary to the System. Employer contributions to the System were \$ 9,900 and \$ 7,420 and \$ 9,876 respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002. Under present statutes, the Board does not guarantee any of the benefits of the System.

#### NOTE #6: LEASES

The Board leases office space for \$ 918 per month. This lease is considered for accounting purposes to be an operating lease which expires July 31, 2007.

The Board also leases an office copier for \$232 per month. This lease is considered for accounting purposes to be an operating lease which expires December 19, 2006.

The total lease expense included in the accompanying basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2004 was \$ 13,753.

Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	<u>Amount</u>
2005	\$ 13,800
2006	\$ 13,800
2007	\$ 12,412
2008	\$ 918

#### NOTE #7: LITIGATION

There were no judgments, claims or similar contingencies pending against the Board at June 30, 2004.

#### NOTE #8: PER DIEM PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS

Board members are paid \$ 75 for each day they attend a board meeting, as authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute.

The amount of per diem paid to Board members during the year was \$ 2,250.

#### NOTE #9: POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

The Board has no retired employees receiving post-retirement health care and life insurance benefits.



## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF BOARD MEMBERS' PER DIEM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Dr. Patrick R. Bernard	\$ 450
Dr. J. Edwin Davis	450
Dr. Robert M. Lofton	75
Dr. Lon G. Randall, Jr.	450
Dr. Brent D. Robbins	375
Dr. Glenn R. Walther	<u>450</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>2,250</u>

#### DYER & VICKNAIR

(CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS)

GLYNN R. DYER, CPA (APC) ERIC J. VICKNAIR, CPA (APC)

FAX (225) 292-1041

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine Department of Health and Hospitals State of Louisiana Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the basic financial statements of

LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS

STATE OF LOUISIANA

BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### <u>Compliance</u>

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, noncompliance which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

(SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO THE BATON ROUGE ADDRESS)

564 FERDINAND STREET

(225) 635-4204

#### DYER & VICKNAIR

(CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS)

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control on financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. By provision of state law, this report is a public document and it has been distributed to appropriate public officials.

There were no comments concerning compliance or internal control noted in the audit for the year ended June 30, 2003.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana July 29, 2004 Oyer a Vicknoi

## LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' REPORT

An unqualified opinion was issued on the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2004.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No reportable conditions were disclosed by our audit.

No material noncompliance was disclosed by our audit.

No material findings were disclosed by our audit.

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

A management letter was not issued as part of this audit.

### LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HOSPITALS STATE OF LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FISCAL REPORT TO THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR,
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION OFFICE OF STATEWIDE REPORTING AND ACCOUNTING
POLICY AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The following supplemental information presents the financial position of Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine as of June 30, 2004, and the results of its operations for the year then ended. The information is presented in the format requested by the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy for consolidation into the Louisiana Comprehensive Annual Fiscal Report.

#### LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Financial Statements

#### Annuai Financiai State June 30, 2004

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Statement of	Cash Flows, Year Ended June 30, 2004	D
Notes to the FA. B.C.D.E.F.G.H.I.J.K.L.M.N.O.P.Q.R.S.T.U.V.W.X.Y.Z.AA.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Budgetary Accounting Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments (Instructions in back Capital Assets Inventories Restricted Assets Leave Retirement System Post Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits Leases Long-Term Liabilities Litigation Related Party Transactions Accounting Changes In-Kind Contributions Defeased Issues Cooperative Endeavors Government-Mandated Nonexchange Transactions (Grants) Violations of Finance-Related Legal or Contractual Provisions Short-Term Debt Disaggregation of Receivable Balances Disaggregation of Payable Balances Subsequent Events Segment Information Due to/Due from and Transfers Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets Prior-Year Restatement of Net Assets	
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Schedule Number

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2004

#### Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine

Division of Administration
Office of Statewide Reporting
and Accounting Policy
P. O. Box 94095
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9095

Legislative Auditor
P. O. Box 94397
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397

#### **AFFIDAVIT**

Personally came and appeared before the undersigned authority, Wendy Parrish, Administrative Director Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine who duly sworn, deposes and says, that the financial statements herewith given present fairly the financial position of the Board at June 30, 2004 and the results of operations for the year then ended in accordance with policies and practices established by the Division of Administration or in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Sworn and subscribed before me,

his \_\_\_\_day of

Signature of Agency Official

**NOTARY PUBLIC** 

Ton Withers

Prepared by: Wendy Parrish

Title: Administrative Director

Telephone No.: 225-342-2176

Date: July 29, 2004

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2004

ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note C1)	<b>\$</b>	<u>246,255</u>
Investments (Note C2)	<del></del>	
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)(Note U)		······································
Due from other funds (Note Y)	-	
Due from federal government		<del> </del>
Inventories Propayments	<del> </del>	
Prepayments Notes receivable	-	,
Other current assets		
Total current assets		
NONCURRENT ASSETS:	······································	
Restricted assets (Note F):	<del></del>	
Cash	<del>"'' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '</del>	
Investments		
Receivables		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Notes receivable	·····	
Capital assets (net of depreciation)(Note D)		
Land Buildings and improvements	<del> </del>	······································
Buildings and improvements  Machinery and equipment		··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Infrastructure	<del></del>	
Construction in progress	<del></del>	
Other noncurrent assets	<del></del>	<del></del>
Total noncurrent assets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total assets	\$	246.255
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accruals (Note V)	\$	2,556
Due to other funds (Note Y)	<del></del>	2,000
Due to federal government		
Deferred revenues		4,500
Amounts held in custody for others		
Other current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term liabilities:		
Contracts payable	***************************************	
Reimbursement contracts payable	<del></del>	
Compensated absences payable (Note K)	<del></del>	
Capital lease obligations - (Note J) Notes payable	<del></del>	······································
Liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note Z)	<del> </del>	**· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Bonds payable		
Other long-term liabilities	<del></del>	<del></del>
Total current liabilities		7,056
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Contracts payable	<del></del>	
Reimbursement contracts payable	•	
Compensated absences payable (Note K)	<del></del>	2,864
Capital lease obligations (Note J)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Notes payable	<del></del>	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note Z)	***************************************	
Bonds payable Other long-term liabilities	<del></del>	
Total long-term liabilities	**********	2,864
Total liabilities	<del></del>	9,920
		0,020
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	<del></del>	
Capital projects		
Debt service		
Unemployment compensation	<del></del>	
Other specific purposes	<del></del>	
Unrestricted	<del> </del>	236,335
Total net assets		236,335
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	246,255

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 03, 2004

OPERATING REVENUES		
Sales of commodities and services	\$	
Assessments	<del> </del>	
Use of money and property		
Licenses, permits, and fees		244,980
Other		
Total operating revenues		244,980
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Cost of sales and services		
Administrative	<del></del>	238,902
Depreciation	<del></del>	
Amortization	****	<del></del>
Total operating expenses	<del></del>	238,902
Operating income(loss)	<del></del>	6,078
NON-OPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)		
State appropriations		
Intergovernmental revenues (expenses)		
Taxes	<del>- "</del> "	
Use of money and property	<del></del>	1,167
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets	<del>- ,                                   </del>	
Federal grants	**************************************	
Interest expense	<del></del>	· ·
Other		
Total non-operating revenues(expenses)		1,167
Income(loss) before contributions and transfers	<u></u>	7,245
Capital contributions		
Transfers in		
Transfers out	<del></del>	<u> </u>
Change in net assets	<del></del>	7,245
Total net assets – beginning as restated	<del></del>	229,090
Total net assets ending	\$	236,335

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		Program Revenue	S	_	Net (Expense)
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
BTA \$ 238,902 \$	244,980 \$	\$		<b>\$</b>	6,078
General revenues:					
Taxes					
State appropriations				_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Grants and contributions no	t restricted to s	pecific programs		_	-
Interest					1,167
Miscellaneous				_	
Special items				_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Transfers				<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total general revenues, spe	ecial items, and	transfers			1,167
Change in net assets	<b>;</b>			<del></del>	7,245
Net assets - beginning					229,090
Net assets - ending				\$_	236,335

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Cash flows from operating activities  Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Payments in lieu of taxes Internal activity-payments to other funds Claims paid to outsiders Other operating revenues(expenses)  Net cash provided(used) by operating activities	\$ <u>249,480</u> (196,994) (45,482) ————————————————————————————————————
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities State appropriations Proceeds from sale of bonds Principal paid on bonds Interest paid on bond maturities Proceeds from issuance of notes payable	
Principal paid on notes payable Interest paid on notes payable Operating grants received Other Transfers In Transfers Out Net cash provided(used) by non-capital	
financing activities  Cash flows from capital and related financing  Proceeds from sale of bonds  Principal paid on bonds	
Interest paid on bond maturities Proceeds from issuance of notes payable Principal paid on notes payable Interest paid on notes payable Acquisition/construction of capital assets	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital contributions Other  Net cash provided(used) by capital and	
related financing activities	
Cash flows from investing activities  Purchases of investment securities  Proceeds from sale of investment securities  Interest and dividends earned on investment securities	4 400
Net cash provided(used) by investing activities	<u>1.169</u> 1.169
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>8,173</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	238,082
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ <u>246.255</u>

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

#### Reconciliation of operating income(loss) to net cash provided(used) by operating activities: 6,078 Operating income(loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income(loss) to net cash Depreciation/amortization Provision for uncollectible accounts Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase)decrease in accounts receivable, net (Increase)decrease in due from other funds (Increase)decrease in prepayments (Increase)decrease in inventories (Increase)decrease in other assets (4,703)Increase(decrease) in accounts payable and accruals Increase(decrease) in accrued payroll and related benefits 1,129 Increase(decrease) in compensated absences payable Increase(decrease) in due to other funds 4,500 Increase(decrease) in deferred revenues Increase(decrease) in other liabilities Net cash provided(used) by operating activities 7.004 Schedule of noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Borrowing under capital lease Contributions of fixed assets Purchases of equipment on account Asset trade-ins

(Concluded)

Other (specify)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Total noncash investing, capital, and

financing activities:

Statement D

#### INTRODUCTION

The Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine (the Board) was created by the Louisiana State Legislature under the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 37:1515. The following is a brief description of the operations of the Board of Veterinary Medicine which includes the parish/parishes in which the Board is located:

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. The GASB has issued a Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification). This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles.

The accompanying financial statements of the Board present information only as to the transactions of the programs of the Board as authorized by Louisiana statutes and administrative regulations.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accounts of the Board are maintained in accordance with applicable statutory provisions and the regulations of the Division of Administration – Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy as follows:

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting; therefore, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

#### **Expense Recognition**

Expenses are recognized on the accrual basis; therefore, expenses, including salaries, are recognized in the period incurred, if measurable.

#### B. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The appropriations made for the operations of the various programs of the Board are annual lapsing appropriations.

- The budgetary process is an annual appropriation valid for one year.
- The agency is prohibited by statute from over expending the categories established in the budget.
- 3. Budget revisions are granted by the Joint Legislative Budget Committee, a committee of the Louisiana Legislature. Interim emergency appropriations may be granted by the Interim Emergency Board.
- 4. The budgetary information included in the financial statements include the original appropriation plus subsequent amendments as follows:

		<u> </u>
Original approved budget	\$	208,590
Amendments: Legal costs	<del></del>	50,000
Final approved budget	\$	258,590

APPROPRIATIONS

- C. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS (If all agency cash and investments are deposited in the State Treasury, disregard Note C.)
  - 1. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions include savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law the Board may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Interim Emergency Board. Further, the Board may invest in time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal office in the state of Louisiana, savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks, and share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets with a maturity of three months or less when purchased) are considered to be cash equivalents.

Deposits in bank accounts are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These pledged securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank in the form of safekeeping receipts held by the State Treasurer.

Following the issuance of GASB Statement 3, deposits were classified into three categories of custodial credit risk depending on whether they were insured or collateralized, and who held the collateral and how it was held.

<u>Category 1</u> – Deposits that are covered by insurance (FDIC) or collateralized with securities that are held by the entity in the entity's name or registered in the entity's name. (separate disclosure no longer required)

<u>Category 2</u> — Deposits that are not insured but are collateralized with securities that are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and are in the entity's name. (separate disclosure no longer required)

<u>Category 3</u> – Deposits that are not covered by insurance and also are not collateralized. Not collateralized includes when the securities (collateral) are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and they are not in the entity's name. (separate disclosure still required)

GASB Statement 40 only requires category 3 deposits to be disclosed in the custodial credit risk section of Note C. If an entity has deposits exposed to custodial credit risk category 3, it should disclose the amount of those balances, the fact that they are uninsured, and whether the balances are either uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution,

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA

#### Louisiana Board of Veterinary Medicine

Notes to the Financial Statement

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2004

or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the entity's name.

		<u>Cash</u>		of Deposit		(Desci	ribe)	<u>Total</u>
Deposits in bank accounts per balance sheet	\$ _	246,255	\$ <u></u>		<b></b> \$	<del></del>	\$	246,255
Bank balances (category 3 only, if any) Identify amounts reported as category 3 by the descriptions below: a. Uninsured and uncollateralized b. Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution c. Uninsured and collateralized with securities held held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the entities name	-				······································			
Total Category 3 bank balances	\$ =	<u>-</u>	· - . \$ <u>_</u>		 \$		\$	
Total bank balances (All categories including								
category 3 reported above)	\$ _	246,255	. \$ <u></u>		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u></u> \$	<b>246,2</b> 55
NOTE: The "Total Bank Balances" will not need to the second of the secon		- •		•		•		
The following is a breakdown by bar		- •	prog	•		•	and ame	
The following is a breakdown by bar balances shown above:	nking	j institution,	prog <u>ram</u>	•		number,	and ame	ount of the

#### 2. INVESTMENTS

The Board does not maintain investment accounts as authorized by law.

Cash in State Treasury

Petty cash

Investments can be classified according to the level of risk to the entity. Using the following categories, list each type of investment disclosing the carrying amount, market value, and applicable category of risk. Beginning with fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, only risk category 3 has to be broken out separately. However, the total reported amount and fair value columns still must be reported for total investments (including category 3).

Category 1 - Insured or registered in the entity's name, or securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name. (separate disclosure no longer required)

Category 2 - Uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the entity's name. (separate disclosure no longer required)

Category 3 - Unsecured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name. (separate disclosure still required)

NOTE: GASB Statement 40 requires investments to be listed by type, and whether any of those are category 3 investments. If so, those category 3 investments are reported in one of two separate columns depending upon whether they are held by a counterparty, or held by a counterparty's trust department or agent not in the entity's name.

	المساخ والمساخ	orted in Risk	•	
Type of Investment	Category  Held by  Counterparty	3, if Any:  Held by  Counterparty's  Trust Dept. or  Agent Not in  Entity's Name	Total Reported Amount - All Categories (Including Category 3)	Total Fair Value - All Categories (Including Category 3)
Repurchase agreements U.S. Government securities Common & preferred stock Commercial paper	\$	\$	\$\$	
Corporate bonds Other: (identify)				
Total investments	\$	\$	- - \$	<u></u>
The institution doe Accordingly, the exp credit risk market risk legal risk	s/does not (circle of osure to risks from the	ne) invest in de se investments is	e <b>rivatives</b> as part s as follows:	of its investment police

a.	Investments in pools managed by other governments or mutual funds
b.	Securities underlying reverse repurchase agreements
C.	Unrealized investment losses
d.	Commitments as of(fiscal close), to reself securities under yield maintena repurchase agreements:  1. Carrying amount and market value at June 30 of securities to be resold
	2. Description of the terms of the agreement
е.	Losses during the year due to default by counterparties to deposit or investment transactions
f.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses which are not shown separately on the balar
<u>Lega</u>	sheet  al or Contractual Provisions for Reverse Repurchase Agreements  Source of legal or contractual authorization for use of reverse repurchase agreements
g.	sheet al or Contractual Provisions for Reverse Repurchase Agreements
g. h.	sheet  al or Contractual Provisions for Reverse Repurchase Agreements  Source of legal or contractual authorization for use of reverse repurchase agreements  Significant violations of legal or contractual provisions for reverse repurchase agreements to
g. h.	sheet  al or Contractual Provisions for Reverse Repurchase Agreements  Source of legal or contractual authorization for use of reverse repurchase agreements  Significant violations of legal or contractual provisions for reverse repurchase agreements to occurred during the year
g. h. i.	sheet
g. h. i.	al or Contractual Provisions for Reverse Repurchase Agreements  Source of legal or contractual authorization for use of reverse repurchase agreements  Significant violations of legal or contractual provisions for reverse repurchase agreements to occurred during the year  erse Repurchase Agreements at Year-End  Credit risk related to the reverse repurchase agreements outstanding at balance sheet date, that the aggregate amount of reverse repurchase agreement obligations including accrued intercompared to aggregate market value of the securities underlying those agreements includinterest  Commitments on(fiscal close), to repurchase securities under yield maintenant.
g. h. i.	sheet

n.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses which are not separately shown on the operating statement
air Value	<u>Disclosures</u>
О.	Methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value of investments, if fair value is not based on quoted market prices
p.	Basis for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost
q.	For investments in external investment pools that are not SEC-registered, a brief description of any regulatory oversight for the pool
Γ.	Whether the fair value of your investment in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares
s.	Any involuntary participation in an external investment pool
t.	Whether you are unable to obtain information from a pool sponsor to determine the fair value of your investment in the pool, methods used and significant assumptions made in determining that fair value and the reasons for having had to make such an estimate
u.	Any income from investments associated with one fund that is assigned to another fund
redit Ris v.	sk, Concentration of Credit Risk, Interest Rate Risk, and Foreign Currency Risk Disclosures  Briefly describe the deposit and/or investment policies related to the custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk disclosed in this note. If no policy exists concerning the risks disclosed, please state that fact.
w.	List, by amount and issuer (not including U.S. government securities, mutual funds, and investment pools), investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments
x.	List the fair value and terms of any debt investments that re highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to the terms of the investment (eg. coupon multipliers, reset dates, etc.)
y.	Disclose the credit risk of debt investments by credit quality ratings as described by rating agencies as of the fiscal year end. All debt investments regardless of type can be aggregated by credit quality rating (if any are unrated, disclose that amount).
Z.	Disclose the interest rate risk of debt investments by listing the investment type and the method that is used to identify and manage the interest rate risk of those investments (by one of the following 5 methods: a) segmented time distribution, b) specific identification, c) weighted average maturity, d) duration, or e) simulation model.)

(	Disclose the U.S. dollar balances of any deposits or investments that are exposed to foreign currency risk (deposits or investments denominated in foreign currencies). List by currency denomination and investment type, if applicable.
---	---

## D. CAPITAL ASSETS-INCLUDING CAPITAL LEASE ASSETS N/A

The fixed assets used in the Special Purpose Government Engaged only in Business-Type Activities are included on the balance sheet of the entity and are capitalized at cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the entity are charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the balance sheet. Depreciation for financial reporting purposes is computed by the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets.

	Year ended June 30, 2004						
	Balance 6/30/2003	Prior Period Adjustment	Adjusted Balance 6/30/2003	Additions	Transfers*	Retirements	Balance 6/30/2004
Capital assets not being depreciated Land				<b></b>		_	
Non-depreciable land improvements			_	<del></del>			_
Capitalized collections							
Construction in progress	<del></del>						
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated						<u></u>	
Other capital assets							
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment				##			_
Less accumulated depreciation							
Total furniture, fixtures, and equipment							
Buildings and improvements					<del></del>		
Less accumulated depreciation					<b>-</b> _		
Total buildings and improvements				——————————————————————————————————————			
Depreciable land improvements					4-		<del></del>
Less accumulated depreciation							
Total depreciable land improvements				***			
Infrastructure							
Less accumulated depreciation							
Total infrastructure	— <del>-</del>			<del></del>			
Total other capital assets		<del></del>	**				<u> </u>
Capital Asset Summary:							
Capital assets not being depreciated						-	<del></del>
Other capital assets, at cost						***	
Total cost of capital assets					<u>~</u>		**
Less accumulated depreciation							
Capital assets, net							<b></b>

<sup>\*</sup> Should be used only for those completed projects coming out of construction-in-progress to fixed assets; not associated with transfers reported elsewhere in this packet.

E. INVENTORIES N/A

	The unit's inventories are valued at perpetual inventories and are expensed shown as a prepayment.	when used. N	OTE: Do not	(method of valu include postag	ation). These are e. This must be
F.	RESTRICTED ASSETS N/A				
	Restricted assets in the in the non-current assets fiscal agent, \$ in	section on Sta	stement A, cons s, and \$_	sist of \$	end), reflected at in cash with in cash with in the latestment in the latest the latest the latest end.
	purpose of the restriction:		,, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>		

## G. LEAVE

## 1. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Board has the following policy on annual and sick leave: (Describe leave policy.)

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. The amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused annual leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination. Upon retirement, unused annual leave in excess of 300 hours plus unused sick leave is used to compute retirement benefits.

The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60, is recognized as a current year expenditure in the fund when leave is actually taken; it is recognized in the enterprise funds when the leave is earned. The cost of leave privileges applicable to general government operations not requiring current resources is recorded in long-term obligations.

## 2. COMPENSATORY LEAVE

Employees who are considered having non-exempt status according to the guidelines contained in the Fair Labor Standards Act may be paid for compensatory leave earned (K-time). Upon termination or transfer, an employee will be paid for any time and one-half compensatory leave earned and may or may not be paid for any straight hour-for-hour compensatory leave earned. Compensation paid will be based on the employees' hourly rate of pay at termination or transfer. The liability for accrued payable compensatory leave at June 30, 2004 computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section C60.105 is estimated to be \$0. The leave payable is not recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

## H. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Substantially all of the employees of the Board are members of the LA State Employees Retirement System (System), a cost sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The System is a statewide public employee retirement system (PERS) for the benefit of state employees, which is administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees.

All full-time Board employees are eligible to participate in the System. Benefits vest with 10 years of service. At retirement age, employees are entitled to annual benefits equal to \$300 plus 2.5% of their highest consecutive 36 months' average salary multiplied by their years of credited service.

Vested employees are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life at (a) any age with 30 years of service, (b) age 55 with 25 years of service, or (c) age 60 with 10 years of service. In addition, vested employees have the option of reduced benefits at any age with 20 years of service. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute. The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Employees Retirement System, Post Office Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4213, or by calling (225) 922-0608 or (800) 256-3000.

Members are required by state statute to contribute 7.5% of gross salary, and the Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate as required by R.S. 11:102. The contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, increased to 15.8% of annual covered payroll from the 14.1% and 13.0% required in fiscal years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The Board contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002, were \$9,900, \$7,420, and \$9,876, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

## I. POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

Substantially all Board employees become eligible for post employment health care, dental and life insurance benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Board. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the Board. For 2004, the cost of providing those benefits for the 0 retirees totaled \$0.

The Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. Substantially all Board employees become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Board. Those benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and by the Board. The Board recognizes the cost of providing these benefits ((Board's) portion of premiums) as an expenditure when paid during the year, which was \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2004. The Board's cost of providing retiree health care and life insurance benefits are recognized as expenditures when the monthly premiums are paid. For the year ended June 30, 2004 the costs of 0 retiree benefits totaled \$0.

## J. LEASES

## OPERATING LEASES

The total payments for operating leases during fiscal year 2004 amounted to \$13,753. A schedule of payments for operating leases follows:

Nature of lease		FY2005		FY2006		FY2007		FY2008		FY2009		FY2010- <u>2014</u>		FY2015- 2019
Office space	\$_	11,016	_\$_	11,016	\$_	11,016	\$	918	_\$.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$		_\$_	
Copier		2,784		2,784		1,396					_			
											_			
											_			
							•							
											•	<del></del>	-	
							•		•		•			
Total	\$	13,800	\$	13,800	\$	12,412	\$	918	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_

## 2. CAPITAL LEASES N/A

Capital leases are (are not) recognized in the accompanying financial statements. The amounts to be accrued for capital leases and the disclosures required for capital and operating leases by National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement No. 5, as adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and FASB 13 should be reported on the following schedules:

Capital leases are defined as an arrangement in which <u>any one</u> of the following conditions apply: (I) ownership transfers by the end of the lease, (2) the lease contains a bargain purchase option, (3) the lease term is 75% of the asset life or, (4) the discounted minimum lease payments are 90% of the fair market value of the asset.

## SCHEDULE A - TOTAL AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF

Nature of lease	Gross Amount of Leased Asset (Historical Costs)	Remaining interest to end of <u>lease</u>	Remaining principal to end of <u>lease</u>
a. Office space b. Equipment	\$	\$\$	
c. Land Total	\$	\$ - \$	

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest:

Year ending Jur	ie 30:		<u>Total</u>
2005		\$_	
2006			
2007			
2008			
2009		<del></del>	
2010-2014			
2015-2019			
2020-2024			
Total minimum	ease payments		-
Less am	ounts representing execu	tory costs	
Net minimum le	•		-
Less am	ounts representing intere	est	
	f net minimum lease payn		-
		<del></del>	<u> </u>
SCHEDULE B	- NEW AGENCY CAPITA	AL LEASES EXCEP	PT LEAF
		Remaining	Remaining
	Gross Amount of	interest to	principal to
	Leased Asset	end of	end of
<u>Nature of lease</u>	(Historical Costs)	<u>lease</u>	lease
a. Office space	\$	\$	\$
b. Equipment			
c. Land		<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total	\$	\$	\$
		<u></u>	

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest:

Year ending June 30:	<u>Total</u>
2005	\$
2006	<u></u>
2007	
2008	
2009	
2010-2014	
2015-2019	
2020-2024	
Total minimum lease payments	<b></b>
Less amounts representing executory costs	
Net minimum lease payments	_
Less amounts representing interest	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$

## SCHEDULE C - LEAF CAPITAL LEASES

Nature of lease	Gross Amount of Leased Asset (Historical Costs)	Remaining interest to end of lease	Remaining principal to end of <u>lease</u>
<ul><li>a. Office space</li><li>b. Equipment</li><li>c. Land</li></ul>	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$	\$

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of (last day of your fiscal year) and a breakdown of yearly principal and interest:

Year ending June 30:	<u>Total</u>
2005	\$
2006	
2007	
2008	
2009	
2010-2014	
2015-2019	
2020-2024	
Total minimum lease payments	
Less amounts representing executory costs	
Net minimum lease payments	-
Less amounts representing interest	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$

## 3. LESSOR DIRECT FINANCING LEASES N/A

A lease is classified as a direct financing lease (1) when any one of the four capitalization criteria used to define a capital lease for the lessee is met and (2) when both the following criteria are satisfied:

- Collectibility of the minimum lease payments is reasonably predictable.
- No important uncertainties surround the amount of the unreimbursable costs yet to be incurred by the lessor under the lease.

Provide a general description of the direct financing agreement, and complete the chart below:

Composition of lease	<u>Date of lease</u>	Minimum lease payment receivab	Remaining Interest le <u>to end of lease</u>	Remaining Principa to end of lease
a. Office space		\$	\$	_\$
b. Equipment	<del> </del>		<u> </u>	
c. Land			·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Less amounts representing	executory costs		<b>.</b>	
Minimum lease payment		_	<del></del>	
Less allowance for doubtful	accounts			
Net minimum lease paym	nents receivable	_		
Less: Estimated Residual Va	alue of Leased Property			
Less unearned income		<u> </u>	<u>.                                    </u>	
Net investment in direct f	inancing lease	\$		
building etc., excee were \$  The following is a	Contingent rental payments of actions of the space, \$schedule by year of minimum.	yity each year. Conti for equipment, as nimum leases receiv	ngent rentals received to the second of the	for fiscal year 2004
lease as of	(the last day of yo	our fiscal year):		
	Year ending	<u></u> :		
	2005	\$		
	2006		<u></u>	
	2007		<del></del>	
	2008			
	2009			
	2010-2014 2015-2019	<del></del>		
	2013-2019	<del></del>		
		<u></u>		
	Total	<b>*</b>		

## 4. LESSOR - OPERATING LEASE N/A

When a lease agreement does not satisfy at least one of the four criteria (common to both lessee and lessor accounting), and both of the criteria for a lessor (collectibility and no uncertain reimbursable costs), the lease is classified as an operating lease. In an operating lease, there is no simulated sale and the lessor simply records rent revenues as they become measurable and available.

Provide the cost and carrying amount, if different, of property on lease or held for lease organized by major class of property and the amount of accumulated depreciation as of \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_:

	<u>Co</u>	Accum st deprec		Carrying <u>amount</u>
<ul><li>a. Office space</li><li>b. Equipment</li><li>c. Land</li></ul>	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

The following is a schedule by years of minimum future rentals on non-cancelable operating lease(s) as of \_\_\_\_\_ (the last day of your fiscal year):

Year Ended			<u>.</u>			··· .
June 30,		e SpaceEquip	oment La	ind Ot	<u>her</u>	Total
2005	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	-
2006						· -
2007						-
2008						-
2009						-
2010-2014						_
2015-2019						-
2020-2024						-
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u>
Current year lea	se revenu	es received in fisca	l year	_totaled \$	<u></u>	
		d from operating le		-		

## K. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the entity for the year ended June 30, 2004:

			Year ended	June 30, 2004			
	Baland June 3 <u>2003</u>	0,	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions		Balance June 30, <u>2004</u>	Amounts due within one year
Bonds and notes payable:							
Notes payable	\$	\$	;	\$	\$	****	\$
Reimbursement contracts payable							
Bonds payable							
Total notes and bonds		<b></b>					
Other liabilities:				<del></del>	_ •		
Contracts payable							
Compensated absences payable	1,7	35	1,129	9		2,864	0
Capital lease obligations			•				
Liabilities payable from restricted assets						**	
Claims and litigation							
Other long-term liabilities							_
Total other liabilities	1,7	35	1,129	9		2,864	0
Total long-term liabilities	1,7	35	1,129	9	<b>=</b> =	2,864	0

A detailed summary, by issues, of all debt outstanding at June 30, 2004, including outstanding interest is shown on schedule 4. Schedule 5 is an amortization schedule of the outstanding debt. (Send OSRAP a copy of the amortization schedule for any new debt issued.) LITIGATION N/A \_(BTA) is a defendant in litigation seeking damages as follows: 1. Description of Litigation and Probable outcome (remote, Primary Date of Damages Insurance reasonably possible or probable) Action Attorney Claimed Coverage **Totals** The \_\_\_\_\_(BTA)'s legal advisor estimates that potential claims not covered by insurance would affect the financial statement as follows (would not materially affect the financial statements or is unable to estimate the effect on the financial statement): 2. Claims and litigation costs of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ were incurred in the current year and are reflected in the accompanying financial statement. M. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS N/A (FASB 57 requires disclosure of the description of the relationship, the transaction(s), the dollar amount of the transaction(s) and any amounts due to or from which result from related party transactions. List all related party transactions). ACCOUNTING CHANGES N/A Accounting changes made during the year involved a change in accounting \_\_\_\_\_ (principle, estimate, error or entity). The effect of the change is being shown in \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## O. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS N/A

(List all in-kind contributions that are not included in the accompanying financial statements.)

			Cost/Estimated Cost/Fair Market	
	In-Kind Contributions		Value/As Determined by the Grantor	•
	<del></del>	. \$		
		•		
	<del>-, </del>	•	<del></del>	•
		•		
	Total	Þ		
٥.	DEFEASED ISSUES N/A			
	in OO Aba			(DTA) issued
	In, 20, the standard	Ŧ	he purpose of the issue was to provide mo	_(BTA), issued onies to advance
	refund portions of bonds.	. Ir	order to refund the bonds, portions of the	proceeds of the
	new issue \$, plus an add certain other funds and/or securities, were d		onal \$of sinking fund moni	•
	escrow deposit agreement dated		between the (BTA) and the	, •
	The amount in the escrow, together with int			-
	premium, and interest when due. The refur		• •	
	almost \$ and gave the values of the debt service payments on the o	id i	and new debt of \$	cen me bresent
	• •			
_	COOREDATIVE ENDEAVORO AVA			

## Q. COOPERATIVE ENDEAVORS N/A

LRS 33:9022 defines cooperative endeavors as any form of economic development assistance between and among the state of Louisiana, its local governmental subdivisions, political corporations, public benefit corporations, the United States government or its agencies, or any public or private association, corporation, or individual. The term cooperative endeavor includes cooperative financing, cooperative development, or any form of cooperative economic development activity. The state of Louisiana has entered into cooperative endeavor agreements with certain entities aimed at developing the economy of the state.

Some cooperative endeavor contracts are not coded with a document type of "COP" on the Contract Financial Management Subsystem (CFMS), but are considered cooperative endeavors. Include these below with your cooperative endeavor contracts coded with a document type of "COP". Examples of contracts that are considered cooperative endeavors, but are not coded with a document type of "COP" include contracts that fall under delegated authority, Facility Planning and Control "CEA" contracts, certain federal government contracts, contracts that legislative auditors may have designated as such within your agency, work incumbent programs, etc. In prior years, this information was requested as supplemental documentation after the AFRs were submitted, usually in October or November.

The liability outstanding as of June 30, 2004, by funding source, is as follows:

	Self-g Statu Gene Fede Intera	Funding Source General Fund generated revenue Itorily dedicated rever eral obligation bonds eral funds agency transfers r funds/combination	\$	June 30, 2004		
NOTE	balance at June 30 month (25%) and	s of contract limits 0, 2004 For example usage exceeds that requirements (50%).	, if a contract s	specifies a perc	entage of ι	sage for each
NOTE	balances at June	ute your ending bala 30, 2003. These and and decreased for page	nounts will be	increased by a	nounts for	
R.	GOVERNMENT-MANE	ATED NONEXCHANG	E TRANSACTI	ONS (GRANTS)	N/A	
•	The following governm 2003-2004:	ent-mandated nonexch	ange transactio	ns (grants) were	received de	uring fiscal year
	CFDA	Dua muana Al		State Match		al Amount
	<u>Number</u>	Program N	<u>ame</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	\$	of Grant
			<u>,</u>	- <del></del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>
			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· —	
	=		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	<u>,                                      </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	### # · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<del></del>					
	Total government-mai	ndated nonexchange trans	actions (grants)		\$	<u>-</u>
<b>S</b> .	VIOLATIONS OF FINA	NCE-RELATED LEGA	L OR CONTRA	ACTUAL PROVIS	IONS N/A	
	At June 30, 20 , the	8	(BTA) wa	s not in complia	nce with th	e provisions of
			Bo	ond Reserve	Covenant	that requires
•		to correct this		<u> </u>	<del></del>	(517) ala
T.	SHORT-TERM DEBT	N/A				
	The	(BTA)issues	short-term n	otes for the	following	purposes:
		<del></del>	<u>-</u>			······································

Balance

U.

Total payables

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 20\_\_, was as follows:

List the type of S-T deb (e.g., tax anticipation no		<u>.</u>		`	ginning lance	lss	ued	Redee	emed	Endii Balan	_
<del>"</del>		<del>-</del>		<del></del>		\$		\$	\$	<u></u>	<del>-</del>
The				(BTA)	uses á	a revol	vìna li	ine of cr	edit for	the fo	otlowing
purposes:	·····				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		Sno	ort-term ac	edt activ	aty for th	e year (	enaea	June 30,	20, w	as as to	Ollows:
					ginning alance	Dr	aws	Rede	emed	Endi Balar	<del></del>
Line of credit				\$		\$		_\$	\$		<u>*-</u>
DISAGGREGATION	ı of	RECEIVA	BLE BAL	ANCES	N/A						
Receivables at June	30,	20, were	as follow	<b>/S</b> :							
		Customer			Receiv			Other		Total	
Activity		Receivables		xes	Govern		Re	ceivables		eivables	
	<b>—</b> \$-		\$	,	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del> '			<del></del>					<u></u>	<del></del>	
		<del></del>									
	· •	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>		ŧ	_	\$	••	<b>.</b> \$	-	_
Less allowance for	— ·  \$.	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del> ;	\$		\$	<del></del>	<b>.</b> \$		_
	\$ _ \$		\$	- ;	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$	<del>-</del>	\$ \$	<del>-</del>	<b>-</b>
Less allowance for accounts Receivables, net	: \$. \$.	-	\$ <u></u>	-	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ \$	-	<b>-</b>
Less allowance for ncollectible accounts Receivables, net	: \$. \$.	-	<u> </u>	-	\$	-	\$		\$ \$	-	<b>-</b>
Less allowance for neoliectible accounts Receivables, net	: \$. \$.		\$ \$		\$		\$	-	\$ \$ \$	-	<b>-</b>
Less allowance for ncollectible accounts Receivables, net nounts not scheduled collection during the			\$\$ \$ \$		\$		\$		\$ \$ \$	-	
Less allowance for accounts accounts Receivables, net nounts not scheduled collection during the subsequent year	\$	PAYABLE	\$\$ BALANG				\$		\$\$ \$		
Less allowance for accounts accounts Receivables, net nounts not scheduled collection during the subsequent year	\$ 1 OF				\$		\$		\$\$ \$\$		
Less allowance for neoliectible accounts Receivables, net nounts not scheduled collection during the subsequent year  DISAGGREGATION	\$ 1 OF						\$\$		\$\$ \$		
Less allowance for accounts accounts Receivables, net nounts not scheduled collection during the subsequent year	\$ 1 OF						\$		\$\$ = \$		
Less allowance for neoliectible accounts Receivables, net nounts not scheduled collection during the subsequent year	\$ 1 OF			Salarie	\$	Accru	\$		\$\$		- = Total
Less allowance for incollectible accounts Receivables, net mounts not scheduled recollection during the subsequent year	\$ 1 OF		follows:			Accru			\$\$		Total Payable:

2,326 \$

2,556

230 \$

W.	SUBSEQ	HENT	EVENT9	A/M
VV.	PUBPEM	UCIVI:	EVENI	y iwa

[Disclose any material event(s) affecting the (BTA) issuance of the financial statement.]	occurring between the close of the fiscal period and
<del></del>	<u></u>
<u></u>	

## X. SEGMENT INFORMATION N/A

Governments that report enterprise funds or that use enterprise fund accounting and reporting standards to report their activities are required to present segment information for those activities in the notes to the financial statements. For the purposes of this disclosure, a segment is an identifiable activity (or group of activities), reported as or within an enterprise fund or an other stand-alone entity that has one or more bonds or other debt instruments outstanding, with a revenue stream pledged in support of that debt. In addition, the activity's revenues, expenses, gains and losses, assets, and liabilities are required to be accounted for separately. This requirement for separate accounting applies if imposed by an external party, such as accounting and reporting requirements set forth in bond indentures. Disclosure requirements for each segment should be met by identifying the types of goods and services provided and by presenting condensed financial statements in the notes, including the elements in A through C below (GASB 34, paragraph 122, as modified by GASB 37, paragraph 17.)

Type of goods or services provided by the segment	
---	--

## A. Condensed Balance Sheet:

- (1) Total assets distinguishing between current assets, capital assets, and other assets. Amounts receivable from other funds or BTA's should be reported separately.
- (2) Total liabilities distinguishing between current and long-term amounts. Amounts payable to other funds or BTA's should be reported separately.
- (3) Total net assets distinguishing among restricted; unrestricted; and amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Condensed Balance Sheet:

		Segment #1		Segment #2
Current assets	\$		\$	
Due from other funds				
Capital assets				,
Other assets				
Current liabilities				
Due to other funds Long-term liabilities				
Restricted net assets			<u></u>	
Unrestricted net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

- B. Condensed statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets:
  - (1) Operating revenues (by major source).
  - (2) Operating expenses. Depreciation (including any amortization) should be identified separately.
  - (3) Operating income (loss).
  - (4) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) with separate reporting of major revenues and expenses.

- (5) Capital contributions and additions to permanent and term endowments.
- (6) Special and extraordinary items.
- (7) Transfers
- (8) Change in net assets.
- (9) Beginning net assets.
- (10) Ending net assets.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expe	enses, and Changes in No	et Assets:
	Segment #1	Segment #2
Operating revenues	<b>\$</b>	\$
Operating expenses		
Depreciation and amortization		
Operating income (loss)	<u></u>	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Capital contributions/additions to		
permanent and term endowments		
Special and extraordinary items	<del></del>	
Transfers in	Marie - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	- <del> </del>
Transfers out	<del></del>	= <del></del>
Change in net assets	-	
Beginning net assets	<u> </u>	- 
Ending net assets		
<ul> <li>(1) Net cash provided (used) by:         <ul> <li>(a) Operating activities</li> <li>(b) Noncapital financing activities</li> <li>(c) Capital and related financing</li> <li>(d) Investing activities</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) Beginning cash and cash equiva</li> <li>(3) Ending cash and cash equiva</li> </ul>	ing activities ivalent balances	
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows:		
	Segment #1	Segment #2
Net cash provided (used) by operating activiti	ies \$	<b>\$</b>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital		——————————————————————————————————————
financing activities		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and relat	ed	<del></del>
financing activities		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activitie		
Beginning cash and cash equivalent balance:	\$ 	<del></del>
Ending cash and cash equivalent balances		<b>_</b>

## Y. DUE TO/DUE FROM AND TRANSFERS N/A

Type of Fund	Name of Fund	<u>Amount</u> \$
Total due from other funds		\$
List by fund type the amounts due to oth	er funds detailed by individua	I fund at fiscal year end:
Type of Fund	Name of Fund	<u>Amount</u> _ \$
Total due to other funds		\$
List by fund type all transfers from othe	r funds for the fiscal year:	
Type of Fund	Name of Fund	<u>Amount</u>
Total transfers from other funds	······································	\$
List by fund type all transfers to other for	unds for the fiscal year:	
Type of Fund	Name of Fund	<u>Amount</u> \$
Total transfers to other funds		\$
IABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICT	TED ASSETS N/A	
iabilities payable from restricted assets i		\) at /fiscal year e
eflected at \$in the curr	ent liabilities section on State	ment A, consist of \$
n accounts payable, \$	in notes payable,	and <b>a</b>
iabilities payable from restricted assets i	in the(BTA	A) at(fiscal year e

## AA. PRIOR-YEAR RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS N/A

The following adjustments were made to restate beginning net assets for June 30, 20\_\_\_.

Fund balance July 1, 2003, <u>previously reported</u>	Adjustments + or (-)		Beginning net assets, July 1, 2003, <u>As restated</u>
	\$ 	\$	——————————————————————————————————————
		·	
		'	-

Each adjustment must be explained in detail on a separate sheet.

(NOTE: Net Assets at July 1, 20\_\_, previously reported, must correspond to Net Assets at June 30, 20\_\_, per the information received from OSRAP.)

## STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY BOARD SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS For the Year Ended June 30,2004

<u>Name</u>		Amount	
Dr. Patrick R. Bernard	\$		450
Dr. J. Edwin Davis		···	450
Dr. Robert M. Lofton	•		75
Dr. Len G. Randall, Jr.	•		450
Dr. Brent D. Robbins	-	<del></del>	375
Dr. Glenn R. Walker	-	<del></del>	450
	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	•		
	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
	\$		2,250

# STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF STATE FUNDING For the Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Description of Funding	<u>Amount</u>
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$\$
2	. ,	• •
3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4		<del></del>
5		
6		
7	**************************************	
8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
9		
10	w.····································	·····
	Total	\$0

# STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS PAYABLE June 30, 2004

issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding 6/30/PY	Redeemed (Issued)	Principal Outstanding 6/30/CY	Interest Rates	Interest Outstanding 6/30/CY
	<del></del>	\$	\$	\$	\$	<del></del>	\$
<del> </del>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del> :	<u>.</u>	<del> </del>
<del></del> ;	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>			<del>*************************************</del>	<del> </del>
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
<del></del>			<u></u>		<del> </del>	· ————————————————————————————————————	<u> </u>
	**************************************	<del></del>				<del></del>	<u> </u>
<del>"'''''''''''</del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>		<del> </del>	·		<del></del>
		····					<del></del>
	<u> </u>	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<del></del>
<del> </del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>		<del></del>		<del></del>
	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<u></u>	<del></del>	<del></del>	
Total		\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$O</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$		3 <u> </u>

<sup>\*</sup>Send copies of new amortization schedules

## STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF NOTES PAYABLE June 30, 2004

Issue	Date of Issue	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding 6/30/PY	Redeemed (Issued)	Principal Outstanding 6/30/CY	Interest Rates	Interest Outstanding 6/30/CY
		\$	\$	\$	\$	<u></u>	\$
<del></del>		<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	, <del></del>		<del></del>
<del>- h ' </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>					<del></del>
<del></del>	**************************************	•··•··································	<del></del>	<del></del>			
<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>////                                   </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			<u></u>	<del></del>		<del></del>	
<del></del>			<del></del>			<del></del>	<del></del>
	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>			<del></del>
<u> </u>					•		
	<del></del>		<del></del>				
<del>4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1</del>	<del></del>	<del></del>		<u> </u>	<del>-1</del>		
<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>	·
Total		\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$ <u> </u>

<sup>\*</sup>Send copies of new amortization schedules

# STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS PAYABLE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Fiscal Year <u>Ending:</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2005	\$	\$
2006		
2007		
2008	<del></del>	<del></del>
2009	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2010		
2011	<del></del>	
2012	<del></del>	
2013		
2014		<del></del>
2015		**************************************
2016		
2017		
2018		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2019	·····	
2020		
2021		
2022		
2023		
	<del></del>	
2024	·	
2025		
2026		
2027		
2028		
2029		
Total	\$0	\$ <u> </u>

## STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL LEASE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Fiscal Year <u>Ending:</u>	<u>Payment</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Balance
2005	\$	\$	\$	\$
2006		<del></del>	· <u></u>	
2007		<del></del>		<u> </u>
2008		<del></del>		
2009	**************************************			<u></u>
2010-2014	<del> </del>			
2015-2019				<del></del>
2020-2024		<u></u>	###	
2025-2029			. <del></del>	
Total	\$0	\$0	0	0

# STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF NOTES PAYABLE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Fiscal Year <u>Ending;</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
<u>Luding,</u>	£	THIODAI	111101031	
2005	\$		\$	
2005	Φ		Ψ	
2006	<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
2007		······································	<del>=</del>	<del> </del>
2008				····
2009		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
2010-2014	<del></del>			
2015-2019	<del>. ,</del>			
2020-2024		. <del></del>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>
2025-2029	<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	
Total	\$	0_	\$	0

## STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF BONDS PAYABLE AMORTIZATION For The Year Ended June 30, 2004

Fiscal Year	•		
<u>Ending:</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
2005	\$	\$	
2005	Φ	Ψ,	
	<del></del>	•	<u> </u>
2007	<del></del>	•	
2008	<del></del>	<u>.</u>	
2009		-	<del>_</del>
2010	+++++		
2011		•	<del></del>
2012	······································	-	<del></del>
2013		-	······································
2014		<u>.</u>	<del>-</del>
2015		<del></del>	
2016			
2017			<del>-</del>
2018	<u></u>	_	·
2019	·		······································
2020		_	
2021			
2022			
2023		•	
2024	······································	•	<del>-</del>
2025		-	<u></u>
2026	<del></del>	-	
	<del></del>	•	<del>-</del>
2027		•	
2028	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		······································
2029			
		·	
Total	\$ 0	\$	. 0

# STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR REVENUE AND EXPENSES BUDGETARY COMPARISON OF CURRENT APPROPRIATION NON-GAAP BASIS

NON-GAAP BASI JUNE 30, 2004

	Financial	Adjustments	ISIS Appropriation Report-08/14/04	Revised Budget	Variance Postive/(Negative)
Operating Revenues:					
Intergovernmental Revenues	€	\$	•	₩	· •
Sales of Commodities and Services					
Other					
Total Operating revenues					
Operating Expenses:					
Personal services	€73	€	•	€9	·
Travel					
Operating Services					
Supplies					
Professional services					
Capital outlay			•		•
interagency transfers					
Other charges					
Total Operating Expenses	1				
Nonoperating Expenses:					
Use of Money and Property			•		•
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets					
Federal Grants					1
Interest Expense			1		
Other					
Total Nonoperating Expenses					
Capital Contributions					•
Operating Transfers In					
Operating Transfers Out					
Change in Net Assets	\$	\$		₩	\$

## STATE OF LOUISIANA

# LOUISIANA BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR REVENUE AND EXPENSES BUDGETARY COMPARISON OF CURRENT APPROPRIATION NON-GAAP BASIS

## **JUNE 30, 2004**

Budgeted Income (Loss)	\$	0	<b>-</b>
Reconciling items:			
Cash carryover			_
Depreciation			
Payroll accrual			_
Compensated absences adjustment		<u> </u>	_
Capital outlay		<u></u>	_
Change in inventory			<del></del>
Bad debts expense			
Prepaid expenses			_
Principal payment			
Loan Principal Repayments included in Revenue		<u> </u>	_
Loan Disbursements included in Expenses			_
Accounts receivable adjustment			_
Accounts payable/estimated liabilities adjustment			_
Other	,	<u></u>	_
Change in Net Assets	\$	<u>.</u>	<b></b>

Schedule 5

Concluded

## STATE OF LOUISIANA

## LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

## COMPARISON FIGURES

To assist OSRAP in determining the reason for the change in financial position for the state and reason for the changes in the budget, please complete the schedule below. If the change is greater than 10%, explain the reason for the change.

			2004		2003		Difference	Percentage <u>Change</u>
		_				<u>.</u>		
1)	Revenues	\$_	246,147	\$,	<u>237,193</u> \$	\$ <u></u>	<u>8,954</u>	4
	Expenses	-	238,902	-	205,355	_	33,547	16
2)	Capital assets		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	<u>.                                    </u>	<del></del>
	Long-term debt				<u> </u>	_		
	Net assets	_	<u>236,335</u>	-	229,090		7,245	3
	explanation for change <u>Expenses increased due to increased legal costs.</u>							
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3)			2004 Original Budget		2004 Final Budget		<u>Difference</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
	Revenues	\$_	208,590	\$_	208,590	\$_	<u> </u>	0
	Expenditures		207,827	-	<u> 257,827</u>		50,000	24
	Explanation for change: Legal costs increased.							
			<del>-, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>					
			2004 Final Budget		2004 Final Budget		<u>Difference</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
	Revenues	\$	208,590	\$_	246,147	\$_	37,557	18
	Expenditures		257,827	-	238,902	_	<u> 18,925</u>	8
	Explanation of change	je:	Revenues excee	ded	budget due to ar	<u>n</u> ind	rease in certain lie	cense fees
			that went into effe					

## Information for Note C "Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments" (GASB Statement 3 Amended by GASB Statement 40)

## I. Purpose:

Note C provides the required disclosures about the governmental entities' deposits with financial institutions and investments. The disclosures required for deposits and investments as of the fiscal year ended date provides information about the credit risk and market risk of the deposits and investments and are designed to provide users of the financial statements information about the potential for losses associated with the deposits and investments. GASB Statement 40 has modified or eliminated portions of GASB Statement 3 including:

- 1) modified the custodial credit risk disclosures of Statement 3 for deposits to limit the required disclosure to only category 3, thus eliminating the disclosures of category 1 and 2 deposits.
- 2) modified the custodial credit risk disclosures of Statement 3 for investments to limit the required disclosure to only category 3, thus eliminating the disclosures of category 1 and 2 investments.
- 3) established or modified disclosure requirements related to investment risks for concentrations of credit risk and interest rate risk (disclosures of investments that have fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates).
- 4) established disclosure requirements for foreign currency risks for both deposits and investments.
- II. Comparison of amounts disclosed per requirements in Note C to amounts shown on the Balance Sheet is required as part of AFR packet):
  - Generally, the amounts of cash and investments on the balance sheet will not be classified exactly the way they would be classified in Note C.
  - "Deposits with Financial Institutions" and "Investments" in Note C may be reported on the balance sheet using titles or line items that are different than those in Note C, or they may be combinations of titles or line items. For instance, "Deposits" in Note C may come from several line items on the balance sheet such as "Cash in Bank" and "CD's", or even "Investments" (See section II below that gives further guidance on what should be considered "Deposits" in note C).
  - Line items on the balance sheet may include amounts that would be deposits in Note C, and may also include amounts that would be investments in Note C. Also, cash and cash equivalents line items on the balance sheet may include amounts that are not deposited in bank accounts of the entity and therefore would not be reported in Note C as deposits but as separate line items such as petty cash, cash on hand, and treasury cash. These amounts must be listed separately from the deposits.
  - Each line item on the balance sheet that involves cash or investments, including any
    restricted cash and/or investments, needs to be analyzed to determine what is included in
    the item and how it should be disclosed in Note C.

## III. "Deposits with Financial Institutions" section of Note C:

- Generally, this section of the Note C disclosure refers to the various examples of "Deposits With Financial Institutions" (See A. for examples). The term "cash and cash equivalents" is used in reference to GASB Statement 9 that affects presentation for the balance sheet and statement of cash flows, not the note disclosures required by GASB Statement 3 & 40. "Deposits with Financial Institutions" include deposit accounts in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions. They can be demand, savings, or time accounts, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts and non-negotiable CD's. As stated previously, deposits for Note C may be a combination of balance sheet line items or titles.
- Do not include treasury cash, petty cash not in a bank account, or cash on hand in Note C
  as part of the deposits in bank accounts. As mentioned previously, these amounts would
  be separate line items.

## A. Examples and/or definitions:

Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit – Nonnegotiable CDs are time deposits that are placed by depositors directly with financial institutions and generally are subject to a penalty if redeemed before maturity. These are treated as deposits for GASB 3 Note C disclosures. (Negotiable CDs are securities that are normally sold in \$1 million units that are traded in a secondary market. These are treated as investments for Note C disclosures.)

Money Market Accounts – financial institution "money market" accounts are simply deposits that pay interest at a rate set to make the accounts competitive with money market mutual funds. They should be treated like any other deposit account for Note C disclosures.

Bank Investment Contracts (BICs) – A BIC is a general obligation instrument issued by a bank, typically to a pension plan, that provides for a guaranteed return on principal over a specified period. Since these are issued by a bank, they are treated as deposits for Note C disclosures.

## B. Other definitions as applied to deposits:

Insured (Insurance) – deposits are insured by federal deposit insurance (FDIC), state deposit insurance, multiple financial institution collateral pools that insure public deposits, and even commercial insurance (if scope of coverage would be substantially the same as FDIC).

Collateral – Security pledged by a financial institution to a government entity for its deposits.

## IV. "Investments" section of Note C:

- Following GASB Statement 3 requirements, investments (listed by type) were either
  "categorized as to level of credit risk" or "not categorized", and were generally classified by
  whether they fit the definition of securities or not (see the definition of securities in section
  IV.C.). GASB Statement 40 has eliminated the requirement to disclose investments
  by the 3 categories and classified or non-classified. Now investments are simply
  listed by type and if any category 3 investments exist, that fact would be disclosed in
  a paragraph form.
- Types of investments for listing investments by type definitions/examples:
  - 1. Repurchase Agreements An agreement in which a governmental entity (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a broker-dealer or financial institution (seller-borrower): the broker-dealer or financial institution transfers securities to the entity and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.
  - 2. <u>U.S. Government Obligations</u> examples include treasury bills, treasury notes and treasury strips; obligations of certain U.S. Government Agencies such as FNMA, FHLB, or SLMA.
  - 3. Common & Preferred Stock a security that represents an ownership interest in an entity.
  - 4. Commercial Paper (mortgages, notes, etc.) An unsecured promissory note issued primarily by corporations for a specific amount and maturing on a specific day. Almost all commercial paper is rated as to credit risk by rating services.
  - 5. Corporate Bonds
  - 6. Other (identify) It is not appropriate to present material amounts of investments as "Other", unless the note disclosure describes the composition of the "Other" category. The following are examples of other investments:
  - a. <u>Closed-end Mutual Fund</u> The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. A closed-end mutual fund has a constant number of shares, the value depends on the market supply and demand for the shares rather than directly on the value of the portfolio, the fund does issue certificates, and the securities are traded on a stock exchange.
  - b. Open-end Mutual Funds The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. In contrast to a closed-end mutual fund, the open-end mutual fund creates new shares to meet investor demand, the value depends directly on the value of the portfolio, the fund does not issue certificates but sends out periodic statements showing account activity. These investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

- c. <u>Reverse Repurchase Agreements</u> An agreement in which a broker-dealer or financial institution (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a governmental entity (seller-borrower); the entity transfers securities to the broker-dealer or financial institution and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.
- d. <u>Investments in pools managed by another government</u> GASB 3 does not require the investment to be categorized as to level of risk, but it does not prohibit it either. Generally, these investments would not be categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- e. Private placements, such as venture capital and limited partnerships
- f. Investments in real estate, annuity contracts, and direct investments in mortgages

## V. Risk Disclosures for Deposits and Investments:

 Deposits and investments are subject to several types of risks, mainly credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk.

<u>Credit risk</u> - defined as the risk that a counterparty to an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations and can be associated with the issuer of securities, with a financial institution holding deposits, or with a party holding investment or collateral securities.

Concentration of credit risk – defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Market risk – defined as the risk that the market value of investment securities, collateral securities protecting a deposit, or securities of a repurchase agreement will decline.

Interest rate risk – defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Foreign currency risk – defined as the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit.

## A. Risk Disclosures for Deposits:

Following GASB Statement 3, deposits were classified into three categories of custodial credit risk depending on whether they were insured or collateralized, and who holds the collateral and how the collateral is held.

Collateral – Securities pledged by the financial institution for the purpose of securing the governmental entity's deposits.

Collateralized - When the entity's deposits are secured with securities pledged by the financial institution holding the deposits.

Category 1 – Deposits that are covered by insurance (FDIC) or collateralized with securities that are held by the entity in the entity's name or registered in the entity's name.

Category 2 – Deposits that are not insured but are collateralized with securities that are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and are in the entity's name.

Category 3 – Deposits that are not covered by insurance and also are not collateralized. Not collateralized includes when the securities (collateral) are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and they are not in the entity's name.

GASB Statement 40 has eliminated the requirement to disclose category 1 and 2 deposits. Only any category 3 deposits are now required to be disclosed. If an entity has deposits exposed to custodial credit risk Category 3, it should disclose:

- 1. the amount of those balances,
- 2. the fact that they are uninsured, and
- 3. whether the balances are either:
  - a. Uncollateralized,
  - b. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
  - c. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the entity's name.

B. Following GASB Statement 3, investments (listed by type) were either classified into three categories (depending on whether they are insured or registered and who holds the securities and how they are held), or listed as non-classified investments.

Category 1 - Investments that are insured (SIPC) or registered in the entity's name, or securities held by the entity or agent in the entity's name.

Category 2 – Investments that are not insured or registered, and the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category 3 – Investments that are not insured or registered, and the securities are held by the counterparty or it's trust department or agent not in the entity's name.

GASB Statement 40 has eliminated the requirement to disclose investments by the 3 categories and classified or non-classified. Now investments are simply listed by type and if any category 3 investments exist, that fact would be disclosed in a paragraph form.

## Additional Risk Disclosures for Investments:

## C. Securities as applied to the credit risk categories:

Securities – a transferable financial instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship. Securities can be in either paper or book-entry form.

- 1. Examples of securities that are often held by or pledged to (as collateral) governmental entities include:
- a. treasury bills, treasury notes, treasury bonds
- b. federal agency obligations
- c. corporate debt instruments (including commercial paper)
- d. corporate equity instruments
- e. negotiable CD's (keyword here is negotiable)
- f. bankers' acceptances
- g. shares of closed-end mutual funds (keyword here is closed-end)
- h. shares of unit investment trusts
- 2. Instruments or investments that are not securities include:

(These instruments or investments would therefore not be categorized as to credit risk for GASB 3 disclosure requirements)

- a. investments made directly with another party (such as limited partnerships)
- b. real estate
- c. direct investments in mortgages and other loans
- d. investments in open-ended mutual funds (keyword here is open-ended)
- e. pools managed by other governments
- f. annuity contracts
- g. guaranteed investment contracts