

RECEIVED
LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR

04 JUN 20 PM 1:17

East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority

*Management's Discussion and Analysis,
Financial Statements for the Year Ended
December 31, 2003 and Supplementary
Information and Independent Auditors' Report
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and an
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Copies of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 7-28-04

EAST BATON ROUGE MORTGAGE FINANCE AUTHORITY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	5
GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003:	
Individual and Combined Balance Sheets	7-8
Individual and Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	9-18
Individual and Combined Statements of Cash Flows	11-14
Notes to Financial Statements	15-28
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	29
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING	30

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority's (the "Authority") financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Authority's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2003. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts in comparison with the prior year's information. Please read this document in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which begin on page 7.

The combined general purpose financial statements include the totals of the similar accounts of each of the Authority's bond programs and the Authority's Unrestricted Fund. Because the assets of the bond programs are restricted by the related bond resolutions and indentures, the totaling of the accounts, including the assets therein, is for convenience only and does not indicate that the combined assets are available in any manner other than that provided for in the resolutions and indentures relating to the separate programs. However, for purposes of this analysis, we will refer to the combined totals in order to assist the reader in understanding the overall financial status of the Authority.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During 2003, historically low mortgage rates have caused a significant amount of the Authority's mortgage loans to first time home buyers to be prepaid. This large amount of prepayments reduced the Authority's mortgage related assets by \$67 million. Prepayments from mortgage loans (whether from whole loans or as the underlying collateral for the Mortgage Backed Securities) are used to retire bonds prior to their maturity. Fewer assets results in lower mortgage related interest income and fewer bonds results in lower bond interest expense.
- The Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2003 by \$25,197,808, which represents a \$1,512,000 decrease from 2002.
- The Authority's gross revenue (exclusive of the "Net increase/decrease in the fair market value of investments and gains on sales of investments") decreased \$4,086,808.
- There was a \$17,847,000 decrease in net income from the prior year primarily as a result of the change in the fair value of investments in 2003 compared to 2002 (\$15,315,000 net income in 2002 to a net loss of \$2,522,808 in 2003). Net income was \$4,005,808 in 2003 and \$1,260,000 in 2002 including the effects of the change in the fair value of investments and the gains on the sale of investments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These general purpose financial statements consist of three sections – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements), and the supplemental information.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic general purpose financial statements include information on a combined basis for the Authority as a whole, in a format designed to make the statements easier for the reader to understand. The statements in this statement include the combining balance sheets; the combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes to net assets; and the combining statements of cash flows.

The combining balance sheets (pages 7 & 8) present the assets and liabilities separately. The difference between total assets and total liabilities is net assets and may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets (pages 9 & 10) present information showing how the Authority's net assets changed as a result of the current year operations. Regardless of when cash is received, all changes in net assets are reported when the underlying transactions occur. As a result, there are transactions included that will not affect cash until future fiscal periods.

The combining statements of cash flows (pages 11 through 14) present information showing how the Authority's cash changed as a result of the current year's operations. The combining cash flow statements are prepared using the direct method and includes the reconciliation of net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (indirect method) as required by Statement No. 34 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

Combined Statements of Net Assets as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 (In thousands)

	Total	
	2003	2002
Mortgage backed securities & mortgage loans receivable	\$ 308,227	\$ 275,004
Guaranteed investment contracts and investments	182,736	135,926
Other assets	13,891	17,476
Total assets	<u>504,854</u>	<u>428,406</u>
Other liabilities	3,700	4,783
Long-term debt outstanding	506,044	360,593
Total liabilities	<u>509,744</u>	<u>365,376</u>
Net assets:		
Restricted	28,096	36,621
Unrestricted	26,802	21,117
Total net assets	<u>\$ 54,898</u>	<u>\$ 57,738</u>

Restricted net assets represent those net assets that are not available for general use due to the terms of the various bond trust indentures under which assets are held and pledged as security for the bonds of the Authority's Mortgage Revenue Bond Program. Conversely, unrestricted net assets are those assets for which there are no such limitations.

Net assets of the Authority decreased by \$1,512,080 from December 31, 2002 to December 31, 2003. This decrease in net assets can be attributed to the net loss of \$2,321,908 which is primarily due to a decrease in the fair value of securities of \$3,140,808.

	2003	2002
Revenues	\$ 17,432	\$ 28,840
Expenses	<u>18,934</u>	<u>23,012</u>
Net (Loss) Income	\$ (1,502)	\$ 5,828

Revenue

The Authority's revenues decreased primarily due to lower mortgage interest income as a result of a shrinking asset base of mortgage backed securities in a climate of falling interest rates stimulating early payoffs and refinancing and decreasing volume in housing program activity. In addition, the Authority had a net decrease in the fair value of investments of \$1,546,808 in 2003 compared to a net increase in the fair value of investments of \$13,462,889 and a gain on the sale of investments of \$308,000 in 2002. Expenses decreased as a result of reduced interest payments due to the early retirement of bonds payable.

The Authority's total revenues exclusive of "Net increase/decrease in the fair market value of investments and gains on sale of investments" decreased by \$4,596,808. The total cost of all programs and services decreased by \$3,541,808. These decreases were primarily a result of a decrease in interest expense of \$1,138,808.

Debt

The Authority had \$366,044,800 in bonds and Federal Home Loan Bank Advances outstanding at the end of 2003, compared to \$363,993,800 at the end of 2002, as shown in the table below.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End (in thousands)

	2003	2002
Federal Home Loan Bank Advances	\$ -	\$ 10,538
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	215,139	294,308
Convertible program notes	93,085	81,331
Lines of credit	<u>57,820</u>	<u>20,800</u>
Total	<u>\$366,044</u>	<u>\$363,993</u>

The decreased debt level resulted from the new single family bond program being less than the nearly ninety million dollars in bond redemptions made during the year. Additionally, the Authority discontinued the warehousing credit arrangement with the Federal Home Loan Bank whereby borrowings were advanced to the Authority up to \$19,406,400 for the purpose of funding Single Family Program loans. Advances under this arrangement were paid in full in June 2003.

The Authority's bond rating continues to carry the A3 rating for general revenue bonds, and an Aaa rating for the debt of its Mortgage Revenue Bonds.

The Authority has accounts payable and accrued interest payable of \$1,703,800 outstanding at year-end compared with \$4,782,800 last year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Authority's appointed officials considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget. These factors and indicators include:

- The reductions in interest rates stimulated early payoff and refinancing, shrinking the Authority's asset base of mortgage backed securities and thereby reduced mortgage interest income and issuer fees the Authority receives.
- It is no longer advantageous for the Authority to use the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas' refinancing credit management. Therefore interest savings from this program will decrease.

CONTACTING THE EAST BATON BOUGE MORTGAGE FINANCE AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Louisiana's citizens and taxpayers, as well as the Authority's customers and creditors with a general overview of the East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Victoria Thoriot
Program Administrator
8641 United Plaza Blvd., Suite 208
Baton Rouge, LA. 70809

225-922-5111 Phone
225-621-5114 FAX
victoria.thoriot@brmfca.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority

We have audited the accompanying combining general purpose financial statements of the East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority (the "Authority") as of December 31, 2003, and for the year then ended, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year summarized memorandum only totals have been derived from the general purpose financial statements of the East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority as of December 31, 2002 and for the year then ended and, in our report dated April 25, 2003, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each of the individual programs and the unrestricted fund of the Authority at December 31, 2003, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Numbers 34, 37 and 38 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 4 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the Authority's management. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted primarily of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit such information and we do not express an opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 11, 2004 on our consideration of internal control over financial reporting and our tests of the Authority's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

June 11, 2004

EAST BAYTOWNE MORTGAGE FINANCE AUTHORITY

**INDIVIDUAL COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001**

(In thousands)

	Revenues (Costs)									
	2001 Program	2000 Program	1999 Program	2001 Program	2000 Program	1999 Program	2001 Program	2000 Program	1999 Program	2001 Program
REVENUES										
Interest earned on mortgage loans receivable	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.28
Interest earned on investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest earned on other investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Administrative fee income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other net sales of investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	1.28	1.21	1.28	1.28	1.21	1.28	1.28	1.21	1.28	1.28
EXPENSES										
Interest	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.21	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.28
Administration of mortgage loans	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Administrative fee income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest on debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Insurance costs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Administrative fees	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Capital costs program	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	1.28	1.21	1.28	1.28	1.21	1.28	1.28	1.21	1.28	1.28
NET INCOME (LOSS)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TRANSFER BALANCES (RECORDS)										
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NET ASSETS - End of Year	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

See notes to financial statements.

Continued

EAST BATON ROUGE MORTGAGE FINANCE AUTHORITY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

I. ORGANIZATION

The East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority (the "Authority") was created through a Trust Indenture dated August 14, 1974, pursuant to provisions of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, as amended. The initial legislation and subsequent amendments grant the Authority the power to obtain funds and to use the proceeds to promote the financing and development of any essential program conducted in the public interest within the boundaries of East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana.

The Authority's operations consist primarily of single-family mortgage purchase bond programs under which the Authority purchases residential loans originating through the acquisition of mortgage loans secured by first mortgage liens on single-family residential housing. Under the 1987, 1982 A&B, 1993 C, 1993 A&B, 1993 C, 1994 A&B, 1995 B, 1996 B, 1997 C1-C3, 1997D, 1998B, 1998 D, 1999A, 2000 A&B, 2000 C,D&E, and 2003 A Programs, these loans are pooled and sold to the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) or the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) in exchange for mortgage-backed securities on which GNMA or FNMA guarantees payment of principal and interest when due. These securities are collateralized by the related loans. The Authority also issues short-term convertible program notes, which are collateralized by government agency securities during the interim in preparation of long-term issues. The funds for the Authority's programs were obtained through the issuance of bonds in the following face value amounts (in thousands):

1979 Bonds dated March 1, 1979	\$ 108,000
1988 Program, dated September 1, 1988 (restructured)	125,000
1982 Program, dated October 1, 1982 (restructured)	38,000
1983 Program, dated April 14, 1983 (restructured)	38,000
1984 Program, dated September 18, 1984	38,000
1985 Program, dated May 7, 1985	26,000
1987 Program, dated July 1, 1987	15,429
1988 C&D Program, dated August 1, 1988	28,975
1988 E&F Program, dated June 22, 1989	48,000
Municipal Refunding Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (MRCMO) Program, dated January 23, 1999	67,965
1998 Program, dated August 1, 1998	58,000
1992 A&B Program, dated April 1, 1992	25,000
1992 C Program, dated April 1, 1992	38,210
1992 D Program, dated April 1, 1992	8,915
1993 A&B Program, dated October 27, 1993	38,720
1993 C Program, dated October 27, 1993	12,270
1994 A&B Program, dated August 15, 1994	30,210
1994 C Program, dated December 28, 1994 (restructured)	13,250
1995 A Program, dated February 23, 1995 (restructured)	8,840
1995 B Program, dated October 3, 1995	12,500
1995 C Program, dated September 28, 1995 (restructured)	5,820
1996 A Program, dated February 28, 1996 (restructured)	8,765

1996 B Program, dated October 24, 1996	12,900
1996 C Program, dated September 27, 1996 (reimastered)	6,298
1997 B Program, dated March 27, 1997 (reimastered)	16,775
1997 C1-C3 Program, dated December 31, 1997	301,408
1997 D Program, dated June 1, 1997	18,600
1997 F Program, dated September 25, 1997 (reimastered)	3,100
1998 A Program, dated June 1, 1998	12,828
1998 B Program, dated June 1, 1998	21,590
1998 C Program, dated December 1, 1998	41,188
1998 D Program, dated December 1, 1998	6,800
1999 A Program, dated July 15, 1999	12,800
1999 B Program, dated July 15, 1999	16,485
2000 A Program, dated May 31, 2000	15,800
2000 B Program, dated May 31, 2000	40,208
2000 C Program, dated November 9, 2000 (reimastered from 2000 A&B Program)	10,800
2000 D Program, dated November 9, 2000 (reimastered from 2000 A&B Program)	6,294
2000 E Program, dated November 9, 2000	14,583
2000 CR Program, dated August 14, 2001 (reimastered from 2000 C Program)	3,200
2000 DR Program, dated August 14, 2001 (reimastered from 2000 D Program)	2,250
2000 ER Program, dated August 14, 2001 (reimastered from 2000 E Program)	7,718
2001 A Program, dated June 18, 2002	36,813

The bonds issued by the Authority are general obligations of the Authority and are not obligations of the State of Louisiana or any other political subdivision thereof. The 1993 Program bonds are covered by comprehensive municipal bond insurance, which guarantees payment of all principal and interest when due.

The Authority's Board of Trustees is empowered under the bond trust indentures and the bond program agreements to contract with outside parties to conduct the day-to-day operations of the Authority and the programs it initiates. The Authority employs Financial Consulting Services, Inc. as its Program Administrator to provide administrative staff support for the Board of Trustees and its committees, general office administration for the Authority and program administration and supervision for each of its mortgage purchase bond programs. Under each of its single family mortgage purchase bond programs, the Authority utilizes area financial institutions to originate and service the mortgage loans acquired. In addition, an area bank has been designated as the Trustee of the separate bond programs and has the fiduciary responsibility for the custody and investment of funds.

The Program Administrator is responsible for the development of each new bond issue and loan program. Once the bond issue is closed, the Program Administrator supervises the origination of the mortgage loans, underwrites (reviews and approves) the new mortgage loans for purchase under each program, maintains computerized current records on all loans, and supervises the servicing and trustee functions for each program.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT REPORTING AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Kind of Presentation - Fund Accounting—The proprietary funds are used to account for the Authority's ongoing operations and activities which are similar to those in the private sector. Proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resource measurement focus under which all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included in the balance sheet. The operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. The Authority maintains various proprietary fund types as detailed in the combining financial statements.

Basic of Accounting—The Authority prepares financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Basic of Reporting—Effective January 1, 2005, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, and also adopted the required portions of GASB Statements No. 37 and 38, which modified the disclosure requirements of GASB No. 34. GASB No. 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. It requires the classification of net assets into three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt**—This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- **Restricted**—This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net assets via through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted**—This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of “restricted” or “invested in capital assets, net of related debt.”

The net assets of the 1981 Add Program, the Federal Home Loan Bank Account Program and the Unrestricted Fund are unrestricted. The net assets of all other programs are substantially restricted under the terms of the various bond indentures.

The adoption of GASB No. 34 had no effect on the basic financial statements except for the classification of net assets in accordance with the statement, and the change from the indirect to the direct method of reporting cash flows from operating activities.

Combined Totals—The combined financial statements include the totals of the similar accounts of each of the Authority’s bond programs and the Authority’s Unrestricted Fund. Because the assets of the bond programs are restricted by the related bond resolutions and indentures, the totaling of the accounts, including the assets therein, is for convenience only and does not indicate that the combined assets are available in any manner other than that provided for in the resolutions and indentures relating to the separate programs.

GASB Statement No. 31—The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) issued Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. GASB Statement (GASBS) No. 31 became effective for the Authority for periods beginning after June 15, 1997 and was adopted by the Authority effective January 1, 1998. The Statement requires that most investments be recorded at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties and has generally been based upon quoted values. This method of accounting causes fluctuations in reported investment values based on fluctuations in the investment market. Fluctuations in the fair value of investments are recorded as income or expense in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and the amount is disclosed in the statements of cash flows as unrealized (gains) loss on investments. The Authority applies the provisions of the Statement to U.S. Government securities and mortgage-backed securities. Following is a summary of the unrealized gains (losses) as reflected in the accompanying financial statements (in thousands):

	Unrealized Gain (Loss)		
	Balance January 1, 2001	Change During the Year Ended December 31, 2001	Balance December 31, 2001
1987 Program	\$ 77	\$ (31)	\$ 46
MRCMD Program	703	(79)	624
1992 A&B Program	(1)	1	—
1992 C Program	407	(98)	309
1993 A&B Program	(181)	181	(0)
1993 C Program	13	(73)	(60)
1994 A&B Program	348	(49)	299
1995 B Program	988	(273)	715
1996 B Program	798	(187)	611
1997 C1-C4 Program	923	(339)	584
1997 D Program	1,148	(278)	870
1998 B Program	1,046	(404)	642
1998 D Program	1,142	(249)	893
1999 A Program	1,053	(356)	697
2000 A&B Program	1,481	(396)	1,085
2000 C, D, & E Program	1,202	(490)	712
2001 A Program	368	621	989
Unrealized	<u>928</u>	<u>(640)</u>	<u>288</u>
	\$ 12,146	\$ 12,240	\$ 8,828

The sale of these investments by the Authority is subject to certain restrictions as described in the individual bond indentures.

Amortization—Bond issuance costs, including underwriters’ discount on bonds sold, are being amortized evenly over the lives of the bonds based upon the principal amounts outstanding. The remaining unamortized balances of these costs are reflected on the accompanying balance sheets as “Deferred Financing Costs.”

Commitment Fee and Loan Origination Cost—Nonrefundable commitment fees received subsequent to January 1, 1988 from originating financial institutions and certain direct loan origination costs are deferred and amortized over the lives of the related assets as a yield adjustment. Prior to 1988, such fees were recognized in current operations as received.

Statement of Cash Flows—For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority's programs maintain deposits at the Trustee bank. The balances of these deposits at December 31, 2003 were entirely insured. The Authority also has funds, classified as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet, which represent interests in uninsured money market mutual funds.

Under certain of the Authority's programs, the Authority has entered into guaranteed investment agreements with various financial institutions. These agreements define the types of allowable investments and specify a guaranteed rate of return on each fund.

The approximate carrying values of the U.S. Government and Agency securities at December 31, 2003 are as follows (in thousands):

MIRCMO Program	\$ 2,644
Unrestricted Fund	88,012
2002 CPM Program	<u>70,893</u>
Combined	<u>\$ 91,549</u>

The MIRCMO Program's U.S. Government Securities are restricted for debt service on the program's bonds and payment of various program expenses. These securities are held by the Trustee bank in the Authority's name.

The Authority's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Authority at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Authority or its agent in the Authority's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker's or dealer's trust department in the Authority's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker, or by its trust department, but not in the Authority's name.

	Category			Carrying Amount and Fair Value
	1	2	3	
	(in thousands)			
U. S. Government and Agency Securities	\$ 91,541	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,541
Guaranteed Investment Agreements	_____	_____	<u>31,785</u>	<u>31,785</u>
	<u>\$ 91,541</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 31,785</u>	<u>\$ 123,326</u>

4. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

Mortgage Loans Receivable

Mortgage loans acquired by the Authority from participating mortgage lenders under the following bond programs have scheduled maturities of thirty years and are secured by first mortgages on the related real property. The mortgages have stated interest rates as follows:

1983 Program	8.00 %
1985 C Program	7.125 %
1987 C1-C3 Program	8.3 %

In addition to the customary insurance required of the mortgagors, the mortgage loans are insured under special hazard policies, and supplemental mortgage trust policies for mortgage defaults. Premiums for these policies are paid through the applicable Program's funds.

The exchange of U.S. Government securities and mortgage loans between the 1979 Program and the MRCMO Program in January 1988 resulted in the transfer of the mortgage loans to the MRCMO Program at a discount. The approximate effective yield on the MRCMO Program's mortgage loans is 12.62%, and the remaining unamortized discount was approximately \$780,000 at December 31, 2005. These loans and the unamortized discount were transferred at amortized cost to the 1987 C1-C3 Program on December 31, 1997.

All of the single family mortgage loans are originated by participating mortgage lenders through conventional, FHA or VA programs sponsored by the mortgage lenders and are sold to the Authority without recourse. The participating mortgage lenders service the mortgage loans for the Authority and receive monthly compensation based upon the unpaid principal balance of the mortgage loans serviced.

Mortgage-Backed Securities

As discussed in Note 1, the mortgage loans originated under certain Authority programs are pooled and sold to GNMA or FNMA in exchange for mortgage-backed securities on which GNMA or FNMA guarantees payment of principal and interest when due. These securities bear the following terms and interest rates:

	Term	Pass Through Interest Rate
1987 Program	30 Years	8.3 %
1993 C Program	30 Years	7.75 %
1993 A&B Program	30 Years	4.75% to 6.50 %
1993 C Program	30 Years	4.50 %
1994 A&B Program	30 Years	6.85% to 7.10%
1995 B Program	30 Years	6.35% to 7.00%
1996 B Program	30 Years	6.125% to 6.875%
1997 C1-C3 Program	30 Years	3.8% to 6.625%
1997 D Program	30 Years	3.875% to 6.625%
1998 B Program	30 Years	3.325% to 3.39%
1998 D Program	30 Years	4.25% to 6.125%
1999 A Program	30 Years	3.625% to 6.625%
2000 A&B Program	30 Years	6.375% to 7.32%
2000 C, D, & E Program	30 Years	3.625% to 7.125%
2002 A Program (1982 A&B)	30 Years	7.8%
Federal Home Loan Bank Account	31 Years	3.25% to 6.25%

The change to the mortgage-backed securities type of program was prompted by various factors including the unavailability of mortgage pool and related insurance coverage required for conventional mortgage loan programs. The guarantee by FNMA and/or GNMA which the Authority receives under this type of program replaces the pool and related insurance coverage of the previous programs. Development of the new programs, origination of the mortgage loans and supervision of the servicing of the mortgage loans for compliance with federal mortgage bond tax laws by the Authority remain essentially the same.

As discussed in Note 1, nonrecourse commitment fees received from originating financial institutions and certain direct loan origination costs are amortized over the lives of the mortgage-backed securities issued by the 1993 A&B, 1994 A&B, 1995 B, 1996 B, 1997 D, 1998 B, 1998 D, 1999 A, 2000 A&B, 2000 C, D & E, and 2002 A Programs as a yield adjustment. The 2000 A Program also will have nonrecourse commitment fees. However, as the acquisition period for this program has not yet ended, nonrecourse commitment fees for this program will not be amortized until 2004.

The net unamortized balances of the deferred net fees for such programs have been deducted from the balances of mortgage-backed securities in the accompanying balance sheets. The following is a summary of the balances of deferred net fees at December 31, 2003:

	Unamortized Deferred Net Fees
1993 A&B Program	\$ 4,000
1994 A&B Program	8,000
1995 B Program	21,000
1996 B Program	27,000
1997 D Program	53,000
1998 B Program	68,000
1998 D Program	133,000
1999 A Program	58,000
2000 A&B Program	78,000
2000 CD&E Programs	158,000
2001A Program	38,000

5. BONDS AND LINES OF CREDIT PAYABLE

The net proceeds obtained from the bond issues are used to establish funds authorized by the Bond Trust Indentures to purchase eligible mortgage loans, secured by first mortgage liens on single family owner-occupied residences, or to purchase GNMA and FNMA mortgage-backed securities from qualified mortgage lenders accepted for participation in the programs by the Authority.

The Bond Trust Indentures provide that bond principal and interest are secured by pledges of all mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities acquired, all revenues and collections with respect to such loans and securities and all funds established by the Indentures, together with all of the proceeds generated therefrom.

Outstanding bonds and lease of credit payable consist of the following at December 31, 2003 (in thousands):

1983 Program:	
Term bonds due 2016, bearing interest at 10% payable semiannually	\$ 839
Less unamortized bond discount	<u>(418)</u>
Total—1983 Program	<u>421</u>
1987 Program: term bonds due 2011, bearing interest at 8.15% payable monthly	<u>518</u>
MBCMO Program:	
Zero coupon bonds due 2014, priced to yield 8.33% at maturity	1,560
Less unamortized bond discount	<u>(3,262)</u>
Total—MBCMO Program	<u>1,298</u>
1993 C Program: term bonds due 2003, bearing interest at 7% payable semiannually	<u>2,192</u>
1993 A&B Program: due serially and term from 2004 through 2025, bearing interest at 4.41% to 5.2% payable semiannually	<u>9,830</u>
1993 C Program: due serially and term from 2004 through 2025, bearing interest at 4.93% to 5.2% payable semiannually	<u>3,725</u>
1994 A&B Program: term due serially and from 2004 through 2025, bearing interest at 5.45% to 6.8% payable semiannually	<u>6,680</u>
1995 B Program: due serially and term from 2004 through 2025, bearing interest at 6.7% to 6.35% payable semiannually	<u>12,181</u>
1996 B Program: due serially and term from 2004 through 2025, bearing interest at 6.15% to 6.2% payable semiannually	<u>11,381</u>
1997 CI-C3 Program:	
Capital appreciation bonds due term 2030 priced to yield 5.83% at maturity	33,643
Serial and term bonds due from 2004 through 2025, bearing interest at 4.75% to 6.725% payable semiannually	10,348
Less unamortized bond discount	<u>(21,958)</u>
Total—1997 CI-C3 Program	<u>21,993</u>

<i>1997 D Program</i> , due serially and term from 2004 through 2020, bearing interest at 4.00% to 5.7% payable semiannually	<u>16,202</u>
<i>1998 B Program</i> , due serially and term from 2004 through 2020, bearing interest at 4.15% to 5.45% payable semiannually	<u>19,402</u>
<i>1998 D Program</i> , due serially and term from 2004 through 2023, bearing interest at 3.90% to 5.25% payable semiannually	<u>29,918</u>
<i>1999 A Program</i> , due serially and term from 2004 through 2023, bearing interest at 4.0% to 5.7% payable semiannually	<u>16,318</u>
2000A&B Program: Capital appreciation bonds due serially and term from 2013 to 2023 priced to yield 6.1% to 6.93% at maturity	21,653
Serial and term bonds due from 2004 through 2026, bearing interest at 4.0% to 6.28% payable semiannually	12,496
Less unamortized bond discount	<u>(16,810)</u>
Total—2000A&B Program	<u>17,313</u>
2000 C, D & E Program: Capital appreciation bonds due serially and term from 2014 to 2024 priced to yield 5.8% to 6.5% at maturity	18,349
Serial and term bonds due from 2004 through 2027, bearing interest at 4.5% to 5.95% payable semiannually	17,653
Less unamortized bond discount	<u>(14,587)</u>
Total—2000 C, D & E Program	<u>11,415</u>
2002 A Program: Capital appreciation bonds due serially and term from 2013 to 2026 priced to yield 5.8% to 5.5% at maturity	3,419
Serial and term bonds due from 2004 through 2023, bearing interest at 3.7% to 5.6% payable semiannually	23,685
Less unamortized bond discount	<u>(1,049)</u>
Total—2002 A Program	<u>25,955</u>
2002 CPW Program (convertible program notes) due in 2004 bearing interest at a variable interest rate (0.8% at December 31, 2003) payable monthly	<u>78,962</u>
Total bonds payable	<u>288,044</u>
Lines of credit: 2002 B Escrow fund, due in 2004	<u>78,962</u>
	<u>\$ 366,944</u>

The 1987 Program bonds are structured such that the monthly principal remittances received from the GNMA securities are passed on to beneficiaries as principal redemptions of bonds payable on a monthly basis.

The bonds are subject to early redemption provisions as described in the Bond Trust indentures at redemption prices equal to the principal amounts of the bonds redeemed plus accrued interest to the applicable call dates. In connection with early bond redemptions, deferred financing costs related to the bonds called are charged to expense. Early bond redemptions and related deferred financing costs reported during the year ended December 31, 2000 were as follows (in thousands):

	Early Bond Redemptions	Related Deferred Financing Costs Expensed
1983 Program	\$ 140	\$ 1
1987 Program	384	4
1992 C Program	1,525	17
1993 A&B Program	1,210	12
1993 C Program	975	18
1994 A&B Program	3,170	54
1995 D Program	5,720	71
1996 B Program	5,000	67
1997 C1-C3 Program	8,125	48
1997 D Program	6,680	105
1998 B Program	7,170	99
1998 D Program	6,600	53
1999 A Program	7,010	99
2000 A&B Program	11,650	87
2000 C, D & E Program	6,680	121
2001A Program	<u>4,920</u>	<u>79</u>
	<u>\$ 78,109</u>	<u>\$ 824</u>

Following is a summary of changes in debt during the year ended December 31, 2000:

Balance—January 1, 2000	\$ 161,995
Proceeds from issuance	29,974
Repayments—including early bond redemptions	(80,758)
Amortization of bond discount	<u>1,322</u>
Balance—December 31, 2000	<u>\$ 112,533</u>

Following is a schedule of the future principal and interest payments of the Authority's debt based on the stated maturity dates of the debt. Actual repayment dates will likely occur earlier since substantially all of the debt is subject to early redemption provisions. These early redemption provisions relate to payments received on the mortgage-backed securities and mortgage loans receivable and certain other factors. These early redemptions will also reduce future interest payments.

Scheduled principal payments (in thousands):

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Thereafter	Total
1985 Program	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800	\$ 800
1987 Program						299	299
MRC2007 Program						1,500	1,500
1990 C Program						2,000	2,000
1992 A/B Program	190	200				9,439	9,829
1993 C Program	85	85				1,118	1,288
1994 A/B Program	180	145	115	160	165	1,885	6,680
1995 B Program	195	110	110	240	215	11,130	12,280
1996 B Program	175	190	190	200	205	10,241	11,205
1997 C1-C3 Program	1,015	1,100				41,270	43,385
1997 D Program	100	275	285	310	350	14,840	16,360
1998 B Program	20	25	25			19,315	19,405
1998 D Program	165	175	180	190	205	20,990	23,510
1999 A Program						16,110	16,110
2000 A/B Program					200	10,755	10,955
2000 C, D-A, B Program	0	5		525	375	14,080	15,085
2002 A Program	440	470	510	495	515	27,680	30,110
2002 C/PSA Program	<u>70,202</u>						<u>70,202</u>
	<u>\$ 11,385</u>	<u>\$ 2,085</u>	<u>\$ 1,385</u>	<u>\$ 2,120</u>	<u>\$ 1,880</u>	<u>\$ 269,379</u>	<u>\$ 377,314</u>
Less unamortized bond discount							<u>(111,750)</u>
Total outstanding at December 31, 2003							<u>\$ 265,564</u>

Scheduled interest payments (in thousands):

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Tranche	Total
1992 Program	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 620	\$ 1,050
1997 Program	31	21	31	21	21	32	157
1992 C Program	182	182	182	182	182	4,897	6,997
1993 A&B Program	486	476	471	471	471	6,084	8,076
1993 C Program	184	180	178	178	178	1,647	2,345
1994 A&B Program	395	388	377	368	377	4,185	6,008
1995 B Program	731	718	706	692	706	6,041	10,495
1996 B Program	667	656	643	633	643	7,038	19,244
1997 C1&C2 Program	590	527	494	484	494	3,791	6,300
1997 D Program	871	869	834	828	858	14,287	19,309
1998 B Program	879	868	867	867	867	16,154	20,894
1998 D Program	1,491	1,483	1,478	1,463	1,474	21,588	38,883
1999 A Program	892	892	892	882	892	10,982	29,412
2000 A&B Program	749	749	749	749	738	8,190	11,924
2000 C, D & E Program	1,829	1,829	1,829	1,843	1,873	14,276	19,561
2002 A Program	1,272	1,348	1,221	1,299	1,323	22,694	29,112
2002 CPN Program	<u>1,084</u>						<u>1,084</u>
	<u>\$ 11,987</u>	<u>\$ 10,688</u>	<u>\$ 10,561</u>	<u>\$ 10,487</u>	<u>\$ 10,942</u>	<u>\$ 110,688</u>	<u>\$ 207,651</u>

The 2002 CPN Program bonds are expected to be refinanced on a long-term basis in 2004.

4. OPERATING EXPENSES

The members of the Authority's Board of Trustees receive a per diem fee for all committees and board meetings attended. For the year ended December 31, 2005, the following amounts were paid to the Authority's Board members:

Board Member	
Randy Bottacane	\$ 7,600
Arcid Clements	6,800
Robert Gannon, III	5,400
William G. Cloutier	6,600
Henry Hargan	3,600
Salway W. Longwell, Sr.	4,800
John L. Metterville	6,000
Loretta Pournaris	7,600
Joseph Vance	<u>4,400</u>
Total	<u>\$ 54,800</u>

These amounts are paid through the Unrestricted Fund and included in operating expenses in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets.

7. AUTHORITY FEES

Beginning with the 1993 Program, the Authority instituted an authority fee which is paid to the Unrestricted Fund by the individual programs. The Unrestricted Fund recognizes authority fee income related to the fees paid by the individual programs. The fee income received by the Unrestricted Fund is currently being used to provide the upfront funds required of the Authority's annual program in order to finance such things as costs of issuance of bonds, subsidizing lower income mortgagee's with waivers of discount points and providing down payment assistance to mortgagees. The actual fees paid by each program varies in accordance with the provisions of the respective program's indenture agreement. Authority fee income recognized by the Unrestricted Fund, and Authority fee expense recognized by the individual programs are disclosed separately in the Individual and Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

8. DOWNPAYMENT ASSISTANCE AND AUTHORITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

During fiscal year 1996, the Authority began the Downpayment Assistance Program which provides funds to borrowers that meet certain criteria in order to assist borrowers with closing costs or down payments. The amount of funds is based on a percentage of the loan amount (generally 2% to 4%). The interest rate charged on these loans is greater than the interest rate on loans that do not utilize this program. Also during 1996, the Authority initiated the Authority Assistance Program which waives the discount points on loans made to households whose income is under \$27,500.

Costs related to these programs are capitalized and are being amortized over the lives of the related assets as yield adjustments based upon the average lives of the underlying assets. The remaining unamortized balances are classified on the accompanying balance sheets in the same caption as the related assets. Following is a summary of the activity with respect to these programs during the year ended December 31, 2003 (in thousands):

	December 31, 2002	Paid in 2003	2003 Amortization	December 31, 2003
1995 B Program	\$ 302	\$ -	\$ (31)	\$ 271
1996 B Program	362		(34)	328
1987 C1-C3 Program	808		(180)	628
1987 D Program	294		(74)	220
1998 B Program	638		(138)	500
1998 D Program	1,828		(164)	1,664
1999 A Program	381		(97)	284
2000 A&B Program	828		(135)	693
2000 C, D & E Program	878	4	(180)	698
2002A	215	481	(90)	606
2002B	-	118		118
	<u>\$5,628</u>	<u>\$ 485</u>	<u>\$ 1,080</u>	<u>\$5,293</u>

9. TRANSFERS AMONG PROGRAMS

Transfers among programs generally consist of nonrecurring transfers associated with (1) the initial issuance of bonds, (2) transfers to the unrestricted fund of remaining fund assets of closed funds once bonds are redeemed, and (3) balances in the cost of issuance accounts.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Board of Trustees
East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated June 11, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered East Baton Rouge Mortgage Finance Authority's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, and the State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

June 11, 2004