



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ACADIA PARISH CLERK OF COURT CROWLEY, LOUISIANA

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 1999

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the audited, or reviewed, entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Pelease Date 1-12-2000

Prepared by

McRight & Associates Certified Public Accountants Baton Rouge, Louisiana

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
<u>GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL</u> <u>STATEMENTS</u> Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Group	3 - 4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6 - 17
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULES	

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds:

Combining Balance Sheet - Agency Funds 21

Schedule of Changes in unsettled Deposits 22

23 Schedule of Prior Year Findings

SPECIAL REPORTS OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based in an Audit of 24 - 25 Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

<u>Paqe</u>

McRight & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

Jeanette R. McRight, mba Cestified Public Accountant L. Dalton McRight, mba Certified Public Accountant

11817 Bricksome Ave., Suite E Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816

(225) 292-2041 Fax (225) 292-2048

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable J. Andrus Barousse Acadia Parish Clerk of Court Crowley, Louisiana

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court, Crowley, Louisiana, a component unit of the Acadia Parish Police Jury, as of June 30, 1999 and for the year then ended. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Clerk. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general

purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court, Crowley, Louisiana, as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of Acadia Parish Clerk of Court, Crowley, Louisiana. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of

Members of the AICPA and the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated December 16, 1999, on our consideration of the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court's internal control structure and a report dated December 16, 1999, on its compliance with laws and regulations.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana December 16, 1999

- 2 -

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUP JUNE 30, 1999

<u>ASSETS</u>

			duciary <u>nd Type</u>	
		General <u>Fund</u>	_	ency <u>nds</u>
Cash (Note 5) Investments, at cost (Note 4) Accounts Receivable (Note 3) Other Debits Equipment (Note 2)		\$ 41,446 50,000 21,438	\$	272,578 250,000 -
Total Assets	\$	112 884	 خ	522 570
IOLAI ASSELS	Ŷ	112,884	Ş	522,578

LIABILITIES AI	<u>N</u> D	<u>F</u> <u>U</u> <u>N</u> <u>D</u>	ΕQUITY
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Unsettled Deposits (Note 6) Compensated Absences	\$	44,997	\$- \$522,578
Total Liabilities		<u>44,997</u>	<u>522,578</u>
Fund Equity: Investment in General Fixed Assets Fund Balance:		_	_
Unreserved - Undesignated	\$	67,887	b
Total Fund Equity		67,887	
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	112,884	\$ 522,578

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

- 3 -

Account <u>Group</u>		<u>(Me</u>	Total morandum (<u>Only</u>	· <u>)</u>
General <u>Fixed</u> <u>Assets</u>	General <u>L-T Debt</u>		<u>1999</u>		<u>1998</u>
\$- - - <u>92,180</u>	\$	\$	314,024 300,000 21,438 - 92,180	\$	331,151 300,000 24,679 - 88,561
\$ 92,180	_	\$	727,642		744,391

-

· -- <u>-</u> · ·

_ __

_-··

- - \$ 567,575 589, 92,180 92,180 88, - 67,887 66,		155,3 744,3	160,067 727,642	\$ <u> </u>	92,180 \$92,180	-
- <u>-</u> \$ 567,575 589,	771	66,7	67,887	 	_	
	561	88,5	92,180		92,180	
- 522,578 580,	059	589,0	567,575	\$ 	- _	-
\$ 44,997 8,		8,4 580,6		\$ -	\$ -	\$



ACADIA PARISH CLERK OF COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

		1999	~ _
			Variance
			Over
<u>REVENUES</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Under)</u>
Licenses and Permits	\$ 13,450	\$ 13,036	\$(414)
Charges For Services	1,084,983	1,129,711	44,728
Interest	16,182	15,260	(922)
Clerks's Supplement	11,825	11,825	0
Total Revenue	1,126,440	1,169,832	43,392
EVDENTSTORC	·	_	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Personal Services			
Salaries - Clerk	70 700	70 700	
	70,700 572 946	70,700	
Salaries - Deputies Salaries - other	573,846	573,846	
Benefits - Insurance	9,000 192,467	9,000 241,409	(48,942)
Benefits - Retirement	62,406	63,362	(40,942)
Supplies	02,400	05,502	(9507
Office	34,266	34,983	(717)
Uniforms	5,600	5,600	(/ 2 / /
Automobile	1,352	1,330	22
Operating Expenses		_,	
Travel & Education	7,768	8,003	(235)
Expense Allowance	7,070	7,070	·/
Telecommunications	15,877	16,839	(962)
Postage	14,050	14,050	· · ·
Insurance - Other	17,912	16,826	1,086
Professional Services	38,291	38,291	
Equipment	18,513	17,764	749
Dues. ADS, Publication	s 7,180	6,888	292
Rent	720		720
Filing Fees	13,440	13,620	(180)
UCC Fees	14,030	13,010	1,020
Election Fees	12,333	12,506	(173)
Marriage Fees	6,000		6,000
Capital Outlay	3,619	3,619	
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficit) of	1,126,440	1,168,716	(42,276)
revenues over expenses	- 0 -	1,116	1,116
Fund Balance, Beginning	66,771	66,771	
			L_ ,,,
Fund Balance, ending	66,771	67,887	1,116

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTRODUCTION

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public; the recorder of conveyances, mortgages, and other acts; and shall have other duties and powers provided by law. The Clerk of Court is elected for a term of four years.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Acadia Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Acadia Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Acadia Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and

- 6 -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- The ability of the police jury to impose its a. will on that organization and/or
- The potential for the organization to provide b. specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
- Organizations for which the police jury does not 2. appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature of or significance of the relationship.

Because the police jury's financial statements would be misleading if data of the Clerk of Court is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship, the clerk of court was determined to be a component unit of the Acadia Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the clerk of court and do not present information on the police jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The clerk of court uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.



. ..

. _-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. On the other hand, an account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liability that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds of the clerk of court are classified into two categories: governmental (General Fund) and fiduciary (agency funds). These funds are described as follows:

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the clerk of court and accounts for the operations of the clerk's office. The various fees and charges due to the clerk's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Agency Funds

The Advance Deposit and Registry of Court Agency Funds account for assets held as an agent for others. Agency funds are custodial in nature(assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The accompanying component unit financial statements have been prepared on the GAAP basis of accounting. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:



ACADIA PARISH CLERK OF COURT CROWLEY, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Revenues

-

-. _ ..

Revenues are recorded in the period in which they are earned.

Expenditures

Expenditures are recorded in the period in which the goods or services are received.

E. BUDGET PRACTICES

The proposed budget for the year ending June 30, 1999 was made available for public inspection at the clerk's office on May 10, 1998. The proposed budget, prepared on the GAAP basis of accounting, was published in the official journal 15 days before the public hearing. The budget hearing was held at the clerk's office on June 16, 1998. The budget is legally adopted and amended, as necessary, by the clerk. Each year, when the next years budget is prepared the current budget is amended and published along with the proposed budget for the next year. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal budget integration is not employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

F. ENCUMBRANCES

The clerk of court does not use encumbrance accounting.

G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the clerk of court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized

under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

- 9 -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under state law, the clerk of court may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates. These are classified as investments if their original maturities exceed 90 days; however if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

H. INVENTORY

Inventories are considered immaterial and are recorded at cost and recognized as an expenditure when purchased.

I. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are recorded as expenditures at the time

purchased, and the related assets are capitalized (reported) in the general fixed assets account group. General Fixed assets provided by the police jury are not recorded within the general fixed assets account group. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All full-time employees of the clerk of court's office earn vacation leave at a rate of 2 to 5 weeks each year, depending upon their length of service. Vacation leave must be used in the year earned. Sick leave is earned at a rate of one to one and one-half days per month, depending upon their length of service. Sick leave may be accumulated, and employees are paid for up to 30 days of sick leave upon retirement.

The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60, is recognized as a current year expenditure in the General Fund when the leave is actually taken. The cost of leave privileges not requiring current resources is recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

- 10 -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

K. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations expected to be financed from the General Fund are reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Expenditures for principal and interest payments for long-term obligations are recognized in the General Fund when due. At June 30, 1999, the clerk of court did not have any long-term obligations outstanding.

L. FUND EQUITY

Reserves

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditures or legally segregated for a specific purpose.

Designated Fund Balances

Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

M. TOTAL COLUMNS ON STATEMENTS

Total columns on the statements are captioned Memorandum Only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation.



-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 1999, the clerk of court has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$314,024 as follows:

Petty Cash	\$	200
Interest-bearing demand deposits		313,824
Money market accounts		- 0 -
Time deposits		- 0 -
Total	Ş	314,024
Total	\$	314,024

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 1999, the clerk has \$313,824 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by federal deposit insurance and pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (FASB Category 3).

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statue 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the clerk of court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

- 12 -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 1999 the clerk of court holds investments totaling \$300,000 as follows:

	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Market <u>Value</u>
Certificate of Deposit	<u>\$ 300,000</u>	<u>\$ 300,000</u>
Total	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000

These investments are stated on the balance sheet at cost. The investments are in the name of the clerk and are held at the clerk's office. Because the certificates of deposit are in the name of the clerk and are held by the clerk or the clerk's agent, they are considered insured and registered Category 1, in applying the credit risk of GASB Codification Section 150.164. The investments are covered by FDIC Insurance and a pledge of securities. All investments have original maturities of one year or less at time of issue.

4. RECEIVABLES

The receivables consisted of the following:

<u>Fund</u> <u>1999</u>
<u>\$21,438</u>
\$21,438



- --

.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

Changes in general fixed assets are summarized as follows:

	EQUIPMENT 1999
Balance - beginning	\$ 88,501
Additions	3,679
Deletions	
Balance - ending	\$ 92,180

6. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all employees of the Acadia Parish Clerk of court's office are members of the Louisiana Clerk of Court Retirement and Relief Fund System, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

All regular employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment and are not drawing retirement benefits from any other public retirement system in Louisiana are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 per cent of their final-average salary for each year of credited service, not to exceed 100 per cent of their final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state

statute.

- 14 -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 11745 Bricksome Avenue, Suite B1, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816, or by calling (505)293-1162.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.25 percent of their annual covered salary and the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 11 percent of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the system also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court are established and may be amended by state statue. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Acadia Parish Clerk of Courts contribution to the system for the years ending June 30,1999, 1998 and 1997, were \$62,406, \$55,715 and \$57,129, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

7. POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

- · - - ·

The Acadia Parish Clerk of Court provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the clerk's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the clerk of court. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the clerk of court. The clerk of court recognizes the cost of providing these benefits (the clerk's portion) as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are paid.

~ 15 -

. .

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

At June 30, 1999, employees of the clerk of court did not have any accumulated and vested employee leave benefits, computed in accordance with GASB Codification Section C60.

9. LEASES

· · · · · · · · ·

At June 30, 1999, the clerk of court did not have capital leases. The Clerk of court leases an automobile and office equipment under operating leases that can be canceled by the clerk.

10. CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND BALANCES

A Summary of changes in agency fund unsettled deposits follows:

	Unsettled Deposits at Beginning of Year	t Additions	Reductions	Unsettled Deposits at End of Year
Agency funds:				
Advance Deposit	\$ 297,391	\$ 844,347	\$ 904,340	\$ 237,398
Registry of Court	283,224	42,826	40,870	285,180
_	\$ 580,615	\$ 887,173	\$ 945,210	\$ 522,578

- 16 -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

At June 30, 1999, the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court did not have any long-term obligations.

12. EXCESS FUND BALANCE

Louisiana Revised Statute 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office) the clerk of court must pay the parish treasurer the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the clerk's last year of his term of office. At June 30, 1999, there was no amount due the parish treasurer as this was not the last year of the clerk's four-year term of office, and no determination of the amount that will be due, if any, can be made at this time.

13. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related-party transactions for the year ended June 30, 1999.

14. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

At June 30, 1999, the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court is not involved in litigation and is not aware of any claims against the clerk.

15. EXPENDITURES OF THE CLERK OF COURT NOT INCLUDED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Acadia Parish Police Jury provided the office space and utilities for the Clerk of Court for the year ended June 30, 1999. Expenditures for these items are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

16. DISCLOSURES ABOUT YEAR 2000 ISSUES

The Clerk's office uses personal computers and software

that are date sensitive. The Clerk has received assurances from all vendors that the equipment and software are year 2000 compliant.

- 17 -

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

_ _ _ _ _ _

_ _ _ _ _ .

- 18 -

_... _

•

INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF

_ _ _____ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

- 19 -

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS

____ . . .

ADVANCE DEPOSIT FUND

- .. - - . - ..

The Advance Deposit Fund as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842 accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.

REGISTRY OF COURT FUND

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, accounts for funds that have been

ordered by the court to be held until judgement has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawal of the funds can be made only upon order of the court.

- 20 -

... ..

· · -

---- ·

- ----

-- --

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999



<u>ASSETS</u> Cash and Equivalents	\$ (12,602) \$ 285	5,180 \$ 272,578
Investments, at cost	250,000	250,000
Total Assets	\$ 237,398 \$ 285	5,180 \$ 522,578
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Unsettled deposits	\$ 237,398 \$ 285	5,180 \$ 522,578

-

.

-. .

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

- 21 -

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN UNSETTLED DEPOSITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999



<u>ADDITIONS</u> Deposits:

-- ·

Suits & Successions Judgments	842,507	35,729	842,507 35,729
Interest earnings on			.
investments	1,840	7,097	8,937
Total	844,347	42,826	887,173
DEDUCTIONS:			
Clerk's costs	615,704		615,704
Settlements to	<u></u>		
litigants	95,938	40,870	136,808
Sheriff's fees	113,571		113,571
Other Fees	76,614		76 614
Other reductions	2,513		2,513
Total Reductions	904,340	40,870	945,210
<u>UNSETTLED DEPOSITS AT</u>			
END OF YEAR	237,398	285,180	522,578

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

· ·-·--

- 22 -

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

There were no prior year audit findings.

- 23 -

-

McRight & Associates

Certified Public Accountants

Jeanette R. McRight, mba Certified Public Accountant L. Dalton McRight, mba Certified Public Accountant 11817 Bricksome Ave., Suite E Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816

(225) 292-2041 Fax (225) 292-2048

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the Acadia Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 1999. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government</u> <u>Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

<u>Compliance</u>

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Acadia Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be a material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal

> - 24 -Members of the AICPA and the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a material weakness.

This report is intended for the information of the Clerk, management, and Legislative Auditor's Office. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

December 16, 1999

- - ---

- 25 -

· • • <u>--</u> ···• ·

_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _