LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR
1999 DEC 30 AM 10: 19

Financial Report

City of Hammond Louisiana

June 30, 1999

ander provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the audited, or reviewed, entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Pelease Date 1-19-200

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October 28, 1999

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Louis Tallo, Mayor and Members of the Council City of Hammond, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements individual fund, and account group financial and the combining, statements of the City of Hammond, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, as listed in the foregoing table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of City of Hammond, Louisiana. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the component units discretely presented in the general purpose financial statements which account for 100% of the assets and 100% of the revenues and other sources of the financial resources of the governmental type component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports thereon were furnished to us, and our opinion, herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these entities, is based solely upon the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the reports of other auditors, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Hammond as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its Proprietary Fund Types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the combining, individual fund and account group financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each of the individual funds and individual account groups of the City of Hammond, as of June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations of such individual funds and cash flows of the individual Proprietary Fund Types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 1999 on our consideration of the City of Hammond's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole and on the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements. The Year 2000 supplementary information on pages 45-46 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it. In addition, we do not provide assurance that the City of Hammond is or will become Year 2000 compliant, the City's Year 2000 remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with which the City does business with are or will become Year 2000 compliant.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis at Bourgeois, L.L.P.

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 1999

		Governmenta:	L Fund Types		Proprietary	Fund Types
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Enterprise	Internal Service
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 32,860	\$ 151,796	\$ 3,596	\$ 94,165	\$ 84,403	\$ 81,253
Investments, at Cost	531,375	2,029,823	2,142,203	1,453,622	1,410,860	1,429,422
Receivables (Net, if Applicable of						
Allowances for Doubtful Accounts): Franchise Taxes	116,805	_	-	-	-	-
Customers	-	-	-	-	623,114	-
Notes	-	215,015	₩-	-	-	-
Special Assessments:	_	_	_	•	7,516	-
Current Receivable Delinquent Receivable	-	-	-	_	5,422	-
Other	180,179	2,704	-	25,000	7,029	-
Unbilled Water and Sewer Charges	114 414	1 261	-		123,537	-
Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments	114,414 407,592	1,361 1,792,424	-	107,226	19,850	-
Inventory, at Cost	192,065	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted Assets:					46.004	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	<b>-</b>	-	-	16,294 4,865,426	<del>-</del>
Investments, at Cost Fixed Assets (Net of	-	_			1,005,120	
Accumulated Depreciation)	-	-	-	-	14,552,529	-
Other Assets	~	-	-	-	94,884	20,500
Amount Available for Retirement of Long-Term Debt	_	_	•	_	_	•
Amount to be Provided for						
General Long-Term Obligations			<del></del>		<del>-</del>	
. Total Assets and Other Debits	\$ 1,575,290	\$ 4,193,123	\$ 2,145,799	\$ 1,680,013	\$ 21,810,864	\$ 1,539,175
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 441,953	\$ 230,936	ş <del>-</del>	\$ 229,304	\$ 178,237	\$ 780
Retainages Payable	-	-	-	145,937	21,521	-
Payroll Taxes Payable	22,885	580	<b>+</b>	-	3,499	450,000
Claims Payable Due to Other Funds	<u>-</u>	1,754	5,940	32,000	76,081	430,000
Payable from Restricted Assets -		1,,04	•,,,,,	*****	,	
Customer Deposits	-	-	-	-	388,208	-
Accrued Interest Payable	<u>-</u>	-	<b>-</b>	_	24,983 482,000	_
Bonds Fayable-Current Portion Bonds Payable-Long-Term Portion	-	-	-	_ _	5,830,000	-
General Obligation Bonds Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Certificates of Indebtedness	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Lease Obligation	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	÷
Note Payable Salaries Payable	160,931	<u>-</u>	•	-	17,931	-
Accumulated Leave Payable	-	-	. <b>-</b>	-	91,523	-
Deferred Revenue	-	58,121	-	15,000	412 206	-
Due to Other Governments Bonds and Fines Paid in Advance of Trial	-	-	<del>-</del>	-	413,786	-
police and times tale in Movemen of 11141	· ·	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>
Total Liabilities	625,769	291,391	5, <del>9</del> 40	422,241	7,527,769	450,780
FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS						
Contributed Capital	-	-	-	<del></del>	10,549,219	~
Investment in General Fixed Assets Retained Earnings:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reserved	_	_	-	-	64,395	1,088,395
Unreserved - Undesignated	-	-	-	-	3,669,481	-
Fund Balances:	192,065	_	_	-	_	_
Reserved for Inventory Reserved for Encumbrances	34,992	- -	-	•	-	-
Reserved for Debt Service	•	_	2,143,476	+	-	•
Reserved for Judge's Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reserved for Public Defender's Fees Unreserved:	-	-	-	-	-	•
Designated Undesignated	722,464	2,101,217 1,800,515	(3,617)	1,257,772	<u>-</u>	<b>-</b>
		1,000,020				
Total Retained Earnings/ Fund Balance	949,521	3,901,732	2,139,859	1,257,772	3,733,876	1,088,395
Total Fund Equity	949,521	3,901,732	2,139,859	1,257,772	14,283,095	1,088,395
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity		\$ 4,193,123	\$ 2,145,799	\$ 1,680,013	\$ 21,810,864	\$ 1,539,175
TOUR MINNESSON WHO PRINT MARKET		3	2	<del>Paris, de grissia, in paris</del>		

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND DISCRETLY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

	•		l Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	Total Primary Government
_	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Expendable Trusts	(Memorandum Only)
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$ 2,453,972 1,720,476	\$ 9,938,016	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 12,391,988 1,720,476
Court Costs Court Witness Fees Fines and Forfeitures	354,228	58,443	<del>-</del>	 	- -	58,443 354,228
Sanitation Service Fees Intergovernmental Parks and Recreation	457,246 525,033 81,160	422,175	- -	161,259	33,997	457,246 1,142,464 81,160
Airport Interest Miscellaneous	23,786 381,008	54,801 140,868 18,387	98,418	30,141 25,000	1,090 1,421	54,801 294,303 425,816
Total Revenues	5,996,909	10,632,690	98,418	216,400	36,508	16,980,925
Expenditures: General Government Public Safety:	1,892,751	797,710	<del>-</del>	<b>-</b> .	-	2,690,461
Police Fire	3,657,801 2,711,919	274,688 541,266	<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	46,050	3,978,539 3,253,185
Other Highways and Streets Cemeteries and Municipal	305,416 1,054,722	43,424	-	<b></b> -	<del>-</del>	305,416 1,098,146
Grounds Geographic Information	471,628	_	-	-	-	471,628
Service Sanitation	113,904 447,674	-	<del>-</del> -	<b></b> -	- -	113,904 447,674
Parks and Recreation Airport	455,186	235,081 156,474	<del>-</del>		-	690,267 156,474
Capital Projects Debt Service:	-	-	<del>-</del>	2,480,491	-	2,480,491
Principal Retirement Interest and Charges Paying Agent Fees	34,954 4,241 —	-  -	1,126,000 409,076 2,743		- -	1,160,954 413,317 2,743
Total Expenditures	11,150,196	2,048,643	1,537,819	2,480,491	46,050	17,263,199
Excess (Deficiency) of Revent Over Expenditures	ues (5,153,287)	8,584,047	(1,439,401)	(2,264,091)	(9,542)	(282,274)
Other Financing Sources (Uses Proceeds from Note Payable Sales of Fixed Assets Operating Transfers In	22,315 5,377,832	95,445 3,971 926,548	1,394,000	2,289,000	- 14,090	95,445 26,286 10,001,470
Operating Transfers Out Operating Transfers In -	(994,838)	(8,629,156)	(160,771)	(150,075)	(2,130)	(9,936,970)
From Primary Government Operating Transfers Out -	-	-	-		<del></del>	-
To Component Units	(400,000)	<del>-</del>			<del>-</del>	(400,000)
Total Other Financi Sources (Uses)	ing 4,005,309	(7,603,192)	1,233,229	2,138,925	11,960	(213,769)
Excess Of Revenue and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(1,147,978)	980,855	(206, 172)	(125, 166)	2,418	(496,043)
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year	2,097,499	2,920,877	2,346,031	1,382,938	36,458	8,783,803
End of Year	<u>\$ 949,521</u>	\$ 3,901,732	\$ 2,139,859	\$ 1,257,772	\$ 38,876	\$ 8,287,760

	Account	Groups	Total Primary	Component Units		Total Reporting	
Fiduciary Fund Type Trusts	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Government (Memorandum Only)	City Court of Hammond	Marshall of City Court of Hammond	Entity (Memorandum Only)	
\$ 3 30,744	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 448,076 9,028,049	\$ 333,413 457,675	\$ 98,024	\$ 879,513 9,485,724	
<u>-</u>	- -	<u>.</u>	116,805 623,114	-	- -	116,805 623,114	
-	-	•	215,015	-	-	215,015	
-	-	-	7,516	<del>-</del>	-	7,516	
-	-	-	5,422 214,912	16,783	-	5,422 231,695	
_	-		123,537	-	-	123,537	
- 0 121	<b>-</b>	-	115,775	1,609 29,928	2,210 17,840	119,594 2,382,991	
8,131	-	-	2,335,223 192,065	-	17,040	192,065	
<del>-</del> -	-	-	16,294 4,865,426	<b>-</b>	<del>-</del>	16,294 4,865,426	
- -	12,727,694	<b>-</b> +-	27,200,223 123,384	243,942	B2,489	27,606,654 123,384	
-	-	2,143,476	2,143,476	-	-	2,143,476	
<del></del>	<u>-</u>	5,939,982	5,939,982	29,679	<del></del>	5,969,661	
\$ 38,878	\$ 12,727,694	\$ 8,083,458	\$ 53,794,294	\$ 1,113,029	\$ 200,563	\$55,107,886	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ ~	\$ 1,081,210	\$ 20,409	\$ 29,478	\$ 1,131,097 167,458	
-	-	<del>-</del>	167,458 26,964	<del>-</del>	_	26,964	
_	-	-	450,000	-	-	450,000	
-	-	•	115,775	1,609	2,210	119,594	
-	- -	-	388,208 2 <b>4,9</b> 83	-	-	388,208 24,983	
_	-	-	482,000	-	•	482,000	
-	-		5,830,000	-	-	5,830,000 <b>6,9</b> 32,000	
<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	6,932,000 210,000	6,932,000 210,000	-	_	210,000	
-	-	56,534	56,534	-	-	56,534	
-	<b>-</b>	95,445	95,445	-	-	95,445 178,862	
-	- -	789,479	178,862 881,002	29,679	-	910,681	
-	-	_	73,121	-	-	73,121	
-	-	<del>-</del>	413,786	470,624	2,865	413,786 473,489	
_	-	8,083,458	17,407,348	522,321	34,553	17,964,222	
	12,727,694		10,549,219 12,727,694	243,942	B2,489	10,549,219 13,054,125	
_	-	■-	1,152,790	-		1,152,790	
2	-	-	3,669,483	-	•	3,669,483	
<del>-</del>	-	=-	192,065 34,992	<b>.</b>	-	192,065 34,992	
_	_	-	2,143,476	-	_	2,143,476	
-	-	-	_	4,199	-	4,199	
-	-	-	-	25,076	•	25,076	
38,876 	<u> </u>		2,140,093 3,777,134	207,132 110,359	83,521	2,347,225 3,971,014	
38,878		<u>-</u>	13,110,033	346,766	83,521	13,540,320	
38,878	12,727,694	<u></u>	36,386,946	590,708	166,010	37,143,664	
\$ 38,878	\$ 12,727,694	\$ 8,083,458	\$ 53,794,294	\$ 1,113,029	\$ 200,563	\$55,107,886	

Compone City Court of Hammond	ent Units Marshall of City Court of Hammond	Total Reporting Entity (Memorandum Only)
\$ - 337,141	\$ - 116,656	\$ 12,391,988 1,720,476 453,797 58,443
- 178,868 -	18,000	354,228 457,246 1,339,332 81,160 54,801
13,366 28,980	3,050	310,719 454,796
558,355	137,706	17,676,986
798,533	375,162	3,864,156 3,978,539
<del>-</del>	- 	3,253,185 305,416
<del>-</del>		1,098,146
-	<b></b> -	471,628
- -	<del>-</del>	113,904 447,674
<del></del>	- -	690,267 156,474
-	-	2,480,491
- - -	- -	1,160,954 413,317 2,743
798,533	375,162	18,436,894
(240,178)	(237, 456)	(759,908)
- - -	- -	95,445 26,286 10,001,470 (9,936,970)
180,000	220,000	400,000
<u>-</u>		(400,000)
180,000	220,000	186,231
(60,178)	(17,456)	(573, 677)
406,944	100,977	9,291,724
\$ 346,766	\$ 83,521	\$ 8,718,047

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPES

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund Types			
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4					
<i>Taxes</i> Licenses and Permits Court Witness Fees	\$ 2,434,000 1,650,000	\$ 2,453,972 1,720,476	\$ 19,972 70,476	\$ 9,842,000	\$ 9,938,016	\$ 96,016
Fines and Forfeitures	337,000	254 220	17 220	50,000	58,443	8,443
Sanitation Service Fees	485,000	354,228 457,2 <b>4</b> 6	17,228 (27,754)	_	-	-
Intergovernmental	28,103	525,033	496, 930	3,561,426	422,175	/3 120 2511
Parks and Recreation	130,109	81,160	(48,949)	-	-	(3, 139, 251)
Airport	-	-	+	64,400	54,801	(9,599)
Interest	20,000	23,786	3,786	118,850	140,868	22,018
Miscellaneous	372,740	381,008	8,268	6,000	18,387	12,387
Total Revenues	5,486,952	5,996,909	539,957	13,642,676	10,632,690	(3,009,986)
Empenditures:						•
General Government	2,029,460	1,892,751	136,709	3 004:100	767 716	2 000 440
Fublic Safety	6,245,418	6,675,136	(429,718)	3,894,122 660,786	797,710	3,096,412
Geographic Information	.,0, 120	0,013,130	(429, 110)	000,750	815,954	(155, 168)
Service	116,621	113,904	2,717		-	_
Highways and Streets	1,081,850	1,054,722	27,128	87,000	43,424	43,576
Cemeteries and Municipal			•	• -		40,510
Grounds	446,789	471,628	(24,839)	-	-	-
Sanitation Number and Number time	470,000	447,674	22,326		<del>-</del>	-
Parks and Recreation	512,108	455,186	56,922	352,548	235,081	117,467
Airport Debt Service	39,200	39,195	5_	192,755	156,474	36,281
Total Expenditures	10,941,446	11,150,196	(208,750)	5,187,211	2,048,643	3,138,568
Excess (Deficiency) of Revent	100					
Over Expenditures	(5, 484, 494)	(5,153,287)	331,207	8,455,465	8,584,047	128,582
Other Financing Sources (Uses	s):					
Proceeds from Note Payable	· -	-	-	_	95,445	0.0 440
Sales of Fixed Assets	22,000	22,315	315	-	3,971	95,445
Operating Transfers In	6,234,036	5,377,832	(8\$6,204)	529,184	926,548	3,971 397,364
Operating Transfers Out	(915, 339)	(994,838)	(79, 499)	(9,485,861)	(8,629,156)	856,705
Operating Transfers In -						~30 <b>,</b> 103
From Primary Government Operating Transfers Out -	-	~		-	-	_
To Component Units	(400,000)	1400 000)				
Reserve for Contingencies	(100,000)	(400,000)	100 000	-	-	-
	1=00/000/	<del></del>	100,000	<del></del>	<u></u>	=-
Total Other Financ						
Sources (Uses)	4,840,697	4,005,309	(835,388)	(8,956,677)	(7,603,192)	1,353,485
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue	3	<del></del>		<u></u>		110001460
of Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(643,797)	/1 1/3 03A1	156		_	
THE ANNUAL VALUE OF HET OBED	(42) (31)	(1,147,978)	(504,181)	(501,212)	980,855	1,482,067
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of Year	2,097,499	2,097,499		2,920,877	2,920,877	
End of Year	\$ 1,453,702	\$ 949,521	\$ (504,181)	\$ 2,419,665	\$ 3,901,732	0 3 455 55
			**************************************	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	1 3011134	§ 1,482,067

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR TRUST FUND

	Proprietary Enterprise	Fund Types Internal Service	Fiduciary Fund Type - Pension Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues:     Sewer Charge     Water Sales     Tap-ln and Reconnect Fees     Insurance Charges     Miscellaneous	\$ 1,819,565 1,031,142 54,389 426	\$ 946,547	\$	\$ 1,819,565 1,031,142 54,389 946,547 426
Total Operating Revenues	2,905,522	946,547	-	3,852,069
Operating Expenses:     Insurance     Personnel Services     Contractual Services, Supplies, Materials and Other     Depreciation and Amortization      Total Operating Expenses	847,435 952,552 829,692 2,629,679	850,605 - - 850,605	- - - -	850,605 847,435 952,552 829,692 3,480,284
Operating Income	275,843	95,942	<del>-</del>	371,785
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest Income Interest Expenses	264,082 (328,700)	57,438	3	321,523 (328,700)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(64,618)	57,438	3	(7,177)
Income Before Operating Transfers	211,225	153,380	3	364,608
Operating Transfers Out	(64,000)		(500)	(64,500)
Net Income (Loss)	147,225	153,380	(497)	300,108
Add Depreciation on Fixed Assets Acquired by Capital Contributions that Reduces Contributed Capital	390,741			390,741
Increase (Decrease) in Retained Earnings	537,966	153,380	(497)	690,849
Retained Earnings: Beginning of Year	3,195,910	935,015	499	4,131,424
End of Year	<u>\$ 3,733,876</u>	\$ 1,088,395	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,822,273

#### COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES AND SIMILAR TRUST FUND

	Proprietary Enterprise	Fund Types Internal Service	Fiductary Fund Type - Pension Trust	Total (Memorandum Only)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Operating Income	\$ 275,843	\$ 95,942	\$ -	\$ 371,785
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	025 002	_		005 003
Depreciation Amortization	825,083	_	-	825,083
Provision for Bad Debts	4,609	00 149	-	4,609
Change in Current Assets - (Increase) Decrease:	11,589	90,148	-	101,737
Accounts Receivable	(81,067)	51,439	_	100 6001
Unbilled Water and Sewer Charges	4,768	31,433	_	(29,628) 4 769
Due from Other Governments	(19,850)	_	_	4,768
Prepaid Insurance	(19,030)	(28,500)	-	(19,850) (28,500)
Change in Current Liabilities - Increase		(20,000)		(20,500)
(Decrease):				
Accounts Payable	94,043	(1,617)		92,426
Other Payables	41,530	(2) 02.7	••	41,530
Due to Other Governments	6,558	■••	<del></del>	6,558
Due to Other Funds	(140,016)	_	_	(140,016)
Customer Deposits	31,373	_	-	31,373
Claims Payable	-	35,596	<u>-</u>	35,596
		<del>,</del>		
Total Adjustments	778,620	147,066	-	925,686
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,054,463	243,008	-	1,297,471
Cash Flows Used in Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers Out	(64,000)	•	(500)	(64,500)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing				
Activities:	(1 145 000)			11 14F 6661
Frincipal Repayments Capital Contributions	(1,145,000)		-	(1,145,000)
Interest Expense	157,960 (303,717)	_	_	157,960
Payment for Capital Assets	(719,994)	_	_	(303,717) (719,994)
Fond Fraceeds	4,922,000	_	-	4,922,000
Bond Issuance Costs	(65, 693)	_	•	(65,693)
	100,000		<del></del>	(00,000)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities	2,845,556	-	<del></del>	2,845,556
Coch Plays From Invacting Nativities.				
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest Income	064 000	E7 430	-	241 542
Purchase of Investments	264,082	57,438	3	321,523
Sale of Investments	(4,091,461)	(226,048)	-	(4,317,509)
Para of Illagemencs			<del>-</del>	
Net Cash Provided by (Used In)				
Investing Activities	(3,827,379)	(168,610)	2	(3 OUE 00C)
Investing neutricies	(3,627,373)	11.007.0107	3	(3,995,986)
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash	8,640	74,398	(497)	82,541
	~, v.	, .	1.4.2.7.7	02/047
Cash:				
Beginning of Year	92,057	6,855	499	99,411
End of Year	<u>\$ 100,697</u>	\$ 81,253	\$ 2	\$ 181,952

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 1999

#### Introduction

On April 15, 1977, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana ordered, and decreed that the City of Hammond (the City) shall institute the proposed Home Rule Charter dated April 11, 1977. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

#### a. Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the City of Hammond is considered a separate entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the Primary Government (City of Hammond), (b) organizations for which the Primary Government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the Primary Government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the City of Hammond for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a. The ability of the municipality to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the municipality.
- Organizations for which the municipality does not appoint
   a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the
   municipality.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

- a. Reporting Entity (Continued)
  - 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the City of Hammond has determined that the following component units are part of the reporting entity:

COMPONENT UNIT	YEAR END	CRITERIA USED
Hammond Airport		
Authority	June 30, 1999	1
City Court	June 30, 1999	2
City Marshal	June 30, 1999	2

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Hammond (the primary government) and its component units.

#### BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

The Hammond Airport Authority is reported as part of the primary government in the General Purpose Financial Statements of the City of Hammond. The Authority, a separate legal entity, was created by the City of Hammond on July 14, 1959. This Authority exists for the sole benefit of the City of Hammond. The Authority is governed by a five member board all of whom are appointed by the Mayor with the approval of the Council of the City of Hammond. The fiscal year end for the Authority is June 30. The separately issued audit report on the Hammond Airport Authority may be obtained at the following address: Mr. Tom Grant, Airport Operations Coordinator; 600 North Airport Road, Hammond, Louisiana 70401.

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Component units that are legally separate from the City but are financially accountable to the City, or whose relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are discretely presented. The Component Units column of the combined financial statements include the financial data of these discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

Funding for the following state constitutionally defined agencies is included in the City's general fund. These officials however, have certain statutorily defined sources of funds for their own operating and/or capital budget discretion. These funds have been discretely presented in the City's General Purpose Financial Statements:

City Court of Hammond - The Judge of the Court is an elected official provided by the Louisiana State Constitution. Fiscal interdependency exists between the City and the City Court in that the City is required to provide the City Court office facilities. In addition, the City assists in funding the operations of the Court. The City's General Purpose Financial Statements discretely presents the City Court of Hammond's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 1999.

Marshall of City Court of Hammond - The Marshall is an elected official provided by the Louisiana State Constitution. Fiscal interdependency exists between the City and the Marshall in that the City is required to provide the Marshall's office facilities. In addition, the City assists in funding the operations of the Marshall's office. The City's General Purpose Financial Statements discretely presents the Marshall's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 1999.

#### RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

City officials are also responsible for appointing members of the board of another organization. The City's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Hammond Section 8 Housing Authority - The Hammond Section 8 Housing Authority is a legally separate government entity formed to administer housing programs funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The City governing authority appoints a majority of the Authority's members; however, there is no financial relationship between the Authority and the primary government.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

The following agency is a non-profit corporation established pursuant to State Statutes to finance debt for various public purposes within Tangipahoa Parish. The City Council appoints the board members of the agency. The agency is fiscally independent from the City, issues its own debt, approves its budgets, and sets its rates and charges. The primary government has no authority to remove board members, designate management, or approve or modify rates. The City is not obligated in any manner for the debt issues of this agency.

#### Hammond Mortgage Finance Authority

Complete financial statements for each of the City of Hammond's component units and related organizations can be obtained at the Office of the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana, 1600 North Third Street, P.O. Box 94397, Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397, or at each of the agencies administrative offices.

#### b. Fund Accounting

The municipality uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. On the other hand, an account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available resources.

Funds of the municipality are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each fund type follow:

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the municipality's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term obligations. Governmental funds include:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

- b. Fund Accounting (Continued)
  - 1. General Fund the general operating fund of the municipality and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.
  - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
  - 3. Debt Service Funds account for transactions relating to resources retained and used for the payment of principal and interest on those long-term obligations recorded in the general long-term obligations account group.
  - 4. Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources received and used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital facilities not reported in the other governmental funds.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Proprietary funds differ from governmental funds in that their focus is on income measurement, which, together with the maintenance of equity, is an important financial indicator. Proprietary funds include:

- 1. Enterprise Funds account for operations (a) where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.
- 2: Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

#### b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the municipality. Fiduciary funds include:

- 1. Expendable Trust Funds accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. The resources, including both principal and earnings, may be expended.
- Nonexpendable Trust Funds accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. The principal may not be expended.

#### c. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds and expendable trust funds. The governmental funds and expendable trust funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal year. Sales taxes are recognized as revenue in the month in which such taxes are paid by taxpayers. Ad Valorem taxes are recognized as revenue in the year budgeted, that is, in the year in which such taxes are billed and collected. Other major revenues that are considered susceptible to accrual include earned grant revenues and other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services and interest on investments. Licenses and permits and court fines are recognized when received because they are not objectively measurable.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

c. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule are (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt is recognized when due and (2) accumulated sick pay, and other employee benefits which are not accrued.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (and any other financing source/use) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses).

The Proprietary Funds and Nonexpendable Trust Fund are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and a determination of net income and capital maintenance. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. The Proprietary Funds and Nonexpendable Trust Fund use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred.

#### d. Budgets

The Primary Government municipality follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at council meetings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

- d. Budgets (Continued)
  - 4. Only the City Council is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund or revise the total expenditures of any fund.
  - 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds except those Special Revenue Funds established to account for a particular grant. Such grant funds are budgeted over the life of the grant and not necessarily on an annual basis.
  - 6. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.
  - 7. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
  - 8. Those budgets which the City adopts are on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units.

Budgetary data for the Capital Project Funds has not been presented in the accompanying combined financial statements as such funds are budgeted over the life of the respective project and not on an annual basis.

Budgetary data for the discretely presented component units are not presented in these financial statements.

#### e. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary accounting in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances because they do not constitute expenditures nor liabilities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

#### f. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the municipality may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. The City had no cash equivalents at June 30, 1999.

Under state law, the municipality may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes or certificates. These are classified as investments. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a nonprofit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool. Investments are stated at cost.

Deposit and investment policies of the component units are similar to those of the Primary Government.

#### g. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables or payables.

#### h. Inventories

All inventoriable items, such as gasoline, signs and water and sewer supplies are accounted for by the Central Purchasing Department. Inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

#### i. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for Ad Valorem taxes and customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account, at the time information becomes available, which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

#### j. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

#### k. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time purchased or constructed, and the related assets are capitalized (reported) in the general fixed assets account group. Public domain or infrastructures are not capitalized. Interest costs incurred during construction are capitalized. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available.

Fixed assets used in the proprietary fund operations are included on the balance sheet of the fund, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary fund operations is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives, stated in years:

#### Water and Sewer

Buildings 25 years
Lines and mains 20 - 50 years
Equipment 4 - 10 years

#### 1. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations expected to be financed from governmental funds are reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Expenditures for principal and interest payments for long-term obligations are recognized in the governmental funds when due. Long-term obligations expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

#### m. Fund Equity

Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers, or other funds when such resources are restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Contributed capital is amortized based on the depreciation recognized on that portion of the assets acquired or constructed from such resources. Depreciation charged to contributed capital for the year ended June 30, 1999 was \$390,741.

#### Reserves

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

Designated Fund Balances

Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

#### n. Compensated Absences

The cost of current leave privileges, computed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, is recognized as a current-year expenditure in the governmental funds when leave is actually taken. The cost of leave privileges, not requiring current resources, is recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Leave privileges associated with employees of the proprietary funds are recorded as a fund liability and operating expense.

#### o. Use of Estimates

The City uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates that are used.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued) -

p. Total Columns on Combined Statements - Overview

Total columns on combined statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### Note 2 - Ad Valorem Taxes -

Ad Valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the City during the year and are billed to taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on March 1 of the following year. Revenues from Ad Valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed and recognized as revenue when received. The City bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed value determined by the Tax Assessor of Tangipahoa Parish.

The City is permitted by state law to levy taxes up to seven mills of assessed valuation for general operating purposes. In addition, voters renewed a ten-year millage in 1996 of two mills to be used for public improvements upkeep. The total is for general government services. No assessment was required for payment of long-term debt. On November 6, 1990, the voters of the City passed a ten (10) Mills property tax for a period of ten (10 years), beginning with the year 1991, for the purpose of maintaining and acquiring police and fire protection services, facilities and equipment and paying Police and Fire Department salary adjustments. For the year ended June 30, 1999, taxes of 19.18 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$97,069,666. Total taxes levied was \$1,861,798.

#### Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents -

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

At June 30, 1999, the City of Hammond has cash (book balances) totaling \$464,370, as follows:

Cash on Hand	\$	1,540
Demand Deposits		84,021
Interest-Bearing Demand Deposits	•	378,809
Total	\$	464,370
	<u> </u>	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued) -

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 1999, the City of Hammond has \$761,199 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$180,010 of federal deposit insurance and \$581,189 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3).

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### DISCREETLY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The discreetly presented component units are required to invest funds within the same state statutes as the primary government. Component unit deposits (including demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposits) at June 30, 1999, are categorized below in the three levels of credit risk:

	CATEGORY 1	CATEGORY 2	CATEGORY 3	BANK BALANCES	CARRYING <u>AMOUNT</u>
City Court of Hammond:					
Demand Deposits Interest-Bearing	\$216,018	\$ -	\$124,918	\$340,936	\$295,532
Demand Deposits Time Certificates	-	-	37,881	37,881	37,881
of Deposits	277,675	<del></del>	180,000	457,675	457,675
	493,693	<del>-</del>	342,799	836,492	791,088

(CONTINUED)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued) -

	CATEGORY 1	CATEGORY	CATEGORY 3	BANK BALANCES	CARRYING AMOUNT
Marshall of City					
Court of Hammond: Demand Deposits	24,893	-	-	24,893	1,258
Interest-Bearing Demand Deposits	44,001	-	-	44,001	44,001
Time Certificates of Deposits	52,765	<u>-</u>	<del></del>	52,765	52,765
	121,659	-	-	121,659	98,024
Total Component					
Units	\$615,352	\$ -	\$342,799	\$958,151	\$889,112

Certificates of deposit with a maturity of 90 days or more are classified on the Combined Balance Sheet as "Investments."

#### Note 4 - Investments -

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Investments held at June 30, 1999, of \$13,893,475, are in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP), a local government pool (see Note 1). In accordance with GASB Codification Section I50.165, the investment in LAMP at June 30, 1999, is not categorized in the three risk categories provided by GASB Codification Section 150.164 because the investment is in the pool of funds and therefore not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which was formed by an initiative of the State Treasury in 1993. The corporation is governed by a board of directors comprising the State Treasurer, representatives from various organizations of local government, the Government Finance Officers Association of Louisiana, and the Society of Louisiana CPA's. Only local governments having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest. Accordingly, LAMP investments

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 4 - Investments -

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

are restricted to securities issued, guaranteed, or backed by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. Government, or one of its agencies, enterprises, or instrumentalities, as well as repurchase agreements collateralized by those securities. The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with maturities in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances.

#### DISCREETLY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

At June 30, 1999, no discreetly presented component unit had invested funds in other than certificates of deposit as disclosed in Note 3.

#### DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT SUMMARY

The following is a reconciliation of the carrying amount of deposits and investments to "Cash and Cash Equivalents", "Investments", and Restricted Assets "Cash and Cash Equivalents" and "Investments" in the Combined Balance Sheet.

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	COMPONENT UNITS	TOTAL
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash on Hand Deposits Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,540 446,536	\$ - 378,672 <u>52,765</u>	\$ 1,540 825,208 52,765
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	448,076	431,437	879,513
Investments: Certificates of Deposit Investment in Louisiana Asset Management Pool	-	457,675	457,675
(LAMP)	9,028,049	<u>-</u>	9,028,049
Total Investments	9,028,049	457,675	9,485,724
Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents: Deposits Investments: Investment in Louisiana Asset Management	16,294	-	16,294
Pool (LAMP)	4,865,426	<del>-</del>	4,865,426
Total Restricted Assets Total Cash, Cash	s 4,881,720	<b>-</b>	4,881,720
Equivalents and Investments at June 30, 1999	\$14,357,845	\$889,112	\$15,246,957

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 5 - Receivables -

Receivables as of June 30, 1999, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	GOVE	RNMENTAL I	FUNDS	PROPRIETARY	Y FUNDS	$ extbf{TOTAL}$		TOTAL
		SPECIAL	CAPITAL		INTERNAL	PRIMARY	COMPONENT	REPORTING
	GENERAL	REVENUES	PROJECTS	ENTERPRISE	SERVICE	GOVERNMENT	UNITS	ENTITY
	•	-			•			
Receivables	:							
Interest \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ <i>-</i>	<b>\$ 16,783</b>	\$ 16,783
Ad Valorem								
Taxes	76,892	-	-	-	-	76,892	-	76,892
Insurance								
Reimburse	-							
ments	-	•	-	-	90,148	90,148	-	90,148
Franchise								
Taxes	116,805	-	-	-	-	116,805	-	116,805
Special								
Assess-								
ments	-	-	-	12,938	-	12,938	-	12,938
Notes	180,000	247,141	-	_	-	427,141	-	427,141
Accounts	•	-	•	659,114	-	659,114		659,114
Other	<u>179</u>	2,704	<u>25,000</u>	7.029	-	34,912		<u>34,912</u>
Gross								
Receiv.								
ables	373,876	249,845	25,000	679,081	90,148	1,417,950	16,783	1,434,733
	•	-	-	•	,	•		_, _, _,
Less: Allow	-							
ance for								
Uncollect-								
ibles	<u>(76,892</u> )	(32.126)		(36,000)	<u>(90,148</u>	) <u>(235,166</u>		<u>(235,166</u> )
Net Receiv-								
	296.984	\$217,719	\$25,000	\$643,081	\$ -	\$1,182,784	\$ 16,783	\$1,199,567
T					·r			

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, Transfers In, Transfers Out -

	INTERFUND RECEIVABLES	INTERFUND PAYABLES	
Primary Government:			
General Fund	\$ 114,414	\$ -	
Special Revenue Funds	1,361	1,754	
Debt Service Funds	-	5,940	
Capital Projects Funds	-	32,000	
Proprietary Funds	<del>-</del>	76,081	
Total Primary Government	115,775	115,775	

(CONTINUED)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, Transfers In, Transfers Out - (Continued)

	INTERFUND RECEIVABLE	INTERFUND PAYABLES
Component Units: City Court of Hammond: General Fund Agency Funds	1,609	1,609
Marshall of City Court of Hammond: General Fund Agency Fund	2,210	2,210
Total Component Units	3,819	3,819
Total Primary Government and Component Units	\$ 119,594	\$ 119,594
Primary Government: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Funds Capital Projects Funds Proprietary Funds Fiduciary Funds	TRANSFERS IN  \$ 5,377,832     926,548     1,394,000     2,289,000	# 1,394,838 8,629,156 160,771 150,075 64,500 2,130
Total Primary Government	10,001,470	10,401,470
Component Units: City Court of Hammond Marshall City Court of Hammond	180,000 <u>220,000</u>	<b>-</b>
Total Component Units	400,000	•
Total Primary Government and Component Units	\$10,401,470	\$10,401,470

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

Note 7 - Due from Other Governments -

	GOVE GENERAL	RNMENTAL FUN SPECIAL REVENUE	DS CAPITAL PROJECTS		FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE TRUST		COMPONENT UNITS	TOTAL REPORTING ENTITY
State of Louisiana: Video Poker	\$120,454	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 120,454	\$ -	\$ 120,454
Beer and Tobacco Taxes Rural Development Grant Law Enforcement Grant Aviation Grant FEMA Grant Columbia Theatre Grant Tangipahoa Parish Council	32,655 17,400 4,258	2,521	25,000 20,226 30,000	19,850	8,131	32,655 44,850 28,052 20,226 4,258 109,931 30,000	• • • •	32,655 44,850 28,052 20,226 4,258 109,931 30,000
Tangipahoa Parish Rural Fire Dist. #2: Fire Insurance Rebate Fire Prevention and Protection Allocation Tangipahoa Parish School Board Other Governments	35,432 116,250 81,143	1,669,317 10,655	- - 32,000	•	• • •	35,432 116,250 1,669,317 123,798	- - 47.768	35,432 116,250 1,669,317 171,566
Total Due from Other Govern- ments		\$1,792,424	\$107,226	\$ 19,850	\$ 8,131	\$2,335,223	\$ 47,768	\$2,382,991

## Note 8 - Changes in General Fixed Assets -

. . . . .

A summary of changes in general fixed assets of the Primary Government is as follows:

	BALANCE JULY 1, 1998	ADDITIONS_	DELETIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 1999
Land Buildings Vehicles Equipment	\$ 1,458,150 5,251,506 3,307,055 1,605,466	\$ 275,445 247,958 660,437 277,048	\$ - 305,316 50,055	\$ 1,733,595 5,499,464 3,662,176 1,832,459
Totals	\$11,622,177	\$1,460,888	\$ 355,371	\$12,727,694

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 8 - Changes in General Fixed Assets (Continued) -

A summary of changes in general fixed assets of the Component Units is as follows:

BALANCE JULY 1, 1998	ADDITIO	DITIONS DELETIONS			ALANCE 30, 1999
\$ 192,711	\$ 51,	,231 \$	-	\$	243,942
78,223	4	<u>.647</u>	381		82,489
\$ 270,934	<b>\$</b> 55	,878 \$	381	\$ 	326,431
	JULY 1, 1998 \$ 192,711	JULY 1, 1998 ADDITIONS \$ 192,711 \$ 51,	JULY 1, 1998       ADDITIONS       DET         \$ 192,711       \$ 51,231       \$         78,223       4,647	JULY 1, 1998       ADDITIONS       DELETIONS         \$ 192,711       \$ 51,231       \$ -         78,223       4,647       381	JULY 1, 1998         ADDITIONS         DELETIONS         JUNE           \$ 192,711         \$ 51,231         \$ -         \$           78,223         4,647         381

The following is a summary of proprietary fund type property, plant and equipment for the Primary Government at June 30, 1999:

		WATER D SEWER
Land	\$	23,750
Water: Buildings Equipment		52,153 195,491
Vehicles Line and Mains	5	378,929 ,261,414
Sewer: Buildings		67,040
Equipment Vehicles		193,425 350,577
Line and Mains Construction in Progress	14 	,452,818 835,072
Total	_	,810,669
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Net		,258,140) ,552,529

Construction in progress is composed of expenditures at June 30, 1999 in the amount of \$835,072 for sewer improvement.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

## Note 9 - Restricted Assets Proprietary Fund Type -

Restricted assets for the Primary Government were applicable to the following at June 30, 1999:

Unexpended Bond Proceeds	\$ 3,922,134
Meter Deposit Accounts	407,721
Bond Sinking Fund	351,865
Bond Contingency Fund	200,000
Total	\$ 4,881,720

#### Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations -

Following is a summary of general obligation bond transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 1999:

	GENERAL OBLIGATION
Bonds Payable at July 1, 1998 Bonds Issued Bonds Retired	\$ 7,878,000 - (946,000)
Bonds Payable at June 30, 1999	\$ 6,932,000

Following is a summary of the certificates of indebtedness transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 1999:

	CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS
Certificates of Indebtedness Payable at July 1, 1998 Certificates Issued Certificates Retired	\$ 390,000 . (180,000)
Certificates of Indebtedness Payable at June 30, 1999	\$ 210,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

Following is a summary of utility revenue bond transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 1999:

	UTILITY REVENUE BONDS
Utility Revenue Bonds Payable at July 1, 1998	\$2,535,000
Revenue Bonds Issued Revenue Bonds Advance Refunded Revenue Bonds Retired	4,922,000 (980,000) <u>(165,000</u> )
Utility Revenue Bonds Payable at June 30, 1999	\$6,312,000
	<del></del>

In February 1997, the City acquired certain equipment for the public works department which was financed through an installment purchase agreement. The agreement requires 48 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$3,266 through January 1, 2001 bearing interest at 5.5%. The debt is currently being serviced through the General Fund. The following is a summary of loan transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 1999:

Loan Payable at July 1, 1998 Proceeds from Loan	\$ 91,488 -
Principal Payments	(34,954)
Loan Payable at June 30, 1999	\$ 56,534

In April 1999, the City acquired a parcel of land for Central Purchasing which was financed through an installment purchase agreement. The agreement requires a single payment of principal and interest on October 1, 1999. Interest is at 6.0% per annum.

Loan Payable at July 1, 1998	\$ -
Proceeds from Loan	95,445
Principal Payment	—————
Loan Payable at June 30, 1999	\$ 95,445

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

General Obligation Bonds

\$314,000 1976 Public Improvement Sales Tax #5
serial bonds due in annual installments of
principal and semiannual installments of
interest through March 1, 2001 at 6.00%.

\$6,805,000 1991 Public Improvement Refund Bonds,
Series 2D, due in annual installments of
principal and semiannual installments of
interest through December 1, 2004; interest
on \$665,000 at 5.65%, on \$710,000 at 5.80%,
on \$755,000 at 5.90%, on \$805,000 at 6.00%,
on \$450,000 at 6.05%, and on \$480,000 at 6.10%.

\$3,360,000 1997 Public Improvement Refund Bonds,

Series 2E, due in annual installments of principal and semiannual installments of interest through December 1, 2007; interest on \$315,000 at 3.95%, on \$330,000 at 4.00%, on \$345,000 at 4.10%, on \$360,000 at 4.20%, on \$380,000 at 4.15%, on \$400,000 at 4.25%, on \$420,000 at 4.30%, on \$440,000 at 4.35%, on \$75,000 at 4.40%.

\$6,932,000

3,065,000

Total General Obligation Bonds Payable

A schedule of the outstanding sales tax #5 Series bonds and the interest and principal requirements by dates is as follows:

DUE DATE	SALES PRINCIPAL	TAX #5 INTEREST	TOTALS
September 1, 1999 March 1, 2000 September 1, 2000 March 1, 2001	\$ - 1,000 <u>1,000</u>	\$ 60 60 30 30	\$ 60 1,060 30 <u>1,030</u>
Totals	\$ 2,000	\$ 180	\$ 2,180

A combined schedule of the outstanding Public Improvements Series 2D and 2E bonds and the interest and principal requirements by dates is as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

	SERII	ES 2D	SERIE	S 2E	
DUE DATE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTALS
				+ 64 000	+4 450 440
December 1, 1999	\$ 665,000	\$114,051	\$ 315,000	\$ 64,089	\$1,158,140
June 1, 2000	-	95,265	-	57,868	•
December 1, 2000	710,000	95,265	330,000	57,868	1,193,133
June 1, 2001	-	74,675	-	51,268	125,943
December 1, 2001	755,000	74,675	345,000	51,268	1,225,943
June 1, 2002	<b>←</b>	52,403	•	44,195	96,598
December 1, 2002	805,000	52,403	360,000	44,195	1,261,598
June 1, 2003	<b>-</b>	28,253	<b>-</b>	36,635	64,888
December 1, 2003	450,000	28,253	380,000	36,635	894,888
June 1, 2004	•	14,640	<b>-</b>	28,750	43,390
December 1, 2004	480,000	14,640	400,000	28,750	923,390
June 1, 2005	- -	•	<b>-</b>	20,250	20,250
December 1, 2005	-	-	420,000	20,250	440,250
June 1, 2006	-	•	<b>-</b>	11,220	11,220
December 1, 2006	-	-	440,000	11,220	451,220
June 1, 2007	_	-	<u>-</u>	1,650	1,650
December 1, 2007	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	75,000	1,650	<u>76,650</u>
Totals	\$3,865,000	\$644,523	\$3,065,000	\$567,761	\$8,142,284

Sales Tax #5 Serial Bonds \$ 2,000 \$ 180 \$ 2, Series 2D and 2E Serial Bonds 6,930,000 1,212,284 8,142,	RECAP OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
matana		•		
Totals \$6,932,000 \$1,212,464 \$8,144,	Totals	\$6,932,000	\$1,212,464	\$8,144,464

The Sales Tax Series #5 and Series 2D and 2E Bond Indentures provides that all revenues of the Sales Tax Fund are pledged for the purposes and in the following order of priority:

- a. Reasonable and necessary expenses of collecting the tax;
- b. Payments into the Sales Tax Bond Sinking Fund for each issue of the amount required to pay maturing bonds and coupons, such payments to be made in equal monthly installments;

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

- c. Payments into the Sales Tax Bond Reserve Fund for each issue for a specified amount per month until the fund reaches an amount equal to the highest future annual principal and interest requirements for any succeeding calendar year;
- d. All revenues not required for the above payments shall be regarded as surplus and may be used by the City for any of the purposes for which the imposition of the tax is authorized or for the purpose of retiring future bonds.

The balances required in the Sinking Funds and Reserve Funds from a strict interpretation of the Bond Resolutions, as compared to the actual balances, are reflected in the following schedules. (These balances are reported in the cash and investment balances in the current asset section of the related balance sheets of the Debt Service Funds):

SINKING FUNDS	SALES TAX SERIES #5 BONDS	SALES TAX SERIES #2D AND #2E BONDS	TOTAL
Required Balances Actual Balances	\$ 373 <u>2,024</u>	\$ 601,357 581,798	\$ 601,730 <u>583,822</u>
Excess (Deficiency)	\$ 1,651	\$ (19,559) =	\$ (17,908)
RESERVE FUNDS	SALES TAX SERIES #5 BONDS	SALES TAX SERIES #2D AND #2E BONDS	TOTAL
Required Balances Actual Balances Excess	\$ 1,120 3,203 \$ 2,083	\$1,358,196 1,418,108 \$ 59,912	\$1,359,316 1,421,311 \$ 61,995
	F	<del></del>	

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all other material limitations and restrictions.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

\$2,150,000, 1993 Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of principal and semiannual installments of interest through December 1, 2005:

```
Interest on $170,000 at 4.70%,
Interest on $180,000 at 4.75%,
Interest on $190,000 at 4.90%,
Interest on $195,000 at 5.00%,
Interest on $205,000 at 5.05%,
Interest on $220,000 at 5.20%,
Interest on $230,000 at 5.25%

$1,390,000
```

\$4,000,000 Series 1998A Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of principal and semiannual installments of interest through December 1, 2010:

```
Interest on $250,000 at 4.10%,
Interest on $265,000 at 4.30%,
Interest on $280,000 at 4.40%,
Interest on $290,000 at 4.50%,
Interest on $305,000 at 4.60%,
Interest on $320,000 at 4.65%,
Interest on $335,000 at 4.70%,
Interest on $355,000 at 4.75%,
Interest on $370,000 at 4.80%,
Interest on $390,000 at 4.85%,
Interest on $410,000 at 4.95%,
Interest on $430,000 at 5.05%

4,000,000
```

\$922,000 Series 1998B Water & Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of principal and semiannual installments of interest through December 1, 2010:

Total Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

\$6,312,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

The Series 1998A and B Bonds were issued on a parity with the 1993 Water and Sewer Bonds and, therefore, required funding is combined.

The balances required in the Contingency Fund, Sinking Fund, and Reserve Fund from a strict interpretation of the Bond Resolution, as compared to actual balances are reflected in the following schedule:

	SINKING FUND		CONTINGENCY FUND
Required Balances Actual Balances	\$306,150 <u>351,866</u>	\$ - 	\$200,000 200,000
Excess	\$ 45,716	\$ -	\$ -
	£ 1.7.7.	F	

A schedule of the outstanding 1993 Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds and interest and principal requirements by date is as follows:

DUE DATE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTALS
December 1, 1999 June 1, 2000 December 1, 2000 June 1, 2001 December 1, 2001 June 1, 2002 December 1, 2002 June 1, 2003 December 1, 2003 June 1, 2004 December 1, 2004 June 1, 2005 December 1, 2005	\$ 170,000 180,000 190,000 - 195,000 - 205,000 - 220,000	\$ 34,734 30,739 30,739 26,464 26,464 21,809 21,809 16,934 11,757 11,757 6,038 6,038	\$ 204,734 30,739 210,739 26,464 216,464 21,809 216,809 16,934 221,934 11,757 231,757 6,038 236,038
Totals	\$1,390,000		\$1,652,216

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

A combined schedule of the outstanding Series 1998A and 1998B Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds and the interest and principal requirements by dates is as follows:

	SERIES	1998A	SERIES	1998B	
DUE DATE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
December 1, 1999	\$ 250,000	\$ 93,609	\$ 62,000	\$ 21,557	\$ 427,166
June 1, 2000		88,484	-	20,286	108,770
December 1, 2000	265,000	88,484	65,000	20,286	438,770
June 1, 2001	-	82,786	-	18,889	101,675
December 1, 2001	280,000	82,786	65,000	18,889	446,675
June 1, 2002	-	76,626	-	17,459	94,085
December 1, 2002	290,000	76,626	65,000	17,459	449,085
June 1, 2003	-	70,101	•	15,996	86,097
December 1, 2003	305,000	70,101	70,000	15,996	461,097
June 1, 2004	-	63,086	-	14,386	77,472
December 1, 2004	320,000	63,086	70,000	14,386	467,472
June 1, 2005	-	55,646	-	12,759	68,405
December 1, 2005	335,000	55,646	75,000	12,759	478,405
June 1, 2006	-	47,774	-	10,996	58,770
December 1, 2006	355,000	47,774	85,000	10,996	498,770
June 1, 2007	•	39,343	-	8,978	48,321
December 1, 2007	370,000	39,343	85,000	8,978	503,321
June 1, 2008	-	30,463	•	6,938	37,401
December 1, 2008	390,000	30,463	85,000	6,938	512,401
June 1, 2009	•	21,005	-	4,876	25,881
December 1, 2009	410,000	21,005	95,000	4,876	530,881
June 1, 2010	-	10,857	-	2,525	13,382
December 1, 2010	430,000	10,857	100.000	2,525	543.382
Totals	\$4,000,000	\$1,265,951	\$ 922,000	\$ 289,733	\$6,477,684
	=======================================				

The Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds will be secured by and payable solely from income and revenues to be derived by the City from the operations of the public waterworks and sewer plants distribution system of the City, after provisions have been made for the payment therefrom of the reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the system.

#### Certificates of Indebtedness

\$1,100,000, 1990 Certificates of Indebtedness serial bonds due in annual installments of principal and semiannual installments of interest through July 1, 2000; \$210,000 at 7.30%

\$210,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

A schedule of the outstanding 1990 Certificates and the interest and principal requirements by date is as follows:

DUE DATE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTALS
January 1, 2000 July 1, 2000	\$ - 210.000	\$ 7,665 <u>7,665</u>	\$ 7,665 217,665
Totals	\$210,000	\$15,330	\$225,330

The Certificates of Indebtedness will be secured by and payable from a pledge and dedication of the excess of annual revenues of the City above statutory, necessary and usual charges in each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1999 to June 30, 2000, inclusive.

The balances required in the Sinking Fund and Reserve Fund from a strict interpretation of the Bond Resolution, as compared to actual balances, are reflected in the following schedule:

	SINKING FUND	RESERVE FUND
Required Balances Actual Balances	\$ - <u>21.943</u>	\$110,000 <u>115,126</u>
Excess	\$ 21,943	\$ 5,126

Following is a combined schedule of annual requirements to retire all long-term debt as of June 30, 1999:

		GEN	ERAL LONG	TERM DEBT	OBLIGATIO	ONS				
		DBLIGATIONS	CERTIF:	ICATES		<u></u>		PROPR	IETARY FUI	NDS
YEAR ENDING	<del></del>	ONDS	OF INDE		LOANS PA	AYABLE			LIGATIONS	
JUNE 30,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTALS		NTEREST	TOTALS
2000	A 001 000	* 334 365	****							
2000	\$ 981,000	1 +	\$210,000	\$ 15,330	\$132,434	\$ 4,594	\$1,674,751	\$ 482,000\$	289,409	\$ 771,409
2001	1,041,000	279,136	•	•	19,545	315	1,339,996		267,648	777,648
2002	1,100,000	222,541	-	-	-	-	1,322,541	535,000	244,033	779,033
2003	1,165,000	161,486	-	-	-	-	1,326,486	550,000	218,925	768,925
2004	830,000	108,278	-	-	-	-	938,278	580,000	192,260	772,260
2005	880,000	63,640	-	•	•	-	943,640	610,000	163,672	-
2006	420,000	31,470	•	-	_	_	451,470	640,000	•	773,672
2007	440,000	12,870	•	-	_	-	452,870	440,000	133,213	773,213
2008	75,000	1,650	•	_			76,650	•	107,091	547,091
2009	•	-	_		-	-	70,000	455,000	85,722	540,722
2010	-			_		-	•	475,000	63,282	538,282
2011	-	•		-	•	•	•	505,000	39,263	544,263
2011	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>	<u></u>			<u>530,000</u>	13,382	543,382
	\$6,932,000	\$1,212,464	\$210,000	\$ 15,330	\$151,979	\$ 4,909	\$8,526,682	\$6,312,000 \$1	.817.900	
					<del>=====</del>	========			-	**********

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Obligations (Continued) -

The City received Utility Relocation Assistance Funding from the State of Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development in order to relocate certain utility lines throughout the City. This funding is not considered a loan or a grant and no interest is charged; however, it must be repaid to the State. The total amount originally due to the State was \$490,276 of which ten percent of the remaining balance is due annually. No payment was made by the City during the year ended June 30, 1999. The balance due at June 30, 1999 is \$401,248 and is included on the Balance Sheet in Due to Other Governments. Future repayments to the State are scheduled as follows:

YEAR ENDINGJUNE 30.	
2000	\$ 98,056
2001	49,028
2002	49,028
2003	49,028
2004 and Beyond	156,108
Total	\$401,248
^ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	

#### Note 11 - Due to Other Governments -

A summary of due to other governments at June 30, 1999 follows:

Primary Government: Due to State of Louisiana - Morrison Road relocation project	\$401,248
Due to State of Louisiana - Sales Taxes	5,723
Due to Sewer District Number 1 Total Primary Government	6,815 413,786
Component Units: City Court of Hammond	_
Marshall of City Court of Hammond Total Component Units	<del>-</del>
Total Primary Government and Component Units	\$413,786

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 12 - Meter Deposits -

Meter deposits are paid by customers upon application for utility services and are refundable to them upon termination of service. Receipts from meter deposits are deposited in a meter deposit account and refunds of deposits on termination of service are made from the same account.

The City has a certificate, in addition to the meter deposit account, which is designated specifically for meter deposits. At June 30, 1999, meter deposits amounted to \$388,208 and the balance of cash and investments in the meter deposit account totaled \$407,721.

#### Note 13 - Pension Plan -

The City of Hammond contributes to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, the Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana and the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana. The City's payroll for employees covered by the retirement systems for the year ended June 30, 1999 was \$5,952,596.

#### a. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description - The City contributes to Plan A of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System), cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (MERS), which is controlled and administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The System provides retirement, deferred and disability benefits, survivor's benefits and cost of living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Act 356 of the 1954 Louisiana Legislative Session established the plan. The System is governed by Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:1731 through 11:1866, specifically, and other general laws of the State of Louisiana. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 79370 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 9.25% of their annual-covered salary and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 5.75% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by state statute. The City's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 1999, 1998 and 1997 were \$158,525, \$143,431 and \$139,764, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 13 - Pension Plan (Continued) -

b. Firefighters' Retirement System

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public retirement system, which is controlled and administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The System provides retirement, deferred and disability benefits, survivor's benefits and cost of living adjustments to plan and members and beneficiaries. Act 434 of the 1979 Louisiana Legislative Session established the plan. The System is Governed by Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2251 through 11:2269, specifically, and other general laws of the State of Louisiana. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana, 2051 Silverside Drive, Suite 210, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808-4136.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 8% of their earnable compensation and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 9% of annual-covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by state statute. The City's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 1999, 1998 and 1997 were \$124,540, \$123,241 and \$123,298, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

c. Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System), costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (MPERS), which is controlled and administered by a separate Board of Trustees. The System provides retirement, deferred and disability benefits, survivor's benefits and cost of living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Act 189 of the 1973 Louisiana Legislative Session established the plan. The System is governed by Louisiana Revised Statutes 11:2211 through 11:2233, specifically, and other general laws of the State of Louisiana. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, P.O. Box 94095, Capital Station, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 13 - Pension Plan (Continued) -

c. Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 9.0% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 7.5% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by state statute. The City's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 1999, 1998 and 1997 were \$163,069, \$166,206 and \$156,818, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### Note 14 - Compensated Absences -

At June 30, 1999, employees of the City have accumulated and vested \$881,002 of employee leave benefits, which was computed in accordance with GASB 16. Of this amount, \$789,479 is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group, and \$91,523 is recorded in the Enterprise Fund.

#### Note 15 - Defeased Debt -

#### Current Year - Advance Refunding

On August 20, 1998, the City issued \$922,000 of Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1998B, with interest rates of 4.10% to 5.05% to advance the refund of \$980,000 of 1990 Water Revenue Bonds with interest rates of 7.10% to 7.50%. The Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1998B, were issued at par. The proceeds from the issuance of the 1998B Bonds (\$922,000) along with the "Sinking Fund" and "Reserve Fund" balances of the 1990 Bonds in the amount of \$139,612, provided the source of funds to refund and defease in substance the callable portion of the 1990 Bonds of \$980,000, July 2000, along with accrued interest of \$72,350, a prepayment premium of \$17,300 and other costs of \$13,563.

Total debt service over the next eleven years has been reduced by approximately \$305,000. The City will experience an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$191,000.

The refunding portion of the new issue was used to purchase U.S. Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the aforementioned bond issue. As a result, this issue is considered defeased, and the liability for these bonds has been removed from the Balance Sheet of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 16 - Prior-year Defeasance of Debt -

On August 1, 1987, the City issued \$4.35 million in General Obligation Bonds with interest rates of 6.3% to 10.0% to advance the refund of \$3.3 million of outstanding 1986 Certificates of Indebtedness of the Enterprise Fund with interest rates of 7.0% to 7.75%.

On December 1, 1991, the City issued \$6,805,000, in General Obligation Bonds with interest rates of 4.4% to 6.2% to advance the refund of \$2,360,000 of Public Improvement Bonds with interest rates of 10.4% to 10.75% and \$3,595,000 of Public Improvement Bonds with interest rates of 8.4% to 9.3%.

The City placed sufficient proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the City's financial statements.

#### Note 17 - Compensation Paid the Mayor and City Council -

The compensation paid the Mayor and City Council for the year ended June 30, 1999, is as follows:

Louis Tallo, Mayor	\$ 40,000
LaVanner Brown	7,200
Jerry Correjolles	7,200
John D. Guerin (Term Expired 12/31/98)	3,818
Lionel Wells (Term Expired 12/31/98)	3,818
David Vial (Term Expired 12/31/98)	3,818
Nicky Muscarello (Term Began 1/01/99)	3,382
Tony Licciardi (Term Began 1/01/99)	3,382
Osa Williams (Term Began 1/01/99)	<u>3,382</u>
Total	\$ 76,000

Terms of office expire December 31, 2002.

#### Note 18 - Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds -

The Special Assessment Certificates Fund had a deficit of \$3,619 at June 30, 1999.

The Cafeteria Plan Fund had a deficit of \$205 at June 30, 1999.

The City intends to eliminate the deficit fund balances in the next fiscal year by transferring funds from the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 19 - Revenues and Expenditures - Actual and Budget -

The following individual funds had actual revenues less than budgeted revenues or actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures by 5% or more for the year ended June 30, 1999:

FUND	BUDGET	ACTUAL	UNFAVORABLE VARIANCES
General Fund: Revenues and Other Sources: Sanitation Service Fees Parks and Recreation Operating Transfers In	\$ 485,000	\$ 457,246	\$ (27,754)
	130,109	81,160	(48,949)
	6,234,036	5,377,832	(856,204)
Expenditures and Other Uses:    Police Department    Fire Department    Cemeteries and Municipal    Grounds	3,395,551	3,657,801	(262,250) *
	2,520,719	2,711,919	(191,200) *
	446,789	471,628	(24,839)
Special Revenue Funds: Revenues: Law Enforcement Grants Fund Columbia Theatre Renovation Fund Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund	22,406	15,063	(7,343)
	3,380,000	297,380	(3,082,620)
	120,368	68,814	(51,554)
Expenditures: Fire Millage Fund	60,000	519,055	(459,055)

<sup>\*</sup>The City failed to include On-Behalf Payments in the form of State Supplemental Pay in the final amended budget for the year ended June 30, 1999. Police supplemental pay amounted to \$242,010 while Fire supplemental pay amounted to \$192,720.

State law requires that budgets be amended when actual revenue are less than budgeted revenues or actual expenditures exceed budget by 5% or more.

#### Note 20 - Designated and Reserved Fund Balances -

Fund Balances designated and reserved at June 30, 1999, other than reserves for inventory of \$192,065 and encumbrances of \$34,992 in the General Fund are as follows:

# City of Hammond NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED) June 30, 1999

Note 20 - Designated and Reserved Fund Balances (Continued) -

		DESIGNATED		RESERVED	
	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	FIDUCIARY FUNDS D	TOTAL ESIGNATED	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	
Law Enforcement Confiscated Cash Fire Dept. Hazardous	\$ 4,262 4,924	\$ - \$ -	4,262 4,924	\$ - -	
Materials Court Witness Fees	10,603 167,140	-	10,603 167,140	-	
Police Education and Training	21,785	-	21,785	-	
Downtown Development District	167,622	<b>-</b>	167,622	-	
Fire Millage Police Millage	419,711 258,357	-	419,711 258,357	<b>-</b>	
FmHA Industrial Development	409,537 637,276	<b>-</b>	409,537 637,276	-	
Industrial Development Project M.O.T.I.O.N.	-	14,447	14,447	-	
Library Trust Sales Tax Bond	<del>-</del>	24,429	24,429	2,006,355	
Certificates of Indebtedness Fund Balances	<del>-</del>	<b>-</b>	<del>-</del>	<u>137,121</u>	
Designated and Reserved	\$2,101,217	\$ 38,876 \$	2,140,093	\$2,143,476	

Note 21 - Changes in Contributed Capital -

Changes in the City's enterprise fund contributed capital accounts for the year ended June 30, 1999 are as follows:

	CITY	SALES TAX BONDS	CITIZENS	<u>STATE</u>	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	OTHER	TOTAL
Contributed Capital at at July 1, 1998	\$2,800,988	\$2,127,111	\$1,738,155	\$ 62,897	\$1,576,186	\$2,476,663	\$10,782,000
Contribution of Fixed Assets	157,960	-	-	•	•	-	157,960
Depreciation on Fixed Assets	<u>(9,574</u> )	<u>(196,800</u> )	(84,466)	<u>(6,405</u> )	<u>(93,496</u> )		(390,741)
Contributed Capital at June 30, 1999	\$2,949,374	\$1,930,311	\$1,653,689	\$ 56,492	\$1,482,690 ————	\$2,476,663	\$10,549,219

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 22 - Risk Management -

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss, the City has established an Insurance Fund (an internal service fund). Under this program, the Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each worker's compensation claim and \$25,000 for each general liability claim. The City also purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund.

The General Fund, Enterprise Fund, and Downtown Development District Fund of the City participate in the program and make payments to the fund based on management's estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. These interfund "premiums" related to workers' compensation, general liability and property insurance coverages are reported as quasi-external transactions. At June 30, 1999, the outstanding claims liability was \$450,000. No estimated liability for incurred but not reported claims has been made. The liability is based on the requirements of GASB No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues" which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Changes in the general liability and workers' compensation claims liability amount for the years ended June 30, 1999, 1998 and 1997 were:

	BEGINNING OF YEAR LIABILITY	CURRENT YEAR CLAIMS AND ESTIMATES	CLAIM PAYMENTS	BALANCE AT YEAR END
1999	\$414,040	299,654	263,694	450,000
1998	279,184	419,856	285,000	414,040
1997	57,024	397,268	175,108	279,184

#### Note 23 - Supplemental Pay -

In addition to the compensation paid to the City of Hammond's employees, employees who are firemen, may be eligible to receive supplemental pay. Each type of employee is governed by their particular revised statute. The amount of the compensation is determined by State Law and is revised periodically.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

#### Note 23 - Supplemental Pay (Continued) -

As per Louisiana Reviewed Statute 33:2002, any full-time, regular employee of the City fire department who is hired after March 31, 1986 and who has passed a certified firemen's training program equal to the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1001 and who is paid three hundred dollars per month from public funds is eligible for supplemental pay. These full-time employees are carried on the payroll paid from funds of the City obtained through lawfully adopted bond issues or lawfully assessed taxes, either directly or through a board or commission set up by law or ordinance. Employees employed by the fire department are not eligible for supplemental pay if they are presently drawing a retirement or disability pension, clerical employees and mechanics and for those employees who have not passed a certified firemen's training program but are hired after March 31, 1986. State supplemental pay for fire fighters must be taken into account in calculating fire fighters longevity pay, holiday pay, and overtime pay.

As per Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2219.2, any employee who devotes his or her full working time to law enforcement and who is hired after March 31, 1986 and who has completed a council certified training program as provided in Louisiana Revised statute 40:2405 and is paid a salary of not less than three hundred fifty dollars per month shall be paid by the state extra compensation. A police officer entitled to additional pay out of state funds includes any person employed on a full-time basis who works as a duly commissioned law enforcement officer for the performance of primary duties which encompass the enforcement of state laws, supervisory police work, provides necessary services to the officers, desk sergeant or identification technician or a full-time radio dispatcher. Any person who received additional pay out of state funds shall continue to receive said additional state pay during any period of disability resulting from any injury sustained in the line of duty. The additional pay out of state funds shall continue to be paid to such person until such time that said person is determined to be permanently disabled and not longer able to return to work.

As of June 30, 1999, the City has recognized \$434,730 in revenues (Intergovernmental) and expenditures (public safety) that the State of Louisiana has paid directly to the City's employees.

#### Note 24 - Litigation and Claims -

At June 30, 1999, the City is a defendant in several lawsuits seeking damages. In the opinion of the City, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not be significant.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### YEAR 2000 ISSUES

June 30, 1999

#### The Year 2000 Issue

In October 1998, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Technical Bulletin 98-1, Disclosures about Year 2000 Issues. The provisions of the GASB technical bulletin, effective for financial statements on which the auditor's report is dated after October 31, 1998, requires the City to make disclosures about its state of readiness in addressing the Year 2000 issues for its internal computer systems and equipment. On March 29, 1999, GASB issued Technical Bulletin 99-1 which amended the previously issued disclosure requirements allowing for the disclosure to be made in the required supplementary information (RSI). "This disclosure is written pursuant to the Year 2000 Information and Readiness Disclosure Act, Public Law No. 105-271, 112 Stat. 2386 (1998)."

The Year 2000 Issue is the result of shortcomings in electronic dataprocessing systems and other equipment that may adversely affect operations in the year 1999 and beyond.

The following stages have been identified by the GASB as necessary to implement a Year 2000-compliant system:

Awareness Stage - In this first stage, an organization establishes a budget and project plan (for example, a time line or chart noting major tasks and due date) for dealing with the Year 2000 issue.

Assessment Stage - While in this stage, an organization begins the actual process of identifying all of its systems (preparing an inventory) and individual components of the systems. An organization may decide to review all system components for Year 2000 compliance or, through a risk analysis, identify only mission-critical systems and equipment systems and equipment critical to conducting operations to check compliance.

Remediation Stage - During this stage, an organization actually makes changes to systems and equipment. This stage involves the technical issues of converting existing systems, or switching to compliant systems. Decisions are made on how to make the system or processes Year 2000 compliant, and the required system changes are made.

Validation/Testing Stage - At this stage, an organization validates and tests the changes made during the conversion process. The development of test data and test scripts, the running of test scripts, and the review of test results are crucial for this stage of the conversion process to be successful. If the testing results show anomalies, the tested area needs to be corrected and re-tested.

#### YEAR 2000 ISSUES (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1999

To address the Year 2000 issues the City of Hammond hired an outside contractor to work and assist the City's Financial Information Officer in becoming compliant.

#### Major Systems:

Current status of the City of Hammond's major applications are as follows:

Financial Systems (Financial Information Accounting System, Cash Register System, Property Lien System, Property Tax System, Sales Tax and License Tax System, Vehicle System, and the Operating Systems). In November 1998, a contractor was hired to replace the prior system with a new Windows NT version. Each of the major systems described above have been upgraded and have been tested and validated or are in the process of being tested. All are expected to be compliant by December 31, 1999.

Payroll System was replaced in January 1999, and is compliant.

Public Safety Systems (Building Permit System, Cemetery System, Mausoleum System, Police False Alarm System, Fire Department System, Utility Billing System, Work Order System, and Fixed Asset System). These systems are currently in the remediation and testing stages. Most all of the conversions has been accomplished and all are expected to be compliant by December 31, 1999.

#### Funding:

Funding for the computer systems has been provided through appropriations in the general fund. Much of the costs can be attributed to the needed advancements in technology and preparation for the Year 2000 problem.

Because of the unprecedented nature of the "Year 2000" issue, its effects and the success of related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the year 2000 and thereafter. Management cannot assure that the City is or will be "Year 2000" ready, that the City's remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with whom the City does business will be "Year 2000" ready.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### GENERAL FUND

To account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL FUND

BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 1999

#### ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Cost Franchise Taxes Receivable Other Receivable Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments Inventory, at Cost	\$ 32,860 531,375 116,805 180,179 114,414 407,592 192,065
Total Assets	\$1,575,290
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Salaries Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 441,953 22,885 160,931 625,769
Fund Balance: Reserved for Inventory Reserved for Encumbrances Unreserved - Undesignated	192,065 34,992 722,464
Total Fund Balance	949,521
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$1,575,290

#### GENERAL FUND

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 2,434,000	\$ 2,453,972	\$ 19,972
Licenses and Permits	1,650,000	1,720,476	70,476
Fines and Forfeitures	337,000	354,228	17,228
Sanitation Service Fees	485,000	457,246	(27,754)
Parks and Recreation	130,109	81,160	(48,949)
Intergovernmental	28,103	525,033	496,930
Interest	20,000	23,786	3,786
Miscellaneous	372,740	381,008	8,268
Total Revenues	5,456,952	5,996,909	539,957
Expenditures:			
General Government	2,029,460	1,892,751	136,709
Public Safety	6,245,418	6,675,136	(429,718)
Geographic Information Service	116,621	113,904	2,717
Highways and Streets	1,081,850	1,054,722	27,128
Cemeteries and Municipal Grounds	446,789	471,628	(24,839)
Sanitation	470,000	447,674	22,326
Parks and Recreation	512,108	455,186	56,922
Debt Service	39,200	39,195	5
Total Expenditures	10,941,446	11,150,196	(208,750)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(5,484,494)	(5,153,287)	331,207
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Sale of Fixed Assets	22,000	22,315	315
Operating Transfers In	6,234,036	5,377,832	(856,204)
Operating Transfers Out - Component	(915, 339)	(994,838)	(79,499)
Units Reserve for Contingencies	(400,000)	(400,000)	100.000
	(100,000)		100,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,840,697	4,005,309	(835,388)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(643,797)	(1,147,978)	(504,181)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	2,097,499	2,097,499	
End of Year	\$ 1,453,702	\$ 949,521	\$ (504,181)

#### GENERAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Taxes:		<del></del>	<del> </del>
Ad Valorem	\$ 1,831,000	\$ 1,842,402	\$ 11,402
Alcoholic Beverages	40,000	50,533	10,533
Tobacco	88,000	88,212	212
Franchise	475,000	472,825	(2,175)
Total Taxes	2,434,000	2,453,972	19,972
Licenses and Permits:			
Occupational	900,000	961,407	61,407
Video Poker	650,000	657 <b>,</b> 883	7,883
Other	100,000	101,186	1,186
Total Licenses and Permits	1,650,000	1,720,476	70,476
Fines and Forfeitures:			
City Court	337,000	354,228	17,228
Sanitation Service Fees	485,000	457,246	(27,754)
Parks and Recreation:			
Rentals	5,000	3,475	(1,525)
Concessions	10,000	12,086	2,086
Registration Fees	115,109	65,599	(49,510)
Total Parks and Recreation	130,109	81,160	(48,949)
Miscellaneous:		•	
LA Department of Highways	17,440	16,151	(1,289)
Rural Fire District	155,000	155,000	<del>-</del>
Interest Income	20,000	23,786	3,786
Rental Income	15,600	16,914	1,314
Fire Insurance Commission	30,000	35,432	5,432
Police Reports	7,000	6,314	(686)
Notice Fees on Taxes	18,000	18,417	417
Legal Document Fees	8,000	12,443	4,443
Sale of Cemetery Plots	33,000	33,995	9 <b>9</b> 5
Cemetery Fees	8,000	10,805	2,805
Intergovernmental	28,103	525,033	496,930
False Alarms Donations	8,000	8,250	250
	18,000	19,460	1,460
Miscellaneous	54,700	47,827	(6,873)
Total Miscellaneous	420,843	929,827	508,984
Total Revenues	\$ 5,456,952	\$ 5,996,909	\$ 539,957

#### CITY OF HAMMOND

#### GENERAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (GAAP BASIS)

For the year ended June 30, 1999

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Government:	s 170,200	\$ 162,772	\$ 7,428
Council	\$ 170,200 236,000	193,956	42,044
Mayor's Office	352,700	345,447	7,253
Accounting	211,550	203,717	7,833
Purchasing Central Garage	135,500	128,025	7,475
Personnel	163,910	127,658	36,252
Legal Services	285,000	308,588	(23,588)
Data Processing	177,400	150,410	26,990
Insurance	107,500	90,655	16,845
Other	189,700	181,523	8,177
Total General Government	2,029,460	1,892,751	136,709
Public Safety: Police Department:			
Administration	691,829	707,665	(15,836)
Investigation	296,868	286,238	10,630
Patrol	1,243,516	1,515,943	(272, 427)
Juvenile	121,700	127,866	(6, 166)
Correction	244,632	256,278	(11,646)
Communications	310,522	292,827	17,695
Crime Control	296,884	292,422 178,562	4,462 11,038
Traffic Control	189,600	<del></del>	
Total Police Department	3,395,551	3,657,801	(262,250)
Fire Department:		201 500	4 000
Administration	396,510	391,590	4,920
Fire Fighting	1,692,400	1,914,392	(221,992) (1,268)
Prevention	147,700 284,109	148,968 256,969	27,140
Building Inspection		<del></del>	
Total Fire Department	2,520,719	2,711,919	(191,200)
Other	329,148	305,416	23,732
Total Public Safety	6,245,418	6,675,136	(429,718)
Highway and Streets	1,081,850	1,054,722	27,128
Cemetaries and Municipal Grounds	446,789	471,628	(24,839)
Geographic Information Service	116,621	113,904	2,717
Sanitation	470,000	447,674	22,326
Parks and Recreation:			
Administration	213,293	188,304	24,989
Recreation Facilities	123,852	123,827	25
Programs	174,963	143,055	31,908
Total Parks and Recreation	512,108	455,186	56,922
Debt Service	39,200	39,195	5
Total Expenditures	\$10,941,446	\$11,150,196	\$ (208,750)

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement. 50

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Sales Tax Fund - To account for sales and use tax collected and its subsequent disbursement in according with sales tax deduction.

Law Enforcement Grants - To account for the receipt and disbursement of grants passed through from the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement.

Confiscated Cash Fund - To account for the collection of the City's share of district court awards and the subsequent disbursement thereof.

Airport - To account for the receipt and disbursements of funds received by the Airport Authority to operate the Hammond Municipal Airport.

Fire Department Hazardous Materials - To account for receipts and disbursements of funds used for hazardous materials.

Emergency Shelter Grant - To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from a federal grant. Such funds are used for the operation of an emergency shelter.

Grant Fund - To account for the receipt and disbursements of funds received from a federal grant. Such funds are for assistance in reforestation of trees within the City.

Court Witness Fees Fund - To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from the City court for payment of witness fees.

Police Education and Training - To account for the receipt of court costs relating to drug testing of persons convicted of driving while intoxicated and the disbursement of these funds for police education and training.

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

Downtown Development District Fund - To account for interfund transfers which pay for the rehabilitation of the downtown district.

Fire Millage Fund - To account for the receipt of property taxes in accordance with property dedication and the disbursement of these funds for fire equipment.

Police Millage Fund . To account for the receipt of property taxes in accordance with property dedication and the disbursement of these funds for police equipment.

Cafeteria Plan Fund - To account for receipts of employee withhold-ings for medical and dependent care expenses.

FmHA Industrial Development - To account for receipt and disbursement of funds received from FmHA for qualified business loans.

Industrial Development - To account for monies set aside for the promotion of new business within the City's limits.

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant - To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds related to a federal grant for law enforcement purposes.

Columbia Theater Renovation - To account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from the State for the purpose of renovating the Columbia Theater.

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#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 1999

ASSETS	Sales Tex	Law Enforcement Grants	Confiscated Cash	Fire Dept. Hazardous Materials	<u> Airport</u>	Emergency Shelter Grant	Grant <u>Fund</u>	Court Witness Fees
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,264	\$ -	\$ 525	\$ 689	\$ 65,688	\$ 2,368	\$ 1	\$ 19,097
Investments, at Cost Accounts Receivable	73,512	380	38,853	10,198	2,704	-	-	137,874
Note Receivable - (Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of \$32,126)		-	-	-	-	. <b>-</b>	-	-
Due From Other Funds Due from Other Governments	1,669,317	1,361 2,521	-	<del>-</del>	-	<del>-</del>	-	10,194
Total Assets	\$ 1,760,093	\$ 4,262	\$ 39,378	\$ 10,887	\$ 68,392	\$ 2,368	\$ 1	\$ 167,165
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 34,291	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ 34,454	\$ 284	\$ 5,675	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ 25
Fayroll Taxes Payable	1 260	<del></del>	•	-	580	-	-	-
Due to Other Funds	1,362	-	<b>4.</b>	-	<del>-</del>	<b></b>	-	-
Salaries Payable Deferred Revenue		· <u>·</u>			<u>-</u>	2,359		
Total Liabilities	35,653	-	34,454	284	6,255	2,359	-	25
Fund Balance:								
Designated	-	4,262	4,924	10,603	-	-	-	167,140
Undesignated	1,724,440	<del></del>	· <u>-</u> .		62,137	9_	1	
Total Fund Balance	1,724,440	4,262	4,924	10,603	62,137	9	<u> </u>	167,140
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,760,093	\$ 4,262	\$ 39,378	\$ 10,887	\$ 68,392	\$ 2,368	\$ 1	\$ 167,165

Police Education and Training	Downtown Development District	Fire Millage	Police Millage	Cafeteria Plan	FmHA Industrial Development	Industrial Development	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	Columbia Theater Renovation	Total
\$ 375 21,410	\$ 6,406 185,246	\$ 8,045 411,728	\$ 630 275,643	\$ 3,994	\$ 5,564 188,958	\$ 1,332 635,944	\$ 19,731 50,077	\$ 87 -	\$ 151,796 2,029,823 2,704
- -	461	<u> </u>	- - -	- - -	215,015	- - -	- -	109,931	215,015 1,361 1,792,424
\$ 21,785	\$ 192,113	\$ 419,773	\$ 276,273	\$ 3,994	\$ 409,537	\$ 637,27 <u>6</u>	\$ 69,808	\$ 110,018	\$ 4,193,123
\$ - - -	\$ 24,491	\$ 62 - -	\$ 17,916	\$ 3,807 392	\$	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ 109,931	\$ 230,936 580 1,754
<del></del>	24,491	62	17,916	4,199	<del></del>		55,693 55,693	110,000	58,121 291,391
21,785	167,622	419,711	258,357	(205)	409,537	637,276	14,115	18	2,101,217 1,800,515
21,785 \$ 21,785	<u>167,622</u> \$ 192,113	419,711 \$ 419,773	258,357 \$ 276,273	(205) \$ 3,994	409,537 \$ 409,537	637,276 \$ 637,276	\$ 69,808	<u>18</u> \$ 110,018	3,901,732 \$ 4,193,123

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#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 1999

Revenues:	Sales Tax	Law Enforcement Grants	Confiscated Cash	Fire Dept. Hazardous Materials	Airport	Emergency Shelter Grant	Grant Fund	
Taxes	\$ 9,638,068	\$ -	s -	<u> </u>	8 -	*		<u>fees</u>
Court Witness Fees Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	47,600	14,924	1,245	582 2,290	7,287 54,801	26,824 4	\$ - - -	\$ 58,443 5,896
Total Revenues	9,885,668	15,063	1,245	2,872	62,088	26,828	-	64 330
Reponditures: General Government Public Safety:	453,749	-	_	-	_	26,824	-	64,339
Police Fire	-	16,456	-	÷	-	-	_	27,063
Inspection	15,000	•	-	7,211	-	-	-	
Highways and Streets	43,424	-	-	-		<u>-</u>	+	-
Parks and Recreation Airport	67,503	+	-	_	_ *-	-	-	-
Allpoic	<del></del>			<del></del>	156,474		_	-
Total Expenditures	579,676	16,456	-	7,211	156,474	26,824	<del></del>	27,063
Roess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expanditures	9,305,992	(1,393)	1,245	(4,339)	(94,386)	4		37,276
ther Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Note Payable Operating Transfer In Operating Transfer Out Proceeds From Sale of Assets	95,445 181,075 (8,518,764)	5,463	- - -	2,690	134,875	-	- - -	- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(8,242,244)	5,463		2,680	3,971 138,846		<del></del> .	
cess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	1,053,748	4,070	1,245	(1,659)	41,460	<b>.</b>		<b>N N N N N N N N N N</b>
nd Balances (Deficit): Beginning of Year	660,692	192	3,679	12,262	17,677	τ.	-	37,276
End of Year	\$ 1,724,440	\$ 4,262				s 0	<del></del> _	129,864
	7 1,724,440	\$ 4,262	\$ 4,924	\$ 10,603	\$ 62,137	ş 9	\$ 1	\$ 167,14

Police Education and Training	Downtown Development District	Fire Millage	Police Millage	Cafeteria Plan	FmHA Industrial Development	Industrial Development	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	Columbia Theater Renovation	Total
\$ - - 1,145 6,504	\$ 99,948 6,946 10,399 8,493	21,344	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ - - 54	\$ - 16,480 100	\$ - 26,968 1,000	68,814 397	\$ 297,380 18	\$ 9,938,016 58,443 422,175 140,868 73,188
7,649	125,786	21,344	8,597	54	16,580	27,968	69,211	297,398	10,632,690
-	-	•	-	-		19,757	-	297,380	797,710
12,384	- - - 167 576	519,055	1 <b>45</b> ,669	- - -	- - - -	- - -	73,116	- - -·	274,688 526,266 15,000 43,424
· 	167,578	- -	<del>-</del>		- -			<u>.</u>	235,081 156,474
12,384	167,578	519,055	145,669	-	-	19,757	73,116	297,380	2,048,643
(4,735)	(41,792)	(497,711)	(137,072)	54	16,580	8,311	(3,905)	18	8,584,047
- - - -	(35,000)	219,657	239,657	(392)	- - -	129,771 (75,000)	13,370 - -	- - -	95,445 926,548 (9,629,156) 
	(35,000)	219,657	239,657	(392)	 	54,771	13,270		(7,603,192)
(4,735)	(76,792)	(278,054)	102,585	(338)	16,580	62,980	9,465	18	980,855
26,520	244,414	697,765	155,772	133	392,957	574,294	4,650	<del></del>	2,920,877
<u>\$21,785</u> .	<u>\$ 167,622.</u>	§ \$19,711	<u>\$ 258,357</u>	\$ (205)	<u>\$ 409,537</u>	\$ 637,276	\$ 14,115	\$ 18	\$ 3,901,732

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SALES TAX FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Sales and Use Tax Interest	\$ 9,750,000 45,000	\$ 9,838,068 47,600	\$ 88,068 2,600
Total Revenues	9,795,000	9,885,668	90,668
Expenditures: General Government Public Safety:	466,200	453,749	12,451
Inspection Highways and Streets Parks and Recreation	15,000 87,000 78,568	15,000 43,424 67,503	43,576 11,065
Total Expenditures	646,768	579,676	67,092
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditur	es 9,148,232	9,305,992	157,760
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Note Payable Operating Transfer In Operating Transfer Out	(9,375,861)	95,445 181,075 (8,518,764)	95,445 181,075 857,097
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,375,861)	(8,242,244)	1,133,617
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(227,629)	1,063,748	1,291,377
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	660,692	660,692	<u></u>
End of Year	\$ 433,063	\$ 1,724,440	\$1,291,377

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest	\$22,406	\$14,924 139	\$ (7,482) 139
Total Revenues	22,406	15,063	(7,343)
Expenditures: Public Safety: Police	25,740	16,456	9,284
(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,334)	(1,393)	1,941
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In	3,334	5,463	2,129
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures		4,070	4,070
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	192	192	<del></del>
End of Year	<u>\$ 192</u>	\$ 4,262	\$ 4,070

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND CONFISCATED CASH FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Variance Favorabl Budget Actual (Unfavorab			
Revenue: Interest	\$ 250	\$1,245	\$ 995	
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	3,679	3,679		
End of Year	\$3,929	\$4,924	\$ 995	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FIRE DEPARTMENT HAZARDOUS MATERIALS FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended June 30, 1999

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 400	\$ 582 2,290	\$ 182 2,290
Total Revenues	400	2,872	2,472
Expenditures: Public Safety: Fire	7,680	7,211	469
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(7,280)	(4,339)	2,941
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In	2,680	2,680	<del></del>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures		(1,659)	2,941
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	12,262	12,262	<del>-</del>
End of Year	\$ 7,662	\$10,603	<u>\$2,941</u>

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement. 56

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND AIRPORT FUND

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	•	۸ n n n n	A 7 007
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ - 64,400	\$ 7,287 54,801	\$ 7,287 (9,599)
Total Revenues	64,400	62,088	(2,312)
Expenditures: Airport	192,755	156,474	36,281
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(128,355)	(94,386)	33,969
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In Proceeds From Sale of Assets	130,000	134,875 3,971	4,875 3,971
Total Other Financing Sources	130,000	138,846	8,846
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	1,645	44,460	42,815
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	<u>17,677</u>	17,677	<u></u>
End of Year	<u>\$ 19,322</u>	\$ 62,137	\$ 42,815

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND EMERGENCY SHELTER GRANT FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue: Intergovernmental Interest	\$26,672	\$26,824 <u>4</u>	\$ 152 <u>4</u>
Total Revenues	26,672	26,828	156
Expenditures: General Government	26,672	26,824	(152)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<b></b> -	4	4
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	5	5	<u></u>
End of Year	\$ 5	\$ 9	\$ 4

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COURT WITNESS FEES FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Court Witness Fees Interest	\$ 50,000 7,000	\$ 58,443 5,896	\$ 8,443 (1,104)
Total Revenues	57,000	64,339	7,339
Expenditures: Public Safety: Police	47,000	27,063	19,937
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	10,000	37,276	27,276
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	129,864	129,864	<del></del>
End of Year	\$139,864	\$167,140	<u>\$ 27,276</u>

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUND POLICE EDUCATION AND TRAINING FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Pouonuos	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 1,200 3,000	\$ 1,145 6,504	\$ (55) 3,504
Total Revenues	4,200	7,649	3,449
Expenditures: Public Safety: Police	10,000	12,384	(2,384)
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(5,800)	(4,735)	1,065
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	26,520	26,520	<del></del>
End of Year	\$20,720	<u>\$21,785</u>	\$ 1,065

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended June 30, 1999

Revenues:	Budget	_Actual_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 92,000 11,980 10,000 3,000	\$ 99,948 6,946 10,399 8,493	\$ 7,948 (5,034) 399 5,493
Total Revenues	116,980	125,786	8,806
Expenditures: Parks and Recreation	273,980	167,578	106,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(157,000)	(41,792)	115,208
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfer In Operating Transfers Out	- (35,000)	(35,000)	— —
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(35,000)	(35,000)	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	(192,000)	(76,792)	115,208
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	244,414	244,414	<del></del>
End of Year	\$ 52,414	\$167,622	\$115,208

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement. 61

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FIRE MILLAGE FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue: Interest	\$ 20,000	\$ 21,344	\$ 1,344
Expenditures: Public Safety: Fire	60,000	519,055	(459,055)
Total Expenditures	60,000	519,055	(459,055)
(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(40,000)	(497,711)	(457,711)
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In	179,900	219,657	39,757
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	139,900	(278,054)	(417,954)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	697,765	697,765	<u></u>
End of Year	\$837,665	\$ 419,711	\$ (417,954)

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND POLICE MILLAGE FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	1	Budget	<b></b>	Actual	Fav	riance orable vorable)
Revenue: Interest	\$	8,000	\$	8,597	\$	597
Expenditures: Public Safety: Police		361,624	<b>.</b>	145,669	2	15 <b>,</b> 955
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(	(353,624)		(137,072)	2	16,552
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In		199,900		239,657		39,757
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	(	(153,724)		102,585	2	56,309
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	<del>=-</del>	155 <u>,</u> 772		155,772	<del>-</del>	<del></del>
End of Year	\$	2,048	\$	258,357	\$ 2	56,309

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUND CAFETERIA PLAN FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue: Interest	\$ -	\$ 54	\$ 54
Other Financing Uses: Operating Transfer Out	<b></b>	(392)	(392)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures and Other Uses	_	(338)	(338)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	133	133	<del>-</del>
End of Year	<u>\$133</u>	\$ (205)	<u>\$ (338)</u>

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FMHA INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT GRANT FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Interest Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 16,480 100	\$ 16,480 100
Total Revenues	-	16,580	16,580
Expenditures: General Government	<del></del>		<del></del>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	16,580	16,580
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	392,957	392,957	<del>-</del>
End of Year	\$392,957	\$409,537	\$ 16,580

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Dottoniio	Budget	_Actual_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue: Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 27,000	\$ 26,968 1,000	\$ (32) 1,000
Total Revenues	27,000	27,968	968
Expenditures: General Government	21,250	19,757	1,493
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	5,750	8,211	2,461
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfer In Operating Transfer Out	(75,000)	129,771 (75,000)	129,771
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(75,000)	54,771	129,771
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(69,250)	62,982	132,232
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	574,294	574,294	<b></b>
End of Year	\$505,044	<u>\$ 637,276</u>	\$132,232

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue: Intergovernmental Interest	\$120,368	\$68,814 397	\$ (51,554) 397
Total Revenues	120,368	69,211	(51,157)
Expenditures: Public Safety: Police	133,742	73,116	60,626
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(13,374)	(3,905)	9,469
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfer In	13,370	13,370	<del></del>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	(4)	9,465	9,469
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	4,650	4,650	<del>-</del>
End of Year	\$ 4,646	\$14,115	\$ 9,469

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COLUMBIA THEATER RENOVATION FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenue: Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 3,380,000	\$ 297,380 18	\$ (3,082,620) 18
Total Revenues	3,380,000	297,398	(3,082,602)
Expenditures: General Government	3,380,000	297,380	3,082,620
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		18	18
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year			<u> </u>
End of Year	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ 18</u>	<u>\$ 18</u>

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

General Obligation Bond Fund - To accumulate monies for payment of 1973, \$20,000, 5.10% general obligation bonds. These bonds matured during fiscal year 1998.

Sales Tax Bond Fund - To accumulate monies for payment of \$7,898,000 of public improvement bonds. These bonds are composed of various issues, maturity dates, and interest rates and are financed by a dedication of proceeds of a 2% sales and use tax.

Special Assessment Certificates Fund - To accumulate monies for payment of \$410,813 of certificates. These certificates matured during fiscal year 1996.

Certificates of Indebtedness Fund - To accumulate monies for the payment of the 1990, \$390,000 of certificates. These certificates are serial bonds due in annual installments of principal, plus semiannual payments of interest, until maturity in the year 2000.

### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 1999

	General Obligation Bond	Sales on Tax Bond	Special Assessment Certificates	Certificates of Indebtedness	Total
ASSETS Cash Investments, at Cost	\$ 2	\$ 1,221 2,005,134	\$ 2,321	\$ 52 137,069	\$ 3,596 2,142,203
Total Assets	\$ 2	\$2,006,355	<u>\$ 2,321</u>	<u>\$137,121</u>	\$2,145,799
LIABILITIES AND FUND BAL	ANCES				
Liabilities: Vouchers Payable Due to Other Funds	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - 5,940	\$ -	\$ - <u>5,940</u>
Total Liabilities		<del>-</del> -	5,940		5,940
Fund Balance (Defecit): Reserved for Debt					
Service	-	2,006,355	-	137,121	2,143,476
Unreserved: Undesignated	2	<u> </u>	(3,619)	<del>-</del>	(3,617)
Total Fund Balance	22	2,006,355	_(3,619)	_137,121	2,139,859
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ <u>2</u>	\$2,006,355	\$ 2,321	<u>\$137,121</u>	\$2,145,799

# City of Hammond DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)

June 30, 1999

	General Obligation Bond		Obligation Tax		Special Assessment Certificates		Certificates of <u>Indebtedness</u>		<b></b>	Total
Revenues: Interest	\$	5,264	\$	84,262	\$	24	\$	3,868	\$	98,418
Empenditures:		-  		946,000 380,696 2,141		- -	<u> </u>	180,000 28,380 602		1,126,000 409,076 2,743
Total Expenditures				1,328,837				208,982		3,537,819
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		5,264		(1,244,575)		24		(200,114)		(1, 439, 401)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfer In Operating Transfer Out	(	129,771)		1,196,000 (31,000)		<del>-</del>		198,000		1,394,000 (160,771)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		129,771)		1,165,000		-		198,000		1,334,229
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	(	124,507)		(79,575)		24		(2,114)		(206, 172)
Mund Balances (Deficit): Beginning of Year		124,509		2,085,930	(3	3,643)		139,235		2,346,031
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>ş</u>	2,006,355	<u>\$ (3</u>	3,619)	<u>\$</u>	<u> 137,121</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,139,859

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Improvements - To account for capital improvements from proceeds derived from surplus sales tax, revenue bond proceeds and grants.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 1999

» o o c c m o	rport SE ron Rehab		iation Grant	A	irport	Capital Projects	LCDBG Sewer Improvement	Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Cost Account Receivable Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments	\$  4,774 - - 20,226	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 89,391 1,453,622 25,000 - 85,000	\$ - - - 2,000	\$ 94,165 1,453,622 25,000 
Total Assets	\$ 25,000	\$		\$	_	\$ 1,653,013	\$ 2,000	<u>\$ 1,680,013</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities: Accounts Fayable Retainages Fayable Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenues	\$ - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 229,304 145,937 30,000 15,000	\$ - 2,000 	\$ 229,304 145,937 32,000 15,000
Total Liabilities Fund Balance: Unreserved - Undesignated	25,000		-		_	420,241	2,000 -	402,241
Total Liabilities and Fund Halance	\$ 25,000	\$ <u></u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	<u>\$ 1,653,013</u>	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,680,013

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		irport SE Pron Rehab		viation Grant	Airport		Capital Projects		LCDBG Sewer mprovements		Total
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	s,	79,259	\$	72	\$ - 3,978	\$	80,000 26,091 25,000	\$ 	2,000 - -	\$	161,259 30,141 25,000
Total Revenues		79,259		72	3,978		131,091		2,000		216,400
Expenditures: Construction Engineering Miscellaneous Park Improvements		79,259		- - -	11,247		1,912,623 170,134 64,089 241,138		2,001	-	1,912,623 249,393 77,337 241,138
Total Expenditures		79,259			11,247		2,387,984		2,001		2,480,491
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		72	(7,269)	(	2,256,893)		(1)		(2,264,091)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfer In Operating Transfer Out	·	25,000		(7,075)	<b></b>	<del>-</del>	2,264,000 (143,000)		<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	2,289,000 (150,075)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		25,000		(7 <b>,</b> 075)	<u>.</u>	·	2,121,000	_			2,138,925
Encess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses		25,000		(7,003)	(7,269)		(135,893)		(1)		(105,166)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		<u></u>	*	7,003	7,269	<u>.                                    </u>	1,368,665	_	1		1,382,938
End of Year	Ş	25,000		<u>-</u>	\$ -		1,232,770				1,257,772

#### ENTERPRISE FUND

Water and Sewer Fund - To account for the provisions of water and sewer services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

## ENTERPRISE FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND

# BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 1999

#### **ASSETS**

Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 84,403
Investments, at Cost	• -
Receivables:	1,410,860
Customers (Net of Allowances for	
Doubtful Accounts of \$36,000)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	623,114
Special Assessments:	
Current Receivable	7,516
Delinquent Receivable	5,422
Other Receivables	7,029
Unbilled Water and Sewer Charges	123,537
Due From Other Governments	19,850
Total Current Assets	2,281,731
Restricted Assets:	
Customers' Deposits:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,355
Investments, at Cost	400,366
Unexpended Bond Proceeds:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,939
Investments, at Cost	3,913,195
Bond Sinking Fund	351,865
Bond Reserve Fund	221,663
Bond Contingency Fund	200,000
	200,000
Total Restricted Assets	4,881,720
	1,001,720
Property, Plant and Equipment (Net of	
Accumulated Depreciation)	14,552,529
	-1,000,020
Other Assets:	
Bond Issuance Costs (Net of Accumulated Amortization)	94,884
Total Assets	\$21,810,864

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement.

# LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY

Current Liabilities (Payable From Current Assets): Accounts Payable Retainages Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Due to Other Funds Salaries Payable Accumulated Leave Payable Due to Other Governments	\$ 178,237 21,521 3,499 76,081 17,931 91,523 104,614
Total Current Liabilities (Payable from Current Assets)	493,406
Current Liabilities (Payable From Restricted Assets): Customers' Deposits Accrued Interest Payable Bonds Payable - Current Portion  Total Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets)	388,208 24,983 482,000 895,191
Long-Term Liabilities: Bonds Payable - Long-Term Portion Due to Other Governments	5,830,000 309,172
Total Long-Term Liabilities	6,139,172
Total Liabilities	7,527,769
Fund Equity:    Contributed Capital -     Contributions to Aid in Construction    Retained Earnings:     Reserved    Unreserved - Undesignated	10,549,219 64,395 3,669,481
Total Retained Earnings	3,733,876
Total Fund Equity	14,283,095
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$21,810,864

## ENTERPRISE FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS

For the year ended June 30, 1999

Operating Revenues: Sewer Charges Water Sales Tap-in and Reconnect Fees Miscellaneous	\$ 1,819,565 1,031,142 54,389 426
Total Operating Revenues	2,905,522
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services Contractual Services, Supplies, Materials, and Other Depreciation and Amortization	847,435 952,552 829,692
Total Operating Expenses	2,629,679
Operating Income	275,843
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest Income Interest Expense	264,082 (328,700)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(64,618)
Income before Operating Transfers	211,225
Operating Transfers Out	(64,000)
Net Income	147,225
Add Depreciation on Fixed Assets Acquired by Capital Contributions that Reduces Contributed Capital	390,741
Increase in Retained Earnings	537,966
Retained Earnings: Beginning of Year	3,195,910
End of Year	\$ 3,733,876

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement.

## ENTERPRISE FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 1999

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Operating Income:	\$	275,843
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income		
to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		825,083
Amortization		4,609
Provision for Bad Debts		11,589
Change in Current Assets - (Increase) Decrease:		
Accounts Receivable		(81,067)
Unbilled Water and Sewer Charges		4,768
Due From Other Governments		(19,850)
Change in Current Liabilities - Increase (Decrease):		, -
Accounts Payables		94,043
Other Payables		41,530
Due to Other Governments		6,558
Due to Other Funds		(140,016)
Customer Deposits		31,373
Cuscomer Deposites	<u> </u>	
Total Adjustments		778,620
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,054,463
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Operating Transfers to Other Funds		(64,000)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Principal Repayments	(	1,145,000)
Capital Contributions	•	157,960
Interest Paid		(303,717)
Payment for Capital Assets		(719,994)
Bond Proceeds		4,922,000
Bond Issuance Costs		(65,693)
	<del></del>	100/050/
Net Cash Provided by Capital and		
Related Financing Activities		2,845,556
		- <b>,</b>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Interest Income		264,082
Purchases of Investments	(	4,091,461)
	<b>-</b> :-	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(	3,827,379)
Net Increase In Cash		8,640
Cash:		
Beginning of Year		92,057
	·	·
End of Year	\$	100,697

The accompanying notes constitute and integral part of this statement.

#### ENTERPRISE FUND WATER AND SEWER FUND

# DETAILED SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES BY DEPARTMENT

	General and Administrative	Water Department	Sewer Department	Plant Operations	Total
Salaries and Wages	\$ 64,391	\$ 347,729	\$ 156,019	\$ 103,944	\$ 672,083
Social Security	4,724	25,455	11,162	7,693	49.034
Municipal Employee Retirement	3,548	17,432	8,142	4,854	33,976
Health and Life Insurance	5,299	23,781	14,045	7,793	50,918
Worker's Compensation Insurance	573	22,545	9,636	8,670	41,424
Contract Labor	20,536		6,240	-	26,776
Property Insurance	_	5,350	450	<b>-</b> -	5,800
Auto Liability Insurance	_	8,000	10,500	_	18,500
General Liability	_	17,500	9,600	-	27,100
Utilities	_	73,725	58,231	146,819	27,100
Postage and Box Rent	16,417	157.20	_	740,072	16,417
Telephone - Long Distance	131	-	_	_	
Maintenance:	131				131
Buildings	_	<i>-</i> :	_	1,966	1 066
Autos and Trucks	_	13,596	10,959	13,470	1,966
Machinery and Equipment	<u>-</u> .	10,599	-	66,098	38,025
Lines and Pumps	_	99,442	75,184	00,090	76,697
Fire Hydrants	_	677	70,104	_	174,626
Ultraviolet Lamp	_	- 0 / /		22.002	677
Chlorination	_	4,088	-	23,803	23,803
Infiltration	_	4,000	4,510	_	4.088
Siudge Removal	_	_	4,010	33,024	4,510
Laboratory Test Charge	_	_	-	16,290	33,024
Supplies:				10,290	16,290
Office	2,792	_	_	_	0.700
Uniforms	232	5,156	3,073	,	2,792
Vehicles		10,951	7,413	2,332	10,793
Laboratory	_	10,931	(,413	2,642	21,006
Sewerage Treatment	-	-	_	7,337	7,337
Chlorine	_	19,147	_	14,522	14,522
Safety Equipment	•-	2,789	1,101	1 1 1 2	19,147
General		506	1,101 -	1,153	5,043
Bad Debts	11,589		_	-	506
Small Tool and Equipment		6,796	4,002	77.5	11,589
Fixed Asset Purchases	4,730	11,403	·	763	11,561
Computer Mapping System	18,832	-	1,637	14,191	31,961
Travel and Education	407032	1,613	274	<b>~</b>	18,832
State Fees and Permits	_	•	214	928	2,815
Parking Improvements	_	<b></b>	211	8,492	8,492
Cash Short/Over	213	-	211	_	211
Amortization Expense	213	4 600	_	-	213
Depreciation Expense	_	4,609	- (24 T20	-	4,609
Beeper Fees	_	190,344	634,739	_	825,083
Paying Agent Fees	ን ግላፍ	765	222	132	1,119
Meters	2,745 -	2.4.63.6	-		2,745
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	14,916	-	-	14,916
Electronic Waterwell Monitoring	583	**	_	-	583
	<del>-</del>	19,164	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	19,164
Totals	\$ <u>157,335</u>	\$ <u>958,078</u>	\$ <u>1,027,350</u>	\$ <u>486,916</u>	\$2,629,679

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

•

To account for the financing of a self-insured plan for general liability, workers compensation and employee health insurance, insurance provided by one department to another department of the City on a premium basis.

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

# BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 1999

# **ASSETS**

Current Assets: Cash Investments Prepaid Insurance	\$ 81, 1,429, 28,	
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,539</u> ,	175
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		•
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Workers' Compensation Claims Payable General Liability Claims Payable	\$ 75, 375,	780 000 000
Total Liabilities	450,	780
Fund Equity: Retained Earnings - Reserved	1,088,	395
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ <u>1,539</u> ,	175

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS

Operating Revenues: Insurance Charges	\$	946,547
Operating Expenses: Bad Debts Workers' Compensation Insurance and Administration Workers' Compensation Claims Expense General Liability Insurance and Administration General Liability Claims Expense		90,148 84,204 51,163 376,599 248,491
Total Operating Expenses		850,605
Operating Income		95,942
Non-Operating Revenue: Interest Income		57,438
Income before Operating Transfers		153,380
Operating Transfers Out		
Net Income		153,380
Retained Earnings: Beginning of Year	<b>-</b>	935,015
End of Year	\$ <u>1</u>	,088,395

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	95,942
Provision for Bad Debt		90,148
Changes in Current Asset - Increase (Decrease): Accounts Receivable Prepaid Insurance Changes in Current Liabilities - Increase (Decrease)		51,439 (28,500)
Accounts Payable		(1,617)
Workers' Compensation Claims Payable		(25,404)
General Liability		61,000
Total Adjustments		147,066
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		243,008
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Interest Income		57,438
Purchase of Investments	(	226,048)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(	168,610)
Net Increase In Cash		74,398
Cash: Beginning of Year		6,855
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	<u>81,253</u>

#### FIDUCIARY TYPE FUNDS

#### PENSION TRUST FUND

Firemen's Pension Fund - Effective July 1, 1997 the Fireman's Pension Fund discontinued paying the pension benefits for three vested retired employees. These pension benefits are currently being paid by the General Fund. At June 30, 1998, there are no non-vested participants in the pension plan which would be entitled to future benefits. The remaining monies in the fund was transferred to the General Fund during fiscal year June 30, 1999.

#### EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND

Project M.O.T.I.O.N. Fund - To account for a trust fund established to receive and disburse funds as part of a law enforcement grant to various Tangipahoa Parish law enforcement agencies.

### LIBRARY TRUST FUND

Library Trust Fund - To account for a trust fund established for the purpose of establishing a new library or upgrading the existing library.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 1999

	Pension Trust Fireman's Pension	Expendable Project M.O.T.I.O.N.	Trust Library Trust	Total
ASSETS Cash Investments, at Cost Due from Other Governments	\$ 2	\$ - 6,316 8,131	\$ 1 24,428	\$ 3 30,744 8,131
Total Assets	<u>\$</u> 2	\$ 14,447	\$24,429	\$38,878
FUND EQUITY				
Retained Earnings - Unreserved	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2
Fund Balances Designated: Law Enforcement Library	<b>-</b>	14,447	24,429	14,447 24,429
Total Fund Balance		14,447	24,429	38,876
Total Fund Equity	\$ 2	<u>\$ 14,447</u>	\$24,429	<u>\$38,878</u>

# PENSION TRUST FUND FIREMEN'S PENSION FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Non-Operating Revenues: Interest Earned on Investments	\$	3
Operating Transfers Out		(500)
Net Loss		(497)
Retained Earnings: Beginning of Year	<del></del>	499
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	2

# PENSION TRUST FUND FIREMEN'S PENSION FUND

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers Out	\$	(500)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest Income	•	3
Net Decrease In Cash		(497)
Cash: Beginning of Year		499
End of Year	\$	2

## EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the year ended June 30, 1999

	Project M.O.T.I.O.N.	Library Trust	Total
Revenues: Federal Grant Miscellaneous	\$ 33,997 1,421	\$ -	\$ 33,997 1,421
Interest  Total Revenues	35,420	1,088 1,088	1,090 36,508
Expenditures: Police Expenditures	46,050	<u> </u>	46,050
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(10,630)	1,088	(9,542)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfer In Operating Transfer Out	14,090 (2,130)	<u> </u>	14,090 (2,130)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	11,960	<del>-</del>	11,960
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	1,330	1,088	2,418
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year	13,117	23,341	36,458
End of Year	\$ 14,447	\$24,429	\$ 38,876

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement. 83

			GEN	ERAL FI	XED A	SSETS	ACCOUN	T GROUP		
То	account	for	fixed	assets	not	used i	n prop	rietary	fund	operations.
	•									
	•									

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# STATEMENT OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS - BY SOURCES

June 30, 1999

General Fixed Assets, at Cost: Land Building Vehicles Equipment	\$ 1,733,595 5,499,464 3,662,176 1,832,459
Total General Fixed Assets	\$12,727,694
Investments in General Fixed Assets From: General Fund Sales Tax Enterprise Downtown Development	\$ 9,930,210 2,720,508 54,164 22,812
Total Investment in General Fixed Assets	\$12,727,694

# GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT GROUP

To account for unmatured principal amounts on general long-term debt and capital lease expected to be financed from government-type funds. Payment of maturing obligations, including interest, are accounted for in the debt service funds. To also account for the accumulated unpaid vacation to be financed from the General Fund.

# STATEMENT OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

For the year ended June 30, 1999

Amount Available and To Be Provided For the Retirement of General Long-Term Debt: Amount Available In: Sales Tax Bond Fund	\$	2,006,355
Certificates of Indebtedness Fund		137,121
Amount to be Provided in Future Years From:  1% Sales and Use Tax  General Fund  Certificates of Indebtedness Fund  Amount to be Provided - Accumulated Unpaid Leave		5,021,090 56,534 72,879 789,479
		<del></del>
Total Amount Available and to be Provided	\$	8,083,458
General Long-Term Debt Payable: Accumulated Unpaid Leave Sales Tax #5 Sales Tax #2D and #2E Certificates of Indebtedness Capital Lease Note Payable	\$	789,479 2,000 6,930,000 210,000 56,534 95,445
Total General Long-Term Debt Payable	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,083,458</u>

The accompanying notes constitute an integral part of this statement. 85

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE
GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Randy J. Bonnecaze, CPA\*
Joseph D. Richard, Jr., CPA\*
Ronnie E. Stamper, CPA\*
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Stephen M. Huggins, CPA\*
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Laura L. Monroe, CPA\*

\*A Professional Accounting Corporation

1111 S. Range Avenue, Suite 101 Denham Springs, LA 70726 Phone: (225) 665-8297 Fax: (225) 667-3813

October 28, 1999

Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

2322 Tremont Drive, Suite 200 Baton Rouge, LA 70809

To the Honorable Louis Tallo, Mayor and Members of the Council City of Hammond, Louisiana

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Hammond, Louisiana (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 1999. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance, with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessary disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the primary government financial statements being audited may occur

and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the management of the City of Hammond in a separate letter dated October 28, 1999.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and various federal and state audit agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis at Bourgeois, L.L.P.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

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Ronnic E. Stamper, CPA\*
Fernand P. Genre, CPA\*
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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

2322 Tremont Drive, Suite 200 Baton Rouge, LA 70809

October 28, 1999

To the Honorable Louis Tallo, Mayor and Members of the Council City of Hammond, Louisiana

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Hammond, Louisiana (the City), with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 1999. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, <u>and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 1999.

# Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A·133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and various federal and state audit agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Respectfully submitted,

Harris J. Bourgeois, L.L.P.

## City of Hammond

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 1999

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development/ Louisiana Department of Social Services Emergency Shelter Grant Program		14.231	\$ 26,824
Louisiana Division of Administration Louisiana Community Development Block Grant		14.218	2,000
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			28,824
U.S. Department of Justice Local Law Encorcement Block Grant Local Law Encorcement Block Grant	Project # 98-LB-VX-2671 97-LB-VX-2671	16.579 16.579	61,175 7,639
Total			68,814
U.S. Department of Justice/ Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement In-Home Detention Program In-Home Detention Program Narcotics Response Team COPS FAST/UHP Multi-Jurisdictional Task Force Multi-Jurisdictional Task Force Electronic Equipment	Project # 97-J.5-J.3-0213 98-J.5-J.3-0232 97-B5-B.07-0074 95-CFWX-1517 97-B.5-B.02-0G19 98-B.5-B.02-0H24 P98-5-026		3,187 5,409 5,388 45,035 30,791 3,206 1,103
Total U.S. Department of Justice			162,933
Federal Emergency Management Agency/ State of Louisiana Public Assistance Grant  U.S. Department of Transportation		83.544	46,865
Airport Improvements Program	99SW-8118	20.106	71,333
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$ 309,955</u>

#### City of Hammond

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 1999

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation -

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Hammond and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

#### Note 2 - Findings of Noncompliance -

There were no findings or questioned costs required to be reported for the year ended June 30, 1999.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### City of Hammond

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

Year Ended June 30, 1999

#### A. Summary of Audit Results -

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the City of Hammond, Louisiana.
- 2. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the general purpose financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of the General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of each of the major federal award programs is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to its Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program for the City expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed no findings which are required to be reported under Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The following program was tested as a Type "B" major program:

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASSTHROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM NAME	CFDA <u>NUMBER</u>
U.S. Department of Justice Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Passed through Louisiana Commission on Law Enforce- ment:	16.579
Narcotics Response Team Cops FAST/UHP Multi-Jurisdictional Task	16.579 16.579
Force Electronic Equipment	16.579 16.579

City of Hammond

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COST (CONTINUED)

Year Ended June 30, 1999

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The City was determined to be a low-risk auditee.
- B. Findings Financial Statements Audit
  None
- C. Findings and Questioned Costs Major Federal Award Program Audit
  None

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LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR
1999 DEC 30 AM 10: 18

# CITY OF HAMMOND MANAGEMENT LETTER JUNE 30, 1999

report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the audited, or reviewed, entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Randy J. Bonnecaze, CPA\* Joseph D. Richard, Jr., CPA\* Ronnic E. Stamper, CPA\* Ternand P. Genre, CPA\* Stephen M. Huggins, CPA\* Monica L. Zumo, CPA\* Ronald L. Gagnet, CPA\* Douglas J. Nelson, CPA\* Celeste D. Viator, CPA\*

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2322 Tremont Drive, Suite 200 Baton Rouge, LA 70809

October 28, 1999

The Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hammond Hammond, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the general purpose financial statements of the City of Hammond, Louisiana, for the year June 30, 1999, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated October 28, 1999, on the general purpose financial statements of the City of Hammond, Louisiana.

#### PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None

#### CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS:

#### Finding 99-1

We have performed a limited review of the data processing function as part of an evaluation of the system of internal accounting controls at the City of Hammond. The purpose of the review is to obtain an understanding of the general controls environment related to the electronic data processing functions by reviewing the design of the control procedures that management has implemented to achieve control objectives.

The data processing department serves two primary functions 1) recording and reporting accounting transactions, and 2) transferring information within and outside of the organization. Consequently, control procedures implemented in the data processing department should consider both internal accounting control principles appropriate to the organization and internal data processing control procedures appropriate to the department.

Internal controls are implemented to preserve the integrity of data, to safeguard the organization's resources, to encourage operating efficiency and to enforce compliance with management's policies and procedures. In this regard, data processing responsibilities for internal control can be defined in terms of: 1) internal accounting controls, and 2) internal data processing controls.

Internal <u>accounting</u> controls are the subset of internal controls implemented to ensure that all accounting transactions are recorded and reported according to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) or other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA). The AICPA recognizes that accounting steps for transactions should be segregated into the following functions:

- Authorization. Transactions should be executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization.
- Recordation. Transactions should be recorded as necessary to: a) permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with (GAAP) or any other criteria applicable to such statements, and b) to maintain accountability for assets.
- Custody. Access to assets should be permitted only in accordance with management's authorization.
- Valuation. The recorded accountability for assets should be compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action taken with respect to any differences.

In the absence of mitigating controls, each of the accounting functions (i.e. Authorization, Recordation, Custody, and Valuation) should be assigned to a different employee to lessen the opportunity for an individual to convert assets (i.e. purchase assets, sell equipment, discard functional equipment, etc.) or conceal transactions (remove assets from the work place for personal use, embezzle funds, etc.) in an unauthorized manner without detection.

Internal controls for the data processing function are implemented to ensure that information is collected, transformed, and reported as intended by management. In order to achieve full segregation of duties among the data processing controls, data processing activities should be segregated as follows.

Data input/output control. This function is responsible for entering data and verifying that all data has been processed accurately. Data control is usually performed by the user departments or by someone independent of other data processing functions.

- Computer operations. Computer operators should be the only group of employees authorized to execute production programs (software used to capture and process actual transactions). Since computer operators also perform an accounting function by recording transactions to the master records during daily update processing, these employees should not perform conflicting accounting duties that would diminish internal accounting controls. Computer operators should not change the programs they execute. Additionally, employees who perform conflicting accounting functions should not operate the computer.
- Archival management. This function is responsible for creating and maintaining archival and backup records of the data processing files. Backup records are used to recover from hardware and software failures as well as restoring transactions processed in error or through irregularities.
- Application Programming. When programs are developed by staff programmers, the programming function should be separate from other data processing functions. Programmers should be restricted to a test environment to create and update program files. When a program is completed and approved, the system maintenance employee should move the program from the test environment to the production area to eliminate the need for application programmers to access production files.
- System maintenance. Software upgrades, hardware expansion, and terminal replacements will be implemented over time to meet the changing needs of the organization. System maintenance is performed by the system programmer to configure the computer to the modified environment.

The system programmer must be segregated from accounting activities because changes to the computer system can affect the accounting mechanism used to record and report financial transactions. Therefore, system maintenance is an extension of the recordation function of accounting. Since the system programmer performs an extension of the recordation function, that employee should not perform conflicting accounting functions.

The controls of the City of Hammond were evaluated using these standards.

#### Concern - Segregation of Duties

The data processing function is centralized within the position of the Financial Information Officer, who is responsible to operate the central computer system, maintain the hardware and software environment, update the application software, and research processing errors upon request by the end-users. As such, there is a high concentration of duties vested in the Financial Information Officer such that adequate internal control may not be achievable.

#### Recommendation

We believe that management should evaluate the risk associated with a lack of segregation of duties and determine whether the risk justifies a re-organization of the department to support adequate internal controls. Specifically, we would envision segregating three areas of data processing: computer operations, computer maintenance, and data security so that no single employee is responsible for more than one of these areas. In addition, management should maintain a separation between accounting and data processing functions.

Since the three data processing functions currently are performed by a single employee (the Financial Information Officer), our recommendation probably would require the establishment of at least two additional positions. We would caution management against assigning one of the accounting staff to perform cross-over functions, since the concepts of segregation of duties requires that the accounting functions be separated from data processing functions.

#### Concern - Program Change Controls

Under the current approach, the Financial Information Officer has full and unsupervised access to the main computer, software applications, and software source code. This unrestricted access allows the Financial Information Officer the ability modify program logic, data records, and output reports in an unauthorized manner without detection. Such alterations could result in erroneous or fraudulent record keeping, or redirection of assets for personal gain.

#### Recommendation

We urge management to review the current processing environment and develop alternative solutions to segregate the data processing functions in a manner that supports adequate internal controls. We stand ready to further discuss several alternatives to address this concern, such as purchasing software without the source code, separating the functions of computer operations, logical security assignment, and software maintenance, or outsourcing the data processing function to an independent source.

#### Concern - Systems Development Methodology

The City of Hammond operates a proprietary software application for all accounting functions and many operational functions. The software was designed and developed under the direction of the Financial Information Officer and continues to be upgraded under the direction of this individual.

We believe that organizations who operate under a proprietary software application should establish structured system development standards to allow staff to administer and modify the source code effectively over time. System development standards allow the department to operate or upgrade the software in an efficient and effective manner after periods of staff attrition.

Specifically, system development standards allow programmers to design applications, develop the program code, document the final product, and produce training and user manuals in an organized manner. Without this structured approach, the use and support of the proprietary systems will require more resources, time, effort, and funds to implement.

We understand that the Financial Information Officer and one contract programmer are the sole resources available to maintain the mission critical software applications for the City of Hammond. We believe this environment of a proprietary, mission-critical system with limited documentation and high reliance on one employee places the City of Hammond at a high risk of failure in the event of employee turnover, environment disaster, or sabotage.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that management consider whether the City of Hammond is best served by retaining the current applications or by migrating to standard software applications available in the market place. Proprietary systems allows the organization to design data entry screens, output reports, and processing logic that uniquely follows the established work procedures. However, this approach may not be justified if there are not sufficient resources to establish a comprehensive data processing and systems development team.

Alternatively, the purchase of a standard software application provides access to ongoing development and customization services, full-time technical support, and formalized training and educational resources that may not be available internally. In addition, purchased software may eliminate the need to hold the software source code, which could allow management to redirect the staff programming functions to other productive activities. The limitation of purchased software often is stated as a limited ability to customize the software to meet unique needs of the environment. Our experience indicates that this limitation has diminished with the currently available software products.

#### Concern - Application Documentation

As stated above, the City of Hammond uses a proprietary software application for mission-critical processes. The software largely is undocumented, and the end-user documentation is not current. Without current documentation, staff training is hindered, control procedures may not be utilized, and daily operations may not be efficient. From a control perspective, it is necessary for mission-critical applications to be documented with user control features, example output control reports, and end-user procedures to use in validating that the data was entered, processed and reported correctly. We believe that the current documentation does not provide this level of detail.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that management upgrade the software documentation as a specific project if the decision is made to continue using the current software as the mission-critical application for the City of Hammond. By assigning the software documentation task as a special project with a high priority, management can monitor the timely completion of the project and take corrective action if adequate performance is not achieved.

#### Concern - Internal Audit Function

We reviewed the functions of the Internal Auditor and conclude that the designated Internal Auditor performs no audit function for the City of Hammond. Since the position was created to perform an internal audit function, we believe management intended to establish this position as a control function of the environment.

The position of Internal Auditor traditionally is established to review the existence of internal controls and to report on the effectiveness of such controls. By its definition, the Internal Auditor is precluded from auditing a control that he/she performs as part of the daily operations of the department. For example, the Internal Auditor cannot objectively report that an adequate bank reconciliation control exists if that person is responsible to perform the Bank Reconciliation task.

#### Recommendation

We urge management to review the functions of the Internal Auditor and either redirect the activities of this position toward control functions or eliminate the use of the title "Internal Auditor." Continued use of this title when there is no internal audit function performed may lead the City Founders to infer the existence of a set of controls that do not exist.

#### Concern - Disaster Recovery Plan

There is no formal disaster recovery plan to restore City operations in the event a major disaster renders the current facilities inoperable. While such a plan often focuses on recovering the automated equipment, software, and data entry procedures, the plan should address the orderly recovery of all departments within the City.

#### Recommendations

We recommend that management develop a Disaster Recovery Plan as a high priority within the next 12 months to reduce the risk that a major disaster disrupts City operations beyond a reasonable time frame. In addition, a well-defined disaster recovery plan can help reduce the cost of recovery by establishing organized and coordinated efforts to rebuild City resources after a disaster. Without such a plan, the recovery efforts often require an extended time period, force the purchase of replacement equipment at non-competitive rates, and require staff to reproduce manually many records and archival data in an inefficient manner.

#### Concern - Tape Cabinet Security

The cabinet used to store the computer backup tapes is open and accessible to all employees within the accounting department. Due to the sensitive nature of the tape and its contents, we believe that this area should be locked with access limited to the data processing staff.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the cabinet used to store the backup tapes be locked and access controlled by the Data Processing Staff.

#### Concern - Building Security

We noted during our review that the building has three entry points that are not fully monitored. As such, visitors and unauthorized individuals have the opportunity to enter the building and access sensitive areas of the building without detection. On several occasions during our field work, the rear building door remained open when the area receptionist was away from her desk during breaks, lunch, and/or errands. During these times, a visitor could have entered the building and gained access to any area of the building without restriction.

#### Recommendation

We believe that since the accounting area contains cash, and mission-critical computer equipment, the security of the area should be maintained as a high priority. This can be accomplished by locking the double doors that separate the administrative offices from the accounting offices. By installing combination locks on these doors, access to the accounting area can be controlled while providing reasonable internal building access to other City staff.

#### Concern - Data Ownership Policies

We noted that there are no established staff policies to define management's intent with regard to ownership of data assets, computer access, or software use. Such policies set the expectations of management regarding:

- Employees' use of computers to access the Internet, install foreign software (personal software, games, non-standard programs, etc.).
- Unauthorized transfer, release or modification of data.
- Physical access to controlled computer equipment in an unauthorized manner.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that management review its staff policies and establish clear expectations of staff regarding the appropriate use of automated resources.

#### Management's Response

Management is aware of many of the concerns addressed in this 99-1 Finding. In previous years management did not feel the risk associated with the lack of segregation of duties in this area justified the additional costs associated with the reorganization of the department to support adequate internal controls, specifically the creation of at least two additional positions. Due to the significant growth in number of transactions and the continued changes in technology, management will again evaluate and document its current decisions relating to each of the concerns addressed above.

In addition, management has begun investigating the costs associated with the purchase of standard software applications.

#### Finding 99-2

As you are aware, there are some changes within the Public Bid Law and Public Works Law effective August 15, 1999. In addition, the City has no written policy concerning the issuance of small contracts under the bid law requirements. It seems that several department heads could enter into a contract with a vendor and as long as his department was within budget no one would actually be aware of this contract.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the City have its in-house attorney assist you in drafting a written policy concerning the awarding of contracts under the amounts required by the bid laws.

#### Management's Response

Management intends to develop a written policy on the awarding of contracts under the amounts required by the bid laws.

#### Finding 99-3

The City's current capitalization policy is only \$200. This makes it very difficult on staff to correctly identify the purchase of fixed assets.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the City reevaluate its capitalization policy and possibly raise the amount to \$1,000-\$5,000. This would assist personnel in more correctly identifying all purchases of fixed assets.

#### Management's Response

Management intends to evaluate this recommendation.

#### Finding 99-4

During our testing of accrued leave (vacation, sick time, and K-time) we noted in a few cases that an individual had actually taken more time off than he/she had actually earned. In all cases noted the excess time was less than 8 hours.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the employee's supervisor or department head verify with payroll that leave hours requested does not exceed leave available before approving the leave. In addition, we recommend that the City's computer system not allow leave entered to exceed leave available.

#### Management's Response

Management concurs with this recommendation.

#### Finding 99-5

During the testing of outstanding cash balances we noted that check #58758 in the amount of \$61,196.60 had been voided in the system. Although client personnel informed us that the check had been voided, there was no original check defaced with the signature area removed and/or a stop payment order from the bank.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that any check that is voided be returned and accounted for, defaced with the word VOID across the face, and the signature area of the check removed. In addition, the City should require a stop payment order for any check voided but not returned.

#### Management's Response

Management plans to implement the recommendation immediately.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, none of the conditions described above is believed to be a material weakness.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with the Financial Information Officer, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended for the use of management, and should not be used for any other purpose. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of this report, which, upon acceptance by the City of Hammond, Louisiana, is a matter of public record.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis at Bourgeois, L.L.P.