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TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the audited, or reviewed, entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 7-14-99

TOWN OF LIVONIA POINTE COUPEE PARISH, LOUISIANA P. O. BOX 307 LIVONIA, LA 70755 (504) 637-2981

MAYOR Warren C. Pourciau

COUNCIL

Ronald Barlow - Street Commissioner

Kevin Bergeron - Grass Commissioner

Patsy Hutchinson - Gas Commissioner

Glenn Sayger - Drainage Commissioner

Linda Walker - Water Commissioner

<u>LEGAL COUNSEL</u> Charles R. Browning

> <u>TOWN CLERK</u> Donna Bergeron

CHIEF OF POLICE
Tait Slocum

MEETING DATE

2nd Tuesday of Every Month 7:00 PM - Town Hall

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Note</u>	Page
ndependent Auditor's Report			1
General Purpose Financial Statements (Combined Statements Overview)			
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups	Α		3
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types	В		5
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual [GAAP Basis] - General and Special Revenue Fund Types	C		6
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings - Budget and Actual [GAAP Basis] - Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund	D		7
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund	E		8
Notes to the Financial Statements -			
Introduction		1	9
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -		2	9
Reporting Entity			9
Other Organizations			10
Fund Accounting			10
Basis of Accounting			12
Budgets			13
Encumbrances			13
Cash and Cash Equivalents			13
Accounts Receivable and Bad Debts			14
Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables			14
Inventories			14
Restricted Assets			14
General Fixed Assets			15
Property, Plant and Equipment - Proprietary Fund			16
Compensated Absences			16
Long-Term Obligations			16
Fund Equity			17
Interfund Transactions			17

	Exhibit	Note	Pag
Comparative Data			18
Total Columns on Combined Statements			18
Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions		3	18
Investments		4	19
Changes in Fixed Assets		5	20
Changes in Long-Term Obligations		6	21
Ad Valorem Taxes		7	21
Sales Tax Dedication		8	22
Natural Gas Service Agreement		9	22
Utility Service Agreement		10	22
Centralized Collection Agency Agreement		11	23
Franchise Agreements		12	23
Interfund Transfers		13	24
Pension Plan and Retirement Commitments		14	24
Contingent Liabilities		15	25
Compensation Paid to Board Members		16	26
Federal Financial Assistance		17	26
Supplemental Information			28
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control			
Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements			
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards			39
Schedule of Findings			42

George F. Delaune

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

(A Professional Corporation)

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LOUISIANA SOCIETY OF CPAS
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OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Warren C. Pourciau, Mayor and Members of the Town Council
Town of Livonia, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1998, as listed in the Table of Contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Livonia, Louisiana's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purposes financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and with provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513 and the provisions of the <u>Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide</u>, published jointly by the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Livonia, Louisiana, as of December 31, 1998, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund type for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principle.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued my report dated April 9, 1999, on my consideration of the Town of Livonia, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

My audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of Town of Livonia, Louisiana, taken as a whole. The accompanying financial information listed as Supplemental Information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

George F. Delaune, CPA

April 9, 1999

EXHIBIT A

TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA
COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS
DECEMBER 31, 1998

	Governmental Fund Types	Fund Types Special	Proprietary Fund Type	Account Group General	Totals Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Enterprise	Fixed Assets	Only
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$316,797	\$277,462	\$74,544		\$668,803
Receivables -					
Taxes - ad valorem	17,567				17,567
Taxes - franchise	8,011				8,011
Utility billings and unbilled			35,737		35,737
Due from other governmental units -					
Louisiana - beer taxes	573				573
Louisiana - tobacco taxes	1,311				1,311
Louisiana - vídeo poker	16,609				16,609
Louisiana - public safety		2,059			2,059
Prepaid expenses			2,262		2,262
Restricted assets -					
Current debt service			9		9
Future debt service			46		46
Contingency			45,981		45,981
Consumer meter deposits			15,883		15,883
Property, Plant and Equipment -					
At cost			591,315	\$310,840	902,155
Accumulated depreciation			(348,856)		(348,856)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$360,868	\$279,521	\$416,918	\$310,840	\$1,368,147

Totals Memorandum Only		\$7,671	12,004	15,620	35,295	209,902	310,840	46,033	128,844		637,233	1,332,852	\$1,368,147
Account Group General Fixed Assets							\$310,840					310,840	\$310,840
Proprietary Fund Type Enterprise		\$4,515	12,004	15,620	32.139	209,902		46,033	128,844			384,779	\$416,918
Governmental Fund Types Special General Revenue											\$279,521	279,521	\$279,521
Governments		\$3,156			3,156						357,712	357,712	\$360,868
	Liabilities:	Accounts payable Due to other governmental units -	P.C. Parish - Solid Waste System Pavable from restricted assets -	Consumer deposits	Total Liabilities	Fund Equity: Contributed capital	Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings -	Reserved for – Revenue bond contingency	Unreserved Fund balances -	Unreserved –	Undesignated	Total Fund Equity	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUIT

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT B TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Totals Memorandum Only
Revenues:	4-0-4	4444 804		4470 770
Taxes	\$59,376	\$111,394		\$170,770
Licenses and permits	43,921			43,921
Intergovernmental revenue	124,288			124,288
Fines and forfeitures	125,710	0.220	A / 5	125,710
Miscellaneous revenues	19,638	9,339	<u>\$67</u>	29,044
Total Revenues	372,933	120,733	67_	493,733
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	64,074	1,989		66,063
Public safety	134,320			134,320
Streets and drainage	62,707			62,707
Capital outlays -				
General government	1,150			1,150
Public safety	6,458			6,458
Streets and drainage	40,000			40,000
Debt service -				
Principal retirements			3,000	3,000
Interest and fiscal charges			176	176
Total Expenditures	308,709	1,989	3,176	313,874
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	64,224	118,744	(3,109)	179,859
			, ,	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	10.000			40.000
Operating transfers in	18,000	(40.000)	(222)	18,000
Operating transfers out		(18,000)	(222)	(18,222)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Sources Over Expenditures and Uses	82,224	100,744	(3,331)	179,637
Fund Balance - January 1	275,488	178,777	3,331	457,596
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31	\$357,712	\$279,521		\$637,233

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT C

TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

		General Fund	Variance	Special	Special Revenue Fund - Sales	les Tax Variance
f	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
	\$55,043 40,900	\$59,376 43,921	\$4,333 3,021	\$108,500	\$111,394	\$2,894
	127,989 117,932 19,145	124,288 125,710 19,638	(3,701) 7,778 493	8,100	9.339	1 239
	361,009	372,933	11.924	116,600	120,733	4,133
	66,681	64,074	2,607	1,700	1,989	(289)
	66,929 1,150 6,458	62,707 62,707 1,150 6,458	3,07.4 4,222			
	321,410	40,000	12,701	1,700	1,989	(289)
ñ	39,599	64,224	24,625	114,900	118,744	3.844
18	18,000	18,000		(18,000)	(18.000)	
.5	57,599	82,224	24,625	96,900	100,744	3,844
27	275,488	275,488		178,777	178,777	
\$3	\$333,087	\$357,712	\$24,625	\$275,677	\$279,521	53,844

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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EXHIBIT D TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

		Ente	erprise	
		1998		1997
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Operating Revenues:		*************************************		
Charges for services -				
Natural gas sales	\$100,000	\$107,432	\$7,432	\$126,619
Water sales	92,400	93,163	763	84,140
Penalty charges	3,200	2,907	(293)	2,898
Billing and collection fees	7,200	8,870	1,670	7,148
Miscellaneous revenues	2,587	2,303	(284)	5,482
Total Operating Revenues	205,387	214,675	9,288	226,287
Operating Expenses:				
Natural gas expenses	72,056	64,210	7,846	82,333
Water expenses	33,488	32,788	700	49,048
General and administrative	110,624	107,193	3,431_	98,165
Total Operating Expenses	216,168	204,191	1 1, 977_	229,546
Operating Loss	(10,781)	10,484	21,265	(3,259)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest earned	5,861	5,947	86	3,561
Bad debts recovered	•	•		56
Miscellaneous revenues	25	25		125
Interest and fiscal charges	(1,700)	(2,315)	(615)	(3,180)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	4,186	3,657	(529)	562
Net Loss before Transfers	(6,595)	14,141	20,736	(2,697)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in		222		
Retained Earnings - January 1	160,514	160,514		163,211
RETAINED EARNINGS - DECEMBER 31	\$153,919	\$174,877	\$20,736	\$160,514

EXHIBIT E TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

	Enterprise		
	1998	1997	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Operating loss	\$10,484	(\$6,157)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by			
operating activities -			
Depreciation	23,531	22,608	
Other non-operating revenues	25	3,079	
Changes in assets and liabilities -		4	
Decrease (increase) in receivables	6,120	(7,660)	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid insurance	11	219	
Decrease (increase) in restricted assets	27,402	(8,084)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(8,252)	(6,397)	
Increase (decrease) in due to other governmental units	217	940	
Increase (decrease) in payroll deductions		37	
Increase (decrease) in consumer meter deposit liability	2,295	1,275	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	61,833	(140)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets	(7,930)	(8,974)	
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(15,000)	(14,000)	
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(900)	(1,740)	
Fiscal agent charges paid	(1,491)	(1,795)	
Net Cash (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(25,321)	(26,509)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest on investments	5,947	3,561	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	5,947	3,561	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	42,459	(23,088)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1	32,085	55,173	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT DECEMBER 31	\$74,544	\$32,085	

NOTE 1 - INTRODUCTION

The Town of Livonia, Louisiana (the "Town") was incorporated in 1959, under the provisions of Title 33, Chapter 2, Part 1, of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (Lawrason Act - Act No. 36 of 1898). The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen Council form of government and provides the following services-public safety (police), streets, public improvements, and general administrative services. In addition, the Town owns and operates a gas and water enterprise activity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes, the Town of Livonia is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of [a] the primary government (municipality), [b] organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and [c] other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town of Livonia for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the municipality to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the municipality.
- 2. Organizations for which the municipality does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the municipality.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town of Livonia (the primary government). There are no component units that are required to be included with the reporting entity.

Other Organizations

The municipality may appoint some, or all, governing board members of organizations that are not included as component units in the primary government's reporting entity. These organizations are classified as [a] related organizations, [b] joint ventures and jointly governed organizations, and [c] component units of another government with characteristics of a joint venture or jointly governed organization.

Considered in the determination of component units of the reporting entity were the Pointe Coupee Parish Police Jury, Sheriff, Clerk of Court, Assessor, and School Board and the District Attorney and Judges for the 18th Judicial District. It was determined that these governmental entities are not component units of the Town of Livonia reporting entity because they have separately elected governing bodies, are legally separate, and are fiscally independent of the Town of Livonia.

Also, excluded from the reporting entity:

Fire Protection District No. 4 of the Parish of Pointe Coupee, Louisiana

This potential component unit has a separate board appointed jointly by the area governments' governing bodies. It provides services to residents, within the geographic boundaries of the government and other areas adjacent to it. This unit is excluded from the reporting entity because the government does not have the ability to exercise influence or control over its daily operations, approve budgets or provide funding.

Fund Accounting

The municipality uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. On the other hand, an account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds of the municipality are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

Governmental Fund

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the municipality's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

- General Fund-the general operating fund of the municipality and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.
- Special revenue funds--account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- Debt service funds-account for transactions relating to resources retained and used for the payment of principal and interest on those long-term obligations recorded in the general long-term obligations account group.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Proprietary funds differ from governmental funds in that their focus is on income measurement, which, together with the maintenance of equity, is an important financial indicator. Proprietary funds include:

Enterprise funds--account for operations (a) where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

- 1. Ad valorem taxes and related state revenue sharing are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year.
- 2. Sales and use tax revenues are recorded in the month they are received by the parish tax collector.
- 3. Federal and state grants and reimbursements are recorded when the Town is entitled to the funds.
- 4. Fines, forfeitures, and court costs are recorded in the year they are received by the Town or parish tax collector.
- 5. Fees, charges and commissions are recognized as revenue in the month in which they are earned and billed.
- 6. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received by the Town.

Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) and are recorded when the actual transfers occurs.

Budgets

A proposed operating budget for the fiscal year, prepared on GAAP Basis, is approved by the Board of Aldermen and adopted in accordance with the Local Government Budget Law. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

During the year, monthly budgetary comparison statements are used as management tools to control operations. When necessary the Board adopts budget amendments which are included in minutes published in the official journal.

The Board exercises budgetary control at the line item level. Unexpended appropriations lapse at the year end and must be reappropriated in the next year's proposed budget to be expended.

Encumbrances

The Town does not follow the encumbrance method of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in United States bonds, treasury notes and bills, or certificates or time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool Inc. (LAMP), a non-profit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates a local government investment pool. Investments are stated at cost.

Accounts Receivable and Bad Debts

The Town uses the direct charge-off method whereby uncollectible amounts due from ad valorem taxes are recognized as bad debts at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. The direct charge-off method is used because it does not cause a material departure from GAAP and it approximates the valuation method.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables.

Inventories

Inventories for supplies are immaterial and are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Under the terms of the bond indenture on the Utility Revenue Bonds dated September 1, 1968, which were retired during 1998, all income and revenue (hereinafter referred to as revenue) of every nature, earned or derived from operation of the Utility System are pledged and dedicated to the retirement of said bonds and are to be set aside into the following special funds:

All of the revenues to be earned from the operating of the system shall be deposited in a separate and special bank account known and designated at "Gas and Water Revenue Fund", and said fund shall be established, maintained and administered in the following order of priority and for the following express purposes:

1. The payment of all reasonable expenses of administration, operations and maintenance of the system.

- 2. The establishment and maintenance of the Sinking Fund through monthly deposits of an amount constituting 1/12 of the next maturing installment of principal and 1/6 of the next maturing installment of interest on the outstanding bonds. Such transfers shall be fully sufficient to assure the prompt payment of principal and interest installments as they become due.
- 3. There shall also be set aside into a Bond Reserve Fund through monthly deposits of an amount at least equal to twenty percent (20%) of the amount required to be paid into the aforesaid Sinking Fund specified in paragraph 2. above, until there has been accumulated in the Reserve Fund an amount equal to the maximum principal and interest requirements in any succeeding year. Such fund shall be retained solely for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on bonds payable and interest coupons for which sufficient funds are not on deposit in the aforesaid Sinking Fund and as to which there would otherwise be default.
- 4. Funds will also be set aside into a Depreciation and Contingencies Fund each month in a sum equal to a five percent (5%) of the gross revenues of the system for the preceding month, providing that such sum is available after provision is made for the payment in 1., 2., 3. above. In addition to caring for extensions, additions, operations of the system, the money in said Depreciation and Contingencies Fund shall also be used to pay the principal and the interest on the bonds for which there is not sufficient money in the Sinking Fund or Reserve Fund. No further monthly payment into the Depreciation and Contingencies Fund need be made when there shall be in said fund the sum of \$75,00.
- 5. Any money remaining in the Gas and Water Revenue Fund in excess of \$7,500 after making the above required payments may be used by the Town for the purpose of calling and/or purchasing and paying bonds payable from the revenues of the system, or for such other lawful corporate purposes as the governing authority of the Town approves.

After retirement of the bonds, the Town has elected to continue the Depreciation and Contingencies Fund for the purpose of maintaining the utility system.

General Fixed Assets

Fixed assets of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time purchased or constructed, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than building, including roads, streets, drainage systems, and lighting systems, are not capitalized with other fixed

assets. Interest cost incurred during construction are capitalized. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Property, Plant and Equipment - Proprietary Fund

Fixed assets used in the proprietary fund operations are included on the balance sheet of the funds net of accumulated depreciation. Additions to the utility plant in service are recorded at cost or, if contributed property, at their estimated fair value at time of contribution. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The sale or disposal of fixed assets is recorded by removing cost and accumulated depreciation from the accounts and charging the resulting gain or loss to income.

Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	20 Years
Natural Gas System	20 Years
Water System	5 - 50 Years
Vehicles	6 Years
Tractors and Equipment	5 Years

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds. The amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave recorded in the governmental funds is that amount, adjusted to current salary costs, which is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Only the current portion is reflected in the funds. The remainder of the liability is reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. The guidelines of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement (FASB) No. 43 "Accounting for Compensated Absences" were applied in determining the liability for both governmental and proprietary funds.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations expected to be financed from governmental funds are reported in the general long-term obligations account group. Expenditures for principal and interest payments for

long-term obligations are recognized in the governmental funds when due. Long-term obligations expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

Fund Equity

Contributed Capital

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers, or other funds when such resources are restricted fro the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Contributed capital is not amortized based on the depreciation recognized on that portion of the assets acquired or constructed from such resources.

Reserves

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditures or legally segregated for a specific future use.

Unreserved Retained Earnings

Unreserved retained earnings for proprietary funds represent the net assets available for future operations or distributions.

Designated Fund Balances

Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Unreserved-Undesignated Fund Balances

The unreserved-undesignated fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations.

Interfund Transactions

All interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Town's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type in each of the statements) have not been presented since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Total Columns on Combined Statements

Total columns on the Combined Statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

At December 31, 1998, the status of deposited funds and collateralized balances are as follows:

	Balance per Bank Statement	Secured by FDIC	Pledged Collateral	Unsecured/ Uncollat- eralized
Demand Accounts - Operating funds	\$170,441	\$100,000	\$250,000	
Trustee Accounts - Revenue bond sinking fund Revenue bond reserve fund	6 46	6 46		
Grand Total	\$170,493	\$100,052	\$250,000	

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS

Investments held at December 31, 1998, include \$574,972 in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool Inc. (LAMP), a local government investment pool (see Summary of Significant Accounting Policies). In accordance with GASB Codification Section 150.165, the investment in LAMP at December 31, 1998, is not categorized in the three risk categories provided by GASB Codification Section 150.164 because the investment is in the pool of funds and therefore not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which was formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer in 1993. The corporation is governed by a board of directors comprising the State Treasurer, representatives from various organizations of local government, the Government Finance Officers Association of Louisiana, and the Society of Louisiana CPA's. Only local governments having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest. Accordingly, LAMP investments are restricted to securities issued, guaranteed, or backed by the U.S. Treasury, the U.S. government or one of its agencies, enterprises, or instrumentalities, as well as repurchase agreements collateralized by those securities. The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances.

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	1-1-98	Additions	Deletions	12-31-98
Land	\$6,137			\$6,137
Buildings and improvements	127,629	\$23,490		127,629
Furniture and equipment	72,505	7,608	(\$964)	79,149
Vehicles	59,555		(15,211)	44,344
Tractors and Equipment	50,127	16,510	(13,056)	53,581
Totals	\$315,953	\$47,608	(\$29,231)	\$310,840

A summary of changes in proprietary fund type property, plant and equipment follows:

	1-1-98	Additions	Deletions	12-31-98
Land	\$3,000			\$3,000
Buildings	18,136			18,136
Natural gas system	105,521			105,521
Water system	393,017	\$6,780		399,797
Vehicles	12,785			12,785
Tractors and equipment	38,967			38,967
Office equipment & furniture	11,958	1,150		13,108
	583,384	\$7,930		591,314
Less accumulated depreciation	325,324	\$23,532		348,856
	\$258,060			\$242,458

NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of bond transactions of the Town for the year ended December 31, 1998:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Redemptions	Ending Balances
General Obligation Bonds - 1968 Public Improvement	\$3,000		\$3,000	
Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds - 1968 Gas and Water Utility	15,000		15,000	
	\$18,000		\$18,000	

NOTE 7 - AD VALOREM TAXES

All taxable property located within the State of Louisiana is subject by law to taxation on the basis of its assessed valuation. The assessed value is determined by the Parish Assessor, except for public utility property which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission.

The 1974 Louisiana Constitution provided that, beginning in 1978, all land and residential property were to be assessed at 10% of fair market value; agricultural, horticultural, marsh lands, timber lands and certain historic buildings are to be assessed at 10% of "use" value; and all other property is to be assessed at 15% of fair market value. Fair market values are determined by the elected assessor of the parish and are subject to review and final certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The Assessor is required to reappraise all property every four years.

The Sheriff of Pointe Coupee Parish, as provided by State Law, is the official tax collector of general property taxes levied by the Town. All taxes are due by December 31 of the year and are delinquent on January 1 of the next year, which is also the lien date.

State law requires the Sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. If the 1998 taxes are not paid by the due date of December 31st, the taxes bear interest at 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the Sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied and become due. The majority of the year's taxes are collected from November to February by the Sheriff. Any amounts not collected at December 31st are shown as accounts receivable.

Ad valorem taxes as presented in these financial statements are as follows:

		Property Assessed Valuations	Taxes Assessed For	
Fund	Mills		General Purpose	Debt Service
General Fund	6.63	\$3,517,646	\$23,323	

NOTE 8 - SALES TAX DEDICATION

Proceeds of a 1% sales and use tax levied by the Town, after administrative and collection costs, can be spent for any and all lawful purposes.

NOTE 9 - NATURAL GAS SERVICE AGREEMENT

On July 10, 1997, the Town entered into a fixed-price contract with the Louisiana Municipal Gas Purchasing Authority, effective January 1, 1998 for a period of ten months at a total delivered price. Subsequent contracts will be for a twelve month period beginning November 1st. The price will be based upon a 12-month average NYMEX strip price plus supplier margin, transportation, and fees.

NOTE 10 - UTILITY SERVICE AGREEMENT

An agreement between the Solid Waste Disposal System of the Parish of Pointe Coupee and the Town of Livonia provides for the billing of customers on the Town's system. This billing agreement went into effect for the month of October 1985. Under the terms of the agreement, the Town retains a \$.75 per customer as a billing fee. The amount owed to the Solid Waste Disposal System as of December 31, 1998 is \$12,004.

NOTE 11 - CENTRALIZED COLLECTION AGENCY AGREEMENT

In accordance with Paragraph (B)(1) of Section 3 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, the Town entered into an agreement on May 20, 1992 with all of the sales and use taxing authorities of the Parish of Pointe Coupee designating the Sales Tax Department of the Pointe Coupee Parish Police Jury as the single tax collection entity. The agreement is effective as of July 1, 1992, the agreement authorizes the Town to compensate the collection agency 1.25% of the gross amounts collected.

NOTE 12 - FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS

The Town has granted three franchises:

Cable Television

A non-exclusive cable television franchise was granted to Green's Incorporated on October 13, 1981 for a period of 15 years. The agreement was extended on February 14, 1995 for an additional 15 year period. The annual franchise fee for this franchise shall be \$500 or 3% of the annual gross subscriber revenues (whichever is greater).

<u>Telephone</u>

On April 9, 1999, the Town adopted Ordinance Number 103 granting a non-exclusive telephone franchise to Star Telephone Company, Inc. for a period of ten years, beginning, effective January 1, 1997, and ending on December 31, 2007. The franchise fee is 3% of the Company's gross receipts payable quarterly.

Electric

On October 1, 1972, the Town renewed a franchise to Gulf States Utilities Company to supply electric energy to the Town and the inhabitants thereof for a period of 60 years. In consideration, the Town shall receive a fee of 4.5% of the gross receipts from sales of electricity within the corporate limits of the Town from October 1, 1972 to September 30, 1982. Then from November 1, 1982 to September 30, 2032 a fee of 5%.

NOTE 13 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds for the year ended December 31, 1998 were as follows:

	Transfers		
	<u>ln</u>	Out	
General Fund from Sales Tax Fund Sales Tax Fund to General Fund	\$18,000		
		\$18,000	
	\$18,000	\$18,000	

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLAN AND RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

Social Security System -

All employees of the Town, except policemen covered under the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System, are members of the Federal Social Security System, administered by the State of Louisiana. The total payroll for employees of the Town covered by the System for the year 1998 was \$119,793.

The total contribution to the System is 12.4% of taxable payroll of which the Town and employees contribute 6.2% each. For the year 1998, the Town contributed \$7,427 to the System.

Medicare System -

All employees of the Town, except policemen covered under the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System and elected officials before 1986, are members of the Federal Medicare System. The total payroll for employees of the Town covered by the System for the year 1998 was \$167,267.

The total contribution to the system is 2.9% of taxable payroll of which the Town and employees contribute 1.45% each. For the year 1998, the Town contributed \$2,425 to the System.

Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana -

Plan Description: All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 50 with at least 20 years

of creditable service or at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 1/3 percent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified previously and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, 8401 United Plaza Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-2250, or by calling (504) 929-7411.

Funding Policy: Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary and the Town of Livonia is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 9.0% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town of Livonia are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town of Livonia contributions to the System for the years ending December 31, 1998, 1997, and 1996, were \$5,520. \$2,908, and \$2,796, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There is no pending litigation against the Town.

NOTE 16 - COMPENSATION PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS

In compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature, compensation paid to the outgoing mayor and board members is as follows:

Mayor	- Warren Pourciau	\$7,200
Council Mem-	- Ronald J. Barlow	2,700
	- Kevin W. Bergeron	2,750
	- Patsy Hutchinson	2,750
	- Glen Sayger	2,750
	- Linda C. Walker	2,750
		\$20,900

NOTE 17 - FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The Town received two Local Law Enforcement Block Grants during the year amounting to \$5,705. The Town's match to these grants was \$753. The total amount expended for law enforcement was \$6,458.

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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SCHEDULE 1 TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

		1998		1997
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Taxes:	***			***
General property	\$21,400	\$22,951	\$1,551	\$21,249
Electric franchise	27,900	31,138	3,238	31,599
Cable TV franchise	2,000	1,538	(462)	3,936
Telephone franchise	3,743	3,749	6	3,655
Total Taxes	\$55,043	\$59,376	\$4,333	\$60,439
Licenses and Permits:				
Occupational - local business	\$18,100	\$21,921	\$3,821	\$16,071
Occupational - insurance	21,000	20,050	(950)	23,191
Liquor and beer permits	1,800	1,950	150	2,820
Total Licenses and Permits	\$40,900	\$43,921	\$3,021	\$42,082
Intergovernmental Revenues:				
La - Tobacco taxes	\$5,200	\$5,245	\$45	\$5,245
La - Beer taxes	1,000	1,706	\$706	958
La - Video poker	84,000	79,548	(4,452)	68,349
La - Law Enforcement	8,889	8,889		1,203
La - Public Safety - police supplemental	11,400	11,400		11,154
La - Rural Development	17,500	17,500		
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	\$127,989	\$124,288	(\$3,701)	\$86,909
Fines and Forfeitures:				
Traffic fines	\$117,932	\$125,710	<u>\$7,778</u>	\$101,081
Miscellaneous Revenues:				
Interest earned	\$11,700	\$12,035	\$335	\$5,111
La - Department of Transportation	3,343	3,343		3,343
Sale of fixed assets	2,175	2,175		1,427
Mowing and backhoe rental	525	525		450
Other	1,402	1,560	158	683
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	\$19,145	\$19,638	\$493	\$11,014

SCHEDULE 2 TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

		1998		1997
	<u></u>		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
General Government:				67.000
Mayor's per diem	\$7,200	\$7,200	***	\$6,000
Council members per diem	13,725	13,700	\$25	9,000
Salary - clerk	11,474	1 1, 474	_	11,834
Benefits	1,623	1,620	3	1,523
Attorney fee	500		500	
Assessor fee	750	721	29	645
Audit fee	1,350	1,350		1,350
Professional fees	800	225	575	1,096
Conventions, conferences, seminars	2,143	1,758	385	1,748
Utilities	2,909	2,539	370	2,701
Insurance	3,657	3,758	(101)	3,626
Telephone	1,210	1,139	71	1,156
Publishing and recording	1,250	1,094	156	2,347
Mayor's expense account	1,000	1,000		1,000
Travel	1,100	1,134	(34)	
Dues and subscriptions	790	797	(7)	783
Tourism and promotion	500	442	58	837
Beautification program	2,000	1,946	54	1,714
Maintenance of building	5,000	4,298	<i>7</i> 02	4,301
Janitorial and other supplies	2,400	2,197	203	2,075
Equipment maintenance	642	595	47	836
Office expense and postage	2,100	2,137	(37)	2,401
Animal ordinance expense	1,750	1,859	(109)	1,875
Miscellaneous expenses	808	1,091	(283)	1,039
Total General Government	\$66,681	\$64,074	\$2,607	\$59,887
Public Safety - Police:				* 24 7 24
Salary - Chief of Police	\$16,818	\$16,818		\$21,721
Salary - police officers	53,952	53,352	600	49,689
Salary - part-time	9,100	6,913	2,187	8,844
State supplemental pay	11,400	11,400		11,154
Benefits	18,935	18,492	443	18,638
Conventions and conferences		25	(25)	336
Insurance	9,400	7,365	2,035	10,636
Telephone and paging system	2,600	2,561	39	1,986
Vehicle - gas and oil	4,200	4,256	(56)	4,647
Vehicle - repairs	5,500	5,567	(67)	8,284
Supplies and maintenance	3,600	2,113	1,487	2,283
Repairs - radios and equipment	1,850	3,367	(1,517)	2,422
Other services and charges	2,837	2,091	746	1,528
Total Public Safety - Police	<u>\$140,192</u>	\$134,320	\$5,872	\$142,168

		1998		1997
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Streets and Drainage:				
Salary - foreman	\$4,709	\$4,709		\$4,212
Salary - laborers	9,700	9,303	397	9,556
Benefits	2,943	2,670	273	3,690
Professional fees - engineer	3,260	3,260		
Street lighting	13,000	11,129	1, 871	13,445
Insurance	1,817	2,500	(683)	2,586
Satellite truck system	8,550	8,500	50	8,240
Concrete and asphalt	8,000	6,746	1,254	2,375
Gravel, limestone and shell	3,500	2,968	532	4,501
Dirt and sand	·	•		120
Culverts				774
Drainage		295	(295)	608
Road and street signs and speed bumps	1,000	889	111	1,681
Vehicle - gas and oil	1,500	1,551	(51)	1,842
Vehicle - repairs	2,500	2,320	180	1,085
Equipment maintenance	2,000	1,717	283	3,908
Small tools and supplies	750	461	289	1,952
Chemicals - weed control	2,100	2,100		1,959
Other services and charges	1,600	1,589	11	91
Total Streets and Drainage	\$66,929	\$62,707	\$4,222	\$62,625
Capital Outlays:				
General government	\$1,150	\$1,150		\$1,725
Public safety - police	6,458	6,458		26,455
Street and drainage	40,000	40,000		<u> </u>
Total Capital Outlays	\$47,608	\$47,608		\$28,180

SCHEDULE 3 TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

		1998		1997
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Operating Expenses:				
Natural Gas Expenses -				
Safety and odorization	\$180	\$365	(\$185)	\$180
Cathodic protection survey	300	275	25	27 5
Leakage survey	300	275	25	275
Drug testing policy fees	430	418	12	264
Operations manual				1,800
Insurance	2,538	2,476	62	2,348
Natural gas purchases	60,000	50,858	9,142	64,890
Maintenance of meters	700	1,100	(400)	1,915
Maintenance of lines	2,650	3,929	(1,279)	6,308
Supplies and small tools	2,400	1,903	497	1,419
Miscellaneous supplies	300	188	112	401
Depreciation	2,258	2,423	(165)	2,258
Total Natural Gas Expenses	\$72,056	\$64,210	\$7,846	\$82,333
Water Expenses -				
Current used in pumping	\$9,700	\$8,692	\$1,008	\$10,27 7
Insurance	1,441	1,421	20	1,378
Maintenance of pumping equipment	·			7,210
Maintenance of lines and meters	6,000	6,845	(845)	14,504
Maintenance of water tower	3,111	3,111		3,297
Maintenance of generator & chlorinato	700	646	54	361
Supplies and small tools	1,000	784	216	1,456
Chlorine	2,300	2,104	196	1,445
Miscellaneous supplies	570	455	115	454
Depreciation	8,666	8,730	(64)_	8,666
Total Water Expenses	\$33,488	\$32,788	\$700_	\$49,048

		1998		1997
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
				\$20,900
eneral and Administrative -	\$21,500	\$21,500	1,353	12,901
Salary - superintendent	18,633	17,280	1 327470	7,890
Salary - maintenance	7,650	7,650		13,412
Salary - clerk	14,449	14,449	(738)	7,698
Salary - office personnel	7,921	8,659	(738)	1,350
Renefits	1,350	1,350	076	1,400
Professional fees - audit	1,200	225	975	269
Professional fees - accounting	100	219	(119)	816
Uniform expense	992	941	51	2,643
Utilities	2,704	2,589	115	591
Insurance	1,100	1,037	63	241
Telephone	450	448	2	736
Paging system	744	744		146
Printing	300	260	40	305
Travel	350	334	16	652
Continuing education	850	746	104	4,725
Dues		4,482	518	715
Maintenance of buildings	5,000	523	177	
Janitorial and other supplies	700	1,073	27	1,050
Vehicle - gas and oil	1,100	1,528	172	3,236
Maintenance of trucks	1,700	4,003	487	1,175
Maintenance of equipment	4,490	441	259	632
Maintenance of computer	700	1,022	78	1,054
Office supplies and stationery	1,100	2,527	(27)	1,887
	2,500	785	572	57
Postage	1,357		(694)	11,684
Miscellaneous	11,684	12,378		-
Depreciation		A4A7 407	\$3,431_	\$98,165
Total General and Administrat	ive <u>\$110,624</u>	\$107, <u>193</u>	=	<u> </u>

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SCHEDULE 4 TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS RESTRICTED FOR REVENUE BOND DEBT SERVICE FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

	Current	Future Debt		
	Debt	Service		
	Service	Reserve	Contingency	Total
Cash and Investments - January 1	\$7,418	\$19,953	\$47,970	\$75,341
Cash Receipts:				
Transfers from operations	10,600		4,100	14,700
Interest received	471	966	2,191	3,628
Total Cash Receipts	11,071	966	6,291	18,328
Total Cash and Investments Available	18,489	20,919	54,261	93,669
Cash Disbursements:				
Transfer to operations	2,536	20,779	8,280	31,595
Principal payments	15,000			15,000
Interest payments	900			900
Trustee fees	47	94		141
Total Cash Disbursements	18,483	20,873	8,280_	47,636
CASH & INVESTMENTS-DECEMBER 31	\$6	<u>\$46</u>	\$45,981	\$46,033

SCHEDULE 5
TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA
TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA
GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND TRANSFERS
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

1, 3

12/31/98 \$59,376 43,921 124,288 125,710 19,639 18,000	390,934 62,215 134,320	64,566	308,709	\$82,225
\$60,439 \$6,939 \$6,939 \$6,939 \$6,939 \$11,014 \$12,000	59,887	62,625	292,860	\$20,665
12/31/96 554,107 39,919 87,089 118,381 10,582 87,000	397,578	136,574 73,044 28,670	297,887	599,191
\$49,547 \$1,429 65,930 69,663 10,458 86,000	313,027	123,339 104,222 3,377	289,388	\$23,639
12/31/94 \$53,485 40,821 41,752 78,654 6,904 56,000	277,616	111,161 78,468 12,868	261,968	\$15,648
53,126 83,126 9,621 53,000	242,386	53,344 53,344 42,878	259,059	(\$16,673)
\$45,138 24,751 24,751 20,688 107,885 13,910	239,372	46,654 108,713 60,926 16,713	232,957	\$6,415
\$44,851 23,675 11,349 76,115	392,745	36,788 85,310 46,478 273,974	442,550	(\$49,805)
22/31/90 \$44,637 23,720 7,009 69,133 15,827	181,529	34,052 81,219 46,156 10,134	5.064	\$6,48
12/31/89 541,919 25,287 6,588 82,076 13,970	198,483	29,032 76,381 28,434 25,522	159,369	\$39,114
1 \$3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Miscellaneous revenues Transfers from other funds Total Revenues and Transfers	Expenditures and Transfers: General government Police department Fire department Streets and sanitation	Capital outlays Transfers to other funds Total Expenditures and Transfers	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Transfers Over Expenditures and Transfers
			36	

SCHEDULE 6 TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA TAXABLE PROPERTY VALUATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Real		Public	
Year	Estate	Movables	Service	Totals
1984	\$1,696,825	\$201,985	\$497,296	\$2,396,106
1985	1,725,949	213,590	533,509	2,473,048
1986	1,759,715	213,765	426,073	2,399,553
1987	1,763,360	255,285	463,967	2,482,612
1988	1,657,610	208,735	466,460	2,332,805
1989	1,696,540	198,750	482,764	2,378,054
1990	1,721,760	204,695	413,721	2,340,176
1991	1,738,635	215,281	412,386	2,366,302
1992	1,799,925	251,155	397,906	2,448,986
1993	1,858,685	369,978	416,839	2,645,502
1994	1,906,400	439,030	469,232	2,814,662
1995	1,927,235	381,267	397,222	2,705,724
1996	2,214,135	410,653	376,020	3,000,808
1997	2,434,595	478,623	323,525	3,236,743
1998	2,565,330	520,500	431,816	3,517,646

SCHEDULE 7 TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

	Gas System		Water System	
	1998	1997	1998	1997
Sales	\$107,432	\$126,619	\$93,163	\$84,140
MCF Gas Sold	18,280	19,922	-	**
Total number of customers billed	4,629	4,421	8,610	8,218
Average number of customers billed per mont	386	368	718	685
Average annual revenue per customer	\$278.50	\$343.68	\$129.84	\$122.86
Average monthly revenue per customer	\$23.21	\$28.64	\$10.82	\$10.24
Average MCF gas billed per customer	3,95	4.51	-	-
Average revenue per MCF of gas billed	\$5.88	\$6.36	-	•
Number of customers at beginning of year	377	370	699	672
Number of customers at end of year	385	377	722	699

	1998		1997	
	Amount	MCF	Amount	MCF
Gas Sales	\$107,432	18,280	\$126,619	19,922
Gas Purchases	50,858	18,473	64,890	20,552
Gross Profit on Sales	\$56,574		<u>\$61,729</u>	
MCF Gas Unaccounted For - Sales (Purchases)		(193)		(630)
Percent Unaccounted For - Gas Gain (Loss)		-1.0448%		-3.0654%

George F. Delaune

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

(A Professional Corporation)

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OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

The Honorable Warren C. Pourciau and Members of the Town Council Town of Livonia, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1998, and have issued my report thereon dated April 9, 1999. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Livonia, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Town of Livonia, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over

financial reporting. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. I noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of management and the Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana. However, this report is a matter of public record and it distribution is not limited.

George F. Delaune, CPA

April 9, 1999

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TOWN OF LIVONIA, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Town of Livonia, Louisiana.
- 2. No reportable conditions were disclosed during the audit of the general purpose financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance were disclosed during the audit of the general purpose financial statements.
- 4. The Tow of Livonia, Louisiana received two Local Law Enforcement Block Grants during the year amounting to \$5,705 under CFDA 16.592.

B. FINDING — FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None