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# **CRIMINAL DISTRICT COURT** FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS **NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA**

**DECEMBER 31, 1999** 

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Under provisions of state law, this repart is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 8-23-00

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# HENRY SILVIA

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**A Professional Corporation** 

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

June 20, 2000

Honorable Gerard J. Hansen, Chief Judge Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans as of December 31, 1999 and for the year ended, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of management of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraphs, we conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and <u>Government</u> <u>Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As more fully discussed in the appended notes, the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans has a contingent liability of \$10,645.79 for unpaid invoices due to the court reporters for the preparation of transcripts for indigent. The payments of these unpaid invoices is contingent on funds being available and approval of the judges, and, accordingly, no provisions for any liability that may result has been made in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

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On June 22, 1993, revised statue 13:1381.5 was enacted appointing the Orleans Parish Criminal District Court as administrator for the purpose of collecting and distributing proceeds received form annual licensing fee prescient to revised statue 22:1065.1 (E) a portion of such fees collected are to be retained by Orleans Parish Criminal court, with a portion of such fees to be disbursed to Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff, Orleans Parish District Attorney and Orleans Parish Indigent Defender Program. Through the misinterpretation of such fee division, the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans has retained \$525,653.06 more than they were entitled too. Therefore, the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans currently is indebted to Orleans Parish District Attorney Office in the amount of \$178,551.02, Orleans Parish Indigent Defender Program in the amount of \$168,551.02 and the Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff's Office in the amount of \$178,551.02. The court is in the process of negotiating with these other agencies and feels that the ultimate liability will be reduced substantially and, accordingly, no provisions for any liability that may result has been made in the accompanying general purpose financial statements. Further, any resulting liability will be associated with the general fund. 100

We were unable to obtain the audited financial statements supporting the financial activities of the general fixed asset account group, nor were we able to satisfy ourselves as to those financial activities by other auditing procedures. Those financial activities are included in the general fixed asset account group and represent 100 percent of such asset. The Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans has discontinued its manual accounting system regarding the general fixed asset account group and is in the process of implementing a computerized bar code system, at the time of this audit, neither system was available for audit. The court does continue to implement the new system and expects such system to be available for the next year audit.

Further, the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans has not complied with revised statues regarding the budget process. Therefore, we were unable to disclose budget comparison to actual performance.

In addition to the above noted comment regarding the unpaid invoices associated with court reporters transcripts for indigent, the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans has adopted a practice of writing off amounts owed to certain court reporters associated with such indigent transcripts, this write-off procedure is not in accordance with general accepted accounting standards or governmental auditing standards. We were unable to obtain the total amount of such write-offs, nor were we able to satisfy ourselves as to the total dollar amount.

In our opinion, except for the effects of not disclosing budget comparisons which results in an incomplete presentation, except for the effects of not recording the liability to the court reporters in the amount of \$10,645.79, except for the effects of not recording the liability to the District Attorney, the Indigent Defenders Program and the Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff for not remitting in error licensing fees due to these agencies in the amount of \$525,653.06, and except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might

have been determined to be necessary had we been able to obtain sufficient information to audit the fixed assets and to audit the write-offs of amounts owed to the court reporters, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans, as of December 31, 1999 and results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted auditing standards.

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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements, taking as a whole. The combining balance sheets and statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances of the individual special revenue and fiduciary funds, together with the schedule of federal financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, except for the effects noted above, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 20, 2000 on our consideration of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans internal control structure and on its compliance with laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

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Certified Public Accountant A Professional Corporation

Exhibit A

S AND ACCOUNT GROUPS COMBINED BALANCE SHEET	District Court For The Parish of Orleans 9 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 1998	Governental FundsAccount GroupsSpecialGeneralTotalsSpecialAgencyFixedLong-TermFundsFundsFunds1999	8,464.24 \$1,101,632.34 \$ 86,409.51 \$ - \$ \$ - \$2,436,506.09 \$1,633	2,364.00 - 2,364.00 - 38,993.11 - 1 2,364.00 - 38,993.11	- 1,185,200.09 - 1,185,200.09 - 1,185,200.09 1,077,914.17	- 19,579.78 13,486.94	1,250,828.24 S1,101,632.34 S 86,409.51 \$1,185,200.09 <u>\$ 19,579.78 \$3,643,649.96 \$2,763,859.39</u>	60,193.83 24,147.85 \$
AND ACCOUNT	istrict Court For With Comparative	<u>vermental</u> ral	464.24 \$1,	364.	I		8.24 \$1.	60,193.83 98,644.83 11,463.48 70.302.14 80.526.10 80.526.10
ALL FUND TYPES	Criminal D December 31, 1999		ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 1-E) Pevenne receivables:		Amount to be provided for	retirement of general long-term obiigations (Notes 1-B and 7) Total Assats and	other Debits	LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Salaries payable Related benefits payable Salaries payable Related benefits payable Due to other funds Due to victims Capital lease payable (Notes 5 & 7) Total lease payable (Notes 5 & 7) Fund equity: Fund equity: Fund equity: Total Liabilities Fund balances, unreserved, undesignated (deficit) Total Fund Equity Total Liabilities and Fund Equity

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Exhibit B

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

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Criminal District Court For The Parish of Orleans

For the year ended December 31, 1999 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 1998

			ТО	tals
	General	Special	(Memorand	um Only)
REVENUES	Fund	<u>Revenue</u> Fund	1999	<u>1998</u>
Charges for Services	\$2,581,217.98	\$ 587,776.50	\$3,168,994.48	\$2,896,137.35
Intergovernmental	1,149,059.20	1,599,303.83	2,748,363.03	2,306,365.62
Interest	51,475.90	39,776.31	91,252.21	56,778.19
Total Revenues	3,781,753.08	2,226,856.64	6,008,609.72	5,259,281.16
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	3,441,719.96	1,635,845.52	5,077,565.48	4,734,668.19
Capital outlay	133,145.61	36,230.64	169,376.25	157,968.22
Total expenditures	3,574,865.57	1,672,076.16	5,246,941.73	4,892,636.41

EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	206,887.51	554,780.48	761,667.99	366,644.75
OTHER FINANCIAL				
SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	1,030,270.78	637,981.32	1,668,252.10	1,454,103.19
Operating		•		
transfers out	<u>&lt;749,034.17</u> >	<919,872.67>	<1,668,906.84>	<u>&lt;1,454,103.19</u> >
Total other				
financing sources	B 281,236.61	<281,891.35>	<654.74>	_
(uses)	201,230.01	<201,091.33/	1054.14	*
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY (	DF			
REVENUES AND OTHER				
SOURCES OVER EXPENI				
TURES AND OTHER USES	<u>5</u> 488,124.12	272,889.13	761,013.25	366,644.75
FUND BALANCES,				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	592,401.98	799,133.10	1,391,535.08	1,027,133.29
		<b>▄</b> ▝▀▝▝▆ <b>▖</b> <u>▖</u> ▖▖▖▝▀▀▝▋▖▋▖▖▖ <u></u> ▀▀▝▌▖▖▖▖▖▖▖▖▖	┍╾╾╴ <del>╹╹╹╹╹</del> ╸╺╌╴╸╶╌╴╸╴╴╴╴╴╴╴╴╴╴╴╴╴	<u>▋▛▀▝▐▀▚▕▖▋▖▃▄▖▄▖▖▖▖▖<u>▖</u>▖</u>
FUND BALANCES,				
END OF YEAR	<u>\$1,080,526.10</u>	<u>\$1,072,022.23</u>	<u>\$2,152,548.33</u>	<u>\$1,393,778.04</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Criminal District Court For The Parish of Orleans

December 31, 1999

#### Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Louisiana Revised Statute 13:1335 established the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans (criminal court). The criminal court is composed of judges serving six-year terms. The criminal court has exclusive jurisdiction over the trial and punishment of all crimes, misdemeanors, and offenses committed within the Parish of Orleans. The criminal court has appellate jurisdiction for all cases tried before the Municipal Court of New Orleans and the Traffic Court of New Orleans.

In addition, Louisiana Revised Statute 13:1346 established the Magistrate Section of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans. The magistrate section is composed of one elected judge and four commissioners who are appointed by the judges sitting en bane, each serving six-year terms. The magistrate section has jurisdiction to act as committing magistrate in felony and misdemeanor charges and to hold preliminary examinations, with the authority to bail or discharge, or to hold for trial, in all cases before the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans.

In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. GASB has issued a codification of governmental accounting and financial reporting standards (1992), this codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local government. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles.

GASB Codification Section 2100 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. for financial reporting purposes, the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans includes all funds, account groups, activities, etcetera, that are controlled by the judges en bane as independently elected officials with oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of the following criteria:

- 1. Appointment of governing boards
- 2. Designation of management
- 3. Ability to significantly influence operations
- 4. Accountability for fiscal matters
- 5. Scope of public service

#### Based on the previous criteria, the Criminal Court has determined that the Board of Jury Commissioners for the Parish of Orleans (board) is a component unit of the criminal court.

Based on the previous criteria, the Criminal Court has determined that the Board of Jury Commissioners for the Parish of Orleans (board) is a component unit of the criminal court. Although the governor appoints the jury commissioners, the criminal court is the designated management of the board, has the ability to significantly influence operations of the board, and is responsible for fiscal matters. In addition, the board's scope of public service is within the jurisdiction of the criminal court. The board's fiscal year ends on June 30.

Further, based upon the expanded criteria by GASB, beginning with December 31, 1993 it has been determined that the Criminal Court's Renaissance, Inc. is also a component unit of the criminal court system.

#### A. FUND ACCOUNTING

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The accounts of the criminal court are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Revenues are accounted for in these individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds presented in the general purpose financial statements are descried as follows:

### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the criminal court. It accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

## Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. In addition, the General Fund of the Board of Jury Commissioners and the Renaissance, Inc. (component units) are reported as special revenue funds.

## Probational Assessment, Restitution and Court Cost Agency Funds

The Probational Assessment, Restitution and Court Cost Agency Funds account for assets held as an agent for others. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

#### B. GENERAL FIXED ASSETS AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations (general fixed assets) are accounted for in the general fixed assets account group, rather than in the governmental funds. Approximately 80 percent of fixed assets are valued at actual cost, while the remaining 20 percent are valued at estimated historical cost.

Long-term obligations expected to be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the general long-term obligations account group, not in the governmental funds. The criminal court accounts for capital leases of the general fund in the general long-term obligations account group.

The two account groups are not funds. They are concerned only with the measurement of financial position and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

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Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The accompanying general purpose financial statements have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Court costs, fines and forfeitures, probation assessments, transcript fees, and grants are recorded in the year they are measurable and available. Interest carned is recorded when the interest is available.

#### **Expenditures**

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term leases, which are recognized when due.

## Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying event occurs.

#### D. BUDGET PRACTICES

The Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans did not adopt a budget for the year ended December 31, 1999.

#### E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Under state law, the criminal court may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana Law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 1999, the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans had cash and cash equivalents totaling as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 310,647.48
Money market accounts	<u>2,125,858.61</u>
Total	\$2,436,506.09

These deposits are stated at cost, plus accrued interest which approximates market. Under

state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposits (bank balances) at December 31, 1999, are secured as follows:

Bank balances	\$2,564,593.19
Federal deposit insurance	<177,633.35>
Pledged securities (Category 3)	<u>&lt;2,779,428.46&gt;</u>
Total excess collateral	\$< 392,468.62>
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Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledge securities within 10 days of being notified by the criminal court that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

## F. SALARIES, OFFICE SUPPLIES AND TRAVEL OF JUDGES

Salaries, office supplies, and travel of the judges that are paid directly by warrants drawn on the Louisiana Supreme Court are not included in the expenditures on the accompanying financial statements.

#### G. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

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Employees of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans and the Board of Jury Commissioners carn, depending on their years of service, from one to four weeks of vacation leave cach year, which does not accumulate or vest. Sick leave is not carned, but is granted as needed. Additionally, maternity leave is provided for as follows:

Number of	Percent of
weeks absent	compensation paid
6 or less	100
7	75
8	50
9	25
10 or more	0

Effective July 1, 1989, the employees of the Board of Jury Commissioners relinquished their civil service status in favor of annual raises. This action was concurred by the judges on bane. The result reduced employees accumulated hours for vacation and sick leave to zero and reduced the related liability for accrued leave payable to zero. Employees of the Board of Jury Commissioners currently abide by the compensated absence policy of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans.

#### II. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Criminal district Court for the Parish of Orleans participates in an insurance risk pool sponsored by the State of Louisiana, Office of Risk Management. Annual premiums are paid to the Office of Risk Management to obtain coverage for comprehensive general liability, worker's compensation, faithful performance blanket bond, building and property, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, crime and miscellaneous tort. Premiums are based on two factors: The exposure of the agency to various kinds of claims, and the amount of those claims. Additionally, excess coverage is provided by the risk pool through commercial insurance carriers.

Health and accident coverage is provided to employees of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans independent of the risk pool.

## I. TOTAL COLUMNS ON GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned Memorandum Only (overview) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund elimination's have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

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#### Note 2 CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

A Summary of changes in general fixed assets, which consists of furniture and equipment follows:

Balance, January 1, 1999	\$1,077,914.17
Additions	155,428.65
Deletions	<u>&lt; 48,142.73&gt;</u>
Balance, December 31, 1999	\$1,185,200.09

#### Note 3 PENSION PLANS

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Plan description The Criminal Court contributes to the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) and Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (LCCRR), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System. LSERS and LCCRR provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LSERS and LCCRR. These reports may be obtained by writing to Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, Post Office Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4213.

**Funding policy** Plan members are required to contribute a portion of their annual covered salary and Criminal Court is required to contribute at actuarially determined rates as follows:

	Employee	Employer
LSERS <thru 1999="" 30,="" june=""></thru>	7.50%	12.40%
LSERS <after 1999="" 30,="" june=""></after>	7.50%	12.30%
LCCRR <thru 1999="" 30,="" june=""></thru>	8.25%	10.00%
LCCRR <after 1999="" 30,="" june=""></after>	8.25%	10.00%

The contribution requirements of plan members and Criminal Court are established and may be amended by the LSERS and LCCRR. The Criminal Court contributions to LSERS and LCCRR for the year ending December 31, 1999 are as follows:

LSERS	\$ 93,587.74
LCCRR	\$ 67,157.48

### Note 4 POSTRETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

The Board of Jury Commissioners for the Parish of Orleans provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. Substantially all of the board's employees become eligible for those benefits after they complete ten years of service and reach normal retirement age while working for the board. Those benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and by the board. The total cost of providing health care and life insurance benefits to both active and retired employees for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999 was \$8,698.20.

#### Note 5 LEASES

The Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans records items under capital leases as assets and obligations in the accompanying financial statements. Capital leases at December 31, 1999, consist of a copier and other office equipment\_which are included in the fixed assets at \$40,180.80.

The following is a summary of future minimum lease payments under capital leases and

the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 1999.



The lease agreements provide for renewal and purchase options at the end of the lease term. The lessee may renew the lease for one year at the same price as the original lease or the lessee may purchase the equipment for an amount as specified in the lease agreement.

#### Note 6 CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND BALANCE

A summary of changes in Probational Assessment, Restitution and Court Cost Agency Fund Cash balances follows:

Balance at beginning of year	\$ 45,416.88
Additions	408,275.15
Reductions	<u>&lt;367,282.52</u> >
	<b>.</b>

Balance at end of year

\$ 86,409.51

## Note 7 CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions during the year:

	Capital
	Lcases
Long-term obligations	
at January 1, 1999	\$13,486.94
Additions	14,480.40
Deductions	<u>&lt;8,387.56&gt;</u>
Long-term obligations	
at December 31, 1999	\$19,579.78

#### Note 8 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

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Payments are made to court reporters from the Indigent Transcript Special Revenue Fund

by the order of the judges of the Criminal Court for the preparation of indigent transcripts. These payments are contingent on funds being available. At December 31, 1999, court reporters have accumulated \$10,645.79 in unpaid invoices. This unpaid amount in the Indigent Transcript Special Revenue Fund has not been recognized as a liability at December 31, 1999, because as provided in Louisiana Revised Statute 13:1381.1(C) payments to court reporters will be determined by the judges of the Criminal Court. In addition to the above noted unpaid invoices, the court, for the past several years has determined write-offs of court reports' invoices. As of this date, one of the past court reports' has initiated litigation associated with indigent transcript invoices submitted to the court by such reporter, the outcome of which is uncertain. An estimate of the total amount of indigent transcript court reports' invoices which have been written off by this court during many proceeding periods is not determinable. Further, these write-offs have not been accomplished within generally accepted accounting standards.

The Criminal Court is a defendant in several separate pending litigation items, the outcome of which is uncertain. No provision has been made in the appended financial statements regarding these matters.

#### Note 2 STATE SUPREME COURT RULING

No. 92-KK-1503 date September 9, 1993 - attorneys are now entitled to fees for indigent defense.

No. 93-KK-2515 and 93-KK-2654 - consolidated with No. 93-KK-2589 - a district court can order the local government of the parish where the cases are being tried to defray necessary defenses surrounding indigent defense, first through the Criminal Court Fund.

### Note 10

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During the year ended December 31, 1999, certain judges of Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans were paid travel per diem from court funds. Other judges and commissioners choose to receive travel reimbursement exclusively from funds of the State of Louisiana Supreme Court. The following amounts were paid to judges from funds of Orleans Parish Criminal District Court for per diem.

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Judge/Commissioners	Amount
Judge Charles Elloie	\$ 300.00
Judge Patrick Quinlan	\$ 776.70
Judge Sharon K. Hunter	\$ 1,764.70

Judge Frank A. Marullo	\$ 3,913.44
Judge Calvin Johnson	\$ 396.00
Judge Dennis Waldron	\$ 525.00
Judge Julian Parker	\$ 1,376.70
Judge Camille Buras	\$ 2,100.26
Judge Raymond Bigelow	\$ 1,067.31
Judge Leon A. Cannizzaro, Jr.	\$ 2,047.90
Judge Arthur Hunter	\$ 2,553.80
Judge Gerard Hansen	\$ 736.86
Commissioner Marie Bookman	\$ 418.70
Commissioner Harry Cantrell	\$ 190.00
Commissioner Anthony Russo	\$ 1,232.70
Commissioner Joe Giarrusso	\$ 705.37

Schedule 1

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Judicial Indigent <u>Expense Itanscript Co</u>	Sanity Drug Commission Screening	State D Appropriation	Domestic <u>Violence</u>	Drug Court. Se	Pre-Trial Sentence	Program	Target Cities	Court Delay	Renaissance	Jury Com- missioners 6/30/99
5.50 4.00>	\$366,175.62 \$105,490.67 -	€3 - 1		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	- S 13,030.28	63 1 1	, <b>1</b>	۰ ۱ دی	\$ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$ 138.509.62 < 927.85>
51.869.50	< 3.000.00> < 624.05>	- 86.495.72		22.293.31	, ,	16.782.78			61,/52.22	
\$202,829.52 \$ 92,821.50 \$3	\$363,178.62 \$104,866.62	\$ 36,495.72 \$		\$ 22.293.31 \$ 1	\$ 13,030.28 \$	\$ 16,782.78 \$	,	Ф	\$ 61.752.22	\$ 137,581.77
\$	\$ 18,400.00 \$ -	ю , , ,		€) • •	€ <del>)</del>	<b>69</b> 		••	• •	\$ 5,747.85 925.63
•	•	ſ	·	٩	•	•	•	ı	•	4,536.63
<u> 5202.829.52 5 92.821.50 5344</u>	<u>44.778.62 \$104.866.62                                 </u>	<u>\$ 86.495.72</u>		\$ 22.293.31 \$ 13.030.28 \$ 16.782.78 \$	<u>3.030.28 \$</u>	16.782.78 S		•	<u>\$ 61.752.22</u>	<u>s 126.371.66</u>
\$202,829.52 \$ 92,821.50 \$363,178.62 \$104,866.62	\$363,178.62 \$104,866.62	\$ 86,495.72 \$	•	\$ 22,293.31 \$ 1	\$ 13,030.28 \$	\$ 16,782.78 \$		, 63	<b>\$</b> 61,752.22	\$ 137,581.77

Criminal District Court For The Parish of Orleans
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Total Liabilities & Fund Equity

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SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	Criminal District Court For The Parish of Orteans	December 31, 1999 Board of	Jury Com- Judicial Indigent Sanity Drug State Domestic DHH Pre-Trial Program Target Court missioners Expense Transcript Commission Screening Appropriation Violence Drug Court Sentence Fees Cities Delay Renaissance 6/30/99		ervices \$ 72,372.50 \$ 142,721.50 \$ - \$119,202.00 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 42,915.00 \$ - \$ 57.830.00 \$ - \$ 210,057.56 ntai 215,676.22 15,432.76 182,172.00 - 500,000.00 87,596.79 236,183.54 107,071.00 - 197,149.45 57.830.00 - 210,057.56 7.958.94 4.314.39 15.175.60 2.997.71 498.87 - 414.07 - 274.01 - 274.01 - 994.21 7.148.51	ues 296.007.66 162.468.65 197.347.60 122.199.71 500.498.87 87.596.79 236.597.61 107.071.00 43.189.01 197.149.46 57.830.00 1.694.21 217.206.07		ment <u>134.79 118.364.79 144.100.00 50.909.02 428.255.25 87.679.43 182.583.73 124.743.91 21.115.81 230.221.60 43.853.43 5.094.50 235.019.90</u>	ditures 134.79_118.364.79_144.100.00_50.909.02_428.255.25_87.679.43_182.583.73_124.743.91_21.115.81_230.221.60_43.853.43_5.094.50_235.019.90	nues ditures 295.872.87 44.103.86 53.247.60 71.290.69 72.243.62 < 82.64> 54.013.88 <17.672.91> 22.073.20 <33.072.14> 13.976.57 < 3.400.29> <17.813.83>	Sources 1sfers In 83,720.34 - 192,076.73 121,183.24 7,194.81 52,969.70 101,651.79 - 46,218.09 32,966.62 - 101,651.79 - 233.444.212 - 101,651.79 - 233.444.212 - 2199.287.25><108.736.04><7.116.65><84.690.27><70.948.60>< 3.268.35><13.000.00><49.381.30>	Finance Sources <299.723.872 < 7.210.522 12.447.20 78.16 <31720.572 30.703.19 < 3.268.352 33.218.09 <16.414.682 -	nues & Other < 3.851.00> 44,103.86 53,247.60 64,080.17 84,690.82 < 4.48> 22,293.31 13,030.28 18,804.85 < 2,438.11> < 3,400.29> <17,813.83>	Beginning of Year 206.680.52 48.717.64 291.531.02 40.786.45 1.804.90 4.48 - 2.022.07>< 145.95> 2.438.11 65.152.51 144.185.49	End of Year \$202,829.52 \$ 92,821.50 \$344,778.62 \$104,866.62 \$ 86,495.72 \$ - \$ \$ 22,293.31 \$ 13,030.28 \$ 16,782.78 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 17,52.22 \$126,371.66		
SPECIA				REVENUES	Changes for Services Intergovernmental Interest	Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES	General Government	Total Expenditures	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	Other Finance Sources Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	Total Other Finance Sources	Excess of Revenues & Other Sources Over Expenditures	Fund Salance - Béginning of Year	Fund Balance - End of Year		

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#### Schedule\_3

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PROBATIONAL ASSESSMENT, RESTITUTION, AND COURT COST AGENCY FUNDS

**Criminal District Court For** The Parish of Orleans

Year ended December 31, 1999 Schedule of Changes in Cash Balances

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#### BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR



## **ADDITIONS**

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Restitution Probation assessments Court Costs **Total additions** Total

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REDUCTIONS Payments to victims

BALANCE AT END OF YEAR

202,492.08 497.00 205,286.07 408,275.15 453,692.03

\_367,282.52

\$ 86,409.51

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## Schedule 4

## SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Criminal District Court For The Parish of Orleans

For the year caded December 31, 1999

	101	the year called L		777	
Federal grantor/		Program			
Pass-Through grantor/		or Award	Federal		
Program Title	CFDA#	Amount	Portion	Revenue	<b>Expenditures</b>
U.S. Department of					
Justice	16.579				
Passed through					
State of Louisiana					
Commission on Law					
Enforcement and					
Administration of			_		
Criminal Justice:					
Intensive, Prob	ation, Supe	ervision, Program	n		
12/1/94-4/30/9	5	\$ 93,873.00	\$ 68,850.00	\$ 68,850.00	\$ 68,850.00
5/1/95-4/30/90	6	230,948.00	170,000.00	170,000.00	170,000.00
5/1/96-4/30/97	7	226,667.00	170,000.00	170,000.00	170,000.00
Drug Testing E	inhancemer	nt (Court Defay)			
6/1/95-5/31/96		\$ 92,371.00	\$ 68,188.00	\$ 68,188.00	\$ 68,188.00
5/1/96-4/30/97		92,371.00	68,188.00	68,188.00	68,188.00
5/1/97-4/30/98		300,062.00	221,506.00	221,506.00	221,506.00
5/1/98-11/30/9	8	189,131.00	141,848,00	135,563.00	135,563.00
12/1/98-2/28/9	9	79,229.00	58,494.00	57,830.00	57,830.00
Pretrial Superv	ision of We	omen			
11/1/96-3/31/9		\$ 60,960.00	\$ 45,500.00	\$ 45,000.00	\$ 45,000.00
4/1/97-8/31/97	ÿ	58,241.00	42,994.00	42,994.00	42,994.00
Pretrial Interve	ntion				·
7/1/99-6/30/0		\$377,992.00	\$283,494.00	\$107,071.00	\$124,743.91
U.S. Department of					• • • • • • • •
Justice	16.585				
Passed through	10,505				
Louisiana Supreme					
Court					
Drug Court Pro	wram				
3/1/97-9/30/98	<b>•</b>	\$529,632.00	\$397,212.00	\$397 212 00	\$397,212.00
10/1/99-9/30/0		\$266,667.00	\$200,000.00	\$ 0.00	
U.S. Department of				+ 0,00	¥ VIVV
Justice	16.590				
Passed through	10,370				

Passed through City of New Orleans

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# Domestic Violence 9/1/98-8/31/99 \$92,188.00 \$92,188.00 \$92,188.00 \$92,188.00

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Criminal District Court For The Parish of Orleans For the year ended December 31, 1999

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### INDIGENT TRANSCRIPT FUND

1

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statue 13:1381.1, the Indigent Transcript Fund accounts for the costs assessed every non-indigent defendant who is convicted by trial or enters a plea of guilty or forfeits bond. The funds are collected by the Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff's Office as a part of court costs and remitted to the Indigent Transcript Fund. The Proceeds are used solely to compensate court reporters for the preparation of transcripts for indigent defenders. Payments are

made to court reporters when funds are available.

## SANITY COMMISSION FUND

The Sanity Commission Fund was established by the chief judge to help pay the costs of determining certain defendant's mental condition. These costs are financed by grants from the State Supreme Court.

#### JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:1381.4, the Judicial Expense Fund accounts for the costs assessed every defendant who is convicted by trial or enters a plea of guilty or forfeits bond. Costs assessed in criminal cases are collected by the Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff's Office as a part of court costs and remitted to the Judicial Expense Fund. The City of New Orleans collects costs assessed in civil and traffic courts and remits the funds to the Judicial Expense Fund. No salaries may be paid from the Judicial Expense Fund to any judges of the court.

#### **BOARD OF JURY COMMISSIONERS**

The Board of Jury Commissioners for the Parish of Orleans was established under the provisions of Article 401 of the Code of Criminal Procedures to provide for the administration of a central jury pool for the Orleans Parish Criminal District Court. This program is funded by the City of New Orleans and State of Louisiana grants.

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#### **INTENSIVE PROBATION**

The Intensive Probation Fund represents a federal grant from the U.S. Department of Justice passed through the State of Louisiana commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice. The purpose of the funding is to provide a sentencing option in lieu of incarceration for those offenders who require greater supervision than regular probation.

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#### RENAISSANCE

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The Criminal Court's Renaissance, Inc. Fund represents a non-profit corporation established exclusively for the purpose of restoring, preserving and maintaining the art work, sculptural relief and the architectural design and integrity of the Criminal Court's building.

#### TARGET CITIES

The Target Cities Fund represents a grant received from the State of Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals, Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse. The purpose of the fund is to give priority to pregnant women drug addicts as to outreach activities and counseling.

#### COURT DELAY

The Court Delay Fund represents a federal grant from the U.S. Department of Justice passed through the State of Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice. The purpose of the funding is to enhance drug testing and support overall delay reduction efforts by lowering re-arrest rates, failure to appear rates and supporting the screening process.

## STATE APPROPRIATIONS

The Act 18,10 and 19 Fund represents a state grant from the treasurer of the State of Louisiana. The purpose of the funding is to provide staff personnel and selected equipment, to extend the courts drug testing, screening, and treatment process in the magistrate court.

#### DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

The Domestic Violence program represents a passed through grant from the city of New Orleans from a federal grant issued by the U.S. Department of Justice. The purpose of the funding is to encourage arrest policies through a coordinated and integrated approach which response to domestic violence as a serious violation of criminal law.

## DHH COURT INTERVENTION PROGRAM

The DHH Court Intervention Program represents a passed through grant from the State of Louisiana from the Department of Health and Hospitals. The purpose of the funding is drug screening, assessment and referral to link substance abusers in the justice system to treatment agencies.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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Criminal District Court For The Parish of Orleans

December 31, 1999

## PROBATIONAL ASSESSMENT, RESTITUTION AND COURT COST AGENCY FUNDS

The Probational Assessment and Restitution Agency Fund accounts for the amount a defendant is ordered to pay at the discretion of the court when the court has suspended the imposition or execution of a sentence and has placed the defendant on probation. Payments are

made to victims for restitution of their losses as ordered by the court. Probational assessments are paid upon collection to the criminal sheriff of Orleans Parish as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 15:571.11 (D).

The Court Cost Agency Fund collects all costs assessed against defendants pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute 13:1377 (B) effective September 1, 1991. Payments are distributed monthly to the other agencies which participate in the amount of court costs assessed.

## HENRY SILVIA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

**A Professional Corporation** 

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6305 Elysian Fields Ave. Suite 303 New Orleans, LA 70122

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

June 20, 2000

Honorable Gerard J. Hansen, Chief Judge Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1999. Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's compliance based on our audit.

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We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's compliance with those requirements.

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In our opinion, Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1999. The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulation, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We noted certain matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider items identified on schedule of findings and questioned costs as reportable conditions thereon to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Certified Public Accountant A Professional Corporation

## HENRY SILVIA

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6305 Elysian Fields Ave. Suite 303 New Orleans, LA 70122

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 20, 2000

Honorable Gerard J. Hansen, Chief Judge Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the general purpose financial statements of Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans for the year ended December 31, 1999, we consider its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. However, we noted certain matters involving internal control and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Criminal district Court for the Parish of Orleans's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the general purpose financial statements.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we noted the following reportable conditions that we believe to be material weaknesses.

(1) The fixed assets of the court are not being adequately safeguarded against loss. Custodians of fixed assets are not required to report transfers, sales or obsolescence. Further, sales of fixed assets do not require approval of responsible officials. Further, fixed assets subsidiary ledgers are not balanced to the control general ledger on a periodic basis. Further, such subsidiary ledgers do not contain all required information regarding a full description of such assets as required by revised statues number 39:324. Subsidiary ledgers are not periodically verified to physical existence of such assets. Certain fixed assets have been stated, to be at the house of an employment gueb subsidiary descent

have been stated to be at the home of an employee, such subsidiary does not reflect any fixed assets to be at home of any employee. Written policies regarding accounting for fixed assets does not exist.

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(2) There are conditions that indicate a failure by management to display and communicate an appropriate attitude regarding internal controls and reporting process. These consist of (a) significant internal controls are not adequately monitored by management, (b) lack of established policies and controls, (c) failure to establish controls to provide reasonable compliance with laws and regulations, (d) failure to correct known reportable conditions/weaknesses in internal controls on a timely basis and (c) an apparent lack of concern about deficiency in accounting systems and/or internal control weaknesses.

We also noted the following reportable conditions that are not believed to be material weaknesses.

- (1) For several years, the court has not utilized prenumbered purchase orders and receiving reports. Certain sections of the court have been using purchase orders, prenumbered purchase orders and receiving tickets should be utilized throughout the court.
- (2) The court is not in compliance with State of Louisiana's revised statues regarding the adoption of a budget. The budget process is required regarding the court general fund.
- (3) Preparation of monthly reports have also omitted fees created by such programs and the expenditures associated therewith. Implementation of the appropriate internal controls noted above would prevent such omissions.
- (4) Asset acquisitions have been accomplished by verbal communication. All asset acquisitions should be accomplished by a written document signed by an authorized individual. Further, this should also be accomplished by issuance of a prenumbered purchase order, also signed by an authorized individual.
- (5) Time reports are not being prepared for all employees of the court. Such time reports become especially important regarding allocation of one employee to more than one fund. Such time reports would also assist the matching level of certain programs, where one employee is allocated to more than one fund for matching purposes.

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(6) Several special revenues funds have allowable costs of certain salaries and related benefits. The accounting process has been recording salaries and related benefits of such funds within the general fund and recovering such costs from special revenue funds as transfers-in. Thereby causing the special revenue funds to reflect transfers-out, rather than, reflecting the expenditure of such salaries and related benefits within such special revenue fund. This process has allowed certain special revenue funds to under report salaries and related benefits and the general fund over report such expenditures. In order to simplify the special revenue fund monthly reporting documents, salaries and related benefits of each separate fund should be recorded therein as an expenditure of such fund.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans, management, and others within the administration. This restriction is not intended to limit distribution of this report, which is a matter of public record.

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Certified Public Accountant A Professional Corporation

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# HENRY SILVIA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 20, 2000

Honorable Gerard J. Hansen, Chief Judge Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans New Orleans, Louisiana

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans, as of and for the year ended, December 31, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the general purpose financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider items note on the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Mr.L. Certified Public Accountant

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**A Professional Corporation** 

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PARISH OF NEW ORLEANS

MAGISTRATE SECTION

GERARD J. HANSEN CHIEF JUDGE

June 20, 2000

2700 TULANE AVENUE NEW ORLEANS, LA 70119 PHONE 827-3440 FAX 826-5599 FAX 827-3381

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Mr. Henry L. Silvia, C.P.A. A Professional Corporation 6305 Elysian Fields Avenue Suite 303 New Orleans, Louisiana 70122

Dear Mr. Silvia:

In response to the findings noted in your audit report for the year ended December 31, 1999 the following is submitted:

- $\mathbf{v}$
- 1. As to the accountability of the Court's fixed assets, this function has also been assigned to a full-charged bookkeeper, and the accountability of such assets is in the process of being resolved.

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- 2. As to the management of the Court responding to various deficiencies of the overall accounting system, the Court has applied for funding with the State of Louisiana in order to allow the Court to employ a qualified individual with governmental accounting experience. It is the Court's opinion that such an individual will allow this Court to remedy findings noted within such audit report.
- 3. As to the persistent use of purchase orders, the Court in en bane passed a resolution requiring the use of purchase orders in every instance.
- 4. As of this date, the Judicial Administrator has been instructed to proceed with the required procedures to meet the budget process for the year 2001.

It is the Court's belief that the above noted policies and procedures anticipated by this Court are responsive to the findings.

Very truly yours,

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