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**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH  
JUDICIAL DISTRICT  
EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA**

**FINANCIAL REPORT**

**DECEMBER 31, 1997**

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Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the audited, or reviewed, entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 2/10/98



DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH  
JUDICIAL DISTRICT  
EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 1997



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# Pastelthwaite & Netterville

A Professional Accounting Corporation  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

8400 WITTEN PLAZA BLVD., SUITE 5021 • BAYTOWN BOULEVARD, LOUISIANA 70084 • TELEPHONE (504) 833-4000 • FAX (504) 833-4011

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Doug Morris  
District Attorney of the Nineteenth  
Judicial District  
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District, a component unit of the City-Parish of Baton Rouge, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1997. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Office of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District as of December 31, 1997, and the results of its operations, and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types and nonproprietary fund funds for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 9, 1998, on our consideration of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

*Pastelthwaite & Netterville*

Baton Rouge, Louisiana  
June 9, 1998



## Postlethwaite & Netterville

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### **REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The Honorable Doug Morcos  
District Attorney of the Nineteenth  
Judicial District  
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District as of and for the year ended December 31, 1997, and have issued our report thereon dated June 9, 1998. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Compliance**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the general purpose financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 18 - 1.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

*Parrish & Nettieville*

Baton Rouge, Louisiana  
June 9, 1998



## Postlethwaite & Netterville

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### **REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OUR CIRCULAR A-133**

The Honorable Doug Metten  
District Attorney of the Nineteenth  
Judicial District  
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1993. The District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's major federal programs are listed in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1993.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be a material weakness. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We found no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

*Paula Berwick J. Rattinelli*

Darren Rausg, Louisiana  
June 9, 1998



**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUP  
DECEMBER 31, 1997**

**ASSETS**

	Governmental Fund Type		Fiduciary
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Fund Type Agency Funds
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and certificates of deposit	\$ 1,046,441	218,108	\$ 141,785
Accounts receivable:			
Grants from Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals	-	57,720	-
Other	60,684	-	-
Due from other funds	-	2,113	-
General fixed assets	-	-	-
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,107,125</b>	<b>\$ 278,021</b>	<b>\$ 141,785</b>

**LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY**

<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable	\$ 47,867	\$ 6,413	\$ -
Accrued compensated absences	41,000	11,913	-
Due to other funds	135	-	2,048
Due to other governmental units	-	122	570,717
Other liabilities	18,236	-	-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>107,238</b>	<b>18,448</b>	<b>572,765</b>
<b>FUND EQUITY</b>			
Investment in general fixed assets	-	-	-
Fund balance:			
Unreserved - undesignated	1,011,867	259,573	-
<b>Total Fund Equity</b>	<b>1,011,867</b>	<b>259,573</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,119,105</b>	<b>\$ 278,021</b>	<b>\$ 572,765</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Account Group General Fixed Assets	Totals	
	(Millions and/or Cdn.)	
	1997	1998
\$ -	\$ 1,794,564	\$ 1,838,077
-	57,221	93,794
-	69,684	68,798
-	2,203	5,140
<u>1,421,686</u>	<u>1,421,686</u>	<u>1,172,451</u>
\$ 1,421,686	\$ 3,295,568	\$ 3,176,182
-	34,279	75,681
-	53,815	57,349
-	3,210	3,141
-	179,949	38,594
<u>-</u>	<u>33,816</u>	<u>186,765</u>
-	<u>281,992</u>	<u>167,669</u>
1,421,686	1,421,686	1,172,451
-	1,971,799	1,791,682
<u>1,421,686</u>	<u>3,393,485</u>	<u>2,964,133</u>
\$ 1,421,686	\$ 3,215,568	\$ 3,171,182

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEEN JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND  
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	General Fund	Special Purpose Fund	Totals	
			(Monetary Only)	
			2022	2021
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Fees and royalties	31,428	-	317,438	339,840
Interest	64,282	11,277	71,540	82,348
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Grants:				
Louisiana Department of Social Services	-	593,234	552,234	579,681
Incentive payments	-	246,718	246,718	276,675
City of Baton Rouge	2,828,587	-	2,828,587	2,683,032
State of Louisiana	1,166,642	-	1,166,642	1,331,638
Other:				
Check collection fees	283,389	16,215	269,614	304,950
Maritime seizure fees	32,023	-	31,822	36,615
Other	287,029	-	287,029	218,478
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>4,959,388</u>	<u>856,445</u>	<u>3,725,832</u>	<u>5,371,183</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
General Government:				
Current operating:				
Personal services	4,175,518	714,084	3,086,702	5,078,177
Auto and equipment	163,724	27,665	231,289	179,908
Indirect costs	-	6,115	6,115	38,384
Supplies and office	86,597	48,118	129,675	75,540
Other	193,113	37,734	228,839	156,228
Capital outlay	217,584	-	217,584	33,202
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<u>4,851,236</u>	<u>833,696</u>	<u>3,680,708</u>	<u>5,481,736</u>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>(152,086)</u>	<u>(27,625)</u>	<u>(154,476)</u>	<u>(8,958)</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Operating transfers in	12,768	-	31,768	13,472
Operating transfers out	-	(12,768)	(31,768)	(13,472)
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<u>12,768</u>	<u>(12,768)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES</b>	<u>(139,321)</u>	<u>(15,150)</u>	<u>(154,476)</u>	<u>(8,958)</u>
Fund balances - beginning of year	1,451,189	279,672	1,735,862	1,795,821
Fund balances - end of year	<u>\$ 1,311,867</u>	<u>\$ 264,522</u>	<u>\$ 1,571,799</u>	<u>\$ 1,726,863</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT****COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND  
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL -  
GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997**

	General Fund		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Fees and Exhibitors	325,000	313,428	(11,572)
Interest	65,000	64,160	(840)
Intergovernmental revenues:			
Grants:			
Louisiana Department of Social Services	-	-	-
Incentive payments	-	-	-
City of Baton Rouge	2,708,000	2,828,567	120,567
State of Louisiana	1,158,000	1,166,842	8,842
Church collection fees	208,000	203,989	(4,011)
Narcotic seizure fees	78,000	32,812	(45,188)
Other	151,000	282,875	131,875
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>4,883,000</b>	<b>4,895,369</b>	<b>12,369</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
General Government			
Current operating:			
Personnel services	4,400,000	4,372,408	27,592
Auto and equipment	180,000	183,754	(3,754)
Indirect costs	-	-	-
Supplies and office	78,000	86,817	(8,817)
Other	300,000	191,812	108,188
Capital outlay	325,000	217,989	107,011
Total expenditures	<b>5,178,000</b>	<b>5,055,270</b>	<b>122,730</b>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>(295,000)</b>	<b>(159,901)</b>	<b>135,099</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Operating transfers in	-	12,768	12,768
Operating transfers out	-	-	-
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,768</b>	<b>12,768</b>
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES</b>	<b>(295,000)</b>	<b>(147,133)</b>	<b>147,867</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>			
Beginning of year	1,451,189	1,071,089	380,100
End of year	<b>\$ 864,249</b>	<b>\$ 1,211,862</b>	<b>\$ 347,613</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## Special Revenue Fund

Budget	Actual	Variance/ Forecastability (Under/Over)
-	-	-
8,000	11,277	3,277
198,000	972,234	(17,766)
368,000	246,718	(112,282)
-	-	-
13,000	16,215	3,215
-	-	-
872,000	836,444	(45,556)
738,000	714,184	(23,816)
14,000	27,665	13,665
37,000	4,115	(32,885)
69,000	43,038	(25,962)
17,000	27,726	10,726
4,000	-	(4,000)
867,000	836,618	(30,382)
(15,000)	(1,382)	13,618
-	-	-
-	(11,768)	(11,768)
-	(11,768)	(11,768)
(15,000)	(13,180)	1,820
274,670	274,670	-
\$ 249,670	\$ 249,670	\$ 0.000

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the district attorney has charge of every criminal prosecution by the state within his district, is the representative of the state before the grand jury in his district, is legal advisor to the grand jury, and performs other duties as provided by law. The Nineteenth Judicial District encompasses the parish of East Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

##### A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District is a part of the district court system in the State of Louisiana. However, the district attorney operates autonomously from the State of Louisiana and independently from the district court system. Therefore, the district attorney reports as an independent reporting entity.

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the City-Parish of Baton Rouge is the financial reporting entity for East Baton Rouge Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (City-Parish), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the City-Parish of Baton Rouge for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a. The ability of the City-Parish to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City-Parish.
2. Organizations for which the City-Parish does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the City-Parish.
3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Because the City-Parish provides a significant amount of financial resources, the district attorney was determined to be a component unit of the City-Parish of Baton Rouge, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the district attorney and do not present information on the City-Parish, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

The district attorney is elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district for a term of six years.

#### **II. Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the district attorney are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Revenues are accounted for in those individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the system by which spending activities are controlled. The funds presented on the financial statements are described as follows:

##### **Governmental Fund Type**

###### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the district attorney. It is used to account for all financial resources except those which are reported to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues from the dedication of certain fines and forfeitures are used to defray the cost of operating the Office of the District Attorney. Administratively, the district attorney has established certain sub-accounts within the General Fund as follows:

###### **Check collections account**

The check collections account consists of fees collected in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 16:15, which provides for a specific fee whenever the district attorney's office collects and processes a worthless check. Expenditures from this fund are at the sole discretion of the district attorney and may be used to defray the salaries and the expenses of the office of the district attorney but may not be used to supplement the salary of the district attorney.

###### **Special Revenue Fund**

The Special Revenue Fund consists of grants from the Louisiana Department of Social Services, authorized by Act 117 of 1975, to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the social security act. The purpose of the fund is to enforce the support obligation owed by absent parents to their families and children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain family and child support.

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**fiduciary Fund Type**

**Agency Fund**

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Office of the District Attorney as an agent for other governments and/or other funds. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District Attorney has established the following agency fund:

**Narcotic Seizure Account**

The District Attorney's Narcotic Seizure Account is used to account for assets awarded by court judgments as a result of seizures and forfeitures of property in successfully prosecuted narcotics and other criminal investigations. The proceeds are held in custody by the district attorney for distribution as provided under applicable Louisiana Statutes.

**C. Fixed Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets is determined by its measurement basis.

All governmental fund type operations are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement basis, and only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations (general fixed assets) are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund type when purchased. Fixed assets are valued at historical cost, no depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets and no interest has been capitalized.

**D. Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement basis applied.

All governmental and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as an current assets. Commissions on fees and bond delinquency are reported in the year they are collected by the tax collector. Grants and state appropriations are recorded when the district attorney is entitled to the funds. Interest income on investments is recorded when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.



## DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

##### D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources.

##### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The district attorney follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. In accordance with the Municipal Budget Act of the State of Louisiana, the District Attorney prepares operating budgets for the general and special revenue funds at least fifteen days prior to the commencement of the budgetary fiscal year. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
2. The budgets are available for public inspection for a fifteen day period prior to a public hearing held to obtain taxpayer comment.
3. The budgets are adopted at the public hearing and are authorized for implementation on the first day of the fiscal year.
4. The budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
5. The budgets may be revised during the year as estimates regarding revenues and expenditures change.
6. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

##### F. Compensated Absence

On January 1, 1987, the district attorney adopted a policy for leave benefits which allows a maximum of 33 days of vacation leave per calendar year to be earned. Employees may accumulate a maximum of 40 hours to be viewed forward to a succeeding calendar year. Upon termination, employees are paid for their unused vacation leave. Sick leave is allowed to accrue and accumulate. However, such sick leave benefits are payable only upon absence from work for medical reasons. Upon termination, accumulated sick leave lapses, and no payments are made for the unused accumulations. Under the leave policy adopted, accrual of unused vacation leave in the financial statements is required in accordance with GASB Statement No. 6. However, accrual of unused sick leave is not required since the amount accumulated lapses upon termination.

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**G. Cash and Certificates of Deposit**

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law, the district attorney may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

**H. Total Columns on Combined Statements - Disclosure**

The total columns on the combined statements are explained Memorandum Only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. They in those columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

**I. Operating Transfers In and Out**

Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. In those cases where repayment is reported, the transfers are accounted for through the various due from and due to accounts.

**2. CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS**

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance December 31, 1996	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 1997
Equipment	\$ 387,971	\$ 137,646	\$ 5,622	\$ 520,000
Vehicles	579,489	123,632	32,824	670,300
	\$ 967,460	\$ 261,278	\$ 38,446	\$ 1,221,600



**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**3. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS**

The district attorney and assistant district attorneys, whose salaries are paid by the State of Louisiana, and the Office of the District Attorney, are members of the Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System. This retirement system is a multiple-employer cost sharing, statewide public employee retirement system administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees. Certain other employees, whose salaries are paid by the Office of the District Attorney, are members of the City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge Employees' Retirement System. This system operates under the supervision of a seven member board of trustees independent from the City-Parish government.

For more information relevant to each plan follow:

**A. Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System (LDARS)**

*Plan Description:* The LDARS provides retirement benefits as well as disability and survivor benefits. Benefits are established and awarded by state statute. The LDARS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the LDARS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System, 2109 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70116, or by calling (504) 947-5851.

*Funding Policy:* Plan members are required to contribute 7.00 percent of their annual covered salary and the district attorney is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 2.3 percent of annual covered payroll. Member contributions and employer contributions for the LDARS are established by state law and rates are established by the Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee.

The district attorney's contributions to the LDARS for the years ending December 31, 1997 and 1996 were \$74,566 and \$77,518, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**3. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)**

**i. City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge Employees' Retirement System (EBERS)**

*Plan Description.* The EBERS provide retirement benefits as well as disability and survivor benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute. The EBERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EBERS. This report may be obtained by writing to the City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge Employees' Retirement System, P. O. Box 1471, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802, or by calling (504) 388-3171.

*Funding Policy.* Plan members are required to contribute 5.00 percent of their annual covered salary, and the district attorney is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 11.5 percent of annual covered payroll. Member contributions and employer contributions for the LDARS are established by state law and rates are established by the Public Personnel System's Actuarial Committee. The district attorney's employer contribution for the LDARS is funded by the State of Louisiana through annual appropriations.

The district attorney's contributions to the EBERS for the years ending December 31, 1997 and 1998, were \$167,728 and \$167,546, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

**4. EXPENDITURES OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE NOT INCLUDED IN THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The accompanying financial statements do not include certain expenditures of the district attorney paid from funds of the City of Baton Rouge and the Parish of East Baton Rouge. These expenditures for the year ended December 31, 1997 are as follows:

City-Parish of East Baton Rouge:	
Insurance	\$ 9,885
Supplies and other	49,575
Contract services	75,000
Total	\$ 134,460

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**5. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR SALARIES AND FRINGE BENEFITS**

For the year ended December 31, 1995, the District Attorney of Baton Rouge recorded on-behalf payments from the following sources:

City/Parish of East Baton Rouge	
Salaries	\$ 1,271,096
Fringes	543,543
Insurance	214,168
Total	\$ 1,828,807
State of Louisiana	
Salaries	\$ 1,345,465
Fringes	211,126
Total	\$ 1,556,591

**6. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds at December 31, 1995:

	Due From	Due To
General Fund		
District Attorney's Historic Seizure Fund	\$ 2,000	\$ -
Special Revenue Fund	-	2,203
Special Revenue Fund (Title IV-D)		
General Fund	155	-
	\$ 2,203	\$ 2,203

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**7. CASH AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT**

As December 31, 1997, the carrying amount of the District Attorney's deposits were \$1,794,264 and the bank balance was \$1,779,982. Of the bank balance, \$1,300,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$479,982 was covered by collateral held by the pledging bank's agent in the District Attorney's name.

**8. FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM**

The district attorney participates in the United States Department of Health and Human Services Support Enforcement, Title IV-D Program, Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 13.783. This program is funded by indirect assistance payments, in the form of both incentive payments and reimbursements of a portion of certain expenditures, received from the Louisiana Department of Social Services. For the year ended December 31, 1997, the District Attorney for the Nineteenth Judicial District expended \$932,238 and \$246,718 in reimbursement and incentive payments, respectively.

The reimbursement payments are restricted by a formal agreement between the district attorney and Department of Social Services and includes a budget of expected expenditures for each fiscal year ending June 30. The district attorney submits reimbursement requests to the Department of Social Services on a monthly basis.

There are no restrictions on how incentive payments may be expended, except as may be required by state law for any other funds of the district attorney. However, these payments, as well as the reimbursement payments, may be subjected to further review and audit by the federal grantor agency. No provision has been made in the financial statements for the reimbursement of any expenditures that may be disallowed as a result of such a review or audit.

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997**

<u>Federal Grant Pass-Through Grant Program Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Pass-Through Entity's Identifying Number</u>	<u>Federal Expenditures</u>
<u>U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the Louisiana Department of Social Services</u>			
Child Support Enforcement, Title IV-D	13.783	DSS #R1148	\$ 352,234

**Note A - Basis of Presentation**

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented on the modified accrual basis.

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT**  
**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**  
**YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997**

**SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District.
2. One reportable condition disclosed during the audit of the financial statements is reported in the report on compliance and internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District were disclosed during the audit.
4. No reportable conditions were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award programs.
5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District expresses an unqualified opinion on the major federal program.
6. There were not any audit findings relative to the major federal award program.
7. The program tested as a major program is: Title IV-D, CPDA Number 13,783.
8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$100,000.
9. The District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District was not determined to be a low-risk auditor.

**FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT**

**REPORTABLE CONDITIONS**

08 - 1

Finding:	The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.
Cause:	The condition is due to economic and space limitations.
Recommendation:	No action recommended.





**Management's  
Response:**

All receipts received directly by backstops are in the form of checks from the State or other government agencies. All disbursements are made by check, and all checks, except for those drawn on the impact payroll account, require two signatures. Other controls are in place to provide adequate safeguarding of assets, even though adequate segregation of duties cannot be accomplished due to limited staffing in the administrative and accounting areas.

**FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST -- MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS**

None.