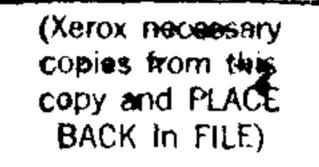
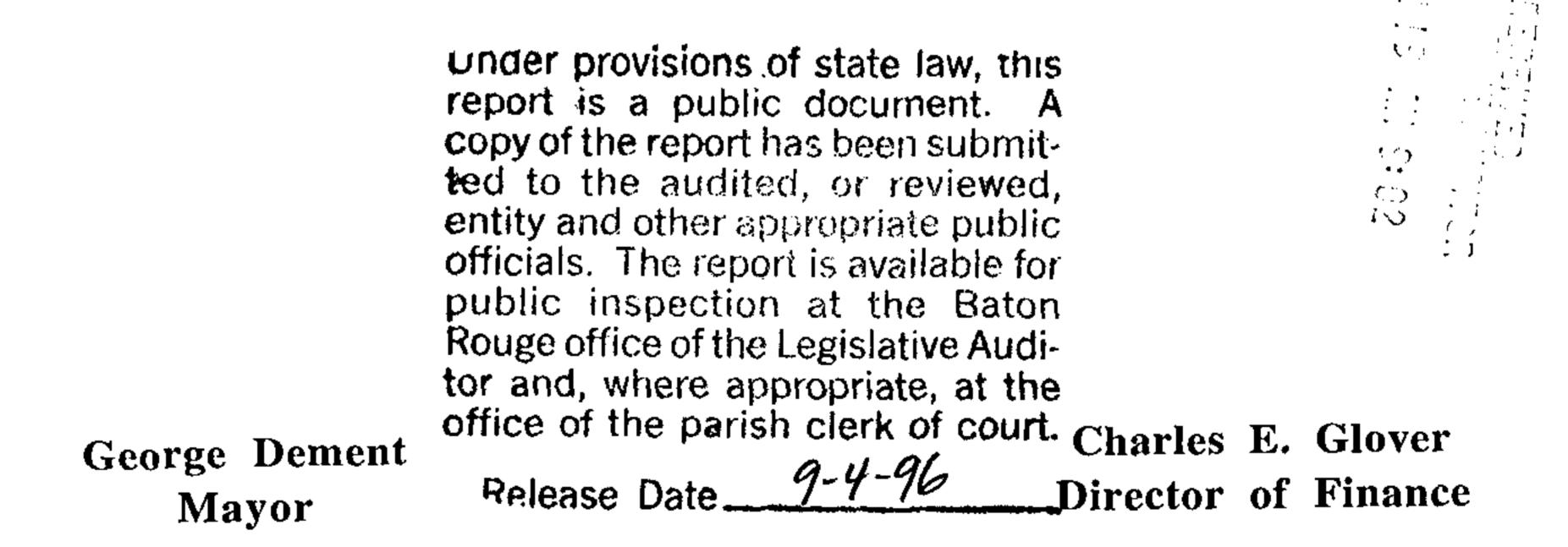
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT of the CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA for the Year Ended December 31, 1995

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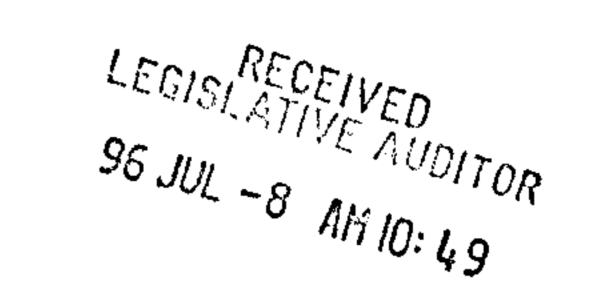


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Prepared by Department of Finance

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692



March 8, 1996

CONFIDENTIAL

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. We have not considered the internal control structure since the date of our report.

During our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control structure and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. These comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with the appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control structure or result in other operating efficiencies and are summarized as follows:

POLICEMEN'S AND FIREMEN'S PENSION FUNDS

Review of Accounting Records — Since the daily accounting for these funds is now handled by a third party, on a periodic basis a City representative should review the funds' financial information including comparing the detail listing of investments to the amount recorded on the general ledger. This review and comparison will reduce the chance of any large year-end adjustments and strengthen controls over the integrity of the financial information.

Segregation of Duties — The person who handles the daily accounting for the pension funds also reconciles the bank account and is an authorized signatory on the bank accounts. These duties are incompatible. The person reconciling the bank account should not also be an authorized signatory on the account.

TRAVEL EXPENSES

It was noted that the City's travel policy related to documentation of travel expenses was not being completely adhered to for all travel expenses. Within the fire and police department, we found travel expense reports which reimbursed individuals for a per diem amount ranging from \$20 to \$30. We would encourage the use of actual receipts for meal reimbursements and the City should re-emphasize the importance of the documentation to the employees and ensure the policy is monitored and compliance is uniform.

Member Lens of Nyive8 Peat Marwork Goerdeler



Office of the Mayor

BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

GEORGE DEMENT

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620 BENTON ROAD POST OFFICE BOX 5337 BOSSIER CITY, LA 71171-5337 (318) 741-8501

June 20, 1996

Legislative Auditor State of Louisiana P. O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

Re: Response to Management Letter Comments for Report Dated December 31, 1995.

Dear Sir:

In response to the suggestions and recommendations made in the referenced letter, I submit to you the following.

Policemen's and Fireman's Pension Funds

Review of Accounting Records - The City Comptroller will continue to review the financial statements of the Police Pension Fund. The City Comptroller will begin reviewing the Fireman's Pension Fund on a monthly basis in order to avoid any significant adjustments at year end.

Segregation of Duties - We will discontinue allowing the person who handles the daily accounting and reconciles the bank statement as a authorized signatory on the account.

Travel Expenses

All departments have been notified that the use of actual receipts is now required and the finance department will continue to monitor documentation to insure compliance is uniform.

Water and Sewerage Meter Installation

This problem is one that can be solved if the Permits and Inspections Department will consistently notify Customer Services that a meter is installed and ready for billing. Last year we tried a policy of verbal notification that did not work. We are now going to try to either a

redesign of the form that records the final inspection or create some other method of informing Customer Service in writing that they have a new customer to bill.

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana March 8, 1996 Page 2

<u>COMMENTS REPEATED FROM THE PRIOR YEAR</u>

Water and Sewerage Meter Installation — There were still problems noted with the permits department not communicating installation of large six-inch meters at building sites to the customer service department. The approval for connection to City water sources should be communicated to customer service by the permits department to eliminate the possibility of unbilled water usage.

Emergency Medical Services Revenues — EMS revenues for in-town insurance and outof-town calls are currently accounted for on the cash basis. The impact of this cash basis accounting should be monitored to ensure that it does not differ significantly from the accrual basis accounting.

Cash and Investments — The City is handling investment income on a cash basis and allocating investment income (discounts/premiums) to the various funds upon receipt. Given this treatment, the allocation of investment income could be impacted by the timing of the receipt of the cash. As long as investments are maintained in shorter term maturities, this treatment should not differ significantly from the accrual basis. However, this situation should be monitored and if the City begins to consistently invest in longer term investments, a change in policy may be necessary if the impact becomes material.

Integration of Information Systems Software — Over the past several years, the City has integrated new computer software within many City departments. The Purchasing Department module which includes the fixed asset application has yet to be converted. The new system software should allow for more timely monitoring of asset purchases and provide a better basis for recording retirements and construction project replacements within the water and sewer systems.

To ensure the detail fixed asset records support the amounts recorded in the general ledger/financial statements, the City should expedite completion of the software installation. In conjunction with the installation of the software, the City should establish procedures to ensure the construction project replacements for water and sewer are recorded. This will require coordination and communication between the purchasing department and financing department.

Data Processing Disaster Planning — The City should develop a formal agreement with an alternative data processing site to provide an emergency processing site to be used in the event of a disaster. Additionally, the City should test the disaster plan with the alternative site. We recommend this test be performed annually to minimize downtime should a disaster occur.

Insurance Fund Deficit — The City is partially self-insured for medical benefit and liability claims. At the end of the year, the Insurance Fund reflected a deficit of approximately \$82,000. The City has made significant progress in reducing the deficit from a balance of \$574,000 in the previous year. The City plans to further reduce this deficit in 1996 through increases in contribution amounts by the respective funds and additional transfers as needed. We recommend the City continue to closely monitor the status of this Fund and eliminate the deficit within a reasonable period of time.

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana March 8, 1996 Page 3

Accrual of Vacation — In the current year, the City began to calculate the amount of accrued vacation owed its employees, to comply with accounting standards that require that these costs be recorded as a liability based on the City's policy for paying the accumulated costs. The City needs to continue its efforts to compile additional information required by GASB 16 for footnote disclosure in the financial statements for total dollars earned by employees and total payments made to employees related to this benefit.

* * * * *

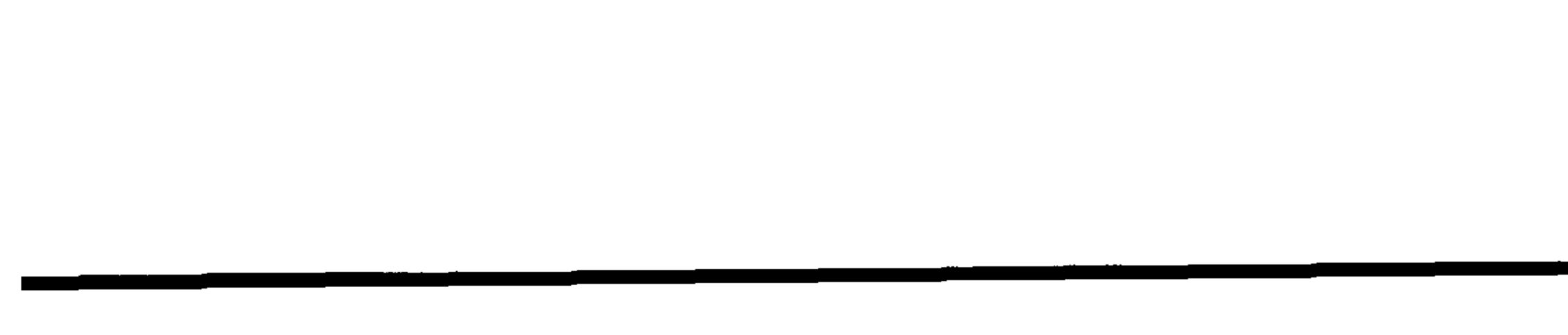
It should be appreciated that our audit procedures are designated primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements and, therefore, may not bring to light all weaknesses in systems and procedures which may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of the City's organization gained during our work to make comments and suggestions which we hope will be useful to you.

We would like to take this opportunity to acknowledge the courtesy and assistance extended to us by the personnel of the City during the course of our audit.

This report is intended solely for your information and use as well as management and others within the organization. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Very truly yours,

KPMG Peat Maurick LLP



Emergency Medical Services Revenues

We are continuing to monitor the recording the Emergency Medical Services receipts on a cash basis. The Emergency Medical Services Department is in process of installing a new billing software package and management has determined that until we obtain a stronger level of confidence in the billing system and the overall aging and receivable process, we will continue to use the cash basis. As of this date, the difference between the cash and accual basis would not appear to be significant.

Cash and Investments

*

Our investment portfolio continues to be relatively short-term, therefore any differences in interest income on the accrual versus cash basis would appear to be immaterial. We will monitor our investment portfolio in the future and make changes if deemed appropriate

Integration of Information Systems Software

We are currently working on converting our fixed assets to our new software package and are making significant progress. We intend to have all fixed assets recorded and depreciation projections in place by year end.

Data Processing Disaster Planning

Management is currently developing a formal agreement with an outside vendor to provide an emergency processing site and we intend to test the plan if deemed advisable.

Insurance Fund Deficit

We project the deficit in the group insurance fund to be eliminated by year end. We will continue to monitor this fund throughout the year to insure that contributions are properly made to the fund.

Accrual of Vacation

We will continue our efforts to compile all information as it relates to total dollars earned and total payments made to employees to meet current GASB requirements.

Sincerely, George Dement, Mayor

The following Resonation offered and adopted:

RESOLUTION NO. 1 OF 1996

A RESOLUTION ADOPTING QUESTIONNAIRE FROM LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR AND CITY'S ANSWER THERETO.

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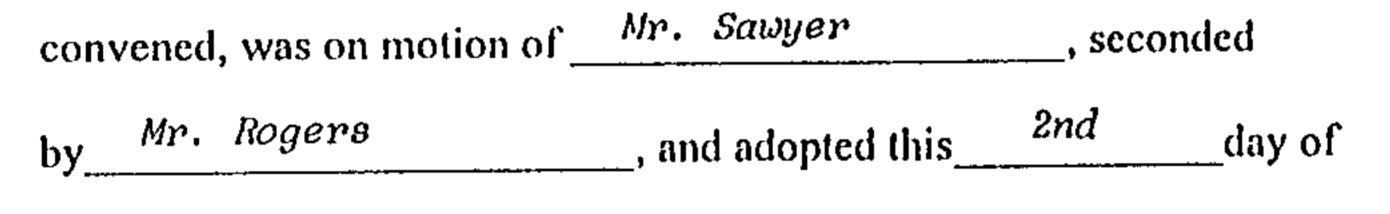
IT IS RESOLVED that the questionnaire from the Legislative Auditor covering

period, 1-1-95-12-31-95, and City's answer thereto, all of which are on file with City

Clerk, are hereby adopted. A copy of this questionnaire and answers will be furnished to

the City's certified accountants, KPMG Peat Marwick.

The above and foregoing Resolution was read in full, at open and legal session



January , 1996, by the following votes:

- AYES: Mr. Adams, Mr. DePrang, Mr. Blackman, Mr. Sawyer, Mr. Woodard, Mr. Williams, Mr. Rogers
- NAYS: none

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ABSENT: none

Gordon Blackman District 1 2014 Venus Drive Bossier City, LA 71112 ph. 746-5294 Jim Sawyer District 2 2400 Murphy Street

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Bossier City, LA 71112 ph. 742-1822 Levone Woodard District 3

1800 Bonn Street Bossier City, LA 71112 ph. 742-6235

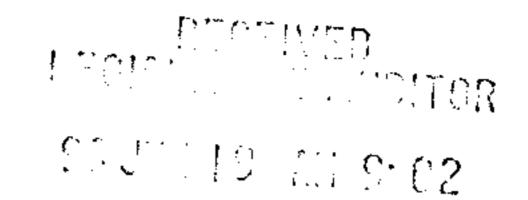
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Billy C. Williams
District 4
2415 Brookhaven Street
Bossier City, LA 71111 ph. 746-8957
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James Rogers District 5 2313 Belmont Blvd. Bossier City, LA 71111 ph. 742-1937

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KPMG



CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

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Supplementary Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance (Single Audit)

December 31, 1995

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance (Single Audit)

Year ended December 31, 1995

Table of Contents

	Page(s)
Independent Auditors' Report on Supplementary Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance	1
Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance and Accompanying Notes	2-3
Independent Auditors' Report on the Internal Control Structure Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	4-5

Independent Auditors' Report on the Internal Control Structure Used in Administering Federal Financial Assistance Programs	6-8
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	9
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with the General Requirements Applicable to Federal Financial Assistance Programs	10
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Specific Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Financial Assistance Programs	11
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Specific Requirements Applicable to Nonmajor Federal Financial Assistance Programs	12
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	13
Follow-Up on Prior Year Findings	14

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements, and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The information in that schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose, combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules taken as a whole.

KPMG Peat Mannick LLP

March 8, 1996

Member Fred Markov Greaterer Kynvelä Peat Markov - Greaterer

1995 Expenditutes	19.453	4,722 77,585 132,287 269,350 269,350 644,558		6.143	12,668	663,369	362 120,592 15,092 	2000	828,369
City Matching Contributions and Miscellaneous <u>Revenue</u>	<u> 16.098</u>			6	l			1	16,098
Grant Revenues <u>Accual Basis</u>	3.352	4,722 77,585 132,287 269,350 269,350 644,558	1 	6143	12.668	663.369	362 120,592 15,092 4,501	2000	812,271
Accrued (Deferred) Grant Revenue December 31, 1995		5.546 10.922 (1.527) 98.339 45.552 45.552 19.958 178.790	1	ľ		178.790	17,132 (25,000) (7,868)	1	170,922

CITY, LOUISIANA	inancial Assistance
CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA	Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance

Year ended December 31, 1995

Tite	Federal CFDA Number	Graat Number	Grant Revenues Cash Basis	Accrued (Deferr Grant Revenue December 31, 19
g - Joint Land Use	12.610	EN9306-94-01	\$2525	720
ng and Urban Development: ommunity Development Block				
1990	14.218 14.218	90-MC-22-0009 91-MC-22-0009		824 10.922
1992 1992	14.218 14.218 14.218	92-MC-22-0009 93-MC-22-0009 94-MC-22-0009	81,572 34,102 301,385	2,460 154 77,587
1995	14.218	95-MC-22-0009	140.656 557.715	91.947
uisiana Department of Community tental Rehabilitation	14.230	R91SG220101	7.225	7.225
uisiana Department of Social gency Shelter	14.231	3707205	6143	1
uisiana Housing Finance Agency - a - Home Program	14.329	SR3011-HS1	12.668	
Department of Housing and In Development			583.751	99.172
- passed through Louisiana w Enforcement:				
Narcotic Task Force sniption rds Prevention evention	16.579 16.579 16.579 16.579	92-B1-B./-0329 95/94-B1-B.02-OD05 94/93-B1-B.07-0046 95-B8-B15-0001 95-B240023	133,945 12,491 25,000 4,501	30,485 (2,601)
Department of Justice			176.299	27.884
- Cooperative Forestry n Public Tree Inventory	10.664	94-46	2 000	ľ
			\$ 768,575	127,226

Notes: (1) The Community Development Block Grant has been identified as a major financial assistance program.

See accompanying notes to schedule of federal financial assistance.

<u>U.S. Forest Services</u> -Assistance Program

Department of Justice - p Commission on Law I K-9 Unit 1992 Caddo-Bossier Na Street Sales Disrug Criminal Records Youth Gang Preve Total Dep

Total De Urban

Passed through Louis Services – Emergen Passed through Louis State of Louisiana –

Passed through Louis Development – Ren

Department of Housing a Direct program - Com Grant (1): Program Year 199 Program Year 199

Department of Defense

Grant T

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Notes to Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance

Year ended December 31, 1995

<u>General</u> (1)

The accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"). The City's reporting entity is defined in note 1 to the City's general purpose financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

(2) <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

The accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in note 1(c) to the City's general purpose financial statements.

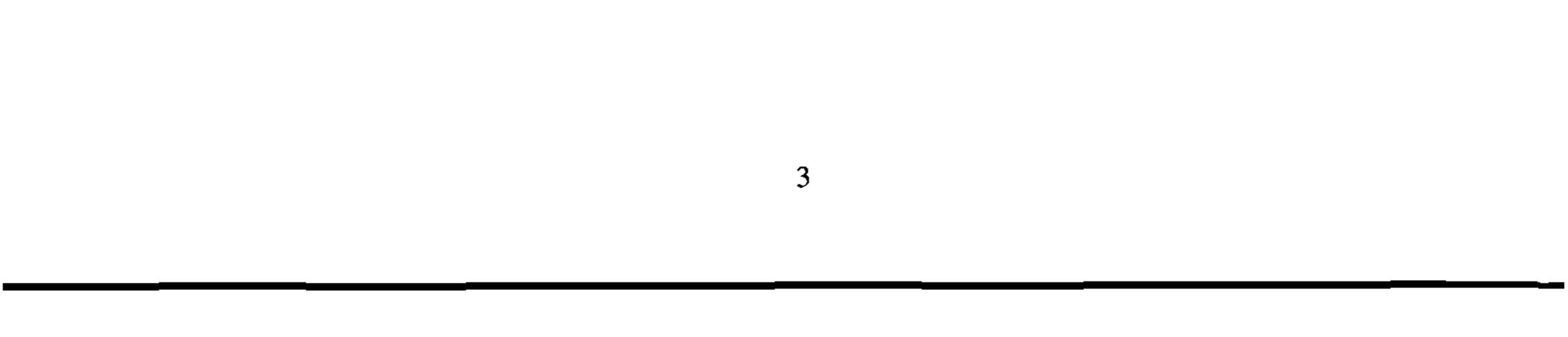
<u>Relationship to General Purpose Financial Statements</u> (3)

The balance of intergovernmental revenues of the State and Federal Grant Fund at December 31, 1995, differs from the balance of grant revenues accrual basis per the accompanying schedule as follows:

Accrual basis revenues - State and Federal Grant Fund Grant revenues recorded in the General Fund:	\$ 807,259
Youth Gang Prevention	4,501
Public Tree Inventory	5,000
Street Sales Disruption	9,515
City matching contributions in State and Federal Grant Fund	(16,098)
Grant revenues recorded in expenditure accounts	2,094
Total	\$ 812,271

<u>Relationship to Federal Financial Reports</u> (4)

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports.



1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE BASED ON AN AUDIT OF GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of general purpose financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City, for the year ended December 31, 1995, we obtained an understanding of the internal control structure. With respect to the internal control structure, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control structure. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

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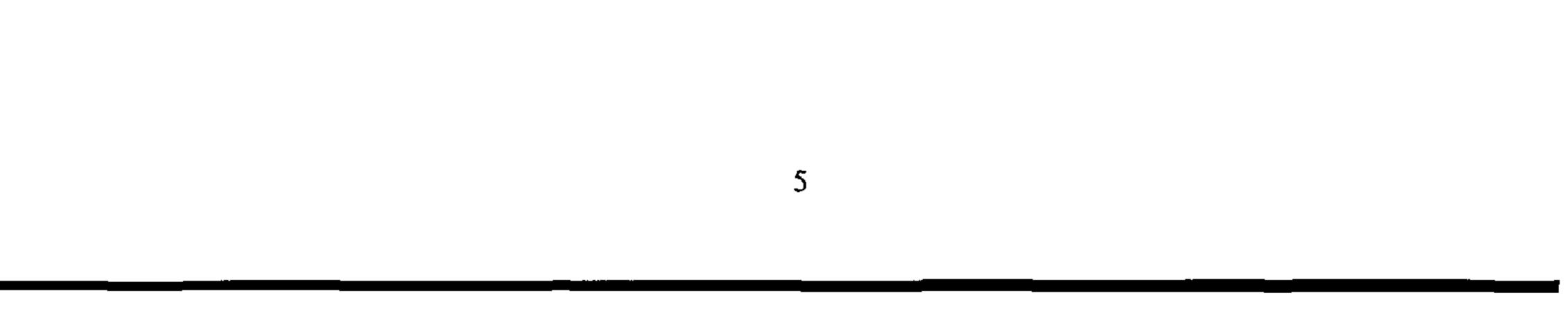
- Member Facult Ny INSEE No. Manaka Gounda ao Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors and irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we have reported to the management of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, in a separate letter dated March 8, 1996.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and the cognizant agency and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KPMG Leat Marwick LLP

March 8, 1996



1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE USED IN ADMINISTERING FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996. We have also audited the compliance of the City with requirements applicable to its major federal financial assistance program and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-128, *Audits of State and Local Governments*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-128 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and about whether the City complied with laws and regulations, noncompliance with which would be material to a major federal financial assistance program.

In planning and performing our audits for the year ended December 31, 1995, we considered the internal control structure of the City in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements of the City and on the compliance of the City, with requirements applicable to major programs and to report on the internal control structure in accordance with OMB Circular A-128. This report addresses our consideration of internal control structure policies and procedures relevant to compliance with requirements applicable to federal financial assistance programs. We have addressed internal control structure policies and procedures relevant to our audit of the financial statements in a separate report dated March 8, 1996.

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that federal financial assistance programs are managed in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control

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Member Frislich Rygvelo Pest Mary es Googeles structure, errors, irregularities, or instances of noncompliance may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

For the purpose of this report, we have classified the significant internal control structure policies and procedures used in administering federal financial assistance programs in the following categories:

Accounting Controls

- Revenue/receipts
- Purchases/disbursements
- Payroll

Administrative Controls

General Requirements

- Political activity
- Davis-Bacon Act
- Civil rights
- Cash management
- Federal financial reports
- Allowable costs/cost principles
 Drug-Free Workplace Act
- Administrative requirements

Specific requirements

- Types of services allowed or unallowed
- Eligibility
- Matching, level of effort, or earmarking
- Reporting
- Cost allocation
- Monitoring subrecipients

Claims for advances and reimbursements

For all of the internal control structure categories listed above, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and determined whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk.

During the year ended December 31, 1995, the City expended 79.4 percent of its total federal financial assistance under its major federal financial assistance program.

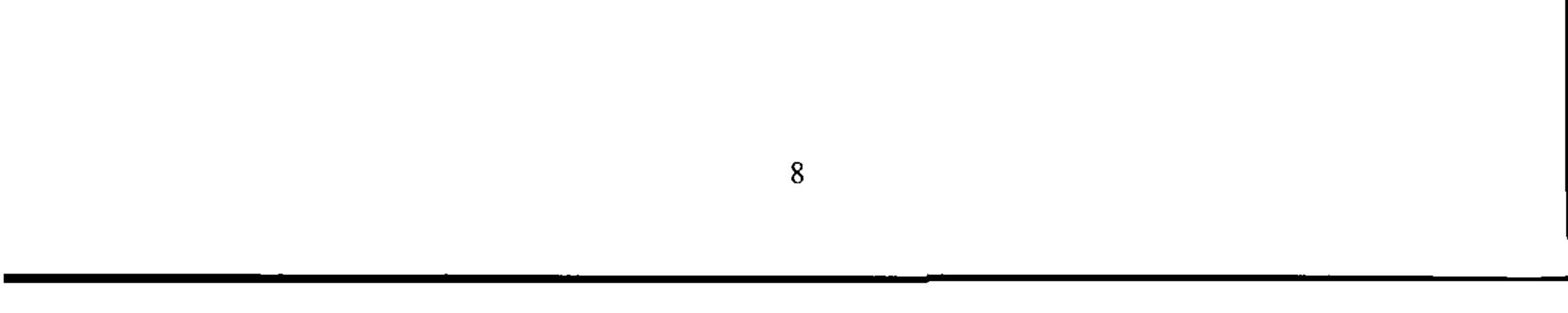
We performed tests of controls, as required by OMB Circular A-128, to evaluate the effectiveness of the design and operation of internal control structure policies and procedures that we considered relevant to preventing or detecting material noncompliance with specific requirements, general requirements, and requirements governing claims for advances and reimbursements that are applicable to the City's major federal financial assistance program, which is identified in the accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance. Our procedures were less in scope than would be necessary to render an opinion on these internal control structure policies and procedures. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Our consideration of the internal control structure policies and procedures used in administering federal financial assistance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might constitute material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with laws and regulations that would be material in relation to a federal financial assistance program may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we have reported to the management of the City in a separate letter dated March 8, 1996.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KPMG feat Mannick LLP

March 8, 1996



1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE BASED ON AN AUDIT OF GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the City is the responsibility of the City's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported herein under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

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KPMG Plat Mannik LLP

March 8, 1996

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1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996.

We have applied procedures to test the City's compliance with the following requirements applicable to its federal financial assistance programs, which are identified in the schedule of federal financial assistance for the year ended December 31, 1995:

- Political activity
- Davis-Bacon Act
- Civil rights
- Cash management
- Federal financial reports
- Drug-Free Workplace Act
- Allowable costs/cost principles
- Administrative requirements

Our procedures were limited to the applicable procedures described in the Office of Management and Budget's *Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments*. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with the requirements listed in the preceding paragraph. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the requirements listed in the second paragraph of this report. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City had not complied, in all material respects, with those requirements.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

10

KPMG Peat Manuick LLP

March 8, 1996

- Michibert Farend I. Kiyawahi Kesti Malware Kasebaha

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996.

We have also audited the City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort or earmarking; reporting; cost allocation; monitoring subrecipients; and claims for advances and reimbursements that are applicable to its major federal financial assistance program, which is identified in the accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance, for the year ended December 31, 1995. The management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance with those requirements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-128, *Audits of State and Local Governments*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-128 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; cost allocation; monitoring subrecipients; and claims for advances and reimbursements that are applicable to its major federal financial assistance program for the year ended December 31, 1995.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

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KPMG Peat Manvick LLP

March 8, 1996

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1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO NONMAJOR FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM TRANSACTIONS

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 1996.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the City and with our consideration of the City's control structure used to administer federal financial assistance programs, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-128, *Audits of State and Local Governments*, we selected certain transactions applicable to certain nonmajor federal financial assistance programs for the year ended December 31, 1995. As required by OMB Circular A-128, we have performed auditing procedures to test compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed that are applicable to those transactions. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the requirements listed in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City had not complied, in all material respects, with those requirements.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KPMG feat Marine LLP

March 8, 1996

12

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Follow-Up on Prior Year Findings (Single Audit)

Year ended December 31, 1995

General Requirements

Finding — As of December 31, 1994, four complaints which were filed with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission were closed. Five other cases are under investigation.

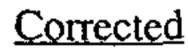
Questioned Costs — None.

Follow-up — No charges filed or under investigation by the EEOC during 1995.

Finding — Certain figures in the Financial Summary Grantee Performance Report for the period January 1, 1994, to December 31, 1994, were erroneously reported as follows:

Line

As reported



1.	531,312.82	521,862.84
7.	1,354,402.00	1,328,957.88
13.	596,147.25	570,702.13

Questioned Costs --- None.

Follow-up — No errors noted in the current year report.

Community Development Block Grant

Finding — Projects for which federal assistance is received under the Community Block Grant Program must have an environmental review, unless they meet criteria specified in the regulations that would otherwise exclude them from this requirement, or written documentation that a review was not required. Of ten housing/rental rehabilitation project files examined, for which the need of an environmental review was required to be assessed, one did not contain an environmental review checklist.

Questioned Costs --- None.

Follow-up — Environmental reviews were present for project files examined in the current year.

State Bid Laws

Finding — We were made aware of two instances in which State Bid Laws were violated when change orders were approved for work which was outside the scope of the original contracts. Of the additional eight contract files we reviewed, no such exceptions were noted.

14

Questioned Costs — None, as projects were not paid with federal funds.

Follow-up — No exceptions noted in current year bid law testwork.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- TABLE OF CONTENTS
- LETTERS OF TRANSMITTAL
- CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE
- **CITY ORGANIZATION CHART**
- ELECTED OFFICIALS

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 1995

Table of Contents

	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page(s)
INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
Title Page		i
Table of Contents		ii-v
Letters of Transmittal		vi-xvii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence		xviii
Organization Chart		xix
Elected Officials		XX

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report		1-2
Combined Financial Statements - Overview ("Liftable" General Purpose Financial Statements):		
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types, Account Groups, and Discretely Presented Component Units	1	3-4
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types and Discretely		-
Presented Component Units Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	2	5
and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General and Special Revenue Fund Types	3	6
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings Fund Balance - All Proprietary Fund Types and Similar Trust Funds	_	
and Discretely Presented Component Unit Combined Statement of Cash Flows - All Proprietary	4	7
Fund Types and Discretely Presented Component Unit Combining Component Unit Financial Statements	5	8
Combining Component Unit Financial Statements - Discretely Presented:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Component Units Combining Statement of Revenues	6	9

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Component Units

ii

10 7

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 1995

Table of Contents

	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page(s)
Notes to Combined Financial Statements		11-58
Additional Information - Combining and Individual Fund and Account Group - Statements and Schedules:		
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund: Comparative Balance Sheets	A-1	59
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	A-2	60-61

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Revenue Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	B-1	62
Combining Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	B-2	63
Metropolitan Planning Commission Fund -		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	B-3	64
Civic Center Fund - Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -		
Budget and Actual	B -4	65
Fire Improvements and Operations Fund -		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	B-5	66
Jail and Municipal Buildings Fund - Statement of		
Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	B-6	67
Streets and Drainage Fund - Statement of		
Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	B-7	68
Debt Service Funds - Bond and Interest Sinking Funds:	~ 1	60
Combining Balance Sheet	C-1	69
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	~ •	~ ^
and Changes in Fund Balances	C-2	70
Conital Drainate Funda		
Capital Projects Funds:	D 1	71
Combining Balance Sheet	D-1	71
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	D 0	70
and Changes in Fund Balances	D-2	72

and Changes in Fund Balances

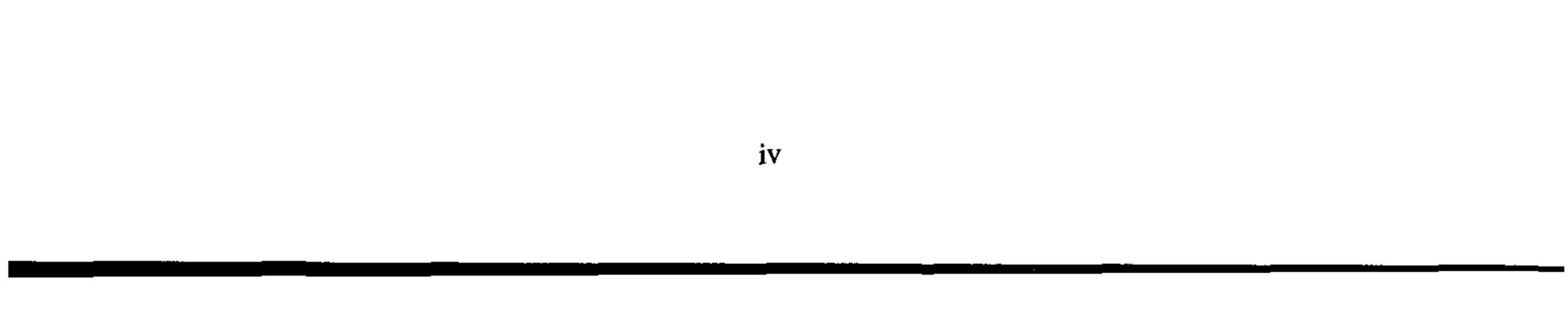
iii

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 1995

Table of Contents

	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page(s)
Proprietary Funds: Enterprise Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	E-1	73-74
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings Combining Statement of Cash Flows	E-2 E-3	75 76
Internal Service Funds: Combining Balance Sheet	F-1	77
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings Combining Statement of Cash Flows	F-2 F-3	78 79
Fiduciary Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses,	G-1	80
and Changes in Fund Balances - Pension Trust Funds	G-2	81
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds	G-3	82
General Fixed Assets Account Group:		
Comparative Schedules of General Fixed Assets - By Source Schedule of Changes in Consul Fixed Assets	H-1	83
Schedule of Changes in General Fixed Assets - By Function and Activity Schedule of Conoral Fixed Accets - By	H-2	84
Schedule of General Fixed Assets - By Function and Activity	H-3	85
General Long-Term Obligation Account Group - Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Obligations	I-1	86
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (not covered by audit report)		
Analysis of Pension Funding Progress Pension Funds - Revenues by Source and Expenses by	J-1	87
Type	J-2	88-90



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 1995

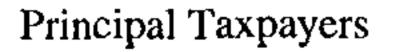
Table of Contents

	Table Table	Page(s)
STATISTICAL SECTION (not covered by audit report)		
General Governmental Expenditures by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	1	91
General Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years	2	92
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	3	93

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable

Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years	4	94
Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments - Last Ten Fiscal Years	5	95
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years	6	96
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	7	97
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	8	98
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures - Last Ten Fiscal Years	9	99
Revenue Bond Coverage - Utility Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	10A	100
Revenue Bond Coverage - Sales Tax Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	10B	101
Revenue Bond Coverage - Hospital Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	10C	102
Demographic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	11	103
Property Value, Construction, and Bank Deposits - Last Ten Fiscal Years	12	104

v



Miscellaneous Statistics

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Office of the Mayor

BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

GEORGE DEMENT

620 BENTON ROAD POST OFFICE BOX 5337 BOSSIER CITY, LA 71171-5337 (318) 741-8501

March 29, 1996

Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana

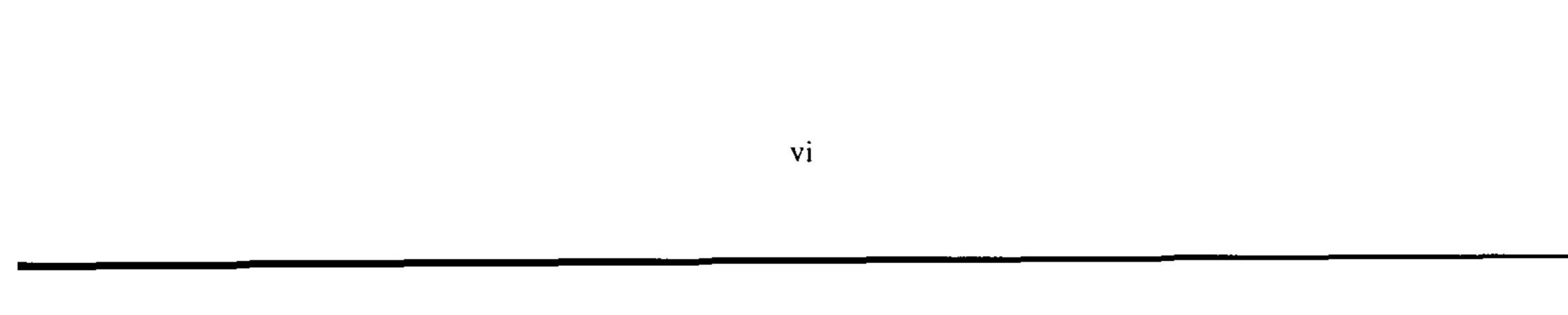
I am pleased to join our Finance Director in presenting the City of Bossier City's annual financial report for fiscal year 1995. Last year was another good year for our City. The area economy continues to grow as indicated by the opening of new businesses, expansion of existing businesses, continued increases in housing starts and in tourist activity.

Indicators of this growth are an increase of some \$1.7 million in sales tax collections over 1994, and license and permit fees were up some \$145,000 over the preceding year. Although we will need to continue to closely monitor Bossier Medical Center 's financial performance for the near future, the facility had an excellent year with net income of some \$2.8 million after transferring \$550,000 to the City.

Indications at this time are that the City will get two more Riverboats in 1996. Other new facilities in planning, include 3 new hotels, each one over 20 stories high, plus other amenities that will help with the continuing development of old downtown Bossier.

This growth necessitates that we continue to aggressively pursue expansions and improvement of our infrastructure to insure that we can continue to meet the demands necessary to sustain this tremendous growth. The expansions to our water and sewer plants, our roadways, and old downtown Bossier will have to remain our highest priorities if we are to successfully and orderly manage our growth.

There is nothing on the horizon to indicate that our growth will not continue. This growth will also necessitate that we carefully monitor our receipts and expenditures so that taxpayers are receiving the maximum value for their tax dollars. Our City Council continues to effectively perform their check and balance function to insure that this happens.



We look forward to fiscal year 1996 as a period of productive and harmonious partnership with the Council as we continue our efforts to provide the citizens of our growing community with the services and quality of life they deserve.

Sincerely, Dement Mayor

vii



CITY OF BOSSIER CITY

P. O. BOX 5337

BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA 71171-5337

March 8, 1996

The Honorable George Dement, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

In compliance with Section 4.06, paragraph 7 of the City Charter, the comprehensive annual financial report for the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, for the year ended December 31, 1995, is submitted herewith. This document is the official comprehensive publication of the City's financial position at December 31, 1995, and of the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 1995, for all funds and account groups of the City.

This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. The report complies in all material respects to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board authoritative promulgations. The notes to the financial statements explain the City's accounting policies, basis of accounting, funds, and accounts used, as well as other significant accounting information. These notes are an integral part of this report.

The report includes all entities or organizations that are required to be included in the City's reporting entity. The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a governmental unit's reporting entity is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity.

There are several agencies that provide services to City residents and are included in the financial statements of the City as discrete component units because they are legally separate from the City. These entities are:

City Court of Bossier City Bossier City Marshal's Office Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority



The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the government's organizational chart, and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the general purpose financial statements, the combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules and supplementary data, as well as the auditors' report on the financial statements. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public health and safety, streets, sanitation, water and sewerage, planning and zoning, recreation, and general administrative services.

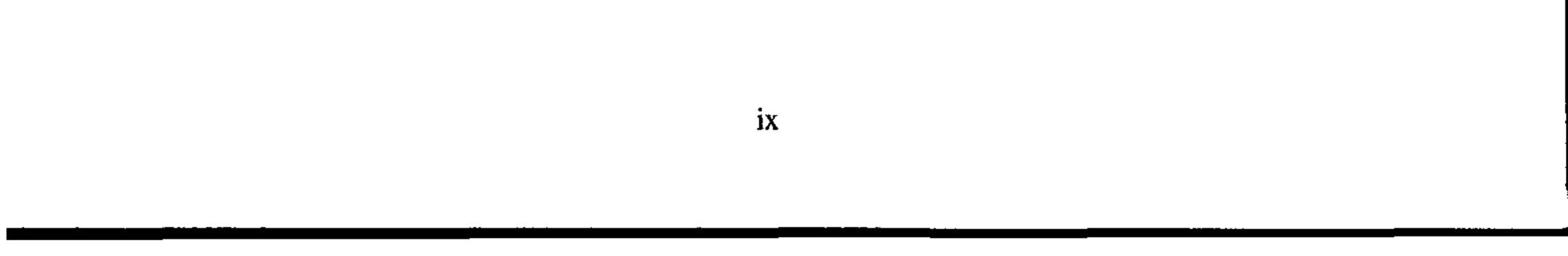
ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

During 1995, the City continued to experience significant growth in new construction. This is evidenced by the consistency in the number of building permits issued and the revenues derived therefrom. There have been significant increases in residential construction in North and East Bossier, primarily in new single family dwellings. Expansion in existing businesses and construction of new businesses, many of which are locating near Pierre Bossier Mall and in North Bossier along the I-220 by-pass, are evidence of growth and expansion that can be attributed to the improved economy and the increase in tourist activity, primarily as a result of the advent of riverboat gaming.

Barksdale Air Force Base (Barksdale), which currently employs over 7,000 people in the area, remains as viable and active as it has in the past. New construction and talks of mission and mission expansion are indicators that the base will remain an integral part of our community. Barksdale was notified that it was not on the list of base closures in the second Base Realignment and Closure Report. Currently, additional housing units are being constructed on the base.

With only the Red River dividing the City from the City of Shreveport, the condition of the Shreveport economy directly and indirectly has an effect on the City. The economy of the Bossier/Shreveport area again experienced sustained growth during 1995. This growth is evidenced by the increases in retail sales, employment, and residential housing construction. The continuation and completion of the Red River navigation project, the Caddo Bossier Port, and the opening of I-49 are having a significant impact on the economy and will provide major links for northwest Louisiana with other areas of the state and beyond. The impact of two riverboat gambling pavilions in the City and one in Shreveport have contributed significantly to the area's economy.

Sales tax collections for the City continued to grow and exceeded 1994 collections by \$1.7 million due to increased consumer spending, the riverboats, and building activity.



MAJOR INITIATIVES

<u>Current</u>

Engineering is currently underway to complete the Arthur Ray Teague Parkway and to expand the water and wastewater plants. In 1995, Bossier Medical Center purchased the practice of physicians associated with the hospital to ensure its continued viability.

<u>Future</u>

The expansion of our water and wastewater plants, completion of the Parkway from McDade Street to Hamilton Road, improvements along the riverfront, efforts to revitalize old downtown Bossier, and the extension of and widening of major traffic arteries represent projects that are related to a City on the grow. There is nothing in the near future that indicates that this growing trend will not continue.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis with the revenues being recorded when measurable and available and expenditures being recorded when the liability is incurred. Accounting records of the City's proprietary funds are maintained on the accrual basis.

Budgetary control is maintained at the subclass level by the encumbrance of balances with purchase orders before their release to vendors. Purchase orders which would result in an overrun of a budget allocation, after considering fund surpluses or deficits, are rejected by the accounting system and are not processed until additional funds are available. Monthly budget reports are prepared for management's use in controlling and monitoring the approved budget.

Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance at December 31, 1995.

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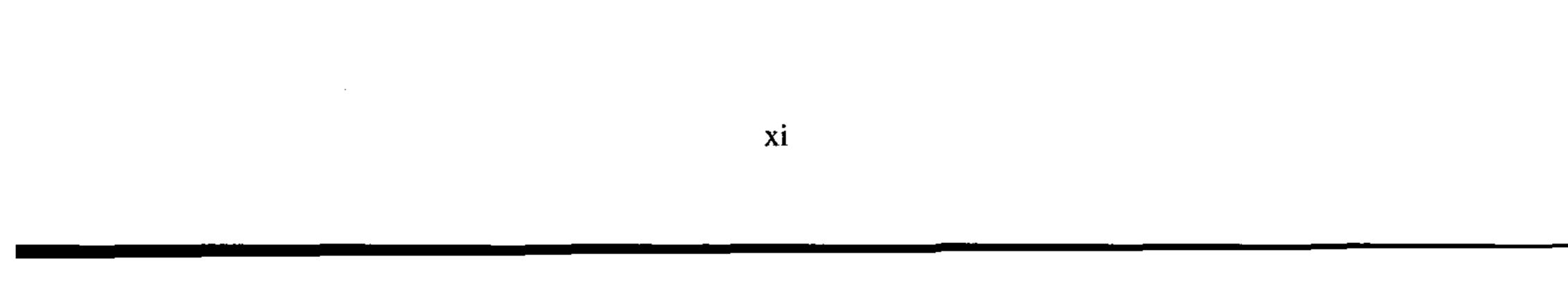
The following paragraphs are highlights of the activities of the funds and account groups controlled by or dependent upon the City. Significant financial events and changes in financial reporting practices are also reflected.

General Governmental Functions

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. The following disclosures of general governmental functions reflect those operating activities recorded in the General Fund. Revenues and other financing sources for general governmental functions totaled \$20,793,006 in 1995, an increase of 12.0% over 1994. General property and sales taxes, revenues from sanitation charges, licenses and permits, and fines and penalties, which represent the four major general governmental revenue sources of the City, produced 74.1% of general revenues compared to 75.2% last year. The amount of revenues from various sources in 1995 is shown in the following tabulation:

	1995		Increase	
Revenues and Other		Percent	(Decrease)	
Financing Sources	<u>Amount</u>	<u>of Total</u>	<u>From 1994</u>	
Taxes	\$ 11,218,222	54.0%	\$ 1,288,642	
Licenses and permits	1,776,977	8.5	147,303	
Intergovernmental	437,745	2.1	(37,236)	
Fines and penalties	800,191	3.8	260,926	
Racing Commission - Louisiana Downs, Inc.	578,126	2.8	(271,257)	
Video poker	403,699	1.9	(386,471)	
Interest	56,583	.3	27,818	
Sanitation charges	1,610,322	7.7	51,127	
Miscellaneous	1,211,141	<u> </u>	<u>116,049</u>	
Total revenues	18,093,006	87.0	1,196,901	
Transfers in	2,700,000	<u> 13.0</u>	1,025,000	
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 20,793,006	<u>100.0</u> %	\$ <u>2,221,901</u>	

The category showing the most significant change from 1994 was tax revenues which increased in 1995 resulting primarily from increased consumer activity. Receipts from Louisiana Downs, Inc. and video poker decreased due to the competition from facilities in neighboring states and alternative gambling opportunities. The increase in licenses and permits resulted from increased construction and business related activity attributed primarily to the activity spawned by the riverboats.



Assessed valuations of \$184,287,480 represented an increase of 12.9% over the preceding year. Allocations of property tax levy by purpose (tax rate per \$1,000 assessed value) for 1995 and 1994 are as follows:

Purpose	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
General Fund - unrestricted General Fund - restricted for Fire and Police Departments Debt service funds	\$ 7.40 16.45	7.40 16.47 <u>3.40</u>
	\$ <u>23.85</u>	27.27

Expenditures in the General Fund totaled \$20,304,502 in 1995, an increase of 11.9% over 1994. The amount of expenditures in 1995 by general governmental function is shown in the following tabulation:

	1995			Increase		
			Percent	(Decrease)		
		<u>Amount</u>	<u>of Total</u>	<u>From 1994</u>		
General government	\$	5,374,336	26.5%	\$ 773,200		
Solid waste		1,668,662	8.2	76,892		
Public safety		10,776,192	53.1	1,155,602		
Highways and streets		663,860	3.3	153,610		
Culture and recreation		1,227,579	6.0	(52,168)		
City Court and Marshal		593,873	2.9	57,643		
	\$	20,304,502	<u>100.0</u> %	\$ <u>2,164,779</u>		

During 1995, total General Fund expenditures increased by 12% due primarily to additional personnel, salary increases, and increases in benefit costs. A 12% increase in public safety expenditures is mainly due to additional personnel.

Fund balance in the General Fund was maintained at an adequate level. The General Fund fund balance experienced an increase of \$437,504 bringing the total fund balance to \$3,906,168 at December 31, 1995, which represents 19.2% of 1995 expenditures.



Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources. The total revenues of \$15,042,021 from these sources for 1995 reflects a net increase of 65.2% from 1994. Sales and use taxes, riverboat gaming, and intergovernmental revenues generated 92.8% of the total 1995 revenues compared to 94.8% in 1994. Sales tax revenues of \$3,033,810 were recorded in three special revenue funds established for the purposes of constructing and operating two new fire stations and a training facility, maintaining and operating the City jail and municipal buildings, and repair and maintenance of streets and drainage. Riverboat gaming revenue of \$9,510,317 was received as part of the agreement with the two riverboats that became operational during 1994. These funds are intended to be accumulated to \$15,000,000 that will be retained as a base amount, with 50% of the excess to be used for capital and other undetermined projects. Intergovernmental revenues of \$1,412,212 consisted primarily of Community Development Block Grant monies expended for programs designed to benefit low and moderate income residents and an allocation of \$525,000 from the State of Louisiana for the operation of the Civic Center. The Civic Center, in its sixth full year of operation, generated total revenues of \$782,979, primarily from the State grant and rental fees. Other special revenue funds were used to account for the Metropolitan Planning Commission and the Court Witness Fee Fund.

Debt Administration

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the City's financial position. During 1995, the City had available debt service funds in excess of its bonded debt resulting from interest earnings on funds available to provide for debt service. These excess funds were transferred through a residual equity transfer to other funds to be used for projects consistent with the original purpose of the bond issue and in accordance with applicable bond ordinances.

Bonded indebtedness activity for 1995 is summarized in the following table:

	Outstanding December 31, 1994	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Retired</u>	Outstanding December 31, <u>1995</u>
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds applicable to general city, water and sewerage, and Medical	\$ 1,230,000		(1,230,000)	
Center operations	60,090,000		<u>(2,790,000</u>)	57,300,000
	\$ <u>61,320,000</u>	r	<u>(4,020,000</u>)	<u>57,300,000</u>

On November 1, 1995, the City defeased its remaining general obligation debt of \$740,000. Therefore at December 31, 1995, there was no general obligation debt recorded in the financial statements of the City. Tables 6 to 10C of this report present more detailed information about the debt position of the City.

xiii

Pension Plans

The City and the State of Louisiana collectively have six pension plans to provide substantially all full-time City employees with retirement, death, and disability benefits. Employees, other than fire, police, and Bossier Medical Center, are covered under the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana. The City contributed 3.0% through June 1994 and 3.75% effective July 1995 of eligible earnings to the state for administration of this system.

Employees of the Bossier Medical Center are eligible for coverage in the Bossier Medical Center Employee's Pension Fund, which is administered commercially. The plan is noncontributory and is funded on a current basis.

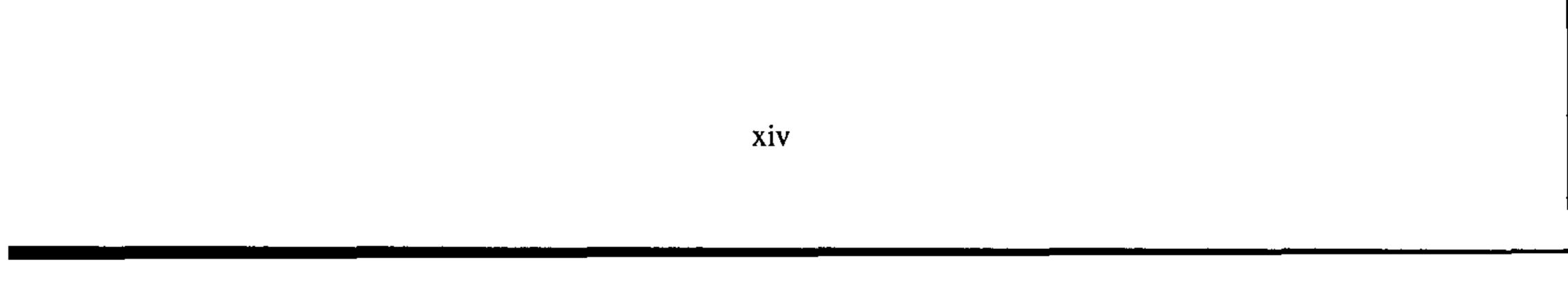
City-administered Fire and Police Pension and Relief Funds currently serve 163 active and retired members. These pension plans were established by state statutes without providing for adequate levels of contribution to fund the benefits offered by the plans. The latest actuarial valuation, dated January 1, 1996, indicated that the unfunded pension benefit obligation for active and retired employees covered by these plans is \$42,579,456. According to the latest actuarial report, the estimated annual contribution required to pay normal cost and to fund the unfunded prior service cost over a 30-year period from 1983 is approximately \$3,039,024.

The unfunded actuarial liability of the Policemen's Plan increased from 1994 to 1995 primarily due to a reassessment of survivors' and widows' benefits. The unfunded actuarial liability of the Firemen's Plan increased less than expected this year due to larger than expected interest income. Generally, the unfunded actuarial liability of these plans can be expected to increase for the next few years before beginning to decrease. Growth in these numbers should not be viewed as an indication of underfunding as the City continues to keep the plans actuarially sound by making the required contributions.

A one-half cent sales tax was approved by the voters in 1982 with a portion of the tax dedicated to liquidate the unfunded liabilities of the Fire and Police Pension and Relief Funds over 30 years.

<u>Cash Management</u>

The City has a cash management program which consists of pooling cash and investments for all funds of the City except the pension trust funds. Available cash was invested in obligations collateralized by instruments issued by the United States Government or United States Government agencies created by an act of Congress or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The total amount of interest earned during 1995 was \$4,358,533. This was \$814,071 more than interest earned during 1994.



<u>Risk Management</u>

The City maintains a combination of self-insurance and stop-loss coverage to manage its risk of loss from property damage, theft, and claims against employees. In addition, the City is partially self-insured for group hospitalization, disability, and life insurance. During 1995, the Insurance Fund deficit decreased by approximately \$492,232 to \$81,984 as of December 31, 1995, due primarily to increased funding by participants. A restructuring of the insurance coverage, which became effective January 1, 1995, along with additional personnel hires, is expected to improve the fund balance in the Insurance Fund. During 1995, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 concerning risk management. As discussed in footnote 13 to the financial statements, the implementation had no material financial impact.

Capital Project Funds

The capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds. Expenditures for capital improvement projects in 1995 totaled \$6,569,306. The primary sources of funding the City's capital improvement program are sales taxes.

The capital project funds balances, totaling \$11,332,822 at December 31, 1995, were invested through the City's cash management program in certificates of deposit and U.S. government obligations.

General Fixed Assets

The general fixed assets of the City are those fixed assets used in the performance of general governmental functions and exclude the fixed assets of enterprise funds. As of December 31, 1995, the general fixed assets of the City amounted to \$41,553,204. This amount represents the original cost of the assets. Depreciation of general fixed assets is not recognized in the City's accounting system, nor is interest capitalized.

Enterprise Funds

Comparative data for the water and sewerage system for the past two fiscal years is presented in the following tabulation:

	19	995	. 19	994
	Water	Sewer	Water	Sewer
Gross operating revenues	\$ 3,948,019	4,429,264	3,704,270	4,090,249
Operating expenses	<u>3,084,265</u>	<u>3,772,846</u>	<u>3,090,134</u>	<u>3,821,154</u>
Operating income	\$ <u>863,754</u>	656,418	<u>614,136</u>	269,095



The results of the water and sewer systems have continued to improve during 1995 due primarily to increased service revenues, continuation of the meter replacement program, and a decrease in repairs and maintenance due to improved experience with cave-ins.

Comparative data for the Bossier Medical Center and Emergency Medical Services for the past two years is presented in the following tabulation:

	Bossier Me	edical Center	Emer <u>Medical</u>	gency <u>Services</u>
	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
Gross operating revenues	\$ 53,521,501	43,854,926	1,676,832	1,485,712
Operating expenses	48,406,108	<u>42,319,182</u>	<u>1,565,794</u>	<u>1,243,403</u>
Operating income	\$ 5,1 <u>15,393</u>	1,535,744	111,038	242,309

Net income

\$ <u>2,790,264</u> <u>1,332,827</u> <u>128,165</u> <u>248,863</u>

Net income for the Bossier Medical Center increased in 1995 primarily due to increases in rates in 1994. The Emergency Medical Services Fund was profitable for 1995 due primarily to a policy that became effective during 1994 of billing for insurance coverage related to in-town service calls and increased rates that became effective in 1994.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

Section 3.10 of the City Charter of Bossier City requires that the City Council designate annually a certified public accountant or firm of certified public accountants to provide an annual independent audit of every agency and department of the City. The City Council designated KPMG Peat Marwick LLP to meet these requirements and their report follows as an integral component of this report.

The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-128, Audits of State and Local Governments. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are presented in a separate report.



<u>Certificate of Achievement of Excellence</u>

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bossier City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1994.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement for Excellence Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department and the assistance of the City's external auditors, KPMG Peat Marwick LLP. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I should also like to thank the Mayor and the members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles E. Glover Director of Finance



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Bossier City,

Louisiana

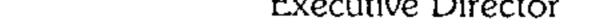
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1994

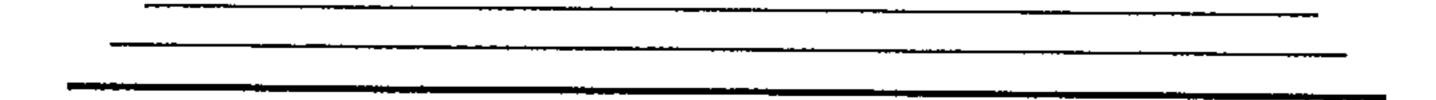
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

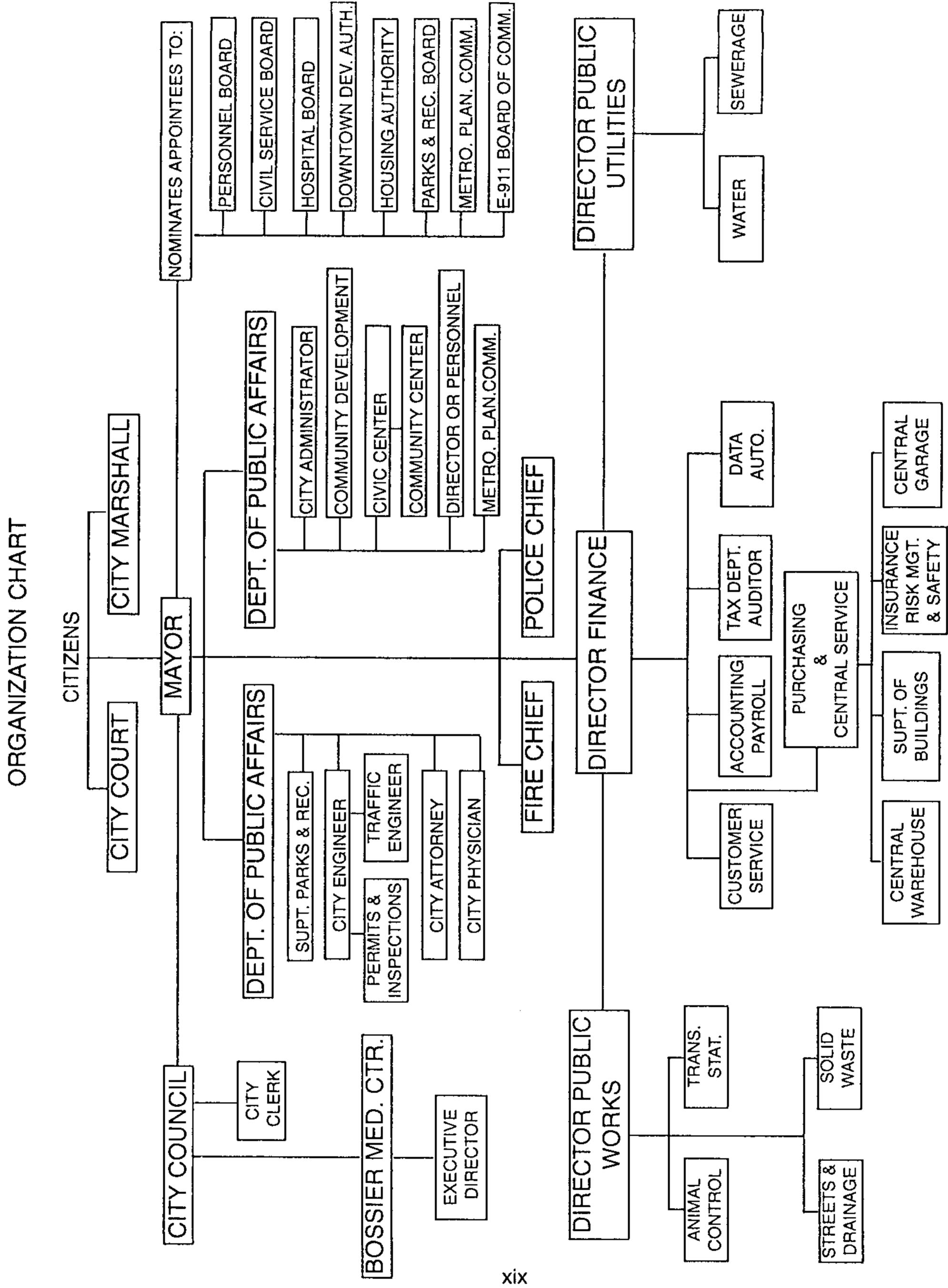
Executive Director





xviii







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ELECTED OFFICIALS



MAYOR GEORGE DEMENT





Council Member at Large REG W. ADAMS

Council Member at Large P.O. DePRANG, JR.

Council Member District 1 GORDON BLACKMAN



Council Member District 2Council Member District 3Council Member District 4Council Member District 5JIM SAWYERLEVONE WOODARDBILLY C. WILLIAMSJAMES ROGERS

XX

FINANCIAL SECTION

- INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
- COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OVERVIEW
- COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUP STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT — OPINION OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the City Council and the Honorable George Dement, Mayor, City of Bossier City, Louisiana:

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995, as listed in the accompanying Table of Contents as Exhibits 1-7 and Exhibits A-1 to I-1. These financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedules based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority whose statements reflect total assets of \$18,751,437 as of November 30, 1995, and total revenues of \$1,774,019 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the general purpose financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority in the component unit columns of Exhibits 1, 4, 5 and 6, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors whose report expressed an unqualified opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, as of December 31, 1995, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the combining, individual fund, and account group financial statements and schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each of the individual funds and account groups of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, as of December 31, 1995, and the results of operations of such funds and the cash flows of individual proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

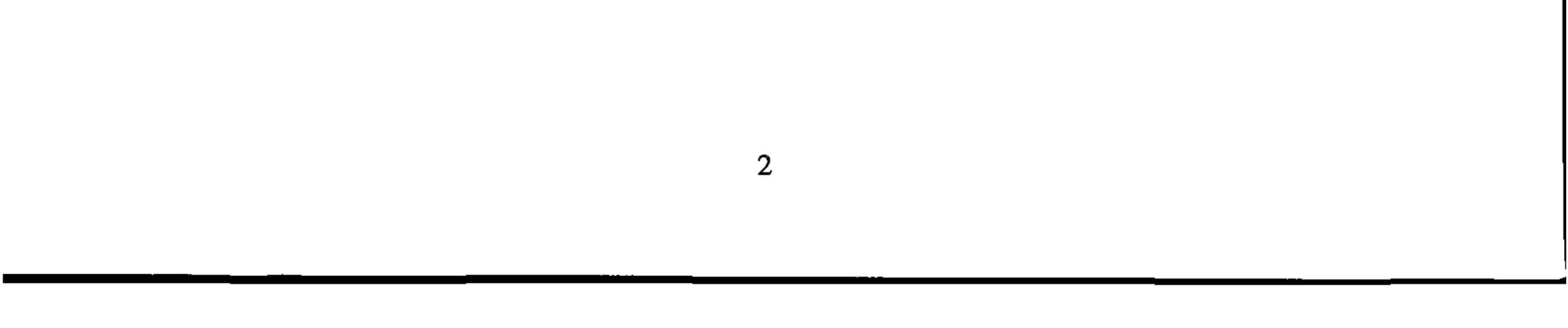
Member Farmof Nyriveld Peat Maswick Goordeler In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated March 8, 1996, on our consideration of the internal control structure of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, and a report dated March 8, 1996, on its compliance with laws and regulations.

The schedules of historical pension information listed as Exhibits J-1 and J-2 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The accompanying financial information listed as Statistical Tables 1-14 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana. The information has not been audited by us, and accordingly we express no opinion on this information.

KPMG feat Mannik LLP

March 8, 1996



COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW

The Combined Financial Statements include all funds and account groups of the City and are designed to provide an overview of the financial position and results of operations for the City as a whole. Additional information in the form of combining and individual fund and account group statements and schedules is included elsewhere in this report.

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Exhibit 1

Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types, Account Groups, and Discretely Presented Component Units

4	Component <u>Units</u> 1995	304,349 107,000	2,321		1		88,963 18,608,941 53,533	35,860 	I		19,200,967
als	burn Only) <u>overnment</u> 1994	40,222,135 21,216,021	1,148,586	11,392,561 509,434 1,041,613	999,612	74,064 842,298 1,200,621	5,409,828 3,124,863 27,242	106,344,408 928,869	8,421,355	31,157,332	234,060,842
Totals	(Memorandum Only) Primary Government 1995 1994	50,752,267 23,146,051	1,989,253	12,892,610 594,488 1,409,562	277,053	69,819 604,963 1,017,513	8,266,669 100,000 72,504	108,264,766 1,524,567	5,897,915	30.771.596	247,651,596
Account Groups	General Long-Term <u>Obligation</u>		I	111	I				5,897,915	30.771.596	36,669,511
Accoun	Fixed Assets		I	111	1			41,553,204	I		41,553,204
Fiduciary Fund Type	Agency Eunds	775,004 23,146,051	1	202,106	4,029	69,819 			ļ		24,197,009
etary Lypes	Internal Service	413,116 		3,203	I	161,297 					<u>577,616</u>
Proprietary Fund Types	Enterprise <u>Funds</u>	12,165,004	I	12,892,610 129,153 21,899	I	443,666 931,457	8,266,669 100,000 72,504	66,711,562 1,521,690	I	ľ	103,256,214
	Capital Projects	11,693,202 	I	172,641	I		111	11	1		11,878,742
I Fund Types	Debr Service	5,810,530 	Ι	87,385	i	111		11	1		5,897,915
Governmental Fund Types	Special <u>Revenue</u>	18,287,787	I	529,213	740			2,877	I		18,820,617
	General	\$ 1,607,624 	1,989,253		272,284		111		I		\$ 4,800,768
	r Debits	valents ()	(note 3) of allowance	ore accounts t ds	emmental	te 5):	quivalents cost	6) I debt	ded for	and	

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CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for 1994

Assets and Other I

Due from other funds (note 11) Due from other governn units Prepaid items Inventories, at cost Restricted assets (note 5 Cash and cash equiv Investments, at cost Accrued interest Property, plant, and equiv net (note 4) Other assets (note 16) Amount to be provided i term obligations Total assets and other debits Cash and cash equivale (note 2) Investments (note 2) Receivables, net: Property taxes (note Customers (net of a for uncollectible a of \$3,315,656) Accrued interest Other

3

Exhibit 1. Cont.

	Component <u>Units</u> 1995	208,413	27,000	I			I	I	303	18.760.413	1	35,860	11			404.694	404.694	440.554	19,200,967
Totals	(Memorandum Only) Primary Government 1995	4,924,370 186,507 000 617	50,000 50,000 463,352 1,322,821	514,341	1,080,000 154,346	1,982,685	1,230,000	21,110,000	37,900,000	71.918.034	34,871,329	39,455,785	2,121,747 33,251,304	8,421,355 155,777 532,000	20,026,902	13,362,759 9.943.751	87.815.694	<u>162.142.808</u>	234,060,842
ч	(Memora Primary (1995	5,246,174 114,371 277.053	27,860 472,262 1,466,587	477,834	1,160,000 156,379	2,540,855 440,331	1	19,950,000	36,190,000	68.519.706	35,723,541	41,553,204	2,184,488 38,613,339	5,897,915 	21,571,580	10,750,046 22,112,615	101.855.145	179.131.890	247,651,596
Account Groups	General Long-Term Obligation]	479,511	ļ	11		1		36,190,000	36.669.511	ł	i	11		ł				36,669,511
Accou	General Fixed Assets	111	111	I	11	11	ł	ł	1 1		ľ	41,553,204	11		Ι			41.553.204	41,553,204
Fiduciary Fund Type	Agency Funds	53,830 2,884	27,860	ł]]	2,540,855	ļ	I		2.625.429	I	I	11]]]	21,571,580		21.571.580	21.571.580	24,197,009
Proprietary Fund Types	Internal Service	500,632	1	1	11		1	1		500.632	I	ł	76,984	111	ł		76.284	76.984	577,616
Prop	Enterprise <u>Funds</u>	3,121,582 71,792 130,953	472,262 987,076	477,834	1,160,000	440,331	I	19,950,000		26.811.830	35,723,541	Ι	2,184,488 38,536,355		ļ	! ! 	40.720.843	76,444,384	103,256,214
	Capital Projects	517,341 28.579]]	I	11	11	1			545.920	ł	ł	11	582,776	I	10,750,046	11.332.822	11.332.822	11,878,742
<u>Governmental Fund Types</u>	Debt Service			ł			I				1	I]]	5,897,915 	ł		5.897.915	5.897.915	<u>5,897,915</u>
Government	Special <u>Revenue</u>	294,337 14,000 138,447		i	25,000		1			471.784	ļ	I	11	7,224	ł	18.341.609	18.348.833	18.348.833	18,820,617
		\$ 758,452 4,769	11	ļ	131,379	11	I			894.600]	1	11	135,162	i	3.771.006	3.906.168		<u>4,800,768</u>
	13	nages payable (note 11) nmental units	is and other note 5 and 17) cted assets:	- current	tion benefits	16) bonds	able (note 5):	s rations	S 	Credits	note 8) Il fixed	enne hond	note 5)	(note 5) nditures ss etirement	(te 9)	or subsequent nditures ned earnings	ances ty and	adits lities, equity,	r credits \$

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types, Account Groups, and Discretely Presented Component Units

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Equity and Other Cred Contributed capital (note Investment in general fix assets (note 4) Retained earnings: Accounts payable Estimates and retainage Estimates and retainage Due to other funds (not Due to other government Refundable deposits an Accrued vacation (note Payable from restricted Accrued interest Revenue bonds - cu portion (note 5) Deferred revenues Deferred revenues Deferred compensation payable (note 14) Note payable (note 14) Note payable (note 14) Note payable (note 14) Revenue bonds payable Enterprise funds General city operatic Component units Unreserved: Designated for su years' expendit Undesignated Total retained fund balanc Total equity a other credits Total liabilitie and other cr Total liabilit Liabilities

4

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types and Discretely Presented Component Units

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

Totals

	General	Special <u>Revenue</u>	Debt Service	Capital Projects	I otals (Memorandum Only) <u>Primary Government</u> 1995 192	dum Only) overment 1994	Component <u>Units</u> 1995
3 and 6) bing permits ental alties ission - Louisiana Downs uges	<pre>\$ 11,218,222 \$ 11,218,222 1,776,977 437,745 437,745 800,191 \$ 800,191 \$ 78,126 403,699 403,699 403,699 56,583 1,610,322 1,610,322 1,610,322 1,610,322</pre>	3,033,810 9,510,317 1,412,212 40,618 801,745 801,745	4,128,607	3,455,919 	21,836,558 9,510,317 1,776,977 1,776,977 1,849,957 840,809 840,809 578,126 403,699 200,425 1,957,797 1,957,797 1,610,322 1,610,322	20,141,119 6,530,353 1,629,674 1,629,674 2,088,825 559,107 849,383 790,170 790,170 1,127,080 1,559,195 1,559,195	603.138 8,815
revenues	18.093.006	<u>15.042.021</u>	4.566.673	4,177,451	41.879.151	36.691.770	<u>611.953</u>
overnment te ety ety d recreation t and Marshal cous	5,374,336 1,668,662 10,776,192 663,860 1,227,579 593,873	218,420 218,420 120,592 191,261 412,561 87,368 328,979 835,497		6,569,306	5,592,756 1,668,662 10,896,784 855,121 855,121 1,640,140 681,241 681,241 328,979 7,404,803	4,862,690 1,591,770 9,771,221 510,250 1,699,778 575,485 637,465 637,465 637,465	185,455 334,350 27,000 8,903
etirement (note 5) efunding escrow (note 5) d fiscal charges (note 5) expenditures s (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			2,203,389 741,981 <u>2,484,356</u> <u>5,429,726</u> (863,053)		2,203,389 741,981 2,484,356 34,498,212 7,380,939	2,085,000 2.614.778 31.100.787 5.590.983	<u>56.245</u>
ources (uses): isfers in (note 11) isfers out (note 11)		51,000 (2.100.000)	(150.000)	150,000 (50,000)	2,901,000 (2.351,000)	1,927,413 (<u>1.377,413</u>)	1
other financing sources (uses) s (deficiency) of revenues and other sources expenditures and other uses	437,504	10,798,343	(1,013,053)	(2,291,855)	7,930,939	<u>0,140,983</u>	56,245
beginning of year ansfer in (note 13)	3,468,664	6,961,458 589,032	8,421,355	13,564,264 60,413	32,415,741 649,445	26,274,758 	222,329
ansfer out (note 13) end of year	\$ 3,906,168	18,348,833	<u>(1.510.387)</u> 5,897,915	11,332,822	(1.510.387) 39,485,738	32,415,741	278,574
g notes to combined financial statements.							2

Total oth Excess (c over ex See accompanying n Residual equity tran Residual equity tran Fund balances at end Fund balances at be

Other financing sourd Operating transfe Operating transfe

Excess (d

General gover Solid waste Solid waste Public safety Highways and Culture and re Miscellaneous Principal retir Interest and fi Interest and fi Expenditures: Current:

Total rev

5

Revenues: Taxes (notes 3 an Riverboat gaming Licenses and pern Intergovernmental Fines and penaltie Racing Commissi Video poker Rental fees Interest Sanitation charges Miscellaneous

Exhibit 3

Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	517,917 517,917 158,587 158,587 158,587 158,587 121,189 121,189 121,189 994,748	1,369 17,339 17,339 17,339 558,453 577,161	1.571.909	(009) (009)	1,571,309 589.032 2,160,341
ld Budget	2,515,893 400,813 400,813 51,000 51,000 51,000	104,764 	1.125.343	51,600 (2.100.000) (2.048.400)	(923,057) 2,603,582
Special Revenue Fund Adjusted Actual	3,033,810 559,400 559,400 172,189 172,189 42,894 42,894	103,395 103,395 372,574 1311,466	.2.697.252	51.000 (2.100.000) (2.049.000)	648,252 2,603,582 589.032 3,840,866
Spe Funds Budgeted on a Project Basis	9,510,317 9,510,317 852,812 40,618 629,556	115,025 115,025 120,592 191,261 39,987 87,368 328,979 28,979	10.150.091		10,150,091 4,357,876 14,507,967
Actual	3,033,810 9,510,317 1,412,212 40,618 200,425 801,745 801,745 15.042.021	218,420 218,420 120,592 191,261 87,368 328,979 835,497 2,194,678	12.847.343	51,000 (2.100.000) (2.049.000)	10,798,343 6,961,458 589.032 18.348,833

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General and Special Revenue Fund Types

Year ended December 31, 1995

		General Fund	
	Actual	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
ing ermits ntal dties ission – Louisiana Downs	<pre>\$ 11,218,222 \$ 11,776,977 1,776,977 437,745 800,191 578,126 403,699</pre>	9,814,428 1,486,000 672,355 500,667 650,000 800,000	1,403,794 290,977 (234,610) 299,524 (71,874) (396,301)
iges evenues	56,583 1,610,322 1,211,141 18,093,006	30,000 1,615,000 1.213.546 16.781.996	26,583 (4,678) (2,405) 1,311,010
verment e ity and streets and Marshal ous	5,374,336 1,668,662 10,776,192 663,860 1,227,579 593,873	5,113,202 1,623,728 10,476,302 522,636 1,219,703 569,588	(261,134) (44,934) (299,890) (141,224) (141,224) (24,285) -
xpenditures (deficiency) of revenues over	20.304.502	<u></u>	<u>(779.343)</u> 531.667
urces (uses): sfers in sfers out ther financing sources (uses)	553	853	
(deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and uses	437,504	(94,163)	531,667
eginning of year usfer in	3,468,664	3,468,664	
nd of year	\$ <u>3,906,168</u>	3,374,501	531,667

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Fund balances at en-

Residual equity tran

Fund balances at be

Excess (d other st other u

Other financing sourc Operating transfe Operating transfe Total othe

Excess (c expend

Expenditures: Current: Current: General gover Solid waste Public safety Highways and Culture and re Culture and re City Court an Miscellaneous Capital outlay Total expe

6

Taxes Riverboat gaming Licenses and pen Intergovernments Fines and penalti Racing Commiss Video poker Rental fees Interest Sanitation charge Miscellaneous Total rev

Revenues:

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings Fund Balance - All Proprietary Fund Types and Similar Trust Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

	with compa	LAUVE WALLS IOF YEAR C	ended December 31, 1994			
	Enterprise Funds In	Jund Types Internal Service	Fiduciary <u>Fund Type</u> Pension Trust Funds	Totals (Memorandun Primary Gove 1995	otals andum Only) <u>Government</u> 1994	Component Unit - Bossier Public Trust <u>Financing Authority</u> 1995
Venues: for services tes, net (note 6) ncome tione (note 0 and 12).	\$ 62,802,608 	111	2,900,000 1,498,134	62,802,608 2,900,000 1,498,134	52,098,804 2,732,205 1,447,351	1,673,219
loyees neous Total revenues		3,292,716 631,216 246,794 4,170,726	962,933 47,582 3.140 5.411,789	4,255,649 678,798 1,022,942 73,158,131	2,472,385 666,960 1,189,995 60,607,700	100.800
penses: services	27,341,346 9,173,557			27,341,346 9,173,557	24,147,603 8,660,874	11
nd maintenance n for bad debts dical	7,703,166			7.703.166	1,140,000 772,696 3,505,281 7.033,891	111
neous tion and amortization ayments	1,136,824 4,607,353 	3,522,146 	76,241 	4,735,211 4,607,353 3,790,870	3,637,409 4,005,636 3,564,377	111
ervices Total expenses	56.829.013	3.522.146	3.867.111	64.218.270	56.473.827	<u>1.644.738</u> 1.644.738
Operating income	6.746.603	648.580	1.544.678	8.939.861	4.133.873	129.281
g revenues (expenses): boome xpense penalty penalty tion sale of investments Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	899,982 (1,545,739) (1,427,992) (1,427,992) (2,108,274)	2,620 2,620		902,602 (1,545,739) (1,427,992) (1,427,992) (2,105,654)	970,031 (1,128,994) (34,927) (79,378) 7265 (266,003)	
Income before operating transfers insfers out (note 11)	4,638,329 (550.000)	651,200 	1,544,678	6.834,207 (550.000)	3,867,870 (550,000)	129,281
Net income	4.088.329	651.200	1.544.678	6.284.207	3.317.870	129.281
rged to contribution accounts - n on contributed assets (note 8)	685.247	I		685.247	671.000	[]
nings (accumulated deficit)/fund balance at of year, as previously reported	36,111,995	(574,216)	20,026,902	55,564,681	51,575,811	(3,161)
adjustment (note 17)	(164.728)			(164.728)	(164.728)	
ungs (accumulated deficit)/fund balance g of year, as restated	35.947.267	(574,216)	20.026.902	55.399.953	51.411.083	(<u>191(</u>)
lings fund balance at end of year	\$ 40,720,843	76,984	21,571,580	62,369,407	55,399,953	126,120

Exhibit 4

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Retained earnings beginning of ye Prior period adjus Retained earnings at beginning of Amounts charged depreciation or Retained earning

Operating transfe N

Nonoperating rev Interest incon Interest exper Arbitrage per Amortization Loss on sale

Operating expen Personal ser Supplies Utilities Repairs and I Provision for Other medica Miscellaneou Depreciation Benefit payn Cost of servi

7

Operating revent Charges for Sales taxes, 1 Interest inco Contribution City Employe Miscellaneou

Exhibit 5

Combined Statement of Cash Flows - All Proprietary Fund Types and Discretely Presented Component Unit

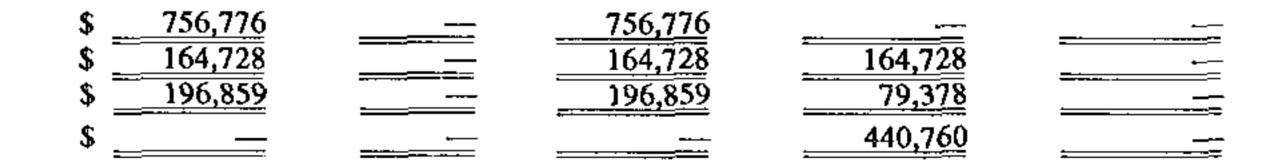
Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

		Enterprise Funds	Internal Service <u>Funds</u>	Tota (Memorand <u>Primary Go</u> <u>1995</u>	um Only)	Component Unit - Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority <u>1995</u>
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	6,746,603	648,580	7,395,183	2,674,260	129,281
cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Provision for bad debts Increase in accounts receivable Decrease in other receivable		4,641,311 4,969,814 (6,469,862) 25,909	 	4,641,311 4,969,814 (6,469,862) 25,909	4,031,004 3,505,281 (5,946,221) 83,294	570,114
Decrease in due from other funds Decrease (increase) in prepaid expense Decrease (increase) in inventories Decrease in accrued interest receivable Decrease (increase) in other assets		110,228 164,072 13,881	(28,670)	81,558 164,072 13,881	55,265 (183,001) (78,025) (20,575)	28,296
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase in accrued vacation Decrease in due to other funds		(552,001) 112,942 (104,761)	(216,946)	(552,001) 112,942 (321,707)	710,766 106,306 (64,172)	18,732
Increase in refundable deposits Decrease in accrued claims Net cash provided by operating	-	39,634	<u>(24.468</u>)	39,634 (24,468)	24,925 (112.661)	
activities Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	-	<u>9.697.770</u>	<u>378,496</u>	<u>10.076.266</u>	<u>4.786.446</u>	<u> </u>
Principal paid on revenue bond maturities Proceeds from issuance of bonds Operating transfers out	-	(654.761)	• •	(654.761)	(<u>314.286</u>)	(11,748,948) 18,493,331
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	-	<u>(654,761</u>)		(654.761)	<u>(314.286</u>)	<u> 6.744.383</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Contributions received for purchase of property and		(4,196,473)	k	(4,196,473)	(7,017,136)	-
equipment Proceeds received from disposal of capital assets Capital contributed by subdividers and customers Capital contributed by Consolidated Debt Service Fund		587,441 488 73,996 860,942		587,441 488 73,996 860,942	185,316 1,908 272,900	
Interest paid on general obligation bonds Contributions for interest on general obligation bonds Principal paid on revenue bond maturities		(15,080) 15,080 (1,080,000)	(313)	(15,393) 15,080 (1,080,000)	(34,925) 34,925 (1,030,000)	
Interest paid on revenue bonds Arbitrage penalty paid Acquisition of physician practices Payments of note payable Restricted donations received		(1,506,641) (209,076) (316,445) 	 	(1,506,641) (209,076) (316,445) 	(1,551,407) (34,927) — —	
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	-	(5.755.768)	(313)	(5.756.081)	_ <u>(9.173.346</u>)	
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of investments Maturities and sales of investments Principal payments received on mortgage loans Interest received Rental property	-	1,566,672 783,320 14.029		1,566,672 783,320 14,029	(1,000,560) 9,040,803 865,246 2426	(18,608,941) 8,693,266 2,149,345
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-	2.364.021	<u> </u>	2.364.021	<u> </u>	<u>(7.766.330</u>)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		5,651,262 <u>14.780.411</u>	378,183 <u>34,933</u>	6,029,445 <u>14.815,344</u>	4,206,729 <u>10,608.615</u>	(275,524) <u>364,487</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	20,431,673	<u>413,116</u>	<u>20,844,789</u>	<u>14,815,344</u>	<u>88,963</u>

8

Noncash transactions: Acquisition of assets through assumption of note payable Prior period adjustment Amortization

Capitalized interest



See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

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N hitit

<u>Exhibit 6</u>			<u>Totals</u>	304,349 107,000 2,321	88,963 18,608,941 53,533 35,860	19,200,967		208,413 27,000 <u>18,525,000</u> <u>18,760,413</u>	35,860 126,120 278,574 404,694	440.554	19,200,967	
			Proprietary Fund Type Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority		88,963 18,608,941 53,533	18,751,437		100,317 18.525.000 18.625.317	126,120 	126.120	18,751,437	·
Y, LOUISIANA	- Component Units	, 1995	<u>ntal Fund Types</u> Bossier City <u>Marshal's Office</u>	131,130 	35.860	166,990		22,096 	35,860 	144.894	166,990	
CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA	Combining Balance Sheet	December 31,	Governmental City Court of Bossier City	\$ 173,219 107,000 2,321		\$ <u>282,540</u>		\$ 86,000 27,000 <u>113.000</u>	169.540 169.540	169.540	\$ <u>282,540</u>	
5	Co		Assets	Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments (note 2) Receivables Restricted assets:	Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accued interest Property and equipment	Total assets	Liabilities. Equity, and Other Credits	Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governmental unit Revenue bonds payable (note 5) Total liabilities	Equity and other credits: Investment in general fixed assets Retained earnings Fund balances – unreserved - undesignated Total fund balances	Total equity and other credits	Total liabilities, equity, and other credits	

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements and accompanying independent auditors' report.

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and

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Component Units	Year ended December 31, 1995	Governmental Fund TypesCity Court ofBossier CityBossier CityTotalsBossier CityMarshal's OfficeTotals	ices $\$ 237,619$ $365,519$ $603,138$ 8.815 8.815 $246,434$ $365,519$ $603,138$ 8.815 $611,953$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	enditures 33,979 22,266 56,245	<u>135,561</u> <u>86,768</u> <u>222,329</u>	\$ <u>169,540</u> <u>109,034</u> <u>278,574</u>	otes to combined financial statements and accommanying independent auditors' range
Combining Statement of Revenu Changes in Fund Balances -	Year ended Decembe	B S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		litures: ont: contail government cheral government iblic safety iscellaneous al outlay Total expenditures Total expenditures	Excess of revenues over expenditures 3:	alances at beginning of year		omnanving notes to combined financial statements and accomm

Exhibit 7

See accor

Fund bal Fund bala

Expendit Current Gen Capital Capital

10

Revenues Fees, cl Interest

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

December 31, 1995

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

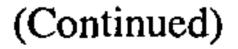
- The City of Bossier City, Louisiana (the "City"), was incorporated in 1907 and operates under a City Charter dated July 1, 1977, which provides for a strong Mayor-Council form of government. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public health and safety, streets, sanitation, water and sewerage, planning and zoning, recreation, and general administrative services. Education and welfare are administered by other governmental entities.
- The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for general purpose financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity.
- The financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended Component Unit

Metropolitan Planning Commission

The Metropolitan Planning Commission (Commission) is responsible for the orderly physical development of the City and the surrounding planning area. The Commission makes recommendations to the City Council and the Parish Police Jury. The Commission consists of nine members with four appointed by both the City and the Bossier Parish Police Jury, and one member is elected by joint action of the governing authorities. Although the Commission is legally separate, the City acts as its fiscal agent and has the ability to modify and approve its budget. Separate financial statements are not issued on the Commission since it has been historically included as a fund within the City's financial statements. Since the Commission provides services almost entirely to the City and due to the significance of the fiscal dependency relationship, it has been blended with the City's financial statements.

11



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component units columns in the combined financial statements include the financial data of the City's component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

City Court of Bossier City

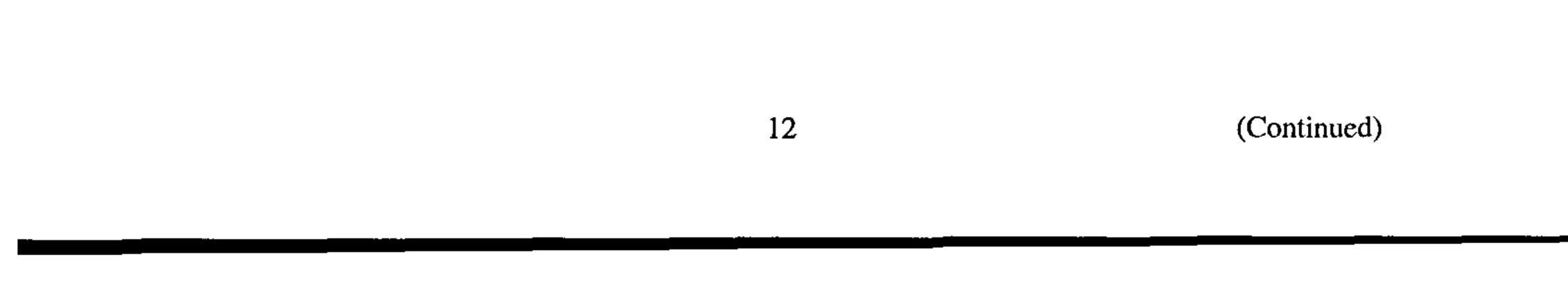
The City Court of Bossier City (City Court) was created by special legislative act. Its jurisdiction includes the incorporated area of the City. The City judge is elected and cannot be removed by City officials. The City Court is fiscally dependent on the City. The City has the ability to modify or approve its budget which comes from the General Fund. There are certain funds collected by the City Court, pursuant to state statute, which are under the control of the City Court. The City Court serves the citizenry of the City. The financial statements of the City Court included in the accompanying financial statements are as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995.

Bossier City Marshal's Office

The Bossier City Marshal's Office (City Marshal) is an elected official. The City Marshal is fiscally dependent on the City. The City has the ability to modify or approve the budget which comes from the General Fund. There are certain funds collected as court costs, pursuant to state statute, which are under the control of the City Marshal. The City Marshal serves the citizenry of the City. The financial statements of the City Marshal included in the accompanying financial statements are as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995.

Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority

The Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority was created by a trust indenture, pursuant to state enabling legislation, which made the City the beneficiary. There are five trustees appointed by the City Council for terms of five years. Per terms of the trust indenture, the City has no power to transact business for the trustees nor to control or direct the actions of the trustees. The City is entitled solely to the benefits of the trust, and at the termination of the trust it shall receive the residual of the trust. The City cannot access the organization's funds at will, although there is some ability to access them at the discretion of the Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority. The Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority serves the citizenry of the City. The financial statements of the Bossier Public Trust Financial Authority included in the accompanying financial statements are as of and for the fiscal year ended November 30, 1995.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Complete financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained at the following addresses:

City Court of Bossier City P.O. Box 5337 Bossier City, Louisiana 71171

Bossier City Marshal's Office P.O. Box 5337 Bossier City, Louisiana 71171

Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority 710 Benton Road Bossier City, Louisiana 71171

Other Related Organizations

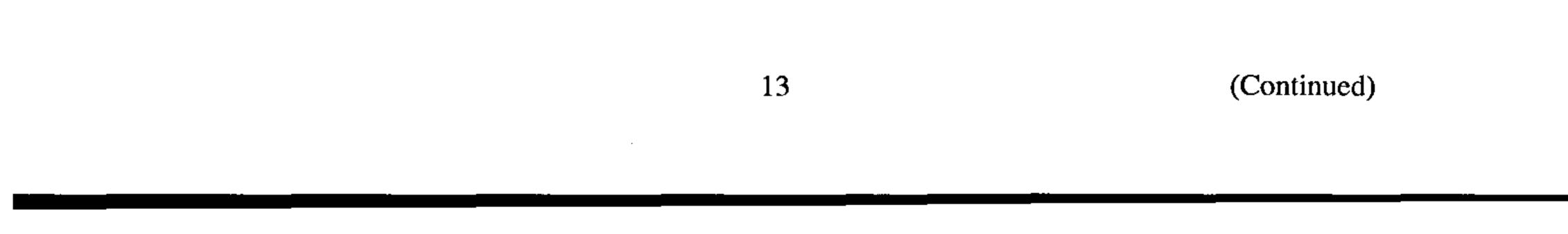
Bossier Housing Authority

The Bossier Housing Authority was created by state statute, and it is legally separate from the City. The Mayor appoints the five commissioners; however, the City cannot impose its will on the Bossier Housing Authority since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the commissioners. The Bossier Housing Authority is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the City. Therefore, it is not included in the City's financial statements.

Industrial Park Fund

The Industrial Park Fund was organized in 1976 as a joint venture between the City and the Bossier Parish Police Jury for the purpose of purchasing land and the development of an industrial park.

The City has a 50 percent interest in the assets of the Industrial Park Fund. Both governing bodies share equally in the approval process for budgeting and financing activities. Advances by the City to the Industrial Park Fund have been expensed in the fund making the advance, and the City's equity interest in the net assets of the fund has not been recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group because it is immaterial.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Condensed unaudited financial information as of December 31, 1995, is as follows:

Balance Sheet Data	<u>Total</u>	City's <u>Share</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>92,540</u>	<u>46,270</u>
Total fund balance	\$ <u>92,540</u>	<u>46,270</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		
Revenues Expenditures Excess expenditures over revenues	\$ 33,720 <u>61,300</u> (27,580)	16,860 <u>30,650</u> (13,790)

Fund balance, January 1, 1995	<u>120,120</u>	<u>60,060</u>
Fund balance, December 31, 1995	\$ <u>92,540</u>	46,270

During 1995, the Industrial Park Fund was essentially inactive having completed its primary activity of prior years which consisted of funding the construction of a 420 foot road and a utility easement on behalf of an industrial company relocating to the Bossier City area. Complete financial statements of the joint venture may be obtained at the following address:

Bossier Parish Police Jury P.O. Box 68 Bossier City, Louisiana 71006

The accounting policies of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The accounting policies of the discretely presented component units are consistent with those of the City. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

14

(A) **Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/retained earnings, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are summarized by type in the financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending measurement focus; that is, the measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the City's governmental fund types:
- <u>General Fund</u> The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds at December 31, 1995, were Metropolitan Planning Commission, State and Federal Grant, Court Witness Fee, Civic Center, Fire Improvements and Operations, Jail and Municipal Buildings, Streets and Drainage, and Riverboat Gaming.
- <u>Debt Service Funds</u> The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The debt service funds receive a portion of all ad valorem and sales taxes paid to the City.
- <u>Capital Project Funds</u> Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the City's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. All proprietary funds and the pension trust funds are accounted for on a capital maintenance measurement focus; that is, the measurement focus is upon determination of net income. The following are the proprietary funds maintained by the City:

15

(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

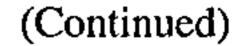
- Enterprise Funds Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City's enterprise funds are the Department of Water and Sewerage, Bossier Medical Center, and Emergency Medical Services.
- The Department of Water and Sewerage is operated as a self-sustaining utility of the City and is responsible for providing the residents of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, with water and sewerage treatment.
- Bossier Medical Center is a municipal health care facility owned and operated by the City of Bossier City, Louisiana. The Bossier Medical Center is governed by a Board of Directors which is appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The City Council approves and has the right to change the annual operating and capital budgets, if it so desires. The Board administers the daily operations of the hospital within the budgetary and fiscal controls established by the City Council as a selfsustaining entity of the City.
- The Emergency Medical Services department is operated as a self-sustaining service of the City and is responsible for providing the residents of the City of Bossier City, Louisiana, with emergency medical services.
- Internal Service Funds Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department of the City to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains two internal service funds for medical and workmen's compensation insurance coverage.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

- Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.
- Pension Trust Funds The City maintains three retirement funds which are accounted for and reported as fiduciary funds since capital maintenance is critical. These funds are the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, the

16

Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, and the Bossier Medical Center Pension Fund.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The Consolidated Sales Tax Fund accounts for the collection of a two and one-half percent city sales and use tax and the distribution of this tax to the various funds which account for operations or projects for which the tax was levied. This fund also accounts for the collection and distribution of sales taxes levied by the Bossier Parish School Board and various municipalities within the parish. The Deferred Compensation Fund accounts for the assets held under the City's Internal Revenue Code Section 457 plan. The Riverboat Gaming Agency Fund accounts for the receipt and distribution of funds received from the riverboats and paid to other local government agencies under the terms of the agreements with the riverboats.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the City's general fixed assets and general long-term obligations. The following are the City's account groups:

- <u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.
- <u>General Long-Term Obligation Account Group</u> This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the City except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

(B) Fixed Assets and Long-Term Liabilities

- The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. This reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.
- Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations (general fixed assets) are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, rather than in governmental funds. Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, curbs and

17

gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems are not capitalized along with other general fixed assets. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets, nor has interest been capitalized.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

- All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.
- Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the General Long-Term Obligation Account Group, not in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities accounted for in the General Long-Term Obligation Account Group are retired from the General Fund and debt service funds while long-term liabilities accounted for in the proprietary funds are retired from the respective funds in which they are recorded.
- The two account groups are not "funds." They are concerned only with the measurement of financial position. They are not involved with measurement of results of operations.
- Special reporting treatments are also applied to governmental fund prepaid expenditures to indicate that they do not represent "available spendable resources," even though they are a component of net current assets. Such amounts are generally offset by fund balance reserve accounts.
- Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such longterm amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the General Long-Term Obligation Account Group.
- All proprietary funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets (including fixed assets) and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.
- Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation recognized on fixed assets acquired through intergovernmental grants, entitlements, or shared revenues externally restricted to capital acquisitions is allocated to contributed capital, while depreciation on fixed assets acquired with proprietary fund resources is allocated to retained earnings.
- Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings Structures: Water reservoir and treatment plant Transmission and distribution system Equipment and vehicles

18

15-50 years

10-50 years 10-50 years 3-20 years



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(C) <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

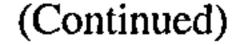
Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by all governmental funds (General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, agency funds, and capital projects funds). Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Ad valorem taxes are considered "measurable" at the time of levy whereas such items as tobacco taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting agencies and are recognized as revenue at that time. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include (1) accumulated unpaid vacation, sick pay, and other employee amounts which are not accrued; and (2) principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

- In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.
- Licenses and permits, charges for general governmental services, fines and penalties, Racing Commission revenues, video poker revenues, riverboat gaming revenues, and miscellaneous other revenues (except investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Taxes, charges for services, and investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available (see note 3 for property tax accrual policy).

19



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

The accrual basis of accounting is used by the proprietary and pension trust funds. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The reserve method is used to account for bad debt expenses on enterprise fund receivables. Unbilled service revenues are not accrued by the City. Unbilled service receivables of the Department of Water and Sewerage Fund and Emergency Medical Services Fund not reflected in the accompanying financial statements were approximately \$300,241 and \$58,019, respectively, at December 31, 1995. Management does not consider these amounts material to the financial position or results of operations of the Department of Water and Sewerage or the Emergency Medical Services Fund.

The City applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict

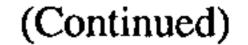
GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, APB opinions, and ARBS.

(D) <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The City utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) Prior to November 15, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) A public hearing is then conducted, after proper official journal notification, to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Prior to December 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- (4) The budget ordinance is structured such that revenues are budgeted by source, and appropriations are budgeted by department and by principal object of expenditure. The City Charter provides that expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations on a departmental basis after considering fund surpluses or deficits. The Council may revise or amend the budget at its discretion during legally convened sessions. Management may amend the budget only below the department level. Amendments to the budget were made and adopted by the Council during 1995.
- (5) The City utilizes formal budgetary integration as a management control device for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. This process is not employed for the debt service funds because effective budgetary control is achieved through general bond indenture provisions.





Notes to Combined Financial Statements

- (6) Comparison of budgeted and actual amounts as shown in Exhibit 3 in the accompanying financial report includes the General Fund and those special revenue funds which are included in the annual operating budget (Metropolitan Planning Commission, Civic Center, Fire Improvements and Operations, Jail and Municipal Buildings, and Streets and Drainage). Annual operating budgets are not prepared for the State and Federal Grant, Court Witness Fee, and Riverboat Gaming special revenue funds, but rather these funds are budgeted on a project basis. The capital budget ordinances which encompass the capital projects funds present cumulative as opposed to annual budget amounts and thus budget and actual comparisons are not reported in the accompanying financial report for these funds.
- (7) The basis of accounting applied to budgetary data presented is substantially consistent with the appropriate basis of accounting for each fund type for which an annual budget is prepared. Appropriations which are not expended lapse at year-end, except appropriations for capital improvements, which do not lapse until the purpose of the appropriation has been accomplished or abandoned.
- (8) The City is legally required to prepare annual operating budgets for the Department of Water and Sewerage, Bossier Medical Center, and the Emergency Medical Services. The annual operating and capital budgets of the Bossier Medical Center are prepared by the staff of the hospital and are then reviewed and approved by the City Council. The City is not, however, required to present an actual-to-budget comparison for the enterprise funds. Budgets are not prepared for the internal service funds.

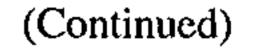
(E) <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances since the commitments will be honored through subsequent years' budget appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

(F) Investments

For all funds, except for the Deferred Compensation Fund, investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. The investments at December 31, 1995, were primarily U.S. government and U.S. government agency securities (see note 2 for the City's investment policy). Investments of the Deferred Compensation Fund are stated at market and consist of investments in life insurance contracts.

21



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(G) <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Prepaid items consist of items such as prepaid insurance and other prepaid expenditures. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time such items are purchased. The reserve for prepaid expenditures in governmental fund types is equal to the amount of prepaid expenditures to indicate a portion of the fund balance is not available for future expenditure.

(H) Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out). Inventories in the General Fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time individual inventory items are purchased and charged as an expenditure when used. No reserve for inventories is provided since no minimum amounts of inventories are required to be maintained. Inventories in the enterprise funds consist of repair materials, spare parts, drugs, and medical supplies.

(I) <u>Refundable Deposits</u>

- The Department of Water and Sewerage of the City of Bossier City requires that its water and sewer customers place a deposit before service is rendered. These monies are not restricted by law and are generally used by the Department of Water and Sewerage in meeting current operating cash requirements.
- The Sales Tax Department requires deposits of certain establishments involved in special events and before being allowed to sell alcohol. The deposits are used to offset delinquent tax bills or are returned upon the respective activity ceasing.
- (J) <u>Deferred Revenues</u>
 - Certain licenses are collected in advance; therefore, the recognition of revenue is deferred until the following year. In addition, certain insignificant grant revenues were collected in excess of allowable expenditures and were thus, deferred.
- (K) <u>Contributions</u>
 - Contributions recorded in the Department of Water and Sewerage Fund, the Emergency Medical Services Fund, and the Bossier Medical Center Fund include amounts advanced for aid in construction and other expenses paid or incurred on behalf of these funds by the City of Bossier City - General Fund and capital projects funds, various federal and state grants-in-aid of construction, and other contributions in aid of construction primarily from

contractors and developers. The contributions or grants-in-aid of construction received do not reduce the cost basis of the respective assets acquired. Such contributions and grants are charged currently with the depreciation of the respective assets.



(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(L) Vacation and Sick Leave

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. The maximum allowable accumulation of vacation and sick leave is up to 30 days and 100 days, respectively. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days up to the maximum allowable accumulation. For financial reporting purposes, the City does not accrue vacation earned but not paid in the governmental funds since the liability will be funded from future resources. Vacation and sick leave are recorded as an expenditure when paid in governmental funds. The estimated liability for unused vacation for governmental funds is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as it is earned by the employees.

(M) <u>Comparative Total Data</u>

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying combined financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. However, comparative data (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type) have not been presented in each of the statements, since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Certain amounts relating to 1994 have been reclassified in the accompanying financial statements in order to conform with the 1995 presentation.

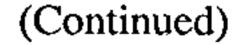
(N) Total Columns on Combined Statements

Total columns on the combined statements are captioned "Totals (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

(O) <u>Pension Plans</u>

The City of Bossier City, Louisiana, the Bossier Medical Center, and the State of Louisiana collectively have six pension plans which cover substantially all employees who meet certain length of service requirements. See note 9 for details of these plans.

23



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(P) <u>Medicare</u>

- The Bossier Medical Center is paid for the cost of services provided to health insurance program patients and adjustments may sometimes occur when such costs have been audited and reported on by the Medicare Intermediary. An estimate of the amounts due to the Intermediary has been included in current liabilities. Amounts by which the Bossier Medical Center's standard billing rates exceed the Medicare reimbursement have reduced operating revenues.
- The Bossier Medical Center grants credit to patients, substantially all of whom are local residents, under terms requiring timely repayment. The Bossier Medical Center does not require collateral or other security in extending credit to patients; however, it routinely obtains assignment of (or is otherwise entitled to receive) patients' benefits payable under their health insurance programs, plans, or policies (e.g., Medicare, Blue Cross, and commercial insurance policies).

At December 31, 1995, the Bossier Medical Center had receivables from the Federal Government (Medicare), net of contractual allowances, totaling \$2,503,419. Receivables from Blue Cross and commercial insurance carriers, net of contractual allowances, totaled \$1,614,885 and \$3,901,450, respectively, at December 31, 1995.

Amounts applicable to sick pay, which are accounted for on the accrual basis for financial statement purposes, are reimbursable by Medicare on the cash basis. The reimbursable costs related to the amount of unpaid sick pay for financial reporting purposes are reported as "other assets" in the balance sheet.

(Q) <u>Reserves</u>

Use of the term "reserve" in describing governmental fund "Fund Balances" indicates that a portion of the fund balance is not appropriable for expenditures or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

(R) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City, such as routine employer contributions from the General Fund to the pension trust funds, are accounted for as revenues and expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Nonrecurring or nonroutine transfers of equity between funds and transfers of residual balances of discontinued funds are treated as residual equity transfers. Residual equity transfers are reported as additions to or deductions from beginning fund balance for governmental funds. For proprietary funds, they are reported as an addition or deduction to contributed

capital. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed. Operating transfers to the appropriate funds and



(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

legally authorized transfers from the Bossier Medical Center to other funds are distinguished from revenues, expenses, or expenditures in financial statements. These transfers are reported in the "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" section in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance (governmental funds) and in the "Operating Transfers" section in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in retained earnings (proprietary funds).

(S) <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are normally levied in November of each year and are due on or before December 31. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are available. Property taxes levied for the current year are considered available in the current year as they are budgeted for and expected to be used to finance

- expenditures within the year levied. In addition, historically 96 percent of the taxes have been collected within 60 days after the due date. Available property taxes are recognized as current year revenues in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.
- The City currently levies the maximum tax allowed by state statutes and the Louisiana Constitution for general governmental services other than taxes for special purposes (such as the funds designated for the Fire and Police Departments) or the payment of long-term debt. The City is permitted to levy taxes up to 10% of the assessed property valuation for each specified purpose for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt after approval by the voters of the City.

(T) <u>Grants From Other Governmental Agencies</u>

Federal and state governmental agencies represent an important source of supplementary funding to finance housing, employment and construction programs, and other activities beneficial to the community. These funds, primarily in the form of grants, are recorded in the General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and enterprise funds. A grant receivable is recorded when the City has a right to reimbursement under the related grant. The grants normally specify the purpose for which the funds may be used and are subject to audit by the granting agency or its representative.

(U) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers each fund's

equity investment in the pooled cash account and all highly liquid debt instruments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.



(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(V) Postretirement Benefits

The City provides certain postretirement benefits to its employees as described in note 13.

(W) <u>Self-Insurance Claims</u>

The City is self-insured for medical benefits and workmen's compensation coverage. Self-insured claims are recorded in the City's Internal Service funds in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 10.

Incurred but not reported claims are recorded as liabilities in the Insurance Fund and Liability Insurance Fund. An estimate for these claims is provided by a third party administrator based on historical experience.

(2) **Cash and Investments**

<u>City of Bossier City (Primary Government)</u>

- All deposits of the City are held by area financial institutions. At December 31, 1995, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$35,340,513, and the bank balance was \$37,199,668. This difference is due to the outstanding checks at December 31, 1995.
- The City maintains a pooled cash and investments account for all funds of the City except the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, Bossier Medical Center Fund, and the Bossier Medical Center Pension Fund. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the combined balance sheet. Interest income is allocated to each respective individual fund monthly based on each fund's average daily cash balance.
- The City's deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or were collateralized with securities held by the City's agent (one of its custodial banks) in the City's name. Statutes require that securities pledged for deposits of the City be held by a bank other than the pledging bank.
- State statutes authorize the City to invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, government agencies' securities, certificates and time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana and national banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana, or mutual or trust fund institutions which have underlying investments consisting solely of and limited to securities of the United States government or its agencies. In addition, the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, and the Bossier Medical Center Pension Fund may invest in bonds of the State of Louisiana or of the City of Bossier City.

During 1995, the City invested in certificates of deposit, U.S. government and U.S. agency securities, collateralized mortgage government obligations, and mortgage-backed securities and mutual funds backed by government agency securities. The funds of the Deferred Compensation Fund are invested in a life insurance contract.

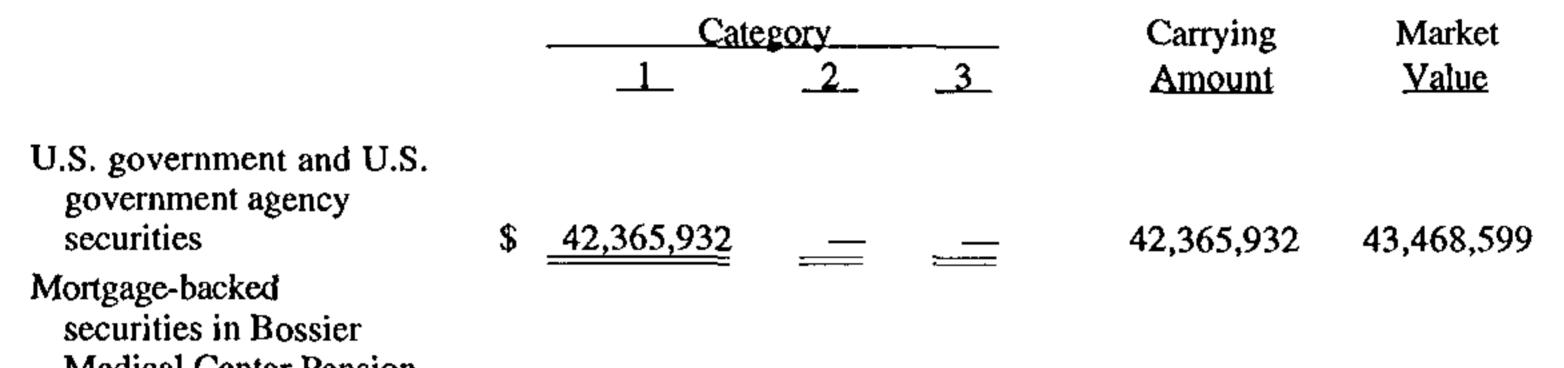
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(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the City at December 31, 1995. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments with securities held by the counterparty and unregistered investments with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.



Medical Center Pension Fund and Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund \$	1,517,687	<u> </u>	 1,517,687	1,527,943
Mutual Fund in Bossier Medical Center Pension Fund Life Insurance Contract in			500,000	493,310
Deferred Compensation Fund			2,540,855	2,540,855
Total investments			46,924,474	48,030,707
Total deposits			<u> 35,340,513</u>	35,340,513
Total cash, cash equiva- lents, and investments, including restricted cash			\$ 82,264,987	83,371,220

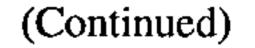
The pension trust funds own approximately 2.4 percent of the City's deposits in financial institutions and 50.1 percent of the U.S. government and U.S. government agency securities.

Component Units

All deposits of the component units are held by area financial institutions. At the respective year-ends, all deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held in the component unit's name by its agent (the trust department of a bank other than the pledging bank). The investments of the Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority at November 30, 1995, consist primarily of mortgage-backed securities and investment

27

agreements which are considered category 1 investments. The securities have a market value of \$18,927,175 at November 30, 1995.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(3) Ad Valorem Property Taxes

The City levies taxes on real and business personal property located within its boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the City on property values assessed by the Bossier Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission. Total assessed value was \$184,287,480 and \$163,245,850 in 1995 and 1994, respectively. Property taxes are recorded as receivables and revenues in the year assessed. The General Fund property tax receivable at December 31, 1995 and 1994, is shown net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$67,010. The distribution of the City's levy (tax rate per \$1,000 assessed value) was as follows for 1995 and 1994:

	I	evy
	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
General Fund - unrestricted General Fund - restricted for Fire and Police Departments	\$ 7.40 16.45	7.40 16.47

Debt service funds		<u>3.40</u>
	\$ <u>23.85</u>	<u>27.27</u>

A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every 4 years. A revaluation was completed for the tax roll as of January 1, 1992.

(4) <u>Fixed Assets</u>

A summary of changes in general fixed assets is as follows:

	Balance January 1, <u>1995</u>	Additions	<u>Retirements</u>	Balance December 3 <u>1995</u>	31,
Land and land improvements Buildings and	\$ 4,777,217	748,874		5,526,09	1
structures	24,373,049	474,701		24,847,75	0
Equipment and vehicles	10,305,519	<u>1,126,579</u>	<u>(252,735</u>)	<u>11,179,36</u>	<u>3</u>
	\$ <u>39,455,785</u>	<u>2,350,154</u>	<u>(252,735</u>)	41,553,20	4



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

A summary of proprietary fund types property, plant, and equipment at December 31, 1995, follows:

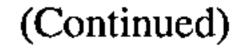
Department of Water and Sewerage:	
Land	\$ 555,258
Water reservoir and treatment plant	33,707,808
Transmission and distribution system	24,411,079
Equipment	3,951,715
Construction in progress	<u>1,086,497</u>
	63,712,357
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(19,979,903</u>)
Total Department of Water and Sewerage	43,732,454
Bossier Medical Center:	
Land and land improvements	1,839,516
Buildings	12,366,749
	10 × 10 0 10

Fixed equipment	12,562,940
Major movable equipment	21,319,206
Minor equipment	1,042,900
Construction in progress	130,804
	49,262,115
Less accumulated depreciation	(26,589,477)
Total Bossier Medical Center	22,672,638
Emergency Medical Services - equipment	742,295
Less accumulated depreciation	(435,825)
Total Emergency Medical Services	306,470
Total all proprietary fund types	\$ 66,711,562

Included in construction in progress for the enterprise funds are the following major projects as of December 31, 1995:

Department of Water and SewerageWater plant expansion\$ 446,986Benton Road sewer line expansion539,221





Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Long-Term Debt (5)

<u>City of Bossier City (Primary Government)</u>

A summary of changes in general long-term obligations follows:

	Accrued Vacation	General Obligation Bonds Payable	Revenue Bonds Payable - General <u>City Operations</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance, January 1, 1995	\$ 448,687	1,230,000	37,900,000	39,578,687
Debt issues/additions Debt retirements/defeased	30,824	<u>(1.230.000</u>)	(<u>1.710.000</u>)	30,824 (<u>2.940.000</u>)
Balance, December 31, 1995	\$ 479,511		36,190,000	36,669,511

The following is a summary of bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 1995:

	General Obligation		<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Total</u>
Bonds payable at January 1, 1995 Debt retired/defeased - serial bonds	\$ 1,230,000 (<u>1,230,000</u>)		60,090,000 <u>(2,790,000</u>)	61,320,000 (4,020,000)
Bonds payable at December 31, 1995	\$ i <u> </u>	=	<u>57,300,000</u>	57,300,000

In addition to \$4,020,000 of bonds retired, the City paid \$3,990,997 in interest.

Bonds payable at December 31, 1995, are comprised of the following issues:

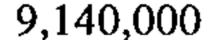
Revenue bonds - applicable to general city operations:

\$6,500,000	1979	Public	Improvement	Sales	Tax	Serial	
Bonds due	e in an	nual inst	tallments of \$3	10,000	to \$5	00,000	
through D	ecemb	ber 1, 20	03; interest at 5	5.9% to	6.259	76	\$ 3,260,000

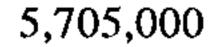
- \$1,300,000 1987 Public Improvement Sales Tax Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$280,000 to \$305,000 through 1997; maturing November 1 of each year; interest at 12%
- \$10,000,000 1989 Public Improvement Sales Tax Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$190,000 to \$875,000 through 2014; maturing November 1 of each year; interest

585,000

at 6.8% to 12%; callable on or after November 1, 1999



\$8,190,000 1991 Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$155,000 to \$840,000 through 2010; maturing December 1 of each year; interest at 5.85% to 6.85%; callable on or after December 1, 2001



30

(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

- \$11,675,000 1992 Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of 120,000 to 1,080,000 through 2012; maturing November 1 of each year; interest at 4.5% to 6.35%; callable on or after November 1, 1997
- \$6,325,000 1993 Public Improvement Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$640,000 through 2010; maturing December 1 of each year; interest at 3.2% to 5.3%; callable on or after July 1, 1996

11,330,000

6,170,000 36,190,000

Revenue bonds - applicable to water and sewer operations:

\$9,995,000 1990 Utilities Revenue Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$320,000 to \$890,000 through 2010; maturing October 1 of each year; interest at 6.4% to 7.4%; callable on or after October 1, 2000

8,560,000

6,255,000

<u>14,815,000</u>

6,295,000

\$6,695,000 1992 Utilities Revenue Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$225,000 to \$560,000 through 2012; maturing October 1 of each year; interest at 4.1% to 6.1%

Revenue bonds - applicable to Medical Center operations:

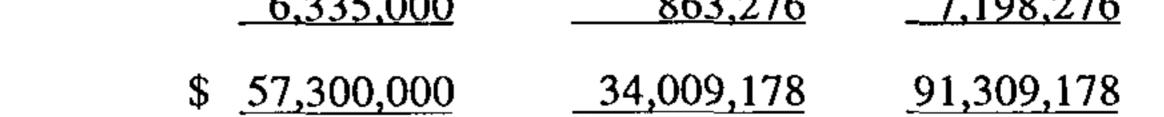
\$10,165,000 1987 Hospital Refunding Serial Bonds due in annual installments of \$480,000 to \$840,000 through 2005, maturing January 1 of each year; interest at 6.25% to 7.85%; callable on or after July 1, 1997

Total revenue bonds

57,300,000 \$

The annual requirements, including interest, to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 1995, are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
1996	\$ 2,995,000	3,729,181	6,724,181
1997	3,055,000	3,520,271	6,575,271
1998	3,010,000	3,302,954	6,312,954
1999	3,185,000	3,109,574	6,294,574
2000	3,390,000	2,905,486	6,295,486
2001-2005	18,460,000	11,091,926	29,551,926
2006-2010	16,870,000	5,486,510	22,356,510
2011-2014	6,335,000	863,276	7,198,276







Notes to Combined Financial Statements

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in substantial compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The Consolidated Debt Service Fund has been dedicated revenues from approximately 3% of the ad valorem taxes paid to the City. Such taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the City's general obligation bonds. During 1995, the remaining general obligation bonds were paid off and the funds remaining in the debt service fund were distributed through a residual equity transfer to various funds consistent with the original purpose of the bond issue in accordance with the applicable bond ordinance. In addition, proceeds from the City's sales tax revenues, to the extent of current year debt service requirements, have been dedicated for retirement of the Sales Tax Bonds, series 1979, 1987, 1989, 1991 Refunding, 1992 Refunding, and 1993 Refunding. The total ad valorem and sales taxes dedicated to the Bond and Interest Sinking Funds amounted to \$4,128,607 and \$4,690,205 in 1995 and 1994, respectively (see note 6).

- The 1985 Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Bossier Medical Center Enterprise Fund. At December 31, 1995, \$5,720,000 of Bossier Medical Center bonds are outstanding, but considered defeased.
- The 1986 and 1987 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. At December 31, 1995, \$5,535,000 and \$9,850,000 of the 1986 and 1987 bonds, respectively, are outstanding, but considered defeased.
- On November 1, 1995, the City set aside funds totaling \$741,981 to advance refund \$740,000 of outstanding general obligation bonds. The advance refunding was for the following issues of general obligation bonds:

General Obligation Bonds dated 1/1/73 Series 1973	\$ 480,000
Public Improvement Bonds Series 1974-A	145,000
General Obligation Bonds dated 1/1/75	
Series 1975-A, B, & C	75,000
General Obligation Bonds dated 11/1/78	40,000

Funds of \$741,566 were provided for the advance refunding of the above bonds from restricted deposits related to the bond issues. The City provided \$415 of funds from general revenues. The funds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Defeasing the bonds resulted in a net positive cash flow to the City of \$57,584. Since the bonds are considered defeased, they are not recorded in the financial statements of the City. The amount of defeased bonds outstanding at December 31, 1995 was \$740,000.



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CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

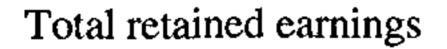
Changes in Bossier Medical Center retained earnings reserved for debt service and unreserved during the year ended December 31, 1995 and 1994, were as follows:

	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
Bossier Medical Center Fund: Reserved: Balance at beginning of year Transfer to unreserved retained earnings Balance at end of year	\$ 1,035,206 	1,814,893 (779.687) 1.035,206
Unreserved: Balance at beginning of year Net income Transferred from reserved Balance at end of year	26,745,681 2,790,264 	24,633,167 1,332,827 <u>779,687</u> 26,745,681

Total retained earnings \$ 30,571,151 27,780,887

Changes in the Department of Water and Sewerage retained earnings reserved for debt service and unreserved during the year ended December 31, 1995 and 1994, were as follows:

	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
Department of Water and Sewerage Fund: Reserved: Balance at beginning of year Transfer from (to) unreserved retained earnings Balance at end of year	\$ 1,086,5 <u>62,7</u> 1,149,2	<u>(41 (851,550</u>)
Unreserved: Balance at beginning of year, as previously reported Prior period adjustment - understatement of accrued expenses Balance at beginning of year, as restated Net income Amounts charged to contribution accounts for depreciation Transferred from (to) reserves Balance at end of year	6,711,6 	$\begin{array}{r} \underline{305}\\ \underline{43}\\ \underline{4,823,486}\\ \underline{256,470}\\ \underline{522}\\ \underline{670,337}\\ \underline{851,550} \end{array}$



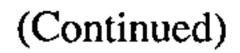




Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Details of restricted assets at December 31, 1995 and 1994, are as follows:

	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
Department of Water and Sewerage: Water Division: Utility Revenue Bond Funds - 1990 and		
1992 Utility Revenue Serial Bonds Debt Service Fund:		
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	\$ 1,937,676 <u>29,251</u> <u>1,966,927</u>	1,937,602 <u>15,168</u> <u>1,952,770</u>
Water Capital Additions and Contingencies Fund:		
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	1,128,342 <u>17,033</u> <u>1,145,375</u>	137,237 <u>1,074</u> <u>138,311</u>
Total restricted assets applicable to the Water Division	3,112,302	2,091,081
Sewerage Division - Sewerage Capital		
Additions and Contingencies Fund: Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Total restricted assets applicable	1,736,849 26,220	1,405,124 11,000
to the Sewerage Division Total Department of Water and	<u>1,763,069</u>	1,416,124
Sewerage restricted assets	\$ <u>4,875,371</u>	3,507,205
Bossier Medical Center: Revenue Bond Retirement Fund - cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>1,855,396</u>	<u>1.823,318</u>
Designated for plant and equipment additions and replacements:		
Cash and cash equivalents Certificate of deposit	608,406 100,000	106,547 100,000
Government agency securities	<u>1,000,000</u> <u>1,708,406</u>	<u>3,024,863</u> <u>3,231,410</u>
Total restricted assets applicable to Bossier Medical Center	\$ <u>3,563,802</u>	5,054,728



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

State law allows a maximum of 10% of assessed valuation of bonded debt for any one purpose or 35% of the total assessed value for all purposes. The City assessed property value at December 31, 1995, is \$184,287,480. The maximum debt allowable for any one purpose and total debt allowable by state law as of December 31, 1995, is \$18,428,748 and \$64,500,618, respectively. The City currently has no general bonded debt outstanding. Therefore, at December 31, 1995, the City has a debt margin of \$64,500,618 available for issuance pursuant to the 35% limitation.

<u>Component Units</u>

The bonds payable of the Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority at November 30, 1995, consist of \$18,525,000 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, 1995 Series dated August 1, 1995, with interest at rates ranging from 4.2% to 6.5% and maturing through August 1, 2028. The 1992 Series bonds were refunded by the issuance of \$10,080,000 of the 1995B Series bonds having an average interest rate of approximately 5.97%. As a result of the refunding, additional aggregate debt service

payments of \$3,429,000 will be required over the next thirty three years. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$1,938,000. At November 30, 1995, the Authority has cash and cash equivalents, investments, and accrued interest receivable of \$88,963; \$18,608,941; \$53,533; respectively, restricted for repayment of the bonds.

Scheduled bond principal maturities are as follows:

1996	\$	<u> </u>
1997		
1998	130	,000
1999	135	,000
2000	140	,000
Thereafter	<u>18,120</u>	.000
	\$ 18,525	,000

Under provisions of the indenture, the Bossier Public Trust Financing Authority has the option to redeem remaining outstanding bonds in whole at any time on or after August 1, 2005, from available funds at an initial redemption price of 102% of par and subsequently at prices declining to par. The bonds are collateralized by the income derived from the mortgage loans and the funds and accounts held under or pledged to the program pursuant to the indenture.

35

(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(6) <u>Sales Tax</u>

- The Consolidated Sales Tax Agency Fund accounts for the collection of a two and one-half cent City sales and use tax and the distribution of this tax to other funds of the City. This fund also accounts for the collection and distribution of sales taxes levied by the Bossier Parish School Board and various municipalities within the parish. For financial reporting purposes, sales taxes are recorded as revenue in the individual funds which account for operations or projects for which the taxes were levied and as approved for expenditure by ordinance of the Council.
- The original one cent sales tax is used initially to pay operating expenses incurred in the administration and collection of sales taxes. Scheduled payments are made on a monthly basis into the Sales Tax Bond and Interest Sinking Funds for debt service requirements. After these payments, the amount, if any, up to one-half of the total monthly sales tax revenues (net of collection expense) are payable to the General Fund for Fire and Police Department operations and maintenance. The remaining amount, if any, is payable to the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund.
- A half cent sales tax was approved by the voters in 1982. This revenue, net of expenses incurred in collecting the tax, is to be paid to the Firemen's and Policemen's Pension and Relief Funds to liquidate the unfunded liabilities of the plans over 30 years. The remaining amount, if any, is payable to the General Fund for salaries of police, fire, and other City employees.
- In 1987, a half cent sales tax was approved by the voters. The additional revenue, net of expenses incurred in collecting the tax, is to be used for retirement of principal and payment of interest on sales tax bonds issued for the design and construction of a parkway adjacent to the Red River. The remaining amount, if any, is payable to the Parkway Capital Projects Fund.
- In 1991, an additional half cent sales tax was approved by the voters for the purposes of constructing and operating two new fire stations and a training facility, operating and maintaining the City jail and municipal buildings, maintaining and upgrading streets and drainage, and for salaries for personnel other than firemen and policemen.
- The cost associated with collecting and distributing the sales tax is funded by the City and the Bossier Parish School Board. The two entities fund the sales tax departmental expenditures on a pro rata basis. The various municipalities are charged a 1% commission on sales tax collected and distributed. The amounts recorded as sales tax revenue in the various funds are net of operating expenses of the sales tax department and includes other miscellaneous revenue related to the operation of the department and the collection of the tax.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(7) <u>City Charter Provisions - Department of Water and Sewerage</u>

The City Charter, which became effective July 1, 1977, authorized annual transfers from the Department of Water and Sewerage operating accounts of an amount equal to debt service on general obligation bonds issued for water and sewerage purposes to the Bond and Interest Sinking Funds.

However, the transfer to the Bond and Interest Sinking Funds for debt service on general obligation bonds issued for water and sewerage purposes has not been made because, in the opinion of the City attorney, the Charter provisions are in conflict with previous contractual obligations arising from issuance of general obligation and water revenue refunding bonds, and the transfer may not be required at this time. The amount of this transfer for the year ended December 31, 1995, would amount to approximately \$265,082.

(8) <u>Contributed Capital</u>

Changes in contributed capital during the year ended December 31, 1995, were as follows:

	Department of Water and <u>Sewerage</u>	Bossier Medical <u>Center</u>	Emergency Medical <u>Services</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balances at January 1, 1995	\$ 31,943,367	2,922,230	5,732	34,871,329
Contributions Amounts charged to	1,537,459			1,537,459
contribution account for depreciation	<u>(684,622</u>)		<u>(625</u>)	<u>(685,247</u>)
Balances at December 31, 1995	\$ 32,796,204	<u>2,922,230</u>	<u>5,107</u>	35,723,541



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(9) **Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

(A) <u>Description of Plans</u>

The City, Bossier Medical Center, and the State of Louisiana collectively have six pension plans which provide substantially all full-time employees with retirement, death, and disability benefits. These plans are:

PUBLIC BENEFIT PLANS EMPLOYER DEFINED SINGLE -EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Administered by the City

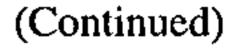
The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund ("Firemen's Fund") - Covers ۰ substantially all members of the City's Fire Department employed by the City before January 1, 1980. All firemen employed by the City on or after January 1,

1980, must join the Firefighter's Retirement System of Louisiana Plan.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - Employees with 20 years of service are eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits. These benefits are equal to two-thirds (2/3) of average final compensation, as defined. The beneficiary receives an additional amount equal to one (1) percent of such salary for each year of service after the member has reached the age of 50 years and has served 20 years, provided that the maximum benefit shall not exceed seventy-five (75) percent of the salary. Benefits can only be paid out monthly and employee and employer contributions are forfeited upon termination of an employee without the required length of service.

<u>Death and Disability Benefits</u> - If an active employee or an employee eligible for or receiving benefits shall die from any cause, a monthly benefit shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse and children. The spouse, while remaining unmarried, shall receive fifty (50) percent of the eligible benefits to which the deceased member would be entitled. Each surviving minor child under the age of eighteen (18) years shall receive twenty-four (24) percent of said benefits until the age of eighteen (18) or until married, whichever is sooner. These amounts paid to the family of the deceased will not exceed two-thirds (2/3) of the member's salary.

If an active employee becomes disabled by reason of serving the department, he shall receive monthly a sum which, with the benefits from the Workmen's Compensation Act, shall be equal to seventy-five (75) percent of the monthly salary of the active member holding the position corresponding to that held by the beneficiary at the time he became disabled. The benefits shall continue as long as the disability shall continue or until he becomes eligible for retirement on a service basis, whichever is sooner. If an active member with at least ten years of service becomes disabled by reason of causes not arising or developing directly from employment, with certain exceptions, he shall receive monthly a sum equal to



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

one-third (1/3) of the monthly salary of the active member holding the position corresponding to that held by the beneficiary at the time he became disabled, plus an additional two (2) percent of such salary for each year of active service rendered over five years. The maximum benefit shall not exceed two-thirds (2/3) of the monthly salary.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u> - The Firemen's Fund provides for a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Under the DROP, any member who has at least twenty years of creditable service and who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to defer receipt of these benefits for a period of three years. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance will be paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, the monthly benefits that were being paid into the DROP account during the period of participation begin being paid to the retiree. The participant may elect to receive payment in the form of one lump sum

or an annuity based upon the account balance.

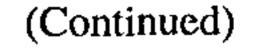
<u>Funding Sources</u> - The Plan is funded from the following sources, as established by City ordinance:

- Proceeds from the City's portion of the State of Louisiana 2% Fire Insurance Tax Account.
- The sale of condemned property owned and used by the Fire Department.
- Five percent of the salaries of all employees of the Fire Department who are eligible for participation in the Firemen's Plan.
- A matching five percent of employees' salaries paid by the General Fund.
- Reimbursement by the General Fund for the operating deficit, if any.
- Income from investments owned by the Firemen's Plan.
- Amounts from the sales tax levy and annual General Fund appropriations sufficient to liquidate the unfunded liability over a period not to exceed 30 years.

As of December 31, 1995, the Firemen's Fund membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	66
DROP members	18
Current employees: Vested	
Nonvested	
	17

39



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

• The Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund ("Policemen's Fund") -Covers a limited number of members of the City's Police Department not covered under the Municipal Police Employee Retirement System of Louisiana. All policemen employed on or after September 9, 1977, must join the Municipal Police Employee Retirement System of Louisiana Plan.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - Employees with 20 years of service or employees with 18 consecutive years of service and that have reached 65 years of age are eligible for monthly retirement benefits. These benefits shall be two-thirds (2/3) of average final compensation, as defined. Benefits can only be paid monthly and employee contributions are forfeited upon termination of an employee without the required length of service.

The Policemen's Plan provides for a joint and survivor benefit option. This option gives the recipient the choice of reducing the amount of retirement drawn and increases amounts paid to survivors upon death. This option is actuarially equivalent to the original service retirement benefit. Benefits paid regardless of option remains at two-thirds (2/3) of monthly salary.

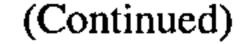
<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u> - The Policemen's Plan provides for a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Under the DROP, any member who has at least twenty years of creditable service and who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to defer receipt of these benefits for a period of three years. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance will be paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, the monthly benefits that were being paid into the DROP account during the period of participation will begin being paid to the retiree. The participant may elect to receive payment in the form of no more than two payments per year in increments of at least \$1,000 or an annuity based upon the account balance.

<u>Death and Disability Benefits</u> - If a member of the Police Department dies while in police service, while on or off official duty, or while receiving a pension, and leaves a child or children under seventeen years of age, a widow, or a dependent mother; these survivors should be paid as follows: dependent mother, one hundred dollars per month; widow, one thousand dollars per month for as long as she remains unmarried if the member's death occurred prior to January 1, 1985, or 3 1/3 percent for each year of service multiplied by the member's final average compensation if the member's death occurred subsequent to January 1, 1985; each child under eighteen years of age or who is attending college, one hundred fifty dollars per month, regardless of the number of children.

If a member becomes disabled while in the performance of his duties, he shall

receive pension benefits as stated above for normal retirees.





Notes to Combined Financial Statements

<u>Funding Sources</u> - The funding policy of the BMC Fund provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate needed assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentages of employer payroll contribution rates are determined using the Frozen Entry Age actuarial funding method. At this time, a supplemental unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$114,830 exists.

Contributions for the 1995 plan year totaling \$639,946 were made in 1995, and contributions totaling \$142,372 are payable at December 31, 1995, in accordance with contribution requirements determined through an actuarial valuation performed at January 1, 1995. An amount of \$619,570 of these contributions represents funding for normal cost. Contributions made by Bossier Medical Center represent 6.5 percent of covered payroll for the year.

Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the standardized measure of the pension obligation. There were no significant changes in 1995 in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, the actuarial funding method, or any other significant factors used in the computation of the pension contribution requirements.

As of January 1, 1995, membership in the BMC Fund consisted of 45 retirees, beneficiaries, and terminated employees entitled to benefits currently receiving benefits and 354 current employees of which 255 were vested and 99 were nonvested.

BMC Fund assets are held in pension funding contracts with a life insurance company.

<u>MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER COST-SHARING BENEFIT PLANS - PUBLIC</u> <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u>

Administered by the State of Louisiana

• The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana ("Employees' System") - Covers substantially all employees of the City not covered by the fire, police, and Bossier Medical Center pension plans.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - Employees are eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits upon reaching age 55 with 30 years and age 60 with 10 years of service. Benefits are equal to 2 percent of the employee's final compensation multiplied by years of service. For employees with less than 30 years of service, benefits are reduced by 3 percent for each year that the employee is below age 62 at the time of retirement. Elected officials receive an additional 1/2 of 1 percent for each year of elective service. Benefits cannot exceed 100 percent of the employee's final salary.

42

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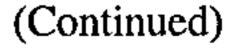
Notes to Combined Financial Statements

<u>Death and Disability Benefits</u> - If an employee dies prior to eligibility with 20 or more years of service, a monthly benefit shall be paid to the employee's spouse based on the spouse's age and spouse's eligibility for other benefits. Benefits cease upon remarriage or upon becoming eligible for other retirement benefits. If an employee who is eligible for normal retirement dies, the surviving spouse shall receive benefits based on the spouse's age for life.

If an active member becomes disabled and has at least 10 years of service, he shall receive a disability benefit of 2 percent of final compensation multiplied by years of service but not less than 30 percent of his final compensation. Upon reaching the earliest normal retirement age, the disability benefit shall be converted to a normal retirement allowance. If the employee dies while receiving disability benefits, his survivors shall be eligible for benefits provided such beneficiaries were his spouse or children at the time he became disabled.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan - The Employees' System provides for a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Under the DROP, any member who has been an active contributing member for one full year after becoming eligible for normal retirement may elect to defer receipt of these benefits for a period of three years. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance will be paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, the monthly benefits that were being paid into the DROP account during the period of participation will begin being paid to the retiree. The participant may elect to receive payment in the form of one lump sum, an annuity based upon the account balance, or any other approved method of payment.

<u>Funding Sources</u> - Covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The City is required to contribute 3 percent of covered employees' salaries through June 1994 and 3.75 percent of covered employees salary effective July 1994. The employer and employee contribution obligations are established by state statute.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

• The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana ("MPERS") - Covers all members of the City's Police Department not covered under the Policemen's Fund. All new employees of the Police Department must join this plan.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - Employees are eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits upon reaching age 50 with 20 years of service, upon reaching age 55 with 12 years of service, or upon reaching 25 years of service at any age. These benefits are equal to 3 1/3 percent of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the years of service. Employees covered by the system who leave employment subsequent to reaching the required years of service but prior to attaining the required age are eligible to receive pension benefits upon reaching the required age.

<u>Death and Disability Benefits</u> - If an employee is killed in the line of duty, the member's spouse shall receive a monthly benefit of two-thirds of the employee's final pay. If an employee dies from a cause not in line of duty, the surviving spouse shall be paid a monthly benefit of the greater of \$200 or \$20 times years of service. Benefits shall cease upon remarriage of the spouse. Surviving minor children shall receive \$75 per month each, not to exceed \$150.

If an active member is disabled in the line of duty, he shall receive a monthly pension of 60 percent of his average salary. If a member becomes disabled because of illness or injury not in the line of duty and he has 5 years of service, he shall receive 75 percent of the retirement salary to which he would be entitled.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u> - The MPERS provides for a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Under the DROP, any member who has at least twenty years of creditable service and who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to defer receipt of these benefits for a period of three years. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance will be paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, the monthly benefits that were being paid into the DROP account during the period of participation will begin being paid to the retiree. The participant may elect to receive payment in the form of one lump sum, an annuity based upon the account balance, or any other approved method of payment.

<u>Funding Sources</u> - Covered employees were required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan until the system is fully funded, at which time the contribution rate declined to 7.5 percent. This occurred as of July 1, 1994. The City is required to contribute 9 percent of covered employees' salaries. The employer and employee contribution obligations are established by state statute.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

• The Fire Fighter's Retirement System of Louisiana ("FFRS") -Covers all members of the City's Fire Department not covered under the Firemen's Fund. All new employees of the Fire Department must join this plan.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - Employees with 20 years of service who have attained the age of 50 years, employees with 12 years of service who have attained the age of 55 years, or employees with 25 years of service at any age are eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits. These benefits are equal to 3 1/3 percent of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by years of service. Employees covered by the system who leave employment subsequent to reaching the required years of service but prior to attaining the required age are eligible to receive pension benefits upon reaching the required age.

<u>Death and Disability Benefits</u> - If an active employee is killed in the line of duty, a monthly benefit shall be paid to the member's spouse of two-thirds of the employee's average final compensation. If an employee dies from a cause not in the line of duty, the spouse shall be paid a monthly benefit equal to 3% of the deceased member's average final compensation multiplied by his total years of credited service. Benefits shall cease upon remarriage of the spouse. Surviving minor children shall receive the greater of \$200 per month or 10% of average final compensation.

If an active member becomes disabled resulting from injury received in the line of duty, he shall receive a monthly pension of 60 percent of his average final compensation. If a member becomes disabled because of illness or injury received not in the line of duty and who has five years of service, he shall receive 75 percent of the retirement salary to which he would have been entitled. If a disabled member dies while on disability, his surviving spouse shall receive a monthly benefit of \$200.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u> - The FFRS provides for a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Under the DROP, any member who has at least twenty years of creditable service and who is eligible for a service retirement allowance may elect to defer receipt of these benefits for a period of three years. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance will be paid into the DROP account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, the monthly benefits that were being paid into the DROP account during the period of participation will begin being paid to the retiree. The participant may elect to receive payment in the form of one lump sum, an annuity based upon the account balance, or any other approved method of payment.

<u>Funding Sources</u> - Covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salaries to the plan. The City is required to contribute 9 percent of covered employees' salaries. The employer and employee contribution obligations are established by state statute.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Total Payroll and Amount Contributed - All Plans - Payroll of City employees covered by pension plans for 1995 and contributions made by the City were as follows:

	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Contributed</u>
Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund BMC Fund Employees' System MPERS FFRS City employees not covered by a	\$ 917,422 29,147 9,553,000 5,748,560 3,596,861 2,970,162	2,035,175 1,187,812 639,946 195,511 323,718 283,441
pension plan (includes part-time employees)	2,217,973	

\$ <u>25,033,125</u> <u>4,665,603</u>

Amount

- * Does not include overtime not subject to retirement or earnings of DROP participants.
- In addition to the employers' contributions above, during 1995, the employees contributed \$45,833 and \$1,749 to the Firemen's and Policemen's Funds, respectively, which represent 5.0% and 6.0%, respectively, of covered payroll. The estimated annual contributions for 1995, as actuarially determined at January 1, 1995, were calculated to be approximately \$1,944,978, \$983,296, and \$639,946 for the Firemen's Fund, Policemen's Fund, and BMC Fund, respectively, of which \$188,201, \$20,991, and \$619,570, respectively, were to pay normal costs (20.5%, 72.0%, and 6.5%, respectively, of covered payroll) and \$1,756,777, \$962,305, and \$20,376, respectively, to pay actual benefits and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (191.5%, 3,301.6%, and 0.2%, respectively, of covered payroll).
- The City's contribution to the Employees' System, MPERS, and FFRS for 1995 represent approximately 10.6%, 2.3%, and 6.8%, respectively, of the total employer contributions to the respective plans for the plan years ended June 30, 1995.

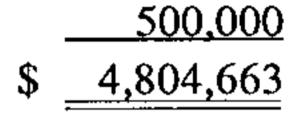


Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Securities Included in Public Employee Retirement System Assets **(B)**

Firemen's Fund: U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 10,491,890
U.S. government agency mortgage-backed pool	995.312
	\$ <u>11,487,202</u>
Policemen's Fund:	
Bank certificates of deposit	\$ 74,979
U.S. Treasury Bonds	4,238,352
	\$ <u>4,313,331</u>
BMC Fund:	
U.S. Treasury Bonds and U.S. government and	
agency obligations	\$ 3,782,288
Mortgage-backed securities	522,375

Mutual funds



(C) <u>Funding Status and Progress</u>

- The amount shown below as the "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the plans on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the plans.
- The pension benefit obligation was computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 1995, for the Firemen's and Policemen's Funds and as of January 1, 1994, for the BMC Fund. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.0 percent a year compounded annually for the Firemen's Fund, 6.0 percent annually for the Policemen's Fund, and 8.0 percent for the BMC Fund and (b) projected salary increases of 2.0 percent a year for inflation and from 3.0 to 6.4 percent a year for years of service for the Firemen's and Policemen's Funds, and 5.0 percent a year for inflation and 1.0 percent a year for years of service for the BMC Fund. The net assets available for benefits in the following schedule are valued at cost, which approximates market, and are as of December 31, 1995, for the Firemen's and Policemen's Funds and as of December 31, 1994, for the BMC Fund.



(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Total unfunded pension benefit obligation applicable to the City's employees was as follows:

	Firemen's <u>Fund</u>	Policemen's <u>Fund</u>	BMC Fund	Total
Pension benefit obligations:	1 (411(7)	<u>1 (110</u>	<u>A (4110</u>	
Retirees and beneficiaries				
currently receiving benefits				
and terminated employees	b 04 100 000	00 (11 (()	570 000	55 0 10 0 10
	\$ 34,120,283	20,644,665	579,000	55,343,948
Current employees:				
Accumulated employee contributions	212 222			212 020
Employer-financed	313,232			313,232
vested	1,402,297		3,333,000	4,735,297
Employer-financed	1,402,277		5,555,000	-1,100,4071
nonvested	2.565.074		1,465,000	4.030.074
Total pension				
benefit obligations	38,400,886	20,644,665	5,377,000	64,422,551
Net assets available for benefits,				
at cost, which approximates				
market	<u>12,144,887</u>	<u>_4.321.208</u>	<u>4,449,000</u>	<u>20.915.095</u>
Unfunded pension	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	16 000 450	000 000	10 607 466
benefit obligations	\$ <u>26,255,999</u>	16,323,457	<u>928,000</u>	43,507,456

* This does not include contributions made by Bossier Medical Center of \$142,372 and \$173,289 made in 1995 and 1994, but applicable to the prior plan year.

(D) <u>Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contributions</u> <u>Made</u>

The City's funding policy for its single employer public employee retirement systems provides for contributions to be made by individual employees participating in the plans as described in (A) above.

The actuarially determined pension benefit obligation at the date of the latest actuarial report of \$38,400,886 for the Firemen's Fund and \$20,644,665 for the Policemen's Fund is currently being funded. The estimated annual contribution for 1995 required to pay normal cost and to fund unfunded prior service cost over a 30-year period from December 31, 1983, based on the latest actuarial report dated January 1, 1996, is calculated to be approximately \$1,977,970 for the Firemen's Fund, of which \$134,175 is to pay normal cost, and \$1,061,054 for the Policemen's Fund, of which none is to pay normal cost. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarially determined contribution requirement are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation

as described in (C) above.



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Notes to Combined Financial Statements

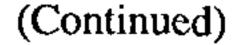
Effective January 1, 1982, the Firemen's Fund and the Policemen's Fund retroactively changed their methods of recording the unfunded pension liability to comply with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. New employees are no longer allowed to enter these plans; however, the City is bound by state statute to continue funding of benefits until the plan members and qualifying dependents are deceased. The unfunded accounting liability was not computed as of January 1, 1982, when the method was changed and has not been computed since that date. Since the difference between cumulative prior period accounting liabilities and the amounts actually funded were unknown, the actuarially determined unfunded pension benefit obligation has been omitted from the account group because it represents an actuarial liability and not an accounting liability. All required contributions have been made by the City since 1982.

The City's funding policy for its multiple-employer cost-sharing public employee retirement systems provides for contributions to be made by the City and by the

individual employees participating in the plans as described in (A) above.

- The systems do not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligation for individual employers. The following information has been obtained from the latest actuarial information of the systems dated June 30, 1995.
- Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8 percent for the Employees' System and 7 percent for the MPERS and the FFRS and (b) projected salary increases of 5.5 percent for the Employees' System, increases based upon Department of Commerce publications for the MPERS, and increases of between 4.0 and 8.3 percent for the FFRS.

	Employee's <u>System</u>	<u>MPERS</u>	<u>FFRS</u>
Net assets available for benefits	\$ 59,345,360	766,365,130	352,392,368
Pension benefit obligation	65,581,563	736,846,804	392,663,345
Estimated annual contribution			, , -
for 1994/1995 •	1,827,973	20,597,110	9,334,406
Total payroll	33,750,064	100,454,990	64,860,138
Employer contributions for 1994/1995	1,640,392	9,237,134	5,367,780
Employee contributions for 1994/1995	1,713,075	7,791,235	4,777,827
Percentage of employer contributions		, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
to total payroll	4.9%	9.2	8.3
Percentage of employee contributions			
to total payroll	5.0%	7.8	7.4



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(E) <u>Trend Information</u>

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Ten-year trend information may be found in Exhibits J-1 and J-2 of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Historical trend information for 1995, 1994, and 1993 is as follows:

	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1993</u>
Percentage of net assets available for benefits to pension benefit obligation: Firemen's Fund Policemen's Fund BMC Fund	31.6% 20.9 82.7	30.3 20.8 86.3	29.9 18.5 84.1

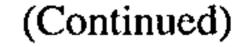
Percentage of unfunded pension benefit

obligation to annual covered payroll Firemen's Fund Policemen's Fund	2,861.9 56,003.9	2,339.4 18,578.8	1,652.3 4,105.0
BMC Fund	9.7	8.0	9.9
Percentage of City contributions to annual covered payroll:			
Firemen's Fund	221.8	170.4	118.1
Policemen's Fund	4,075.2	1,373.7	302.4
BMC Fund	6.7	6.5	6.6

Ten-year historical trend information is available in the separately issued retirement system reports of the plans administered by the State of Louisiana. The trend information provides information about progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

(10) Lease Commitments

The City has commitments under several operating lease agreements for equipment, land, and a water supply reservoir. With the exception of the water supply reservoir, these lease agreements are cancelable by the City at any time. City management does feel, however, that such leases will generally be renewed or replaced each year. The City's lease agreement for the water supply reservoir calls for fixed annual payments of \$1,000 for the next 6 years, with an option to renew for another 30 years.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Bossier Medical Center has future minimum lease payments under operating leases that have initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 1995, as follows:

Year Ending	Minimum
December 31,	Lease Payments
1996	\$ 415,218
1997	364,643
1998	106,700
1999	91,533
2000	94,150
Total minimum lease payments	\$ <u>1,072,244</u>

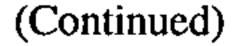
Total rental expense for 1995 and 1994 for all City and Bossier Medical Center operating leases was \$2,109,533 and \$1,794,106, respectively.

(11) Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

(A) Interfund Receivables and Payables

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 1995, were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
General Fund	\$ 272,284	4,769
Special revenue funds:		
State and Federal Grant		138,447
Court Witness Fee	740	
Enterprise funds - Bossier Medical Center	<u> </u>	130,953
Pension trust funds – Firemen's Pension and		·
Relief Fund	4,029	
Agency funds - Consolidated Sales Tax Fund		2,884
	\$ 277,053	277,053



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(B) <u>Segments of Enterprise Activities</u>

There are three services provided by the City which are financed by user charges – water and sewer services, hospital services and emergency medical services. The key financial data for the year ended December 31, 1995, for the three services are as follows:

	Water and Sewer <u>Services</u>	Hospital <u>Services</u>	Emergency Medical <u>Services</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenues Operating expenses:	\$ <u> 8,377,283</u>	53.521,501	<u>1,676.832</u>	<u>63.575.616</u>
Depreciation Other	1,566,289 <u>5,400,627</u> <u>6.857,111</u>	2,960,183 <u>45,445,925</u> <u>48,406,108</u>	80,881 <u>1,539,836</u> <u>1,565,794</u>	4,607,353 <u>52,386,388</u> <u>56,829,013</u>
Operating income	\$ 1,520,172	5,115,393	111,038	6,746,603

Operating transfers (out)	\$ 	<u>(550,000</u>)		(550,000)
Net income	\$ 1,169,900	2,790,264	128,165	4,088,329
Contributions received	\$ 1,537,459		<u> </u>	1,537,459
Assets	\$ 58,357,943	44,214,464	683,807	<u>103,256,214</u>
Bonds payable	\$ 14,815,000	6,295,000		21,110,000
Fund equity	\$ 42,339,110	33,493,381	<u>611,893</u>	76,444,384
Net working capital	\$ 8,284,297	<u>12,770,073</u>	305,423	21,359,793
Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment	\$ 2,450,813	<u>1,645,764</u>	171,382	4,267,959



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(C) **Operating Transfers**

A reconciliation of operating transfers follows:

		r ended er 31, 1995	Year ended December 31, 1994		
	In	Out	In	Out	
General Fund	\$ 2,700,000	51,000	1,675,000	62,413	
Special revenue funds: Metropoliton Planning					
Metropolitan Planning Commission Fund	51,000		43,000		
Court Witness Fee Fund			19,413		
Fire Improvements and Operations					
Fund		1,150,000		525,000	
Jail and Municipal Buildings Fund		625,000		425,000	
Streets and Drainage Fund		325,000	_	75,000	
Debt service funds - Parkway Sales					
Tax Bond Sinking and Reserve Fund	—	150,000	-	190,000	
Capital projects funds:					
Parkway Capital Projects Fund	150,000	—	190,000		
Parkway Sales Tax Bond Fund		50,000		100,000	
Enterprise funds - Bossier Medical					
Center Fund	·		<u> </u>		
	\$ 2,901,000	2,901,000	1,927,413	1,927,413	

- During 1987, the City Council adopted an ordinance by which annual transfers will be made from Bossier Medical Center to various funds of the City. In accordance with the ordinance, \$550,000 was transferred in 1995, of which \$419,047 was paid during 1995 and \$130,953 is reflected as a due from (to) between the funds as of December 31, 1995. Future transfers are subject to various financial ratios and earnings of the Bossier Medical Center.
- In 1994, the City Council adopted an ordinance budgeting the Bossier Medical Center transfers to the General Fund. Within the General Fund's budget, the City Council considered the General Fund's operating transfer from Bossier Medical Center for expenditures in connection with the general operations of the City.

(D) <u>Residual Equity Transfers</u>

During 1995, the City advance refunded its remaining outstanding general obligation debt of \$740,000 (note 5), whose debt service was accounted for in the Consolidated Debt Service Fund. After defeasing the outstanding bonds, excess funds related to these bonds were available in the Consolidated Debt Service Fund. The excess funds were transferred to various other funds to be used in

accordance with the intent of the original bond ordinance. The transfer of funds of \$1,510,387 is reflected as a residual equity transfer out in the Consolidated Debt Service Fund. The residual equity transfer in is reflected as follows in the funds effected:

(Continued)

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CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

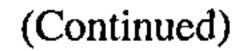
Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Residual equity transfer in: Jail and Municipal Building Fund Streets and Drainage Fund Riverboat Gaming Capital Projects Fund	\$ 211,447 377,585 <u>60,413</u> 649,445
Addition to contributed capital – Department of Water and Sewerage Fund	<u>860,942</u>
	\$ <u>1,510,387</u>

(12) Fund Deficits and Budget Comparisons

For those funds for which a budget to actual comparison was made, actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures on a line item basis as follows:

<u>Fund</u>		<u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance
General Fund:				
General government:				
Municipal building	\$	645,822	744,016	(98,194)
Finance	·	439,081	475,705	(36,624)
City garage		414,459	460,092	(45,633)
Traffic engineering and safety		558,805	564,877	(6,072)
Purchasing		233,670	270,954	(37,284)
Engineering		438,552	448,054	(9,502)
Personnel		99,327	101,690	(2,363)
Permits and Inspections		305,667	308,186	(2,519)
Public works		146,977	198,312	(51,335)
Animal control		196,789	210,329	(13,540)
Information Services		241,002	252,500	(11,498)
Herbicide		103,467	117,512	(14,045)
Payments to other governmental		- /	-	
agencies		533,533	565,067	(31,534)
Solid waste		1,623,728	1,668,662	(44,934)
Public safety - fire		4,296,575	4,435,034	(138,459)
Public safety - police		6,179,727	6,341,158	(161,431)
Highways and streets		522,636	663,860	(141, 224)
Culture and recreation		1,219,703	1,227,579	(7,876)
City Court		276,784	301,440	(24,656)
Special revenue funds:			r -	
Fire Improvements and Operations				
Fund – capital outlay		295,000	518,819	(223,819)



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

- The Fire Improvements and Operations Fund unfavorable balance of \$223,819 is due to the 1995 operating budget not reflecting capital project appropriations. The fund had a carryover capital project budget of \$238,810 from 1994 which did not lapse in accordance with the City Charter. Considering the unlapsed portion of the 1994 capital project budget, the fund has a favorable variance of \$14,991.
- The Insurance Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$81,984 at December 31, 1995. This deficit is due to medical claims exceeding revenues in recent years. The deficit was reduced by \$492,232 through various changes in insurance coverage and contribution rates, which are effective in 1995, and additional transfers as necessary. These changes included raising the annual contribution rates per employee from \$2,200 to \$2,700. The current employee deductible is \$250 and coinsurance payment percentages are 70% for City and 30% for employees. Management intends for the deficit balance to be eliminated in 1996.
- The State and Federal Grant Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$13,899. The deficit is temporary and expected to be eliminated in 1996 through funding provided by grant revenues.

(13) <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

Construction Projects

There are certain construction projects in progress at December 31, 1995. These include, among others, various phases of the Red River Parkway project, projects associated with enhancement to the wastewater treatment plants, and the Shed Road project. As approved by the voters, \$22,000,000 in sales tax revenue bonds have been issued to fund the Red River Parkway and other projects. Also, the City has issued approximately \$16,690,000 in utility revenue bonds to fund the wastewater treatment plant improvements and other related utility improvement projects.

Pension Funds

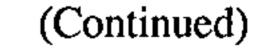
According to existing legislative acts of the State of Louisiana, the City of Bossier City is required to reimburse the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund for operating deficits that may occur in any fiscal year.

Insurance Funds

The City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues (GASB 10), in 1995. Internal service funds were already being utilized to account for the risk activities and the internal service funds were recording the receipts from the various funds as revenue and the paying funds were recording the payments

55

as expenditures/expenses. The following disclosures have also been added to comply with the requirements of GASB 10.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

- The City is self-insured for medical benefits and workmen's compensation coverage. Payments are made from the operating funds to the Insurance Fund and the Liability Insurance Fund which are accounted for as internal service funds. Payments are accounted for as revenues by the receiving fund and expenditures/expense by the paying funds. Employees also contribute to the Insurance Fund for dependent medical benefits coverage. The City maintains stop-loss coverage with an insurance company of \$75,000 per claim for medical coverage and \$175,000 per occurrence for workmen's compensation coverage. Employee life insurance premiums are also paid from the Insurance Fund.
- Bossier Medical Center participates in the Louisiana Hospital Association Trust Fund and the State of Louisiana Patients' Compensation Fund for medical malpractice claims. The Louisiana Hospital Association Trust Fund provides malpractice insurance coverage to Bossier Medical Center for claims up to \$100,000 and the State of Louisiana Patients' Compensation Fund provides an additional \$400,000 of coverage. These funds provide coverage on an occurrence basis. As a participant in the State of Louisiana Patients' Compensation Fund, Bossier Medical Center has a statutory limitation of liability which provides that no award can be rendered against it in excess of \$500,000, plus interest and costs.
- The Hospital is self-insured for employee medical claims up to \$75,000 per individual per year. Insurance coverage on claims exceeding \$75,000 but not greater than \$1,000,000 is provided by a commercial insurance carrier.
- A reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the self-insurance funds is as follows:

	Accrued Claims January 1, <u>1995</u>	Claims Incurred	Claims <u>Paid</u>	Accrued Claims December 3 <u>1995</u>	51,
Insurance Fund	\$ 357,270	1,753,601	(1,799,586)	311,285	
Liability Insurance Fund	<u>167,831</u>	<u> </u>	<u>(776,682</u>)	<u>189,347</u>	
	\$ 525,101	2,551,799	<u>(2,576,268</u>)	500,632	ſ



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Postretirement Benefits

As an established practice, the City provides for a portion of the health care costs of all retirees that meet the minimum service requirements of the retirement plan (as described in note 9) in which the employee participates. These costs are accounted for on a pay-as-you-go basis. At December 31, 1995, 99 retirees are currently eligible to receive or are receiving benefits under the plan. The costs of providing these benefits totaled approximately \$116,295 for 1995.

Litigation

The City is defendant in a number of legal actions, most of which are adequately covered by insurance. There are certain suits including employee discrimination and civil rights violations suits which are in the early stages of discovery and for which the availability of insurance coverage or estimates of the ultimate liability of the City cannot be determined. Resolution of some of these cases could involve liability to the City in excess of insurance limits if the courts find in favor of the various plaintiffs. In the opinion of the City attorney, the City's ultimate uninsured exposure cannot be presently determined. It is the policy of the City to pay uninsured judgments against the City on a current basis from the excess of revenues over expenditures.

Revenues From the State of Louisiana

The General Fund receives various revenues from the State of Louisiana including cigarette tax, beer tax, traffic signalization, and Racing Commission revenues. Financial difficulties at the state level may result in the reduction or elimination of certain revenues to be received by the City in future years.

(14) <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

- The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the City subject only to the claims of the City's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditor of the City in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.
- It is the opinion of management that the City has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

The City believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

Investments are managed by the plan's trustee under a life insurance contract.

(Continued)

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(15) <u>Subsequent Event</u>

On February 1, 1996, the City issued Utilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1996 in the amount of \$7,595,000 to advance refund \$6,605,000 of Utilities Revenue Bonds Series 1990. The proceeds of the new bonds, net of issuance cost, were deposited in a irrevocable trust fund. The trust fund will use the proceeds to purchase direct general obligations of the U.S. government sufficient to pay the principal and interest of the refunded bonds, as they come due.

(16) Cost in Excess of Acquired Net Assets

During 1995, Bossier Medical Center purchased the net assets of physician employee practices. Cost in excess of the fair market value of the net assets of \$719,387 (net of amortization) is recorded as of December 31, 1995, and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the physician's contracts with the Hospital (less than five years). The accumulated amortization and amortization expense totaling \$91,334 at December 31, 1995, is included in depreciation and amortization expense.

The physician practice acquisition was financed with an unsecured loan agreement. The outstanding balance of the note payable at December 31, 1995 is \$440,331. The loan bears interest at an annual rate of 9.25% and is to be repaid by November 7, 1996. Payments of principal and interest totaling \$50,000 are required each month.

(17) <u>Prior Period Adjustment</u>

Prior to 1995, vacation earned but not taken by employees was not accrued as a liability in the Department of Water and Sewerage Fund and the Emergency Medical Service enterprise funds. During 1995, the City determined the accrued vacation liability and has elected to record the amounts in the financial statements.

This accounting change is being treated as a correction of an error. Therefore, the beginning balance of the effected funds/account group have been restated as follows:

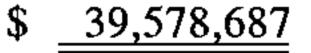
<u>Funds</u>	Obligation Account Group
6,111,995	39,130,000
(164,728)	448,687
	<u>Funds</u> 6,111,995

58

Balances at December 31, 1994,

as restated: **Retained earnings** Long-term obligations payable – total

35,947,267 \$



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUP STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- **GENERAL FUND**
- SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
- DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
- CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

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GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

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Exhibit A-1

Assets	<u> 2991</u>	1994	Liabilities and Fund Balance	1995	1994
equivalents operty taxes receivable, less	\$ 1,607,624	1,491,323	Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 758,452	542,044
or uncollectible taxes of \$67,010 1994	1,989,253	998,221	Pue to other funds: Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund		16,990
receivable	845,551	805,914	Further s rension and relief rund Court Witness Fee Fund	4,029 740 4,769	4,002 740 21.792
r funds: d Sales Tax Fund	2.884	78.358	Deferred revenues:		
deral Grant Fund	138,447	84,255 235,714	Licenses	46,285 85.094	50,990 100.755
pun	272.284	216.946 615.273		131.379	151.745
			Total liabilities	894.600	715.581
litures	ł	125,777	Euch balance.		
cost	86,056	117,737	Reserved for:		
			Frepard expenditures Encumbrances	135,162	30,246
			Unreserved – undesignated Total fund balance	<u>3.771.006</u> 3.906.168	<u>3.282.641</u> 3.468.664
al assets	\$ 4,800,768	4,184,245	Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,800,768	4,184,245

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

General Fund

Comparative Balance Sheets

December 31, 1995 and 1994

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

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Total

Cash and cash equ Ad valorem prope allowance for u in 1995 and 19

Other accounts rec Due from other fu Consolidated S State and Feder Bossier Medica Insurance Fund

Prepaid expendit Inventories, at co

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Exhibit A-2

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative actual figures for year ended December 31, 1994

		1995		<u>1994</u>
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes:	1 1 6 5 6 6 6	E 156 100	001 150	1 951 606
Sales, net \$	4,465,268	5,456,420 4,387,805	991,152 377,645	4,851,606 3,899,997
Ad valorem	4,010,160 845,000	843,199	(1,801)	838,328
Utility Telephone	150,000	163,338	13,338	113,893
Franchise:	150,000	100,000	,	,
Cable television	295,000	318,687	23,687	178,341
Chain store	46,500	47,835	1,335	46,340
Taxi	2.500	938	<u>(1.562</u>)	<u> </u>
	9.814.428	11,218,222	1.403.794	9.929.580
Licenses and permits	1,486,000	1,776,977	290,977	1,629,674
Interroriammental				
Intergovernmental: Grants	175,000		(175,000)	
State and parish revenues:	172,000			
Cigarette tax	240,000	235,413	(4,587)	235,916
Beer tax	94,000	69,955	(24,045)	83,548
Special funds from State of	160 255	122 277	(30,978)	155,517
Louisiana	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>(234,610</u>)	474,981
	672,355	<u> </u>	-(227.010)	
Fines and penalties	500,667	800,191	299,524	539,265
Racing Commission - Louisiana Downs	650,000	578,126	(71,874)	849,383
Video poker	800,000	403,699	(396,301)	790,170
Interest	30,000	56,583	26,583	28,765
Sanitation charges	1,615,000	1,610,322	(4,678)	1,559,195
Miscellaneous: Payment in lieu of taxes - Federal				
Housing Authority	48,750	43,963	(4,787)	46,893
Parks and recreation	450,000	379,231	(70,769)	397,709
Engineering fees	30,000	41,396	11,396	48,842
Enterprise funds and Civic Center	·			
Fund pro rata share of general				170.000
and administrative expenses	263,796	240,956	(22,840)	170,000
Police Department revenues	160,000	149,053	(10,947)	144,503
Other income	261.000	356.542	$-\frac{95,542}{(2,405)}$	<u>287,145</u> <u>1,095,092</u>
	1.213.546	<u>1,211,141</u>	(2,405)	_1,09,094
Total revenues	<u>16,781,996</u>	<u>18,093,006</u>	<u>1.311.010</u>	<u>16.896.105</u>



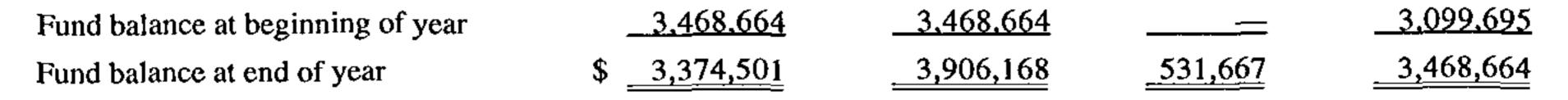
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General Fund

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		1995		<u>1994</u>
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:	005 161	221 120	3,723	221,960
Administration \$	225,161 645,822	221,438 744,016	(98,194)	698,497
Municipal building Finance	439,081	475,705	(36,624)	512,219
City garage	414,459	460,092	(45,633)	410,935
Traffic engineering and safety	558,805	564,877	(6,072)	530,835
Purchasing	233,670	270,954	(37,284)	227,304
Engineering	438,552	448,054	(9,502)	382,590
Personnel	99,327	101,690	(2,363)	85,818
Permits and Inspections	305,667	308,186	(2,519)	288,504
City attorney	199,612	187,786	11,826	170,931
Public works	146,977	198,312	(51,335)	124,785
City Council	125,610	122,894	2,716	118,192
Community development	205,668	124,924	80,744	69,361 101,000
Animal control	196,789	210,329	(13,540)	191,999
Information Services	241,002 103,467	252,500 117,512	(11,498) (14,045)	113,001
Herbicide Bourmonts to other couernmental	105,407	117,512	(14,045)	115,001
Payments to other governmental agencies	533,533	565,067	<u>(31,534</u>)	454,205
agencies	5,113,202	5.374.336	(261.134)	4,601,136
Solid Waste	1,623,728	1,668,662	(44,934)	1,591,770
Public safety:				
Fire	4,296,575	4,435,034	(138,459)	3,934,317
Police	6,179,727	6,341,158	(161.431)	5,686,273
	10,476.302	10,776,192	(299.890)	9,620,590
Highways and streets	522,636	663,860	(141,224)	510,250
Culture and recreation	1,219,703	1,227,579	(7,876)	1,279,747
City Court and Marshal:				050 070
City Court	276,784	301,440	(24,656)	259,268
Marshal's office	<u>292.804</u>	<u> </u>	$\frac{371}{(24.285)}$	<u> </u>
	<u>569,588</u>	<u>593.873</u>	(24,285)	18,139,723
Total expenditures	<u>19.525.159</u>	20.304.502	<u>(779.343</u>)	10,122,143
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(2,743,163)	(2,211,496)	531,667	(1,243,618)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	2,700,000	2,700,000		1,675,000
Operating transfers out	(51.000)	(51,000)	_	(62.413)
$\mathbf{r}_{}$	2,649,000	2,649,000	<u> </u>	<u>1.612.587</u>
Excess of revenues and				
other sources over				
expenditures and other uses	(94,163)	437,504	531,667	368,969
VIICE USES	(27,103)	707,007	001,007	~~~~~



61

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City has eight special revenue funds.

Metropolitan Planning Commission — This fund accounts for revenues received and operating expenses incurred in the administration of the City's planning and zoning department.

State and Federal Grant — This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under the Community Development Block Grant and other grant programs.

Court Witness Fee — This fund accounts for the proceeds of a special case charge on criminal matters. The revenues generated are dedicated to the payment of a special witness fee to law officers who are called to testify in City Court.

Civic Center — This fund accounts for the revenues received and operating expenses incurred in the operations of the City's Civic Center Complex.

Fire Improvements and Operations — This fund accounts for the revenues received and operating expenses incurred in the construction and operation of two new fire stations and a new training facility.

Jail and Municipal Buildings — This fund accounts for the revenues received and the operating expenses incurred to operate and maintain the City Jail in accordance with Federally Mandated Standards and to operate and maintain City buildings.

Streets and Drainage — This fund accounts for the revenues received and the operating expenses incurred in maintaining and upgrading streets and drainage.

Riverboat Gaming — This fund accounts for the monthly payments made by the riverboats of the City's percentage of their monthly revenues. The funds will be used for capital and other undetermined projects.

Exhibit B-1

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als 1994	7,032,380 185,589 2,261	740 30.175 30.915	7,251,145	144,386 28,270	84,255 30,175 114,430	2.601 289.687	300.348 6.661.110 6.961.458	7,251,145
Totals 1995	18,287,787 529,213 2,877	740	18,820,617	294,337 14,000	138,447 138,447	25.000 471.784	7,224 18.341.609 18.348.833	18,820,617
Riverboat Gaming	14,264,251 257,650 —		14,521,901	750		750	14.521.151 14.521.151	14,521,901
Streets and Drainage	1,284,083 18,785		1,302,868	3,707		3.707		1,302,868
Jail and Municipal <u>Buildings</u>	1,139,807 16,726		1,156,533	11	1		1.156.533 1.156.533	<u>1,156,533</u>

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for 1994

Fire Civic Improvements Center and Operations 883,131 676,033	30,155 1,941 				13.421 242.837		<u>915,227</u> 685,398
Court Fee B	11 8 18	740	ا ۲		12	135	740
State and Federal Grant	195,922 936 	196,858	33,310 14,000	138,447 <u>138,447</u>	25.000	13.899 (13.899) (13.899)	<u>196,858</u>
Metropolitan Planning Commission \$ 40,482	<u>6</u> 1	\$ 41,092	\$ 287 	 	287	40.805 40.805	\$ 41,092
<u>Assets</u> quivalents	funds: sipal Buildings Fund	l assets d Fund Balances (Deficit)	ble able	ands: d Drainage Fund	ue Liabilities	deficit): arcumbrances andesignated I fund balances (deficit)	l liabilities and fund balances

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

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Cash and cash equival Other receivables Other assets Due from other funds: General Fund Jail and Municipal B

Total asse

Liabilities and Fu

Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainages payable Due to other funds: General Fund Streets and Draina

62

Deferred revenue Total liabil

Fund balances (deficit) Reserved for encum Unreserved - undesi Total fund

Total

sia 1994	2,759,001 4,255,353	$\frac{1,053,844}{560,000}$ 1.613,844	19,842 200,697 194,325 60,032 9,103,094	261,554 150.631	420,031 39,255 637,465 1.631,101	3.140.037	5.963.057	62,413 (1.025.000) (962.587)	5,000,470	1,960,988		<u>6,961,458</u>
Totals 1995	3,033,810 9,510,317	807,259 604,953 1,412,212	40,618 200,425 801,745 42,894 15.042,021	218,420 120.592	191.261 412.561 87,368 328,979 835,497	2.194.678	12.847.343	51,000 (2,100,000) (2,049,000)	10,798,343	6,961,458	589.032	18,348,833
Riverboat Gaming	9,510,317	42.324	629,556 10.182,197				10.182.197		10,182,197	4,338,954		<u>14,521,151</u>
Streets and Drainage	948,066 —		45,862	ļļ		251.671	742.257	(325.000) (325.000)	417,257	504,319	377.585	<u>1,299,161</u>
Jail and Municipal Buildings	758,453		50,818 809.271	1			809.271	(625.000)	184,271	760,815	211.447	<u>1,156,533</u>
Fire Improvements and Operations	1,327,291		34,845 		518 810 	518.819	843.317	(1.150.000) (1.150.000)	(306,683)	749,244		442,561
Civic Center	! !	<u>525.000</u> 525.000	200,425 38,814 <u>18,740</u> 782,979		372,574	437.581	345.398		345,398	556,408		<u>901,806</u>
Court Witness Fee		3.229	40,618 		43,847	43.847	ľ		I	715		715
State and Federal Grant		807,259 807,259		115,025	191,261 39,987 43,521 328,979	839.365	(32.106)		(32,106)	18,207		(13,899)
Metropolitan Planning Commission	 ∽	34.400 34.400	1,850 24.154 60.404	103,395		103.395	(42.991)	51,000	8,009	32,796	! 	\$ 40,805
	ទំព	nent grants and sh shared revenues	ties al revenues	mment	d streets screation d Marshal	al expenditures	ess (deficiency) of venues over expenditures	ources (uses): fers in fers out	y) of revenues and other penditures and other uses	beginning of year	ransfer in	eficit) at end of year

Exhibit B-2

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Revenues: Sales tax, net Riverboat gaming Intergovernmental: U.S. government entitlements State and parish s

Fines and penalties Rental fees Interest Miscellaneous Total re

63

General governn Public safety Expenditures: Current:

ruour saucey Highways and st Culture and recre City Court and M Miscellaneous Capital outlay Total ey Excess revei

Other financing sour Operating transfers Operating transfers Excess (deficiency) (sources over exper Fund balances at beg

Residual equity tran Fund balances (defi

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Exhibit B-3

Special Revenue Fund Metropolitan Planning Commission Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative actual figures for year ended December 31, 1994

	_	1995		<u>1994</u>
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental - Bossier Parish Police Jury	\$ 34,400	34,400		35,000
Interest	10 7 ()	1,850	1,850	1,257
Miscellaneous - zoning permits	<u>18.764</u>	24.154	<u> </u>	<u>26.578</u>
Total revenues	<u> 53,164</u>	<u>_60,404</u>		<u> 62,835</u>
Expenditures:				
General government - administration:				
Salaries, fringe benefits, and payroll taxes	94,239	93,889	350	88,747
Car allowances	3,600	3,600	<u> </u>	3,600
Advertising	1,500	598	902	1,038
Office and operating supplies	1,500	1,537	(37)	1,337
Insurance	3,000	2,627	373	1,955
Telephone	125	136	(11)	145
Travel/seminars	300	433	(133)	589
Professional services	350		350	
Other	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>(425</u>)	<u>388</u>
Total expenditures	<u>104,764</u>	<u>103.395</u>	1,369	<u>97,799</u>
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(51,600)	(42,991)	8,609	(34,964)
Other financing sources - operating transfer in	51,600	51.000	<u>(600</u>)	43,000
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	•	8,009	8,009	8,036
Fund balance at beginning of year	32,796	32,796		24,760
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>32,796</u>	40,805	8,009	<u>32,796</u>

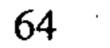


Exhibit B-4

Special Revenue Fund Civic Center Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative actual figures for year ended December 31, 1994

		<u>1994</u>		
	Budget	<u>1995</u> <u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>Actual</u>
Revenues: Intergovernmental - state and parish shared revenues Rental fees Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 366,413 27,500 6,000 <u>399,913</u>	525,000 200,425 38,814 <u>18,740</u> <u>782,979</u>	158,587 172,925 32,814 <u>18,740</u> <u>383,066</u>	525,000 200,697 16,407 <u>17,248</u> <u>759,352</u>

Expenditures:

Culture and recreation: Salaries, fringe benefits, and payroll taxes Insurance Professional services Utilities Office and operating supplies Administrative expenses Travel and training Maintenance Other Capital outlay Total expenditures	$\begin{array}{r} 201,397\\ 8,270\\ 2,500\\ 89,500\\ 36,100\\ 10,000\\ 5,800\\ 17,250\\ 19,096\\ \underline{65,000}\\ 454,913 \end{array}$	$193,968 \\ 8,966 \\ 2,500 \\ 86,702 \\ 28,121 \\ 5,633 \\ 2,089 \\ 22,698 \\ 21,898 \\ \underline{65,006} \\ \underline{437,581} $	$7,429 \\ (696) \\ \\ 2,798 \\ 7,979 \\ 4,367 \\ 3,711 \\ (5,448) \\ (2,802) \\ \\ (6) \\ \\ 17,332 \\ \end{array}$	$182,400 \\ 5,769 \\ 2,628 \\ 94,899 \\ 32,173 \\ 4,485 \\ 4,514 \\ 17,304 \\ 15,403 \\ \hline 359,575 \\ \hline 359,575 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(55,000)	345,398	400,398	399,777
Fund balance at beginning of year	<u>556.408</u>	<u>556,408</u>		<u>156.631</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>501,408</u>	<u>901,806</u>	<u>400,398</u>	<u>556,408</u>

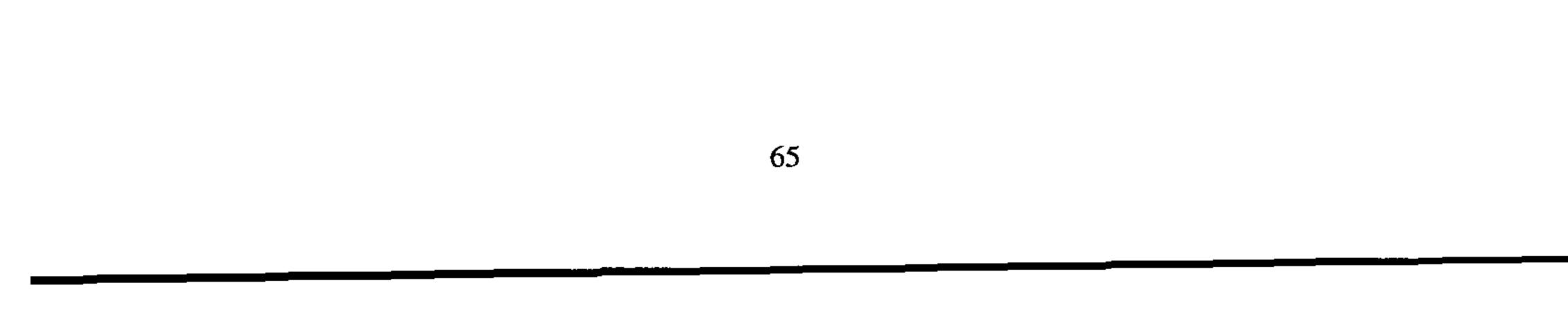


Exhibit B-5

Special Revenue Fund Fire Improvements and Operations Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative actual figures for the year ended December 31, 1994

		1995		<u>1994</u>
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>	Actual
Revenues: Sales tax, net Interest Total revenues	<pre>\$ 1,092,428 <u>20,000</u> 1,112,428</pre>	1,327,291 <u>34,845</u> 1,362,136	234,863 <u>14,845</u> 249,708	$1,207,063 \\ \underline{31,509} \\ 1,238,572$
Expenditures - capital outlay	295.000	<u> </u>	<u>(223.819</u>)	701.298
Excess of revenues over expenditures	817,428	843,317	25,889	537,274
Other financing use - operating transfer out	<u>(1,150,000</u>)	<u>(1.150.000</u>)		_ <u>(525,000</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses	(332,572)	(306,683)	25,889	12,274
Fund balance at beginning of year	749,244	749,244		<u> 736.970</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>416,672</u>	442,561	25,889	

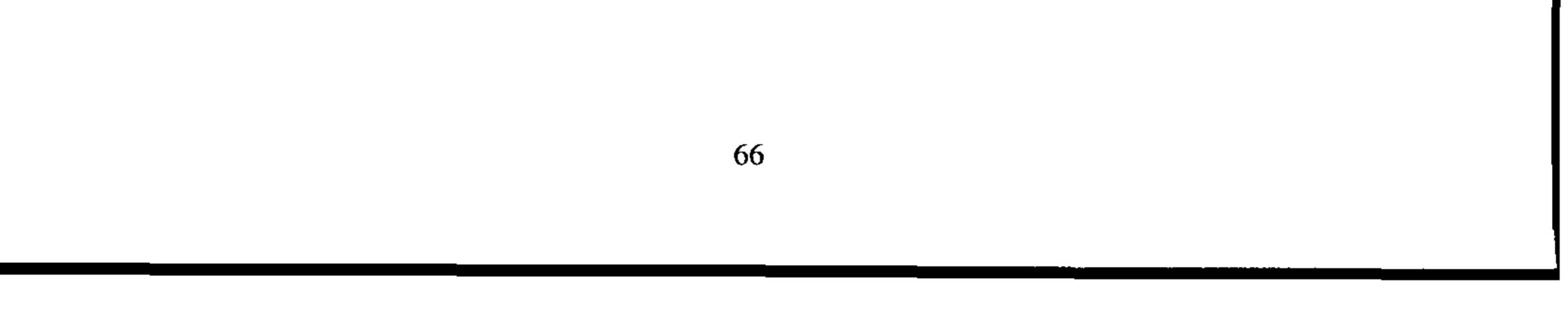


Exhibit B-6

Special Revenue Fund Jail and Municipal Buildings Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative actual figures for the year ended December 31, 1994

	1995			<u>1994</u>
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues: Sales tax, net Interest Total revenues	\$ 662,077 	758,453 <u>50,818</u> 809,271	96,376 <u>40,818</u> 137,194	689,750 <u>29,059</u> 718,809
Other financing use - operating transfer out	<u>(625,000</u>)	(625,000)	<u> </u>	<u>(425,000</u>)
Excess of revenues over other uses	47,077	184,271	137,194	293,809

Fund balance at beginning of year	760,815	760,815		467,006
Residual equity transfer in		<u>211,447</u>	<u>211.447</u>	<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>807,892</u>	<u>1,156,533</u>	348,641	760,815



Exhibit B-7

Special Revenue Fund Streets and Drainage Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative actual figures for the year ended December 31, 1994

	1995			<u>1994</u>	
		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues: Sales tax, net Intergovernmental - U.S. government grants and	\$	761,388	948,066	186,678	862,188
entitlements Interest Total revenues		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	50,980 <u>32,492</u> 945,660
Expenditures - capital outlay		<u>1.033.950</u>	251.671	782.279	<u>929.803</u>

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(257,562)	742,257	999,819	15,857
Other financing use - operating transfer out	(325.000)	<u>(325.000</u>)		<u>(75,000</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses	(582,562)	417,257	999,819	(59,143)
Fund balance at beginning of year	504,319	504,319		563,462
Residual equity transfer in	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	377.585	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>(78,243</u>)	<u>1,299,161</u>	<u>1,377,404</u>	<u>504,319</u>

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

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DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The debt service funds receive a portion of ad valorem and sales taxes paid to the City.

Exhibit C-1

Debt Service Funds Bond and Interest Sinking Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for 1994

Assets	Del	nsolidated ot Service <u>Fund</u>	Sales Tax Bond Sinking and <u>Reserve Fund</u>	Parkway Sales Tax Bond Sinking and Reserve <u>Fund</u>	<u> </u>	otals <u>1994</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	—	3,358,828	2,451,702	5,810,530	8,205,250
Ad valorem property taxes receivable						150,365
Accrued interest			<u> </u>	37.987		65,740
Total assets	\$	<u> </u>	<u>3,408,226</u>	2,489,689	<u>5,897,915</u>	<u>8,421,355</u>

Fund Balances

Fund balances - reserved for debt					
service	\$ <u> </u>	<u>3,408,226</u>	<u>2,489,689</u>	<u>5,897,915</u>	<u>8,421,355</u>

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See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

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Exhibit C-2

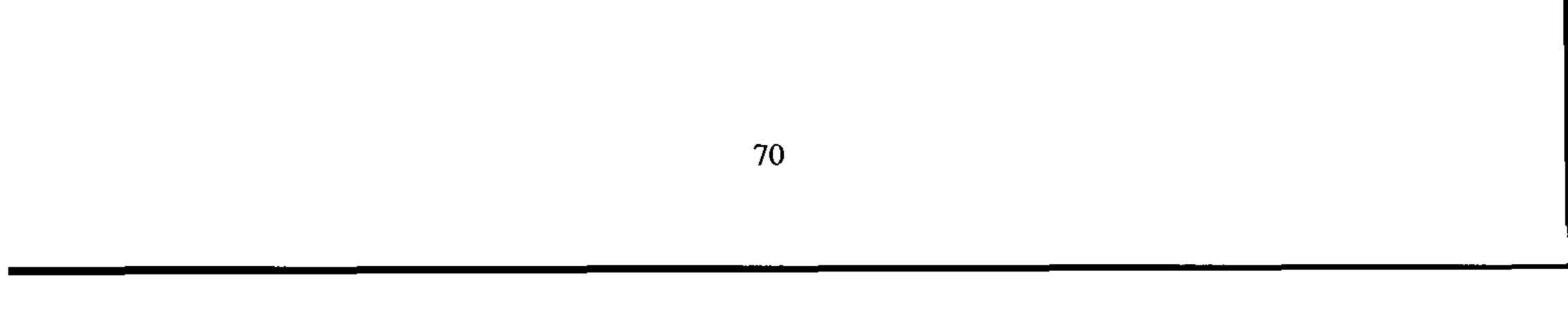
Debt Service Funds Bond and Interest Sinking Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

	Consolidated Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Sales Tax Bond Sinking and <u>Reserve Fund</u>	Parkway Sales Tax Bond Sinking and Reserve <u>Fund</u>	<u>Tot</u> 1995	als 1994
Revenues: Taxes: Sales, net Ad valorem tax and reallocations Interest Total revenues	\$	2,072,539 	2,056,068 $$	4,128,607 <u>193</u> 4,128,800 <u>437,873</u> 4,566,673	4,135,169 <u>555,036</u> 4,690,205 <u>362,837</u> <u>5,053,042</u>
Expenditures - debt service: Principal retirement Advance refunding escrow Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	493,389 741,981 <u>49,855</u> <u>1,285,225</u>	1,140,000 	570,000 <u>1.489,706</u> 2.059,706	2,203,389 741,981 <u>2,484,356</u> 5,429,726	2,085,000 _ <u>2.614,778</u> _ <u>4.699,778</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,203,026)	196,857	143,116	(863,053)	353,264
Other financing uses – operating transfer out	rs 		_(<u>150,000</u>) _(<u>150,000</u>)	<u>(150,000</u>) (150,000)	(190,000) (190,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses	(1,203,026)	196,857	(6,884)	(1,013,053)	163,264
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,713,413	3,211,369	2,496,573	8,421,355	8,258,091
Residual equity transfer out	<u>(1.510.387</u>)			<u>(1.510.387</u>)	<u> </u>
Fund balances at end of year	\$	<u>3,408,226</u>	<u>2,489,689</u>	<u>5,897,915</u>	<u>8,421,355</u>

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.



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CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). Brief descriptions of each fund follow:

Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund — This fund is used to account for expenditures associated with street improvements, the Shed Road projects, and the Golden West project and is funded by the excess one-half cent sales tax after payment of debt service sales tax revenue bond issues and interest earned.

Parkway Capital Projects Fund — This fund is used to account for miscellaneous capital expenditures as budgeted by the City Council and is funded by the excess one-half cent sales tax after payment of debt service on the Parkway Bond Issue and interest earned.

1987 Parkway Sales Tax Bond Fund — This fund is used to account for expenditures associated with the Red River Parkway Construction, Airline Drive widening and utility relocation, Shed Road Phase II and Phase III, and Canes Landing projects and is funded by the 1987 Parkway Bond proceeds and interest earned.

1989 Parkway Bond Construction Fund — This fund is used to account for expenditures associated with the Red River Parkway Construction, Airline Drive widening and utility relocation, Shed Road Phase II and Phase III, and Canes Landing projects and is funded by the 1989 Parkway Bond proceeds and interest earned.

Special Project Fund — This fund is used to account for expenditures associated with the completion of the Red River Parkway and is funded with the refunding of the 1979 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Issue. No more funds will be transferred into this fund.

Special Capital Projects Fund — This fund is used to account for improvements to water and sewer lines in the industrial park and is funded by miscellaneous residual monies remaining from other projects. No more funds will be transferred into this fund.

Land Acquisition Fund — This fund is used to account for special land purchases and sales not associated with bond issue related expenditures.

Equipment Replacement Fund — This fund is used to account for purchases and sales of various equipment not associated with bond issue related expenditures.

Riverboat Gaming Capital Projects Fund — This fund is used to account for expenditures associated with downtown development, major park improvements, and other major capital projects and is funded by the initial payments made by the two riverboat casinos and related interest earnings.

Exhibit D-1

als 1994	13,625,591	Ι	105,178	190.000	13,920,769		166,505	356.505	201,505	13.362.759 13.564.264	13,920,769
Totals 1995	11,693,202	12,899	172,641		11,878,742		517,341 28,579	545.920	582,776	10.750.046 11.332.822	11,878,742
Riverboat Gaming Capital Projects Fund	2,198,533		33,185		2,231,718		2,218	2.218	32,060	2.197.440 2.229.500	2,231,718
Equipment Replacement Fund	48,306	I	729	 	<u>49,035</u>			1	I	<u>49.035</u> 49.035	49,035
Land Acquisition Fund	8,430	I	127		8,557		1,644	1.644	I	6.913 6.913	8,557
Special Capital Projects Fund	Ι	I	Ι						I		
Special Project Fund	2,625,402	I	39,628		2,665,030		1		I	2.665.030 2.665.030	2,665,030
1989 Parkway Bond Construction Fund	4,557,143	Ι	68,787		4,625,930		14,819	14.819	2,620	<u>4.608.491</u> 4.611.111	4,625,930
1987 Parkway Sales Tax Bond Fund	140,616	j	2,122	 	142,738		22,548 28,579	51.127	ļ	<u>91.611</u>	142,738
Parkway Capital Projects Fund	824,687	12,899	9,083		846,669		123,102	123.102	105,083	<u>618,484</u> 723,567	846,669
Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund	\$ 1,290,085	Ι	18,980		\$ 1,309,065		\$ 353,010	353.010	443,013	<u>513.042</u> <u>956.055</u>	\$ 1.309,065
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	Accounts receivable	Accrued interest	Due from other funds	Total assets	Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainages payable	Due to other funds Total liabilities	Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances	subsequent years' expenditures Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Capital Projects Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for 1994

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Fund balances: Reserved for encur Unreserved - design subsequent years Total fund

Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainages payable Due to other funds Total liabil

71

له 1994	2,762,333 2,275,000 541,153 61,043 5,639,529	5.121.249 518.280	190,000 (100,000) 90,000	608,280	12,955,984	13,564,264
Totals 1925	3,455,919 661,403 60,129 4,177,451	<u>6.569.306</u> (2.391.855)	150,000 (50.000) 100.000	(2,291,855)	13,564,264	<u>60.413</u> 11.332,822
Riverboat Gaming Capital Projects Fund	117,521 60,000 177,521	170.661		6,860	2,162,227	<u>60.413</u> 2.229.500
Equipment Replacement Fund	2,615 2,615	2.615		2,615	46,420	49,035
Land Acquisition Fund	<u>597</u>	13.147		(12,550)	19,463	6,913
Special Capital Projects Fund		14.313 (14.313)		(14,313)	14,313	
Special Project Fund	173,104 173,104 173,233	1.913.388 (1.740.155)		(1,740,155)	4,405,185	2,665,030
1989 Parkway Bond Construction Fund	265,677	661.475 (395.798)		(395,798)	5,006,909	4,611,111
1987 Parkway Sales Tax Bond Fund	10,352	158.264 (147.912)	(20.000)	(197,912)	289,523	91,611
Parkway Capital Projects Fund	1,736,195 19,637 1,755,832	1.665.923 89.909	150,000 	239,909	483,658	723,567
Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund	\$ 1,719,724 71,900 <u>1,791,624</u>	<u>251.272.1</u> (112.081)_		(180,511)	1,136,566	\$ 956,055
	lg I revenues	ject expenditures fecs ss (deficiency) of venues over tpenditures	ources (uses) – ers in (out): Fund Fund - inspection fees I other financing ources (uses)	ss (deficiency) of venues and other ources over penditures and her uses	eginning of year	ansfer in and of year

Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Other financing souro operating transfers i Debt Service Fund General Fund - in Total oth sourc Expenditures - project and engineering fee Excess (reven reven Excess (rever sourd exper other Fund balances at beg Residual equity trans Fund balances at end 72

.

Revenues: Sales taxes, net Riverboat gaming Interest Other income Total rev

PROPRIETARY AND FIDUCIARY FUNDS

- ENTERPRISE FUNDS
- INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

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• FIDUCIARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises in that the cost of goods and services are recovered primarily through user charges. Accountability over enterprise funds are directed at the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income.

The enterprise funds reported in this section are the Department of Water and Sewerage, Bossier Medical Center, and Emergency Medical Services.

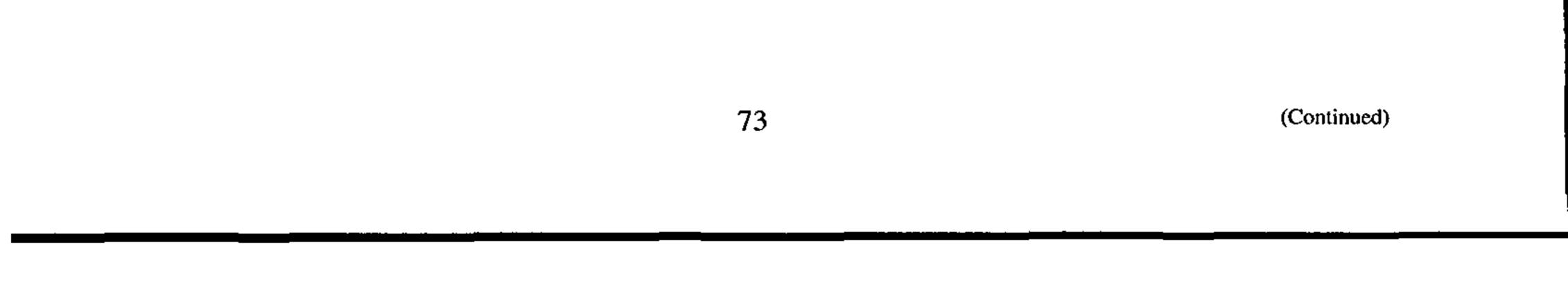
Exhibit E-1

Enterprise Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for 1994

•	Department of Water	Bossier Medical	Emergency Medical	Tota	
Assets	and Sewerage	<u>Center</u>	<u>Services</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,290,442	3,614,915	259,647	12,165,004	9,370,583
Accounts receivable - customers Less allowance for doubtful accounts	712,603 <u>(75,312</u>) <u>637,291</u>	15,367,234 <u>(3.225.608</u>) <u>12.141.626</u>	128,429 <u>(14.736</u>) <u>113.693</u>	16,208,266 <u>(3.315.656</u>) <u>12.892.610</u>	14,085,382 (2,692,821) 11,392,561
Accrued interest receivable Other accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Inventories, at cost Total current assets	125,156 899 	21,000 443,666 <u>739,760</u> <u>16.960,967</u>	3,997	129,153 21,899 443,666 <u>931,457</u> 26,583,789	69,769 50,110 553,894 <u>1.082.884</u> 22.519.801
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at cost Accrued interest	4,802,867 72,504 4.875,371	3,463,802 100,000 3,563,802		8,266,669 100,000 <u>72,504</u> 8,439,173	5,409,828 3,124,863 <u>27,242</u> 8,561,933
 Property, plant, and equipment: Land and land improvements Water reservoir and treatment plant Buildings Transmission and distribution system Equipment Less accumulated depreciation Construction in progress Net property, plant, and equipment 	$555,258 \\ 33,707,808 \\$	1,839,516 $12,366,749$ $$ $34.925.046$ $49,131,311$ $(26,589,477)$ $22,541,834$ $$ $130,804$ $22.672.638$	 	$\begin{array}{r} 2,394,774\\ 33,707,808\\ 12,366,749\\ 24,411,079\\ \underline{39,619,056}\\ 112,499,466\\ \underline{(47,005,205)}\\ 65,494,261\\ \underline{1,217,301}\\ \underline{66,711,562}\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 2,168,551\\ 32,793,615\\ 12,055,767\\ 24,173,827\\ \underline{37,966,622}\\ 109,158,382\\ \underline{(42,575,846)}\\ 66,582,536\\ \underline{306,087}\\ \underline{66,888,623} \end{array}$
Other assets: Cost in excess of acquired net assets, less accumulated amortization Deferred bond costs, at cost less amortization Other assets Total other assets	504,633 504.633	719,387 210,860 <u>86,810</u> <u>1.017.057</u>		719,387 715,493 <u>86.810</u> <u>1.521.690</u>	791,959 <u>134.649</u> 926.608
Total assets	\$ <u>58,357,943</u>	44,214,464	<u>683,807</u>	103,256,214	98,896,965



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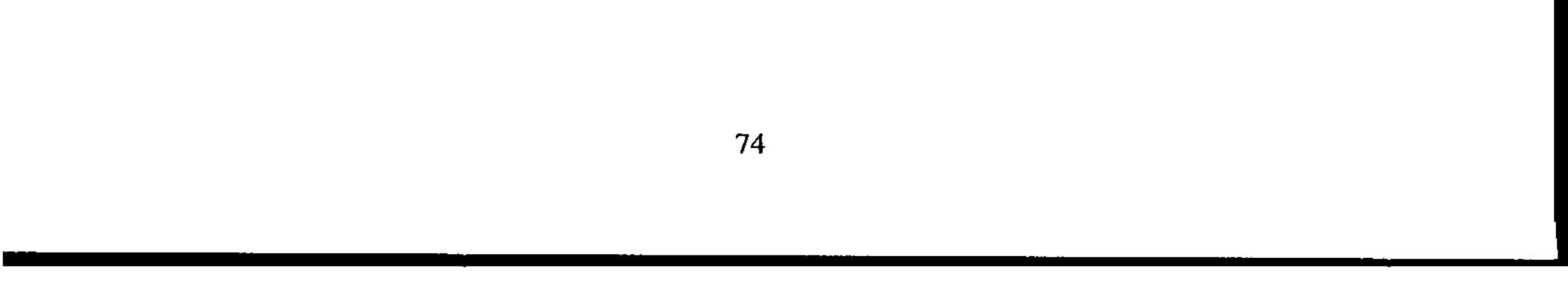
Exhibit E-1. Cont.

Enterprise Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

Liabilitics, Contributions, and Retained Earnings		Department of Water and Sewerage	Bossier Medical <u>Center</u>	Emergency Medical <u>Services</u>	<u> </u>	tals 1994
Current liabilities (payable from current assets): Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued vacation Estimates and retainages payable Refundable deposits Due to other funds Note payable Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	\$	307,329 109,805 71,792 472,262	2,797,262 822,348 130,953 440,331 4.190,894	16,991 54,923 	3,121,582 987,076 71,792 472,262 130,953 440.331 5,223,996	3,530,943 874,134 158,237 432,628 378,086
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) Accrued interest on revenue bonds Current portion of long-term debt Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) Total current liabilities	:	242,645 575,000 817,645 1.778,833	235,189 	 	477,834 	514,341 $1.080.000$ $1.594.341$ $6.968.369$
Long-term debt Total liabilitics		<u>14.240.000</u> <u>16.018.833</u>	<u>5.710.000</u> 10.721.083	71.914	<u>19.950.000</u> 26.811.830	<u>21.110.000</u> 28.078.369
Fund equity: Contributions: Contributions from municipality Contributions from Federal Revenue		10,366,081	2,922,230		13,288,311	13,409,352
Sharing Fund Contributions from Public Improvement		2,132,501			2,132,501	2,186,737
Sales Tax Bond Fund Contributions from Sales Tax Capital Fund Contributions from subdividers and		2,846,116 1,595,831		1,642	2,846,116 1,597,473	2,918,471 1,242,061
customers Contributions from other governmental		1,720,173			1,720,173	1,689,902
agencies Contributions from Consolidated Debt Service Fund		12,616,299 860,942		3,465	12,619,764 860,942	12,749,798
Contributions from capital additions Contributions from Bond and Interest		227,055			227,055	232,832
Sinking Fund Total contributions		<u>431.206</u> <u>32.796.204</u>	2.922.230	5.107	<u>431.206</u> <u>35.723.541</u>	<u> </u>
Retained earnings: Reserved for revenue bond requirements Unreserved Total retained earnings		1,149,282 <u>8.393.624</u> 9.542.906	1,035,206 _ <u>29,535,945</u> _ <u>30,571,151</u>	<u>606.786</u> 606.786	2,184,488 <u>38,536,355</u> 40,720,843	2,121,747 <u>33.825.520</u> <u>35.947.267</u>
Total fund equity		42.339.110	33.493.381	<u>611.893</u>	<u>. 76.444.384</u>	<u> 70,818,596</u>
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	<u>58,357,943</u>	44,214,464	<u>683,807</u>	<u>103,256,214</u>	<u>_98,896,965</u>

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.



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Enterprise Funds

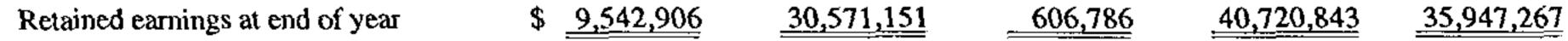
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

	Department of Water and Sewerage	Bossier Medical <u>Center</u>	Emergency Medical <u>Services</u>	<u> </u>	<u>als</u> 1994
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services: Metered water sales	\$ 3,847,570			3,847,570	3,530,551
Sewerage service charges	4,301,161			4,301,161	3,962,261
Revenue from hospital services	4,501,101	53,018,279		53,018,279	43,160,214
Ambulance fees			1.635.598	1.635.598	1.445.778
,	8,148,731	53,018,279	1,635,598	62,802,608	52,098,804
Miscellaneous - other revenues	228,552	503.222	41.234	773.008	1.036.353
Total revenues	8.377.283	53,521,501	<u>1.676.832</u>	<u>.63.575.616</u>	53.135.157
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	2,581,208	23,599,943	1,160,195	27,341,346	24,147,603
Supplies	664,153	8,410,982	98,422	9,173,557	8,660,874
Utilities	541,869	578,189	25,635	1,145,693	1,146,060
Repairs and maintenance	462,121	258,956	30,183	751,260 4,969,814	772,696 3,505,281
Provision for bad debts	62,215	4,894,689 7,703,166	12,910	7,703,166	7,033,891
Other medical Miscellaneous	979,256	7,705,100	157,568	1,136,824	1,201,832
Depreciation and amortization	1,566.289	2,960,183	80.881	4.607.353	4.005.636
Total expenses	6.857.111	48.406.108	1.565.794	56,829.013	50.473.873
Operating income	1.520.172	5.115.393		<u> 6.746.603</u>	<u>2.661.284</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	683,894	198,961	17,127	899,982	962,910
Interest expense	(999,641)	(546,098)		(1,545,739)	(1,128,994)
Arbitrage penalty					(34,927)
Amortization	(34,525)	(1 (07 000)		(34,525)	(79,378)
Loss on sale of investments		<u>(1,427,992</u>)		<u>(1,427,992</u>)	<u> </u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(350,272)	(1.775,129)	17,127	(2.108.274)	(273,124)
Tevenues (expenses)	(<u>550,414</u>)	<u> </u>		$-(2 \cdot 1 \vee 0 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 +)$	<u> </u>
Income before operating transfers	1,169,900	3,340,264	128,165	4,638,329	2,388,160
Operating transfers out	1,109,900	<u>(550,000</u>)	120,105	(550.000)	<u>(550,000</u>)
Net income	1.169.900	2.790.264	128,165	4.088.329	1.838.160
Amounts charged to contribution					
accounts - depreciation on					
contributed assets	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Retained earnings at beginning of year,				AZ	AA 40A 0AF
as previously reported	7,798,189	27,780,887	532,919	36,111,995	33,602,835
Prior period adjustment	<u>(109,805</u>)	<u></u>	<u>(54.923</u>)	<u>(164.728</u>)	(164.728)
Retained earnings at beginning of year, as restated	<u>.7.688.384</u>	27.780.887	<u> 477,996</u>	<u>35,947,267</u>	33.438.107

Exhibit E-2

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See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Exhibit E-3

Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			Department of Water	Bossier Medical	Emergency Medical	Totals		
Operating income \$ 1,520,172 5,115,393 111,038 6,746,603 2,661,284 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 1,566,289 2,994,141 80,881 4,641,311 4,031,004 Provision for bad debts 1,566,289 2,994,141 80,881 4,641,311 4,031,004 Provision for bad debts 62,215 4,894,689 12,910 4,969,814 3,505,281 Increase in accounts receivable (138,860) (6,312,469) (18,533) (6,469,862) (5,946,221) Decrease (increase) in other receivable 3,388 24,823 (2,302) 25,909 83,294 Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses — 110,228 — 110,228 (50,374) Decrease (increase) in inventories 21,723 142,349 — 164,072 (78,025) Decrease (increase) in other assets — 13,881 — 13,881 (20,575) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and — 112,942 — 112,942 106,306 accrued expenses (280,653) (284,565) 13,217 (552,001) 710,766 <th></th> <th colspan="2"></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>								
Operating income \$ 1,520,172 5,115,393 111,038 6,746,603 2,661,284 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 1,566,289 2,994,141 80,881 4,641,311 4,031,004 Provision for bad debts 1,566,289 2,994,141 80,881 4,641,311 4,031,004 Provision for bad debts 62,215 4,894,689 12,910 4,969,814 3,505,281 Increase in accounts receivable (138,860) (6,312,469) (18,533) (6,469,862) (5,946,221) Decrease (increase) in other receivable 3,388 24,823 (2,302) 25,909 83,294 Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses — 110,228 — 110,228 (50,374) Decrease (increase) in inventories 21,723 142,349 — 164,072 (78,025) Decrease (increase) in other assets — 13,881 — 13,881 (20,575) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and — 112,942 — 112,942 106,306 accrued expenses (280,653) (284,565) 13,217 (552,001) 710,766 <td>Cash flows from operating activities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash flows from operating activities:							
cash provided by operating activities:Depreciation and amortization $1,566,289$ $2,994,141$ $80,881$ $4,641,311$ $4,031,004$ Provision for bad debts $62,215$ $4,894,689$ $12,910$ $4,969,814$ $3,505,281$ Increase in accounts receivable $(138,860)$ $(6,312,469)$ $(18,533)$ $(6,469,862)$ $(5,946,221)$ Decrease (increase) in other receivable $3,388$ $24,823$ $(2,302)$ $25,909$ $83,294$ Decrease in due from other funds———— $55,265$ Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses— $110,228$ — $110,228$ $(50,374)$ Decrease (increase) in inventories $21,723$ $142,349$ — $164,072$ $(78,025)$ Decrease (increase) in other assets— $13,881$ — $13,881$ $(20,575)$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses $(280,653)$ $(284,565)$ $13,217$ $(552,001)$ $710,766$ Increase in due to other funds—— $112,942$ — $112,942$ $106,306$ Decrease in due to other funds— $(104,761)$ — $(104,761)$ $(86,181)$ Increase in refundable deposits $39,634$ —— $39,634$ $-24,925$	Operating income	\$	1,520,172	5,115,393	111,038	6,746,603	2,661,284	
Depreciation and amortization 1,566,289 2,994,141 80,881 4,641,311 4,031,004 Provision for bad debts 62,215 4,894,689 12,910 4,969,814 3,505,281 Increase in accounts receivable (138,860) (6,312,469) (18,533) (6,469,862) (5,946,221) Decrease (increase) in other receivable 3,388 24,823 (2,302) 25,909 83,294 Decrease in due from other funds — — — — — 55,265 Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses — 110,228 — 110,228 (50,374) Decrease (increase) in inventories 21,723 142,349 — 164,072 (78,025) Decrease (increase) in other assets — 13,881 — 13,881 (20,575) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and — 112,942 — 112,942 106,306 Increase in accrued vacation — — 112,942 — 112,942 106,306 Decrease in due to other funds — — 112,942 — 112,942 106,306 Increase in accrued v	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						-	
Provision for bad debts $62,215$ $4,894,689$ $12,910$ $4,969,814$ $3,505,281$ Increase in accounts receivable $(138,860)$ $(6,312,469)$ $(18,533)$ $(6,469,862)$ $(5,946,221)$ Decrease (increase) in other receivable $3,388$ $24,823$ $(2,302)$ $25,909$ $83,294$ Decrease in due from other funds———— $55,265$ Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses— $110,228$ — $110,228$ (50,374)Decrease (increase) in inventories $21,723$ $142,349$ — $164,072$ $(78,025)$ Decrease (increase) in other assets— $13,881$ — $13,881$ $(20,575)$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses($280,653$) $(284,565)$ $13,217$ $(552,001)$ $710,766$ Increase in accrued vacation— $112,942$ — $112,942$ 106,306Decrease in due to other funds— $(104,761)$ — $(104,761)$ $(86,181)$ Increase in refundable deposits $39,634$ — $39,634$ $24,925$								
Increase in accounts receivable $(138,860)$ $(6,312,469)$ $(18,533)$ $(6,469,862)$ $(5,946,221)$ Decrease (increase) in other receivable $3,388$ $24,823$ $(2,302)$ $25,909$ $83,294$ Decrease in due from other funds—————55,265Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses— $110,228$ — $110,228$ (50,374)Decrease (increase) in inventories $21,723$ $142,349$ — $164,072$ $(78,025)$ Decrease (increase) in other assets— $13,881$ — $13,881$ $(20,575)$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses $(280,653)$ $(284,565)$ $13,217$ $(552,001)$ $710,766$ Increase in accrued vacation— $112,942$ — $112,942$ $106,306$ Decrease in due to other funds— $(104,761)$ $((104,761)$ $(86,181)$ Increase in refundable deposits $39,634$ — $ 39,634$ $ 24,925$				· •	•	4,641,311		
Decrease (increase) in other receivable $3,388$ $24,823$ $(2,302)$ $25,909$ $83,294$ Decrease in due from other funds————55,265Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses—110,228—110,228(50,374)Decrease (increase) in inventories $21,723$ $142,349$ — $164,072$ (78,025)Decrease (increase) in other assets— $13,881$ — $13,881$ (20,575)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses(280,653)(284,565) $13,217$ (552,001)710,766Increase in accrued vacation— $112,942$ — $112,942$ 106,306Decrease in due to other funds— $(104,761)$ $($			•		-	, , ,		
Decrease in due from other funds — — — 55,265 Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses — 110,228 — 110,228 (50,374) Decrease (increase) in inventories 21,723 142,349 — 164,072 (78,025) Decrease (increase) in other assets — 13,881 — 13,881 (20,575) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (280,653) (284,565) 13,217 (552,001) 710,766 Increase in accrued vacation — 112,942 — 112,942 106,306 Decrease in due to other funds — (104,761) — (104,761) (86,181) Increase in refundable deposits 39,634			• • •	(6,312,469)		(6,469,862)	(5,946,221)	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses $ 110,228$ $ 110,228$ $(50,374)$ Decrease (increase) in inventories $21,723$ $142,349$ $ 164,072$ $(78,025)$ Decrease (increase) in other assets $ 13,881$ $ 13,881$ $(20,575)$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses $(280,653)$ $(284,565)$ $13,217$ $(552,001)$ $710,766$ Increase in accrued vacation $ 112,942$ $ 112,942$ $106,306$ Decrease in due to other funds $ (104,761)$ $ (104,761)$ $(86,181)$ Increase in refundable deposits $-39,634$ $ 39,634$ $-24,925$			3,388	24,823	(2,302)	25,909	83,294	
Decrease (increase) in inventories 21,723 142,349 - 164,072 (78,025) Decrease (increase) in other assets - 13,881 - 13,881 (20,575) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (280,653) (284,565) 13,217 (552,001) 710,766 Increase in accrued vacation - 112,942 - 112,942 106,306 Decrease in due to other funds - (104,761) - (104,761) (86,181) Increase in refundable deposits - 39,634 - - 39,634 - 24,925			_				55,265	
Decrease (increase) in other assets - 13,881 13,881 (20,575) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (280,653) (284,565) 13,217 (552,001) 710,766 Increase in accrued vacation - 112,942 - 112,942 106,306 Decrease in due to other funds - (104,761) - (104,761) (86,181) Increase in refundable deposits - 39,634 - - 39,634 - 24,925	Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		_	110,228		110,228	(50,374)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (280,653) (284,565) 13,217 (552,001) 710,766 Increase in accrued vacation 112,942 112,942 106,306 Decrease in due to other funds (104,761) (104,761) (86,181) Increase in refundable deposits 39,634 39,634 24,925	Decrease (increase) in inventories	·	21,723	142,349	—	164,072	(78,025)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses (280,653) (284,565) 13,217 (552,001) 710,766 Increase in accrued vacation - 112,942 - 112,942 106,306 Decrease in due to other funds - (104,761) - (104,761) (86,181) Increase in refundable deposits - 39,634 - - 39,634 - 24,925	Decrease (increase) in other assets		_	13,881		13,881	(20,575)	
Increase in accrued vacation $ 112,942$ $ 112,942$ $106,306$ Decrease in due to other funds $ (104,761)$ $ (104,761)$ $(86,181)$ Increase in refundable deposits $ 39,634$ $ 39,634$ $ 24,925$	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and							
Decrease in due to other funds — $(104,761)$ — $(104,761)$ (86,181) Increase in refundable deposits 39.634	accrued expenses		(280,653)	(284,565)	13,217		710,766	
Increase in refundable deposits <u>39.634</u> <u>39.634</u> <u>39.634</u> 24.925	Increase in accrued vacation			•	—	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Increase in refundable deposits <u>39.634</u> <u> 39.634</u> <u>39.634</u> <u>24.925</u>			—	(104,761)	•		(86,181)	
Not each provided by operating	Increase in refundable deposits		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		39.634	<u>24.925</u>	
	Net cash provided by operating							
activities <u>2.793.908</u> <u>6.706.651</u> <u>197.211</u> <u>9.697.770</u> <u>4.996.749</u>	activities		<u>2.793.908</u>	<u>6.706.651</u>	<u>_197,211</u>	<u>9.697.770</u>	<u>4.996.749</u>	
Net cash used by noncapital financing	Net cash used by noncapital financing							
activities – operating transfer out $(654,761) = (654,761) = (654,761) = (314,286)$			<u> </u>	_(654,761)		<u>(654.761</u>)	(314,286)	

Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:

Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2,450,813)	(1,574,278)	(171,382)	(4,196,473)	(7,017,136)
Contributions received for purchase of property	(2,100,010)	(1,574,270)	(171,502)	(4,120,475)	(7,017,150)
and equipment	587,441	-		587,441	185,316
Proceeds received from disposal of capital assets	-	488		488	1,908
Capital contributed by subdividers and customers	73,996		—	73,996	272,900
Capital contributed by Consolidated Debt	970.040			0/0 0/0	
Service Fund Interest paid on general obligation bonds	860,942 (15,080)	—	—	860,942	(24.025)
Contributions for interest on general obligation	(15,060)			(15,080)	(34,925)
bonds	15,080			15,080	34,925
Principal paid on revenue bond maturities	(545,000)	(535,000)		(1,080,000)	(1,030,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(984,561)	(522,080)		(1,506,641)	(1,551,407)
Arbitrage penalty paid			—	<u> </u>	(34,927)
Acquisition of physician practices		(209,076)		(209,076)	—
Payments of note payable	—	(316,445)	<u> </u>	(316,445)	
Restricted donation received Net cash used by capital and related		<u>30.000</u>			
financing activities	(2.457.995)	<u>(3,126,391</u>)	<u>(171.382</u>)	<u>(5.755.768</u>)	<u>(9.173.346</u>)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of investments			_		(1,000,560)
Maturities and sales of investments		1,566,672		1,566,672	9,040,803
Interest received	581,550	184,643	17,127	783,320	858,061
Rental property	<u> </u>	<u> 14.029 </u>		14.029	2.426
Net cash provided by investing	591 550	1765.244	17 107	0.004.001	0.000.730
activities	<u> </u>	<u>1.765.344</u>	17.127	2.364.021	<u> </u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	917,463	4,690,843	42,956	5,651,262	4,409,847
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	12.175.846	<u>2.387.874</u>	216.691	14.780.411	10.370.564
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ <u>13,093,309</u>	<u>7,078,717</u>	259,647	<u>20,431,673</u>	14,780,411
Noncash transactions:					
Prior period adjustment	\$ 109,805		54,923	164,728	164,728
• •	• • • • • •				
Acquisition of cost in excess of acquired net assets					
through assumption of note payable	\$ <u></u>	<u> 672,645</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
Acquisition of fixed assets through					
assumption of note payable	s —	71,486		71,486	
assumption of note payment	Ψ		=		

Acquisition of inventory through assumption					
of note payable	\$	12,645	 ==========	12,645	
Amortization	\$ <u>34,525</u>		<u> </u>	34,525	<u> </u>
Capitalized interest	\$				<u>440,760</u>

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The internal service funds are used to account for the costs of providing insurance coverage for the City. The City has two internal service funds.

Insurance Fund — This fund is used to account for contributions from City departments and withholdings from employee's payroll used to pay the costs of providing medical coverage for City employees.

Liability Insurance Fund — This fund is used to account for contributions from City departments for the payment of workmen's compensation and liability insurance claims.

Exhibit F-1

Internal Service Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for 1994

Assets	Insurance <u>Fund</u>	Liability Insurance <u>Fund</u>	<u> </u>	<u>tals 1994</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Prepaid expense	\$ 229,301	183,815 3,203 <u>161,297</u>	413,116 3,203 <u>161,297</u>	34,933 271 <u>132,627</u>
Total assets	\$ 229,301	348,315	<u> </u>	<u> 167,831</u>

Liabilities and <u>Retained Earnings (Deficit)</u>

Liabilities: Accrued claims Due to other fund - General Fund Total liabilities	\$ 311,285 <u></u>	189,347	500,632 	525,101 <u>216,946</u> 742,047
Retained earnings (deficit) - unreserved	<u>(81,984</u>)	<u>158,968</u>	<u> 76,984</u>	<u>(574,216</u>)
Total liabilities and retained earnings (deficit)	\$ <u>229,301</u>		<u> </u>	167,831

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.



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Exhibit F-2

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings (Deficit)

> December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for 1994

	Insurance <u>Fund</u>	Liability Insurance <u>Fund</u>	<u>Tot</u> 1995	<u>als</u> 1994
	<u>1 (unu</u>		1775	<u></u>
Revenues: Employer's contributions/premiums Employees' contributions Refunds and reimbursements Total revenues	\$ 1,905,383 631,216 <u>200,980</u> 2.737,579	1,387,333 <u>45,814</u> <u>1,433,147</u>	3,292,716 631,216 <u>246,794</u> <u>4,170,726</u>	1,615,683 607,226 <u>153,642</u> 2,376,551
Expenses - miscellaneous: Claims Legal fees Employee insurance premiums Other Total expenses	1,836,322 317,416 <u>91,609</u> 2,245,347	500,355 309,546 456,620 <u>10,278</u> <u>1,276,799</u>	2,336,677 309,546 774,036 <u>101.887</u> 3,522,146	1,929,182 258,353 <u>176,040</u> 2,363,575
Operating income Nonoperating revenues - interest income Net income	492,232	156,348 <u>2,620</u> 158,968	648,580 <u>2,620</u> 651,200	12,976 <u>7,121</u> 20,097
Retained earnings (deficit) at beginning of year	<u>(574,216</u>)		<u>(574,216</u>)	<u>(594,313</u>)
Retained earnings (deficit) at end of year	\$ <u>(81,984</u>)	158,968	<u> </u>	<u>(574,216</u>)

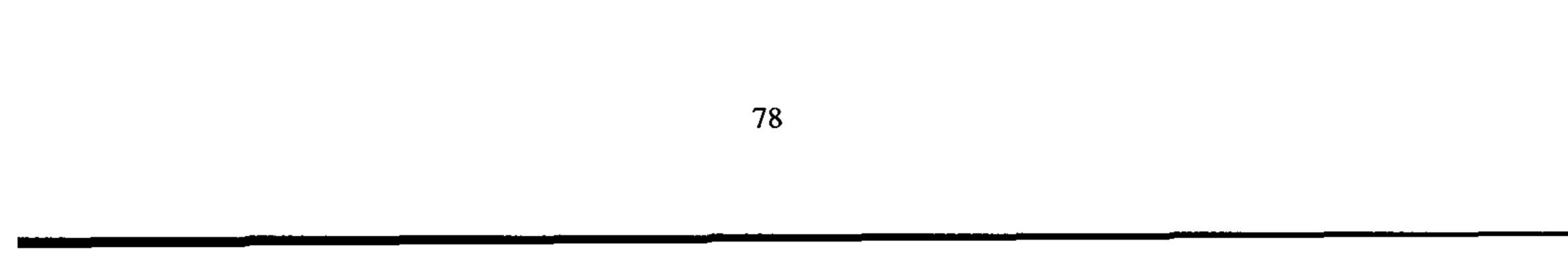


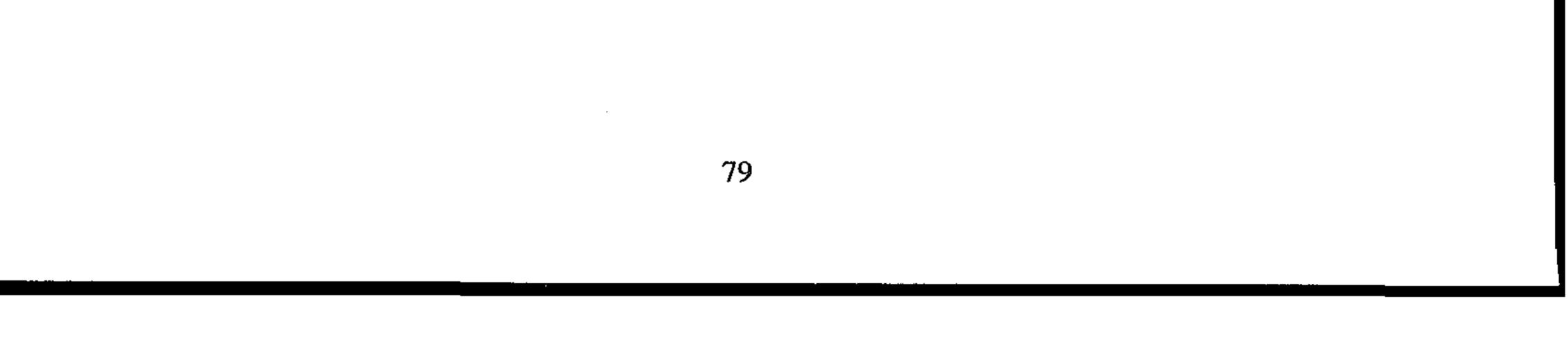
Exhibit F-3

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

		Insurance <u>Funđ</u>	Liability Insurance <u>Fund</u>	<u>Tot</u> 1995	<u>als</u> <u>1994</u>
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by	\$	492,232	156,348	648,580	12,976
operating activities: Increase in prepaid expense			(28,670)	(28,670)	(132,627)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in accrued claims Net cash provided (used) by		(216,946) <u>(45,985</u>)	<u>21.517</u>	(216,946) <u>(24,468</u>)	22,009 <u>(112,661</u>)
operating activities		229,301	149,195	<u> </u>	<u>(210,303</u>)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities – interest paid	g		(313)	(313)	
Net cash provided by investing activities – interest on investments					<u> </u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash		229,301	148,882	378,183	(203,118)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			<u> 34,933 </u>	<u> 34,933 </u>	<u>238,051</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	229,301	183,815	413,116	34,933



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds — The pension trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. The pension trust funds reported in this section are the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, and the Bossier Medical Center Pension Fund.

Agency Funds — The Consolidated Sales Tax Fund accounts for the collection of a two percent City sales and use tax and the distribution of this tax to the various funds which account for operations and projects for which the tax was levied. This fund also accounts for the collection and distribution of sales taxes levied by the Bossier Parish School Board and various municipalities within the parish. The Deferred Compensation Fund accounts for the assets and benefits payable under the City's Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plan. The Riverboat Gaming Agency Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds from the riverboats that the City receives and disburses to other local government agencies in accordance with the contractual provisions.

Exhibit G-1

		Assets Rel	th equivalents at cost, which approximates	deposit bonde and U S	ment and agency obligations 10, e-backed securities unds rance contract 11,	rest receivable	Fund Aedical Center Fund	ler governmental units	Total assets \$ 12.	iabilities and und Balances	payable \$	s payable her funds - General Fund her governmental units ble deposits Total liabilities	s - reserved for employees' system Total liabilities and find	balances \$ 12.
		Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	521,690	I	0,491,890 995,312 	131,966	4,029 4,029	1	2,144,887		ļ		2.144.887	2,144,887
	with co	<u>Pension Trust Funds</u> Policemen's Pension and M <u>Relief Fund</u> P	7,877	74,979	4,238,352 	I		 	4,321,208		14,755	 	4.306.453	4,321,208
Fiduciary Funds Combining Release Sheet	with comparative totals for 1	nds Bossier Medical Center <u>Pension Fund</u>	245,437	j	3,782,288 522,375 500,000 4,804,663	70,140			5,120,240		I		5.120.240	5,120,240
Funds Iance Sheet	, 1995 December 31, 1994	Consolidated Sales Tax Fund	I	1		1		69.819	69,819		39,075	2,884 2,886 69,819		69,819
		<u>Agency Funds</u> Deferred Compensation <u>Fund</u>	I	I		I			2,540,855		I	2,540,855 	I	2,540,855
		Riverboat Gaming Agency Fund	I	1		I					I			
		<u>1995</u>	775,004	74,979	$\begin{array}{c} 18,512,530\\ 1,517,687\\ 500,000\\ 2,540,855\\ 23,146,051\\ \end{array}$	202,106	4,029	69.819	24,197,009		53,830	2,540,855 2,884 2,884 2,625,429	21.571.580	24,197,009
		als 1994	462,075	134,649	18,076,312 522,375 500,000 1.982,685 21,216,021	268,476	21,052 142,372 163,424	74.064	22,184,060		15,391	$1,982,685 \\78,358 \\50,000 \\30,724 \\2,157,158$	20.026.902	22,184,060

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Fiduciary Funds

Fund balances -retirement syst

Liabilities: Accounts par Deferred cor benefits pa Due to other Due to other Refundable (

Lia Fun

Due from other

Accrued interest Due from other General Fun Bossier Med

80

market: Certificates U.S. treasur governme Mortgage-b Mutual fund Life insuran Cash and cash e Investments, at

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Exhibit G-2

Fiduciary Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances - Pension Trust Funds

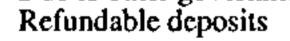
Year ended December 31, 1995 with comparative totals for year ended December 31, 1994

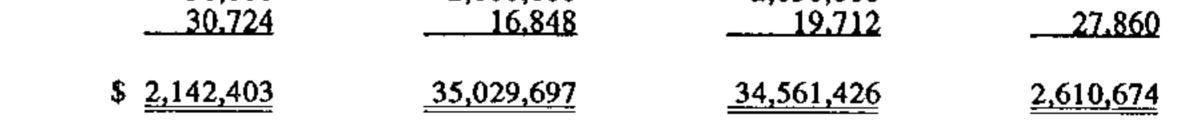
	Firemen's Pension and	Policemen's Pension and	Bossier Medical Center	То	tals
	Relief Fund	Relief Fund	Pension Fund	1995	<u>1994</u>
Operating revenues:					
Sales taxes, net	\$ 1,900,000	1,000,000		2,900,000	2,732,205
Interest income	843,232	315,942	338,960	1,498,134	1,447,351
Other	3,140		·	3,140	
Contributions from City:				·	
Fire insurance premiums	89,342	<u> </u>		89,342	79,172
Employer's contributions	45,833		639,946	685,779	624,175
City Court fines		176,983	- 	176,983	141,308
City liquor licenses	<u> </u>	10,829	<u> </u>	10.829	12.047
	135,175	187.812	639,946	962,933	856.702
Employees' contributions	45,833	1.749		47,582	<u> </u>
Total revenues	2.927.380	<u>1.505.503</u>	978,906	5.411.789	5.095.992

Operating expenses: Pensions and benefits Miscellaneous Total expenses	1,889,341 <u>42,298</u> <u>1,931,639</u>	1,300,950 <u>14,230</u> <u>1.315,180</u>	600,579 <u>19,713</u> <u>620,292</u>	3,790,870 <u>76,241</u> <u>3,867,111</u>	3,564,377 <u>72.002</u> <u>3.636.379</u>
Net income	995,741	190,323	358,614	1,544,678	1,459,613
Fund balances at beginning of year	11.149.146	4.116.130	<u>4.761.626</u>	20.026.902	18.567,289
Fund balances at end of year	\$ <u>12,144,887</u>	4,306,453	5,120,240	21,571,580	20,026,902



CITY	OF BOSSIER CITY, LO	DUISIANA		Exhibit G-3
Combi	Fiduciary Funds ning Statement of Chang	es in Assets		
	d Liabilities - All Agenc			
እ	ear ended December 31	, 1995		
	Balance January 1, <u>1995</u>	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, <u>1995</u>
Consolidated Sales Tax Fund				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	\$ 35,396 258	32,593,914	32,629,310 258	
Sales tax receivable Due from other governmental units	74.064	32,357,636 <u>162.636</u>	32,357,636 <u>166.881</u>	<u>69.819</u>
	\$ <u>109,718</u>	<u>65,114,186</u>	65,154,085	<u>69,819</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable Sales tax distributions payable Due to other funds:	\$ 636 	79,044 13,305,239	40,605 13,305,239	39,075
Due to other funds: General Fund Sales Tax Bond Sinking and Reserve Fund Parkway Sales Tax Bond Sinking and Reserve Fund	78,358	5,458,324 2,072,539 2,056,068	5,533,798 2,072,539 2,056,068	2,884
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	 	1,000,000 1,900,000	1,000,000 1,900,000	
Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund Parkway Capital Projects Fund	•	1,719,724 1,736,195	1,719,724 1,736,195	
Jail and Municipal Building Fund Fire Improvements and Operations Fund	 •	758,463 1,327,292	758,463 1,327,292	
Streets and Drainage Fund	78,358	<u>948,066</u> 18,976,671	<u>948.066</u> 19,052,145	2,884
Refundable deposits	<u> </u>	<u>16.848</u> 32,377,802	<u> </u>	<u> 27,860</u> <u> 69,819</u>
Deferred Compensation Fund				
Assets				
Investments	\$ <u>1,982,685</u>	651,895	93,725	<u>2,540,855</u>
Liabilities				
Deferred compensation benefit payable	\$ <u>1,982,685</u>	<u> </u>	93,725	<u>2,540,855</u>
Riverboat Gaming				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>50,000</u>	2,000,000	2,050,000	
Liabilitics Due to other governmental units	\$ <u>50,000</u>	2,000,000	2,050,000	
Totals All Agency Funds			•	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,396	34,593,914	34,679,310	
Investments Accrued interest receivable	1,982,685 258	651,895	93,725 258	2,540,855
Sales tax receivable Due from other governmental units	74,064	32,357,636 <u>162,636</u>	32,357,636 <u>166,881</u>	69.819
	\$ <u>2,142,403</u>	67,766,081	67,297,810	2,610,674
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 636	79,044	10 605	20.075
Sales tax distributions payable		13,305,239	40,605 13,305,239	39,075
Deferred compensation benefit payable Due to other funds	1,982,685 78,358	651,895 18,976,671	93,725 19,052,145	2,540,855 2,884
Due to other governmental units Refundable deposits	50,000	2,000,000	2,050,000	27.860







See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

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GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the proprietary and pension trust funds. Capital outlay in funds other than the proprietary funds are recorded as expenditures of those funds at the time of purchase and are subsequently recorded, at cost, for control purposes in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for municipalities, depreciation is not recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

Exhibit H-1

General Fixed Assets Account Group

Comparative Schedules of General Fixed Assets - By Source

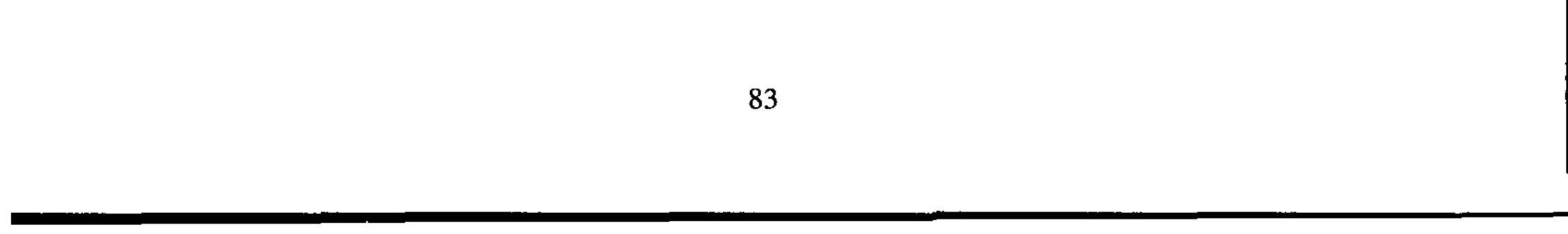
December 31, 1995 and 1994

<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
\$ 5,526,091 24,847,750 <u>11,179,363</u>	4,777,217 24,373,049 <u>10,305,519</u>
\$ <u>41,553,204</u>	<u>39,455,785</u>
\$ 2,896,020	2,896,020
	5,526,091 24,847,750 <u>11,179,363</u> 41,553,204

General obligation bonds	1,491,879	1,491,879
Federal Revenue Sharing	2,411,744	2,635,419
Sales tax revenues	11,488,384	9,455,282
Sales tax revenue bonds	18,230,125	17,988,182
Community Development Block Grant	825,351	830,205
Contributions from other governmental agencies	1,874,499	1,893,147
General Fund	1,873,511	1,804,229
Donations	461.691	461,422
	\$ <u>41,553,204</u>	<u>39,455,785</u>

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

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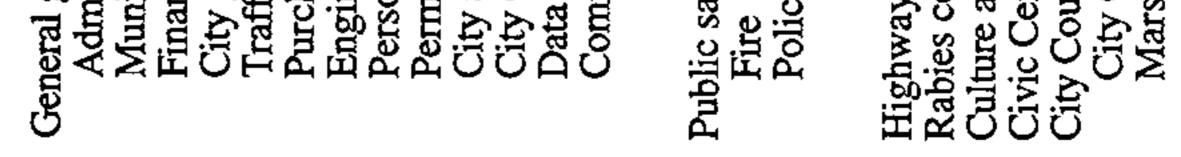


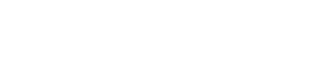
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I OUTSIANA

	CITY OF BOSSIER General Fixed As: Schedule of Changes in	ER CITY, Assets Ac	LOUISIANA count Group		<u>Exhibit H-2</u>
	ear ma	and	vity 1, 1995		
Function and Activity	General Fixed Assets January 1, 1995	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	Interdepartmental <u>Transfers</u>	General Fixed Assets December 31, 1995
leral government: Administration Municipal building Finance	<pre>\$ 260,444 13,587,649 67,430</pre>	1,547 782,986	(10,103) (8,021) (2,705)	(37,527) 	214,361 14,362,614 68,500
City garage Traffic engineering and safety		3,460 2,120	(10,186) (22,469)	39,989 226	326,446 4,309,772
Engineering Personnel	177,968	2,748	(8,717) (3,374)	ᡗᢆ᠊ᡏ᠊᠆ᡝ	57,1 45,0
Permuts City attorney City Council	2 4 X 2 6 X	2,504 670	(2,602) (2,499)	$\delta - \delta$	114,333 43,790 51,209
Data processing Community development	53,258 138,551 19,245,989	10,137	(593) (11.849) (83.474)	587,460 (41.965) 543.000	650,262 84.737 20.517.697
lic safety: Fire Police	$\begin{array}{r} 3,492,331\\ 3.708.043\\ 7.200.374\end{array}$	305,916 <u>1,094,266</u> <u>1,400,182</u>	(108,232) (218,171) (326,403)	(87,531) (151,469) (239,000)	3,602,484 4,432,669 8,035,153
hways and streets ies control, pest, and vegetation ure and recreation c Center	1,530,702 142,084 5,637,542 5,444,041	52,804 1,418 54,795 	(53,947) (860) (58,694) (6,948)	(14,970) 10,701 21,426 (11,747)	1,514,589 $1,53,343$ $5,655,069$ $5,425,346$
City Court Marshal's office	98,498 156,555 255,053	7,626 21.147 28.773	(5,190) (5,190)	(28,914) 2.285 (26,629)	72,020 179,987 252,007
Total general fixed assets	\$ 39,455,785	2,350,154	<u>(535,516)</u>	282,781	41,553,204
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See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.





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General Fixed Assets Account Group

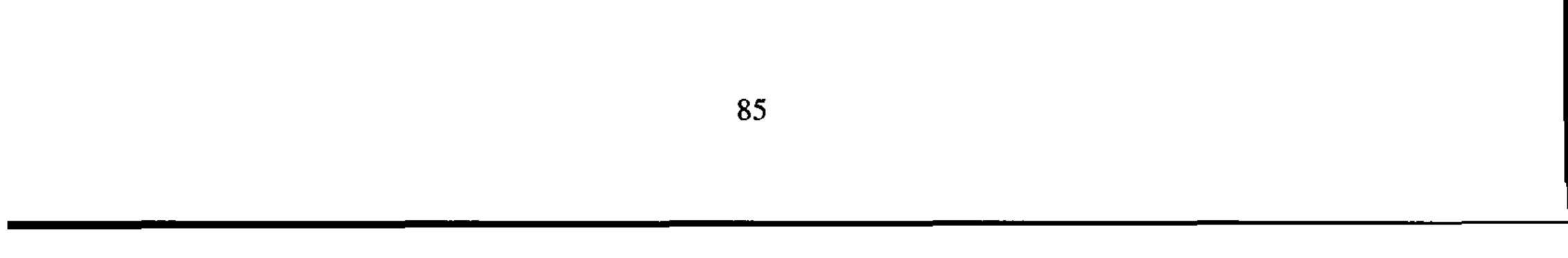
Schedule of General Fixed Assets -By Function and Activity

December 31, 1995

Exhibit H	<u>l-3</u>
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Function and Activity	<u>To</u> tal	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings and <u>Structures</u>	Equipment and <u>Vehicles</u>
General government:				
Administration	\$ 214,361			214,361
Municipal building	14,362,614	1,682,250	12,511,621	168,743
Finance	68,500			68,500
City garage	326,446	2,500	43,901	280,045
Traffic engineering and safety	4,309,772	753,489	3,031,595	524,688
Purchasing	89,456			89,456
Engineering	157,190			157,190
Personnel	45,027			45,027
Permits	114,333			114,333
City attorney	43,790			43,790
City Council	51,209		—	51,209
Data processing	650,262		—	650,262
Community Development	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
	20.517.697	2.438,239	<u>15.587.117</u>	2.492.341
Public safety:				
Fire	3,602,484	270,015	879,553	2,452,916
Police	4,432,669	57,758	1.038.491	3.336.420
	8.035.153	327,773	1.918.044	5.789.336
Highways and streets	1,514,589			1,514,589
Rabies control, pest, and vegetation	153,343			153,343
Culture and recreation	5,655,069	2,691,639	2,436,659	526,771
Civic Center	5,425,346	68,440	4,905,930	450,976
City Court and Marshal:	•			
City Court	72,020			72,020
Marshal's office	179.987	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	252.007	<u> </u>		252.007
Total general fixed assets				
allocated to functions	\$ <u>41,553,204</u>	<u>5,526,091</u>	24,847,750	<u>11,179,363</u>



GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACCOUNT GROUP

This account group represents a summary of all general obligation debt of the City.

December 31, 1995	5,897,915	479,511	30,292,085	36,669,511	479,511	36,190,000	36,669,511
Debt Service Fund Operations	(1,013,053)	I		(1,013,053)			
Payments/ <u>Reductions</u>	(1,510,387)	I	(416.560)	(1,926,947)	(1,230,000)	(1,710,000)	(2,940,000)

Exhibit I-1

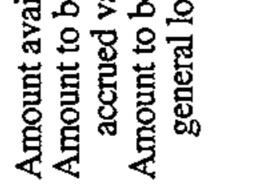
General Long-Term Obligation Account Group CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Year ended December 31, 1995

Additions		30,824		30,824	30,824		30,824
January 1, 1995	\$ 8,421,355	448,687	30,708,645	\$ 39,578,687	<pre>\$ 448,687 1,230,000</pre>	37.900.000	\$ 39,578,687
	ailable in debt service funds	be provided for payment of vacation	be provided for retrement of long-term debt		obligations payable: I vacation obligation bonds payable	e bonds payable - general city tions	

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.



Long-term ol Accrued y General o Revenue l operatio

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Exhibit J-1

Analysis of Pension Funding Progress

Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Net Assets Available for Benefits	Pension Benefit Obligation	Percentage Funded	Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation	Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation as a Percentage of <u>Covered Payroll</u>
Firemen's Pe	nsion and Relief Fund					
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993	\$ 4,078,697 5,033,558 5,945,525 6,784,502 7,756,986 8,743,992 9,631,818 10,357,579 11,140,146	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19.7 22.7 26.2 27.3 28.8 27.9 29.7 29.9 20.2	16,611,278 17,144,287 16,746,486 18,086,548 19,207,273 22,592,918 22,757,616 24,257,364	1,652,970 1,859,683 1,648,934 1,579,709 1,649,522 1,721,195 1,719,978 1,468,092 1,093,808	1,004.9% 921.9 1,015.6 1,144.9 1,164.4 1,312.6 1,323.1 1,652.3 2,339.4
1994 1995	11,149,146 <u>12,144,887</u>	36,737,989 (9) <u>38,400,886</u> (10)	30.3 <u>31.6</u>	25,588,843 <u>26,255,999</u>	1,093,808 <u>917,422</u>	2,339.4 <u>2,861.9</u>
Policemen's	Pension and Relief Fund					
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995		$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	13.1 13.2 14.4 15.9 16.2 16.4 16.8 18.5 20.8 20.9	10,977,337 $11,714,016$ $12,683,891$ $12,902,830$ $14,350,500$ $15,621,302$ $16,427,129$ $16,509,581$ $15,628,900$ $16,323,457$	592,926 637,347 627,301 487,906 482,195 448,472 436,309 402,178 84,122 29,147	1,851.4% $1,837.9$ $2,022.0$ $2,644.5$ $2,976.1$ $3,483.2$ $3,765.0$ $4,105.0$ $18,578.8$ $56,003.9$
Bossier Med	ical Center Pension Fund					
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,377,000 \\ 1,722,000 \\ 2,092,000 \\ 2,492,000 \\ 2,603,000 \\ 2,852,000 \\ 3,470,000 \\ 3,965,000 \\ 4,434,000 \\ 4,000 \\ 4,000 \\ 4,000 \\ $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	83.4 83.9 94.1 78.9 72.6 73.2 78.0 84.1 86.3	273,000 330,000 130,000 665,000 980,000 1,042,000 997,000 750,000 704,000 028,000	4,930,000 4,855,000 4,940,000 5,351,000 5,386,000 6,226,000 7,222,000 7,525,000 8,829,000 0,553,000	5.5% 6.8 2.6 12.4 18.2 16.7 13.5 9.9 8.0 0.7
1995	4,449,000	<u>5,377,000</u> (9)	82.7	928,000	9,553,000	9.7

- (1) As of January 1, 1987
- (2) As of January 1, 1988
- (3) As of January 1, 1989
- (4) As of January 1, 1990
- (5) As of January 1, 1991
- (6) As of January 1, 1992
- (7) As of January 1, 1993
- (8) As of January 1, 1994
- (9) As of January 1, 1995
- (10) As of January 1, 1996
- (11) Estimated by actuaries based on valuations under different assumptions which approximate calculations under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method.
- <u>Note</u> Analysis of the dollar amounts of net assets available for benefits, pension benefit obligation, and unfunded pension benefit obligation in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the net assets available for benefits as a percentage of the pension benefit obligation provides one indication of the Plan's funding status on a going concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the Plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the Plan. Trends in unfunded pension benefit obligation and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded pension benefit obligation as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the Plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay

benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the Plan. However, since no new employees are allowed to enter into the Firemen's and Policemen's Plans, the number of employees will continue to decline, indicating an increasing burden on the City to provide for pension benefits.

87

Exhibit J-2

Pension Funds - Revenues by Source and Expenses by Type

Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund

	Revenues by Source						
				•			Employer
							Contribution
							_ as a
							Percentage
						Annual	of Annual
Fiscal	Interest	Contributions	Employee	Other		Covered	Covered
<u>Year</u>	<u>Income</u>	From City	Contributions	<u>Income</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Payroll</u>
1986	\$ 98,513	831,334	39,647	27,501	996,995	592,926	140.21%
1987	144,940	604,274	37,912	1,238	788,364	637,347	94.81
1988	161,114	865,449	37,233		1,063,796	627,301	137.96
1989	190,638	888,631	28,988		1,108,257	487,906	182.13
1990	210,261	923,334	21,862	. 	1,155,457	482,195	191.49
1991	224,878	983,374	19,371	<u> </u>	1,227,623	448,472	219.27
1992	267,922	1,071,708	22,991		1,362,621	436,309	245.63
1993	275,515	1,215,994	18,685		1,510,194	402,178	302.35
1994	304,387	1,155,563	5,047	<u></u>	1,464,997	84,122	1,373.68
1995	<u>315,942</u>	1,187,812	1,749		1,505,503	29,147	4,075.24

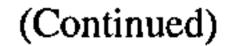
		Expenses by Type	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Pensions and <u>Benefits</u>	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	<u>Total</u>
1986	\$ 615,356	18,453	633,809
1987	660,411	5,139	665,550
1988	715,818	6,255	722,073
1989	792,784	5,520	798,304
1990	816,111	5,903	822,014
1991	919,216	5,808	925,024
1992	1,116,934	7,422	1,124,356
1993	1,072,358	10,068	1,082,426
1994	1,078,458	7,664	1,086,122
1995	<u>1,300,950</u>	14,230	<u>1,315,180</u>

Note - Contributions were made in accordance with actuarially determined contribution requirements beginning January 1, 1985.

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

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Exhibit J-2, Cont.

Pension Funds - Revenues by Source and Expenses by Type

Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

			Reven	ues by Sou	rce		
							Employer Contribution as a
							Percentage
						Annual	of Annual
Fiscal	Interest	Contributions	Employee	Other		Covered	Covered
<u>Year</u>	Income	From City	Contributions	<u>Income</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Payroll</u>
1986	\$ 299,515	1,574,969	92,881		1,967,365	1,652,970	95.28%
1987	334,371	1,312,364	92,946		1,739,681	1,859,683	70.57
1988	404,301	1,335,312	82,431		1,822,044	1,648,934	80.98
1989	527,833	1,272,853	78,521		1,879,207	1,579,709	80.58
1990	608,646	1,400,482	83,283		2,092,411	1,649,522	84.90
1991	678,703	1,504,547	63,246		2,246,496	1,721,195	87.41
1992	737,256	1,682,340	63,558		2,483,154	1,719,978	97.81
1993	764,559	1,734,398	60,516		2,559,473	1,468,092	118.14
1994	823,967	1,863,856	54,687		2,742,510	1,093,808	170.40
1995	<u>843,232</u>	2,035,175	45,833	3,140	2,927,380	917,422	<u>221.83</u>

		Expenses by Type	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Pensions and <u>Benefits</u>	Miscellaneous	Total
1986	\$ 752,563	6,545	759,108
1987	780,611	4,209	784,820
1988	905,547	4,530	910,077
1989	1,019,935	20,295	1,040,230
1990	1,083,747	36,180	1,119,927
1991	1,222,395	37,095	1,259,490
1992	1,553,847	41,481	1,595,328
1993	1,785,256	48,456	1,833,712
1994	1,905,274	45,669	1,950,943
1995	<u>1,889,341</u>	42,298	1,931,639

Note - Contributions were made in accordance with actuarially determined contribution requirements beginning January 1, 1985.

89

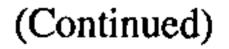


Exhibit J-2, Cont.

Pension Funds - Revenues by Source and Expenses by Type

Bossier Medical Center Pension Fund

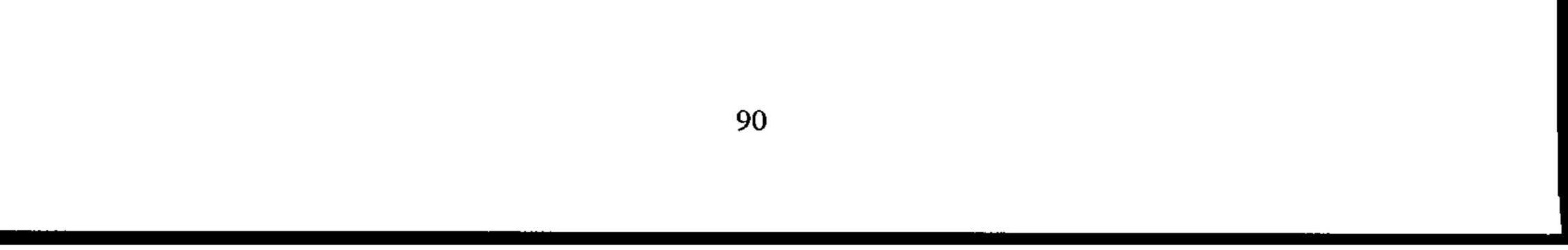
		Keve	enues by Source		
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Employer <u>Contributions (1)</u>	Investments Income (1)	Total	Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Employer Contribution as a Percentage of Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u>
1986	\$ 207,529	160,442	367,971	4,930,000	4.21%
1987	253,200	148,366	401,566	4,855,000	5.22
1988	252,724 (2)	195,521	448,245	4,940,000	5.12
1989	351,000	268,294	619,294	5,351,000	6.56
1990	375,886	223,511	599,397	5,386,000	6.98
1991	445,954	243,260	689,214	6,226,000	7.20
1992	503,001	245,983	748,984	7,222,000	6.96
1993	501,264	286,945	788,209	7,525,000	6.66
1994	569,488	318,997	888,485	8,829,000	6.45
1995	<u>639,946</u>	<u>338,960</u>	<u>978,906</u>	<u>9,553,000</u>	<u>6.70</u>

Revenues by Source

		Expenses by Type	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Benefits (1)	Administrative Expenses (1)	<u>Total</u>
1986	\$ 15,916	6,704	22,620
1987	23,415	7,745	31,160
1988	41,207	12,007	53,214
1989	126,285	21,075	147,360
1990	394,476	13,224	407,700
1991	254,094	15,263	269,357
1992	317,866	17,783	335,649
1993	373,586	17,775	391,361
1994	580,645	18,669	599,314
1995	<u>600,579</u>	<u>19,713</u>	<u>620,292</u>

Notes:

- (1) Information per the trustee's statement of plan assets.
 (2) The \$252,724 contribution shown for 1988 was made December 28, 1988, but not included in the trustee's statement of plan assets.



STATISTICAL SECTION

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Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

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<u>Total</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 11.715.767 \\ 11.819,405 \\ 10.779,183 \\ 10.779,183 \\ 12.731,766 \\ 13.771,063 \\ 15.334,950 \\ 16.334,950 \\ 17,108,435 \\ 18,139,723 \\ 20.304,502 \\ 20.304,502 \\ \end{array}$
Marshal's <u>Office</u>	120,124 162,123 164,890 176,099 204,994 276,855 292,645 292,645 292,645 292,645
Court Court	$\begin{array}{c} 163,510 \\ 221,251 \\ 226,563 \\ 226,304 \\ 259,268 \\ 231,428 \\ 231,428 \\ 259,268 \\ 301,440 \\ \end{array}$
Culture and <u>Recreation</u>	823,681 788,887 571,040 571,040 675,833 1,067,605 1,084,552 1,094,266 1,094,266 1,279,747 1,279,747
Solid <u>Waste</u>	$ \begin{array}{c} - & (2) \\ - & (2) $
Highways and Streets	720,618 821,325 821,325 408,825 418,340 672,980 672,980 510,250 510,250 510,250
Public <u>Safety</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 6,261,030\\ 6,249,675\\ 6,249,675\\ 6,288,108\\ 6,398,328\\ 6,887,050\\ 7,583,613\\ 7,583,613\\ 8,814,295\\ 8,814,295\\ 9,620,590\\ 9,620,590\\ 9,620,590\end{array}$
General <u>Government</u>	<pre>\$ 3,626,804 3,576,144 3,142,757 3,142,757 3,384,506 3,384,506 3,776,397 4,421,031 4,421,031 4,469,444 4,601,136 5,374,336</pre>

Includes General Fund expenditures only. In 1986, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund was established as an enterprise fund to account for sanitation revenues and expenses. In 1992, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund was re-established as a department within the General Fund.

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

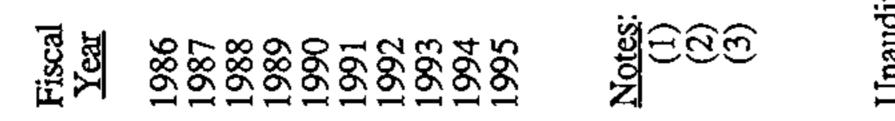


Table 2

SIANA

1986

Total	$\begin{array}{c} 10.578,468\\ 10.758,187\\ 10.902,728\\ 10.902,728\\ 10.792,171\\ 11.948,149\\ 12,832,366\\ 14.316,895\\ 15.572,695\\ 16.896,105\\ 18.093,006\\ \end{array}$	
Interest and <u>Miscellaneous</u>	650,832 650,832 614,327 614,327 781,074 1,155,115 1,056,217 948,413 1,050,903 1,123,857 1,123,857	
Charges for Services		
Video Poker	661,058 (4) 790,170 403,699	
Louisiana Downs, Inc.	$\begin{array}{c} 1,880,777\\ 1,922,062\\ 2,355,478\\ 1,755,988\\ 2,116,905\\ 2,1126\\ 2,1126\\ 2,126\\ $	
Fines and Penalties	421,702 606,044 526,411 72,779 393,640 339,640 534,646 539,265 539,265	
Inter- governmental	515,660 367,313 367,313 367,396 458,672 457,304 474,981 474,981 437,745	
Licenses and <u>Permits</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 1.072,269\\ 1.061,322\\ 1.088,027\\ 1.079,079\\ 1.137,385\\ 1.209,928\\ 1.362,775\\ 1.404,210\\ 1.629,674\\ 1.776,977\end{array}$	
Taxes	\$ 6,037,228 6,077,637 6,005,369 6,005,369 6,335,855 6,335,855 6,335,855 6,335,855 6,335,855 6,335,855 6,929,589 9,929,580 9,929,580	

Includes General Fund revenues only. Operating transfers in are not included. In 1986, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund was established as an enterprise fund to account for sanitation revenues and expenses. In 1992, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund was re-established as a department within the General Fund. Video poker was legalized in 1993.

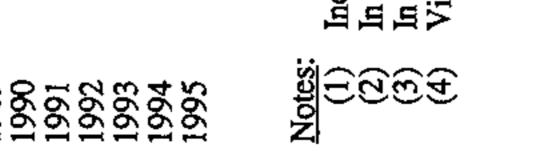
CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUI

General Revenues by Source (1)

Fiscal years ended December 31, through December 31, 1995

- see accompanying independent auditors' report.

Unaudited



Fiscal Year

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Estimated Actual <u>Value</u>	Percent of Total Assessed to Estimated <u>Actual Value</u>
1986	\$ 145,041,710	1,233,553,410	11.76%
1987	146,524,880	1,167,528,924	12.55
1988	145,904,130	1,226,328,247	11.90
1989	146,247,190	1,260,137,980	11.61
1990	147,906,800	1,267,029,620	11.67
1991	150,847,340	1,292,083,040	11.67
1992	154,223,650	1,340,404,177	11.51
1993	159,654,090	1,393,412,567	11.46
1994	163,245,850	1,417,208,267	11.52
1995	<u>184,287,480</u>	<u>1,582,975,867</u>	<u>11.64</u>

Table 4

Note: Assessed values are established by the Bossier Parish Tax Assessor on January 1 of each year at approximately 10-15% of assumed market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every 4 years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 1992.

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

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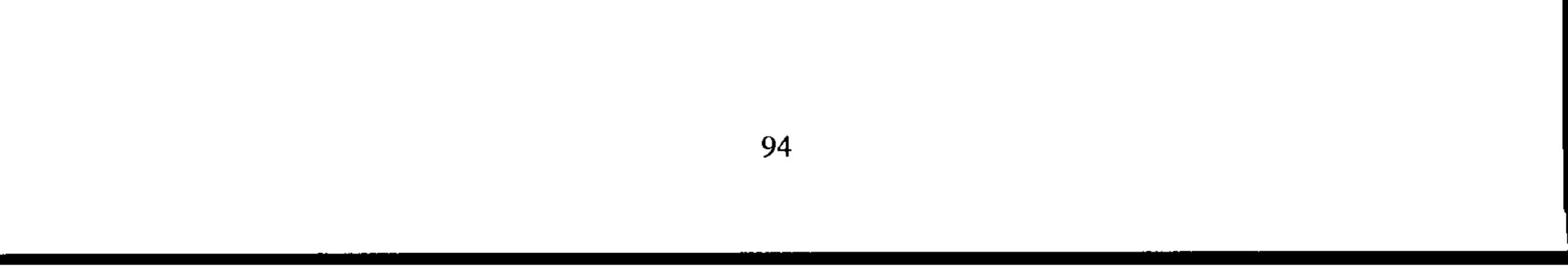


Table 5

	<u>Total</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 13,319,049\\ 13,060,620\\ 13,023,083\\ 14,632,840\\ 14,215,185\\ 14,215,185\\ 17,044,224\\ 17,928,132\\ 18,247,346\\ 19,506,783\end{array}$	
	Recreational Districts	261,994 268,955 268,955 194,237 197,402 197,402 197,402 201,912 201,912 209,665 214,832 214,832 214,832	
Tax Levies	<u>Parish</u>	3,675,735 3,436,052 3,379,501 4,932,520 4,687,166 4,780,352 6,312,374 7,055,114 7,055,544	
	<u>School</u>	5,779,912 5,839,016 5,787,001 5,885,212 6,156,608 6,156,608 6,293,564 6,293,564 6,435,151	
	City	3,601,408 3,516,597 3,649,136 3,719,082 4,375,380 4,375,380 4,451,725 4,451,725	
	Total	99.46 96.14 96.14 96.32 101.52 111.99 111.99 111.99 106.08	
sessed Value	Recreational Districts	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
er \$1.000 Assessed Valu	<u>Parish</u>	33.24 31.51 31.51 31.51 44.19 44.19 43.79 44.19 43.79	
Tax Rates pe	<u>School</u>	39.85 8.86 8.87 8.87 8.87 8.87 8.87 8.87 8.87	
	City	\$ 24.83 24.00 25.01 25.43 23.30 23.37 27.37 23.85 24.85 25.85 27	

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies -Direct and Overlapping Governments

Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

- see accompanying independent auditors' report.

Unaudited

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Fiscal Year

Net Bonded Debt <u>Per Capita</u>	<pre>\$ 81.68 64.17 64.17 28.78 17.58 17.58 (16.67) (16.67) (26.65)</pre>
Percent of Net Bonded Debt to <u>Assessed Value</u>	$3.16\% \\ 2.54 \\ 1.16 \\ 0.18 \\$
Net <u>Bonded Debt</u>	4,582,955 3,715,879 3,715,879 2,705,083 1,694,538 927,013 927,013 267,791 (387,170) (4) (908,550) (1,483,413) (1,483,413)
Less Debt Service Funds	2,497,045 2,460,121 2,525,917 2,540,462 2,597,170 2,632,209 2,597,170 2,550 2,597,170 2,513,413
Gross Bonded <u>Debt (3)</u>	7,080,000 6,176,000 5,231,000 3,575,000 2,900,000 1,720,000 1,720,000
Assessed <u>Value</u>	<pre>\$ 145,041,710 146,524,880 145,904,130 145,904,130 147,906,800 147,906,800 159,654,090 159,654,090 163,245,850 163,245,850 184,287,480</pre>
<u>Population</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 56,109 \\ 57,911 \\ 58,515 \\ 58,515 \\ 11) \\ 58,886 \\ 11) \\ 58,886 \\ 11) \\ 55,999 \\ 11) \\ 55,988 \\ 11) \\ 55,988 \\ 11) \\ 55,988 \\ 11) \\$

Notes:

 Per Special Census.
 Per 1990 Census.
 Includes all general obligation debt.
 Includes all general obligation debt.
 As of December 31, 1992, there are funds available to service the general obligation bonds in excess of the debt service requirements. It is anticipated the excess funds will be used for projects consistent with the original purpose of the bond issue and in accordance with applicable bond ordinances.

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

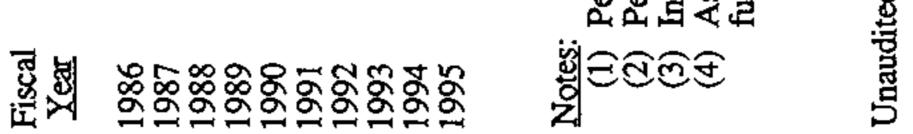


Table 7

	Industrial <u>Bonds</u>	Water and Sewerage <u>Improvements</u>	Public Buildings	Parks and Recreation	Street Improvements	Drainage Improvements	Solid Waste Disposal
\$184,287,480							
6 of assessed value for any one purpose (1)	\$ 18,428,748	18,428,748	18,428,748	18,428,278	18,428,748	18,428,278	18,428,278
nded debt							
gal debt margin	\$ 18,428,748	18,428,748	18,428,748	18,428,748	18,428,748	18,428,748	18,428,748

State law allows a maximum of 10% of assessed valuation for bonded debt for any one purpose or 35% of the total assessed value for all purposes. A total of approximately \$64,500,618 is available for issuance pursuant to the 35% limitation.

CITY OF BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

Computation of Legal Debt Margin (1)

December 31, 1995

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

Legal Debt limit - 10% o Less general bonde Assessed value \$ <u>Note:</u> (1)

Table 8

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

December 31, 1995

Jurisdiction	<u>Net Debt</u>	Percentage of Debt Applicable to the City (1)	City's Share of Debt
Bossier Parish, Louisiana Bossier Parish School Board: School District #13 School District #27	\$ 3,780,000 	97% 73	\$ 3,666,600
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ <u>4,450,000</u>		\$ <u>4,155,700</u>

Notes:

- (1) Based on 1995 assessed valuation.
- (2) As of December 31, 1995, there are no general obligation bonds recorded in the financial statements of the City.



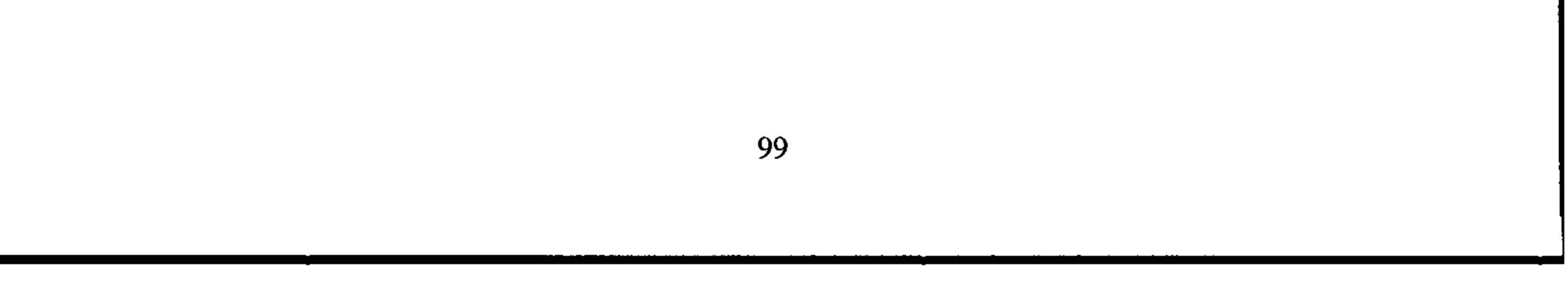
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures

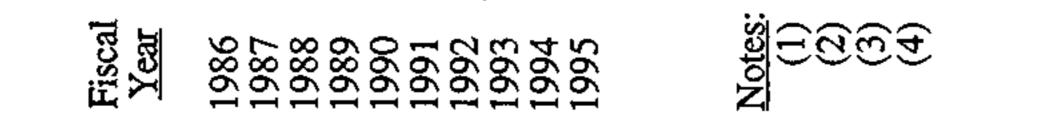
Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total Debt <u>Service</u>	Total General Expenditures (1)	Debt Service as a Percentage of Total General <u>Expenditures</u>
1986	\$ 848,000	360,454	1,208,454	11,715,767 (2)	10.31%
1987	904,000	321,660	1,225,660	11,819,405	10.37
1988	945,000	274,147	1,219,147	10,779,183	11.31
1989	996,000	228,591	1,224,591	11,310,504	10.83
199 0	660,000	188,676	848,676	12,731,766	6.67
1991	675,000	158,396	833,396	13,771,063	6.05
1992	690,000	130,182	820,182	16,334,950 (3)	5.02
1993	490,000	103,214	593,214	17,108,435	3.47
1994	490,000	77,311	567,311	18,139,723	3.13
1995	<u>493,389</u> (4)	49,844	543,233	20,304,142	2.68

Notes:

- (1) Includes General Fund expenditures only.
- (2) In 1986, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund was established as an enterprise fund to account for sanitation expenses which were previously accounted for in the General Fund.
- (3) In 1992, the Solid Waste Disposal Fund was reestablished as a department within the General Fund.
 (4) Does not include \$741,981 paid by the City to advance refund bonds.



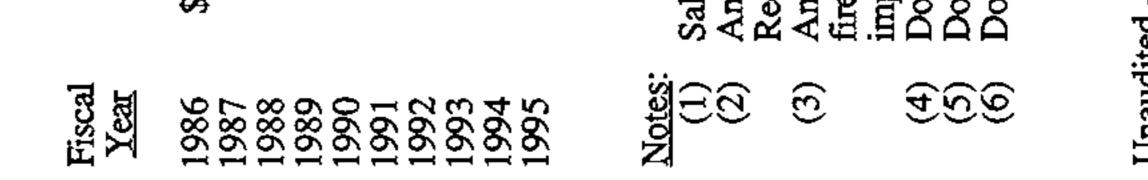


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Table 10B

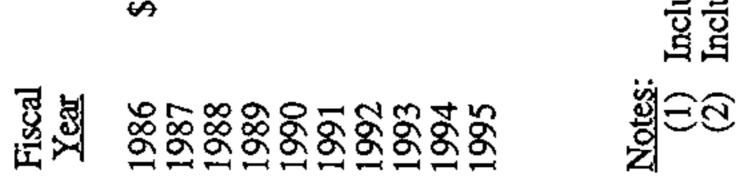
		CITY OF BOSSIER	CITY, LOUISIANA			Table 10B
		Revenue Bond	nd Coverage			
		Sales Ta	Sales Tax Bonds			
		Fiscal years ended Dece through December	ended December 31, 1986 h December 31, 1995			
Gross <u>Revenue</u>	Operating Expenditures (1)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Debt Service R Interest	equirements Total	Coverage
<pre>\$ 7,118,716 7,755,560 (2) 9,076,199 9,580,717</pre>	128,698 145,111 122,833 151,763	6,990,018 7,610,449 8,953,366 9,428,954	430,000 640,000 840,000 915,000	$\begin{array}{c} 1.588,967\\ 1.853,945\\ 2,931,531\\ 2,755,841 \end{array}$	2,018,967 2,493,945 3,771,531 3,670,841	3.4622 3.0516 2.3739 2.5686
10,315,425	181,979	10,133,446 10,922,036	135,000 040,000	3,536,061 3,077,124	4,671,061 4,117,124 2,847,250	2.1694 2.6528 2.4712
12,238,778 14,556,334 17,478,649 19.215,597	208,065 208,065 234,898 238,935	13,334,009 14,348,269 17,243,751 18,976,661	1,212,000 (J) 1,425,000 (6) 1,595,000 1,710,000	2,643,628 2,537,467 2,434,501	4,068,628 4,132,467 4,144,501	3.5366 3.5366 4.1727 4.5787
Sales tax department o An additional one-half	Sales tax department operating expenditures. An additional one-half cent sales tax was assessed	ssed in 1987, the net proceeds	of which are	dedicated to construction	of a parkway	adjacent to the
Ked Kiver. An additional one-half fire stations and a tr improvements.	sales tax facility	, the net id operati	ceeds of which of the City ja	dedicated to the municipal bui	the construction and op buildings, and streets	operation of two ets and drainage
Does not include \$713 Does not include \$381 Does not include \$200	\$713,955 paid by the City is \$381,686 paid by the City is \$200,151 paid by the City is	in connection with refunding in connection with refunding in connection with refunding	the 1982 and 19 the 1987 Series the 1986 Series	85 Series Bonds. Bonds. Bonds.		
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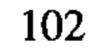
Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.



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Hospital Bonds Hospital Bonds Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1986 Testal years ended December 31, 1986 Net Revenue Operating Expenses (2) Debt Service Requirements National Station Debt Service Requirements Is \$72,053 2.779,177 Expenses (2) Debt Service Debt Service Requirements 18,172,053 2.779,177 Coverage 21,194,243 3,2779,173 23,498,075 2,461,655 3,261,000 53,565 3,2779 23,498,075 2,471,165 3,259,191 3,2779 23,498,075 3,985,452 5,3126,693 3,2779 3,3172,643 3,2729 3,498,075 3,259,000 3,2179 2,498,075 3,246,11136 2,408,076 3,2729 3,498,076 <th col<="" th=""><th></th></th>	<th></th>	
Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995 Net Revenue Available for Debt Service Debt Service Requirements Net Revenue Debt Service Requirements Available for Debt Service Debt Service Requirements Total 2,779,177 310,000 736,653 1,117,643 3,461,635 310,000 736,653 1,117,643 3,461,635 310,000 736,653 1,117,643 3,461,635 310,000 736,653 1,117,643 3,461,635 310,000 736,653 1,117,643 3,985,452 510,000 632,068 1,117,643 2,591,912 430,000 632,068 1,117,643 2,642,186 475,000 582,567 1,032,267 2,471,516 475,000 582,567 1,032,264 2,985,881 5310,000 522,804 1,029,224 2,985,881 5310,000 522,804 1,029,224 5,986 1,032,567 1,032,567 1,032,567 1,642,186 535,000 522,2804 1,029,224 5,986 1,029,224 <td< td=""><td></td></td<>		
Net Revenue Debt Service Requirements Available for Debt Service Discrete Requirements Debt Service Pincipal Interest Total 2,779,177 850,904 850,904 850,904 3,461,635 310,000 736,653 11,117,643 2,591,912 430,000 736,653 11,117,643 3,985,452 510,000 707,699 1,217,699 3,985,452 540,000 635,068 1,175,068 2,471,516 450,000 554,224 1,032,567 1,642,186 510,000 554,224 1,032,567 1,985,881 5314,357 1,032,567 1,032,567 1,985,881 533,000 554,224 1,032,567 1,985,881 5314,357 1,032,567 1,032,567 1,985,881 5314,357 1,032,567 1,032,567 1,985,881 5314,357 1,032,567 1,032,5804 5,314,354 532,000 5522,0080 1,032,5804 5,531,000 5322,0804 1,032,5804 1,057,080		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Operati Expenses	
4,823,094540,000635,0681,175,0682,408,739420,000621,4371,041,4372,471,516450,000582,5671,032,5671,985,881510,000554,2241,029,2241,985,881510,000522,8041,032,804 $5,314,354$ 535,000522,0801,032,804 $621,437$ 522,0801,032,8041,032,804 $621,437$ $621,437$ $621,437$ $621,437$ $1,985,881$ $510,000$ $554,224$ $1,029,224$ $621,354$ $522,080$ $1,032,804$ $1,032,804$ $621,354$ $522,080$ $1,032,804$ $1,032,804$ $621,354$ $522,080$ $1,032,804$ $1,032,804$ $621,354$ $522,080$ $1,032,804$ $1,032,804$ $621,354$ $522,080$ $1,037,080$ $1,057,080$ $621,437$ $621,437$ $1,032,804$ $1,057,080$ $621,437$ $621,437$ $1,032,804$ $1,057,080$ $621,437$ $621,437$ $1,032,804$ $1,057,080$ $621,637$ $621,637$ $621,637,080$ $1,057,080$ $621,637$ $621,637,080$ $6222,080$ $1,057,080$ $621,637$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ $621,637,080$ <	8,57 8,81 3,49	
me. depreciation but excluding interest paid on debt service.	0,1,8,4,6,4 0,1,8,4,6,4	
	d int	





<u>Table 11</u>

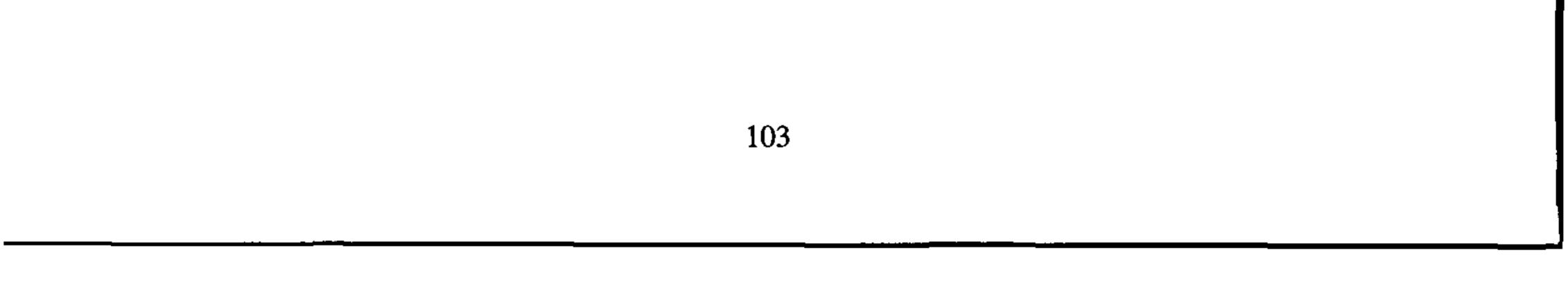
Demographic Statistics

Fiscal years ended December 31, 1986 through December 31, 1995

Fiscal			School	Unemployment
Year	<u>Population</u>	Median Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	<u>Rate(1)</u>
1986	56,109 (3)	25.6	12,020	13.2%
1987	57,911 (3)	26.6	11,748	11.7
1988	58,515 (3)	28.0	11,471	10.2
1989	58,886 (3)	30.0	11,355	9.8
1990	52,721 (4)	30.0	11,374	7.2
1991	53,199 (3)	30.0	11,109	7.3
1992	53,999 (3)	30.6	11,997	7.6
1993	54,507 (3)	30.7	12,188	9.8
1994	55,653 (3)	30.7	12,024	7.6
1995	<u>55,988</u> (3)	30.7	12,386	7.3

Notes:

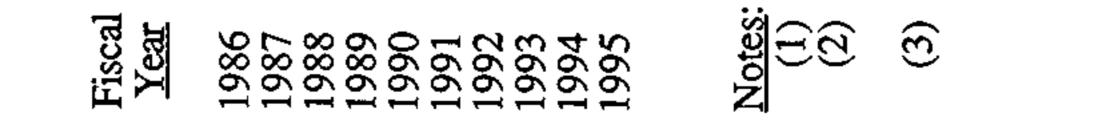
- (1) State of Louisiana Research and Statistics for 1984-1992, Shreveport, Bossier, and Webster Parish Unemployment and Median Age Information from the Louisiana Office of Statistics for 1993 1995
- (2) Bossier Parish School Board
- (3) Per Special Census
- (4) 1990 U.S. Census

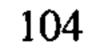


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Table 12	Total (2)(3)	$\begin{array}{c} 1,233,553,410\\ 1,167,528,924\\ 1,226,328,247\\ 1,226,328,247\\ 1,260,137,980\\ 1,267,029,620\\ 1,267,029,620\\ 1,340,404,177\\ 1,393,412,567\\ 1,417,208,267\\ 1,417,208,267\\ 1,582,975,867\\ \end{array}$	or to 1989. This 1992, evaluations
	Property Value <u>Residential</u>		separately for years prior Juring 1984, 1988, and 19
Y, LOUISIANA and Bank Deposits mber 31, 1986 31, 1995	Commercial	19,904,080 331,256,120 349,761,640 403,664,627 406,256,667 414,681,066 464,392,988	l property values Assessor. ery four years. I
Y OF BOSSIER CITY Value, Construction, cal years ended Decer through December (Residential Construction (1) Ser of <u>value</u>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ection Department, City of Bossier City, Louisiana. 'as not available to identify commercial and residential based on estimates supplied by the Bossier Parish Tax all property is required to be completed no less than ev
Property Fis	Number Units	488851555888 8855888 8855888 885588 88568 88588 885 885	utment, City of I lable to identify timates supplied is required to be
	Commercial onstruction (1) er of ts <u>Value</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 17,335,198\\ 10,851,716\\ 4,358,891\\ 3,515,184\\ 6,005,668\\ 6,005,668\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,139,939\\ 9,111,229\\ 9,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 59,111,229\\ 50,120\\ 50,120\\ 50,111,229\\ 50,120\\$	പ്രം പ്
	Con Const Number of Units	&42%50,42342∥ &	Permits and Insp Sufficient data w information was A revaluation of were completed.



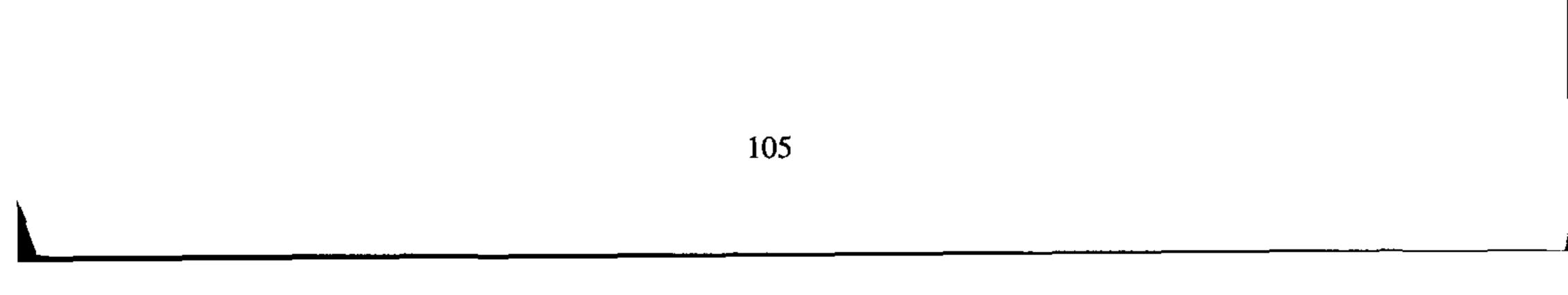


<u>Table 13</u>

Principal Taxpayers

December 31, 1995

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Type of Business</u>		1995 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Horseshoe Entertainment Isle of Capri	Riverboat Gambling Riverboat Gambling	\$	8,162,570 7,314,490	4.43% 3.97
BellSouth Telecommunications	Telephone Horse Racing		5,492,470 5,120,430	2.98 2.77
Louisiana Downs, Inc. Southwestern Electric Power	Horse Racing			
Company	Electric Utility		4,607,880	2.50
Premier Bank, N.A.	Banking		2,290,230	1.24
Bossier Plaza Associates, Inc.	Pierre Bossier Mall		1,844,470	1.00
Dillards, Inc.	Retail		1,187,080	.65
Red River Motor Company	Auto Sales		1,146,110	.62
Louisiana Machinery	Equipment Sales	-	1,132,090	<u>62</u>
Total amount for ten principal taxpayers			38,297,820	20.78
Total for remaining taxy		_	<u>145,989,660</u>	<u>_79.22</u>
Total amount for all tax	payers	\$ _	<u>184,287,480</u>	<u>100.00</u> %



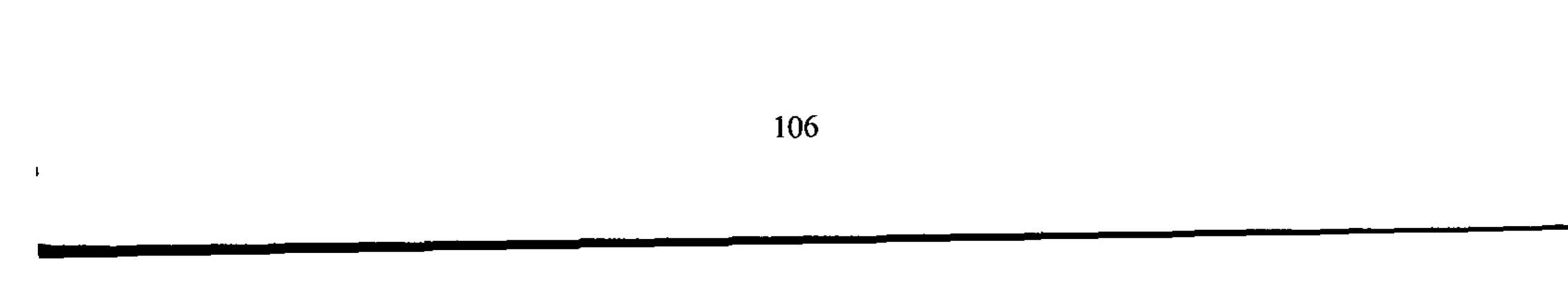
<u>Table 14</u>

Miscellaneous Statistics

December 31, 1995

Date of settlement	1843
Form of government	Mayor-Council
Date established	1977
Date of incorporation	1907
Area-square miles	39.3
Miles of streets: Paved Unimproved	179
Police protection - number of policemen and officers	178
Fire protection - number of firemen and officers	170
Recreation: Parks - number of acres Number of playgrounds Number of picnic areas	286 17 8
Number of street lights	4,422
Number of water storage tanks Total capacity of water storage tanks Raw water reservoir capacity	3 5,500,000 gallons 5,700,000 gallons
Municipal water plant: Number of accounts Daily average consumption	18,641 7.3 gallons
Employees- classified, appointed, elected, and exempt	679

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.



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