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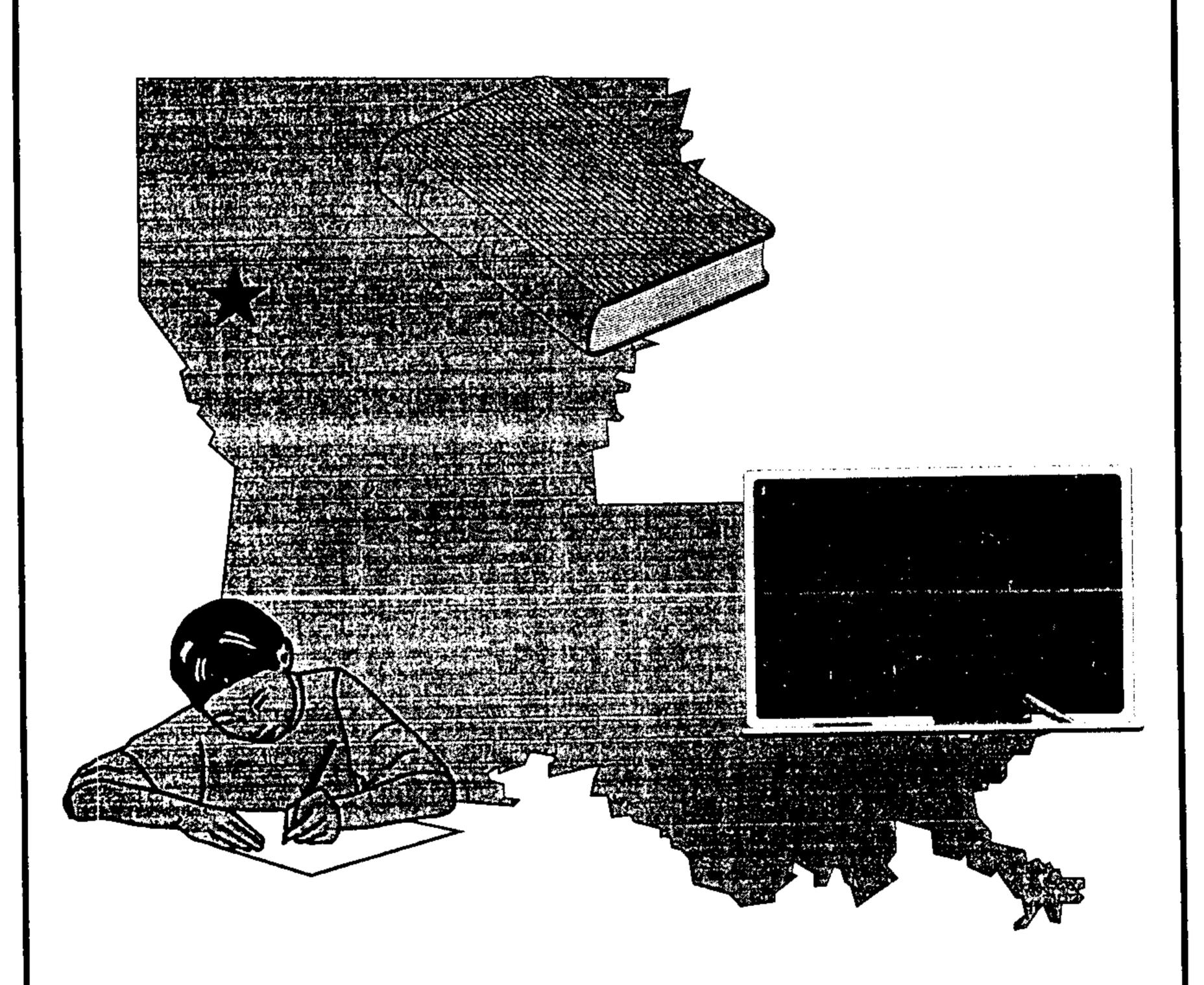
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Comprehensive
Annual Financial Report
of the
DeSoto Parish School Board
Mansfield, Louisiana



For The Year Ended June 30, 1996

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Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(F) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances since the commitments will be honored through subsequent years' budget appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances at June 30, 1996, consist primarily of commitments to purchase school buses and those associated with construction contracts.

(G) Cash

The School Board maintains a pooled cash account for all funds of the School Board. The asset balance and interest income is allocated to each respective individual fund monthly based on their respective fund balances at month end.

(H) Investments

Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost, which approximates market. The School Board maintains investments separately for each fund.

Under state law, the School Board may invest in direct United States Treasury obligations, indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal governmental agencies (provided such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government), indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federally sponsored U.S. government agencies, and may deposit its funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana or mutual or trust fund institutions registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

(I) <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories consist of food purchased by the School Board and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. The commodities are recorded as revenues by the School Lunch Fund when received; however, inventory items are recorded as expenditures when consumed. All purchased inventory items are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), and commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Mansfield, Louisiana

Debt Service Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		als	1995	572,009 2,337,000	2,909,009		2,010	2.906.999	2,909,009
Totals		To	1996	1,189,874	3,102,874		170	3.102.704	3,102,874
			No. 5	70,534	70,534		1	70.534	70,534
			No. 4	338,641 1,130,000	1,468,641		J	1.468.641	1,468,641
	No. 3	1994	<u>Issue</u>	1,557	18,557		1	18.557	18,557
S	No. 3		Issue	18,159	18,159		1	18.159	18,159
hool District	No. 3	1988	<u>Issue</u>	43,559 54,000	97,559			97.559	97,559
Sc	No. 2	1992	Issue	498.966 29.000	527,966			527.966	527,966
	No. 2	1987	<u>Issue</u>	32,543 315,500	348,043		1	348.043	348,043
	No. 2	1980	<u>Issue</u>	16,238 70,000	86,238		170	86.068	86,238
			No. 1	\$ 169,677 297,500	\$ 467,177		├	467.177	\$ 467,177
			Assets	Cash Certificates of deposit	Total assets	Liability and Fund Balances	Liability - matured bonds and interest payable	Fund balances - reserved for debt service	Total liability and fund balances

General Fixed Assets Account Group

Schedule of General Fixed Assets - By Sources

June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

	<u>1996</u>	<u>1995</u>
General fixed assets: Land Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Transportation equipment	\$ 1,207,952 51,664,500 4,738,411 <u>618,676</u>	1,222,525 52,161,090 4,188,149
Total general fixed assets	\$ <u>58,229,539</u>	57,859,728
Investment in general fixed assets: Capital Projects Funds General Fund School Lunch Fund Federal aid State aid Gifts and donations School Activity Agency Funds	\$ 53,486,959 2,190,143 502,958 1,545,794 173,096 308,770 21,819	53,923,299 1,549,568 497,151 1,400,208 138,993 316,582 33,927
Total investment in general fixed assets	\$ 58,229,539	57,859,728

Special Revenue Fund

Special Education P.L. 89-313 / ESEP P.L. 94-142 / IDEP Part B P.L. 99-457 / IDEP Preschool

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		1996	···	
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues - federal sources	\$ <u>264,497</u>	246,998	(17,499)	<u>210,166</u>
Expenditures - current: Instruction - special programs Support services:	132,197	123,470	8,727	99,314
Student services Instructional staff support	2,150 107,198	700 101,236	1,450 5,962	700 92,611
General administration Plant services Student transportation services	500 13,519 2,700	12,970 	500 549 (165)	9,378 1,504
Total expenditures	258,264	241,241	17.023	203,507
Excess of revenues over expenditures	6,233	5,757	(476)	6,659
Other financing uses - operating transfers out	<u>(6,233</u>)	(5,757)	<u>476</u>	(6,659)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses				
Fund balance at beginning of year				
Fund balance at end of year	\$			=

Special Revenue Fund

Head Start

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

	1996				
		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues - federal sources	\$	47,917	48,253	336	44,704
Expenditures - current - instruction - special programs		<u>47,917</u>	<u>48,253</u>	<u>(336</u>)	<u>44,704</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures		 -			
Fund balance at beginning of year					
Fund balance at end of year	\$				

Special Revenue Fund

Adult Basic Education

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		1996		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues - federal sources	\$ <u>70,249</u>	<u>69,335</u>	<u>(914)</u>	<u>64,686</u>
Expenditures - current: Instruction - adult and continuing				
education programs Support services - instructional	67,294	66,370	924	62,198
staff support Total expenditures	<u>1.034</u> <u>68,328</u>	1,033 67,403	<u>1</u> 925	<u>1,000</u> <u>63,198</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,921	1,932	11	1,488
Other financing uses - operating transfers out	(1,921)	(1,932)	(11)	(1,488)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses				
Fund balance at beginning of year				
Fund balance at end of year	\$	=======================================		

Special Revenue Fund

Vocational Education

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

			1996		
		Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues - federal sources	\$	<u>77.083</u>	<u>74,853</u>	(2,230)	<u>80,615</u>
Expenditures - current: Instruction - adult and continuing education programs Support services: Student services Instructional staff support		58,497 5,944 12,500	56,682 5,940 12,165	1,815 4 335	65,445 5,785 9,385
Total expenditures		76,941	74,787	2,154	80,615
Excess of revenues over expenditures		142	66	(76)	
Other financing uses - operating transferout	rs	(142)	(66)	<u>76</u>	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses			-		
Fund balance at beginning of year					 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$			=	<u></u>

Special Revenue Fund

Starting Points

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

	1996				
		Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues - federal sources	\$	42,965	42,854	(111)	41,264
Expenditures - current - instruction - special programs		41.854	<u>41.746</u>	108	40,551
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,111	1,108	(3)	713
Other financing sources - operating transfers out		(1,111)	(1,108)	· <u>3</u>	<u>(713</u>)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other sources		<u></u>			
Fund balance at beginning of year					
Fund balance at end of year	\$				

Special Revenue Fund

Even Start

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u> 1995</u>
	straker	<u> 1 Iotaar</u>	(Cinavorable)	1775
Revenues - federal sources	\$ 75,000	74,752	(248)	81,196
Expenditures - current - instruction - special programs	<u>75.000</u>	<u>_74,752</u>	<u>248</u>	<u>81,196</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures				
Fund balance at beginning of year				
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 			

Special Revenue Fund

Charter Schools

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues - federal sources	\$ 20,000	211	(19,798)
Expenditures - current - support services - central services	19,445	_205	19,240
Excess of revenues over expenditures	555	6	(549)
Other financing uses - operating transfers out	<u>(555</u>)	<u>(6</u>)	549
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses			
Fund balance at beginning of year			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 		

Special Revenue Fund

School Lunch Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

			1996		
		Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues:					
Local sources:	φ	221 027	245 432	13,595	233,993
Food sales	\$	231,837 17,632	245,432 26,623	8,991	22,874
Interest earnings State sources:		11,052	20,023	0,271	22,071
State equalization		381,064	381,064		381,064
Other					31,330
Federal sources		1.355.484	1,352,048	<u>(3,436)</u> <u>19,150</u>	1,330,110 1,999,371
Total revenues		<u>1,986,017</u>	<u>2,005,167</u>	19,150	1,777,571
Expenditures - current - food services:					
Food costs		777,965	797,351	(19,386)	768,331
Salaries and related benefits		1,219,712	1,197,314	22,398	1,195,574
Materials and supplies		60,000	63,994 27,977	(3,994) 1,123	55,958 28,968
Equipment		29,100 84,800	83,535	1,125	<u>59,576</u>
Other Total expenditures		2,171,577	2,170,171	1,406	2,108,407
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(185,560)	(165,004)	20,556	(109,036)
Other financing sources - operating transfers in		221.126	264,092	42,966	<u>179,003</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other sources		35,566	99,088	63,522	69,967
Fund balance at beginning of year		624,163	624,163	=	554,196
Fund balance at end of year	\$	659,729	<u>723,251</u>	63,522	624,163

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

School Districts No. 1, No. 2 (1980 Issue), No. 2 (1987 Issue), No. 2 (1992 Issue), No. 3 (1988 Issue), No. 3 (1990 Issue), No. 3 (1994 Issue), No. 4, and No. 5 Funds — The school district Debt Service Funds are used to accumulate monies to pay outstanding bond issues. The bonds were issued by the respective school districts to acquire lands for building sites, erect and improve school buildings, and acquire the necessary equipment and furnishings thereof. The bond issues are financed by a special property tax levy on property within the respective school districts and/or an allocation of sales and use tax collected.

Special Revenue Fund

Education for Economic Security Act Title II - Public Law 98-377

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		1996	<u> </u>	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues - federal sources	\$ 37,683	34,663	(3,020)	34,739
Expenditures - current - support services - instructional staff support	36,635	33,699	2,936	34,059
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,048	964	(84)	680
Other financing uses - operating transfers out	(1,048)	<u>(964</u>)	84	(680)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses				
Fund balance at beginning of year				
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 			

Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

	No. 1	Revenues: Local sources: Taxes: Ad valorem Sales and use Interest earnings State sources - other Total revenues State sources - other	Expenditures: Current - support services - general administration 14,126	Advance refunding escrow Advance refunding escrow Principal retirement Interest and bank charges Total expenditures 532,785	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures —	Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Total other financing sources	(nses)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	Fund balances at beginning of year 462,172	Fund balances at end of year
	No. 2 1980 Issue	97,234 4,731	3,481	100,000 24,495 127,976	(26,011)	 		(26,011)	112,079	86,068
	No. 2 1987 Issue	38,884 133,028 19,716	3,158	70,000 118,470 191,628	1				348,043	348,043
Sch	No. 2 1992 Issue	641,578 25,532 29,837 696,947	22,975	365,000 336,111 724,086	(27,139)			(27,139)	555,105	527,966
School Districts	1	190,944 31,651 2,593	7,313	95,000 122,875 225,188	!	1 []	!		97.559	97,559
,	No. 3 1990 Issue	21,803 2,329 24,132	289	7,000 16,843 24,132	i	1 1		1	18.159	18,159
	No. 3 1994 Issue	27,278 680 27,958	985	5,000 19,271 25,256	2,702			2,702	15.855	18,557
	No. 4	683,315 827,913 52,233 1.563,461	35,517	570,000 711,791 1,317,308	246,153	!		246,153	1.222.488	1,468,641
	No. 5	129,993 80,011 1,271	5,747	15,135 60,000 130,393 211,275		1,480,000			70.534	70,534
	To 1996	2,129,530 1,288,953 127,019 29,837 3,575,339	93,591	15,135 1,507,000 1,763,908 3,379,634	195,705	1,480,000		195,705	2.906.999	3,102,704
	Totals 1995	2,501,313 979,269 101,967 30,765 3613,314	108,672	6,629 1,512,000 1,872,073 3,499,374	113,940	1,785,000		113,940	2.793.059	2,906,999

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

School Districts No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, and No. 5 Funds — The school district Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to acquire, construct, and improve public school facilities in the respective districts.

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Mansfield, Louisiana

Capital Projects Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

	1995	1,609,367	1,709,367	223 170	7116777	422,074	1.064,114	1,709,367
Totals	1996	1,119,652	1,119,652	300 30	702.77	125,315	968.352 1.093.667	1,119,652
	No. 5	98,214	98,214			785	97.429	98,214
<i>y</i>	No. 4	532,814	532,814		18.473	4,450	514,341	532,814
School Districts	No. 3	114,008	114,008		269	9,836	103.903 113.739	114,008
	No. 2	292,765	292,765		6.836	71,704	214,225 285,929	292,765
	No. 1	\$ 81,851	\$ 81,851		\$ 407	38,540	42,904	\$ 81,851
	Assets	Cash Certificates of deposit	Total assets	Liability and Fund Balances	Liability - accounts payable	Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances	Unreserved - designated for specific projects Total fund balances	Total liability and fund balances

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		S	School Districts			Totals	ıls
	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	1996	1995
Revenues - local sources: Sales and use taxes Interest earnings Rentals, leases, and royalties Total revenues	\$ 90,940 7,810 98,750	318,399 3,528 321,927	73,231 5,354 78,585	38,598	12,772 4,958 17,730	495,342 60,248 555,590	220,233 133,746 7,500 361,479
Expenditures: Capital outlay - facilities acquisition and construction Debt service - bond issuance costs Total expenditures	166,721 ————————————————————————————————————	223,816	148,856	395,202 $395,202$	22,291	956,886	2,618,223 16,555 2,634,778
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(67,971)	98,111	(70,271)	(356,604)	(4,561)	(401,296)	(2,273,299)
Total other financing sources - proceeds from sale of bonds				8,775		8.775	300,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other sources	(67,971)	98,111	(70,271)	(347,829)	(4,561)	(392,521)	(1,973,299)
Fund balances at beginning of year	149,415	187,818	184,010	862,170	102,775	1,486,188	3,459,487
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 81,444	285,929	113,739	514,341	98,214	1,093,667	1,486,188

FIDUCIARY FUND — SCHOOL ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND

The School Activity Agency Fund accounts for those monies collected by pupils and school personnel for school or school-related purposes. The school activity accounts are classified as an agency fund, and the School Board's responsibility for these accounts is fiduciary in nature. Each school accounts for its individual student body organizations. The revenues of these accounts consist primarily of fees, fund-raising projects, and contributions. Expenditures are made for a wide variety of school activities. These accounts are under the supervision of the school principals.

Fiduciary Fund - School Activity Agency Fund

Comparative Balance Sheets

June 30, 1996 and 1995

Assets	<u>1996</u>	<u>1995</u>
Cash Certificates of deposit	\$ 201,909 	146,543
Total assets	\$ <u>226,909</u>	<u>171,543</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable Deposits due others	\$ 13,261 213,648	16,157 <u>155,386</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>226,909</u>	171,543

Fiduciary Fund - School Activity Agency Fund

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Year ended June 30, 1996

	Balance July 1, 1995	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 1996</u>
Assets				
Cash Certificates of deposit	\$ 146,543 _25,000	872,139	816,773	201,909 25,000
Total assets	\$ <u>171,543</u>	872,139	816,773	226,909
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Deposits due others	\$ 16,157 <u>155,386</u>	13,261 <u>858,878</u>	16,157 800,616	13,261 213,648
Total liabilities	\$ <u>171,543</u>	872,139	<u>816,773</u>	226,909

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

The foregoing actuarial assumptions are based upon the presumption that the plans will continue. Were the plans to terminate, different actuarial assumptions and other factors might be applicable in determining the pension benefit obligations.

Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute actuarially determined contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligations. The unfunded pension benefit obligation of the Teachers' Plan is to be amortized over a forty-year period.

(C) Contribution Requirements and Contributions Made

The School Board's funding policy for all plans provides for contributions to be made by the School Board and by the individual employees participating in the plans as described in (A) above.

The following information has been obtained from the latest actuarial information of the plans which was June 30, 1995, except for individual employer (School Board) amounts which are estimated based on the School Board's payroll as a percentage of the total estimated payroll:

	Teachers' Plan (Includes Plan B)	School Employees' <u>Plan</u>
Actuarially determined employer's contribution for 1995 for all employers Total estimated payroll Estimated actuarially determined employer's	\$ 395,945,601 2,199,137,031	10,526,277 205,467,129
contribution for the School Board School Board covered payroll	2,077,223 11,537,186	98,297 1,918,703
Percentage of School Board contribution requirement to total contribution requirement	.52%	.93
Employer contributions Employee contributions	\$ 1,861,558 904,978	115,135 121,840
Percentage of employer contributions to total payroll Percentage of employee contributions	16.1%	6.0
to total payroll	7.8%	6.4

Trend Information

Trend information gives an indication of the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits. Ten-year historical trend information is available in the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana and Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System separately issued annual reports. Additional information includes

Special Revenue Fund

Goals 2000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996

	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues - federal sources	\$ <u>71.536</u>	<u>57,655</u>	(13,881)
Expenditures - current: Instruction - special programs Support services:	35,837	35,837	
Instructional staff support	33,035	19,505	13,530
Plant services Total expenditures	<u>901</u> <u>69,773</u>	<u>901</u> <u>56,243</u>	13,530
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,763	1,412	(351)
Other financing uses - operating transfers out	(1.763)	(1,412)	<u>351</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses		- —	
Fund balance at beginning of year			
Fund balance at end of year	\$		

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the principal fund of the School Board and is used to account for all activities of the school system not required to be accounted for in another fund. These activities are funded principally by state sources and local property and sales taxes on individuals and businesses.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

discussions on the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due and detailed information on the investment portfolio. Historical trend information for 1996, 1995 and 1994 is as follows:

<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>	1993
59.3%	57.4	53.9
118.2	119.4	116.6
.2%	.2	.2
(74.0)	(74.4)	(60.1)
16.1%	16.2	16.4
6.0	6.3	6.0
	59.3% 118.2 .2% (74.0)	59.3% 57.4 118.2 119.4 .2% .2 (74.0) (74.4)

(7) Post-Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

The DeSoto Parish School Board has voluntarily elected to provide certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School Board. These benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees, whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee (approximately 20%) and the School Board (approximately 80%), were provided through a private insurance company. The School Board recognizes the cost of providing these benefits (the Board's portion of premiums) as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are due. The School Board's cost of providing these benefits to retirees totaled \$543,756 for 1996 and encompasses 217 former employees qualified to receive such benefits. This expenditure is recorded in the General Fund.

(8) <u>Deposits Due Others</u>

A summary of changes in agency fund deposits due others follows:

	School Activity <u>Accounts</u>
Agency deposits due others at July 1, 1995 Additions Deductions	\$ 155,386 858,878 800,616
Agency deposits due others at June 30, 1996	\$ <u>213,648</u>

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(9) Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 1996:

	Bond	ed Debt				
	General Bonded <u>Debt</u>	Certificates of Indebtedness	Sales Tax <u>Bonds</u>	Subtotal	Compensated Absences	<u>Total</u>
** 1 . T 1 .						
Balances, at July 1, 1995 \$	24,055,000	5,565,000	226,000	29,846,000	863,878	30,709,878
Debt additions and increases in compensated						
absences	1,480,000			1,480,000	50,842	1,530,842
Debt retirements and payments of com-						
pensated absences	1,135,000	365,000	7,000	1,507,000	75,997	1,582,997
Debt refundings	1.380.000			1.380.000		1,380,000
Balances, at June 30,						
1996 \$	23,020,000	5,200,000	219,000	28,439,000	838,723	29,277,723

For the year ended June 30, 1996, the principal payments of \$1,507,000, plus interest and fiscal charges of \$1,763,908, on the obligations were paid from Debt Service Funds. Accrued compensated absences of \$75,997 were paid by those funds and departments with salary costs and are included in payroll costs. Long-term debt at June 30, 1996, is comprised of the following issues:

Bond Issue	Original <u>Issue</u>	Interest Rates	Final Payment <u>Due</u>		Interest to <u>Maturity</u>	Principal Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds:						
School District No. 1 -						
Dated 1-1-89	\$ 1,400,000	7.5-9.0%	01/01/99	\$	105,975	630,000
Dated 12-1-93	4,180,000	3.6-5.7%	01/01/09	·	1,873,930	4,090,000
School District No. 2-						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Dated 1-1-80	1,170,000	5.5-7.0%	01/01/05		73,950	265,000
Dated 8-1-87	1,750,000	8.0%	08/01/07		799,200	1,440,000
School District No. 3 -					•	, ,
Dated 12-1-88	575,000	8.0-9.0%	12/01/98		34,210	265,000
Dated 7-1-94	1,785,000	4.5-5.85%	12/01/08		798,561	1,750,000
Dated 9-1-94	300,000	5.3-9.0%	12/01/13		186,744	295,000
School District No. 4 -						
Dated 10-1-88	2,420,000	8.5-9.0%	10/01/98		214,663	1,580,000
Dated 12-1-93	4,575,000	3.55-5.7%	10/01/08		2,732,174	4,465,000
Dated 2-1-94	6,825,000	3.6-5.3%	10/01/05		2,016,101	6,540,000
School District No. 5:						•
Dated 10-1-88	475,000	7.4-7.6%	10/01/98		26,043	220,000
Dated 5-20-96	1,480,000	5.53%	10/01/05		675,963	1,480,000

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Bond Issue	Original <u>Issue</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Final Payment <u>Due</u>	Interest to <u>Maturity</u>	Principal <u>Outstanding</u>
Sales Tax Bonds - Parishwide - Dated 9-1-90 Sertificates of Indebtedness -	250,000	7.0-10.0%	09/01/10	\$ 137,186	219,000
School District No. 2 - Dated 7-1-92	6,490,000	5.1-8.0%	12/01/12	2,525,678	5,200,000
Total				\$ 12,200,378	28,439,000

All principal and interest requirements are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the parish and a sales tax. At June 30, 1996, the School Board has accumulated \$3,102,704 in the Debt Service Funds for future debt requirements.

During 1992, the School Board issued \$2,490,000 in refunding Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 1992B, with interest rates ranging from 5.1% to 8.0% to advance refund \$2,350,000 of the outstanding Certificates of Indebtedness, dated December 1, 1980, with interest rates of 9.0%. The net proceeds of the issue were used to purchase a U.S. government security. This security was deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Certificates of Indebtedness, dated December 1, 1980. As of June 30, 1996, \$1,250,000 of the 1980 Certificates of Indebtedness remain outstanding but are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the School Board's General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

During 1993, the School Board issued \$4,180,000 in General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 1993, with interest rates ranging from 3.05% to 5.70% to refund \$3,590,000 of the outstanding General Obligation School Bonds, Series 1989, with interest rates ranging from 7.6% to 8.0%. The net proceeds of the issue plus additional existing funds were used to purchase a U.S. government security. This security was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 1989 bonds. As of June 30, 1996, \$3,590,000 of the 1989 bonds due in the period 2000 to 2009 remain outstanding but are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

During 1993, the School Board issued \$4,575,000 in General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 1993, with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.7% to refund \$3,910,000 of the outstanding General Obligation School Bonds, Series 1988, with interest rates of 7.7%. The net proceeds of the issue were used to purchase a U.S. government security. This security was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 1988 bonds. As of June 30, 1996, \$3,910,000 of the 1988 bonds due in the period 2006 to 2008 remain outstanding

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

but are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

During 1994, the School Board issued \$6,825,000 in General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 1994, with interest rates ranging from 2.85% to 5.30% to refund \$5,880,000 of the outstanding General Obligation School Bonds, Series 1988, with interest rates ranging from 7.20% to 7.65%. The net proceeds of the issue plus additional existing funds were used to purchase a U.S. government security. This security was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 1988 bonds. As of June 30, 1996, \$5,880,000 of the 1988 bonds due in the period 1999 to 2005 remain outstanding but are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

On July 1, 1994, the School Board issued \$1,785,000 of General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 1994, with interest rates ranging from 3.65% to 5.85% and maturities from 1994 to 2008 to refund \$1,560,000 of the outstanding General Obligation School Bonds, Series 1988 with interest rates ranging from 7.6% to 8.0%. The net proceeds of \$1,710,900 (after payment of \$74,100 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$6,629 of existing funds were used to make an initial deposit in the escrow fund and purchase a U.S. government security. This security was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 1988 bonds. As of June 30, 1996, \$1,560,000 of the 1988 bonds due in the period 1999 to 2008 remain outstanding but are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

On May 20, 1996, the School Board issued \$1,480,000 of General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 1996, with an interest rate of 5.53% and maturities from 1996 to 2008 to refund \$1,380,000 of the outstanding General Obligation School Bonds, Series 1988 with interest rates ranging from 7.7 to 8%. The net proceeds of \$1,453,500 (after payment of \$26,500 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$15,135 of existing funds were used to make an initial deposit in the escrow fund and purchase a U.S. government security. This security was deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the 1988 bonds. As of June 30, 1996, \$1,380,000 of the 1988 bonds due in the period 1999 to 2008 remain outstanding but are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

The advance refunding of the 1988 General Obligation Bonds with maturities from 1999 to 2008 decreased the School Board's total debt service payments over the next 12 years by approximately \$175,325, including additional cash paid by the School Board, and resulted in an economic gain to the School Board (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt less additional cash paid) of approximately \$124,465.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 1996, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30.	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	<u>Total</u>
1997	\$ 1,573,000	1,590,527	3,163,527
1998	1,699,000	•	3,178,952
1999	1,824,000	1,355,343	3,179,343
2000	1,955,000	•	3,196,071
2001	2,066,000	1,141,497	3,207,497
2002-2014	19,322,000	<u>5,391,988</u>	24,713,988
Total	\$ 28,439,000	12,200,378	40,639,378

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35 percent of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 1996, the statutory limit was \$40,052,902, the outstanding bonded debt net of applicable debt service funds totaled \$20,463,423 and the legal debt margin was \$19,589,479.

(10) Lease Commitments

The School Board has a commitment under an operating lease agreement for the Superintendent's car. This agreement is a three-year lease. Total rental expense under the operating lease was approximately \$7,322 during the year ended June 30, 1996.

(11) Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

(A) Interfund Receivables and Payables

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 1996, were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund Receivables	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
General Fund	\$ 422,376	
Special Revenue Funds:		
Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act:		
Title I		263,434
Title VI		6,782
Special Education		29,344
Adult Basic Education		14,282
Charter Schools		211
Starting Points	******	21,927
Even Start		8,622
Goals 2000		36,047
Education for Economic Security Act - Title II		15,350
Head Start		20,756
Vocational Education		5,621
Total	\$ <u>422,376</u>	422,376

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(B) Operating Transfers

A reconciliation of operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 1996, follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>Out</u>
General Fund	\$ 44,249	264,092
Special Revenue Funds:		·
Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act:		
Title I	-	31,492
Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act		
continued:		
Title VI		1,512
Education for Economic Security Act - Title II		964
School Lunch Fund	264,092	
Special Education		5,757
Adult Basic Education		1,932
Starting Points		1,108
Vocational Education		66
Charter Schools		6
Goals 2000		1,412
Total	\$ <u>308,341</u>	<u>308,341</u>

(12) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For those funds for which a budget to actual comparison was made, actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures on a line item basis for the year ended June 30, 1996, is as follows:

	<u>Expenditures</u>		Unfavorable	% of	
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
Special Revenue Funds:					
Headstart	\$ 47,917	48,253	(336)	(.7%)	
7 Mill Maintenance Tax	679,837	685,330	(5,493)	(.8%)	

The unfavorable budget variances for the year ended June 30, 1996, were not significant.

(13) Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

At June 30, 1996, the School Board is involved in various litigation. It is the opinion of the legal advisor for the School Board that ultimate resolution of these lawsuits would not materially affect the financial statements.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

The site purchased for the Mansfield facility (School District No. 4) underwent an environmental evaluation to determine if there were unsafe levels of hazardous components in the soil. The first phase of the evaluation revealed that, although soil and groundwater contaminants were found at low concentrations during this investigation, no direct route of exposure to building or school ground occupants was identified. The final phase of testing by the Department of Environmental Quality did indicate that certain remedial cleanup work was required to remediate the site, and remediation procedures were performed in 1994, 1995, and 1996. In May 1996, the Department of Environmental Quality approved the School Board's request to end remedial cleanup work at the Mansfield facility.

Self-Insurance

The School Board is partially self-insured for health and workers' compensation insurance coverage. Claims are funded through operating funds of the School Board. The School Board maintains stop-loss coverage with an insurance company under its health plan for individual claims in excess of \$100,000 and for total annual claims in excess of \$2,600,000. The School Board maintains stop-loss coverage with an insurance company under its workers' compensation plan for individual claims in excess of \$175,000 and for total claims that exceed \$790,000 in a three year period.

All known claims filed and an estimate of incurred but not reported claims based on experience of the School Board are made and accrued as necessary in the financial statements. At June 30, 1996, the amount of these liabilities was \$560,586. This liability is the School Board's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability since June 30, 1994, resulted from the following:

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal-Year	Changes in	Claim	Fiscal
	<u>Liability</u>	Estimates	Payments	Year-End
1994-1995	\$ 565,704	2,942,911	2,936,335	572,280
1995-1996	572,280	2,954,412	2,966,106	560,586

As of June 30, 1996, \$1,918,607 and \$225,000 of the General Fund fund balance has been designated for payment of future claims of the health plan and workers' compensation plan, respectively.

Grant Disallowances

The School Board participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. School Board management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- TRANSMITTAL LETTER
- CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING
- CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING
- ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE
- ELECTED OFFICIALS
- SELECTED ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Special Revenue Fund

7 Mill Maintenance Tax

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

			1996		
		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Ad valorem tax	\$	625,851	632,314	6,463	619,637
Interest earnings		2,000	1,030	(970)	1,957
State sources - other		<u>47,325</u>	47,325		47,283
Total revenues		<u>675,176</u>	<u>680,669</u>	<u>5,493</u>	668,877
Expenditures - current - support service	es:				
General administration	•0.	22,750	22,718	32	22,089
Plant services		<u>657,088</u>	662,613	(5.525)	681,422
Total expenditures		<u>679,838</u>	685,331	(5.493)	703,511
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(4,662)	(4,662)		(34,634)
Fund balance at beginning of year		4.662	4,662		39,296
Fund balance at end of year	\$				4,662

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as expenditures when earned. Teachers' salaries are earned over a nine-month period but are paid over a twelve-month period. As of June 30, 1996, all such salaries for July and August have been accrued because the salaries have been earned but not paid.

Purchases of various operating supplies are recorded as expenditures in the accounting period they are purchased.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees (or heirs) are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death, while the cost of the leave privileges not requiring current resources is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

Substantially all other expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Operating transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid and longterm debt proceeds are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

(E) <u>Budget Practices</u>

The School Board adopts budgets for the General Fund and each Special Revenue Fund. The School Board utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) By May 15, the Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and sources of funding.
- (2) Proposed budgets are then made available for public inspection, and after proper official journal notification, a public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Budgets are formally adopted by the School Board before July 1 of each year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

General Fixed Assets Account Group

Schedule of Changes in General Fixed Assets -By Function and Activity

Year ended June 30, 1996

Function and Activity	General Fixed Assets July 1, 1995	Additions	Retirements	Inter- departmental <u>Transfers</u>	General Fixed Assets June 30, 1996
Instruction: High schools Middle schools Elementary schools Adult education Total instruction	\$ 25,683,530 20,156,377 3,363,457 <u>191,762</u> 49,395,126	901,173 235,741 96,637 6,274 1,239,825	90,425		26,494,278 20,392,118 3,460,094 198,036 50,544,526
General and school administration	1,286,658	165,120	39,829		1,411,949
Plant and maintenance	6,426,895	38,561	1,279,960		5,185,496
Food service equipment	463,085	9,785	3,978		468,892
Transportation equipment	<u>287,964</u>	349,212	18,500		618,676
Total general fixed assets	\$ <u>57,859,728</u>	1,802,503	<u>1,432,692</u>		58,229,539

General Fund

Comparative Balance Sheets

June 30, 1996 and 1995

Assets	<u> 1996</u>	<u>1995</u>
Cash Certificates of deposit Receivables Due from other funds	\$ 2,855,687 5,354,500 138,925 422,376	2,808,339 3,715,500 457,609 52,132
Total assets	\$ <u>8,771,488</u>	<u>7,033,580</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities: Accounts and claims payable Salaries and wages payable Total liabilities	\$ 588,660 1,600,096 2,188,756	637,344 1,963,453 2,600,797
Fund balances: Reserved for encumbrances		277,020
Unreserved: Designated for future claims and contingencies Designated for equipment replacement Designated for specific projects Undesignated Total fund balance	2,478,606 721,200 546,800 2,836,126 6,582,732	1,795,600 792,000 501,453 1,066,710 4,432,783
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ <u>8,771,488</u>	7,033,580

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		<u> </u>	1996		<u> 1995</u>
		Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>Actual</u>
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Taxes: Ad valorem	\$	3,441,305	3,473,681	32,376	3,408,034
Sales and use	•	4,522,000	5,352,884	830,884	3,598,503
Interest earnings		326,532	357,614	31,082	248,054
Other:		·			
Tuition		27,500	38,979	11,479	44,406
Rentals, leases, and royalties		7,770	10,930	3,160	9,936
Other		30.613	42,176	11.563	45,295
Total other		65.883	92,085	26,202	99.637
Total local sources		8,355,720	9,276,264	920,544	7,354,228
State sources:					
State sources. State equalization		13,667,325	13,667,325		13,373,551
Other state programs:				_	050 705
Revenue sharing		252,915	252,918	(5.363)	252,705 314,421
Professional improvement program		282,465	277,102 501,718	(5,363) 58,548	686,559
Other		443,170	<u>501.718</u> _1.031.738	53.188	1,253,685
Total other state programs		<u>978,550</u>	1,031,730	<u> </u>	
Total state sources		14,645,875	14,699,063	53.188	<u>14.627.236</u>
Federal and other sources		10.594	10.147	(447)	54,923
Total revenues		23.012.189	23,985,474	973,285	22,036,387

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual, Continued

		1996		<u> 1995</u>
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>Actual</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	ቀ 10 021 160	9,624,545	396,624	9,108,711
Regular programs	\$ 10,021,169 3,976,989	,	211,322	3,439,124
Special programs Adult and continuing education	3,910,902	3,103,001	211,522	0,407,12.
-	74,422	71,967	2,455	75,516
programs Support services:	,	· - , · ·	— ,	,
Student services	869,920	801,555	68,365	841,251
Instructional staff support	865,252		31,626	755,768
General administration	673,691		70,450	591,618
School administration	1,363,528		38,608	1,222,054
Business services	372,443		39,971	355,562
Plant services	1,892,471		186,271	1,539,378
Student transportation services	2,612,048		158,363 9,856	2,054,623 97,039
Central services	107,660	97,004	9,000	91,037
Capital outlay - facilities acquisition and			<u> </u>	146
construction Total expanditures	22,829,593	21,615,682	1,213,911	20.080.790
Total expenditures	20.007.02			
Excess of revenues over expenditures	182,596	2,369,792	2,187,196	1,955,597
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	49,837	·	(5,588)	44,746
Operating transfers out	(264.092		(5 500)	(179,003)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(214.255	<u>(219,843)</u>	(5,588)	(134,257)
Excess of revenues and other sources over	(21.65))) 2 140 040	2 101 600	1,821,340
expenditures and other uses	(31,659	2,149,949	2,181,608	1,021,540
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,432.783	4,432,783		2,611,443
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>4,401,124</u>	6,582,732	2,181,608	4,432,783

Adult Basic Education — Adult Basic Education is a program to develop knowledge and skills to meet immediate and long-range educational objectives of adults who have completed or interrupted formal schooling, having accepted adult roles and responsibilities.

Vocational Education — Vocational Education is a federally funded program that provides students with the opportunity to develop the knowledge, skills, and attitudes needed for employment in agriculture, home economics, industrial arts, business, etc.

Starting Points — Starting Points is a federally funded preschool program designed to provide quality early childhood education to children whose parent(s) or guardians work or are enrolled in a job training or educational program.

Even Start — Even Start is a federally funded preschool program for children under the age of five that helps children to develop a positive concept of self and school.

Charter Schools — Charter Schools is a federally funded program to reimburse the Board for any costs associated with establishing charter schools.

Goals 2000 — Goals 2000 is a federally funded program that attempts to build community support and a true community partnership to (1) restructure the local educational system, (2) engage in long term systemic change to better address the individual needs of students, teachers, administrators, parents, employers, and citizens within its community, and (3) address the National Educational Goals, especially goals related to high academic achievement for all children.

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD
Mansfield, Louisiana

Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

1895		453,774 319,219 230,451 23,444 1,026,888		50,237 295,694 52,132 398,063	628.825	1,026,888
Tetals 1996		485,860 319,219 537,930 20,054 1,363,063		13,659 203,777 422,376 639,812	723.251	1,363,063
Goals 2000		36,345		298 36.047 36.345	1	36,345
Charter Schools		211		1 177	i!	211
Even		18,372		9.750 8.622 18.372	11	18,372
Starting Points		26,989 26,989		5.062 21.927 26.989	1	26,989
Vocational Education		5.621		5.621	1	5,621
Adult Basic <u>Education</u>		14,282		14.282 14.282	1}	14,282
Head		25,685		4,929 20,756 25,685	1	25,685
Special Education		31,799		2.081 374 29.344 31.799		31,799
7 Mill Maintenance <u>Tax</u>		10,238		10,238	1	10,238
School Lunch Fund		471,879 319,219 20,054 811,152		87,901	723.251	811,152
Education for Economic Security Act Title II		25,033 25,033		9,683 15,350 25,033	I	25,033
Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act		8,365		1,583 6,782 8,365	1	8,365
Educi Consolic Improve		\$ 3,743 345,228 \$ 348,971		\$ 1,340 84,197 263,434 348,971		\$ 348,971
	Assets	Assets: Cash Certificates of deposit Receivables Inventories Total assets	Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and wages payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	Fund balances - unreserved - undesignated	Total liabilities and fund balances

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

1995	619,637 24,831 234,059	381,064 78,613 3,310,397 4,648,601	1,164,839	127,643	93,407	465,665 23,412 762,648	1.504 2.108.407 4.747.525	(98,924)	179,003	134,257	35,333	593,492	628,825
Totals 1996	632,314 27,653 245,432	381,064 47,325 3,486,829 4,820,617	1,242,881	123,052	114,210	509,760 23,981 205 758,909	2.865 2.170.171 4.946.034	(125,417)	264,092 (44,249)	219.843	94,426	628.825	723,251
Goals 2000		- 57.655 57.655	35,837	1	ł	19,505		1,412	(1412)	(1.412)	l		1
Charter Schools	111	1177	I	I	l	[8]	1 18	vo	। <mark>9</mark>	9	•	ţ	
Even	111		74,752	I	I	1111	74.752	I		1	ţ		
Starting Points	1 1 1	42.854 42.854	41,746	!	1	1111	41.746	1,108	1108	(8011)	I	1	
Vocational	111	74.853	I	56,682	5,940	12,165	74.787	\$	1 🕉	(99)	•	1	
Adult Basic Education	111	69.335 69.335	I	66,370	I	1,033	67.403	1.932	(1.932)	(1.932)	I		
Head Start	111	48.253	48,253	i	1		48.253	l			I		
Special Education	!	246.998 246.998	123,470	I	700	101,236	2,865	5,757	(5.757)	(5.757)	1		1
7 Mill Maintenance Tax	632,314	47,325	j]	1	22,718	685.331	(4,662)			(4,662)	4.662	
School Lunch Eund	26.623 245,432	381,064 1,352,048 2,005,167	;	ŀ	ļ	1111	2.170.171	(165,004)	264,092	264.092	880*66	624,163	723,251
Education for Economic Security Act Title II	1 1 1	34.663 34.663	1	1	1	33.699	33.699	%	1 (84)	(964)	;		
tional ation and ment Act Title VI	1 1	54.381 54.381	27,140	1	25,729	1111	52.869	1,512	(1.512)	(1.512)	1		
Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act Title I Title V		1.430.826 1.430.826	891,683	1	81,841	342,122 1,263 82,425	1.399.334	31,492	(31.492)	(31,492)	l	1)	
Q	Local sources: Ad valorem taxes Interest earnings Other	State sources: State equalization Other Federal sources Total revenues	Expenditures - current: Instruction: Special programs	Adult and continuing education programs	Support services: Student services	Support Support General administration Central services Plant services	Student transportation services Food services Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing	sources (uses)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	Fund balances at beginning of year	Fund balances at end of year \$

Special Revenue Fund

Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act Title I

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		1996		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues: Local sources - other Federal sources Total revenues	\$ 1,582,161 1,582,161	1,430,826 1,430,826	(151,335) (151,335)	66 1,316,748 1,316,814
Expenditures - current: Instruction - special programs Support services: Student services Instructional staff support General administration Plant services Total expenditures	969,542 87,081 373,712 1,700 113,954 1,545,989	891,683 81,841 342,122 1,263 82,425 1,399,334	77,859 5,240 31,590 437 31,529 146,655	833,962 48,519 328,090 1,323 71,848 1,283,742
Excess of revenues over expenditures	36,172	31,492	(4,680)	33,072
Other financing uses - operating transfers out	(36,172)	(31,492)	<u>4,680</u>	(33,072)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses		· 		
Fund balance at beginning of year				
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 			

Special Revenue Fund

Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act Title VI

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

		1996		
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	<u>1995</u>
Revenues - federal sources	\$ <u>66,328</u>	54,381	(11,947)	<u>78,069</u>
Expenditures - current: Instruction - special programs Support services:	34,101	27,140	6,961	37,012
Student services	29,431	25,729	3,702	38,403
Instructional staff support Total expenditures	<u>951</u> <u>64,483</u>	52,869	<u>951</u> <u>11.614</u>	<u>520</u> 75,935
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,845	1,512	(333)	2,134
Other financing uses - operating transfers out	(1,845)	(1,512)	333	(2,134)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other uses				
Fund balance at beginning of year				
Fund balance at end of year	\$			

SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENTS
AND SCHEDULES —
COMBINING,
INDIVIDUAL FUND,
AND ACCOUNT
GROUP STATEMENTS
AND SCHEDULES

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Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

However, we noted other matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we have reported to the management of the DeSoto Parish School Board, in a separate letter dated September 20, 1996.

This report is intended for the information of management, the state of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KAMG Peat Mouviek LLP

September 20, 1996

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

The General Fixed Assets Account Group represents a summary of fixed assets of the School Board. Capital outlay in all funds is recorded as an expenditure of those funds at the time of purchase and is subsequently recorded, at cost, for control purposes in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities, depreciation is not recorded on general fixed assets.

Board Members
The DeSoto Parish School Board
September 20, 1996
Page 2

INTERNAL CONTROLS

Open Purchase Orders — The Maintenance Department maintains open purchase orders at various local businesses to allow for quick purchase of items to prevent work delays for maintenance personnel. To better control the "draws" on the open purchase orders, we recommend a work order number be required to be written on all invoices of purchases made through open purchase orders. This will allow the School to identify the purchase to a specific project and therefore better monitor and control the purchases.

Documentation of Receipt of Goods — Current School Board policy does not require written documentation to be obtained from the recipient for all goods received. To leave a better audit trail for receipt of goods, we recommend the School Board require packing slips/invoices be signed by the recipient and the signed document retained in the vendor files for purchases greater than \$1,000.

OPERATIONAL ISSUES

Work Orders — To better monitor and control the activities of the Maintenance Department, we recommend a work order system be established by the School Board. It is our understanding that the Maintenance Department has a work order software system, but it is not being utilized. Utilization of a work order system would allow for better planning, allocation of costs and supervision of the work force for projects undertaken.

Emergency Purchase Orders — The School Board in its Purchasing Manual defines "Emergency Purchase Orders" and "Field Purchase Orders". In practice the purchases being made by under "Emergency Purchase Order" procedures is not an emergency purchase as defined by state law, but would be considered a field purchase order as defined by the School Board's Purchasing Manual.

An emergency by state law, means "an unforeseen event bringing with it destruction or injury of life or property or imminent threat of such destruction or injury". We recommend the School Board review its definition for the various purchase order types and ensure that its personnel understand under what conditions each is to be used.

Purchase Orders — The purchase order form being utilized by the School Board does not contain "boiler plate" wording (i.e., governed by state law, meeting delivery dates, acceptable substitutions) relating to the terms and conditions of the purchase. In the case of a dispute regarding the terms and conditions of a purchase, the School Board would be at a disadvantage in negotiations, since a binding contract may not have been created and/or the terms and conditions were not clearly specified.

* * * *

Board Members
The DeSoto Parish School Board
September 20, 1996
Page 3

Our procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements, and therefore may not bring to light all weaknesses in policies or procedures that may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of the School Board's organization gained during our work to make comments and suggestions that we hope will be useful to you.

We would like to take this opportunity to acknowledge the courtesy and assistance extended to us by the personnel of the School Board during the course of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the School Board members, management, the State of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Very truly yours,

KAMG Peat Marwick LLP

The Global Leader

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Mansfield, Louisiana

Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance (Single Audit)

June 30, 1996

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

report is a public document. A copy of the report less bases submitted to the audited of processed, entity and other apparentate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Release Date JAN 22 1997

Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance (Single Audit)

June 30, 1996

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Supplementary Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance (Single Audit)

Year ended June 30, 1996

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KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report on Supplementary Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance

Members of the DeSoto Parish School Board Mansfield, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board (School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. The information in that schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

September 20, 1996

Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance

Year ended June 30, 1996

Expenditures June 30, 1996	834,922	1.293.012	1	8,886	1,412,425	27,916 34,663	58,517 4,171 12,165	607 217.871 28.345	42,854 26,465	74,732 69,335 48,253	176 51,972	2.134.781	3,436,679	
Grant Revenues Accrual Basis	873,043 355,260	123.745	1	8,886	1,412,425	27,916 34,663	58,517 4,171 12,165	607 217,871 28,345	26,465	69,335 48,253	176 51,972	2.083 2.134.781	3,495,715	
Accrued (Deferred) Grant Revenue June 30, 1996			\	I	345,227	4,758 25,033	5,621	29,880 1,919	3,607	14,282 25,685	30,662	2,085 211 537,929	537,929	
Accrued (Deferred) Grant Revenue June 30, 1995			ì	l	131,760	4,208 34,739	2,304	1,982	1,034	9,424 914 11,668	1 !	<u></u>	199,120	
Grant Revenues Received Cash Basis	\$ 873,043 355,260	123.745	}	8,886	1,198,958	27,366	55,260 4,171 12,165	607 189,973 26,426	16,899 24,135	55,967 34,236	176 21,310	1.795.972	\$ 3,156,906	
Grant Number	7CFR 7CFR	N/A	PY-94-70-19-11-C	N/A	96-047-16 96-M-28-16-1	28-95-0016-2 28-96-5016-11	28-96-AR-2-BIBS 28-95-AR-3-PB N/A	94-L313-16 96-FT-16 96-PF-16	N/A 28:96-7016-D	N/A 06CH0386/06	95-CIT3-16 N/A	5282A50011		
Federal CFDA Number	10.555	10.550	17.250	13.714	84.010 84.011	84.151 84.164	84.048 84.049 84.243	84.009 84.027 84.173	94.575	84.002 93.600	84.181 84.276	84.282A		
Crant Title	U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-through State Department of Education: National School Lunch Program (1) School Breakfast Program (1)	and Forestry - Food Distribution	U.S. Department of Labor Pass-through State Department of Education - Job Training Partnership Act	U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources Pass-through State Department of Education - Medical Assistance Program	U.S. Department of Education Pass-through State Department of Education: Title I Educationally-Deprived Children (!) Title I Migrant Education	for Educational Improvement Title II Strengthening the Skills of Teachers	Basic Grants to States Consumer and Homemaking Education Tech Prep	P.L. 89-313 P.L. 94-142 P.L. 99-457	Starting Points Preschool Program Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act	Adult Education Head Start Program	Soals 2000	Charter Schools	Total	(1) Major federal financial assistance program.

See accompanying notes to schedule of federal financial assistance.

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

June 30, 1996

Form of Government:

Parish School Board

Geographic Area:

879 Square Miles

Population:

25,226

Public School Membership:

5,309

Instruction Sites:

	Constructed	Capacity/Sq. Ft.	Acreage
High Schools: Logansport Mansfield North DeSoto Pelican Stanley	1992 1982 1992 1991	117,928 83,584 140,992 48,799 55,964 447,267	53.47 27.34 37.57 40.73 40.00 199.11
Middle Schools: Mansfield North DeSoto	1994 1994	216,718 	140.30 _15.00 155.30
Elementary School - North DeSoto	1988	63,190	_20.00
Adult Education - ABE Center	1975		0.50
Total Overall Instruction Sites		<u>804,453</u>	<u>374.91</u>

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report on the Internal Control

Structure Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial

Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Members of the DeSoto Parish School Board Mansfield, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The management of the DeSoto Parish School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of general purpose financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

In planning and performing our audit of the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board for the year ended June 30, 1996, we obtained an understanding of the internal control structure. With respect to the internal control structure, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control structure. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Mansfield, Louisiana

Schedule of Insurance in Force

June 30, 1996

<u>Premium</u>	85,750	4,822	59,578	45,683	869	3,136	46,886	6,250
Coverage <u>Limits</u>	\$ 37,958,720	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	836,232	5,000,000	1,000,000
Details of Coverage and Coinsurance	Blanket coverage - all property \$100,000 deductible	Boilers and electric motors \$1,000 deductible	All property and employees \$2,000 deductible	Specified vehicles No deductible	All School Board employees No deductible	Blanket coverage - all property \$5,000 deductible	Blanket coverage - all employees Self-insured retention \$175,000	Errors and omissions coverage \$5,000/\$250 deductible
Policy Period From To	7/1/95 - 7/1/96	7/1/95 - 7/1/96	7/1/95 - 7/1/96	7/1/95 - 7/1/96	7/1/95 - 7/11/96	7/1/95 - 7/1/96	7/1/95 - 7/1/96	7/1/95 - 7/1/96
Policy Number	621-000096-9	BMI-HN-7346153-00	651-000096-9	6-960000-159	621-000096-9	6-960000-159	0733-SA-LA	651-000096-9
Type of Coverage/ Name of Company	Property damage Mt. Airy Insurance Co.	Property loss and damage Hartford Steam Boiler Insurance Co.	General liability Mt. Airy Insurance Co.	Automobile liability Mt. Airy Insurance Co.	Public Employees Blanket Bond Mt. Airy Insurance Co.	EDP and Musical Instruments Mt. Airy Insurance Co.	Worker's Compensation Midwest Employers Casualty	School Board Legal Liability Mt. Airy Insurance Co.

Note (1) - The above coverages were renewed for the 1996/1997 fiscal year.

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report on the Internal Control Structure
Used in Administering Federal Financial Assistance Programs

Members of the DeSoto Parish School Board Mansfield, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996. We have also audited the DeSoto Parish School Board's compliance with requirements applicable to major federal financial assistance programs and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-128, Audits of State and Local Governments. Those standards and OMB Circular A-128 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement and about whether the DeSoto Parish School Board complied with laws and regulations, noncompliance with which would be material to a major federal financial assistance program.

In planning and performing our audits for the year ended June 30, 1996, we considered the internal control structure of the DeSoto Parish School Board in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board and on the compliance of the DeSoto Parish School Board with requirements applicable to major programs, and to report on the internal control structure in accordance with OMB Circular A-128. This report addresses our consideration of internal control structure policies and procedures relevant to compliance with requirements applicable to federal financial assistance programs. We have addressed internal control structure policies and procedures relevant to our audit of the general purpose financial statements in a separate report dated September 20, 1996.

The management of the DeSoto Parish School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of general purpose financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that federal financial assistance programs are managed in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors, irregularities, or instances of noncompliance may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of

the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

For the purpose of this report, we have classified the significant internal control structure policies and procedures used in administering federal financial assistance programs in the following categories:

Cycles of School Board's activities

- Revenue/receipts
- Purchases/disbursements
- Payroll

General requirements

- Political activity
- Civil rights
- Cash management
- Federal financial reports
- Allowable cost/cost principles
- Drug-Free Workplace Act
- Administrative requirements

Specific requirements

- Types of services
- Eligibility
- Level of effort and/or earmarking
- Reporting
- Limitations of carryover amounts
- Involvement of parents
- Evaluations
- Services provided on an equitable basis
- School-wide project
- Obligation of funds

Claims for advances and reimbursements

For all of the internal control structure categories listed above, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and determined whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk.

During the year ended June 30, 1996, DeSoto Parish School Board expended 75.3 percent of its total federal financial assistance under major federal financial assistance programs.

We performed tests of controls, as required by OMB Circular A-128, to evaluate the effectiveness of the design and operation of internal control structure policies and procedures that we considered relevant to preventing or detecting material noncompliance with specific requirements, general requirements, and requirements governing claims for advances and reimbursements that are applicable to each of the major federal financial assistance programs of the DeSoto Parish School Board, which are identified in the accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance. Our procedures were less in scope than would be necessary to render an opinion on these internal control structure policies and procedures. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Our consideration of the internal control structure policies and procedures used in administering federal financial assistance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might constitute material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with laws and regulations that would be material in relation to a federal financial assistance program may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We also noted other matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we have reported to the management of the DeSoto Parish School Board in a separate letter dated September 20, 1996.

This report is intended for the information of management, the state of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

September 20, 1996

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance
Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Members of the DeSoto Parish School Board Mansfield, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the DeSoto Parish School Board is the responsibility of the DeSoto Parish School Board's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the DeSoto Parish School Board's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the general purpose financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed the following instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported herein under *Government Auditing Standards*. No provision for any liability has been recognized in the DeSoto Parish School Board's financial statements as a result of this issue.

At June 30, 1996, a financial institution had pledged as collateral a security of Pearland, Texas Independent School District, par value of \$500,000, for a portion of its bank deposits. Such security is not an allowable security to be pledged by a financial institution as collateral (RS 39:1221).

We considered this instance of noncompliance in forming our opinion on whether the DeSoto Parish School Board's 1996 general purpose financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and this report does not affect our report dated September 20, 1996, on those general purpose financial statements.

This report is intended for the information of management, the state of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

September 20, 1996

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Specific Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Financial Assistance Programs

Members of the DeSoto Parish School Board Mansfield, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996.

We have also audited the DeSoto Parish School Board's compliance with the requirements governing types of services; eligibility; level of effort and/or earmarking; reporting; limitations of carryover amounts; involvement of parents; evaluations; services provided on an equitable basis; school-wide project; obligation of funds; and claims for advances and reimbursements that are applicable to each of its major federal financial assistance programs, which are identified in the accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance, for the year ended June 30, 1996. The management of the DeSoto Parish School Board is responsible for the School Board's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance with those requirements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-128, Audits of State and Local Governments. Those standards and OMB Circular A-128 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the DeSoto Parish School Board's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the DeSoto Parish School Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements governing types of services; eligibility; level of effort and/or earmarking; reporting; limitations of carryover amounts; involvement of parents; evaluations; services provided on an equitable basis; school-wide project; obligation of funds; and claims for advances and reimbursements that are applicable to each of its major federal financial assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 1996.

This report is intended for the information of management, the state of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

September 20, 1996

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Specific Requirements
Applicable to Nonmajor Federal Financial Assistance Program Transactions

Members of the DeSoto Parish School Board Mansfield, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996.

In connection with our audit of the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board and with our consideration of the DeSoto Parish School Board's control structure used to administer federal financial assistance programs, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-128, Audits of State and Local Governments, we selected certain transactions applicable to certain nonmajor federal financial assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 1996. As required by OMB Circular A-128, we have performed auditing procedures to test compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed that are applicable to those transactions. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the DeSoto Parish School Board's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the requirements listed in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the DeSoto Parish School Board had not complied, in all material respects, with those requirements.

This report is intended for the information of management, the state of Louisiana Legislative Auditor, the cognizant agency, and other federal agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

KIMG leat Mourie LLP

September 20, 1996

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MANSFIELD, LOUISIANA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Single Audit)

Year ended June 30, 1996

<u>Program</u> <u>Findings</u> <u>Costs</u>

None.

Notes to Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance

Year ended June 30, 1996

(1) General

The accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the DeSoto Parish School Board. The DeSoto Parish School Board's reporting entity is defined in note 1(A) to the School Board's general purpose financial statements. Federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of federal financial assistance is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in note 1(D) to the School Board's general purpose financial statements.

(3) Relationship to General Purpose Financial Statements

Federal financial assistance revenues are reported in the School Board's general purpose financial statements as revenues - federal and other sources. The total of grant revenues included in the accompanying schedule does not agree to revenues - federal and other sources in the general purpose financial statements due to other revenue of \$1,261, that is included in the general purpose financial statements.

(4) Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports.

(5) <u>Noncash Programs</u>

Commodities received, which are noncash revenues, are valued using prices provided by the United States Department of Agriculture.

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD
Mansfield, Louisiana

Sales and Use Tax Levies and Collections - All Governments (1)

30, 1996 Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June

		Total Collections	4 414 502	4.697.367	5,170,249	5,066,655	5,506,782	5,353,618	5,627,905	6.323,757	7,867,750	10,624,098
Tax Collections		Stonewall	ļ	I	22,157	26,537	25,932	23,158	27,654	44,564	45,426	52,997
	Maria	South Mansfield	l	J	I	I	9,904	24,389	24,442	24,868	22,381	23,043
		Logansport	98,184	105,742	103,920	109,737	117,917	120,214	127,309	140,641	144,773	137,386
		Mansfield	514,015	544,228	507,710	498,461	511,437	527,787	531,670	596,604	631,688	693,659
	Parishwide	Police Jury	1,317,695	1,402,766	1,457,210	1,459,984	1,594,531	1,552,542	1,638,972	1,839,592	2,225,477	2,579,834
		School Board	\$ 2,484,608	2,644,631	3,079,252	2,971,936	3,247,061	3,105,528	3,277,858	3,677,488	4,798,005	7,137,179
		Total Rate (2)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4 .	4 .	4 -	4
		Stonewall	1	ı	-	—	- - ,	•		- -		-
Sales and U	palitics	South Mansfield	I	1	1	'		- -	→ -	- -		-
	Municipalities	Logansport		-	→ •	-	- -	- -	-	-d p		•
		Mansfield		,			→ -		• -	4		ı
	Panshwide School Par	Jurx	₩.	·	- -			· -	٠,-		-	ı
		Board	75%	7 (4 C	1 C	1 (- 2	- 2	~	61	
	Fig.	Year	1987	1980	1990	1991	1992 (3)	1993	1994	1995	1996	

Information provided by the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission.

This rate represents the maximum amount that may be assessed by local taxing authorities. These rates do not include the state sales and use tax rate. The DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission began collecting taxes within the parish for all taxing bodies.

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

General Fixed Assets Account Group

Schedule of General Fixed Assets -By Function and Activity

June 30, 1996

Function and Activity	<u>Total</u>	Land	Buildings and <u>Improvements</u>	Furniture and Equipment	Transportation Equipment
Instruction: High schools Middle schools Elementary schools Adult education Total instruction	\$ 26,494,278 20,392,118 3,460,094 198,036 50,544,526	561,236 63,900 470,304 2,362 1.097,802	24,102,209 19,195,625 2,746,565 150,000 46,194,399	1,830,833 1,132,593 243,225 45,674 3,252,325	
General and school administration	1,411,949	46,400	625,790	739,759	
Plant and maintenance	5,185,496	63,750	4,844,311	277,435	*****
Food service equipment	468,892			468,892	
Transportation equipment	618.676			<u> </u>	<u>618,676</u>
Total general fixed assets allocated to functions	\$ <u>58,229,539</u>	<u>1,207,952</u>	51,664,500	<u>4,738,411</u>	<u>618,676</u>

GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT GROUP

	ACCO	JINI G	KUUI
The General Long-	Term Debt Acc	ount Group	represent
The General Long- a summary of the g Board.	general long-ter	m debt of	the School
			<u>.</u>

General Long-Term Debt Account Group

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt

Year ended June 30, 1996

		July 1, 1995	Additions	<u>Payments</u>	Debt Service Fund Operations	June 30, 1996
Amount available in Debt Service Funds Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	\$	2,906,999 26,939,001	1,480,000	 2,887,000 (1)	195,705 (195,705)	3,102,704 25,336,296
Amount to be provided for accrued compensated absences	A	863,878	50.842	<u>75.997</u>		838,723
Long-term obligations payable: General obligation bonds	\$	30,709,878	1,530,842	<u>2,962,997</u>		<u>29,277,723</u>
payable Sales tax bonds payable Certificates of indebtedness	\$	24,055,000 226,000	1,480,000	2,515,000 7,000		23,020,000 219,000
payable Accrued compensated		5,565,000		365,000		5,200,000
absences	\$	863,878 30,709,878	<u>50.842</u> 	<u>75.997</u> 2,962,997		<u>838,723</u> <u>29,277,723</u>

Note (1) - Payments include refunding of \$1,380,000 during fiscal year 1996.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

	STATISTICAI SECTION
<u></u>	

General Expenditures by Function - All Governmental Fund Types (1)

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

1996	14,828,112	915,765 1,343,386 720.813	1,324,920	2,465,109 2,456,550	2,170,171 98,009	1	926,886	15,135 1,507,000	1.763.908	30,898,236
1995	13,915,833	934,658 1,221,433 723,702	1,222,054	2,302,026 2,056,127	2,108,407 97,039		2,618,369	6,629 1,512,000 16,555	1.872.073	30,962,467
1994	13,174,552	784,450 1,195,530 708,649	1,133,639	2,097,586 1,968,953	1,996,969 97,124	1	9,730,358	1,111,000	1.805.014	36,307,444
1993	12,986,454	769,105 1,094,456 676,991	1,148,965	2,055,899 1,986,245	2,012,508 102,676	7,819	7,573,513	32,178 981,000 54,685	2.295.937	34,071,776
1992	12,287,669	688,389 978,373 653,823	1,224,977 283,370	1,825,874 1,842,992	1,827,139	!	6,858,343	895,000	2,258,931	31,757,831
1991	11,476,783	648,080 898,627 588,960	1,187,304 243,815	1,686,964	1,803,830 268,526	3,537	3,938,304	295,000	2,276,165	27,040,421
1990	10,813,959	606,010 738,733 816,421	1,099,095	1,692,707	1,863,438 266,242	15,168	2,627,252	280,000	2,249,243	25,026,403
1989	9,408,010	616,386 633,123 862,157	861,074 235,090	1,652,626	1,744,028	3,961	2,457,809	255,000	1,280,789	21,713,546
1988	8,749,174	441,970 695,661 505,394	781,240 210,113	1,643,814	1,662,716 25,874	4,138	2,146,913	235,000	461.080	19,049,872
1987	\$ 6,866,649	275,641 688,698 2,836,746	707,249	1,218,122	1,501,636	4,136	318,035	195,000	398.451	\$ 16,498,238
	Operations: Instruction services Support services:	Student services Instructional staff support General administration	School administration Business services	Student transportation services	Food services Central services	Community service programs Facilities acquisition and	construction Debt service:	Advance refunding escrow Principal retired Bond issuance cost	Interest and bank charges	Total expenditures

Note (1) - The computations include the following funds: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

Unaudited - see accompanying independent auditors' report.

General Revenues by Source - All Governmental Fund Types (1)

June 30, 1996 Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through

1996	6,235,525 7,137,179 572,534	10,930 38,979 245,432 42,176	14,048,389 1,108,900 3,496,976	32,937,020				
1995	6,528,984 4,798,005 508,598	17,436 44,406 233,993 45,361	13,754,615 1,363,063 3,365,320	30,659,781				
1994	6,190,940 3,677,488 479,014	6,539 33,510 196,300 52,773	13,276,865 881,256 3,231,438	28,026,123				
1993	6,130,477 3,277,858 693,686	6,285 28,630 187,973 16,696	12,873,766 961,910 3,134,622	27,311,903				
7661	5,082,427 3,105,528 1,147,555	2,943 27,456 190,355 64,718	12,425,204 975,187 2,911,420	25,932,793				
1991	4,674,527 3,247,061 1,964,235 1,223,452	85,002 23,020 213,012 80,235	11,472,742 1,079,408 2,402,828	26,465,522				
1990	4,573,581 3,039,010 2,132,554	19,010 18,498 211,249 28,629	11,344,081 1,210,279 2,224,162	24,801,053				
1989	4,405,876 (3) 3,133,155 1,488,879	27,156 16,035 243,495 14,232	9,957,406 1,092,197 1,945,884	22,324,315				
1988	2,759,037 (3) 2,706,696 324,301	45.801 25,067 214,477 21,428	7,639,791 2,477,841 1,943,358	18,157,797				
1987	\$ 796,555 2,561,783 222,710	126,342 44,928 212,334 19,040	7,330,169 2,376,398 1,939,812	\$ 15,630,071				
Local sources: Ad valorem taxes Sales and use taxes Interest earnings Insurance proceeds Rentals, leases, and royalties Tuition Food service Other State equalization Other Federal and other sources Federal and other sources								

The computations include the following funds: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds. Insurance proceeds were received when a major portion of the Logansport facility was destroyed by fire in February 1991. Ad valorem taxes increased in 1988 and 1989 due to increases in property tax rates to fund repayment of bonds issued for purposes of facility improvements and construction. Notes:

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Mansfield, Louisiana

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

Total Collections as a Percent of Current Tax Levy (3)	100.10	94.55	99.65	94.82	100.42	99.12	100.12	28.66	100.24	100.11
Total Taxes, Interest, and Penalty Collected	771,471	2,635,635	4,296,072	4,264,538	4,674,527	5,082,427	6,040,649	6,099,864	6,432,231	6,148,084 (4)
Delinquent Taxes Collected Selinquent Interest and Taxes Penalty	846	322	27	1,321	2,697	945	3,112	2,639	4,137	7,639
Delinquent T Delinquent Taxes	\$ 8,982	2,634	687	1,555	14,337	17,477	15,924	5,801	3,930	8,268
Percent of Tax Levy Collected	98.82	94.44	09.66	94.75	100.05	98.76	99.63	99.73	100.12	99.85
Current Tax Collections	761,643	2,632,679	4,295,358	4,261,662	4,657,493	5,064,005	6,021,613	6,091,424	6,424,164	6,132,177
Net School Board Portion of Total Parish Tax Assessment (2)	\$ 770,707	2,787,436	4,312,378	4,497,521	4,655,029	5,127,448	6,033,146	6,107,923	6,416,514	6,141,301
School Year Ended June 30,	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Tax	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995

Notes:

Information provided by DeSoto Parish Sheriff (ex officio tax collector).
Includes all adjustments to original levy.
Percentages collected greater than 100% are due to collection of prior years' taxes.
Excludes 1% collections of \$94,419.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

September 20, 1996

CONFIDENTIAL

Board Members
The DeSoto Parish School Board

Dear Board Members:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board (School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 1996. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the School Board, we considered internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control. We have not considered internal control since the date of our report.

During our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. These comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with the appropriate members of management, are intended to improve internal control or result in other operating efficiencies and are summarized as follows:

WORKER'S COMPENSATION ACCRUAL

The School Board has not established year end procedures to accrue for estimated future worker's compensation claims. At June 30, 1996, there were several liabilities for incurred but not reported worker's compensation claims as determined by the School Board's third party administrator.

Year end closing procedures should include a process to prepare a list of all worker's compensation claims outstanding at June 30, 1996, claims that were incurred but not reported at June 30, 1996, and claims that have occurred and been reported subsequent to June 30, 1996. A journal entry should be prepared to accrue for these liabilities as part of the year end closing. Establishment of these year end accrual procedures will produce internal financial reports which properly reflect all expenses and liabilities incurred in the proper period.

BOARD DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL Mansfield, Louisiana

Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments (1)

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

	Total	1,501,607	3,411,131	3,900,736	3,879,527	4,058,412	4,097,995	5,665,883	5,749,441	6,255,349	6,379,354
	Sheriff	658,038	670,834	660,034	649,046	700,170	406,999	1,122,960	1,139,504	1,150,970	1,173,786
evies (2)	olice School ury Board (3)	231,642	2,116,471	2,627,278	2,627,268	2,707,286	2,733,690	3,498,752	3,550,296	3,940,985	4,019,112
Tax I	Police Jury	436,703	445,195	437,701	430,415	464,729	469,262	745,465	756,534	857,238	874,231
	Assessor	\$175,224	178,631	175,723	172,798	186,227	188,044	298,706	303,107	306,156	312,225
	Total	27.68	61.68 (5)	72.81 (5)	73.64	72.57	72.57	65.44	65.44	70.49	70.49
lue (4)	Sheriff	12.13	12.13	12.32	12.32	12.52	12.52	12.97	12.97	12.97	12.97
of Assessed Va	Sessor Jury Board She	4.27	38.27	49.04	49.87	48.41	48.41	40.41	40.41	44.41	44.41
es Per \$1,000	Police Jury	8.05	8.05	8.17	8.17	8.31	8.31	8.61	8.61	99.6	99.6
Tax Rate	Assessor	\$ 3.23	3.23	3.28	3.28	3.33	3.33	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45
	Fiscal <u>Year</u>	1987	1988	1989	1990	1661	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996

- Includes all parishwide property taxes. There are other smaller municipalities and taxing districts currently levying ad valorem taxes within the parish, including the various School Districts at rates (per \$1,000 of assessed values) and assessed values for the 1996 year, as follows: District #1, 27.00 \$11,545,387; District #2, 20.00 \$38,335,033; District #3, 36.00 \$5,783,941; District #4, 23.00 \$29,215,041; and District #5, 37.50 \$3,566,803.

 Per original tax roll as filed by DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor.

 Does not include property taxes assessed for individual school districts.

 Information provided by DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor.

 Tax rates were increased in 1988 and 1989 to fund repayment of bonds issues for purposes of facility improvement and construction. Notes: (1)
- <u>6666</u>

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(14) New Funds

Two new special revenue funds were established during fiscal 1996, Charter Schools and Goals 2000. Charter Schools is a federally funded program to reimburse the School Board for any costs associated with establishing charter schools. Goals 2000 is a federally funded program that attempts to build community support and a true community partnership.

(15) Subsequent Event

On September 5, 1996, the School issued General Obligation School Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$1,330,000 to advance refund bonds for School District No. 2. The proceeds of the new bonds, net of issuance cost, were deposited in a irrevocable trust fund. The trust fund will use the proceeds to purchase direct general obligations of the U.S. government sufficient to pay the principal and interest of the refunded bonds, as they come due.

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Mansfield, Louisiana

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	27	188	946	947	686	951	1,067	1,107	1,067	994
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	8600.	8990.	.3421	.3386	.3191	.3062	.2470	.2508	.2401	.2214
Net Bonded Debt	739,269	5,155,268	25,970,118	25,519,964	25,078,111	24,218,740	26,986,875	27,825,100	26,936,991	25,336,126
Less Debt Service Funds (3)	235,731	709,732	1,834,882	2,005,036	2,151,889	2,121,260	2,518,125	2,774,900	2,909,009	3,102,874
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	975,000	5,865,000	27,805,000	27,525,000	27,230,000	26,340,000	29,505,000	30,600,000	29,846,000	28,439,000
Assessed Value (2)	75,647,014	77,226,128	75,910,282	75,358,174	78,579,567	79,090,964	109,239,877	110,937,587	112,209,519	114,436,862
DeSoto Parish Population (1)	27,686	27,390	27,359	26,937	25,346	25,473	25,291	25,134	25,226	25,479
Fiscal Year Ended June 30.	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
Assessment Year	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995

Notes:

(1) Information provided by the Research Division of Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, Louisiana.

(2) Assessed value is the Total Assessed Valuation of all property located in DeSoto Parish. Property was assessed at 10% on land and residential property.

property and 15% on commercial property.

(3) Includes all general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 1996, and the related Debt Service Funds.

Schedule of Direct, Overlapping, and Underlying Bonded Debt

June 30, 1996

Name of Governmental Unit	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to This Unit	Amount Applicable to School Board
DeSoto Parish School Board	\$ 25,336,126	100 %	25,336,126
City of Mansfield	2,734,609	100 %	2,734,609
	\$ 28,070,735		28,070,735

Notes:

- (1) Various taxing districts exist within DeSoto Parish that involve a small percentage of parish taxpayers. These districts' debt is not included as the amounts, and impact on this schedule is not significant.
- (2) This represents the debt of all the constituents who reside within DeSoto Parish.
- (3) Includes all general bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 1996, and the related Debt Service Funds.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

June 30, 1996

Assessed value		\$ 114,436,862
Debt limit thirty-five percent (35%) of assessed value (1)		\$ 40,052,902
Debt applicable to limitation: Total bonded debt Less: Sales tax bonds Certificates of indebtedness Amount available for repayment of general obligation debt (2)	\$ 28,439,000 (219,000) (5,200,000) (2,556,577)	
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit		20,463,423
Legal debt margin		\$ 19,589,479

Notes:

This percentage is in accordance with Act 103 of 1980 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature R.S. 39:562(d).
 Includes all Debt Service Funds of the general bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 1996.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditure for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

Year Ended June 30,	Principal (1)	Debt Service Expenditures Interest and Fiscal Charges (1)	<u>Total</u>	Total General Expenditures (2)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Expenditures (Percent)
1987	\$ 195,000	379,418	574,418	16,498,238	3.48%
1988	235,000	431,695	666,695	19,049,872	3.50
1989	255,000	1,170,698	1,425,698	21,713,546	6.56
1990	280,000	2,249,243	2,529,243	25,026,403	10.11
1991	295,000	2,233,692	2,528,692	27,040,421	9.35
1992	895,000	2,196,252	3,091,252	31,757,831	9.73
1993	981,000	2,290,722	3,271,722	34,071,776	9.60
1994	1,111,000	1,805,013	2,916,013	36,307,444	8.03
1995	1,512,000	1,871,454	3,383,454	30,962,467	10.92
1996	1,507,000 (3)	1,763,908 (3)	3,270,908 (3)	30,898,236	10.59

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Includes debt service on general obligation bonds, certificates of indebtedness, and sales tax bonds.

⁽²⁾ Includes general expenditures for all funds.

Demographic Statistics

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Population (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Average Daily <u>Membership (3)</u>	Unemployment Rate(1)
1987	27,686	5,544	5,605	16.0%
1988	27,390	5,488	5,556	12.5
1989	27,359	5,467	5,502	12.4
1990	26,937	5,331	5,428	10.0
1991	25,346	5,230	5,278	10.2
1992	25,473	5,191	5,226	10.7
1993	25,291	5,292	5,398	9.0
1994	25,134	5,408	5,302	9.8
1995	25,226	5,470	5,342	8.9
1996	25,479	5,309	5,312	10.5

Notes:

Research Division, Louisiana Tech University.
 Represents the number of active students at the end of each school year.
 Represents the daily average number of active students for the school year.

Property Value and Bank Deposits

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Property <u>Value (1)</u>	Bank Deposits (000's Omitted) (2)
1987	\$ 862,375,959	141,660
1988	880,377,859	141,987
1989	857,786,186	135,929
1990	851,547,366	135,947
1991	889,983,107	137,968
1992	934,482,262	153,208
1993	1,302,154,294	153,393
1994	1,336,869,702	148,174
1995	1,351,921,915	148,327
1996	1,378,757,373	252,509

Notes:

- Information provided by DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor.
 Per local area banks as of the calendar year end.
 Other information required in this table is unavailable.

Principal Taxpayers

June 30, 1996

<u>Name (1)</u>	Industry (1)	1995 Assessed Value (1)	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
International Paper Co.	Timber Products	\$ 32,343,094	28.26%
Central Louisiana Electric Co.	Public Utility	5,758,119	5.03
Southwestern Electric Co.	Public Utility	3,161,169	2.76
Dolet Hills Mining Venture	Lignite Mining	3,011,349	2.63
South Central Bell	Public Utility	2,890,290	2.53
Southern Natural Gas	Public Utility	1,882,720	1.65
Louisiana Pacific	Railroad	1,055,385	.92
Valley Electric	Public Utility	960,820	.84
Kansas City Southern Railway	Railroad	921,940	.81
Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation	Public Utility	804,110	70
Total for ten principal taxpay	ers	52,788,996	46.13
Total for remaining taxpayers	S	61,647,866	53.87
Total for all taxpayers		\$ 114,436,862	100.00%

Note (1) - Information provided by DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor.

Attendance Data

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

Fiscal	Number of	Average	Av	erage Daily Atter	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Graduates</u>	Daily <u>Membership (1)</u>	Amount (2)	Percent of Change	Percent of Membership
1987	288	5,605	5,333	(1.98)%	95.14%
1988	287	5,556	5,312	(0.39)	95.61
1989	268	5,502	5,258	(1.02)	95.57
1990	286	5,428	5,176	(1.56)	95.36
1991	253	5,278	5,007	(3.27)	94.87
1992	225	5,226	4,927	(1.60)	94.28
1993	232	5,398	5,002	1.52	92.66
1994	256	5,302	5,015	0.26	94.59
1995	245	5,342	5,059	0.88	94.70
1996	247	5,312	5,043	(0.32)	94.94

Notes:

(2) Represents the daily average number of active students for the school year.
(2) Represents the daily average number of students in attendance for the school year.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Fiscal years ended June 30, 1987 through June 30, 1996

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Ratio of Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value
1987	\$ 75,647,014	862,375,959	8.8%
1988	77,226,128	880,377,859	8.8
1989	75,910,282	857,786,186	8.8
1990	75,358,174	851,547,366	8.8
1991	78,759,567	889,983,107	8.8
1992	79,090,964	934,482,262	8.5
1993	109,239,877	1,302,154,294	8.4
1994	110,937,587	1,336,869,702	8.3
1995	112,209,519	1,351,921,915	8.3
1996	114,436,862	1,378,757,373	8.3

Notes:

(1) Information provided by DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor.

(2) Assessed values are established by the DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor on January 1st of each year at approximately 10-15% of actual market value, depending upon the property classification. A revaluation of the property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed as of January 1, 1992, for the tax roll of 1992. A revaluation will be completed for taxes due December 31, 1996.

(4) Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources used for facilities acquisition, construction, and improvements of public school facilities in the respective districts. As a result of debt issues, funds are currently available for the planned projects. During the year ended June 30, 1996, capital expenditures were made totaling \$956,886. The total costs associated with these additional improvements are as follows:

	Cost Incurred as of June 30, 1996
District No. 1	\$ 166,721
District No. 2	223,816
District No. 3	148,856
District No. 4	395,202
District No. 5	22,291

All major construction projects were substantially complete as of June 30, 1996.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include the School Activity Agency Fund which accounts for assets held by the individual schools of the Board. These funds support school activities such as athletic and other student organizations. All School Activity Funds are audited periodically by the Business Department.

Cash Management

The Board has an aggressive cash management program which consists of expediting the receipt of revenues and prudently investing available cash in obligations collateralized by instruments issued by the United States Government or Federal Government agencies created by an act of Congress or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The total amount of interest earned was \$572,534 for the year ended June 30, 1996. This was distributed as follows:

General Fund	\$ 357,614
Special Revenue Funds	27,653
Debt Service Funds	127,019
Capital Projects Funds	60,248
	\$ 572,534

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — OVERVIEW

The Combined Financial Statements - Overview include all funds and account groups in order to provide an overview of the financial position and results of operations for the DeSoto Parish school system as a whole. Detailed financial statements for each fund and account group are presented elsewhere in this report.



1900 Commercial National Tower 333 Texas Street Shreveport, LA 71101-3692

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the DeSoto Parish School Board Mansfield, Louisiana:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the DeSoto Parish School Board (School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, as listed in the accompanying table of contents as Exhibits 1 through 3. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the School Board as of June 30, 1996, and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining, individual fund, and individual account group financial statements and schedules listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the School Board. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 20, 1996, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control structure and a report dated September 20, 1996, on its compliance with laws and regulations.

The accompanying financial information listed in the statistical Tables 1 through 16 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the School Board. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements, and accordingly we express no opinion on this information.

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September 20, 1996

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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FINANCIAL SECTION

- INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
- COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OVERVIEW
- SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES COMBINING, INDIVIDUAL FUND, AND ACCOUNT GROUP STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

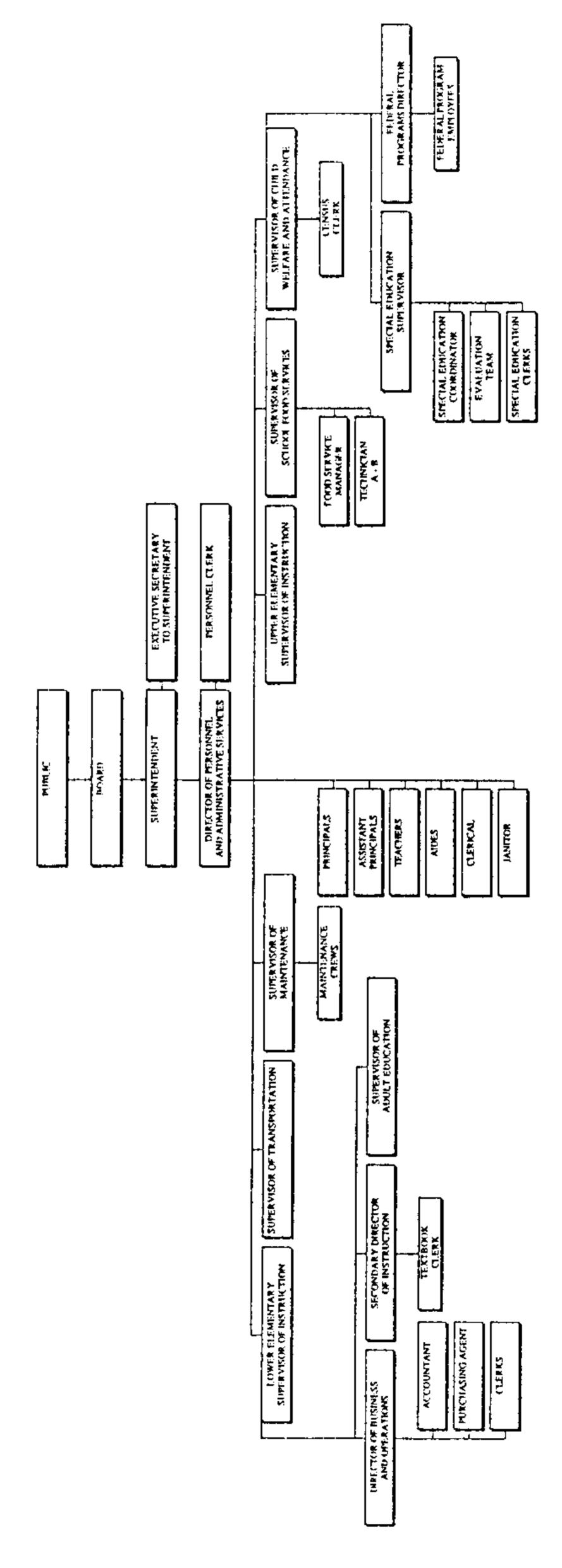
Selected Administrative Officials

		Began in This <u>Position</u>
Mr. Chal M. Rascoe	Superintendent	7/1/96
Mr. Walter C. Lee	Past Superintendent	07/89 - 06/96
Mr. Douglas R. Green	Director of Personnel and Administrative Services	07/88
Mr. Steven Stanfield	Director of Business and Operations	01/85
Mr. Chal M. Rascoe	Secondary Director of Instruction	07/88 - 06/96
Mrs. Carolyn F. Palmer	Lower Elementary Supervisor of Instruction	07/84
Mr. A. J. Williams, Jr.	Supervisor of Adult Education	09/76
Mr. James V. Grice	Supervisor of Maintenance	11/85
Mr. Samuel Johnson	Upper Elementary Supervisor of Instruction	10/89
Mrs. Clara C. Anderson	Supervisor of School Food Services	07/74
Mr. Ronnie L. Land	Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance	10/88
Mrs. Joyce B. Smelley	Special Education Supervisor	10/88
Mr. Abner B. Hedgemon, Jr.	Federal Programs Director	07/87
Mr. Persley White	Supervisor of Transportation	08/92

Elected Officials

	District	Present <u>Term Began</u>	Present <u>Term Expires</u>	Began as a Board Member
Mr. Robert Taylor (President)	1	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	January 1995
Mr. James H. Wiggins (Vice President)	10	August 6, 1995	December 31, 1999	August 1991
Mr. L. J. Mayweather, Jr. (Finance Committee Chair	11 rman)	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	January 1981
Dr. Fred Gillis Rew	4	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	January 1991
Mrs. Brenda E. Hall	2	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	December 1985
Mr. McLawrence Fuller	3	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	December 1980
Ms. Patricia Hesser	5	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	February 1994
Mr. Tom Dodson	6	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	January 1995
Mr. Richard K. Land	7	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	January 1987
Mr. Thomas Craig, Jr.	8	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	January 1991
Mr. Donald B. Dufour	9	January 1, 1995	December 31, 1999	January 1991

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups

June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

als Jum Only) 1995	5,590,032 6,496,719 688,060 52,132 23,444 57,859,728 2,906,999	101,419,993		926,917 2,259,147 52,132 155,386 155,386 2,010 863,878 863,878 34,105,470	57,859,728	2,906,999 699,094	1,795,600 792,000 1,565,567 1,695,535 67,314,523	101,419,993
Totals (Memorandum Only) 1996	5.852,982 7.611,719 676,855 422,376 20,054 58,229,539 3,102,704	102,091,248		641,565 1,803,873 422,376 213,648 170 838,723 28,439,000 32,359,355	58,229,539	3,102,704	2,478,606 721,200 1,515,152 3,559,377 69,731,893	102,091,248
nt Groups General Long-Term Debt	3,102,704	29,277,723		838,723 28,439,000 29,277,723	I	1		29,277,723
Account G General Fixed t	58,229,539	58,229,539			58,229,539			58,229,539
Fiduciary Fund Type School Activity Agency Fund	201,909	226,909		13,261 213,648 ————————————————————————————————————	ļ	1 1		226,909
Capital Projects Funds	1,119,652	1,119,652		25,985		125,315	968,352 1.093.66 <u>7</u>	1,119,652
Fund Types Debt Service Funds	1,189,874	3,102,874		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	3,102,704	3.102.704	3,102,874
Governmental Fund Special Revenue Ser Eunds	485,860 319,219 537,930 20,054	1,363,063		13.659 203,777 422,376 ————————————————————————————————————	ļ		723.251	1,363,063
General	\$ 2,855,687 5,354,500 138,925 422,376	\$ 8,771,488		\$ 588,660 1,600,096	1	1 1	2,478,606 721,200 546,800 2,836,126 6,582,732	\$ 8,771,488
Assets and Other Debits	Cash (note 2) Certificates of deposit (note 2) Receivables (note 5) Due from other funds (note 11) Inventories General fixed assets (note 4) Amount available in Debt Service Funds Amount to be provided for retirement of general long-term obligations	Total assets and other debits	Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits	Liabilities: Accounts and claims payable Salaries and wages payable Due to other funds (note 11) Deposits due others (note 8) Matured bonds and interest payable Compensated absences payable (note 9) Bonds payable (note 9) Total liabilities	Fund equity and other credits: Investments in general fixed assets (note 4)	Reserved for debt service Reserved for encumbrances	Designated for future claims and contingencies Designated for equipment replacement Designated for specific projects Undesignated Total fund equity and other credits	Total liabilities, fund equity, and other credits

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the preceding fiscal year. To be awarded these certificates, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. These certificates are valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the certificate requirements, and we are submitting it to both GFOA and ASBO.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Business Department. We want to express our appreciation to them for their assistance. We also thank the members of the Board for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the School System in a responsible and progressive manner.

Chal M. Rascoe, Superintendent

DeSoto Parish Schools

Steven Stanfield, Director Business and Operations

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

DeSoto Parish School Board, Louisiana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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Presiden

Twith H. Rividan

Executive Director

Vocational Education - is a federally funded program that provides students with the opportunity to develop the knowledge, skills, and attitudes needed for employment in agriculture, home economics, industrial arts, business, etc.	\$ 74,853
Starting Points - is a federally funded preschool program designed to provide quality early childhood education to children whose parent(s) or guardians work or are enrolled in a job training or educational program.	42,854
Even Start - is a federally funded preschool program for children under the age of five that helps children to develop a positive concept of self and school.	74,752
Charter Schools - is a federally funded program to reimburse the Board for any costs associated with setting up a charter school.	211
Goals 2000 - is a federally funded program that attempts to build community support and a true community partnership to: (1) restructure the local educational system, (2) engage in long term systemic change to better address the individual needs of students, teachers, administrators, parents, employers, and citizens within its community, and (3) address the National Educational Goals, especially goals related to high academic achievement for all children.	57 655
especially goals related to high academic achievement for all children.	57,655

(3) Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds are used to accumulate monies for the payment of outstanding bond issues. The bonds were issued by the respective school districts for the purpose of acquiring lands for building sites, erecting and improving school buildings, and acquiring the necessary equipment and furnishings thereof. The bond issues are financed by a special property tax levy on property within the respective school districts and sales taxes.

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the Board's debt position. This data as of June 30, 1996, is as follows:

		A	<u>mount</u>	Ratio of Debt to Assessed <u>Value</u>	Debt <u>Per Capita</u>
Net direct general obligation bonded debt		\$ <u>25,</u>	336,126	22.14%	\$ <u>994</u>
The changes in long-term debt are	as f	ollows:			
		July 1, 1995	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions	June 30, 1996
General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Indebtedness Sales Tax Bonds Compensated Absences	\$	24,055,000 5,565,000 226,000 <u>863,878</u>	1,480,000 — 	2,515,000 365,000 7,000 75,997	23,020,000 5,200,000 219,000 838,723
	\$	30,709,878	1,530,842	2,962,997	29,277,723

The unreserved fund balance in the General Fund was maintained at an adequate level. The unreserved fund balance, which includes designations for future claims and contingencies, equipment replacement, and specific projects of \$2,479,000, \$721,000, and \$547,000, respectively, at June 30, 1996, increased from \$4,432,783 to \$6,582,732 or 49%. The unreserved fund balance represents 30% of 1995-96 General Fund expenditures.

(2) Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Shown below are the names of the programs, the purpose of the program, and the expenditures made during the fiscal year 1995-96.

Educational Consolidation and Improvement Act:

 Title I Program - is a federally funded program for educationally deprived children from low income families. Improving skills in reading and math are the primary objectives. 	\$ 1,430,826
 Drug-Free Schools Program - is a program by which the federal government provides money to educate children to prevent drug abuse. 	26,465
 Title VI Program - is a program by which the federal government provides money to purchase library reference and instructional materials. 	27,916
Education for Economic Security Act - Title II Program - is a federally funded program designated to strengthen the skills of teachers in math and science.	34,663
School Lunch Fund - accounts for the expenditure of funds for the operation of the school breakfast and lunch programs in the school cafeterias.	2,170,171
7 Mill Maintenance Tax - accounts for a parishwide 7 mill property tax levy that is used to fund the costs of maintaining and operating the school facilities.	685,331
Special Education - consists of federally funded programs to provide education to all handicapped children ages four through twenty-one as well as preschool children.	246,998
Head Start - is a program by which the federal government provides money to give economically deprived children a head start in school before they enter kindergarten.	48,253
Adult Basic Education - is a program to develop knowledge and skills to meet immediate and long-range educational objectives of adults who have completed or interrupted formal schooling, having accepted adult roles and responsibilities.	69,335
	07,000

Governmental funds include:

(1) General Fund - General educational activities are accounted for in the General Fund and are supported primarily by local taxes and state entitlements. General Fund revenues are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease) From 1995
Local State Federal and Other	\$ 9,276,264 14,699,063 10,147	38.7% 61.3	1,922,036 71,827 <u>(44,776</u>)
	\$ <u>23,985,474</u>	100.0%	1,949,087

General Fund revenues increased by \$1,949,087 from the prior year amount of \$22,036,387. Changes were primarily due to the following:

• Local sources increased primarily as a result of additional sales and use tax revenue, generated from increased activity, in the amount of \$1,750,000; and an increase in interest income of \$110,000 due to higher interest rates.

General Fund expenditures by function were as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease) From 1995
Instruction Services Support Services	\$ 13,462,179 <u>8,153,503</u>	62.3% _37.7	838,828 <u>696,064</u>
	\$ <u>21,615,682</u>	100.0%	1,534,892

General Fund expenditures increased \$1,534,892 from the prior year amount of \$20,080,790. This increase was primarily due to the following:

- Instruction services expenditures were primarily impacted by increases in salaries and the addition of classroom teachers.
- Support services expenditures were also primarily impacted by increases in salaries and an increase in transportation expenditures resulting from the purchase of additional school buses.

The Board operates 9 schools within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 5,300 pupils. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

The report includes all entities or organizations that are required to be included in the Board's reporting entity. The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a governmental unit's reporting entity is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

DeSoto Parish is located in northwest Louisiana approximately 40 miles south of Shreveport which is the largest metropolitan area of the region. The unemployment rate in DeSoto Parish has ranged from 8.9% to 10.7% since 1990, and is at 10.5% in 1996. The parish's economy, even though sluggish at this time, is balanced among agriculture, mining, timber, and manufacturing.

One of the largest private employers is International Paper Company (IP) which has approximately 450 employees, including 50 permanent private contractors employed at its linerboard facility. IP completed a \$498 million facility in 1981 and entered the DeSoto Parish tax rolls in 1992 when the current industrial tax exemption expired. In 1996, IP completed a \$300 million expansion to add a new paper machine and a recycled fiber plant. This expansion created approximately 1000 construction jobs and 100 permanent positions.

The Central Louisiana Electric Company (CLECO) and Southwestern Electric Power Company (SWEPCO) entered into a joint venture to complete a \$468 million lignite power plant in 1986. CLECO/SWEPCO employs approximately 250 employees, including 100 permanent employees at Dolet Hills Mining Venture. The depreciated value of this power plant is scheduled to appear on the tax rolls when the exemption expires next fiscal year.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the Year

In January 1996 and July 1996, the voters in DeSoto Parish agreed to renew two property taxes that were set to expire at the end of 1996-97. Because this is the second largest source of revenue to the General Fund and important for our children's future, we want to thank the voters for their support.

Another pay supplement was given to 740 employees in September 1995. The cost of this pay raise was over \$325,000. Also, eight additional teaching positions totaling \$228,000 were funded to lower the pupil teacher ratio.

Six new activity buses were purchased for the high schools costing \$277,000. Also, a new program to help contracted bus drivers purchase newer buses was approved by the Board in August 1995. Six bus drivers took advantage of this program. We expect this program to grow in the future because the interest rates paid by the driver are less.

The group hospitalization and life insurance program that is offered to all employees and retirees showed excellent claims experience this past year. As a result, approximately \$632,000 was added to the designated reserve for group hospitalization.

The Board refinanced a total of \$1,380,000 of its outstanding General Obligation Bonds in May 1996. This refinancing will decrease the total debt service payments over the next thirteen years and will save the taxpayers approximately \$175,000.

For the Future

As we approach the turn of the century, DeSoto Parish schools will continue to face significant issues and concerns that will require effective and timely planning and leadership. Some of those items will be included in future budgets as additional funds become available. Listed in nonpriority order, they are as follows:

- (1) Salary updates to attract and keep competent teachers and support staff.
- (2) More teachers to lower the pupil teacher ratio.
- (3) More pre-kindergarten classes for all children.
- (4) Counselors for all schools that do not have counselor services.
- (5) Schools that meet Southern Association Accreditation Standards.
- (6) Keeping computer hardware and software up-to-date with current technology.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Board are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

DeSoto Parish School Board Members September 20, 1996 Page 4

We believe that the Board's accounting controls provide reasonable assurance that errors or irregularities to the financial statements are prevented or would be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Single Audit

The Board is required to undergo an annual single audit or a biennial audit, to include transactions of both years, in conformity with the provisions of both (1) Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513(K) and (2) the Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-128, Audits of State and Local Governments. Information related to this single audit, include the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The single audit report is issued separately from this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As a part of the Board's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs as well as to determine that the Board has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the Board's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996, provided no instances of material weakness in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Budgeting Controls

Formal budget integration within the accounting records is employed as a management control device. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. Activities of the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level.

The Board does not formally approve budgetary data for Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Debt Service Funds are budgeted within the Business Department on an annual basis before millage assessments are approved by the Board, and Capital Projects Funds are budgeted before bids for facility acquisition and construction projects are approved.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Board continues to meet its responsibility for sound fiscal management.

General Educational Programs

Governmental funds account for all or most of the Board's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

The pension benefit obligations of all plans were computed as part of actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 1995. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations include:

	Teachers' Plan (Includes Plan B)	School Employees' Plan
Investment Return Salary Growth	8.25% 5.75% to 8.95%	7.5% 1981-86 salary scale
Mortality Rates	1983 Group Annuity Mortality Rates	experience plus .5% 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Rates
Rates of Withdrawal	1981-86 termination experience	1981-86 termination experience

The Teachers' Plan's (including Plan B) actuarial present value of credited projected benefits increased by approximately \$641,832,646 from June 30, 1994, to June 30, 1995, due to a cost-of-living adjustment granted to retirees. In addition, legislation was passed on July 1, 1992, whereby cost-of-living adjustments must be funded by a newly devised employee experience account which resulted in an experience gain of approximately \$9,030,125 in 1995.

The School Employees' Plan's actuarial present value of credited projected benefits increased by \$53,370,949 from June 30, 1994, to June 30, 1995, due to a cost-of-living adjustment granted to retirees.

At June 30, 1995, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the pension benefit obligations of the Teachers' Plan, which includes Plan B, and the School Employees' Plan were \$10,570,307,000 and \$834,345,876 respectively, as follows:

	Teachers' Plan	School
	(Includes Plan B)	Employees' Plan
Pension Benefit Obligation:		•
Retirees and beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefits and terminated		
employees not yet receiving		
benefits	\$ 5,119,783,000	430,268,489
Current employees:		
Accumulated employee contributions	1,489,496,000	127,177,032
Employer-financed vested	3,495,999,000	225,019,115
Employer-financed nonvested	<u>465,029,000</u>	<u>51,881,240</u>
Total pension benefit		
obligation	10,570,307,000	834,345,876
Not construe and lable for home fits at		
Net assets available for benefits, at	6 275 225 000	006 276 200
market value	6,275,335,000	<u>986,376,389</u>
Unfunded (assets in excess of) pension		
benefit obligation	\$ 4,294,972,000	(152,030,513)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- GENERAL FUND
- SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
- DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
- CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting

ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL BUSINESS OFFICIALS



This Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1995

Upon recommendation of the Association's Panel of Review which has judged that the Report substantially conforms to principles and standards of ASBO's Certificate of Excellence Program

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

School Board had certificates of deposit carried by the School Board and by the bank at \$7,611,719. These certificates of deposit are reported separately in the accompanying combined financial statements.

Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. All deposits are insured or collateralized with securities with market values totaling \$14,608,517 and are categorized below to give an indication of the level of credit risk. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

		Bank <u>Balance</u>
Category 1 Deposits insured or collateralized with securities held by the School Board or by its agent in the School Board's name.	\$	779,152
Category 2 Deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School Board's		
name.		13,148,673
	\$ _	13,927,825

The School Board's investments during the year ended June 30, 1996, consisted of overnight repurchase agreements with a carrying and market value of \$507,000 at June 30, 1996. This investment is classified as cash in the accompanying combined financial statements and is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School Board at year end as a Category 1 investment, which includes those investments insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School Board or its safekeeping agent in the School Board's name.

(3) <u>Levied Taxes</u>

The School Board levies taxes on real and business personal property located within DeSoto Parish's boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the School Board on property values assessed by the DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the state of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The DeSoto Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the School Board. Collections are remitted to the School Board monthly.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

If a member with at least 5 years of creditable service becomes disabled, he is eligible to receive normal benefits computed using the 2 percent formula; however, the benefit shall not be less than 30 percent, nor more than 75 percent of the average final compensation.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u> - See explanation of this option under the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana.

<u>Funding Sources</u> - Covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to Plan B. The School Board contributes 16.5 percent from July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1995, of covered employees' salaries to Plan B in accordance with state statute.

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (School Employees' Plan) - All bus drivers, bus aids, maintenance employees, and custodians are members of this statewide plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan.

Pension Benefits - Employees are eligible for retirement if the employee has: (a) 30 years of service, regardless of age, (b) 25 years of service and is at least age 55, or (c) 10 years of service and is at least age 60. The retirement allowance is equal to 2.5 percent times years of service times average compensation for the 3 highest consecutive years of service plus \$24 for each year of service. Benefits cannot exceed the average compensation for the 3 highest years of successive employment. Employees retiring on or after January 1, 1992 receive an additional 1/2 percent allowance for service in excess of 20 years. Maximum benefits are received if the retiree chooses to terminate all benefits upon his death. If this option is chosen and the retiree dies before receiving payments equal to his contributions, the balance will be paid to a beneficiary. Alternatively, a retiree may choose to provide benefits to beneficiaries upon his death at varying levels depending on which of 4 options is selected. Each of these options reduces the maximum benefit received by the retiree.

Death and Disability Benefits - Upon the death of any School Employees' Plan member, his beneficiaries may elect to receive a refund of the member's contributions or survivor's benefits. If the member had 5 years of service, survivor's benefits are as follows: (a) if there is a spouse and one child, or two children, the survivors receive the greater of 75 percent of average compensation or \$300 per month, (b) if there is one child and no spouse, the benefit is the greater of 75 percent of average compensation or \$300 per month, or (c) if there is a spouse with no children, the survivor receives the greater of 50 percent of average compensation or \$200 per month.

If a member with at least 5 years of service becomes disabled, he is eligible to receive benefit payments. Disability benefits are computed using the same formulas as in pension benefits calculations.

DeSoto Parish School Board Members September 20, 1996 Page 9

Risk Management

The Board maintains a combination of self-insurance and stop-loss coverage to manage its risks of loss from property damage, theft, and claims against employees. In addition, the Board is partially self-insured for health insurance and workmen's compensation. A list of insurance in force is included in Table 15. The General Fund balance includes \$2,479,000 designated for contingencies established in anticipation of possible losses related to insurance coverage and other risks.

OTHER INFORMATION

Service Efforts And Accomplishments

During 1996, the schools of DeSoto Parish served an average of 5,043 students daily. In 1996 the average daily attendance increased as a percentage of average daily students to 94.94%.

The graduating classes of 1996 remained consistent with previous years, with a total of 247 students graduating from DeSoto Parish schools. The average American College Test (ACT) scores of graduates also remained consistent with past years, as well as with State scores. The average ACT scores of DeSoto Parish students was 18.3 for 1996.

DeSoto Parish has been successful in increasing the number of classroom teachers to a total of 365 in 1996. With the number of students remaining constant in 1996, the ratio of students per teacher decreased from 15.58 in 1995 to 14.98 in 1996. Reducing the ratio of students to teachers to increase classroom learning continues to be an area of emphasis for the schools.

Significant Budget Changes for 1997

In 1997, the General Fund budgeted expenditures will exceed budgeted revenues by \$1.5 million. This shortfall is attributable to the funding of a state and local pay raise for all personnel. The General Fund fund balance will fund this deficit for one year. It is projected that the fund balance at June 30, 1997 will be at 21% of the 1997 General Fund expenditures which is within an acceptable level to provide for unforeseen occurrences. When the CLECO/SWEPCO Power Plant comes on the tax rolls the next year, property tax assessments will increase dramatically and provide the needed revenues to offset this deficit and provide a source for future needs.

Independent and Internal Audits

The report of our independent certified public accountants, KPMG Peat Marwick LLP, follows as an integral component of this report. Their examination of the general purpose financial statements was performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, accordingly, includes a review of the Board's system of budgetary and accounting controls.

In addition to the accounting control systems and the use of independent auditors, the Business Department conducts internal audits of School Activity Funds.

DESOTO PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Mansfield, Louisiana

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types

For the year ended June 30, 1996 (with comparative totals for June 30, 1995)

Totals (Memorandum Only) 26	6,528,984 4,798,005 508,598 341,196	13,754,615 1,363,063 3,365,320 30,659,781	9,108,711 4,603,963 203,159	934,658 1,221,433 723,702 1,222,054 355,562 2,302,026 2,056,127 2,108,407 2,108,407 2,108,407 2,108,407	6,629 1,512,000 16,555 16,555 30,962,467 (302,686)	300,000 1,785,000 (1,785,000) 223,749 (223,749) 300,000	(2,686) 9,457,481 9,454,795
Totals (Memorandun 1996	6,235,525 7,137,179 572,534 337,517	14,048,389 1,108,900 3,496,976 32,937,020	9,624,545 5,008,548 195,019	915,765 1,343,386 720,813 1,324,920 332,472 2,465,109 2,456,550 2,170,171 98,009 956,886	15,135 1,507,000 1,763,908 30,898,236 2,038,784	8,775 1,480,000 (1,480,000) 308,341 (308,341) 8,775	2,047,559 9,454,795 11,502,354
Capital Projects Funds	495,342 60,248			986,886	——————————————————————————————————————	8,775	(392,521) 1,486,188 1,093,667
of Fund Types Debt Service Funds	2,129,530 1,288,953 1,27,019	29,837	 1	93,591	15,135 1,507,000 1,763,908 3,379,634 195,705	1,480,000	195,705 2,906,999 3,102,704
Governmental Fund Special Revenue Funds	632,314 27,653 245,432	381,064 47,325 3,486,829 4,820,617	1,242,881 123,052	114,210 509,760 23,981 ————————————————————————————————————		264.092 (44.249) 219.843	94,426 628.825 723,251
General Fund	\$ 3.473,681 5,352,884 357,614 92,085	13,667,325 1,031,738 10,147 23,985,474	9,624,545 3,765,667 71,967	801,555 833,626 603,241 1,324,920 332,472 1,706,200 2,453,685 97,804		44,249 (264,092) (219,843)	2,149,949 4,432,783 5 6,582,732
	Kevenues: Local sources: Taxes: Ad valorem (note 3) Sales and use Interest earnings Other	State sources: State equalization Other Federal and other sources Total revenues		Support services: Student services Instructional staff support General administration School administration Business services Plant services Student transportation services Food services Central services Capital outlay - facilities acquisition and construction	Debt service (note 9): Advance refunding escrow Principal retirement Bond issuance costs Interest and bank charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of surplus items/fixed assets Proceeds of refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Operating transfers in (note 11) Operating transfers out (note 11) Total other financing sources (uses)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balances at beginning of year Fund balances at end of year

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

If a member with at least 5 years of service becomes disabled, he is eligible to receive the lesser of: (a) 75 percent of the projected benefit that would have been payable upon retirement at age 60 had the member continued in service without further change in compensation or (b) 50 percent of the average final compensation. If a member with at least 20 years of service becomes disabled, he is eligible to receive the benefit computed using the 2.5 percent formula regardless of age. If a disabled retiree has dependent minor children or if the spouse is disabled, he receives an additional benefit equal to 50 percent of his disability benefit, provided the total benefit provided does not exceed 75 percent of his average final compensation.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u> - Effective July 1, 1992, the Teachers' Retirement System adopted a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). Under the DROP, a member is allowed to retire and accumulate his/her retirement benefits in a special reserve fund and yet continue employment and draw a salary. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period, the monthly retirement benefits and the amounts paid into the DROP will begin being paid to the retiree.

<u>Funding Sources</u> - Covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the Teachers' Plan. The School Board was required to contribute 16.5 percent of covered employees' salaries from July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1995 in accordance with state statute.

<u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana - Plan B (Plan B)</u> - All cafeteria workers are members of this statewide plan. This plan is a part of the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana plan above.

Pension Benefits - Employees are eligible for retirement if the employee has: (a) 30 years of service and is at least age 55 or (b) 10 years of service and is at least age 60. Employees in this plan also contribute to social security. These employees' retirement benefit coverage is 2 percent times years of service times the member's average final compensation. Employees are given the same benefit options upon retirement as those described under the Teachers' Plan.

Death and Disability Benefits - Upon death of any Plan B member eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, a surviving spouse receives normal reduced monthly benefits that continue at the same benefit amount for life of the spouse. If the deceased Plan B member has 20 or more years of creditable service, but is not eligible for normal retirement at the time of death, and leaves a surviving spouse, who has been married to the member for at least one year just prior to death and is not eligible for social security survivorship or retirement benefits on the member's account, the spouse receives benefits beginning at the age of 50, until becoming eligible for social security survivorship or a retirement benefit, or until remarriage.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

(A) Description of Plans

The School Board provides retirement, death, and disability benefits through three pension plans administered by the state of Louisiana. These plans are:

<u>Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (Teachers' Plan)</u> - All teachers and administrative employees are members of this statewide plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan.

Pension Benefits - Employees are eligible for retirement with maximum retirement benefits computed at 2 percent times years of service times the average salary of the 36 highest successive months plus \$300 if the employee has: (a) 10 years of service and is at least age 60 or (b) 20 years of service, regardless of age. Employees are eligible for retirement with maximum retirement benefits computed at 2.5 percent times years of service times the average salary of the 36 highest successive months plus \$300 if the employee has: (a) 20 years of service and is at least age 65, (b) 25 years of service and is at least age 55, or (c) 30 years of service, regardless of age. Benefits cannot exceed 100 percent of employee's average salary for the last 36 successive months. Maximum benefits are received if a retiree chooses to terminate all benefits upon his death. Alternatively, a retiree may choose to provide benefits to beneficiaries upon his death at varying levels depending on which of 7 options is selected. Each of these options reduces the maximum benefit received by the retiree.

<u>Death and Disability Benefits</u> - Upon the death of any Teachers' Plan member with 5 or more years of service, at least 2 of which were earned immediately prior to death, a surviving spouse with minor children receives 50 percent of the monthly benefit to which the member would have been entitled upon retirement at age 60 had the member continued in service without further change in compensation using the 2.5 percent formula regardless of years of service or \$300 whichever is greater. A surviving spouse without minor children, who has been married for at least 1 year receives the benefit computed using the 2.5 percent formula adjusted for the actuarial life expectancy of the surviving spouse or \$300 per month whichever is greater provided the member had: (a) 10 or more years of service, 2 of which were earned immediately prior to death, or (b) 20 or more years of service regardless of when earned. If the member was not eligible for retirement, benefits cease upon remarriage but resume upon divorce or death of new spouse. Surviving minor children receive 50 percent of the benefit to which a surviving spouse with minor children receives subject to a maximum of 2 children.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

<u>Funding Sources</u> - Covered employees contributed 6.35 percent of their salary to the School Employees' Plan for fiscal 1995 and 1996. The School Board contributed 6.0 percent and 6.0 percent of covered employees' salaries for fiscal 1995 and 1996, respectively, in accordance with state statute.

Total Payroll and Amount Contributed - All Plans

Payroll of School Board employees covered by pension plans and contributions made by the School Board and the state of Louisiana for the year ended June 30, 1995, were as follows:

	<u>Payroll</u>	Amount Contributed	Percent of Total Covered <u>Payroll</u>
Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System	\$ 10,937,339	1,768,746	16.2%
Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana - Plan B	599,847	92,812	15.5
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System School Board employees not	1,918,703	115,135	6.0
School Board employees not covered by a pension plan	1.956,701		
	\$ 15,412,590	<u>1,976,693</u>	12.8%

The fiscal 1995 information is disclosed above in order to correspond with the latest financial information available from the retirement systems, as disclosed elsewhere in this note. Additionally, for the year ended June 30, 1996, total payroll, total amount contributed, and the percent of the total amount contributed to total payroll were \$15,510,081, \$2,119,083, and 13.7%, respectively.

(B) Funding Status and Progress

The amount shown below as the "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess a plan's funding status on a going concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits, and make comparisons among public employee retirement systems and employers. The plans in which the School Board participates do not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for individual employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the plans.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Property Tax Calendar

Assessment date
Levy date
Tax bills mailed
Total taxes are due
Penalties and interest are added
Lien date
Tax sale - 1995 delinquent property

January 1, 1995
Not later than June 1, 1995
On or about November 15, 1995
December 31, 1995
January 1, 1996
May 17, 1996

The School Board is permitted to levy taxes up to 10% of the assessed property valuation for each specified purpose or, in the aggregate for all purposes, 35% of the assessed valuation for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt after approval by the voters of the parish.

All 1995 property taxes that had not been received as of June 30, 1996, were considered uncollectible. Any amounts that might be collected subsequently would not be significant. The tax roll is not prepared by the tax assessor until November of each year; therefore, the amount of 1996 property taxes to be collected within the next year is not known. As a result, no property tax receivable for 1996 taxes is included on the accompanying combined balance sheet.

Assessed values are established by the DeSoto Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to fair market value.

10% land 15% machinery 10% residential improvements 15% commercial improvements 15% public service properties, excluding land

A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 1992. Total assessed value was \$114,436,862 and \$112,209,519 in calendar years 1995 and 1994, respectively. Louisiana State law exempts the first \$7,500 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. This homestead exemption was \$23,936,689 and \$23,468,574 of the assessed value in calendar years 1995 and 1994, respectively.

The distribution of the School Board's levy (tax rate per \$1,000 assessed value) to its funds was as follows for 1996 and 1995:

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

P.L. 99-457	\$ 28,345
IDEA Part H	176
Head Start	48,253
Adult Basic Education	69,335
Vocational Education	74,853
Starting Points	42,854
Even Start	74,752
Charter Schools	211
Goals 2000	57,655
Debt Service Fund - School District No. 2 (1992 Issue) -	
state revenue sharing	29,837
Totals	\$ 18,495,265

(Q) Comparative Total Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying combined financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the School Board's financial position and operations. However, comparative data (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type) have not been presented in each of the statements, since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Certain amounts relating to 1995 have been reclassified in the accompanying financial statements in order to conform with the 1996 presentation.

(R) Total Columns on Combined Statements

Total columns on the combined statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

(S) Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds for the amount that will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The remainder of the liability (if any) is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

(2) Cash and Investments

At June 30, 1996, the carrying amount of the School Board's cash deposits was \$5,345,982 and the bank balance was \$6,316,106. In addition, at June 30, 1996, the

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

reductions of the expenditure in the fund that is being reimbursed. Nonrecurring or nonroutine transfers of equity between funds are treated as residual equity transfers and are reported as additions to or deductions from fund balance. All other transfers are treated as operating transfers and are included in the results of operations. Reference should be made to note 11 regarding interfund transactions.

(P) Grants and Entitlements From Other Governmental Agencies

Federal and state governmental agencies represent an important source of supplementary funding to finance educational programs and other activities beneficial to parish schools. These funds, primarily in the form of grants, are recorded in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. A grant receivable is recorded when the School Board has a right to reimbursement under the related grant. The grants normally specify the purpose for which the funds may be used and are audited annually under the single audit approach as mandated in the Single Audit Act of 1984.

During the year ended June 30, 1996, the following amounts under various grants and entitlements are recorded as revenues, subsidies, or contributions in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Fund</u>

General Fund:		
State Equalization	\$	13,667,325
State Professional Improvement Program	•	277,102
State Revenue Sharing		252,918
Other		400,190
Offici		-100,100
Special Revenue Funds:		
Education Consolidation and Improvement Act:		
Title I:		
Title I		1,412,426
Title II - Migrant		18,400
Title VI:		10,100
ESEA Title II		27,916
		•
Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act	,	26,465
Education for Economic Security Act - Title II - P.L. 98-377		34,663
School Lunch Fund:		
Federal Reimbursement		1,228,303
State Equalization		381,064
Commodities		123,745
Special Education Funds:		
P.L. 89-313		606
P.L. 94-142		217,871

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(L) Pension Plans

The School Board participates in three pension plans administered by other governmental entities which cover substantially all employees who meet certain length of service requirements (see note 6 for details of these plans).

(M) Reserves

Use of the term "reserve" in describing governmental fund "Fund Balances" indicates that a portion of the fund balance is not available to appropriate for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. The reserve for debt service represents the portion of fund balance that has been reserved in the Debt Service Funds for future payment of principal and interest on bonded debt. The reserve for encumbrances at year end represents the estimated amount the School Board intends to honor as a commitment regardless of the lapse in the appropriation.

(N) <u>Designations</u>

Use of the term "designated" in describing governmental fund "Fund Balances" indicates that a portion of the fund balance has been segregated to indicate tentative plans for future financial resource use. Designated fund balances may be changed and are subject to subsequent authorization before expenditures can be made. The nature and purpose of these designations are explained as follows:

Designated for Future Claims and Contingencies

This amount represents a portion of fund balance that has been designated to fund possible losses from lawsuits, self-insurance liability, and other risks.

Designated for Equipment Replacement

This amount has been accumulated to fund the replacement of buses.

Designated for Specific Projects

This amount has been designated to fund future capital projects including acquiring lands for building sites and playgrounds; purchasing, erecting, and improving school buildings and other facilities; and acquiring equipment and furnishings.

(O) Interfund Transactions

There are several types of transactions that are reported in the financial statements as interfund items. Interfund transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

The accounting policies of the School Board conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

(B) Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the School Board are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the School Board:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School Board are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School Board's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending measurement focus; that is, the measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the School Board's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The Debt Service Funds receive a dedicated portion of ad valorem and sales taxes paid to the School Board.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

FIDUCIARY FUND

<u>School Activity Agency Fund</u> - The School Activity Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the School Board as an agent for other parties. The School Activity Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General and Special Revenue Funds

For the year ended June 30, 1996

General Fund

Special Revenue Funds.

		General Fund			Special Revenue Funds	
			Variance Favorable			Variance Favorable
Delitabilie	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Local sources:						
Faxes:					****	
Sales and use	3 3,441,305 4.522.000	5,475,681	32,376	168,629	032,314	0,403
Interest earnings	326,532	357,614	31,082	19,632	27,653	8,021
Cuer. Tuition	27 500	18 979	11 479	I	I	I
Rentals, leases, and royalties	7,770	10,930	3,160			1
Food services	5	1	1 5	231,837	245,432	13,595
State courses:	30,613	42,176	11,563	l	l	***
State equalization	13,667,325	13,667,325	I	381.064	381.064	l
Other	978,550	1,031,738	53,188	47,325	47,325	1
Federal and other sources Total revenues	23.012.189	23.985.474	973.285	3.710.903 5.016.612	3.486.829 4.820.617	(224.074)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction: Regular programs	10.021.160	373 773 0	206 674			
Special programs	3 976 989	7,024,040	370,024	1 336 448	1 242 881	03 \$67
Adult and continuing education programs	74,422	71,967	2,455	125,791	123,052	2,739
Support services:						
Student services	869,920	801,555	68,365	124,606	114,210	10,396
Instructional staff support	865,252	833,626	31,626	565,065	309,760	55,305
School administration	1 363,598	1 324 020	70,450	74,950	13,781	606
Business services	372,443	332,472	39,971	1		†
Plant services	1,892,471	1,706,200	186,271	785,462	758,909	26,553
Student transportation services	2,612,048	2,453,685	158,363	2,700	2,865	(165)
Food services	107 660	708 20	7300	2,171,577	2,170,171	1,406
Total expenditures	22.829.593	21.615.682	1.213.911	5.156.044	4.946.034	210.010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	182,596	2,369,792	2,187,196	(139,432)	(125,417)	14,015
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in	49.837	44.249	(\$ 588)	221.126	264 092	47 966
Operating transfers out	(264,092)	(264.092)	(2003)	(50,790)	(44.249)	6.541
Total office imancing sources (uses)	(552,412)	(212,843)	(880.0)	055.071	412,842	49.507
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	(31,659)	2,149,949	2,181,608	30,904	94,426	63,522
Fund balance at beginning of year	4.432,783	4,432,783	[]	628.825	628.825	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,401,124	6,582,732	2,181,608	659,729	723,251	63,522

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

	<u>1996</u>	<u>1995</u>
General Fund - constitutional General Fund - special maintenance and operations	\$ 4.41 40.00	4.41 40.00
Debt Service Funds: District No. 1	27.00 20.00	29.00 21.89
District No. 2 District No. 3	36.00 23.00	39.43 33.00
District No. 4 District No. 5	<u>37.50</u>	<u>39.64</u>
	\$ <u>187.91</u>	<u>207.37</u>

(4) Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 1995	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, <u>1996</u>
General fixed assets: Land Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Transportation equipment	\$ 1,222,525 52,161,090 4,188,149 	790,672 662,619 4 <u>349,212</u>	14,573 1,287,262 112,357 	1,207,952 51,664,500 4,738,411 618,676 58,229,539

(5) Receivables

The receivables of \$676,855 at June 30, 1996, consist of the following:

Class of <u>Receivable</u>	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Grants: Federal State Other	\$ — 122,623 _16,302	537,930	537,930 122,623 <u>16,302</u>
Total	\$ <u>138,925</u>	537,930	676,855

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 1996

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The DeSoto Parish School Board (School Board) was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within DeSoto Parish. The School Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The School Board is comprised of eleven members who are elected from eleven districts for concurrent terms of four years.

The School Board operates 9 schools within the parish with a total enrollment of approximately 5,300 pupils. In conjunction with the regular education programs, some of these schools offer special education and/or adult education programs. In addition, the School Board provides transportation and school food services for the students.

(A) Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for general purpose financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity.

The financial statements present the DeSoto Parish School Board (the primary government). Based on the criteria there are no component units included in the School Board's reporting entity.

Jointly Governed Organization

DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission (Commission) — The Commission is an independent agency responsible for the collection, enforcement, and administration of sales and use taxes levied by the School Board, the City of Mansfield, and the DeSoto Parish Police Jury. The Commission is considered a separate reporting entity and issues financial statements separate from those of the School Board. The School Board does not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in its operations. The Commission is not considered a component unit of the School Board and its operations are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

ACCOUNT GROUPS

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the School Board's general fixed assets and general long-term obligations. The following are the School Board's account groups:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School Board. Items that are charged against the capital outlay accounts, materials and supplies, and repairs and maintenance that meet the capitalization policy are recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School Board.

(C) Fixed Assets and Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting and reporting treatments applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations (general fixed assets) are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, rather than in governmental funds. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets, nor has interest been capitalized.

All purchased or constructed fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group, not in the governmental funds.

The two account groups are not "funds." They are concerned only with the measurement of financial position. They are not involved with measurement of results of operations.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

(D) Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The governmental (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds) and fiduciary funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Ad valorem taxes are considered "measurable" at the time of preparation of the tax roll by the tax assessor. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of revenues. In reimbursement-type programs, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the School Board; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In other programs in which monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, the resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year.

Sales and use taxes are recorded in the month collected by the School Board or by the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections - Public Safety Services because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Interest earnings on time deposits are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

September 20, 1996

DeSoto Parish School Board Members 201 Crosby Street Mansfield, Louisiana 71052

RE: Financial Statement Transmittal Letter for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1996

Dear Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the DeSoto Parish School Board (Board) for the year ended June 30, 1996, is hereby submitted. This report has been prepared by the Business Department following the guidelines recommended by the Association of School Business Officials International and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada. Responsibility for both accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Administration and the Board. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Board's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three parts:

- 1. The Introductory Section This section includes a transmittal letter, the Board's organizational structure, and recognition of the elected School Board.
- 2. The Financial Section The Board's complete financial operations are depicted in the financial section. Individual Fund Statements and Account Group Statements are presented along with the Combining Statements. Combining Statements are presented when the Board has more than one fund of a given fund type.
- 3. The Statistical Section This section includes a number of tables of unaudited data depicting the financial history, demographics, and other miscellaneous information of the DeSoto Parish School Board for the past ten years.

CREATION AND PURPOSE OF BOARD

The DeSoto Parish School Board was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-R.S.) 17:51 to provide public education for the children within DeSoto Parish. The Board is authorized by LSA-R.S. 17:81 to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Louisiana and the regulations of the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. The Board is comprised of 11 members who are elected from 11 districts for terms of four years.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

- (4) The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget document is structured such that revenues are budgeted by source and appropriations by function. School Board policy and the legal requirements, which prescribe that the legal level of control for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds is at the fund level, provide that expenditures may not exceed appropriations in excess of five percent of the budgeted expenditures of the fund. All appropriations which are not expended lapse at year end.
- (5) Formal budgetary integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device for selected funds. The Superintendent of schools is authorized to transfer amounts between line items within any fund and may amend the budget within each fund, without seeking approval of the School Board, provided that actual revenues or expenditures within the fund do not fail to meet or exceed budgeted revenues or expenditures by five percent or more. However, as is consistent with the legal requirements, when actual revenues within a fund fail to meet budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or actual expenditures within a fund exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more, a budget amendment is adopted by the School Board in an open meeting. Amendments to the budget were made and adopted by the School Board during fiscal 1996. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. The School Board issues a budget report at least annually that demonstrates legal compliance at the legal level of budgetary control.
- (6) Comparison of budgeted and actual amounts is included in Exhibit 3 in the accompanying financial reports and includes all funds for which budgets are legally required. The budget and actual comparisons are made by source for revenues and by function for expenditures which is more detailed than the fund level legal requirement. Annual budgets are not required for the Debt Service Funds, the Capital Projects Funds, or the School Activity Agency Fund, as budgets for these funds are maintained on a project or repayment basis rather than on a fiscal year basis.
- (7) The basis of accounting applied to budgetary data presented is substantially consistent with the appropriate basis of accounting for each fund type for which an annual budget is prepared. Budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying budget and actual comparison are as originally adopted and legally amended by the School Board during the fiscal year.
- (8) The School Board is legally required to prepare annual operating budgets on the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. However, budget-to-actual comparisons are not legally required to be presented for the Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and School Activity Agency Fund.



Notes to Combined Financial Statements

(J) Vacation, Sick Leave, and Sabbatical Leave

All School Board employees earn from five to fifteen days of vacation leave each year depending upon length of service. Unused vacation leave as of December 31 can be accumulated and carried forward to the succeeding year, up to a maximum of five days.

All School Board employees except twelve-month employees, earn ten days of sick leave each year. Twelve-month School Board employees earn twelve days of sick leave each year. Teachers may use two days of sick leave each year for personal business. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitation. Upon retirement or death, a maximum of twenty-five days accumulated sick leave may be paid to the employee or the employee's estate at the employee's current rate of pay. Under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System, the total accumulated sick leave, including the twenty-five days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service for leave earned prior to July 1, 1988. For sick leave earned after July 1, 1988, under the Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System and for sick leave earned under the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, all unpaid sick leave, which excludes the twenty-five days paid, is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

The cost of leave privileges is recognized as a current-year expenditure in the governmental funds when leave is actually taken or when employees or their heirs are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death. The cost of leave privileges not requiring current resources up to a maximum of twenty-five days is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. No accrual is made in the governmental funds because the current portion of the liability does not exceed a normal year's accumulation of benefits and is deemed immaterial.

(K) Sales and Use Tax

The School Board receives a two-cent sales and use tax. For the year ended June 30, 1996, the tax was collected by the DeSoto Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission, forwarded to the School Board, and was dedicated as follows:

- (A) One cent of the sales and use tax, approved March 25, 1968, with no expiration date, is dedicated to supplement other revenues available for salaries of teachers and other personnel and for the operation of public elementary and secondary schools.
- (B) One-half cent of the sales and use tax, approved May 3, 1986, with no expiration date, is dedicated to supplement other revenues for payment of salaries of School Board employees.
- (C) One-half cent of the sales and use tax, approved May 3, 1986, for a period of twenty-five years, is dedicated for the purpose of air conditioning school buildings, repairing school buildings, and making capital improvements to school buildings and related facilities. The proceeds of this tax may be funded into bonds to pay the cost of air conditioning and capital improvements.