

COMPLIANCE SECTION	

GRAND ISLE INDEPENDENT LEVEE DISTRICT STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID TO BOARD MEMBERS For the Year Ended June 30, 1996

Board Member	Number of Meetings	Amount Paid		
Wayne Estay	26	\$	1,950	
Robert "Bobby" Santini	36		2,700	
Total		\$	4,650	

The Schedule of Per Diem Paid to Board Members is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Per diem payments are authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute 38:308 and are included in the personnel expenditures of the General Fund. Board members are paid \$75 per meeting for up to 36 meetings each year. In lieu of per diem, the Board President, David Camardelle, was paid a salary of \$12,000 (\$1,000 per month effective October 1, 1994).

GRAND ISLE INDEPENDENT LEV EE DISTRICT

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE
REVENUES ,	GENERAL
Ad valorem taxes Interest Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 75,042 1,731 4,885
EXPENDITURES	
Current Public Works Personnel Employee related benefits Travel Office Professional services Operating Capital Outlay Miscellaneous projects TOTAL EXPENDITURES	20,672 5,392 6,887 6,606 27,813 8,520 8
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	5,760
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year	54,553
End of year	\$ 60,313

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 1996

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Grand Isle Independent Levee District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

GASB Codification Section 2100 establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and its component units. Component units are defined as legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of a primary government are financially accountable. The criteria used in determining whether financial accountability exists include the appointment of a voting majority of an organization's governing board, the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or whether there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens to the primary government. Fiscal dependency may also play a part in determining financial accountability. In addition, a component unit can be another organization for which the nature and significance of its relationship with a primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District was created by Louisiana Revised Statute (LSA-RS 38:291(S)). It includes all land in the Parish of Jefferson lying south of Latitude 29° 17′ 52″ N on the west side of the Mississippi River. The governing board of commissioners administers the operations and responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of Louisiana statutes. The members of the Board are appointed by the Governor of the State of Louisiana from a list of nominations submitted by the members of the Legislature serving that portion of Jefferson Parish located within the District.

Based on the criteria described above, it has been determined that the Grand Isle Independent Levee District is a component unit of the State of Louisiana for financial reporting purposes. The accompanying statements present only transactions of the District.

Annually, the State of Louisiana (the primary government) issues general purpose financial statements which include the activity contained in the accompanying financial statements. The State's general purpose financial statements are issued by the Louisiana Division of Administration-Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy and are audited by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 1996

NOTE F - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

2. Litigation

There is no litigation pending against the District at June 30, 1996.

NOTE G - RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Employees of the District are members of the Social Security System. In addition to the employee contribution withheld at 7.65 per cent, the District contributes an equal amount to the Social Security System. Aggregate pension costs for the year is \$1,208. The District does not guarantee the benefits granted by the Social Security System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1996

NOTE E - AD VALOREM TAX

Article 6, § 39 of the 1974 Louisiana Constitution provides that for the purposes of constructing and maintaining levees, levee drainage, flood protection, hurricane flood protection, and for all other purposes incidental thereto, the District may levy annually, a tax not to exceed five mills. If the District needs to raise additional funds in excess of the amount collected constitutionally, the taxes in excess of five mills must be approved by a majority vote of the electors.

The District levies an ad valorem (property) tax on real property within the District to finance operations. The levy is generally made as of November 15 of each year. The tax is then due, and becomes an enforceable lien on the property, on the first day of the month following the filing of the tax roll by the Parish assessor with the Louisiana Tax Commission (usually December 1). The tax is delinquent 30 days after its due date.

Ad valorem taxes are levied based on property values determined by the Jefferson Parish Assessor's Office (a separate entity). All land and residential improvements are assessed at 10 percent of its fair market value, and other property at 15 percent of its fair market value. Taxes are billed and collected by the Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office (a separate entity) which receives a certain millage for its services. The taxes remitted by the Sheriff to the District are net of assessor's commission and pension fund contributions.

The number of mills levied for operations on both the 1995 and 1994 tax rolls were 5.00.

NOTE F - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss resulting from personal injury; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To protect against these risks of loss, the District purchases various types of insurance from commercial carriers.

Under these policies, general liability coverage is provided for up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 per occurrence (\$1,000,000 in the aggregate); automobile coverage is provided for up to \$500,000 per occurrence; and worker's compensation is provided at the statutory limits of \$1,000,000/1,000,000/1,000,000. In each policy, the District is responsible for the applicable deductible.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 1996

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The carrying amount of the District's deposits at June 30, 1996 was \$60,313 and the bank balance was \$62,474. Under state law these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. The bank balance is categorized as follows:

Risk Category				Λ	mount
a. Insured (FDIC) or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name	\$	42,474	\$ 20,000	\$	62,474
b. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name		0	0		0
 Uncollateralized (including securities held for the entity by the pledging financial institution or its agent, but not in the entity's name) 		0	0		0
Total	\$	42,474	\$ 20,000	\$	62,474

NOTE D - FIXED ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year:

Asset Type	Balance ly 1, 1995	 Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 1996
Land	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Buildings	2,185	0	0	2,185
Furniture and fixtures	1,849	0	0	1,849
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	 13,981	1	0	13,982
TOTAL	\$ 18,015	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 0	\$ 18,016

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 1996

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

The original budget was adopted on May 4, 1995. Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying statements include supplemental appropriations and amendments through June 30, 1996.

2. Budgetary to GAAP Reconciliation

The accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund presents a comparison of the legally adopted budget with actual data on the budgetary basis of accounting (i.e., cash basis). A reconciliation of the actual excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures on a budgetary basis with the actual on a GAAP basis is as follows:

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (budgetary basis)	\$ (2,478)
Add: prior year payables	8,238
Less: current year payables	0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (GAAP basis)	\$ 5,760

3. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 1996, expenditures exceeded budget at the object level as follows:

Fund	Expenditures		 Budget		Excess	
General Fund						
Office supplies	\$	241	\$ 100	\$	(141)	
Advertising		2,459	2,200		(259)	
Repairs and maintenance		3,185	2,800		(385)	
Breakwater construction		8,238	0		(8,238)	

All of the over expenditures were funded by available and appropriable fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 1996

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting primarily of levee construction and improvement costs are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government.

Assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are not depreciated.

8. Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

9. Total Columns on Combined Statements

Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither are such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. <u>Budget</u>

The Board of Commissioners of the District submits an annual budget to the Department of Transportation and Development - Office of Public Works (DOTD) and the Legislative Auditor for the succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

The DOTD reviews the budget and makes recommendations pertaining thereto to the Board of Commissioners of the District and the Legislative Auditor. Not less than ninety days before the end of the fiscal year, the Board of Commissioners adopts the annual budget after considering the recommendations of the DOTD. Amendments to the budget are made by the Board from time to time as is necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 1996

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. The District has only one fund, the General Fund, and one account group, General Fixed Assets.

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures.

3. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

GRAND ISLE INDEPENDENT LEVEE DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	_	ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Operating				
Gas and oil		1,911	2,000	89
Insurance - general, auto & marine		2,884	2,884	0
Repairs and maintenance		3,185	2,800	(385)
License fees		223	500	277
Contract labor		75	100	25
Food and lodging		213	500	287
Small tools and equipment		29	50	21
Total		8,520	8,834	314
Capital outlay				
Breakwater construction		8,238	0	(8,238)
Miscellaneous projects		8	100	92
Total	•	8,246	100	(8,146)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		84,136	81,007	(3,129)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,478)	131	(2,609)
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year		62,791	62,791	0
End of Year	\$	60,313 \$	62,922	\$ (2,609)

GRAND ISLE INDEPENDENT LEVEE DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

		ACTUAL	BUDGET	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	75,042 \$	75,000 \$	42
Interest income		1,731	1,765	(34)
Other	•	4,885	4,373	512
TOTAL REVENUES	-	81,658	81,138	520
EXPENDITURES				
Personnet				
Salaries		15,740	16,000	260
Commissioner's per diem		4,650	5,400	750
Employee expenses		282	750	468
Total		20,672	22,150	1,478
Employee related benefits				
Payroll taxes - state		0	400	400
Payroll taxes - federal		1,208	3,200	1,992
Insurance - worker's compensation		4,184	4,500	316
Total		5,392	8,100	2,708
Travel				
Travel and other		6,887	7,000	113
Total		6,887	7,000	113
Office				
Lease - office		1	1	0
Telephone		1,918	2,300	382
Postage		101	150	49
Office supplies		241	100	(141)
Advertising		2,459	2,200	(259)
Dues and subscriptions		1,640	1,700	60
Bank charges		0	200	200
Sheriff's office expenses		246	247	1
Total		6,606	6,898	292
Professional Services				
Engineering and other		24,888	25,000	112
Audit fees		2,925	2,925	0
Total		27,813	27,925	112

GRAND ISLE INDEPENDENT LEVEE DISTRICT

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1996

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE	ACCOUNT GROUP	
ASSETS		GENERAL	GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	TOTAL (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Cash and cash equivalents	•	(0.212.0		
Property, plant and	\$	60,313 \$	0 \$	60,313
equipment, net		0	18,016	18,016
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	60,313 \$	18,016 \$	78,329
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Accrued salaries and				
related liabilities		0	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0	0	
Equity and Other Credits				
Investment in general fixed assets		0	18,016	18,016
Fund Balance				
Unreserved and undesignated		60,313	0	60,313
TOTAL EQUITY AND OTHER				
CREDITS		60,313	18,016	78,329
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY				
AND OTHER CREDITS	\$	60,313 \$	18,016 \$	78,329

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued a report dated November 23, 1996 on my consideration of the District's internal control structure and a report dated November 23, 1996 on its compliance with laws and regulations.

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplemental Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Grand Isle Independent Levee District. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

November 23, 1996

Paul River, CPA

Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. Due to the small size of the Board, I did not evaluate the effectiveness of the internal control structure. Accordingly, I assessed control risk at a very high level (maximum) and expanded my substantive audit tests.

In accordance with the standards mentioned previously and provisions of state law, I am required to communicate to management, and include in my report, any matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that I consider to be a reportable condition under the standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions are matters that come to my attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that, in my judgment, could adversely affect the Board's ability to (1) record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements or (2) comply with laws and regulations that could have a material impact on the financial statements.

In my consideration of the internal control structure, I noted that the size of the Board's operations is too small to provide for an adequate segregation of duties. The Board's secretary is charged with most of the responsibilities relating to the cash receipts and cash disbursement cycles. The District does, however, have various controls in place which tend to mitigate this problem, including (1) having a Commissioner review and initial all bank reconciliations, (2) requiring dual signatures on all checks, (3) requiring the presentation of actual versus budget reports on a monthly basis, and (4) the use and reconciliation of prenumbered receipts. Employing any additional controls may not be cost beneficial.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, I believe that the reportable condition noted above is a material weakness.

I did note other matters involving the internal control structure and its operations that were not considered to be reportable conditions. I have verbally communicated these items to the management of the District during our exit conference. This report is intended for the information of the Board of Commissioners, management, all applicable Federal and State agencies, and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and should not be used for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Paul Ravier CPA
November 23, 1996

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 1996

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Budgets

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.

Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the line-item level within the fund. All annual appropriations which are not expended lapse at year end.

The General Fund's budget is adopted on a "cash" basis of accounting. Encumbrances are not recorded for budgetary purposes.

5. Cash and Investments

For reporting purposes, cash includes amounts in demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Louisiana Revised Statutes allow the District to invest in time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

Investments, if any, are stated at cost or amortized cost. State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

6. <u>Inventories</u>

The cost of materials and supplies acquired by the District are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. It is management's opinion that the inventory of such materials and supplies at June 30, 1996 would not be material to the financial statements.

7. Fixed Assets

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

(504) 371-4390

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE BASED ON AN AUDIT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners
Grand Isle Independent Levee District
Grand Isle, Louisiana

I have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Grand Isle Independent Levee District, a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued my report thereon dated November 23, 1996.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the District is the responsibility of the District's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of my audit of the general purpose financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Louisiana Society of Certified Public Accountants

(504) 371-4390

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners
Grand Isle Independent Levee District
Grand Isle, Louisiana

I have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Grand Isle Independent Levee District, a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Grand Isle Independent Levce District as of June 30, 1996 and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

(504) 371-4390

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE BASED ON AN AUDIT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

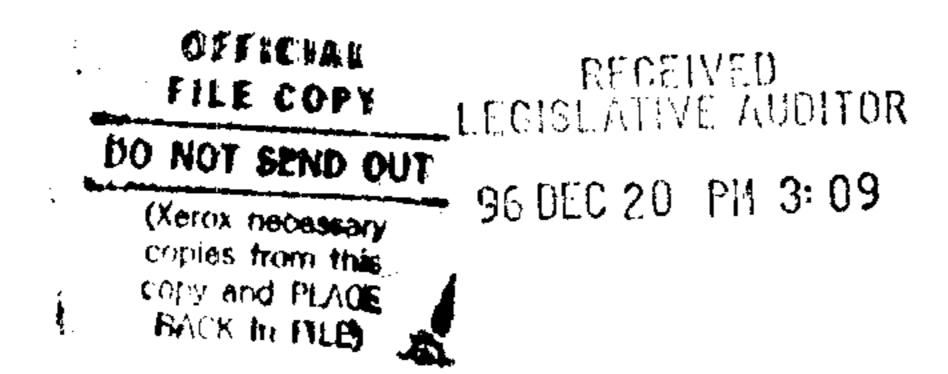
Board of Commissioners
Grand Isle Independent Levee District
Grand Isle, Louisiana

I have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Grand Isle Independent Levee District, a component unit of the State of Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1996, and have issued my report thereon dated November 23, 1996. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that 1 plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of general purpose financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

In planning and performing my audit of the general purpose financial statements of the Grand Isle Independent Levee District for the year ended June 30, 1996, I obtained an understanding of the internal control structure. With respect to the internal control structure, I obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether they have been placed in operation, and I assessed control risk in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control structure.

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GRAND ISLE INDEPENDENT LEVEE DISTRICT A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 1996

report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the audited, or reviewed, entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Release Date FEB 5 1997

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Commissioners, management, all applicable Federal and State agencies, and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and should not be used for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

November 23, 1996

Paul River, CPA