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CADDO PARISH CORONER

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 1999

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of this report has been submitted to the endry and religious account a point of the transfer of the count of the particle of court. appropriate, at the endre of the particle clerk of court.

Release Date JUL 2 6 2000

#### CONTENTS

	Exhibit	Schedule	Page
UNQUALIFIED OPINION ON GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY			1 - 2
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT			
AUDITING STANDARDS		<del>****</del>	3 - 4
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS			5 - 6
GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (COMBINED STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW)			
Balance sheet	A	-	7
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in retained earnings	В	_	8
Statement of Revenues, expenses, and changes in retained earnings			
- Budget (GAAP basis) and actual	C	_	9
Statement of Cash Flows	D	_	10
Notes to the financial statements	_	-	11 - 17
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
Management's Schedule of Prior Year Finding	gs -	1	19
Management's Corrective Action Plan		2	20

#### ELLIOTT & ASSOCIATES, INC.

A Professional Accounting Corporation
P. O. Box 1287
Leesville, Louisiana 71496-1287

(337) 239-2535 (337) 238-5135 Fax 239-2295

W. Micheal Elliott, CPA

### UNQUALIFIED OPINION ON GENERAL-PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Dr. George M. McCormick, II Caddo Parish Coroner Shreveport, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Caddo Parish Coroner, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Caddo Parish Coroner's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general-purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general-purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Caddo Parish Coroner as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated June 20, 2000, on my consideration of the Caddo Parish Coroner's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

My audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Caddo Parish Coroner taken as a whole. The accompanying schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Leesville, Louisiana

June 20, 2000

#### ELLIOTT & ASSOCIATES, INC.

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W. Micheal Elliott, CPA

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Dr. George M. McCormick, II Caddo Parish Coroner Shreveport, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the Caddo Parish Coroner as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, and have issued my report thereon dated June 20, 2000. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Caddo Parish Coroner's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Caddo Parish

Coroner's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provided assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. I noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information of management of the Caddo Parish Coroner and the Legislative Auditor's office of the State of Louisiana. This report is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Education Association of the Leesville, Louisiana

June 20, 2000

#### Caddo Parish Coroner SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1999

I have audited the financial statements of Caddo Parish Coroner as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, and have issued my report thereon dated June 20, 2000. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My audit of the financial statements as of December 31, 1999 resulted in an unqualified opinion.

section i Summary of Auditor's Reports
a. Report on Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements
Internal Control Material Weaknesses ( ) Yes (X) No Reportable Conditions ( ) Yes (X) No
Compliance
Compliance Material to Financial Statements ( ) Yes (X) No
b. Federal Awards
Internal Control Material Weaknesses ( ) Yes ( ) No (X) N/A Reportable Conditions ( ) Yes ( ) No (X) N/A
Type of Opinion On Compliance For Major Programs Unqualified ( ) Qualified ( ) Disclaimer ( ) Adverse ( ) N/A (X)
Are their findings required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)? ( ) Yes ( ) No (X) N/A
( ) 100 (11) 11/11

#### c. Identification of Major Programs

CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program

None

None

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs:  $\frac{\$ N/A}{}$ 

Is the auditee a "low-risk" auditee, as defined by OMB Circular A-133?
( ) Yes ( ) No (X) N/A

#### Section II Financial Statement Findings

N/A

Section III Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs N/A

See independent auditor's report.

#### CADDO PARISH CORONER

#### BALANCE SHEET

#### December 31, 1999

#### **ASSETS**

Current assets:     Cash and cash equivalents (Note B)     Receivables:     Other governmental units (Note C)     Accrued interest	\$122,051 3,200 <u>56</u>
Total current assets	125,307
Property, plant and equipment, net (Note D)	27,344
Total assets	<u>\$152,651</u>
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL  Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable Salaries payable State income taxes withheld Deferred compensation payable (Note F)	\$ 13,691 18,429 1,325 1,147
Total current liabilities	34,592
EQUITY	
Retained earnings - unreserved	118,059
Total equity	118,059
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$152,651</u>

## CADDO PARISH CORONER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS

For the year ended December 31, 1999

Operating revenues: Fees - City of Shreveport/Caddo Parish Commission Coroner's emergency commitments Other income	\$705,926 28,580 <u>8,569</u>
Total operating revenues	743,075
rocar operacing revenues	<u> </u>
Operating expenses:	
Current:	
Salaries	476,833
Automobile expense	7,058
Supplies	10,032
Professional books, dues	2 2 2
and subscriptions	3,282
Conventions, seminars, and travel	8,637
Payroll taxes	36,844
Legal and accounting fees	18,550
Insurance	76,257
Other expenses (Note E)	20,935
Professional fees - psychiatric services	78,850
${\tt Telephone}$	9,425
Retirement expense (Note F)	13,358
Contract labor	18,000
Depreciation (Note D)	20,159
Total operating expenses	<u>798,220</u>
Operating income (loss)	(55,145)
Nononarating revenues (evnences):	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest income	2,847
Threfer Throme	4,047
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,847
Net income (loss)	(52,298)
Retained earnings, beginning	<u>170,357</u>
Retained earnings, ending	<u>\$118,059</u>

# CADDO PARISH CORONER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year ended December 31, 1999

Variance Favorable

Operating revenues:	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
Fees - City of Shreveport/			
Caddo Parish Commission	\$ 705,314	<b>\$705,926</b>	\$ 612
Coroner's emergency commitments	24,000	28,580	4,580
Other income	2 <u>,500</u>	<u>8,569</u>	6,069
Total operating revenues	731,814	743,075	11,261
Operating expenses: Current:			
Salaries	477,000	476,833	167
Automobile expense	8,000	7,058	942
Supplies	10,000	10,032	(32)
Professional books, dues	•	•	•
and subscriptions	3,500	3,282	218
Conventions, seminars and travel	1. 8,000	8,637	(637)
Payroll taxes	35,200	36,844	(1,644)
Legal and accounting fees	20,000	18,550	1,450
Insurance	74,550	76,257	(1,707)
Other expenses	20,000	20,935	(935)
Professional fees -			
psychiatric services	78,500	78,850	(350)
Telephone	9,500	9,425	75
Retirement expense	15,000	13,358	1,642
Contract labor	18,000	18,000	<del></del>
Depreciation	20,000	20,159	(159)
Total operating expenses	797,250	798,220	(970)
Operating income (loss)	(65,436)	(55,145)	10,291
Nonoperating income:			
Interest income		2,847	2,847
		<u></u>	
Total nonoperating income	+ <del></del>	2,847	2,847
Net income (loss)	(65,436)	(52,298)	13,138
Retained earnings, beginning	<u>170,357</u>	170,357	
Retained earnings, ending	<u>\$ 104,921</u>	\$118,059	<u>\$ 13,138</u>

# CADDO PARISH CORONER Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 1999

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating	\$(55,145)
activities: Depreciation	20,159
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Other current assets Accounts payable Other current liabilities	100 58 7,382 (120)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(27,566)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment	<u>(15,566</u> )
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	<u>3,267</u>
Decrease in cash	(39,865)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	161,916
CASH, END OF YEAR	<u>\$122,051</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article V, Section 29 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, Coroners are elected by the voters of each parish for terms of four years. They must be a licensed physician, except in any parish in which no licensed physician will accept the office. The Coroner's office holds inquest and investigates all cases of sudden death, deaths due to unknown causes, deaths without attending physicians or other remedial treatments, or deaths in which there is suspicion as to the cause of death. In addition, the Coroner has the right to order an autopsy in any instance where he feels it is necessary to determine the cause of death.

In April of 1984, the Financial Accounting Foundation established the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to promulgate generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local governmental entities. The GASB has issued a codification of governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local government. The accompanying general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with such principles.

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the Coroner includes all funds, account groups, activities, et cetera, that are controlled by the Coroner as an independently elected parish official. an independently elected parish official, the Coroner is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which include the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Accordingly, the Coroner is a separate governmental reporting entity. Certain units of local government over which the Coroner exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish council, parish school board, other independently elected parish officials, and municipalities within the parish are excluded from the accompanying general purpose financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue general purpose financial statements separate from that of the Parish Coroner.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2. FUND ACCOUNTING

The Coroner is organized and operated on a fund basis as a Proprietary Fund Type-Enterprise Fund. In an enterprise fund the accrual basis of accounting is utilized and revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes amounts in petty cash, demand deposits, interest earning demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits, with maturities of three months or less.

#### 4. FIXED ASSETS AND LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The fixed assets and long-term liabilities of the Caddo Parish Coroner are accounted for on the balance sheet of the Enterprise Fund. The fixed assets of the Coroner as shown on the balance sheet are recorded at historical cost. Depreciation is computed by the straight line method based on the estimated useful life of the individual assets. At December 31, 1999, there were no long-term liabilities recorded on the Coroner's books.

#### 5. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The Coroner's accounts are maintained on a cash basis of accounting. However, the Enterprise Fund reported in the accompanying financial statements has been converted to the accrual basis of accounting using the following practices in recording revenues and expenses:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 4. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

#### Revenues

Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the time deposits have matured and interest is available.

Revenues are recognized when earned to finance expenses of the fiscal period.

#### Expenses

Expenses are generally recognized under the accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred.

Proprietary funds follow GAAP prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and all Financial Accounting Standards Board's standards issued prior to November 30, 1989. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity, (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

#### 5. BUDGET PRACTICES

The Coroner adopts an annual budget for the Enterprise Fund on the accrual basis of accounting. The budget is legally adopted and amended as necessary by the Coroner. All appropriations lapse at year end.

Budget amounts included in the accompanying general purpose financial statements are the original adopted budget, and there were no subsequent amendments.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 6. VACATION AND SICK LEAVE

Employees of the Coroner's office earn up to twenty-two days of vacation and sick leave each year. Sick leave must be taken in the year earned. Vacation time is not cumulative and cannot be paid after termination.

Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation and sick leave is forfeited. There is no liability for unused leave payable at December 31, 1999.

#### NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Under state law, the Coroner may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or national banks having their offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 1999, the Coroner has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$122,051 as follows:

At December 31, 1999, the District had cash and investments as follows:

#### UNRESTRICTED RESTRICTED TOTAL

Cash (demand deposits) and certificate of deposit \$122,051 \$ --- \$122,051

At year end, the carrying amount of the Coroner's deposits (demand deposits and certificates of deposit) were \$122,051, and the bank balances were \$138,589. A summary of collateralization of bank balances is presented below.

Insured (Federal deposit insurance)	\$100,000
Uncollateralized (In accordance with	
GAAP - See below)	38,589
	<b>\$138,589</b>

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times at least equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

#### NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The uncollateralized amount shown above is secured by pledged securities with a market value of \$40,000 held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent banks in holding or custodial banks. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized under GAAP, Louisiana Revised Statutes impose a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the District that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### NOTE C - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units at December 31, 1999 consisted of the following:

Bossier Parish	\$	900	Lincoln Parish	\$	400
DeSoto Parish		200	Natchitoches Parish		200
Webster Parish		700	Sabine Parish		600
Richland Parish		100	Union Parish		100
Subtotals	_1	<u>,900</u>		_1	,300

TOTAL \$ 3,200

#### NOTE D - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of changes in property, plant and equipment follows:

Balance, December 31, 1998	\$115,341
Additions Deletions	15,566
Balance, December 31, 1999	130,907
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(103,563)
Net property, plant, and equipment	\$ 27,344

Prior to 1994, all property, plant and equipment utilized by the Coroner was the property of the Caddo Parish Commission. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 1999 was \$20,159.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

#### NOTE E- OTHER EXPENSES

"Other expenses" as detailed in the accompanying income statements consists of:

#### Category

Office supplies	\$ 6,623
Office equipment lease expense	
and repairs	8,307
Miscellaneous	3,243
Pauper burial	1,880
Postage	<u>882</u>
Total	<u>\$20,935</u>

#### NOTE F - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Coroner began an employee deferred compensation plan in 1992, that qualifies under IRS Code 457. Total disbursements for the Coroner's office for the retirement plan for the year ended December 31, 1999, was \$23,427 of which \$13,358 was funded by the Coroner's office and the balance was funded by employee' voluntary contributions. The net assets available for distribution at December 31, 1999 (fair market value) based upon data provided by Public Employees Benefits Service Corporation ("PEBSCO"), the plan trustee, was \$284,939.

Under the provision of the plan, eligible employees are able to defer current taxable income and contribute to the plan. Furthermore, the assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefits of the employees. The Coroner also contributes on behalf of each eligible employee. By law (IRS Code Section 457K) the total annual contribution for both the office and the employee is limited to \$7,500 per year or 25% of gross annual compensation. Also in accordance with Section 457K, there is no vesting period, each employee is immediately vested into the plan.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 1999

#### NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Coroner is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Coroner carries commercial insurance as outlined in the following table. Settled claims did not exceed commercial coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

LIMITS
OF
COVERAGE
\$ 200,000
3,000,000

Workmen's compensation Commercial general liability

The Coroner's auto liability, buildings, and equipment are covered by the Caddo Parish Commission. The Coroner covers all other losses, claim settlements, and judgments from operating resources. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

The Coroner was not involved in any litigation nor did it have asserted claims lodged against it.

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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### Caddo Parish Coroner SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

For the Year Ended December 31, 1999

### SECTION I INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

There were no prior year findings relating to internal control and compliance material to the financial statements.

### SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no prior year findings relating to internal control and compliance material to federal awards.

#### SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER

There was no management letter with prior year audit report.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

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Caddo Parish Coroner
MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

For the Year Ended December 31, 1999

SECTION I INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

N/A

SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL

**AWARDS** 

N/A

SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER

N/A

See Independent Auditor's Report.