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COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

for the

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The the entity available for public inspection at the Baton report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 8-23-00

General Purpose Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 1999

Table of Contents

	Page (s
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW ("LIFTABLE" GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)	
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types	
and Account Groups Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Govern-	3 - 4
mental Fund Types	5
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General and Special Revenue	
Fund Types	6
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Changes in Retained Earnings - Enterprise Fund	7
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Fund Notes to Financial Statements	8
Noces to rinancial statements	9-24
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUP - STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Governmental Funds: General Fund:	
Comparative Balance Sheets	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	26
Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheets	27
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	·
and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	28

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 1999

Table of Contents

	Page (s)
Debt Service Fund:	
Street Sales Tax Debt Service Fund - Comparative Balance Sheets Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures,	29
and Changes in Fund Balance	30
Capital Projects Funds: Comparative Balance Sheets	31
Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures,	
and Changes in Fund Balance	32
Proprietary Funds:	
Enterprise Fund:	
Department of Water, Sewerage and	
Solid Waste Disposal -	
Comparative Balance Sheets	33-34
Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses,	
and Changes in Retained Earnings	35
Comparative Statements of Cash Flows	36
Account Groups:	
General Fixed Assets Account Group:	
Comparative Schedules of General	
Fixed Assets - by Source	37
Statement of Changes in General	
Fixed Assets	38
General Long-Term Obligation Account Group:	
Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Obligations	39

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 1999

Table of Contents

	<u>Page (s)</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Compensation Paid the Mayor and Board of Aldermen	4 0
OTHER REPORTS	
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Audit Standards	41-42
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	43
Schedule of Current Period Audit Findings	43
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For Louisiana Legislative Auditor	44
Schedule of Current Audit Findings For Louisiana Legislative Auditor	45

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND and ACCOUNT GROUP STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORT
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James T. Bates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 612 BARKSDALE BOULEVARD BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA 71111

MEMBER
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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Carl F Janzen, Mayor and the Honorable members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Benton, Louisiana

I have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and individual account group financial statements of the Town of Benton, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Town of Benton, Louisiana. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Benton, Louisiana, as of December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in my opinion, the combining, individual fund, and individual account group financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each of the individual funds and individual account groups of the Town of Benton, Louisiana, at December 31, 1999 and the results of

operations of such funds and the cash flows of the individual proprietary funds for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Schedule of Compensation Paid the Mayor and Board of Aldermen on page 40 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of the Town of Benton, Louisiana. Such information has been subjected to the procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated June 23, 2000, on my consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

June 23, 2000

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW

The Combined Financial Statements include all funds and account groups of the Town and are designed to provide an overview of the financial position and results of operations for the Town as a whole. Additional information in the form of schedules is included elsewhere in this report.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS
December 31, 1999
With Comparative Figures for 1998

£.	(Memorandum Only)	\$1,751,875	10,326 54,197 8,315 -0-	67,521	1,210,944 192,102 616,511 408,869	2,933,246 (918,479)	79,120	\$7 <u>,033,940</u> (Continued)
4. 6. 1.	(Memora)	\$1,955,712	18,486 73,905 5,016 53,985	63,867	1,728,789 192,102 616,511 446,529	3,402,101	344,709	\$8,077,272
Groups		-0- en	4444	-0-	ဝှ ဝှ ဝှ	\$ \$ \$	80,291	\$ 425,000
Account G	Fixed	↔	9 9 9 6	-0-	. 192,102 616,511 446,529	٠ ٠ ٠	, 0	\$1,255,142
Proprietary Fund	Type Enterprise	\$ 836,291	-0- 73,905 -0- 9,944	60,120	1,726,581	3,402,101 (1,000,992)	÷ ÷	\$5,204,211
	Capital Projects	\$ 30,974	• • • •	ò-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	.	, ¢	\$ 30,974
Fund Types	Service	\$ 80,291		-0-	ဝှဲဝုံဝုံ	÷	÷ ;	\$ 80,291
Governmenta!	Special Revenue	\$ 340,573	-0- -0- 5,016 19,889	¢	ဝှင်ဝှင်	; ; ;	·	\$ 365,478
	General	\$ 667,583	18,486 -0- 24,152	3,747	2,208 -0- -0-	÷	0-	\$ 716,176
	ASSETS	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 2) Receivables:	Taxes (Note 3) Customers Notes Other	Funds (Note 11) Restricted Assets Cash and Cash	Equivalents (Note 2) Land Buildings Equipment Utility Plant and	s son	Amount Available in Debt Service Funds Amount to be Provided for Retirement of General Long-Term Debt	Total Assets

-- -----

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS
December 31, 1999
With Comparative Figures for 1998

		Governmental	Fund Types		Proprietary	Account Gr General	<u>oups</u> General	, C	
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	Generat	Special	Debt Service	Capital	<u>Tvpe</u> <u>Enterprise</u>	Fixed	Fixed Long-Term Assets Obligations	(Memorand)m 1999	1998
Liablities: Accounts Payable Payable from Restricted	\$ 17,042	- 0- ↔	-0-	-0~ \$	\$ 39,743	-0 -0	- 0-	\$ 56,785	\$ 162,247
Customers' Deposits	ò	-0-	-0-	-0-	77,197	- 0-	-0-	77,197	73,177
	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	20,000	-0-	-0-	20,000	10,000
Funds (Note 11) Deferred Revenues	60,120	3,747	0 0	-0-	÷ ÷	¢ •	-0-	63,867	67,521
Revenue Bonds Payable Enterprise Funds General City Operations	- o	- o	-0-	-0-	880,000	000	-0-	880,000	400,000
Total Liabilities	77,162	3,747	-	C-	1,016,940	-0-	425,000	1,522,849	1,162,945
2	- 0-	-0-	-0-	Ģ	1,497,832	-0-	Ö	1,497,832	1,454,583
at in Asset Earn	-0-	6	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,255,142	- 0-	1,255,142	1,217,482
w - -	÷	• • •	0 0 0	ဂု ဝု ဝု	68,920 875,990 1,744,529	• • •	• • •	68,920 875,990 1,744,529	20,870 769,689 1,531,539
Fund Balances: Reserved for: Debt Service	o-	-0-	80,291	ô	-0-	ċ	Ċ-	80,291	79,120
Designated for Subsequent Year Expenditures	-0-	-0-	0-	30,974	-0-	-0-	-0-	30,974	30,331
Bhated for mousting habititation	-0-	65,831	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	- 0-	65,831	607'79
Drainage Improvements Undesignated	-0- 639,014	295,900	0 0	0-0		- d	 -	295,900	274,940
Total Fund Equity	639,014	361,731	80,291	30,974	4, 187, 271	1,255,142	-0-	6,554,423	5,870,995
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 716,176	\$ 365,478	\$ 80,291	\$ 30,974	\$5,204,211	\$1,255,142	\$ 425,000	\$8,077,272	\$7,033,940

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

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COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
Year Ended December 31, 1999
With Comparative Totals for Year Ended December 31, 1998

Revenues:		Special	Service	Projects	1999	(y)
Taxes (Notes 3 and 6) Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental	\$ 266,734 88,298 148,848	\$ 182,988 -0- 92,845	φ φ φ φ φ	မှ လုံ လုံ လ	\$ 449,722 88,298 241,693	\$ 420,408 82,657 20,017
Fines and Fortelts Miscellaneous Interest Total Revenues	14, 703 14, 703 16, 400 658, 049	-0- -0- 7,449 283,282	1 777	-00	14, 703 14, 703 26, 269 943, 751	27,749 626,683
Expenditures: Current: General Government Public Safety - Police Streets and Drainage	178,312 182,043 160,293	ဝှ ဝု ဝု	• • •	• • •	178,312 182,043 160,293	141,088 126,308 132,897
inte sct gine	38,317	-0-	6 6	¢ •	38,317	46,582
Debt Service Principal Retirement (Note 5)	-6-	-0-	25,000	- 0-	25,000	20,000
interest and riscal Charges (Note 5) Tota! Expenditures	<u>-0-</u> <u>558,965</u>	92,845	31,763	00	31,763 708,573	33,300 500,175
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses):	780,084	190,437	(54,986)	643	235,178	126,508
Operating Transfers In (Note 11) Operating Transfers Out (Note 11) Recovery of Bad Debts	111,898	-0- (168,055) -0-	56, 157	0 0 0	168,055)	155,325 (155,325)
Sources (Uses)	111,898	(168,055)	56,157	-0-	-0-	0-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expendi-tures and Other Uses	210,982	22,382	1,171	643	235,178	126,508
Balances at Beginning of Year	428,032	339,349	79,120	30,331	876,832	750,324
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 639,014	\$ 361,731	\$ 80,291	\$ 30,974	\$1,112,010	\$ 876,832

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPES
Year Ended December 31, 1999

		General Fund		Special	Special Revenue Fund Ivpes	Types		Totals (Memorandum On	
			Variance- Favorable			Variance- Favorable	•		Variance- Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
enues: axes	\$ 247,480	\$ 266,734	\$ 19,254	\$ 164,830	\$ 182,988	\$ 18,158	\$ 412,310	\$ 449,722	\$ 37,412
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental	87,950 148,650	88,298	348	٥	-0-	-0-	87,950		. 60
Fines and Forfeits	119,660	123,066	3,406	00	-0-	-0-	119,660	123,066	3,406
Interest	13,240	16,703	3,160	-0- 2,600	-0-	(151)	14,000	14,703	3,009
Total Revenues	630,980	628,049	27,069	172,430	283,282	110,852	803,410	941,331	137,921
Expenditures:									
General Government Public Safety:	173,500	178,312	(4,812)	.	-0-	-0-	173,500	178,312	(4,812)
Streets and Drainage	186,351 156,760	182,043	4,308	-0-	- - -	- - -	186,351 156,760	182,043	4,308
	-0-	38,317	3,758	0-0	92,845	(92,845)	-0- 42,075	92,845	(92,845)
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	558,686	558,965	(279)	ò	92,845	(92,845)	558,686	651,810	(93, 124)
Expenditures	72,294	99,084	26,790	172,430	190,437	18,007	244,724	289,521	767,747
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers in Operating Transfers Out Recovery of Bad Debts	111,893	111,898		-0- (167,398) -0-	-0- (168,055) -0-	-0- (753) -9-	111,898 (167,398) -0-	111,898 (168,055)	-0- (557)
iotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)	111,898	111,898	ò	(167,398)	(168,055)	(253)	(55,500)	(56, 157)	(657)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	184, 192	210,982	26, 790	5,032	22,382	17,350	189,224	233,364	44,140
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	428,032	428,032	-0-	339,349	339,349	-0-	767,381	767,381	-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 612,224	\$ 639,014	\$ 26,790	\$ 344,381	\$ 361,731	\$ 17,350	\$ 956,605	\$1,000,745	\$ 44,140

6

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA ENTERPRISE FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 1998

Operating Revenues:	1999	1998
Charges for Services:		
Metered Water Sales	\$ 515,877	Ċ E40 196
Sewerage Service Charges	195,318	\$ 540,176
Solid Waste Disposal Service Charges	79,416	172,340
Customer Billing Service Charge	50,893	75,085
cabeomer brilling bervice charge	<u> </u>	49,388
	841,504	836,989
Miscellaneous Revenues	35,002	31,531
Total Revenues	876,506	868,520
Onematine European.		
Operating Expenses: Personal Services	277 070	7.4514.0.0
Purchase of Water	171,079	147,403
	238,150	237,442
Supplies Utilities	11,991	11,784
	18,957	20,249
Repairs and Maintenance	67,629	45,736
Contractual Services	713 D.C.C	
and Tipping Fees Miscellaneous	73,766	68,757
	40,848	26,296
Depreciation	81,832	72,784
Total Expenses	704,252	630,451
Operating Income (Loss)	172,254	238,069
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Grant Revenue	25,000	25,000
Interest Income	51,670	55,460
Interest Expense	(20,870)	(10,910)
Sales Taxes	92,151	83,309
Operating Transfers Out	-0-	-0-
		<u> </u>
Total Nonoperating		
Revenues (Expenses)	147,951	152,859
Net Income	320,205	390,928
Amounts charged to Contribution Accounts -		
Depreciation on Contributed Assets	49,596	47,276
Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year	2,322,098	1,883,894
Prior Period Adjustment	(2,460)	-0-
		
Retained Earnings at End of Year	\$ <u>2,689,439</u>	\$ <u>2,322,098</u>

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA ENTERPRISE FUND DEPARTMENT OF WATER, SEWERAGE AND SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	ė 120 0CA	6 220 0CB
Operating Net Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	\$ 172,254	\$ 238,069
Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided		
(Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	81,832	72,784
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts		121
Receivable - Customers	(29,652)	1,937
Increase (Decrease) in		·
Accounts Payable	(108,785)	122,993
(Increase) Decrease in		
Due from Other Funds	3,654	1,889
Increase in Customers'		
Refundable Deposits	4,020	4,308
Net Cash Provided (Used)		
by Operating Activities	<u>123,323</u>	441,980
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Sales Tax Collected	92,151	83,309
Operating Transfers Out	- 0 -	- 0 -
Grant Revenue	25,000	25,000
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital		
Financing Activities	<u> 117,152</u>	108,309
Cash Flows from Capital and		
Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition and Construction		
of Capital Assets	(225,537)	(429,567)
Proceeds from Sale of Revenue Bonds	490,000	410,000
Interest Paid of Revenue Bonds	<u>(20,870</u>)	<u>(10,910</u>)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital		
and Related Financing Activities	243,593	(30,477)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest Income	51,670	<u>55,460</u>
Net Cash Provided by		
Investing Activities	51,670	<u>55,460</u>
Net Increase in Cash		
and Cash Equivalents	535,737	575,272
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
at Beginning of Year	2,027,135	1,451,863
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
at End of Year	\$2,562,872	\$2,027,135

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 1999

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

The Town of Benton, Louisiana was incorporated August 16, 1902, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The Town provides the following services as authorized by the Act: public health and safety, streets, sanitation, water and sewerage, planning and zoning, recreation, and general administrative services. Education and welfare are administered by other governmental entities.

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for general purpose financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity.

The financial statements present the Town of Benton (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the Town's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the Town.

Blended Component Unit

Metropolitan Planning Commission

The Metropolitan Planning Commission is responsible for the orderly physical development of the Town and the surrounding planning area. The Commission makes recommendations to the Board of Aldermen and the Parish Police Jury. The Metropolitan Planning Commission consists of five members with two appointed by both Town and the Bossier Parish Police Jury and one member is elected by joint action of the governing authorities. Although the Commission is legally separate, the Town acts as its fiscal agent and has the ability to modify and approve its budget. Separate financial statements are not issued on the Commission since its revenues and expenditures have been historically included as part of the General Fund within the Town's financial statements. Since the Commission provides services almost entirely to the Town and due to the significance of the fiscal dependency relationship, it has been blended with the Town's financial statements.

The accounting policies of the Town of Benton, Louisiana, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

(A) Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/retained earnings, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are summarized by type in the financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the Town:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Town are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Town's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending measurement focus; that is, the measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the Town's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds at December 31, 1999 consisted of two Louisiana Community Development Block Grants and an One Cent Sales Tax - Streets.

<u>Debt: Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The Debt Service Fund receives a portion of sales taxes paid to the Town.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the Town's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a capital maintenance measurement focus; that is, the measurement focus is upon determination of net income. The following proprietary fund is maintained by the Town:

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations (A) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (B) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town's Enterprise Fund is the Department of Water, Sewerage and Solid Waste Disposal.

The Department of Water, Sewerage and Solid Waste Disposal is operated as a self-sustaining utility of the Town and is responsible for providing the residents of the Town of Benton, Louisiana, with water, sewerage treatment and solid waste disposal.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the Town's general fixed assets and general long-term obligations. The following are the Town's account groups:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the Town, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

General Long-Term Obligation Account Group - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the Town other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

(B) Fixed Assets and Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets and long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. This reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations (general fixed assets) are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, rather than in governmental funds. Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems are not capitalized along with other general fixed assets. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets, nor has interest been capitalized.

All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

accounted for in the General Long-Term Obligation Account Group, not in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities accounted for in the General Long-Term Obligation Account Group are retired from the General Fund and Debt Service Funds while long-term liabilities accounted for in the proprietary funds are retired from the respective funds in which they are recorded.

The two account groups are not "funds." They are concerned only with the measurement of financial position. They are not involved with measurement of results of operations.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as liabilities in the General Long-Term Obligation Account Group.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets (including fixed assets) and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by a proprietary fund is charged as an expense against its operations. Depreciation recognized on fixed assets acquired through intergovernmental grants, entitlements, or shared revenues externally restricted to capital acquisitions is allocated to contributed capital, while depreciation on fixed assets acquired with proprietary fund resources is allocated to retained earnings.

Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	15-50 years
Water reservoir and treatment plant	10-40 years
Transmission and distribution system	10-40 years
Equipment	3-10 years

(C) Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by all governmental funds (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds). Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: (1) accumulated unpaid vacation, sick pay, and other employee amounts which are not accrued; and (2) principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Town; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, charges for general governmental services, fines and penalties, and miscellaneous other revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

The accrual basis of accounting is used by the Proprietary Fund. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The Town applies all applicable Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins.

(D) BUDGETARY DATA

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. The Mayor prepares a proposed budget and submits same to the Board of Aldermen no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. The budget ordinance is structured such that revenues are budgeted by source and appropriations are budgeted by department and by principal object of expenditure. The Board of Aldermen may revise or amend the budget at its discretion during legally convened sessions. Management may amend the budget only below the department level. Amendments to the budget were made and adopted by the Board of Aldermen during 1999.
- 6. The Town utilizes formal budgetary integration as a management control device for the General, Special Revenue and Capital Project Funds. The process is not employed for the Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is achieved through general bond indenture provisions.

(E) ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances since the commitments will be honored through subsequent years' budget appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

(F) <u>INVENTORIES</u>

Inventories of expendable supplies, repair materials, spare parts, etc. whose value at December 31, 1999 is estimated to be immaterial by management and is, therefore, not recorded on the Balance Sheet of the appropriate funds.

(G) REFUNDABLE DEPOSITS

The Department of Water, Sewerage and Solid Waste Disposal of the Town of Benton requires that its customers place a deposit before service is rendered. These monies are restricted by Town ordinance and are on deposit at an area financial institution in a restricted account.

(H) CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions recorded in the Department of Water, Sewerage and Solid Waste Disposal include amounts advanced for aid in construction and other expenses paid or incurred on behalf of these funds by the Town of Benton-General Fund and Capital Projects Funds, various Federal and State grants-in-aid of construction, and other contributions-in-aid of construction primarily from contractors and developers. The contributions or grants-in-aid of construction received do not reduce the cost basis of the respective assets acquired. Such contributions and grants are charged currently with the depreciation of the respective assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(I) VACATION

Town employees are granted vacation in varying amounts. The maximum allowable accumulation of vacation is up to 20 working days. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days up to the maximum allowable accumulation. Accumulated vacation is estimated to be immaterial by management and is, therefore, not accrued.

(J) COMPARATIVE TOTAL DATA

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying combined financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Town's financial position and operations. However, comparative data (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type) have not been presented in each of the statements, since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Certain amounts relating to prior years have been reclassified in the accompanying financial statements in order to conform with the current year presentation.

(K) TOTAL COLUMNS ON COMBINED STATEMENTS

Total columns on the Combined Statements are captioned Memorandum Only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

(L) PENSION PLANS

All employees of the Town of Benton are covered either by the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana or Municipal Police Employees Retirement System. Also, all employees of the Town of Benton are covered by the Federal Social Security System.

(M) RESERVES

Use of the term "Reserve" in describing governmental fund "Fund Balances" indicates that a portion of the fund balance is not appropriable for expenditures or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

(N) INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the Town, are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed. Operating transfers to the appropriate funds are distinguished from revenues, (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

expenses or expenditures in the financial statements. These transfers are reported in the "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" section in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance (governmental funds) and in the "Operating Transfers" section in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in retained earnings (proprietary funds).

(O) PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are normally levied in November of each year and are due on or before December 31. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

The Town currently levies the maximum tax allowed by State statutes and the Louisiana Constitution for general governmental services other than taxes for special purposes or the payment of long-term debt. The Town is permitted to levy taxes up to 10% of the assessed property valuation for each specified purpose for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt after approval by the voters of the Town.

(P) GRANTS FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

Federal and state governmental agencies represent an important source of supplementary funding to finance housing, employment and construction programs, and other activities beneficial to the community. These funds, primarily in the form of grants, are recorded in the General, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds. A grant receivable is recorded when the Town has a right to reimbursement under the related grant. The grants normally specify the purpose for which the funds may be used and are subject to audit by the granting agency or its representative.

(Q) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Town considers cash in operating bank accounts, cash on hand and certificates of deposit (including restricted assets) as cash and cash equivalents.

(R) POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Town provides no post retirement benefits to its employees.

(2) CASH

A)] deposits of the Town are held in area financial institutions. At December 31, 1999, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$3,750,932 and the bank balance was \$3,684,501. This difference is due to the significant outstanding checks at December 31, 1999. All deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held in the Town's name by the trust department of the pledging banks.

The Town maintains separate cash accounts for each fund of the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Town's deposits at year-end were entirely covered by Federal Depository insurance or by collateral held by the Town's pledging banks in the Town's name.

(3) AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXES

The Town levies taxes on real and business personal property located within its boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the Town on property values assessed by the Bossier Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission. Total assessed value was \$4,388,010 and \$4,237,570 in 1999 and 1998, respectively. Property taxes are recorded as receivables and revenues in the year assessed. An allowance for doubtful accounts for uncollectible taxes is estimated to be immaterial by management and is, therefore, not accrued.

The distribution of the Town's levy (tax rate per \$1,000 assessed value) was as follows for 1999 and 1998:

	<u>pe</u> .	УY
	1999	1998
General Fund - Unrestricted	7.23	7.23
Restricted	4.96	4,96

A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every 4 years. A revaluation was completed for the tax roll of January 1, 1996.

Ad valorem property taxes paid under protest are deposited into a restricted bank account and total \$2,208 for the period ended December 31,1999.

(4) FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance			Balance
	January 1,			December 31,
	1999	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	1999
Land	\$ 192,102	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 192,102
Buildings	616,511	- 0 -	- () -	616,511
Equipment	408,869	37,660	<u> - 0 -</u>	446,529
Total General				
Fixed Assets	\$ <u>1,217,482</u>	\$ <u>37,660</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,255,142</u>
				(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A summary of proprietary fund property, plant and equipment at December 31, 1999 and 1998 follows:

	1999	1998	
Department of Water:			
Land	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	
Distribution System	1,464,451	1,369,218	
	1,466,451	1,371,218	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(454,790)	(416,300)	
Total Department of Water	1,011,661	<u>954,918</u>	
Department of Sewerage:			
Land	18,000	18,000	
Sewer Treatment System	1,899,327	<u>1,525,704</u>	
	1,917,327	1,543,704	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(530,564</u>)	(488,391)	
Total Department of Sewerage	1,386,763	1,055,313	
Department of Solid Waste Disposal	l. :		
Equipment	18,324	18,324	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(15,639)	(13,788)	
Total Department of			
Solid Waste Disposal	2,685	4,536	
Total Proprietary Fund Type	\$ <u>2,401,109</u>	\$ <u>2,014,767</u>	

(5) LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in general long term obligations.

	Revenue	<u> Total</u>
Debt Payable at January 1, 1999	\$ 450,000	\$ 450,000
Debt Retired - Serial Bonds	(25,000)	(25,000)
Bonds Payable at December 31, 1999	\$ <u>425,000</u>	\$ <u>425,000</u> (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following is a summary of all revenue bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 1999.

Bonds Payable at January 1, 1999

\$ 860,000

New Issue

500,000

Debt Retired - Serial Bonds

(35,000)

Bonds Payable at December 31, 1999

\$1,325,000

In addition to \$35,000 of debt retired, the Town paid \$52,633 in interest and fiscal charges in 1999.

Debts Payable at December 31, 1999 are comprised of the following issues:

Revenue Bonds - Applicable to General Town Operations:

\$585,000 1990 public improvement sales tax bonds due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$55,000 through July 1, 2010; interest at 7.00% to 12.00%; callable on or after July 1, 1997

\$ 425,000

Revenue Bonds - Applicable to Water and Sewer Operations:

\$410,000 1998 sewer improvement sales tax bonds due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$35,000 through February 1, 2018; interest at 7.00% to 5.00%; callable on or after February 1, 2008

400,000

\$500,000 1999 utilities revenue bonds due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$35,000 through October 1. 2024; interest at 8.00% to 5.15%; callable on or after October 1, 2009

500,000

Total Revenue Bonds

\$<u>1,325,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31,1999, including interest payments of \$889,683 are as follows:

	Sales	Sales	Revenue	
Year Ending	Tax Bond	Tax Bond	Tax Bond	
December 31,	Series 1990	<u>Series 1998</u>	Series 1999	Total
2000	\$ 55,295	\$ 30,170	\$ 38,750	\$ 124,215
2001	53,545	29,480	38,175	121,200
2002	56,795	33,668	37,600	128,063
2003	54,695	32,745	37,025	124,465
2004	57,565	31,864	36,450	125,879
2005 - 2009	295,440	161,274	191,900	648,614
2010 and thereafter	58,960	304,049	<u>579,238</u>	942,247
Totals	\$ <u>632,295</u>	\$ <u>623,250</u>	\$ <u>959,138</u>	\$ <u>2,214,683</u>

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The Town is in substantial compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The Debt Service Fund has been dedicated revenues from proceeds from the Town's sales tax revenues, to the extent of current year debt service requirements for retirement of the Sales Tax Bonds Series 1990. In 1999, the total sales taxes dedicated to the Debt Service Fund amounted to \$80,291.

In January 1998, the Town issued \$410,000 in Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, for sewer improvements. The debt is to be serviced by proceeds from the one-half cent sewer sales tax. Principal and interest paid in 1999 were \$10,000 and \$20,870, respectively.

In October, 1999, the Town issued \$500,000 in Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, for sewer improvements. The debt is to be serviced by proceeds from a rate increase in sewer charges to the customers discharging into the system.

State law allows a maximum of 10% of assessed valuation of bonded debt for any one purpose or 35% of the total assessed value for all purposes. The Town's assessed property value at December 31, 1999 is \$4,388,010, the maximum debt allowable for any one purpose and total debt allowable by state law as of December 31, 1999 is \$438,801 and \$1,535,804. The Town currently has no general bonded debt outstanding. Therefore, at December 31, 1999, the Town has a debt margin of \$1,535,804 available for issuance pursuant to the 35% limitation.

(6) SALES TAX

The General Fund and Special Revenue Fund accounts for the collection of a one cent sales and use tax each and the distribution of these taxes to other funds of the Town. Also, the enterprise fund accounts for an one-half cent sales and use tax dedicated for sewer system improvements and upkeep. For financial reporting purposes, sales taxes are recorded as revenue in the General, Special Revenue and Enterprise Funds net of collection expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In 1989, the voters approved the issuance of public improvement bonds and rededicated the proceeds from the original one cent sales tax to pay any balance due to service the annual debt not covered by an additional one cent sales tax approved in conjunction with the bonds. Any remaining proceeds are used to pay general operating expenses of the Town.

In 1989, an additional one cent sales tax was approved by the voters. This revenue, net of expenses incurred in collecting the tax, is to be used for scheduled monthly payments to the Debt Service Fund for debt service requirements, the remaining amount if any, is to be used for street and drainage improvements.

In 1990, a half cent sales tax was approved by the voters for the purpose of paying for improvements to and the upkeep of the Sewer System within the Town.

In 1989 and effective January 1, 1990, the Town entered into an agreement with the City of Bossier City, Louisiana for the City of Bossier City, Louisiana to collect and distribute to the Town it's two and one-half cent sales and use tax. The City of Bossier City, Louisiana charges 1% of the sales tax collected for these services.

(7) SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Louisiana Community Development Block Grant Fund -

In 1988, the Town completed a comprehensive Community Development Block Grant from the Department of Housing and Urban development. A portion of this grant was used to rehabilitate housing for the Town's citizens. Eligible citizens of the Town made application for these rehabilitation funds and received either direct grants or loans. As the loans are being paid back to the Town, the loan proceeds are being accounted for in the fund, as the monies are restricted by the original grant contract and must be used for eligible expenses as defined by the grant contract. Mortgage liens are attached to the property upon which the rehabilitation work was performed. An allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated to be immaterial by management and is, therefore, not accrued. Bad debts are charged to expense in the year that the account is determined to be non-collectable. There were no such charge-offs in 1999.

In 1999, the Town applied for and received a grant funded by the Louisiana Community Development Block Grant program to fund repairs and replacement of equipment to the Town's water distribution system.

One Cent Sales Tax - Streets -

In 1989, a one cent sales tax was approved for the retirement of the 1990 Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds with any excess funds to be used for street and drainage improvements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(8) CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

Changes in contributed capital for the year ended December 31, 1999, are as follows:

Department of Water, Sewerage

and Solid Waste Disposal: Balance at January 1,

\$1,454,583

Contributions

92,845

Amounts charged to contribution account for depreciation

(49,596)

Balance at December 31,

\$1,497,832

(9) RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

Employees of the Town are members of the state retirement system for municipal employees. Contributions to the system are made by both employees and the Town as a percentage of salaries. The Town contributed \$16,291 to this system during 1999 as its share of contributions. Future deficits in the system will be financed by the State and the Town has no further liability to the system. Data concerning the actuarial status of the system are not available. Also, the employees of the Town are members of the Social Security System.

(10) LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Town has committed to a monthly operating lease agreement for office equipment as of December 31, 1999. The total rental expense for 1999 was \$4,797.

(11) OTHER REQUIRED FUND DISCLOSURES

(A) Interfund Receivables and Payables

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 1999 are as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund	
Fund	<u>Receivables</u>	Payables	
General	\$ 3,747	\$ 60,120	
Special Revenue	- O -	3,747	
Enterprise	60,120	-0-	
	\$ <u>63,867</u>	\$ <u>63,867</u>	(Continued)
			,0004

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(B) Segments of Enterprise Activities

There is one service provided by the Town which is financed by user charges - water, sewer, and solid waste disposal. The key financial data for the year ended December 31, 1999 for the services are as follows:

Operating Revenues Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 841,504 35,002
Operating Expenses: Depreciation	<u>876,506</u> 81,832
Other	<u>704,252</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ <u>172,254</u>
Net Income	\$ <u>320,205</u>
Contributions Received	\$92,845
Assets	\$ <u>5,204,211</u>
Fund Equity	\$ <u>4,187,271</u>
Net Working Capital	\$ <u>990,728</u>
Acquisition of Property, Plant, Equipment and	
Completed Projects Construction In Progress	377,789
Balance at January 1, 1999 1999 Costs Incurred Coata Transformed to	248,512 220,178
Costs Transferred to Completed Projects	(372,430)
Balance at December 31, 1999	\$ <u>96,261</u>

(C) Operating Transfers

A reconciliation of operating transfers are as follows:

	Operating Transfers		
	<u>1n</u>	Out	
General Fund	\$ 111,898	\$ -0-	
Special Revenue Fund			
One Cent Sales Tax - Streets	O -	168,055	
Debt Service Fund			
Sales Tax Fund	<u>56,157</u>	- 0 -	
	\$ <u>168,055</u>	\$ <u>168,055</u>	
		(Continued)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(12) Fund Deficits and Budget Comparisons

For those funds for which a budget to actual comparison was made, actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures on a line item basis for the year ended December 31, 1999, are as follows:

			Unfavorable
Fund	Budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund:			
General Government	\$ 173,500	\$ 178,312	\$ (4,812)
Streets and Drainage	156,760	160,293	(3,533)

(13) Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Town is defendant in various legal actions most of which are adequately covered by insurance. Resolution of some cases could involve liability to the Town in excess of insurance limits if the courts find in favor of the plaintiffs. In the opinion of the Town's attorney, the Town's ultimate exposure is unknown at this time. It is the policy of the Town to pay uninsured judgements against the Town on a current basis from the excess of revenues over expenditures.

Revenues from the State of Louisiana

The general fund receives various revenues from the State of Louisiana including eigarette tax and beer tax. Financial difficulties at the State level may result in the reduction or elimination of certain revenues to be received by the Town.

Construction Projects

There are certain projects in progress at December 31, 1999. These include various phases of projects associated with water and sewer system improvements.

In January 1998, the Town issued \$410,000 in sales tax revenue bonds to fund various projects within the Town's corporate limits. At December 31, 1999, \$140,052 of the \$410,000 remained in a restricted bank account to be expended towards completion of these projects.

In October, 1999, the Town issued \$500,000 in utilities revenue bonds to fund the reconstruction of the Palmetto Park oxidation pond at a total estimated cost of \$675,000. At December 31, 1999, \$490,592 of the \$500,000 remained in a restricted bank account to be expended towards the completion of this project.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND AND ACCOUNT GROUP STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- GENERAL FUND
- SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
- DEBT SERVICE FUND
- CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 1999 and 1998

ASSETS		
	1999	1998
Current Assets:	\$ 667,583	\$ 490,249
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Receivables:		
Ad Valorem Taxes	18,486	10,326
Other	24,152	- 0 -
Due from Other Funds:		
Special Revenue Fund	3,747	<u>3,747</u>
-		
Total Current Assets	\$ <u>713,968</u>	\$ <u>504,322</u>
Restricted Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,208	1,203
Total Restricted Assets	2,208	<u>1,203</u>
	A	A
Total Assets	\$ <u>716,176</u>	\$ <u>505,525</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
an		
Liabilities:	č 17 042	č 12 710
Accounts Payable	\$ 17,042	\$ 13,719
Due to Other Funds:	60,120	63_,774
Utility Fund	00,1.20	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	77,162	77,493
LOCAL DIADILICIES	11,102	
Fund balance:		
rung barance:	ال العالم ا العالم العالم	400 000

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

Total Liabilities and Fund Balance

Undesignated

Total Fund Balance

639,014

639,014

\$ 736,176

428,032

428,032

\$ 505,525

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended December 31, 1999 With Comparative Actual Figures for Year Ended December 31, 1998

1999 Variance -Favorable 1998 <u>Budget</u> Actual_ (Unfavorable) Actual Revenues: Taxes:

raxes:				
Ad Valorem	\$ 53,500	\$ 53,579	\$ 79	\$ 51,609
Sales	164,830	182,988	18,158	167,932
Utility	23,150	23,604	454	26,194
Franchise	6,000	6,563	563	6,742
Licenses and Permits	87,950	88,298	348	82,657
Intergovernmental:		•		·
Police Jury	3,200	3,200	~ O ~	3,200
Tobacco Taxes	10,650	10,649	(1)	10,649
Beer Tax	6,900	7,106	206	6,168
Federal Emergency				·
Management Agency	127,900	127,893	(7)	- 0 -
Fines and Forfeits	119,660	123,066	3,406	65,816
Interest	13,240	16,400	3,160	17,203
Miscellaneous	14,000	14,703	<u>703</u>	10,036
Total Revenues	630,980	<u>658,049</u>	27,069	448,206
Expenditures:				
General Government	173,500	170 212	(4 010)	3.43 0.00
Public Safety - Police	186,351	178,312	(4,812)	141,088
Streets and Drainage	156,760	182,043 160,293	4,308	126,308
Maintenance	42,075	$\frac{38,317}{}$	(3,533)	132,897
name chance	<u> </u>	30,317	3,758	46,582
Total Expenditures	<u>558,686</u>	<u>558,965</u>	(279)	446,875
Excess of Revenues				
over Expenditures	72,294	99,084	26,790	1,331
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	:			
Operating Transfers In	111,898	111,898	- O -	100,125
Total Other Financing				<u></u>
Sources (Uses)	111,898	111,898	- 0 -	100,125
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue	S			<u></u>
and Other Sources over				
Expenditures and Other Uses	184,192	210,982	26,790	101,456
Fund Balances at				·
Beginning of Year	428,032	428,032	- 0 -	326,576
Fund Balances at End of				
Year	\$ <u>612,224</u>	\$ <u>639,014</u>	\$ <u>26,790</u>	\$ <u>428,032</u>

See accompanying notes to combined financial statements.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Louisiana Community Development Block Grant - To account for the receipt and subsequent expenditures of funds received from the loans made under the Community Development Block Grant.

Louisiana Community Development Block Grant - To account for the receipt and subsequent expenditures of funds received for the replacement on equipment used in the Town's water system.

One Cent Sales Tax - Streets - To account for the receipt and subsequent expenditures of funds received from a one cent sales tax for the retirement of debt, maintenance and construction of the Town's streets.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 1999 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 1998

	Develops	a Community ment Block : Fund	One Cent		
	Housing	Water	Sales Tax	To	<u>stals</u>
	Rehab	System	Streets	1999	1998
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable -	\$ 64,562	\$ -0-	\$ 276,011	\$ 340,573	\$ 334,781
Bossier City/Parish Sales Tax	-0-	- 0 -	19,889	1.9,889	-0-
Notes Receivable	5,016	<u>-0-</u>	-0-	5,016	8,315
Total Assets	\$ <u>69,578</u>	\$	\$ 295,900	\$ <u>365,478</u>	\$ <u>343,096</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Due to Other Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 3,747	\$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>3,747</u>	3,747
Total Liabilities	3,747	-0-	-0-	3,747	3,747
Fund Balances - Unxeserved Designated for Housing					
Rehabilitation Designated for Streets	65,831	<u>-0-</u>	-0-	65,831	64,409
and Drainage Improvements	-0-	-0-	295,900	295,900	274,940
Total Fund Balance	65,831	-0-	295,900	361,731	339,349
Total Liabilities	6 (0.500	A A	A 001 000	A 5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
and Fund Balance	\$69,578	\$	\$ 295,900	\$ <u>365,478</u>	\$ <u>343,096</u>

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 1999 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 1998

	Louisiana Developme <u>Grant</u> Housing	nt Block	One Cent Sales Tax	<u>Tot.</u>	<u>a]s</u>
	Rehab	System	Streets	1999	1998
Revenues: Sales Tax Interest Income Intergovernmental	\$ -0- 1,422 -0-	- 0- - 0- 92,845	\$ 182,988 6,027 -0-	\$ 182,988 7,449 92,845	\$ 167,931 7,650
Total Revenues	1,422	92,845	189,015	283,282	175,581
Expenditures: General Government Water System	- 0 -	-0-	- 0 -	-0-	- 0 -
Construction	-0-	92,845	<u>- 0 -</u>	92,845	-0-
Total Expenditures	<u>-0-</u>	92,845	-0-	92,845	- 0 -
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	1,422	- 0	189,015	190,437	175,581
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	- 0 - - 0 -	- 0 - - 0 -	-0- (168,055)	-0- (168,055)	-0- (155,325)
Recovery of Bad Debts	-0-	- 0 -	-0-	- 0 -	- 0 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-0-	<u>-0-</u>	(168,055)	(168,055)	(155,325)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other					
Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	1,422	-0-	20,960	22,382	20,256
Fund Balance at	_ ·				
Reginning of Year	64,409	-0-	274,940	339,349	<u>319,093</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 65,831	\$ <u></u>	\$ 295,900	\$ <u>361,731</u>	<u>339,349</u>

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The sales tax fund is financed by a portion of sales taxes paid to the Town.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA DEBT SERVICE FUND STREET SALES TAX DEBT SERVICE FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
ASSETS		
Cash And Cash Equivalents	\$ 80,291	\$ <u>79,120</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>80,291</u>	\$ <u>79,120</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities: Interest and Service Fee Payable	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Fund Balance: Reserved for Debt Service	<u>80,291</u>	<u>79,120</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ <u>80,291</u>	\$ <u>79,120</u>

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA DEBT SERVICE FUND STREET SALES TAX DEBT SERVICE FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Year Ended December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
Revenues: Interest on Investments	\$ <u>1,777</u>	\$ <u>2,122</u>
Expenditures - Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,000 <u>31,763</u>	20,000 <u>33,300</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>56,763</u>	53,300
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(54,986)	<u>(51,178</u>)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In	<u>56,157</u>	<u>55,200</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>56,157</u>	<u>55,200</u>
Excess of Revenues and Other		
Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	1,171	4,022
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	79,120	75,098
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ <u>80,291</u>	\$ <u>79,120</u>

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). Brief descriptions of each fund follow:

Street Overlay Project Fund - This fund is used to account for expenditures associated with the street overlay project funded by the 1990 Public Improvement Sales Tax Bonds.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS STREET OVERLAY PROJECT

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
ASSETS		
Cash and		
Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>30,974</u>	\$ 30,331
Total Assets	\$ <u>30,974</u>	\$ 30,331
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	\$0-
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund Balances:		
Unreserved:		
Designated for Subsequent Year		
Expenditures	30,974	30,331
Total Fund Balances	30,974	30,331
Total Liabilities		
and Fund Balances	\$ <u>30,974</u>	\$ <u>30,331</u>

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STREET OVERLAY PROJECT

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
Revenues:		
Interest	\$ <u>643</u>	\$ <u>774</u>
Total Revenues	643	774
Expenditures		
Project Expenditures		
and Engineering Fees	- O -	-0-
Bank Service Charges	<u> </u>	0-
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	-0-
Excess (Deficiency)		
of Revenues Over		
Expenditures	<u>643</u>	774
Other Financing		
Sources (Uses) -		
Operating Transfers In:		
General Fund	- O -	- 0 -
Enterprise Fund	- 0 -	- 0 -
Operating Transfers Out:		
General Fund	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing		
Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of		
Revenues and Other		
Sources Over		
Expenditures	643	774
Fund Balance at		
Beginning of Year	30,331	29,557
Fund Balance at		
End of Year	\$ 30,974	\$ <u>30,331</u>

PROPRIETARY	FUNDS
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ENTERPRISE FUND

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the water, sewer and solid waste disposal services to residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The Enterprise Fund reported in this section is the Department of Water, Sewerage, and Solid Waste Disposal.

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Customers Bossier City/Parish Sales Tax Due from Other Funds: General Fund	\$ 836,291 73,905 9,944 <u>60,120</u>	\$ 817,394 54,197 -0-
Total Current Assets	980,260	<u>935,365</u>
Restricted assets: Capital Additions Contingency - Cash and Cash Equivalents Customers' Deposits - Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Restricted Assets	1,599,173 <u>127,408</u> <u>1,726,581</u>	1,088,911 120,830 1,209,741
Property, Plant and Equipment: Plant and Equipment, at Cost	3,402,101	2,933,246
Less-Accumulated Depreciation	(1,000,992)	(918,479)
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	2,401,109	2,014,767
Other Assets Construction in progress	<u>96,261</u>	<u>248,513</u>
Total Other Assets	96,261	248,513
Total Assets	\$ <u>5,204,211</u>	\$ <u>4,408,386</u> (Continued)

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 1999 and 1998

LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	1999	1998
Liabilities: Current Liabilities (Payable from Current Assets): Accounts Payable Total Current Liabilities (Payable from Current Assets)	\$ 39,743	\$ 148,528
Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets):	39,743	<u>148,528</u>
Customers' Refundable Deposits Current Portion Of Long Term Debt Total Current Liabilities	77,197 20,000	73,177 10,000
(Payable from Restricted Assets)	97,197	<u>83,177</u>
Long Term Debt	880,000	400,000
Total Liabilities	1,016,940	631,705
Fund Equity: Contributed Capital: Municipality Other Government Agencies Subdividers	18,701 1,359,881 	22,902 1,309,333 <u>122,348</u>
Total Contributed Capital Retained Earnings:	1,497,832	1,454,583
Reserved for Revenue Bond Requirements	68,920	20,870
Reserved for Capital Additions Unreserved	875,990 <u>1,744,529</u>	769,689 <u>1,531,539</u>
Total Retained Earnings Total Fund Equity	<u>2,689,439</u> <u>4,187,271</u>	2,322,098
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 5,204,211	3,776,681 \$4,408,386

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for Services:	A	4
Metered Water Sales	\$ 515,877	\$ 540,176
Sewerage Service Charges	195,318	172,340
Solid Waste Disposal Service Charges	79,416	75,085
Customer Billing Service Charge	<u>50,893</u>	49,388
	841,504	836,989
Miscellaneous Revenues	35,002	31,531
Total Revenues	<u>876,506</u>	868,520
Operating Expenses:		
Personal Services	171,079	147,403
Purchase of Water	238,150	237,442
Supplies	11,991	11,784
Utilities	18,957	20,249
Repairs and Maintenance	67,629	45,736
Contractual Services		
and Tipping Fees	73,766	68,757
Miscellaneous	40,848	26,296
Depreciation	81,832	72,784
Total Expenses	704,252	630,451
Operating Income (Loss)	172,254	238,069
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Grant Revenue	25,000	25,000
Interest Income	51,670	55,460
Interest Expense	(20,870)	(10,910)
Sales Taxes	92,151	83,309
Operating Transfers Out	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Nonoperating		
Revenues (Expenses)	<u>147,951</u>	152,859
Net Income	320,205	390,928
Amounts charged to Contribution Accounts -		
Depreciation on Contributed Assets	49,596	47,276
Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year	2,322,098	1,883,894
Prior Period Adjustment	(2,460)	-0-
Retained Earnings at End of Year	\$ <u>2,689,439</u>	\$ <u>2,322,098</u>

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating Net Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	\$ 172,254	\$ 238,069
Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Accounts	81,832	72,784
Receivable - Customers Increase (Decrease) in	(29,652)	1,937
Accounts Payable (Increase) Decrease in	(108,785)	122,993
Due from Other Funds Increase in Customers'	3,654	1,889
Refundable Deposits	4,020	4,308
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	123,323	441,980
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Sales Tax Collected	92,151	83,309
Operating Transfers Out	-0-	-0-
Grant Revenue	<u>25,000</u>	25,000
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital		
Financing Activities	<u>117,151</u>	108,309
Cash Flows from Capital and		
Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition and Construction		
of Capital Assets	(225,537)	(429,567)
Proceeds from Sale of Revenue Bonds Interest Paid of Revenue Bonds	490,000 <u>(20,870</u>)	410,000 <u>(10,910</u>)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities	243,593	(30,477)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Income	51,670	55,460
Net Cash Provided by		
Investing Activities	51,670	55,460
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	535,737	575,272
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,027,135	1,451,863
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ <u>2,562,872</u>	\$ <u>2,027,135</u>

ACCOUNT GROUPS

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GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the Town, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds. Capital outlays in funds other than the proprietary funds are recorded as expenditures of those funds at the time of purchase and are subsequently recorded, at cost, for control purposes in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for municipalities, depreciation is not recorded in general fixed assets.

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TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS - BY SOURCE December 31, 1999 and 1998

	1999	1998
General Fixed Assets:		
Land Building Equipment	\$ 192,102 616,511 <u>446,529</u>	\$ 192,102 616,511 408,869
Total General Fixed Assets	\$ <u>1,255,142</u>	\$ <u>1,217,482</u>
Investment in General Fixed Assets:		
General Fund Revenues Federal Revenue Sharing Other Governmental Source Enterprise Fund Revenues	\$1,126,213 7,067 115,959 <u>5,903</u>	\$1,088,553 7,067 115,959 5,903
Total Investment in General Fixed Assets	\$ <u>1,255,142</u>	\$ <u>1,217,482</u>

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS For the Year ended December 31, 1999

	Land	Buildings	<u>Equipment</u>	Total
General Fixed Assets January 1, 1999 Additions:	\$ <u>192,102</u>	\$ 616,511	\$ <u>408,869</u>	\$ <u>1,217,482</u>
General Fund Revenues	-0-	-0-	37,660	37,660
Total Additions	<u> </u>	<u>~ 0 -</u>	37,660	37,660
Deletions: General Fund Revenues	<u> </u>	-0-	- 0	<u>- 0 -</u>
Total Deletions	-0-	-0-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
General Fixed Assets December 31, 1999	\$ <u>192,102</u>	\$ <u>616,511</u>	\$ 446,529	\$ <u>1,255,142</u>

GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACCOUNT GROUP

This account group represents a summary of all general obligation debt of the Town.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 1999

		December 31, 1998	Additions		Payments/ Reductions		December 31, 1999
Amount Available in Debt Service Funds	\$	79,120	\$ 1,171	\$	- 0 -	\$	80,291
Amount to be Provided for Retirement of General Long Term Debt		<u>370,880</u>	 <u>- 0 -</u>	*****	<u> 26,171</u>	•	344,709
	\$_	<u>450,000</u>	\$ 1,171	\$_==	<u> 26,171</u>	\$_	425,000
Long-term Obligations Payable: Revenue Bonds Payable- General Town					25 222		
Operations	<u></u>	450,000	 -0-	 .	25,000	_	425,000
	\$_	450,000	\$ <u>- 0 -</u>	\$_==	<u>25,000</u>	\$_	425,000

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE

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TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID THE MAYOR AND BOARD OF ALDERMEN For the Year Ended December 31, 1999

By state law, the compensation and per diem for the mayor and board of aldermen is to be established by ordinance. The aldermen's compensation can only change at the beginning of a new term in office and must be established at least six months prior to the beginning of the term. A schedule of salaries and expenses paid to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen is as follows:

	_ <u>S</u> a	<u>Salaries</u>		
Mayor: Carl Janzen Board of Aldermen:	\$	16,122		
Thelma Harry		2,175		
Zella Mayfield		2,175		
Charles Carraway		2,175		
Elizabeth Knotts		2,175		
John Barnette		2,175		
	\$	26,997		

OTHER REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET CIRCULAR A-128

James T. Bates

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDIT STANDARDS

To The Honorable Carl F. Janzen, Mayor and Honorable Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Benton, Louisiana

I have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Town of Benton, Louisiana as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, and have issued my report thereon dated June 23, 2000. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

<u>Compliance</u>

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Benton, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Town of Benton, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level

the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. I noted no matters involving control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 23, 2000

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA Benton, Louisian

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 1998

There were no findings or management letter comments for the prior audit period ending December 31, 1998.

Schedule of Current Period Audit Findings

A. Summary of Audit Results

- A. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion of the general purpose financial statements of the Town of Benton, Louisiana.
- B. No reportable conditions are reported in the Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the general purpose financial statements of the Town of Benton, Louisiana were disclosed during the audit.
- D. The Town of Benton, Louisiana does not have a major federal award program.

B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit

None

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA Benton, Louisiana

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For Louisiana Legislative Auditor December 31, 1999

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

There were no findings or management letter comments in the previous audit for the year ended December 31, 1998.

TOWN OF BENTON, LOUISIANA Benton, Louisiana

Schedule of Current Audit Findings For Louisiana Legislative Auditor

Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings

There are no findings for the year ended December 31, 1999.

There is one management letter comment for the current audit period ending December 31, 1999.

Comment #1 - Utility Billing Operations

The utility billing software has within it various reports that should be reviewed and reconciled with the accounting records on a periodic basis. However, it was noted during the audit that this was not the case and that some of the reports were not up to date and had numerous duplications within them. Therefore, it is my recommendation that an employee not directly associated with the utility billing review these reports, verify that they being maintained current and reconciled with the accounting records.

Management's Response

The office staff has been rearranged, therefore allowing one of the employees to not be directly associated with the utility billing and allowing them additional time that can be utilized in reviewing the monthly reports generated by the billing system. A final review will be performed by the Town Clerk.

James T. Bates

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Management Letter

The Honorable Carl F Janzen, Mayor Town of Benton, Louisiana Benton, Louisiana

I have audited the general purpose financial statements and the combining, individual fund, and individual account group financial statements of the Town of Benton, Louisiana, (the Town), for the year ended December 31, 1999, and have issued my report thereon dated June 23, 2000. In planning and performing the audit of the general purpose financial statements of the Town, I considered its internal control over financial reporting in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting.

During the audit the following item was noted involving internal control over financial reporting and other operational matters which appear to merit your attention for consideration to improve the internal control or operations of the Town. These comments have been discussed with the appropriate members of management.

Utility Billing Operations

The utility billing software has within it various reports that should be reviewed and reconciled with the accounting records on a periodic basis. However, it was noted during my audit that several of the reports were not up to date and numerous duplications within them. Therefore, it is my recommendation that an employee not directly associated with the utility billing review the reports, verify that they are current and reconciled with the proper accounting records.

I express sincere thanks to the Town's personnel for the cooperation and assistance provided me during my audit. I am available to provide you assistance and consultation in the implementation of the above mentioned item. This letter is furnished solely for the use of management and is not intended to be used for any other purpose.

June 23, 2000