S. M.

LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR
2000 JUN 30 MM 10: 39

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LOUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND

OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

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John S. Dowling, CPA 1904-1984

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Frank McGee, Chief Judge Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund Opelousas, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Twenty-Seventh Judicial District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the judges, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund as of December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 7, 2000 on our consideration of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Prior Year Findings as required by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

John Dowling & Company
Opelousas, Louisiana

June 7,2000

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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FUND EXPENSE LOUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES
DECEMBER 31, 1999 COMBINED BALANCE

ALS	1998	\$149,203	8,17	13,660	,86	8,868	22,947	694,782		•	,01	17,747	0,71		27,906	274,803	4,298	1	2,555	6,87		694,782
TOTALS	(Memorandum 1999	ល្ស	ຸດຸເ	2,/98 10,841	,07	18,321	26,967	800,186		(Ó.	3,438 11,177	8,05		38,492	351,432	7,763		(1,947)	61,69		800,186
GROUPS GENERAL	LONG-TERM DEBT						\$26,967	26,967				\$11 575	05	· 4	96					-0-		26,957
ACCOUNT	GENERAL FIXED ASSETS				6,07	18,321		359, 195							-0-	\$351,432	7,763			359,195		359,195
GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	SPECIAL	83 83						33			\$1,986				1,986				(1,947)	(1,947)		39 statement.
GOVERN	GENERAL FUND	\$1,431	9,55	• •				413,985			40,	3,438			9,539				404.446	4,44		413,985 part of this
		Cash on hand Cash in bank	Investments, at cost	Due from Cheriff's Department	· .	Other structures and improvements Equipment and furniture		<u>Total assets</u>	LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	LIABILITIES	s payab	Payroll taxes payable Canital lease - Yerox	lease -	lease - Gatewa	<u>Total liabilities</u>	Investment in general fixed assels - Judicial Expense Fund	ted	;	Reserved for Parish Law Library Unreserved, undesignated	fund equity	Total liabilities and	<u>fund equity</u> The accompanying notes are an integral

LOUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

		MENTAL	TOTALS			
		TYPES				
	GENERAL	SPECIAL		andum Only)		
	<u>FUND</u>	REVENUE	<u> 1999</u>	<u> 1998</u>		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental						
Court cost collections from			422 015	466 050		
Clerk of Court	\$33,945		\$33,945	\$26,958		
Sheriff's Department	133,926		133,926	146,358		
Policy Jury	32,650		32,650	19,837		
Forfeitures	2,582		2,582			
Bail bond premiums	13,329		13,329	14,472		
Parish Law Library collections						
from District Attorney		\$2,500	2,500	2,500		
from Indigent Defender Board		9,000	9,000	9,000		
Fines	600		600			
Interest income	13,682	199	13,881	14,781		
Miscellaneous income	250	<u> 168 </u>	<u>418</u>	100		
Total revenues	<u>230,964</u>	<u>11,867</u>	<u>242,831</u>	<u>234,006</u>		
EXPENDITURES						
Judicial						
Current operating						
Insurance	1,078		1,078	515		
Office supplies	19,182		19,182	18,799		
Court reporters	1,046		1,046	2,400		
Transcripts	6,623		6,623	3,247		
Professional services	2,753		2,753	2,400		
Miscellaneous	3,611		3,611	1,719		
Wages	85,417		85,417	63,519		
Payroll taxes	6,894		6,894	4,947		
Seminars	1,025		1,025	459		
Telephone	14,666		14,666	8,848		
Equipment maintenance	12,618		12,618	4,404		
Internet	585		585	520		
Capital outlay	57,760	18,869	76,629	45,175		
Debt service						
Lease payments	8,502	<u> </u>	8,502	5,754		
Total expenditures	221,760	18,869	240,629	162,706		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	9,204	<u>(7,002</u>)	2,202	71,300		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Inception of lease	12,522		12,522	7,193		
Transfers in (out)	(2,500)	2,500				
Total other financing		· — — — —				
sources	10,022	2,500	12,522	7,193		
		 -				

Continued of next page.

LOUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	GOVERI	MENTAL		
	FUND	TYPES	TO'	TALS
	GENERAL	SPECIAL	(Memor	andum Only)
	FUND	REVENUE	1999	1998
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$19,226	\$(4,502)	\$14,724	\$78,493
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	385,220	<u>2,555</u>	<u> 387,775</u>	<u>309,282</u>
FUND BALANCE, end of year	404,446	(1,947)	402,499	387,775

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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LOUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND

OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET (CASH BASIS) AND ACTUAL -GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS 1999

DECEMBER

ENDED

YEAR

THE

FOR

(UNFAVORABLE) FAVORABLE <u>168</u> 367 \$199 VARIANCE REVENUE FUND \$2,500 199 867 SPECIAL \$2,500 11,500 BUDGET (UNFAVORABLE) \$7,843 (13,254) 17,650 2,582 829 1,979 1,354 (2,948) (353) (1,037) FAVORABLE 600 182 150 LIANCE 582 $\vec{\mathbf{H}}$ 7 VAR **│** ┌┤(⊣ 250 682 021 046 448 753 537 417 650 600 682 582 329 46 GENERAL 3 3 3 5 E ω ΕΙ \$32, 32, 2, 232 13 20,000 100 500 100 400 500 400 000 500 000 000 BUDGET 2,50 \$25, 150, 2000 15, 215, 12 12 Board Law Library Collections from Defender Attorney collections Sheriff's Department services expenditures premiums Court Current expendit
Insurance
Office supplies
Court reporter
Transcript
Professional se
Miscellaneous
Wages supplies Intergovernmental Indigent Jury District Total cellaneous Forfeitures cost ų O bond Police EXPENDITURES Clerk Interest Judicial Court from from Bail Parish REVENUES Fines Mis

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FUND JUDICIAL EXPENSE JUDICIAL DISTRICT LOUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH

LOUISIANA

BALANCE IN FUND AND CHANGES OPELCUSAS, LO EXPENDITURES, REVENUES, OF. STATEMENT

GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

(UNFAVORABLE) FAVORABLE VARIANCE FUND REVENUE ACTUAL SPECIAL BUDGET (UNFAVORABLE) FAVORABLE VARIANCE GENERAL FUND ACTUAL BUDGET

EXPENDITURES (Continued)						
Payroll taxes	\$7,500	\$5,345	\$2,155			
Seminar	200	1,025	(525)			
Utilities	10,000	₽-1	(4,105)			
Equipment maintenance	7,500	11,453	(3,953)			
Internet	750	585	165			
Capital outlay	32,000	44,253	(12,253)	\$18,000	\$17,973	\$27
Debt service						
Lease payments	7,500	8,502	(1,002)			
Total expenditures	197,550	203,568	(6,018)	18,000	17,973	27
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	17,550	29,114	11,564	(6,500)	(6,106)	394
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in (out)		(2,500)			2,500	
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> , beginning of year		373,732			3,645	
FUND BALANCE, end of year		400,346			39	

statement. this 470 part integral ದ್ದ are notes ccompanying

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund of St. Landry Parish have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of another entity for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 also states that a special purpose government is fiscally independent if it has the ability to complete certain essential fiscal events without substantive approval by a primary government. A special purpose government is fiscally independent if it has the authority to do all three of the following:

- a. Determine its budget without another government having the authority to approve and modify that budget.
- b. Levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by another government.
- c. Issue bonded debt without approval by another government.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>REPORTING ENTITY</u> (Continued)

The Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund was created by state statute individually and is governed by the four independently elected district judges. The Judicial Expense Fund is a special purpose government which is fiscally independent and therefore is not a component unit of any other governmental unit, including the police jury. The Judicial Expense Fund is fiscally independent because,

- a. The judges determine the budget for the Judicial Expense Fund and no other government has the authority to approve and/or modify the budget.
- b. The judges determine the amount of court costs to be levied in civil and criminal cases.
- The state statute which created the Judicial Expense Fund cite the type of expenditures which can be made out of the Fund and the judges determine these expenditures.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. On the other hand, an account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable financial resources.

Funds of the District are classified as governmental funds. Governmental funds account for the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursements of specific or legally restricted monies and the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets.

Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for contributions made to the Parish Law Library by the St. Landry Parish District Attorney, St. Landry Parish Indigent Defender Board and the Judicial Expense Fund.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

C. <u>FUND ACCOUNTING</u> (Continued)

Account Groups

The General Fixed Assets Account Group is established to account for all fixed assets of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund.

The General Long-term Debt Account Group is established to account for all long-term liabilities that are expected to be financed from governmental funds.

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The Judicial Expense Fund's records are maintained on a cash basis of accounting. However, the governmental fund type reported in the accompanying financial statements has been converted to a modified accrual basis of accounting utilizing the above practices.

Revenues consist primarily of court costs which are recognized when susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

Purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased, and inventories of such supplies, if any, are not recorded as assets at the close of the year, unless material. Expenditures for insurance and similar services which extend over more than one accounting period are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition.

E. <u>ENCUMBRANCES</u>

The Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund does not employ the encumbrance system of accounting.

LCUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1999

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. INVESTMENTS AND CASH

Louisiana statutes authorize the Judicial Expense Fund to invest in United States bonds, treasury notes or certificates, time certificates of deposit in state and national banks, or any other federally insured investment.

Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost, which approximates market.

G. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, rather than in governmental funds. These assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. All assets are maintained on the basis of historical cost and no depreciation is computed or recorded thereon. The Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund does not have public domain or infrastructure outlays. Interest costs on fixed assets have not been incurred. Fixed assets consist of acquisitions since 1987 for the Parish Law Library and equipment. Prior to 1987, the cost of the Parish Law Library was accounted for on the books of the Police Jury.

H. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annually, the Judicial Expense Fund prepares and adopts a budget for the General and Special Revenue Funds. Formal budget integration is not employed as part of the accounting system; however, routine budget comparisons are made prior to expending funds. Budgets are prepared on a cash basis of accounting and appropriations lapse at year-end. The budgeted amounts in the accompanying financial statements are in the original adopted budgets and subsequent adopted amendments. The revenues and expenditures shown on page 3 are reconciled with the amounts reflected on the budget comparison, as follows:

		General	Special Revenue
		<u>Fund</u>	Fund
<u>Revenues</u>			
Page	3 Revenues	\$230,964	\$11,867
Add:	Prior year intergovernmental		
	receivables	15,357	
Less	: Current year intergovernmental		
	receivables	<u>(13,639</u>)	
Page	5 Revenues	232,682	11,867
Expenditu	res		
Page	3 Expenditures	\$221,760	\$18,869
Add:	Prior year payables	3,869	1,090
bess	: Current year payables	(9,539)	(1,986)
	Capitalized leases	(12,522)	
Page	6 Expenditures	<u>203,568</u>	<u>17,973</u>

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (Continued)

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>
<u>Fund Balance</u>		
Page 4 Fund Balance, end of year	\$404,446	\$(1,947)
Add: Current year payables	9,539	1,986
Less: Current year receivables	<u>(13,639</u>)	
Page 6 Fund Balance, end of year	<u>400,346</u>	<u>39</u>

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Judicial Expense Fund does not provide its employees with accumulated vacation or sick leave.

J. RETIREMENT

The Judicial Expense Fund's employees contribute to the Social Security . System.

K. TOTAL COLUMNS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total columns on the financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. No consolidating entries or other eliminations were made in the aggregation of the totals; thus, they do not present consolidated information and do not purport to present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

L. COMPARATIVE DATA

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Judicial Expense Fund's financial position and operations.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 1999, the book balance of the Fund's deposits was \$398,955. The bank balances of checking accounts were \$58,081, in certificate of deposit accounts was \$239,553 and in savings accounts was \$106,033 at December 31, 1999. The cash and investments are fully collateralized by federal deposit insurance and/or by collateral pledged by the banks in the District's name.

3. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following fund reflected a deficit fund balance at December 31, 1999.

Special Revenue Fund

\$(1,947)

4. GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

The following is a summary of changes in the General Fixed Assets Account Group:

	Balance January 1, 1999	Contributed by State	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance December 31, 1999
Library	\$174,866		\$31,208		\$206,074
Other structures and improvements	8,868		9,454		18,322
Equipment and furniture	95,367	\$ <u>3,465</u>	<u>35,967</u>		134,799
<u>Totals</u>	<u>279,101</u>	<u>3,465</u>	76,629	<u>- 0 -</u>	<u>359,195</u>

5. COMPENSATION

The Chief Judge and the three other judges do not receive compensation from the Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund.

6. CAPITAL LEASES

As of December 31, 1998, the Judicial Expense Fund leased three copy machines, four phone systems and three laptop computers under agreements which are classified as capital leases. The capital leases provide that at the end of the leases the copying machines can be purchased for \$525 on one and \$500 on the other one. The capital leases for the phone systems provide that the phone systems can be purchased for \$1 at the end of the leases. The capital leases for the computers provide that the computers can be purchased for the fair market value at the end of the leases.

	Copy Machines	<u>Phone Systems</u>	<u>Computers</u>
Lease terms	48 months	60 months	36 months
Lease periods	Various	Various	Various
Assets capitalized	\$20,449	\$13,334	\$9,493
Monthly payments	416	222	264
Future minimum lease payments for years ended December 31,			
2000	\$4,987	\$2,666	\$3,164
2001	4,311	2,666	3,164
2002	1,917	2,329	1,010
2003	360	<u>393</u>	<u></u>
	<u>1</u> 1,575	<u>8,054</u>	7,338

RELATED REPORT

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Joel Lanclos, Jr., CPA Russell J. Stelly, CPA Chizal S. Fontenot, CPA James L. Nicholson, Jr., CPA G. Kenneth Pavy, II, CPA Darren J. Cart, CPA Michael A. Roy, CPA



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Frank McGee, Chief Judge Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund Opelousas, Louisiana

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated June 7, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

To the Louisiana Twenty-Seventh Judicial District Judicial Expense Fund Page 2

This report is intended for the information of the judges and the appropriate regulatory agency and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

John J. Dowling & Company
Opelousas, Louisiana

June 7,2000

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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LOUISIANA TWENTY-SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

SECTION I - INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

None

SECTION II - INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

A/N

SECTION III - MANAGEMENT LETTER

None