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# DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL REPORT

**DECEMBER 31, 1999** 

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 8-2-00



### Postlethwaite & Netterville

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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## DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 1999



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A Professional Accounting Corporation CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Doug Moreau
District Attorney of the Ninetcenth
Judicial District
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District, a component unit of the City-Parish of Baton Rouge, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Office of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District, as of December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 6, 2000, on our consideration of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Postlethwaite & netherally

April 6, 2000



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### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Doug Moreau
District Attorney of the Nineteenth
Judicial District
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999, and have issued our report thereon dated April 6, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the general purpose financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 99-1.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatement in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Postlethwait & netherill

April 6, 2000

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### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Doug Moreau
District Attorney of the Nincteenth
Judicial District
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1999. The District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 1999. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District Attorney of the Nincteenth Judicial District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be a material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being auditing may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and sederal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Postlethwaite & Methrilly

April 6, 2000



### COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUP DECEMBER 31, 1999

#### <u>ASSETS</u>

	Governmental Fund Type				Fiduciary Fund Type	
	General			Special		<del></del>
	Fund		Revenue Fund		Agency Funds	
			VOITAC T UTTA	<u> </u>	<u> unus</u>	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and certificates of deposit	\$	1,946,430		242,117	\$	38,780
Accounts receivable:						
Grants from Louisiana Department of Health						
and Hospitals		-		72,316		-
Other		51,166		_		_
Due from other funds		6,673		_		-
General fixed assets						
Total Assets	_\$	2,004,269	\$	314,433	<u>\$</u>	38,780
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	12		<u> </u>	- <del>-</del>		
Accounts payable	\$	31,542	\$	3,519	\$	_
Accrued compensated absences		43,555		11,221		-
Due to other funds		-		6,470		203
Due to other governmental units		-		5,367		38,577
Other liabilities		21,824		-		-
Total Liabilities	, <del>,,,,,,,,,,</del>	96,921		26,577		38,780
FUND EQUITY						
Investment in general fixed assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Fund balances:						
Unreserved - undesignated		1,907,348		287,856		
Total Fund Equity		1,907,348	<u></u>	287,856		_
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	2,004,269	\$	314,433	\$	38,780

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



Account Group General Fixed		Totals (Memorandum Only)				
	Assets		1999		1998	
		<del></del>		· · · · ·		
\$	-	\$	2,227,327	\$	1,879,549	
	_		72,316		106,652	
	_		51,166		89,704	
	-		6,673		3,576	
	1,330,551		1,330,551		1,336,795	
\$	1,330,551	\$	3,688,033	\$	3,416,276	
\$	 	\$	35,061 54,776 6,470 43,944 21,824	\$	67,345 53,239 3,576 31,881 14,044	
			162,075		170,085	
\$	1,330,551	\$	1,330,551 2,195,407 3,525,958	\$	1,336,795 1,909,396 3,246,191	
	1,550,551		5,525,756	<del></del>	J,2.70,171	
\$	1,330,551	\$	3,688,033	\$	3,416,276	

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

						To	tals	
	General		Special			(Memorandum Only)		
		Fund	Rev	cnue Fund		1999	<u> </u>	1998
REVENUES		<del>_</del>						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	568,841	\$	-	\$	568,841	\$	425,105
Interest		85,694		9,394		95,088		88,400
Intergovernmental revenue:								
Grants:								
Louisiana Department of Social Services		-		863,033		863,033		674,814
Incentive payments		16,001		-		16,001		141,054
City of Baton Rouge		3,066,794		_		3,066,794		2,913,121
State of Louisiana		1,203,735		_		1,203,735		1,301,277
Other:								
Check collection fees		216,585		_		216,585		229,036
Narcotic seizure fees		18,233		-		18,233		52,940
Other		679,584		9,450		689,034		396,846
Total Revenues		5,855,467		881,877		6,737,344		6,222,593
EXPENDITURES								
General Government:								
Current operating:								
Personnel service		4,717,014		738,271		5,455,285		5,273,561
Auto and equipment		222,944		16,763		239,707		206,686
Indirect costs		222,744		25,392		25,392		6,097
Supplies and office		75,514		11,883		87,397		101,862
Other		168,228		34,790		203,018		224,248
Capital outlay		440,737		34,750		440,737		•
•			·	927.000	~ <del></del>	_ <del> </del>		72,133
Total Expenditures		5,624,437	·==	827,099		6,451,536		5,884,587
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		231,030		54,778	<u></u>	285,808		338,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		40,011		-		40,011		15,553
Operating transfers out		-		(40,011)		(40,011)		(15,553)
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,011		(40,011)				
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND								
OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER USES		271,041		14,767		285,808		338,006
Fund balances - beginning of year		1,636,307		273,089		1,909,396		1,571,390
r unu vaianees - vegimmig or year		1,050,507		275,007	<del></del>	1,505,350	<del></del>	1,5/1,570
Fund balances - end of year	_\$_	1,907,348	\$	287,856	\$	2,195,204	\$_	1,909,396

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	General Fund					
	~ ~~~ ~~	Budget	-	Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES			<del></del>	- <del> </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
Fines and forfeitures	\$	560,000	\$	568,841	\$	8,841
Interest		80,000		85,694		5,694
Intergovernmental revenue:						
Grants:						
Louisiana Department of Social Services		-		-		-
Incentive payments		35,000		16,001		(18,999)
City of Baton Rouge		3,171,240		3,066,794		(104,446)
State of Louisiana		1,250,000		1,203,735		(46, 265)
Check collection fees		225,000		216,585		(8,415)
Narcotic seizure fees		15,000		18,233		3,233
Other		640,000		679,584	<b>a</b>	39,584
Total Revenues	<b>,</b>	5,976,240		5,855,467		120,773
YAN END TABLES TOTAL (TABLE)						
EXPENDITURES  Conservations						
General Government:						
Current operating:		4,750,000		4,717,014		32,986
Personnel service		250,000		222,944		27,056
Auto and equipment		250,000		222,744		27,000
Indirect costs		60,000		75,514		(15,514)
Supplies and office		150,000		168,228		(18,228)
Other		456,000		440,737		15,263
Capital outlay  Total Ermanditumas	<b>_</b>	5,666,000		5,624,437	<del></del>	41,563
Total Expenditures		3,000,000		J,027,737	<u></u> -	41,505
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURE	<b></b>	310,240		231,030	<del></del>	(79,210)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in		-		40,011		40,011
Operating transfers out		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)				40,011		40,011
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCE	C					
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	7	310,240		271,041		(39,199)
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year		1,636,307		1,636,307	<del></del>	<u>-</u>
End of year	\$	1,946,547	\$	1,907,348	\$	(39,199)
	,					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



Special Re	venuc	Fund
------------	-------	------

	· <del>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>	Special	Revenue Fund			
Budget		Budget Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
\$	_	<b>\$</b>	_	\$	_	
4,	7,000	ų,	9,394	Ψ	2,394	
	880,000		863,033		(16,967)	
	-		-		_	
	-		-		-	
	-		-		-	
	-		-		-	
	0.450		0.450		-	
	9,450 896,450		9,450		(14.522)	
<u> </u>	070,450	<b>.</b>	881,877		(14,573)	
	850,000		738,271		111,729	
	27,000		16,763		10,237	
	77,000		25,392		51,608	
	40,000		11,883		28,117	
	32,500		34,790		(2,290)	
	1,026,500		827,099		199,401	
	(130,050)	<b></b>	54,778		184,828	
	-		-		-	
	-		(40,011)		(40,011)	
·	<u>-</u>		(40,011)		(40,011)	
	(130,050)		14,767		144,817	
·· •	273,089		273,089		<u>-</u>	
\$	143,039	\$	287,856	\$	144,817	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article V, Section 26 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the district attorney has charge of every criminal prosecution by the state within his district, is the representative of the state before the grand jury in his district, is legal advisor to the grand jury, and performs other duties as provided by law. The Nineteenth Judicial District encompasses the parish of East Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District (the District Attorney) is a part of the district court system in the State of Louisiana. However, the District Attorney operates autonomously from the State of Louisiana and independently from the district court system. Therefore, the District Attorney reports as an independent reporting entity.

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the City-Parish of Baton Rouge is the financial reporting entity for East Baton Rouge Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (City-Parish), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the City-Parish of Baton Rouge for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a. The ability of the City-Parish to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City-Parish.
- Organizations for which the City-Parish does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the City-Parish.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Because the City-Parish provides a significant amount of financial revenues, the district attorney was determined to be a component unit of the City-Parish of Baton Rouge, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the district attorney and do not present information on the City-Parish, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

The District Attorney is elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district for a term of six years.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District Attorney are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Revenues are accounted for in these individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds presented in the financial statements are described as follows:

#### Governmental Fund Type

#### General Fund

The General Fund was established in compliance with Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 15:571.11, which provides that 12% of the fines collected and bonds forfeited be transmitted to the District Attorney to defray the necessary expenditures of the District Attorney. Administratively, the District Attorney has established certain sub-accounts within the General Fund as follows:

#### Check collections account

The check collections account consists of fees collected in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 16:15, which provides for a specific fee whenever the District Attorney's office collects and processes a worthless check. Expenditures from this fund are at the sole discretion of the District Attorney and may be used to defray the salaries and the expenses of the office of the District Attorney but may not be used to supplement the salary of the District Attorney.

#### Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund consists of grants from the Louisiana Department of Social Services, authorized by Act 117 of 1975, to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the social security act. The purpose of the fund is to enforce the support obligation owed by absent parents to their families and children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain family and child support.



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fiduciary Fund Type

#### Agency Fund

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Office of the District Attorney as an agent for other governments and/or other funds. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District Attorney has established the following agency fund:

#### Narcotic Seizure Account

The District Attorney's Narcotic Seizure Account is used to account for assets awarded by court judgments as a result of seizures and forfeitures of property in successfully prosecuted narcotics and other criminal investigations. The proceeds are held in custody by the District Attorney for distribution as provided under applicable Louisiana Statutes.

#### C. Fixed Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the fixed assets is determined by its measurement focus.

All governmental fund type operations are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus, and only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations (general fixed assets) are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased. Fixed assets are valued at historical cost, no depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets and no interest has been capitalized.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Commissions on fines and bond forfeitures are reported in the year they are collected by the tax collector. Grants and state appropriations are recorded when the District Attorney is entitled to the funds. Interest income on investments is recorded when earned. Substantially all other revenues are recorded when received.



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District Attorney follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with the Municipal Budget Act of the State of Louisiana, the District Attorney prepares operating budgets for the general and special revenue funds at least fifteen days prior to the commencement of the budgetary fiscal year. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. The budgets are available for public inspection for a fifteen day period prior to a public hearing held to obtain taxpayer comment.
- The budgets are adopted at the public hearing and are authorized for implementation on the first day of the fiscal year.
- 4. The budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 5. The budgets may be revised during the year as estimates regarding revenues and expenditures change.
- 6. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

#### F. Compensated Absences

On January 1, 1987, the District Attorney adopted a policy for leave benefits which allows a maximum of 15 days of vacation leave per calendar year to be earned. Employees may accumulate a maximum of 40 hours to be carried forward to a succeeding calendar year. Upon termination, employees are paid for their unused vacation leave. Sick leave is allowed to accrue and accumulate. However, such sick leave benefits are payable only upon absence from work for medical reasons. Upon termination, accumulated sick leave lapses, and no payments are made for the unused accumulations. Under the leave policy adopted, accrual of unused vacation leave in the financial statements is required in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. However, accrual of unused sick leave is not required since the amount accumulated lapses upon termination.



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### G. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law, the District Attorney may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

#### H. Total Columns on Combined Statements - Overview

The total columns on the combined statements are captioned Memorandum Only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### I. Operating Transfers In and Out

Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. In those cases where repayment is expected, the transfers are accounted for through the various due from and due to accounts.

#### 2. CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance December 31,  1998	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31,  1999
Equipment Vehicles	\$ 669,955 666,840	\$ 49,111 142,685	\$ 28,867 169,173	\$ 690,199 640,352
	<u>\$ 1,336,795</u>	<u>\$ 191,796</u>	\$ 198,040	<u>\$_1,330,551</u>



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The District Attorney and Assistant District Attorneys, whose salaries are paid by the State of Louisiana, and the Office of the District Attorney, are members of the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System. This retirement system is a multiple employer cost sharing, statewide public employee retirement system administered and controlled by a separate board of trustees. Certain other employees, whose salaries are paid by the Office of the District Attorney, are members of the City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge Employees' Retirement System. This system operates under the supervision of a seven member board of trustees independent from the City-Parish government.

Pertinent information relevant to each plan follows:

#### A. Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System (LDARS)

Plan Description. The LDARS provides retirement benefits as well as disability and survivor benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute. The LDARS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the LDARS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana District Attorneys' Retirement System, 2109 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70116, or by calling (504) 947-5551.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 7.00 percent of their annual covered salary and the district attorney is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Member contributions and employer contributions for the LDARS are established by state law and rates are established by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. There were no employer contributions required for 1999.

The district attorneys' contributions to the LDARS for the years ending December 31, 1999 and 1998 were \$0 and \$98,354, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### B. City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge Employees' Retirement System (EBRERS)

Plan Description. The EBRERS provides retirement benefits as well as disability and survivor benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute. The EBRERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EBRERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge Employees' Retirement System, P. O. Box 1471, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802, or by calling (225) 389-3272.



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (continued)

#### B. <u>City of Baton Rouge, Parish of East Baton Rouge Employees' Retirement System (EBRERS)</u> (continued)

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 9.50 percent of their annual covered salary and the district attorney is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 16.13 percent of annual covered payroll. Member contributions and employer contributions for the LDARS are established by state law and rates are established by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. The district attorneys' employer contribution for the LDARS is funded by the State of Louisiana through annual appropriations.

The district attorneys' contributions to the EBRERS for the years ending December 31, 1999 and 1998, were \$78,173 and \$78,675, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### 4. <u>EXPENDITURES OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE NOT INCLUDED IN THE ACCOMPANYING</u> FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements do not include certain expenditures of the District Attorney paid from funds of the City of Baton Rouge and the Parish of East Baton Rouge. These expenditures for the year ended December 31, 1999 are as follows:

City-Parish of East Baton Rouge:

Insurance	\$ 8,812
Supplies and other	31,903
Contract services	 <u>80,157</u>
Total	\$ 120,872

#### 5. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR SALARIES AND FRINGE BENEFITS

For the year ended December 31, 1999, the District Attorney of Baton Rouge recorded on-behalf payments from the following sources:

City-Parish of East Baton Rouge	
Salaries	\$ 2,491,967
Pensions	280,100
Insurance	294,727
Total	\$3,066,794
State of Louisiana	
Salaries	\$ 1,203,735
Pension	
Total	<u>\$ 1,203,735</u>



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 6. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds at December 31, 1999:

	<u>D</u> u	e From	<u>-</u>	Duc To
General Fund District Attorney's Narcotic Scizure Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$	203 6,470	\$	-
Special Revenue Fund (Title IV-D) General Fund		-		6,470
Agency Fund General Fund	<u></u>	·	<u>-</u>	203
	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,673</u>	\$	6,673

#### 7. CASH AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

At December 31, 1999, the carrying amount of the District Attorney's deposits was \$2,227,327 and the bank balances were \$2,264,578. Of the bank balance, \$2,100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,570,624 was covered by collateral held by the pledging bank's agent in the District Attorney's name.

#### 8. FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The District Attorney participates in the United States Department of Health and Human Services Support Enforcement, Title IV-D Program, Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 13.783. This program is funded by indirect assistance payments, in the form of both incentive payments and reimbursements of a portion of certain expenditures, received from the Louisiana Department of Social Services. Beginning July 1998, the State climinated incentive payments and began paying 100% of reimbursement requests. For the year ended December 31, 1999 and 1998, the District Attorney for the Nineteenth Judicial District expended \$863,033 in reimbursement payments and \$674,814 in reimbursement and incentive payments, respectively.

The reimbursement payments are restricted by a formal agreement between the district attorney and Department of Social Services and includes a budget of expected expenditures for each fiscal year ending June 30. The district attorney submits reimbursement requests to the Department of Social Services on a monthly basis.

There are no restrictions on how incentive payments may be expended, except as may be required by state law for any other funds of the District Attorney. However, these payments, as well as the reimbursement payments, may be subjected to further review and audit by the federal grantor agency. No provision has been made in the financial statements for the reimbursement of any expenditures that may be disallowed as a result of such a review or audit.



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity's Identifying Number	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the Louisiana Department of Social Services			
Child Support Enforcement Title IV-D	13.783	DSS #02148	\$ 863,033

#### Note A – Basis of Presentation

The schedules of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.



## DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

#### SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses a qualified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District.
- 2. One reportable condition disclosed during the audit of the financial statements is reported in the report on compliance and internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions were disclosed during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District expresses an unqualified opinion on the major federal program.
- 6. There were not any audit findings relative to the major federal award program.
- 7. The program tested as a major program is: Title IV-D, CFDA Number 13.783.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The District Attorney of the Nineteenth Judicial District was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

99 - 1

Finding: The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.

Cause: The condition is due to economic and space limitations.

Recommendation: No action recommended.



## DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE NINETEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

Management's

Response:

All receipts received directly by bookkeepers are in the form of checks from the State or other government agencies. All disbursements are made by check, and all checks, except for those drawn on the imprest payroll account, require two signatures. Other controls are in place to provide adequate safeguarding of assets, even though adequate segregation of duties cannot be accomplished due to limited staffing in the administrative and accounting areas.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.

