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JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Vidalia, Louisiana

General Purpose Financial Statements and Auditor's Report

December 31, 1999

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Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

JERI SUE TOSSPON

Certified Public Accountant

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Vidalia, Louisiana

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General Purpose Financial Statements and Auditor's Report

December 31, 1999

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JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

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REPORT ON GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SECTION 1

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JERI SUE TOSSPON

Certified Public Accountant P O Box 445 Ferriday, Louisiana 71334-0445 (318)757-9393 Fax (318)757-4185 jtosspon@iamerica.net

AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Leo Boothe, Judge Honorable Kathy Johnson, Judge Judicial Expense Fund for the Seventh Judicial District Court Vidalia, Louisiana

. _ _

I have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Seventh Judicial District Court, as of December 31, 1999, and for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Judicial Expense Fund's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Judicial Expense Fund, as of December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Jei Sue Joseph

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Ferriday, Louisiana May 10, 2000

Member - American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Louisiana Society of Certified Public Accountants

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT BALANCE SHEET (ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS) **DECEMBER 31, 1999**

ASSETS	-	ernmental Fund eral Fund	((Account Group - General Fixed Assets	(Mei	Total norandum Only)
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables (Note 4) Equipment (Note 5)	\$	28,102 8,551	\$	23,216	\$	28,102 8,551 23,216
Total Assets	\$	36,653	<u>\$</u>	23,216	<u>\$</u>	<u>59,869</u>

LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS

- - ·

Liabilities - Accounts payable	\$	466			\$	466
Fund equity and other credits - Investment in general fixed assets			\$	23,216	\$	23,216
Fund Balance, unreserved and undesignated	\$	36,187	÷		-	36,187
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$	36,187	<u>\$</u>	23,216	\$	59,403
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	<u>\$</u>	36,653	<u>\$</u>	23,216	<u>.</u>	59,869

See accompanying notes to the financial statements (2)

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JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURE AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

REVENUES	
Criminal and civil fees	
Concordia & Catahoula Sheriff	\$ 25,639
Concordia & Catahoula Clerk of Court	7,328
Other	30
Use of money and property - interest earnings	1,185
Bond fees	6,709
Total revenue	\$ 40,891

EXPENDITURES	
General government - judicial	
Office supply and expense	\$ 2,548
Travel	7,668
Audit and accounting	750
Library and subscriptions	834
Payroll and taxes	11,638
Contractual services	
Mobile telephone	6,509
Typing and other services	4,213
Capital outlay - equipment	853
Total expenditures	\$ 35,013
•	

EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 5,878
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1	 30,309
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31	\$ <u>36,187</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements (3)

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JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURE AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND) BUDGET (CASH BASIS) AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999

	Budget	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
RECEIPTS				-
Criminal and civil fees	\$ 32,500	\$ 32,294	\$	(206)
Interest	900	1,185		285
Other	8,130	11,100		2,970
Total revenue	\$ 41,530	\$ 44,579	\$	3,050

DISBURSEMENTS	
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General	government -	iudicial
Ochora	govonniont -	juuiviai

Office supply and expense	\$ 2,525	\$ 2,548	\$ (23)
Travel	7,700	7,668	<u>`</u> 32
Audit and accounting	750	750	0
Library and subscriptions	900	834	66
Payroll and taxes	11,500	12,277	(777)
Contractual services			
Mobile telephone	6,600	6,589	11
Typing and other services	4,200	4,213	(13)
Capital outlay - equipment	800	853	(53)
Total expenditures	\$ 34,975	\$ 35,731	\$ (756)

EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF RECEIPTS

OVER DISBURSEMENTS	\$ 6,555	\$ 8,848	\$ 2,293
CASH BALANCE, JANUARY 1	1,390	19,254	17,864
CASH BALANCE, DECEMBER 31	\$ 7,945	\$ 28,102	\$ 20,157

See accompanying notes to the financial statements (4)

JUDICIAL EXPENSE FUND FOR THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of December 31, 1999 and for the Year then Ended

NOTE 1 - INTRODUCTION

The Judicial Expense Fund for the Seventh Judicial District Court was established by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:996.51 for the purpose of administering the district court or the office of the individual judges of the court. Operations of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Seventh Judicial District Court are funded by court costs on criminal charges and costs on civil suits that are not exempted from court costs. As provided by LSA-R.S. 13:621.7, the Seventh Judicial District Court encompasses the parishes of Catahoula and Concordia. The Seventh Judicial District Court is domiciled in Vidalia, Louisiana, and is subject to the general administrative rules and regulations of the Louisiana Supreme Court.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>A. Basis of Presentation</u> - The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

<u>B.</u> Financial Reporting Entity - GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District includes all funds, account groups, et cetera, that are within the oversight responsibility of the District judges as independently elected officials. As independently elected officials, the district judges are solely responsible for the operations of the district court, which include the hiring and retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the District that are paid by the State of Louisiana and the parish police jury as required by Louisiana law, the District is financially independent. Accordingly, the District is a separate governmental reporting entity.

Certain units of local government over which the District exercises no oversight responsibility, such as the parish police jury, parish school board, and municipalities within the parish, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units of government are considered separate reporting entities and issue financial statements separate from those of the District.

C. Fund Accounting - The District uses a fund and an account group to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed

(5)

to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. On the other hand, an account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

The General Fund of the District is classified as a governmental fund. The General Fund is the principal fund for the district and accounts for its financial operations. Civil fees or court costs collected by the clerks of court and the sheriffs of Catahoula and Concordia Parishes are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

<u>D.</u> Basis of Accounting - The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The General Fund is accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The operating statement of the General Fund presents increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the General Fund. The General Fund uses the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

<u>Revenues</u>

Court fees (criminal and civil) are recorded when earned and available.

Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the deposits have matured and the interest is available.

All other revenues are recognized when received.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

<u>E. Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed in the District's accounting system.

<u>F. Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - Cash includes amounts in demand deposits accounts and cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits. Time deposits are stated at cost. Under state law, the District may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having

their principal offices in Louisiana.

(6)

<u>G. Fixed Assets</u> - Fixed assets are recorded as expenditures at the time purchased or constructed and the related assets are capitalized (reported) in the general fixed assets account group. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost.

<u>H. Compensated Absences/Pensions</u> - The Catahoula and Concordia Parish Police Juries pay salaries and employer contributions for the employees of the District. The District pays only a small supplemental pay and part-time employee expenses. Therefore, the District has no reportable compensated absences or pension costs.

I. Total Column on Balance Sheet - The total column on the balance sheet is captioned Memorandum Only to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 1999, the District has cash and cash equivalents (book balances)

totaling \$28,102, as follows:

Demand deposits	\$12,344
Time deposits	<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$28,142</u>

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. At December 31, 1999, the District has \$28,142 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by federal deposit insurance.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of receivables at December 31, 1999:

Class of Receivable	
Criminal and civil fees	\$ 3,900
Bond fees	4,184
Other	467



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NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

Additions to the general fixed assets are as follows:

Balance, January 1, 1999 Additions: Office furniture & equipment at historical cost Balance, December 31, 1999

\$23,216



NOTE 6 - RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES WITH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Budget comparison statements included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budgets and all subsequent amendments. The following reconciles the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses for the General Fund:

For The Year Ended December 31, 1999

Excess (deficit) of revenues over

expenditures (Page 3)	\$ 5,878
Adjustments for:	
Change in accounts receivable (net)	3,688
Change in accounts payable (net)	(<u>719</u>)
Excess (deficit) of receipts over	-
disbursements (Page 4)	<u>\$ 8,847</u>
Excess (deficit) of receipts over	(/

NOTE 7 - EXPENDITURES OF THE DISTRICT NOT INCLUDED IN THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements do not include certain expenditures of the District paid by the Catahoula and Concordia Parish Police Juries or directly by the state. The Catahoula and Concordia Parish Police Juries pay certain salaries and employer contributions of secretarial personnel.

NOTE 8 - LITIGATION

The District is not involved in any litigation at December 31, 1999.



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AND COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

SECTION II

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JERI SUE TOSSPON

Certified Public Accountant P O Box 445 Ferriday, Louisiana 71334-0445 (318)757-9393 Fax (318)757-4185 jtosspon@iamerica.net

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Leo Boothe, Judge Honorable Kathy Johnson, Judge Judicial Expense Fund for the Seventh Judicial District Court Vidalia, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the Judicial Expense Fund for the Seventh Judicial District Court (Expense Fund), as of December 31, 1999, and for the year then ended, and have issued my report thereon dated May 10, 2000. I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Expense Fund's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Expense Fund's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A

material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the

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Judicial Expense Fund for the Seventh Judicial District Court Page Two

internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. I noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of management and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of this report, which is a matter of public record.

Jei Sue Sompor

Ferriday, Louisiana May 10, 2000

